



SANDMARTIN INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

聖馬丁國際控股有限公司*

INCORPORATED IN BERMUDA WITH LIMITED LIABILITY

於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司

STOCK CODE 股份代號：482

2021

ANNUAL REPORT

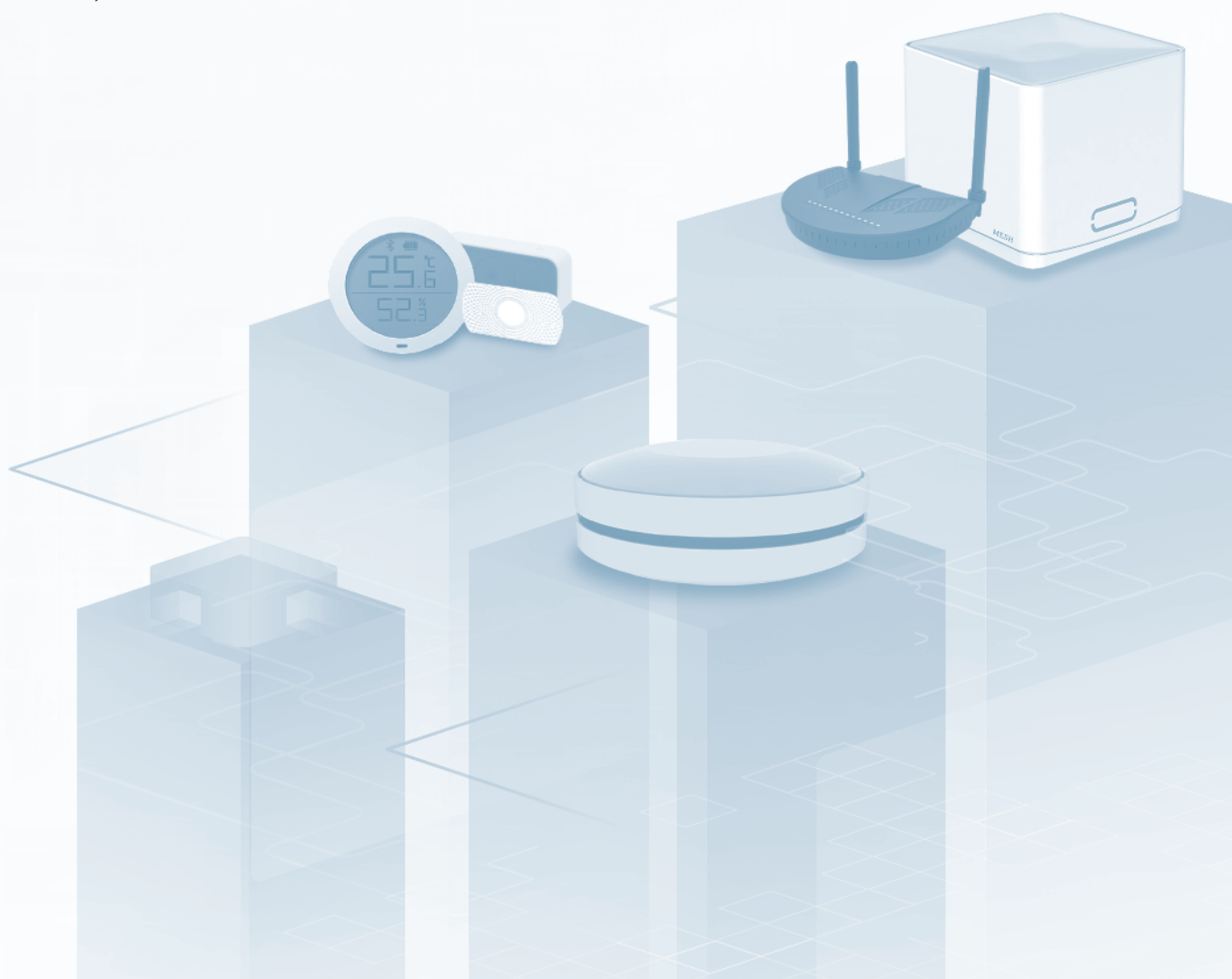
年報



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僅供識別

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CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司資料

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Hung Tsung Chin
Mr. Chen Wei Chun

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Mr. Kuo Jen Hao (Chairman)
(appointed as chairman of the board of the directors on 24 August 2021)

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Ding Jin-Huei (appointed on 24 August 2021)
Mr. Lu Ming-Shiuan (appointed on 24 August 2021)
Mr. Wu Chia Ming
Mr. Lau Yau Cheung (Chairman) (resigned on 18 August 2021)
Mr. Li Chak Hung (resigned on 18 August 2021)

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Ding Jin-Huei (Committee Chairman)
(appointed on 24 August 2021)
Mr. Lu Ming-Shiuan (appointed on 24 August 2021)
Mr. Wu Chia Ming
Mr. Li Chak Hung (Committee Chairman)
(resigned on 18 August 2021)
Mr. Lau Yau Cheung (resigned on 18 August 2021)

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Wu Chia Ming (Committee Chairman)
Mr. Ding Jin-Huei (appointed on 24 August 2021)
Mr. Lu Ming-Shiuan (appointed on 24 August 2021)
Mr. Lau Yau Cheung (resigned on 18 August 2021)
Mr. Li Chak Hung (resigned on 18 August 2021)

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Lu Ming-Shiuan (Committee Chairman)
(appointed on 24 August 2021)
Mr. Ding Jin-Huei (appointed on 24 August 2021)
Mr. Wu Chia Ming
Mr. Lau Yau Cheung (Committee Chairman)
(resigned on 18 August 2021)
Mr. Li Chak Hung (resigned on 18 August 2021)

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

Unit 516, 5th Floor, Peninsula Centre, 67 Mody Road
Tsim Sha Tsui East, Kowloon
Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE

Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton
HM 11, Bermuda

執行董事

洪聰進先生
陳偉鈞先生

非執行董事

郭人豪先生(主席)
(於二零二一年八月二十四日獲委任為董事會主席)

獨立非執行董事

丁金輝先生(於二零二一年八月二十四日獲委任)
盧明軒先生(於二零二一年八月二十四日獲委任)
吳嘉明先生
劉幼祥先生(主席)(於二零二一年八月十八日辭任)
李澤雄先生(於二零二一年八月十八日辭任)

審核委員會

丁金輝先生(委員會主席)
(於二零二一年八月二十四日獲委任)
盧明軒先生(於二零二一年八月二十四日獲委任)
吳嘉明先生
李澤雄先生(委員會主席)
(於二零二一年八月十八日辭任)
劉幼祥先生(於二零二一年八月十八日辭任)

薪酬委員會

吳嘉明先生(委員會主席)
丁金輝先生(於二零二一年八月二十四日獲委任)
盧明軒先生(於二零二一年八月二十四日獲委任)
劉幼祥先生(於二零二一年八月十八日辭任)
李澤雄先生(於二零二一年八月十八日辭任)

提名委員會

盧明軒先生(委員會主席)
(於二零二一年八月二十四日獲委任)
丁金輝先生(於二零二一年八月二十四日獲委任)
吳嘉明先生
劉幼祥先生(委員會主席)
(於二零二一年八月十八日辭任)
李澤雄先生(於二零二一年八月十八日辭任)

總辦事處及主要營業地點

香港
九龍尖沙咀東
麼地道67號半島中心5樓516室

註冊辦事處

Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton
HM 11, Bermuda

CORPORATE INFORMATION *(Continued)*

公司資料(續)

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Tung Wing Yee Winnie

公司秘書

董穎怡女士

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Hung Tsung Chin
Ms. Tung Wing Yee Winnie

授權代表

洪聰進先生
董穎怡女士

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Agricultural Bank of China Limited
CTBC Bank Co., Ltd.
Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited
Taishin International Bank Co., Ltd.

主要往來銀行

中國農業銀行股份有限公司
中國信託商業銀行股份有限公司
中國工商銀行股份有限公司
臺新國際商業銀行股份有限公司

AUDITOR

BDO Limited
Certified Public Accountants

核數師

香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司
執業會計師

LEGAL ADVISORS

TAN & CO., Solicitors

法律顧問

陳光輝律師事務所

SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Hong Kong
Boardroom Share Registrars (HK) Limited
Room 2103B, 21/F.,
148 Electric Road, North Point
Hong Kong

股份登記及過戶處

香港
寶德隆證券登記有限公司
香港
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21樓2103B室

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Conyers Corporate Services (Bermuda) Limited
Clarendon House
2 Church Street
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CORPORATE WEBSITE

www.sandmartin.com.hk

公司網站

www.sandmartin.com.hk

STOCK CODE

482

股份代號

482

CHAIRMAN'S LETTER TO SHAREHOLDERS

主席致股東報告

Dear shareholders of the Company (the “Shareholders”),

On behalf of the board (the “Board”) of the directors (the “Directors”) of Sandmartin International Holdings Limited (the “Company”, together with its subsidiaries collectively referred to as the “Group”), I hereby present the annual results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021.

The financial performance of the Group was not satisfactory for the year ended 31 December 2021. The 2019 novel coronavirus pandemic (the “Pandemic”) continued to have negative impacts on the business and operations of the Group. The recent outbreak of variants of novel coronavirus in Southeast Asia, inevitably affected the productions of the Group’s suppliers located in Vietnam and led to the delay in shipment of products to the Group’s customers in the North America. With the global shortage of microchips and integrated circuits, and the increases in material costs, such as copper, aluminum and plastic materials, the profit margins of the Group’s products have declined when compared with the same corresponding period in 2020. The Group has taken some measures to reduce the unfavourable impacts arising from the Pandemic, including but not limited to sourcing from different suppliers and adjusting the logistics structures.

The outbreak of variants of the Pandemic in May 2021 also had adverse impact on the tourism and economic sentiment in Nepal which led to the slight decrease in number of subscribers of Dish Media Network Limited (“Dish Media”, the Company’s associate and the largest satellite pay television operator in Nepal). Nevertheless, the satellite pay television business of Dish Media was able to generate stable subscription revenue in 2021 and contributed profits to the Group.

The ongoing China-US trade war still has some negative impacts on the operations of the Group and the Group mitigates the impacts by sourcing from suppliers in Southeast Asia, serving the purpose of avoiding the excessive tariffs imposed by the United States (the “US”) on products from the People’s Republic of China (the “PRC”).

各位本公司股東(「股東」)：

本人謹代表聖馬丁國際控股有限公司*(「本公司」，連同其附屬公司統稱為「本集團」)董事(「董事」)會(「董事會」)謹此呈報本集團截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的年度業績。

本集團截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的財務表現並不理想。二零一九年新型冠狀病毒疫情(「疫情」)持續對本集團的業務及營運造成負面影響。近期在東南亞爆發的變種新型冠狀病毒對本集團位於越南的供應商之生產造成無可避免的影響，並導致延遲向本集團北美客戶出貨。隨著全球芯片及集成電路出現短缺，加上銅、鋁及塑膠物料等材料成本上漲，本集團產品的利潤率較二零二零年同期有所下降。本集團已採取若干措施以減輕疫情造成的不利影響，包括但不限於向多名供應商採購及調整物流架構。

二零二一年五月爆發變種疫情亦對尼泊爾的旅遊及經濟氣氛造成不利影響，導致Dish Media Network Limited(「Dish Media」，本公司的聯營公司，並為尼泊爾最大的收費衛星電視營辦商)的訂閱用戶數量輕微下降。儘管如此，Dish Media 的收費衛星電視業務能夠於二零二一年產生穩定的訂閱收入，並為本集團貢獻溢利。

中美貿易戰持續對本集團的營運仍有一定的負面影響，而本集團透過向東南亞供應商採購減輕其影響，以避免美利堅合眾國(「美國」)對中華人民共和國(「中國」)的產品徵收額外關稅。

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* 僅供識別

CHAIRMAN'S LETTER TO SHAREHOLDERS (Continued) 主席致股東報告(續)

Although the global economy is gradually recovering from the Pandemic, the geo-political and geo-economic tensions are yet to be resolved. Given these volatilities and challenges, the Group will continue to adopt a prudent approach in managing its cash flows position and will make every endeavour to identify business opportunities with promising potential in the manufacturing segments in emerging markets or even other sectors so as to diversify our income source to weather adverse economic cycle.

To strengthen the financial position and improve the liquidity of the Group, on 28 April 2021, the Company proposed inter alia, capital reorganisation and rights issue on the basis of one rights share for every two adjusted shares in issue on the record date. On 11 June 2021, capital reorganisation comprises the share consolidation on the basis that ten issued and unissued shares were consolidated into one consolidated share with par value of HK\$1.0 per consolidated share of the Company became effective. Immediately after the share consolidation, the reduction of the issued share capital of the Company came into effect, each issued consolidated share has been reduced to HK\$0.10 per adjusted share. Rights issue on the basis of one rights share for every two adjusted shares was completed on 21 July 2021.

Besides, the Group has gradually outsourced its production to suppliers in Vietnam since 2018, hence the Group has been exploring opportunities to increase the investment return of the production plants located on an industrial land in Zhongshan (the “**Land**”); therefore, the Group entered into a cooperation agreement with Guangdong Huasuan International Industrial Park Investment Development Co., Ltd.* (廣東省華算國際產業園投資發展有限公司) (“**Huasuan**”) in July 2021, the Group and Huasuan will cooperate to upgrade certain blocks of factory buildings and dormitories constructed on the Land and to redevelop some vacant and undeveloped parts of that land after consents and planning approvals from the relevant PRC government authorities are obtained.

儘管全球經濟正在從疫情中逐漸復甦，惟地緣政治及地緣經濟的緊張局勢仍未得到解決。鑑於該等波動因素及挑戰，本集團將繼續採取審慎態度管理其現金流量狀況，並將竭力於新興市場的製造分部(甚至其他行業)物色具有良好潛力的商機，為求拓展收入來源以應對不利經濟週期。

為加強本集團的財務狀況及提高其流動性，於二零二一年四月二十八日，本公司建議(其中包括)進行股本重組及按於記錄日期每兩股已發行經調整股份獲發一股供股股份之基準進行供股。股本重組(包括按每十股已發行及未發行股份合併為一股每股合併股份面值0.1港元的本公司經調整股份的基準進行股份合併)於二零二一年六月十一日生效。本公司未發行股本削減於緊隨股份合併後生效，而每股已發行合併股份已削減至每股0.10港元的經調整股份。按每兩股經調整股份獲發一股供股股份之基準進行的供股已於二零二一年七月二十一日完成。

此外，自二零一八年，本集團逐步將其生產外包至於越南之供應商，因而本集團一直尋求機會增加位於中山的工業用地(「**該土地**」)的生產廠房的投資回報；因此，於二零二一年七月，本集團與廣東省華算國際產業園投資發展有限公司(「**華算**」)訂立合作協議，本集團與華算於取得中國相關政府部門的同意及規劃批准後將合作升級建於該土地上之若干廠房及宿舍，並重建該土地的部分空置及未發展部分。

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CHAIRMAN'S LETTER TO SHAREHOLDERS *(Continued)*

主席致股東報告(續)

Going forward, the Board believes that the growth of the Group will depend on business opportunities arising from new 5G peripherals, Internet of Things and related products. In anticipation of such business opportunities, the Group's research and development team is developing new 5G related products with reference to the market trend. New products under development include next generation radio frequency and antenna products. The Group's research and development team is working on these products in the research center in Hsinchu, Taiwan. Hopefully, the Group's new 5G related products will bring about more business opportunities as well as revenue and profits.

On behalf of the Board, I would like to take this opportunity to express our gratitude to our invaluable business partners, Shareholders, and management and employees for their continuous support and contribution to the Group. We look forward to sharing the rewards ahead with you.

Kuo Jen Hao
Chairman

展望未來，董事會深信，本集團的增長將有賴於最新的5G週邊、物聯網和相關產品帶來的商機。為配合預期中的商機，本集團的研發團隊正因應市場趨勢開發全新的5G相關產品。開發中的新產品包括下一代的無線電頻道和天線產品。本集團的研發團隊目前在位於臺灣新竹的研究中心埋首於這些產品的開發工作，期望本集團全新的5G相關產品能誘發更多商機，繼而帶來收益和溢利。

本人謹代表董事會藉此機會對寶貴的業務夥伴、股東以及管理層及僱員一直以來的鼎力支持及對本集團的貢獻衷心致謝，期望日後能與各位分享成果。

主席
郭人豪

BUSINESS OVERVIEW AND MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

業務概覽及管理層討論與分析

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHT AND BUSINESS OVERVIEW

The Group recorded a decrease in gross profit ratio from 13.77% for the year ended 31 December 2020 to 13.08% for the year ended 31 December 2021 due to the increase in material costs, global shortage of chips and integrated circuits as a result of the Pandemic.

The Group's earnings before finance costs, income tax expense, depreciation, amortisation and release of prepaid lease payments was HK\$30,554,000 (2020: HK\$33,689,000).

MEDIA ENTERTAINMENT PLATFORM RELATED PRODUCTS

In 2021, the Group's media entertainment platform related products segment faced a challenging economic environment and a decline in demand of its products due to the outbreak of the Pandemic. In response to the challenging economic environment, the Group continued to explore new business opportunities. The revenue of this segment was decreased by 5.43% as compared with the year ended 31 December 2020, while the segment results were increased by 176.85%.

- Segment revenue of media entertainment platform related products was approximately HK\$117,545,000 (2020: HK\$124,293,000).
- Segment results from operations were approximately HK\$5,645,000 (2020: HK\$2,039,000).
- Segment margin was 4.80% as compared with segment margin of 1.64% in 2020.

Outlook

The Group is exploring new business opportunities for this segment. The China-US trade war is not expected to have material adverse impact on this segment as this segment does not have customers in the US.

財務摘要及業務概覽

本集團的毛利率由截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度的13.77%減至截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的13.08%，乃由於疫情導致材料成本上漲、全球芯片及集成電路短缺所致。

本集團於扣除融資成本、所得稅支出、折舊、攤銷及撥回預付租賃款項前盈利為30,554,000港元(二零二零年：33,689,000港元)。

媒體娛樂平臺相關產品

於二零二一年，由於疫情爆發，本集團的媒體娛樂平臺相關產品分部面對的經濟環境充滿挑戰及其產品需求減少。為應對充滿挑戰的經濟環境，本集團的媒體娛樂平臺相關產品分部繼續於新興市場發掘新商機。此分部的收益較截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止下跌5.43%，分部業績則增加176.85%。

- 媒體娛樂平臺相關產品的分部收益約為117,545,000港元(二零二零年：124,293,000港元)。
- 分部營運業績約為5,645,000港元(二零二零年：2,039,000港元)。
- 分部利潤率為4.80%，而二零二零年的分部利潤率則為1.64%。

前景

本集團正為此分部開拓新商機。由於此分部並無位於美國的客戶，故預期中美貿易戰不會對此分部造成重大不利影響。

BUSINESS OVERVIEW AND MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

業務概覽及管理層討論與分析(續)

OTHER MULTIMEDIA PRODUCTS

Due to the increases in material costs and freight charges, the profitability of the Group's other multimedia products segment was lower than expected. Major products of this segment included cables, multimedia accessories and wireless mobile phone chargers for vehicles. The revenue of this segment was slightly decreased by 0.68%. Segment results decreased by 6.89% due to the increase in material costs after the outbreak of the Pandemic.

- Segment revenue of other multimedia products was approximately HK\$271,886,000 (2020: HK\$273,735,000).
- Segment results from operations were approximately HK\$15,301,000 (2020: HK\$16,434,000).
- Segment margin was 5.63% as compared with the segment margin of 6.00% in 2020.

Outlook

We are enhancing our product portfolio and developing new businesses to cope with the new demand from customers. The China-US trade war has some impact on this segment as some of the customers are located in the US. We are trying to minimize the impact by sourcing from suppliers outside the PRC, such as Southeast Asia and adjusting logistics structure.

其他多媒體產品

由於材料成本及貨運費用上漲，本集團其他多媒體產品分部的盈利能力低於預期。此分部的主要產品包括電纜、多媒體配件及車載無線手機充電器。此分部收益輕微下跌0.68%。分部收益因疫情爆發後原材料價格上漲而下跌6.89%。

- 其他多媒體產品的分部收益約為271,886,000港元(二零二零年：273,735,000港元)。
- 分部營運業績約為15,301,000港元(二零二零年：16,434,000港元)。
- 分部利潤率為5.63%，而二零二零年的分部利潤率則為6.00%。

前景

我們正在豐富產品組合和開拓新業務，以滿足客戶的新需求。由於部分客戶位於美國，故中美貿易戰及貨運費用上漲對此分部造成一定影響，而有關影響因向中國以外地區，例如東南亞的供應商進行採購以及調整物流架構而得以局部緩和。

BUSINESS OVERVIEW AND MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

業務概覽及管理層討論與分析(續)

SATELLITE TV EQUIPMENT AND ANTENNA PRODUCTS

Due to the gradual recovery of economy from the Pandemic in the North America, the revenue of the Group's satellite TV equipment and antenna products segment showed an increase of 15.34%, while the segment results were increased by 13.24%.

- Segment revenue of satellite TV equipment and antenna products was approximately HK\$537,040,000 (2020: HK\$465,601,000).
- Segment results from operations were approximately HK\$72,354,000 (2020: HK\$63,897,000).
- Segment margin was 13.47%, decreased by 0.25 percentage-point as compared with the segment margin of 13.72% for the year ended 31 December 2020.

Outlook

Low noise blocking down converters ("LNBS") are receiving devices mounted on satellite dishes used for reception, which collect microwaves from the satellite dishes and facilitate the transmission of satellite television signals. Apart from the sales of LNBS to the customers in North America, we are exploring business opportunities in other areas such as cross-selling LNBS to other existing customers of the Group in South Asia. The research and development team of the Group endeavours to develop new products for next generation radio and antenna communications. The China-US trade war has some impact on this segment as some of the customers are located in the US. Such impact is minimized by sourcing from suppliers outside the PRC, such as Southeast Asia.

衛星電視設備及天線產品

由於北美洲經濟從疫情中逐漸復甦，本集團的衛星電視設備及天線產品分部的收益上升15.34%，分部業績上升13.24%。

- 衛星電視設備及天線產品的分部收益約為537,040,000港元(二零二零年：465,601,000港元)。
- 分部營運業績約為72,354,000港元(二零二零年：63,897,000港元)。
- 分部利潤率為13.47%，較截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度的分部利潤率13.72%下降0.25個百分點。

前景

低雜訊降頻器(「LNBS」)是安裝在衛星天線用以接收來自於衛星天線無線電波的接收設備，有助傳輸衛星電視信號。除向北美洲的客戶銷售LNBS外，我們正於其他地區發掘商機，例如透過與本集團於南亞的其他現有客戶進行LNBS交叉銷售。本集團的研發團隊致力為新一代無線電及天線通訊模式開發新產品。由於部分客戶位於美國，故中美貿易戰已對此分部造成一些影響。有關影響因向中國以外地區(例如東南亞)的供應商進行採購而有所減輕。

BUSINESS OVERVIEW AND MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

業務概覽及管理層討論與分析(續)

GEOGRAPHICAL RESULTS

ASIA

- Revenue of Asia for the year ended 31 December 2021 was approximately HK\$116,297,000, compared with the year ended 31 December 2020 which was approximately HK\$99,362,000.
- 17.04% increase in revenue of Asia compared with the year ended 31 December 2020.
- Asia shares 12.55% total revenue of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: 11.51%).

EUROPE

- Revenue of Europe for the year ended 31 December 2021 was approximately HK\$125,236,000, compared with the year ended 31 December 2020 which was approximately HK\$99,389,000.
- 26.01% increase in revenue of Europe compared with the year ended 31 December 2020.
- Europe shares 13.52% total revenue of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: 11.51%).

MIDDLE EAST

- Revenue of Middle East for the year ended 31 December 2021 was approximately HK\$16,234,000, compared with the year ended 31 December 2020 which was approximately HK\$56,843,000.
- 71.44% drop in revenue of Middle East compared with the year ended 31 December 2020.
- Middle East shares 1.75% total revenue of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: 6.58%).

地域分部業績

亞洲

- 於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度亞洲收入約為116,297,000港元，而截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度約為99,362,000港元。
- 亞洲收入與截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度相比增加17.04%。
- 於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度亞洲分部佔本集團總收入12.55%(二零二零年：11.51%)。

歐洲

- 於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度歐洲收入約為125,236,000港元，而截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度約為99,389,000港元。
- 歐洲收入與截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度相比增加26.01%。
- 於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度歐洲分部佔本集團總收入13.52%(二零二零年：11.51%)。

中東

- 於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度中東收入約為16,234,000港元，而截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度約為56,843,000港元。
- 中東收入與截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度相比下跌71.44%。
- 於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度中東分部佔本集團總收入1.75%(二零二零年：6.58%)。

BUSINESS OVERVIEW AND MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

業務概覽及管理層討論與分析(續)

NORTH AMERICA

- Revenue of North America for the year ended 31 December 2021 was approximately HK\$626,389,000, compared with the year ended 31 December 2020 which was approximately HK\$567,365,000.
- 10.40% increase in revenue of North America compared with the year ended 31 December 2020.
- North America shares 67.61% total revenue of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: 65.70%).

SOUTH AMERICA

- Revenue of South America for the year ended 31 December 2021 was approximately HK\$40,922,000, compared with the year ended 31 December 2020 which was approximately HK\$38,420,000.
- 6.51% increase in revenue of South America compared with the year ended 31 December 2020.
- South America shares 4.42% total revenue of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: 4.45%).

Outlook

As our businesses in Europe, North America and Asia continued to share majority of the Group's revenue, therefore we shall focus and explore new business opportunities in these regions in future.

北美洲

- 於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度北美洲收入約為626,389,000港元，而截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度約為567,365,000港元。
- 北美洲收入與截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度相比增加10.40%。
- 於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度北美洲分部佔本集團總收入67.61%(二零二零年：65.70%)。

南美洲

- 於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度南美洲收入約為40,922,000港元，而截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度約為38,420,000港元。
- 南美洲收入與截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度相比增加6.51%。
- 於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度南美洲分部佔本集團總收入4.42%(二零二零年：4.45%)。

前景

由於我們在歐洲、北美洲及亞洲的業務均繼續取得良好的表現及分佔大部份本集團的收入，因此我們將於日後專注於該等地區。

BUSINESS OVERVIEW AND MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued) 業務概覽及管理層討論與分析(續)

DISPOSAL OF ALL INTERESTS IN MYHD AND CONTINUATION OF LOANS AND GUARANTEE

Reference is made to the announcement of the Company dated 31 December 2018 (the “**Announcement**”) and the circular of the Company dated 25 May 2019 (the “**Circular**”). Unless otherwise stated, capitalised terms used herein shall have the same meanings as those defined in the Announcement and in the Circular. On 31 December 2018, the Vendor and the Purchaser entered into the Agreement pursuant to which the Vendor has conditionally agreed to sell, and the Purchaser has conditionally agreed to purchase the entire issued share capital of the Target Company, at the nominal consideration of US\$1 with effect from the Transaction Date. The Target Company was a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company and indirectly held 51% interests in MyHD. All the Conditions set out in the Agreement had been satisfied and the Disposal was completed on 25 June 2019.

The Vendor had agreed with the Purchaser under the Agreement to procure that the Existing Loans shall continue to be advanced by the Company or SMT (as the case may be) to the Target Company and/or MyHD (as the case may be) under the then existing arrangements notwithstanding the Completion taking place. Such arrangement confers the right to the Company or SMT (as the case may be) to receive the payments for the Existing Loans from the Target Company and/or MyHD (as the case may be) when the financial positions of the Target Company and/or MyHD (as the case may be) improve and have sufficient cash to settle the Existing Loans. As at 31 December 2021, there were Existing Loans which have been past due in the aggregate amount of US\$99,441,000 comprising aggregate principal amount of US\$71,298,000 and aggregate accrued interest (calculated based on the terms of agreements of Existing Loans) of US\$28,143,000 owing by the Target Company and/or MyHD to the Company and/or SMT (as the case may be), the particulars of which are as follows:

出售於MYHD的全部權益及延續貸款及擔保

茲提述本公司日期為二零一八年十二月三十一日的公告(「該公告」)及本公司日期為二零一九年五月二十五日的通函(「該通函」)。除另有說明外，本報告所用詞彙與該公告及該通函所界定者具有相同涵義。於二零一八年十二月三十一日，賣方與買方訂立該協議，據此，賣方有條件同意出售，而買方有條件同意以象徵式代價1美元購買目標公司之全部已發行股本，自交易日期起生效。目標公司為本公司的全資附屬公司，間接持有MyHD的51%權益。該協議所載所有條件已獲達成，且出售事項已於二零一九年六月二十五完成。

儘管完成已落實，賣方已根據該協議與買方協定促使本公司或宏揚科技(視乎情況而定)按現有安排繼續向目標公司及／或MyHD(視乎情況而定)墊付現有貸款。有關安排賦予本公司或宏揚科技(視乎情況而定)權利當目標公司及／或MyHD(視乎情況而定)之財務狀況改善並擁有足夠現金償付現有貸款時自目標公司及／或MyHD(視乎情況而定)收取現有貸款之付款。於二零二一年十二月三十一日，現有已逾期之貸款合共為99,441,000美元，包括目標公司及／或MyHD結欠本公司及／或宏揚科技(視乎情況而定)的本金總額71,298,000美元及應計利息(根據現有貸款合同內條款所計算)總額28,143,000美元，詳情如下：

BUSINESS OVERVIEW AND MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

業務概覽及管理層討論與分析(續)

Lenders	Debtors	Prevailing interest rate	Maturity date	Principal amount outstanding as at 31 December 2021 於二零二一年十二月三十一日 尚未償還本金額	Accrued interest as at 31 December 2021 於二零二一年十二月三十一日 應計利息
貸款人	債務人	現行利率	到期日		
SMT	Target Company	3 months LIBOR + 100 basis points ^(Note 1)	31.12.2020	US\$9,554,000 (approximately HK\$74,499,000)	US\$1,517,000 (approximately HK\$11,830,000)
宏揚科技	目標公司	三個月倫敦銀行 同業拆息加 100個基點 ^(附註1)	二零二零年 十二月三十一日	9,554,000美元 (約74,499,000港元)	1,517,000美元 (約11,830,000港元)
SMT	MyHD	3 months LIBOR + 100 basis points ^(Note 1)	31.12.2020	US\$10,500,000 (approximately HK\$81,877,000)	US\$1,407,000 (approximately HK\$10,968,000)
宏揚科技	MyHD	三個月倫敦銀行 同業拆息加 100個基點 ^(附註1)	二零二零年 十二月三十一日	10,500,000美元 (約81,877,000港元)	1,407,000美元 (約10,968,000港元)
SMT	MyHD	10% per annum ^(Note 2)	31.12.2020	US\$42,653,000 (approximately HK\$332,600,000)	US\$20,994,000 (approximately HK\$163,704,000)
宏揚科技	MyHD	年利率10厘 ^(附註2)	二零二零年 十二月三十一日	42,653,000美元 (約332,600,000港元)	20,994,000美元 (約163,704,000港元)
The Company	MyHD	10% per annum ^(Note 2)	31.12.2020	US\$8,591,000 (approximately HK\$66,992,000)	US\$4,225,000 (approximately HK\$32,946,000)
本公司	MyHD	年利率10厘 ^(附註2)	二零二零年 十二月三十一日	8,591,000美元 (約66,992,000港元)	4,225,000美元 (約32,946,000港元)
			Total	US\$71,298,000 (approximately HK\$555,968,000)	US\$28,143,000 (approximately HK\$219,448,000)
			總計	71,298,000美元 (約555,968,000港元)	28,143,000美元 (約219,448,000港元)

Notes:

- As a reference, 3 months London inter-bank offered rates ("LIBOR") as applicable to these two loans during the period between 1 May 2012 to 31 December 2021 ranged between 0.11775% and 2.80763%.
- Prevailing interest rate shall be increased to 11% per annum after maturity date.

附註：

- 作為參考，於二零一二年五月一日至二零二一年十二月三十一日期間適用於此兩筆貸款的三個月倫敦銀行同業拆息(「倫敦銀行同業拆息」)介乎0.11775厘至2.80763厘。
- 於到期日後，現行利率將提高至年利率11厘。

BUSINESS OVERVIEW AND MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

業務概覽及管理層討論與分析(續)

In December 2019, the Company was given to understand that the Target Company and MyHD were in serious financial problem and ceased to operate in late 2019. As such, the Company considered these loan receivables were credit impaired and full impairment in the amount of HK\$646,366,000 was provided as at 31 December 2019. No interest income was recognised on the outstanding loan principal for the year ended 31 December 2020 and the year ended 31 December 2021 as the recoverability of such interest receivables is remote.

The Vendor had also agreed that the Guarantee given by the Company to MyHD shall continue for the time being after the Completion. The maximum amount payable by the Company under the Guarantee would not exceed US\$3,500,000 (equivalent to HK\$27,332,000). Notwithstanding that MyHD ceased its operation in late 2019, the Company has not received any demand for payment from MyHD under the Guarantee. At 31 December 2020 and 2021, the Group had recognised the provision for financial guarantee in the amount of US\$3,500,000 (equivalent to HK\$27,332,000) in relation to the Guarantee.

MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES

The Group did not have any material acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures during the year ended 31 December 2021.

CAPITAL REORGANISATION AND RIGHTS ISSUE

References are made to the announcements of the Company dated 28 April 2021 and 9 June 2021, and the circular of the Company dated 17 May 2021 in relation to, among other things, the capital reorganisation of the Company (the **"Capital Reorganisation Announcements and Circular"**) and the prospectus of the Company dated 24 June 2021 and the announcements of the Company dated 12 July 2021, 20 July 2021 and 27 July 2021 in relation to the rights issue of the Company (the **"Rights Issue Announcements and Prospectus"**). Unless otherwise specified herein, capitalised terms used herein shall have the same meanings as those defined in the Capital Reorganisation Announcements and Circular and the Rights Issue Announcements and Prospectus.

The Capital Reorganisation comprised the Share Consolidation, the Capital Reduction and the Share Premium Reduction on the basis that every ten issued and unissued Existing Shares of a par value of HK\$0.10 each shall be consolidated into one Consolidated Share of a par value of HK\$1.00 each in the share capital of the Company. Immediately after the Share Consolidation, the issued share capital of the Company was reduced by (i) rounding down the number of Consolidated Shares in the issued share capital of the Company to the nearest whole number by cancelling any fraction of a Consolidated Share in the issued share capital of the Company; and (ii) cancelling the paid-up capital of the Company to the extent of HK\$0.90 on each of the then issued Consolidated Shares such that the par value of each issued Consolidated Share was reduced from HK\$1.00 to HK\$0.10. The credit arising from the Capital Reduction was credited to the contributed surplus account of the Company within the meaning of the Companies Act and then was applied towards offsetting the accumulated losses of the Company as at the effective date of the Capital Reduction, thereby reducing the accumulated losses of the Company. The Capital Reorganisation was approved by the Shareholders at the SGM held on 9 June 2021 and became effective on 11 June 2021.

於二零一九年十二月，本公司知悉目標公司及MyHD面臨嚴重財務問題，並於二零一九年底終止營運。因此，本公司認為該等應收貸款已信貸減值，並就該等應收貸款於二零一九年十二月三十一日全額計提減值撥備，金額為646,366,000港元。截至二零二零年十二月三十一日及二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度，由於該等應收利息的可收回性極低，故並無就未償還貸款本金確認利息收入。

賣方亦同意，本公司給予MyHD的擔保須於完成後暫時持續。本公司根據擔保所須支付的最高金額將不超過3,500,000美元(相當於27,332,000港元)。儘管MyHD已於二零一九年年底停止營運，但本公司未收到MyHD根據擔保提出的任何付款要求。於二零二零年及二零二一年十二月三十一日，本集團已就該擔保確認財務擔保撥備3,500,000美元(相當於27,332,000港元)。

重大收購及出售附屬公司、聯營公司及合營企業

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度，本集團並無任何重大收購或出售附屬公司、聯營公司及合營企業。

股本重組及供股

有關(其中包括)本公司股本重組之本公司日期為二零二一年四月二十八日及二零二一年六月九日的公告及本公司日期為二零二一年五月十七日的通函(「股本重組公告及通函」)、有關本公司供股之本公司日期為二零二一年六月二十四日的供股章程以及本公司日期為二零二一年七月十二日、二零二一年七月二十日及二零二一年七月二十七日的公告(「供股公告及供股章程」)。除本報告另有指明外，本報告所用詞彙與股本重組公告及通函以及供股公告及供股章程所界定者具有相同涵義。

股本重組包括按本公司股本中每十股每股面值0.10港元之已發行及未發行現有股份合併為一股本公司股本中每股面值1.00港元之合併股份之基準進行的股份合併、股本削減及削減股份溢價。緊隨股份合併生效後，本公司之已發行股本已透過以下方式進行削減：(i)註銷本公司已發行股本中任何零碎合併股份，將本公司已發行股本中之合併股份數目向下湊整至最接近整數；及(ii)按每股當時已發行合併股份0.90港元註銷本公司繳足股本，致使每股已發行合併股份之面值由1.00港元削減至0.10港元。因股本削減而產生之進賬額計入本公司之實繳盈餘賬(定義見公司法)，其後用於抵銷本公司於股本削減生效日期之累計虧損，從而減少本公司之累計虧損。股本重組經股東於二零二一年六月九日舉行的股東特別大會上批准，自二零二一年六月十一日起生效。

BUSINESS OVERVIEW AND MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued) 業務概覽及管理層討論與分析(續)

The amount of HK\$506,750,000 standing to the credit of the share premium account of the Company be reduced to nil and that the credit arising therefrom be transferred to the contributed surplus account.

Upon the Capital Reorganisation became effective, the Company conducted a Rights Issue to raise approximately HK\$68.9 million before expenses by issuing 164,053,830 Rights Shares, on the basis of one Rights Share for every two Adjusted Shares in issue on the Record Date then held at the Subscription Price of HK\$0.42 per Rights Share, representing a discount of approximately 16.00% to the theoretical closing price of HK\$0.50 per Adjusted Share (after taking into account the effect of the Capital Reorganisation) based on the closing price of HK\$0.05 per Share as quoted on the Stock Exchange on 27 April 2021, being the last full trading day before the release of the announcement dated 28 April 2021 in relation to the Rights Issue.

The Rights Issue was completed on 21 July 2021, and an aggregate of 164,053,830 Rights Shares were allotted and issued to the Qualifying Shareholders accordingly, which carried the aggregate nominal value of HK\$16,405,383. The gross proceeds raised from the Rights Issue (including the Compensatory Arrangement) were approximately HK\$68.9 million and the net proceeds from the Rights Issue after deducting the expenses were approximately HK\$66.3 million. The net price per Rights Share was approximately HK\$0.40.

The Company considered that the Rights Issue would allow (i) the Group to improve the financial position (i.e. reducing its indebtedness and finance costs) without incurring debt financing cost and (ii) the Qualifying Shareholders to maintain their respective pro rata shareholdings in the Company, and was fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

The Company has applied the net proceeds from the Rights Issue for partial repayment of the outstanding loans of the Company as previously disclosed in the Capital Reorganisation Announcements and Circular and the Rights Issue Announcements and Prospectus. As at the date of this report, the Company had fully utilized the net proceeds in accordance with the said intention.

本公司股份溢價賬之進賬金額506,750,000港元被削減至零，而由此產生的進賬額被轉撥至實繳盈餘賬。

於股本重組生效後，本公司以於記錄日期當時持有每兩股已發行經調整股份獲發一股供股股份的基準按認購價每股供股股份0.42港元(較於二零二一年四月二十七日(即於日期為二零二一年四月二十八日有關供股的公告刊發前最後一個完整交易日)在聯交所報收市價每股0.05港元計算之理論收市價每股經調整股份0.50港元(經計及股本重組之影響)折讓約16.00%)發行164,053,830股供股股份進行供股，以籌集約68,900,000港元(扣除開支前)。

供股已於二零二一年七月二十一日完成，並相應向合資格股東配發及發行合共164,053,830股供股股份，總面值為16,405,383港元。供股(包括補償安排)籌得之所得款項總額約為68,900,000港元，扣除開支後供股所得款項淨額約為66,300,000港元。每股供股股份的淨價約為0.40港元。

本公司認為，供股能夠令(i)本集團改善財務狀況(即減少其債務及融資成本)而不會產生債務融資成本及(ii)合資格股東維持彼等各自按比例持有的本公司股權，且屬公平合理並符合本公司及股東的整體利益。

誠如先前於股本重組公告及通函以及供股公告及供股章程所披露，本公司已將供股所得款項淨額用作償還部分本公司未償還貸款。於本報告日期，本公司已按上述計劃全部用畢所得款項淨額。

BUSINESS OVERVIEW AND MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

業務概覽及管理層討論與分析(續)

Effect of Rights Issue on the shareholding structure of the Company:

供股對本公司股權架構之影響：

		Immediately before completion of the Rights Issue 緊接供股完成前		Immediately after completion of the Rights Issue 緊隨供股完成後	
		Number of issued Adjusted Shares 已發行經調整 股份數目	Approximate % 概約%	Number of issued Adjusted Shares 已發行經調整 股份數目	Approximate % 概約%
Substantial Shareholders	主要股東				
First Steamship Company Limited	益航股份有限公司	95,085,935	29.0%	142,628,902	29.0%
Metroasset Investments Limited	Metroasset Investments Limited	50,718,859	15.5%	70,718,859	14.4%
IXL CAPITAL	IXL CAPITAL	27,376,200	8.3%	51,376,200	10.4%
Public Shareholders	公眾股東				
Placees	承配人	–	–	48,781,322	9.9%
Other Shareholders	其他股東	154,926,666	47.2%	178,656,207	36.3%
Total	總計	328,107,660	100.0%	492,161,490	100.0%

REVENUE

Revenue for the year ended 31 December 2021 was approximately HK\$926.5 million, representing an increase of 7.3% compared with approximately HK\$863.6 million for the year ended 31 December 2020. The increase in revenue was mainly due to the gradual recovery of economy from the Pandemic.

LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY

Loss attributable to owners of the Company was approximately HK\$25.4 million for the year ended 31 December 2021, compared with loss of approximately HK\$12.6 million for the year ended 31 December 2020. The loss mainly arose from the increase in income tax expenses.

LOSS PER SHARE

Calculation of basic loss per share for the year ended 31 December 2021 was based on the loss attributable to owners of the Company and the weighted average number of 402,722,938 (2020: 329,748,198 shares as restated) ordinary shares in issue. Basic loss per share was HK6.32 cents for the year ended 31 December 2021, as compared with loss per share of HK3.82 cents for the year ended 31 December 2020 as restated.

FINANCE COSTS

The Group's finance costs for the year ended 31 December 2021 was approximately HK\$28.1 million, compared to approximately HK\$29.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2020. Finance costs were decreased due to the decrease of bank and other borrowings when compared with the year ended 31 December 2020.

INCOME TAX EXPENSE

Income tax expense for the year ended 31 December 2021 was approximately HK\$9.8 million (2020: HK\$3.1 million).

收益

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的收益約為926,500,000港元，較截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度約863,600,000港元增加7.3%。收益增加主要由於經濟從疫情中逐漸復甦。

本公司擁有人應佔虧損

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度，本公司擁有人應佔虧損約為25,400,000港元，較截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度的虧損約12,600,000港元。虧損主要由於所得稅支出增加。

每股虧損

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的每股基本虧損乃根據本年度本公司擁有人應佔虧損及已發行普通股加權平均數402,722,938股(二零二零年：329,748,198(經重列))計算。二零二一年每股基本虧損為6.32港仙，而截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度經重列每股虧損為3.82港仙。

融資成本

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度，本集團的融資成本約為28,100,000港元，而截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度約為29,800,000港元。融資成本減少主要由於銀行及其他借貸較截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度減少所致。

所得稅支出

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的所得稅支出約為9,800,000港元(二零二零年：3,100,000港元)。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

財務回顧(續)

TRADE RECEIVABLES

應收貿易賬款

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Balance at 1 January	於一月一日的結餘	122,505	207,495
Balance at 31 December	於十二月三十日的結餘	167,113	122,505
Average balance	平均結餘	144,809	165,000
Revenue for the year ended 31 December*	截至十二月三十日止年度的收益*	926,471	863,582
Average turnover days	平均週轉天數	57	70

* Excluded sales to an associate

* 不包括向一間聯營公司銷售

As at 31 December 2021, the trade receivables of the Group, net of allowance of doubtful debts was approximately HK\$167.1 million (2020: HK\$122.5 million). The trade receivables turnover days was within the average credit period of 60 days to 120 days to the customers of the Group.

於二零二一年十二月三十一日，本集團的應收貿易賬款扣除呆賬撥備後約為167,100,000港元(二零二零年：122,500,000港元)。應收貿易賬款的週轉天數屬於給予本集團客戶的平均信貸期60天至120天以內。

TRADE PAYABLES

應付貿易賬款

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Balance at 1 January	於一月一日的結餘	208,095	302,048
Balance at 31 December	於十二月三十一日的結餘	232,153	208,095
Average balance	平均結餘	220,124	255,072
Cost of sales for the year ended 31 December	截至十二月三十一日止年度的銷售成本	805,276	744,716
Average turnover days	平均週轉天數	100	125

As at 31 December 2021, the trade payables of the Group was approximately HK\$232.2 million (2020: HK\$208.1 million). The decrease in trade payables turnover days was due to the improvement of Group's liquidity and ability to settle payables to suppliers.

於二零二一年十二月三十一日，本集團的應付貿易賬款約為232,200,000港元(二零二零年：208,100,000港元)。應付貿易賬款的週轉天數減少，乃由於本集團改善向供應商結算應付款項的流動性及能力。

NET ASSET VALUE PER SHARE

Calculation of net asset value per share was based on the net asset value of the Group of HK\$95.1 million (2020: HK\$53.5 million) and 492,161,490 ordinary shares issued at 31 December 2021 (2020: 3,281,076,710 ordinary shares). Net asset value per share at 31 December 2021 was HK\$0.19 (2020: HK\$0.02).

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

As at 31 December 2021, an overall cash and cash equivalent of the Group was HK\$111.4 million (2020: HK\$88.9 million). The Group managed its capital structure and liquidity to finance its operations by using bank and other borrowings and funds generated from operations.

The Group's current ratio (ratio of current assets to current liabilities) was 0.99 at 31 December 2021 (2020: 0.66).

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's total borrowings were approximately HK\$390.9 million (2020: HK\$421.2 million), out of which HK\$149.1 million (2020: HK\$387.0 million) were due within one year and the rest of HK\$241.8 million (2020: HK\$34.2 million) were due over one year. Approximately 80.75% of the Group's bank and other borrowings were in US dollars and the rest of them were in Renminbi ("RMB"), Euro and New Taiwan dollars. The effective interest rates on the Group's variable interest rate bank and other borrowings ranged from 0.84% to 10% per annum. The gearing ratio (total borrowings over total assets of the Group) decreased from 46.99% at 31 December 2020 to 38.43% at 31 December 2021.

CHARGES ON THE GROUP'S ASSETS

As at 31 December 2021, except the Equity Pledge and the Land Pledge disclosed in the section "Cooperation Agreement in relation to Proposed Redevelopment" below, the Group's general banking facilities included bank loans and other borrowings which were secured by the following assets of the Group: (i) bank deposits of HK\$3.6 million; (ii) property, plant and equipment with a carrying value of HK\$16.6 million; (iii) investment properties of HK\$230.8 million; (iv) trade receivables of HK\$96.2 million; (v) inventories of HK\$54.7 million; and (vi) pledge of the Company's interests in Pro Brand Technology, Inc.

* For identification purpose only

每股資產淨值

每股資產淨值乃根據本集團於二零二一年十二月三十一日的資產淨值95,100,000港元(二零二零年: 53,500,000港元)及492,161,490股已發行普通股(二零二零年: 3,281,076,710股普通股)計算。於二零二一年十二月三十一日的每股資產淨值為0.19港元(二零二零年: 0.02港元)。

流動資金及財務資源

於二零二一年十二月三十一日，本集團現金及現金等價物整體為111,400,000港元(二零二零年: 88,900,000港元)。本集團利用銀行及其他借貸及來自經營產生的資金，以管理其資本結構及流動資金，向營運提供資金。

本集團於二零二一年十二月三十一日的流動比率(流動資產與流動負債的比率)為0.99(二零二零年: 0.66)。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日，本集團的借貸總額約為390,900,000港元(二零二零年: 421,200,000港元)，其中149,100,000港元(二零二零年: 387,000,000港元)於一年內到期，其餘241,800,000港元(二零二零年: 34,200,000港元)超過一年到期。本集團約80.75%的銀行及其他借貸以美元計值，其餘以人民幣(「人民幣」)、歐元及新臺幣計值。本集團浮息銀行及其他借貸的實際年利率介乎0.84%至10%。資本負債比率(本集團借貸總額除以資產總值)由二零二零年十二月三十一日的46.99%減少至二零二一年十二月三十一日的38.43%。

本集團的資產押記

於二零二一年十二月三十一日，除下文「有關建議重建的合作協議」一節所披露的股權質押及土地抵押外，本集團的一般銀行信貸(包括銀行貸款及其他借貸)以下列本集團資產作抵押: (i)銀行存款3,600,000港元; (ii)賬面值為16,600,000港元的物業、廠房及設備; (iii)投資物業230,800,000港元; (iv)應收貿易賬款96,200,000港元; (v)存貨54,700,000港元; 及(vi)質押本公司於博百科技有限公司*(Pro Brand Technology, Inc.)的權益。

* 僅供識別

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

財務回顧(續)

HUMAN RESOURCES AND REMUNERATION POLICY

As at 31 December 2021, the Group employed a total of 700 (2020: 646) full-time employees. Employees are remunerated according to their performance and responsibilities. Employees of the Group receive training depending on their scope of work, especially those training relating to workplace health and safety.

The Directors and senior management of the Company receive compensation in the form of salaries, benefits in kind and/or discretionary bonuses relating to the performance of the Group. The Company regularly reviews and determines the remuneration and compensation packages of the Directors and senior management.

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS HELD AND FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS OR CAPITAL ASSETS

Saved as disclosed in the section headed "Cooperation Agreement in relation to Proposed Redevelopment" below, there were no significant investments held as at 31 December 2021 nor were there other plans for material investments on capital assets as at the date of this report.

人力資源及薪酬政策

於二零二一年十二月三十一日，本集團合共聘用700名(二零二零年：646名)全職僱員。僱員薪酬乃根據僱員表現及職責釐定。本集團僱員會視乎工作範圍接受培訓，尤其是與工作場所健康與安全相關的培訓。

董事及本公司高級管理層以薪金、實物利益及／或與本集團表現有關的酌情花紅形式收取報酬。本公司定期檢討及釐定董事及高級管理層的酬金及薪酬待遇。

持有的重大投資以及重大投資或資本資產的未來計劃

除下文「有關建議重建的合作協議」一節所披露者外，於二零二一年十二月三十一日，本公司並無持有重大投資，而截至本報告日期並無其他資本資產重大投資計劃。

COOPERATION AGREEMENT IN RELATION TO PROPOSED REDEVELOPMENT

Reference is made to the voluntary announcement of the Company dated 17 August 2021 (the “**Voluntary Announcement**”) in relation to the cooperation agreement (the “**Cooperation Agreement**”) that was entered into between the Group and Guangdong Huasuan International Industrial Park Investment Development Co., Ltd.* (廣東省華算國際產業園投資發展有限公司) (“**Huasuan**”) in July 2021. Pursuant to the Cooperation Agreement, Huasuan and Sandmartin (Zhong Shan) Electronic Co., Ltd.* (“**ZSS**”, an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the Company) will cooperate to upgrade certain blocks of factory buildings and dormitories constructed on an industrial land and to redevelop some vacant and undeveloped parts of that land (collectively, the “**Land**”) subject to prior consents and planning approvals from the relevant PRC government authorities. The Land is situated in Zhongshan, Guangdong Province, the PRC and is owned by ZSS. The intention of the Cooperation Agreement is to set out the framework to redevelop the Land into an intelligent manufacturing centre for research and development for future leasing or disposal purposes (the “**Redevelopment**”). Huasuan will fund the entire costs of the Redevelopment and the Group will provide part of the Land that will be used for the Redevelopment. The Group and Huasuan will be entitled to 20% and 80% respectively of the new buildings constructed on the Land by apportioning the rental income attributable to, or the proceeds from the disposal of, the newly constructed buildings (the “**Revenue Apportionment**”).

The Redevelopment will be developed under the name of ZSS. To ensure the continued commitment in the Redevelopment, Huasuan will pay to the Group a cooperation fund amounting to RMB60 million as security deposit (the “**Cooperation Fund**”). As securities for such Cooperation Fund, the Group will pledge to Huasuan (i) 100% of the shareholding interests in ZSS which holds the Land (the “**Equity Pledge**”); and (ii) one of the three pieces of land parcels within the Land (the “**Land Pledge**”). Huasuan shall release both the Equity Pledge and the Land Pledge upon full repayment of the Cooperation Fund by the Group and completion of the Redevelopment and Revenue Apportionment. If the Redevelopment is unable to proceed, the Cooperation Fund shall be refunded to Huasuan without interest within 10 business days failing which there is a default interest of 8% per annum payable by the Group within three months.

* For identification purpose only

有關建議重建的合作協議

茲提述本公司日期為二零二一年八月十七日的自願公告(「**自願公告**」)，內容有關本集團與廣東省華算國際產業園投資發展有限公司(「**華算**」)於二零二一年七月訂立合作協議(「**合作協議**」)。根據合作協議，華算及中山聖馬丁電子元件有限公司(「**中山聖馬丁**」，本公司之間接全資附屬公司)將合作升級建於工業用地上之若干廠房及宿舍，並重建該土地(統稱「**該土地**」)的部分空置及未發展部分，惟須事先獲得中國相關政府部門的同意及規劃批准。該土地位於中國廣東省中山市並由中山聖馬丁擁有。合作協議旨在制定重建該土地的框架，成為研發智能製造中心，作未來租賃或出售用途(「**重建**」)。華算將提供重建全部成本的資金，而本集團將提供部分該土地用於重建。本集團及華算將透過分配由新建樓宇產生的租金收入或出售新建樓宇的所得款項而分別有權獲得該土地上新建樓宇的20%及80%(「**收益分配**」)。

重建將以中山聖馬丁名義開發。為確保繼續承擔重建，華算將向本集團支付合作金人民幣60,000,000元作為保證金(「**合作金**」)。作為保障該合作金，本集團將向華算抵押(i)中山聖馬丁(持有該土地)的100%股權(「**股權質押**」)；及(ii)該土地內三幅地塊的其中一幅(「**土地抵押**」)。華算將於本集團悉數償還合作金及完成重建及收益分配後解除股權質押及土地抵押。倘重建無法進行，則合作金將於十個營業日內退還予華算(不計利息)，否則本集團須於三個月內支付年利率8%的違約利息。

* 僅供識別

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

財務回顧(續)

As at the date of the Voluntary Announcement, the Redevelopment is in the planning stage. The concrete plan in relation to the Revenue Apportionment cannot be determined and will have to be further negotiated between the parties. Similarly, the design and scale of the Redevelopment, the exact size and location of the Land that will be provided by the Group for the Redevelopment cannot be determined until prior consents and planning approvals from the relevant PRC government authorities are obtained. The Redevelopment may not proceed if the Group cannot obtain the relevant consents and planning approvals. Other than prior consents and planning approvals from the relevant PRC government authorities, other conditions precedent that the parties have to fulfil before the Redevelopment can commence are that:

- (i) Huasuan shall pay to the Group the Cooperation Fund; and
- (ii) the Group shall provide the Equity Pledge and Land Pledge to Huasuan for securing repayment of the Cooperation Fund.

Pursuant to the Cooperation Agreement, the Group may not proceed with the Redevelopment even if the conditions precedent above are fulfilled if the outstanding matters such as the location and size of the Land to be provided by the Group, the scale of Redevelopment to be undertaken by Huasuan and whether the newly developed Land will be leased or to be disposed of cannot be resolved or agreed. Therefore, at this stage and as at the date of this report, there is no transaction in connection with the Cooperation Agreement that would trigger Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules.

於自願公告日期，重建正處於規劃階段。有關收益分配的具體計劃無法釐定，並須由雙方進一步磋商。同樣，重建的設計及規模、本集團將就重建提供該土地的實際面積及位置在獲得中國相關政府部門的事先同意及規劃批准前無法釐定。倘本集團未能取得相關同意及規劃批准，則重建可能不會進行。除須向相關中國政府部門取得事先同意及規劃批准外，雙方於可開展重建前須達成的其他先決條件如下：

- (i) 華算須向本集團支付合作金；及
- (ii) 本集團須向華算提供股權質押及土地抵押以保障償還合作金。

根據合作協議，倘本集團將提供該土地的位置及面積、華算將承擔的重建規模以及新開發的該土地是否會出租或出售等未決事項未能解決或達成一致，即使上述先決條件獲達成，本集團亦可能不會進行重建。因此，現階段及於本報告日期並無與合作協議有關的交易將觸發上市規則第十四章。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued) 財務回顧(續)

If those outstanding matters are resolved and agreed (including the prior consents and planning approvals from the relevant PRC government authorities), the Group will proceed with the Redevelopment with Huasuan by entering into further agreements. If the transactions under the further agreements constitute major transactions (as defined under the Listing Rules), the Group will comply with the requirements under Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules.

Pending development of such subsequent non-adjusting event, the Group's financial and operating performance may be affected, the extent to which cannot be estimated as at the date of the Voluntary Announcement. For details, please refer to the Voluntary Announcement.

As at 31 December 2021, Huasuan has paid to the Group the Cooperation Fund in full and the Group has recognised as deposits received (note 28 to the financial statements). The Group has provided the Equity Pledge and Land Pledge to Huasuan for securing repayment of the Cooperation Fund.

倘該等未決事項獲解決及達成一致(包括向相關中國政府部門取得事先同意及規劃批准)，本集團將與華算訂立進一步協議以進行重建。倘進一步協議項下的交易構成主要交易(定義見上市規則)，本集團將遵守上市規則第十四章項下的規定。

視乎有關後續非調整事項的發展，本集團的財務及營運表現可能會受影響，於自願公告日期未能估計其影響程度。有關詳情請參閱自願公告。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日，華算已向本集團全額支付合作金，本集團已將其確認為已收按金(財務報表附註28)。本集團已向華算提供股權質押及土地抵押以確保償還合作金。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

財務回顧(續)

FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXPOSURE

The Group's sales and purchases were denominated mainly in US\$ and RMB. The Group was exposed to certain foreign currency exchange risks but it does not expect future currency fluctuations to cause material operation difficulties on the ground that the recent pressure from appreciation of RMB is manageable. However, management continuously assesses the foreign exchange risks, with an aim to minimise the impact of foreign exchange fluctuations on business operations.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Group did not have any significant contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2021 (2020: Nil).

EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO THE REPORTING PERIOD

Acquisition of Prabhu Digital Limited by Dish Media Network Limited ("Dish Media")

Dish Media, the Company's associate, to endeavour to expand broadband services in Nepal, had issued 2,533,235 new shares to acquire all the interest of Prabhu Digital Limited (the "Acquisition"), the Acquisition was completed on 6 March 2022. Upon completion of the Acquisition, the equity interest of the Company in Dish Media was diluted from approximately 47.12% to approximately 41.86%. To the best of the Directors' knowledge, information and belief, having made all reasonable enquiries, the subscriber of the new shares and its ultimate beneficial owners are independent of, and not acting in concert with the Company and connected persons (as defined under the Listing Rules) of the Company.

ARBITRATION

On 29 September 2011, the Group entered into a conditional agreement (the "Conditional Agreement") with an independent individual third party (the "Original Shareholder") and Technosat Technology JLT FZE ("Technosat", a company incorporated in Dubai, which was wholly owned by the Original Shareholder), to subscribe for 375 new shares in Technosat at a cash consideration of US\$7,500,000 (equivalent to HK\$58,170,000), amounting to 15% of Technosat's enlarged capital. Technosat is set up to be engaged in operation of digital TV and radio platform, pay TV channel, and sales and supply of TV set top boxes.

外匯風險

本集團的銷售額及購貨額主要以美元及人民幣列值。本集團面對若干外幣匯兌風險，惟由於近期人民幣升值的壓力可予管理，且本集團已從不同來源採購原材料，故預期未來貨幣波動不會造成重大經營困難。此外，本集團現時並無外幣對沖政策。於期內，本集團並無訂立任何外匯對沖安排。然而，管理層持續評估外匯風險，旨在將外匯波動對業務營運的影響減至最低。

或然負債

於二零二一年十二月三十一日，本集團並無任何重大或然負債(二零二零年：無)。

報告期後事項

Dish Media Network Limited (「Dish Media」) 收購Prabhu Digital Limited

本公司的聯營公司Dish Media為拓展尼泊爾寬帶服務，發行2,533,235股新股收購Prabhu Digital Limited的全部股權(「收購事項」)，收購事項已於二零二二年三月六日完成。於收購事項完成後，本公司於Dish Media的股權由約47.12%被攤薄至約41.86%。據董事在作出一切合理查詢後所知、所悉及所信，新股認購人及其最終實益擁有人獨立於本公司及本公司關連人士(定義見上市規則)，亦非一致行動人士。

仲裁

於二零一一年九月二十九日，本集團與一名獨立個人第三方(「原股東」)及Technosat Technology JLT FZE(「Technosat」，一間於杜拜註冊成立的公司，由原股東全資擁有)訂立一份有條件協議(「有條件協議」)，以現金代價7,500,000美元(相當於58,170,000港元)認購Technosat之375股新股份，即Technosat經擴大股本的15%。Technosat的成立目的為從事營運數字電視及廣播平臺、付費電視頻道以及銷售及供應機頂盒。

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued) 財務回顧(續)

As at 30 June 2012, the Group had paid a deposit of US\$2,500,000 (equivalent to HK\$19,467,000) to Technosat to acquire new shares in Technosat which was fully provided for impairment in the financial year ended 30 June 2012. Pursuant to the terms of the Conditional Agreement, the Group is required to pay a further sum of US\$5,000,000 in relation to the subscription of this 15% equity interest in Technosat. The subscription is not yet completed up to the date of approval of this report as the conditions precedent of the subscription of new shares in Technosat including the consent and approval by government authority in Dubai have not been fulfilled.

Despite the Group's repeated request for information, there has been no satisfactory response from the Original Shareholder or Technosat ("Counterparties") regarding the current status and the procurement of obtaining government approval from the government authority in Dubai. The Group has engaged legal counsel to act for the Group and started dispute resolution proceedings against the Original Shareholder and Technosat.

On 21 January 2013, the legal counsel of the Original Shareholder and Technosat served a notice to the Group's legal counsel for a claim on the further payment of US\$5,000,000 in relation to the subscription of this 15% equity interest in Technosat. The Group's legal counsel has replied on behalf of the Group on 11 February 2013 in response to the claim of the Original Shareholder and Technosat defending the claim as the Directors consider such claim invalid, as the conditions precedent of the subscription of new shares in Technosat had not been fulfilled and constituted a breach of the Conditional Agreement.

The Group's legal counsel had repeatedly requested the Original Shareholder and Technosat to commence the next step of the mediation process, but there has been no satisfactory response from the legal counsel of the Original Shareholder and Technosat up to the deadline set by August 2014. In March 2020, as confirmed by the Group's legal counsel for this arbitration, no communication has been received or sent by either party since August 2014.

As at the date of approval of this report, save as disclosed above, there was no update on the arbitration.

於二零一二年六月三十日，本集團已向Technosat支付訂金2,500,000美元(相當於19,467,000港元)，以收購Technosat的新股份，該等新股已於截至二零一二年六月三十日止財政年度悉數計提減值撥備。根據有條件協議的條款，本集團須就認購Technosat該15%股本權益進一步支付5,000,000美元。由於完成認購Technosat新股的先決條件(包括取得杜拜政府部門的同意及批准)尚未達成，故認購事項於截至本報告獲批准當日尚未完成。

儘管本集團一再要求原股東或Technosat(「對手方」)提供關於徵求杜拜政府部門批准的現況及促使取得有關批准，但對手方未有令人滿意的回應。本集團已委聘法律顧問以代本集團行事，並針對原股東及Technosat展開糾紛調解程序。

於二零一三年一月二十一日，原股東及Technosat的法律顧問向本集團的法律顧問送達一份通知，申索有關認購Technosat該15%股本權益的進一步款項5,000,000美元。本集團的法律顧問於二零一三年二月十一日代表本集團回覆原股東及Technosat的申索，就申索提出抗辯，原因為董事認為由於認購Technosat新股的先決條件尚未達成，即構成違反有條件協議，故該項申索屬無效。

本集團的法律顧問已覆述向原股東及Technosat提出開展下一步調解的要求，惟截至二零一四年八月的既定限期，仍未獲得原股東及Technosat的法律顧問的滿意回覆。於二零二零年三月，據本集團法律顧問就是次仲裁確認，各方自二零一四年八月以來並無接獲或發出任何通訊。

截至本報告獲批准當日，除上文所披露者外，仲裁並沒有更新。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

企業管治報告

The Group continues to improve its corporate governance practices, emphasizing the attainment and maintenance of a quality Board, sound risk management and internal controls, and high transparency and accountability to the Shareholders. The Board and the management are committed to the principles of good corporate governance consistent with prudent management and enhancement of shareholder value. The Board believes that good corporate governance will bring long-term benefits to the Shareholders and the Group.

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the Company has applied the principles and has complied with the code provisions (“**Code Provision(s)**”) of the Corporate Governance Code (“**Corporate Governance Code**”) as contained in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the “**Listing Rules**”), except for the deviation with following reason.

On 18 August 2021, both Mr. Lau Yau Cheung and Mr. Li Chak Hung, resigned as independent non-executive Directors. Upon Mr. Lau Yau Cheung’s resignation, he also ceased to be the chairman of the Board, the chairman of the nomination committee of the Board (the “**Nomination Committee**”) and a member of each of the audit committee and the remuneration committee of the Board (the “**Audit Committee**” and the “**Remuneration Committee**”, respectively). Upon Mr. Li Chak Hung’s resignation, he also ceased to be the chairman of the Audit Committee and a member of each of the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee. The Company had failed to comply with the requirements as set out in Rules 3.10(1), 3.10(2), 3.10A, 3.21, 3.25 and 3.27A of the Listing Rules.

On 24 August 2021, Mr. Ding Jin-Huei and Mr. Lu Ming-Shiuan were appointed as independent non-executive Directors, Mr. Ding Jin-Huei was appointed as the chairman of the Audit Committee and a member of each of the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee. Mr. Lu Ming-Shiuan was appointed as the chairman of the Nomination Committee and a member of each of the Audit Committee and the Remuneration Committee. Following the appointments, the Company has fully complied with the requirements as set out in Rules 3.10(1), 3.10(2), 3.10A, 3.21, 3.25 and 3.27A of the Listing Rules.

本集團持續改善其企業管治常規，注重構建及維持一個優良的董事會、穩健的風險管理及內部控制，並對股東高度透明，對股東負責。董事會及管理層治理恪守符合審慎管理及提高股東價值的良好企業管治原則。董事會相信，良好的企業管治將為股東及本集團帶來長遠利益。

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度，本公司已應用聯交所證券上市規則（「**上市規則**」）附錄十四所載《企業管治守則》（「**企業管治守則**」）的原則及遵守《企業管治守則》的守則條文（「**守則條文**」），惟因下文原因而出現的偏離情況除外：

於二零二一年八月十八日，劉幼祥先生及李澤雄先生辭任獨立非執行董事。劉幼祥先生辭任後，彼亦不再擔任董事會主席、董事會提名委員會（「**提名委員會**」）主席及董事會審核委員會及董事會薪酬委員會成員（分別為「**審計委員會**」及「**薪酬委員會**」）。於李澤雄先生辭任後，彼亦不再擔任審核委員會主席及薪酬委員會及提名委員會成員。本公司未能符合上市規則第3.10(1)、3.10(2)、3.10A、3.21、3.25及3.27A條。

於二零二一年八月二十四日，丁金輝先生及盧明軒先生獲委任為獨立非執行董事，丁金輝先生獲委任為審核委員會主席及薪酬委員會及提名委員會成員。盧明軒先生獲委任為提名委員會主席及審核委員會及薪酬委員會成員。在獲委任之後，本公司再次全面遵守上市規則第3.10(1)、3.10(2)、3.10A、3.21及3.25條以及3.27A條的規定。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告(續)

Under Code Provision C.1.6, independent non-executive directors and other non-executive directors should attend general meetings.

Mr. Kuo Jen Hao, a non-executive Director, was unable to attend the annual general meeting of the Company (“AGM”) held on 3 June 2021 due to his other engagements.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE MODEL CODE

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the “Model Code”) as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as the code of conduct for dealing in securities of the Company by the Directors. After specific enquiry, all Directors confirmed that they have complied with the required standard regarding securities transactions set out in the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2021. No incident of non-compliance was noted by the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Composition

As at 31 December 2021, the Board consists of two executive Directors, namely, Mr. Hung Tsung Chin and Mr. Chen Wei Chun (chief financial officer), one non-executive Director, namely, Mr. Kuo Jen Hao (chairman) and three independent non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Ding Jin-Huei, Mr. Lu Ming-Shiuan and Mr. Wu Chia Ming. An updated list of the Directors and their roles and functions is published on the websites of the Stock Exchange and of the Company respectively.

Mr. Hung Tsung Chin is the husband of Ms. Chen Mei Huei, a director of several subsidiaries of the Company and the chief executive officer in the satellite TV broadcasting business of the Group (“Satellite Broadcasting Services Business Division”). Save as disclosed above, none of the other Directors has any financial, business, family or other material relationship with any of the other Directors.

根據守則條文第C.1.6條，獨立非執行董事及其他非執行董事應出席股東大會。

非執行董事郭人豪先生因處理其他事務而未能出席本公司於二零二一年六月三日舉行的股東週年大會（「股東週年大會」）。

遵守標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十《上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則》（「標準守則」）作為董事買賣本公司證券的行為準則。經特定查詢後，全體董事確認彼等於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度一直遵守標準守則所載有關證券交易的必要準則。本公司於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度並不知悉有任何不合規事件。

董事會

組成

於二零二一年十二月三十一日，董事會包括兩名執行董事洪聰進先生及陳偉鈞先生（財務長），一名非執行董事郭人豪先生（主席）及三名獨立非執行董事丁金輝先生、盧明軒先生及吳嘉明先生。最新董事名單與其角色和職能分別刊載於聯交所及本公司網站。

洪聰進先生為陳美惠女士的丈夫。陳女士為數間本公司附屬公司的董事及本集團衛星電視廣播業務（「衛星廣播服務業務部」）的執行長。除上文所披露者外，概無其他董事與任何其他董事有任何財務、業務、家庭或其他重大關係。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告(續)

Independent Non-Executive Directors

The independent non-executive Directors are of sufficient number and calibre for their views to carry weight. The functions of independent non-executive Directors include:

- bringing an independent view and judgment at Board meetings;
- taking the lead where potential conflicts of interests arise;
- serving on board committees if invited; and
- scrutinizing the Company's performance and monitoring performance reporting.

The independent non-executive Directors have made a positive contribution to the development of the Company's strategies and policies through independent, constructive and informed comments. They benefit the Board and the Board committees by their skills, expertise, varied backgrounds and qualifications through regular attendance and active participation at the meetings of the Board and the Board committees.

Confirmation of Independence

The independence of the independent non-executive Directors has been assessed in accordance with the applicable Listing Rules. The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors written confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company is of the view that all independent non-executive Directors meet the guidelines for assessing independence set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and are independent.

Roles and Functions of the Board and the Management

The Board assumes responsibility for leadership and control of the Company; and is collectively responsible for directing and supervising the Company's affairs. The Board is fully responsible for the formulation of business policies and strategies in relation to the business operation of the Group, including dividend policy and risk management strategies. The management is delegated the authority and responsibilities by the Board for the day-to-day management and operation of the Group.

獨立非執行董事

獨立非執行董事具有足夠人數和才幹，其意見具有影響力。獨立非執行董事的職能包括：

- 於董事會會議上提供獨立的意見及判斷；
- 在出現潛在利益衝突時發揮牽頭引導作用；
- 應邀出任董事委員會成員；及
- 仔細檢查本公司的表現，並監察匯報公司表現的事宜。

獨立非執行董事亦透過提供獨立、富建設性及有根據的意見，對制定本公司策略及政策作出積極貢獻。彼等透過定期出席董事會及董事委員會的會議，並積極參與會務，以其技能、專業知識、不同的背景及資格向董事會及董事委員會作出貢獻。

獨立性確認

獨立非執行董事的獨立性已根據適用的上市規則進行評估。本公司已收到每一位獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13條之規定確認其符合獨立性的書面確認書。本公司認為所有獨立非執行董事皆符合載於上市規則第3.13條之獨立性指引，並根據該指引條文屬獨立人士。

董事會及管理層的角色及職能

董事會肩負領導及監控本公司的責任，並共同負責指導及監督本公司的事宜。董事會全權負責制定有關本集團業務經營的業務政策及策略，當中包括股息政策及風險管理政策。董事會將權力及責任委託予管理層，以便進行本集團的日常管理及營運。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告(續)

Appointment, Continuation of Appointment and Re-election of Directors

All executive Directors have entered into service agreements with the Company while the non-executive Director and all independent non-executive Directors have entered into letters of appointment with the Company with a specific term of three years, setting out key terms and conditions of their appointments. All Directors are subject to retirement in accordance with the bye-laws of the Company (the "Bye-Laws").

According to the Bye-Laws, (i) Directors appointed by the Board either to fill a casual vacancy on the Board or as an addition to the existing Board shall hold office only until the next following AGM of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election; and (ii) at each AGM, one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three (3), the number nearest to but not greater than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director (including those appointed for a specific term) shall be subject to retirement at an AGM at least once every three years. As such, no Directors have a term of appointment longer than three years.

Board Meetings

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the Directors have made active contribution to the affairs of the Group and 9 Board meetings were held to discuss the matters relating to consider and resolve the capital reorganisation and rights issue, cooperation agreement in relation to proposed redevelopment, to approve the proposal of risk management and internal audit services for year 2021, to review and approve the environmental, social and governance report of year 2020, to consider and approve the change of directors and board composition, and to review and approve the interim results and annual results of the Group.

委任、續任及重選董事

所有執行董事均與本公司簽訂服務協議，而非執行董事及所有獨立非執行董事與本公司簽訂委任函訂明有關委任的主要條款及條件，任期為三年。所有董事須根據本公司之公司細則（「細則」）退任。

根據細則，(i)董事會為填補臨時空缺或就現有董事會之增補而委任的董事應只任職至本公司下一屆股東週年大會，並於該大會上符合資格膺選連任；及(ii)於每屆股東週年大會上，當時三分之一董事（或如彼等的數目並非三(3)之倍數，則為最接近但不超過三分之一之數目）須輪值退任，惟每名董事（包括該等有指定任期的董事）每三年至少須於股東週年大會上退任一次。據此，概無董事的任期多於三年。

董事會會議

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度，董事已對本集團事務作出積極貢獻，並舉行九次董事會會議，以考慮及決議股本重組及供股，有關建議重建的合作協議，及審批二零二一年風險管理及內部審計服務的建議、審閱二零二零年環境、社會及管治報告，審議及批准董事及董事會組成的變動，以及審閱及批准本集團的中期業績及年度業績。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告(續)

In addition to the regular Board meetings, the Chairman met with the independent non-executive Directors without the presence of other Directors during the year.

除董事會定期會議外，主席於年內，已在沒有其他董事出席下與獨立非執行董事會面。

Attendance Record of Directors

The attendance record of Directors at the meetings of the Board, the Board committees and the Shareholders held during the year ended 31 December 2021 is set out below:

董事出席記錄

以下為截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度董事出席董事會會議、董事委員會會議及股東大會的出席情況：

Name of Directors	董事姓名	Board Meetings 董事會會議 Number of meetings attended/ Number of meetings held 出席會議的次數/舉行會議的次數	Audit Committee Meetings 審核委員會會議 Number of meetings attended/ Number of meetings held 出席會議的次數/舉行會議的次數	Nomination Committee Meeting 提名委員會會議 Number of meetings attended/ Number of meetings held 出席會議的次數/舉行會議的次數	Remuneration Committee Meetings 薪酬委員會會議 Number of meetings attended/ Number of meetings held 出席會議的次數/舉行會議的次數	General Meetings 股東大會 Number of meetings attended/ Number of meetings held 出席會議的次數/舉行會議的次數
Executive Directors	執行董事					
Mr. Hung Tsung Chin	洪聰進先生	9/9	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	2/2
Mr. Chen Wei Chun	陳偉鈞先生	9/9	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	2/2
Non-Executive Director	非執行董事					
Mr. Kuo Jen Hao (Chairman) ¹	郭人豪先生(主席) ¹	8/9	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/2
Independent Non-Executive Directors	獨立非執行董事					
Mr. Ding Jin-Huei ²	丁金輝先生 ²	2/2	1/1	0/0	1/1	0/0
Mr. Lu Ming-Shiuan ²	盧明軒先生 ²	2/2	1/1	0/0	1/1	0/0
Mr. Lau Yau Cheung (Chairman) ³	劉幼祥先生(主席) ³	7/7	2/2	1/1	1/1	2/2
Mr. Li Chak Hung ³	李澤雄先生 ³	7/7	2/2	1/1	1/1	2/2
Mr. Wu Chia Ming	吳嘉明先生	9/9	3/3	1/1	2/2	2/2

Notes

- ¹ appointed as chairman of the Board with effect from 24 August 2021
² appointed on 24 August 2021
³ resigned on 18 August 2021

附註

- ¹ 於二零二一年八月二十四日獲委任為董事會主席
² 於二零二一年八月二十四日獲委任
³ 於二零二一年八月十八日辭任

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告(續)

Access to Information

All Directors are kept informed on a timely basis of major changes that may have affected the Group's business, including those changes to relevant rules and regulations and are able to make further enquiries when necessary. The Board has also agreed that the Directors may seek independent professional advice in performing their directors' duties at the Company's expense.

Liability Insurance for Directors

The Company has arranged appropriate insurance coverage on Directors' and officers' liabilities in respect of any legal actions taken against the Directors and senior management arising out of corporate activities. The insurance coverage is reviewed on an annual basis.

Directors' Training and Continuous Professional Development

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the Company organized two training sessions for the Directors during the period from February to March 2021 as well as on 26 November 2021. Such training sessions covered the Update on Hong Kong Listing Rules, Corporate Governance of a Hong Kong listed issuer and Anti-corruption and Directors' Ethics Talk. The Company also updated the Directors on the latest development regarding the Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements from time to time.

The Company has received from each of the Directors his confirmation on taking continuous professional training. A summary of the training for the year ended 31 December 2021 is as follows:

資料使用

所有董事均適時獲悉可能影響本集團業務的重大變動，包括對相關法規及規定的有關變動，並能在必要時作出進一步的詢問。董事會亦批准董事在履行其董事職責時可尋求獨立專業諮詢(費用由本公司支付)。

董事的責任保險

本公司已為董事和高級職員購買責任保險，保障董事及高級管理層因履行職務而可能要承擔的訴訟責任。該保險範圍及其保額乃按年檢討。

董事培訓及持續專業發展

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度，本公司於二零二一年二月至三月份及於二零二一年十一月二十六日為董事舉辦兩次培訓課程。該培訓課程涵蓋最新香港上市規則、香港上市發行人的企業管治以及防貪及董事商業道德培訓。本公司亦不時向董事告知有關上市規則及其他適用監管規定的最新進展。

本公司已收到各董事關於進行持續專業培訓的確認書。董事於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的培訓資料概述如下：

Name of Directors	董事姓名	Reading Materials/ Journals and/or Attending in-house training session or seminars 參閱資料/期刊 及/或參加內部 培訓課程或研討會
Executive Directors	執行董事	
Mr. Hung Tsung Chin	洪聰進先生	√
Mr. Chen Wei Chun	陳偉鈞先生	√
Non-Executive Director	非執行董事	
Mr. Kuo Jen Hao (Chairman) ¹	郭人豪先生(主席) ¹	√
Independent Non-Executive Directors	獨立非執行董事	
Mr. Ding Jin-Huei ²	丁金輝先生 ²	√
Mr. Lu Ming-Shiuan ²	盧明軒先生 ²	√
Mr. Wu Chia Ming	吳嘉明先生	√
Mr. Lau Yau Cheung (Chairman) ³	劉幼祥先生(主席) ³	√
Mr. Li Chak Hung ³	李澤雄先生 ³	√

Notes

- ¹ appointed as chairman of the Board with effect from 24 August 2021
² appointed on 24 August 2021
³ resigned on 18 August 2021

附註

- ¹ 於二零二一年八月二十四日獲委任為董事會主席
² 於二零二一年八月二十四日獲委任
³ 於二零二一年八月十八日辭任

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告(續)

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Code provision C.2.1 states that the roles of the chairman and the chief executive officer are separate to reinforce independence, accountability and responsibility. Mr. Kuo Jen Hao, the Chairman of the Board, is responsible for the formulation of development strategies, investment decision making, overall project planning at the Group level, leading the Board and ensuring that the Board functions properly and effectively, whilst Mr. Hung Tsung Chin, the chief executive officer of several subsidiaries of the Company which are engaged in manufacturing and trading of the media entertainment platform related products, other multimedia products, integration of signal and traffic communication and satellite TV equipment and antenna products (**"Manufacturing and Trading of Electronic Products Business Division"**) is responsible for the management of the daily operation and general administration of the Manufacturing and Trading of Electronic Products Business Division.

Ms. Chen Mei Huei, the chief executive officer of the Satellite Broadcasting Services Business Division, is responsible for the overall management of the Group including all overseas offices.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established (i) the Audit Committee; (ii) the Remuneration Committee; and (iii) the Nomination Committee, with specific written terms of reference to oversee particular aspects of the Company's affairs. The latest versions of the terms of reference of the Board committees are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company. The Board committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties and, upon reasonable request, are able to seek independent professional advice and other assistance in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expenses.

主席及執行長

按守則條文第C.2.1條規定，主席及執行長職責彼此分離以鞏固獨立性、問責性及責任性。董事會主席郭人豪先生負責制定本集團發展策略、作出投資決策及進行集團層面之整體項目規劃、領導董事會，並確保董事會正當及有效地運作，而洪聰進先生為本公司從事製造及買賣媒體娛樂平臺相關產品、其他多媒體產品、整合訊號系統及交通通訊以及衛星電視設備及天線產品業務之若干附屬公司（「**製造及買賣電子產品業務部**」）之執行長，則負責製造及買賣電子產品業務部的日常營運管理及一般管理。

衛星廣播服務業務部執行長陳美惠女士負責本集團（包括全部海外辦公室）的整體管理。

董事委員會

董事會已成立(i)審核委員會；(ii)薪酬委員會；及(iii)提名委員會，均具書面訂明的職權範圍，以監察本公司特定範疇的事務。董事委員會最新版本的職權範圍可於聯交所及本公司網站查詢。董事委員會獲提供足夠的資源履行其責任，及於合理要求時可在適當情況下尋求獨立專業意見及其他援助，費用概由本公司支付。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT *(Continued)*

企業管治報告(續)

Audit Committee

Composition

The Audit Committee was established with written terms of reference. All the members of the Audit Committee are independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Ding Jin-Huei, Mr. Lu Ming-Shiuan and Mr. Wu Chia Ming. Mr. Ding Jin-Huei, who has appropriate professional accounting qualifications as required under the Listing Rules, was appointed as the chairman of the Audit Committee. None of the members of the Audit Committee is a former partner of the auditor of the Company.

The principal duties of the Audit Committee include, among other things, (i) being primarily responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of the external auditor, and to approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditor; (ii) reviewing and monitoring the external auditor's independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process in accordance with applicable standards; (iii) developing and implementing a policy on engaging an external auditor to provide non-audit services; (iv) monitoring the integrity of the Company's financial statements and the annual report and accounts, half-year report and, if prepared for publication, quarterly reports, before submission of the financial statements and reports to the Board, and reviewing significant financial reporting judgments contained in them; (v) reviewing the Company's financial control, risk management and internal control systems; and (vi) discussing the risk management and internal control systems with management to ensure that management has performed its duty to establish effective systems.

審核委員會

組成

審核委員會成立且具書面訂明的職權範圍。審核委員會的所有成員均為獨立非執行董事，即丁金輝先生、盧明軒先生及吳嘉明先生。丁金輝先生具有上市規則規定適當的專業會計資格，並獲委任為審核委員會主席。概無審核委員會成員為本公司核數師的前任合夥人。

審核委員會的主要職責(其中包括)：(i)主要負責就外聘核數師的委任、重新委任及罷免向董事會提供建議，並批准外聘核數師的薪酬及聘用條款；(ii)按適用的標準檢討及監察外聘核數師是否獨立客觀及核數程序是否有效；(iii)就外聘核數師提供非核數服務制定政策，並予以執行；(iv)向董事會提交有關財務報表及報告前，監察本公司的財務報表以及年度報告及賬目、半年度報告及(若擬刊發)季度報告的完整性，並審閱報表及報告所載有關財務申報的重大意見；(v)檢討本公司的財務監控、風險管理及內部監控系統；及(vi)與管理層討論風險管理及內部監控系統，確保管理層已履行職責建立有效的系統。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT *(Continued)*

企業管治報告(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the Audit Committee held 3 meetings to consider, approve and adopt the risk management policy, and review annual audit planning, annual results, interim audit planning, interim results and the internal control review conducted by an external professional consultant.

The attendance record of each Audit Committee member for the year has been set out on page 30 of this annual report.

Nomination Committee

Composition

The Nomination Committee was established with written terms of reference. All the members of the Nomination Committee are independent non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Lu Ming-Shiuan (chairman), Mr. Ding Jin-Huei and Mr. Wu Chia Ming.

The principal duties of the Nomination Committee include, among other things, (i) reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board and making recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy; (ii) identifying individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and selecting or making recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships; (iii) assessing the independence of independent non-executive Directors; and (iv) making recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors.

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the Nomination Committee held 1 meeting to (i) review the structure, size and composition of the Board, (ii) assess the independence of independent non-executive Directors. The attendance of individual Directors at the Nomination Committee meeting is set out on page 30 of the annual report.

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度，審核委員會共召開三次會議以考慮批准及採納風險管理政策，以及檢討年度審核計劃、年度業績、中期審核計劃、中期業績以及由外聘專業顧問進行的內部控制審核。

本年度各審核委員會成員的出席記錄載於本年報第30頁。

提名委員會

組成

提名委員會成立且具書面訂明的職權範圍提名委員會的書面職權範圍。提名委員會的所有成員均為獨立非執行董事，即盧明軒先生(主席)、丁金輝先生及吳嘉明先生。

提名委員會的主要職責(其中包括)：(i)檢討董事會的架構、人數及組成，並就任何為配合本公司企業策略而擬對董事會作出的變動提出建議；(ii)物色具備合適資格可擔任董事會成員的人士，並挑選提名有關人士出任董事或就此向董事會提供意見；(iii)評核獨立非執行董事的獨立性；及(iv)就董事委任或重新委任以及董事繼任計劃向董事會提出建議。

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度內，提名委員會召開了一次會議以(i)檢討董事會之結構、規模及組成、(ii)評估獨立非執行董事之獨立性。個別董事出席提名委員會會議的記錄載於本年報第30頁。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告(續)

The board diversity policy was adopted by the Board with the aims to set out the approach to achieve diversity on the Board in order to enhance the quality of its performance. Selection of candidates on the Board is based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills and knowledge. The Nomination Committee will assess the merit and contribution that any Director proposed for re-election or any candidate nominated to be appointed as Director against the objective and appropriate criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

The Board adopted a Nomination Policy which sets out the criteria and process on the nomination and appointment of Directors.

In assessing the suitability of a proposed candidate as a member of the Board, the Nomination Committee would follow the nomination policy and consider factors including:

- (a) personal ethics, reputation and integrity;
- (b) professional qualifications, skills, knowledge and experience that are relevant to the Company's businesses and corporate development and strategy;
- (c) commitment in respect of sufficient time for the proper discharge of the duties of a director, including devoting adequate time for the preparation and participation in meetings, training and other Board or Company associated activities;
- (d) independent non-executive director candidates must satisfy the independence requirements under the Listing Rules. The independent non-executive director candidate shall be independent in character and judgement and be able to represent and act in the best interests of the Shareholders; and
- (e) any other relevant factors as may be determined by the Nomination Committee or the Board from time to time.

Where appropriate, the Nomination Committee should make recommendation to the Shareholders in respect of the proposed election of Director at the general meeting.

董事會已採納董事會多元化政策，旨在制定實現董事會多元化的方法，以提升董事會的表現質素。董事會候選人的選擇基於一系列多元化角度，包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、專業經驗、技能以及知識。提名委員會將評估任何提名重選之董事或被提名擔任董事的候選人的優點及貢獻，以符合客觀及適當的準則，並適當考慮董事會多元化的裨益。

董事會已採納提名政策，載列提名及委任董事的條件及程序。

在評估建議候選人是否適合擔任董事會成員時，提名委員會將遵從提名政策，而考慮的因素包括：

- (a) 個人道德、信譽及誠信；
- (b) 與本公司業務、企業發展及策略相關的專業資格、技能、知識及經驗；
- (c) 承諾投入足夠時間妥善履行董事職責，包括投入充足時間準備及參與會議、培訓及其他董事會或本公司相關活動；
- (d) 獨立非執行董事候選人必須符合上市規則的獨立性規定。獨立非執行董事候選人應具有獨立品格及判斷力，並能夠代表及按符合股東最佳利益的方式行事；及
- (e) 提名委員會或董事會不時決定任何其他相關因素。

在適當情況下，提名委員會於股東大會上就建議選舉董事向股東提出建議。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告(續)

Remuneration Committee

Composition

The Remuneration Committee was established with written terms of reference. All the members of the Remuneration Committee are independent non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Wu Chia Ming (chairman), Mr. Ding Jin-Huei and Mr. Lu Ming-Shiuan.

The principal duties of the Remuneration Committee include, among other things, (i) making recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all remuneration of Directors and senior management of the Group; (ii) reviewing and approving the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives; and (iii) making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual Directors and senior management.

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the Remuneration Committee held 2 meetings to review the existing remuneration packages of Directors and the key terms and conditions of the service agreements and letters of appointment. The attendance of the Remuneration Committee members has been set out on page 30 of this annual report.

The remuneration of the members of the senior management (other than Directors) by band for the year ended 31 December 2021 is set out below:

Remuneration band	薪酬範圍	Number of individuals 人數
HK\$0–HK\$1,000,000	0至1,000,000港元	5
HK\$1,000,001–HK\$1,500,000	1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	2
HK\$1,500,001–HK\$2,000,000	1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元	1

Further particulars regarding Directors' emoluments and the five highest paid employees as required to be disclosed pursuant to Appendix 16 to the Listing Rules are set out in note 12 to the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

薪酬委員會

組成

薪酬委員會成立且具書面訂明的職權範圍。薪酬委員會的所有成員均為獨立非執行董事，即吳嘉明先生(主席)、丁金輝先生及盧明軒先生。

薪酬委員會的主要職責(其中包括)：(i)就本公司對本集團董事及高級管理層的全體薪酬政策及架構，向董事會提出建議；(ii)因應董事會所訂企業方針及目標而檢討及審批管理層的薪酬建議；及(iii)向董事會建議個別董事及高級管理層的薪酬待遇。

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度內，薪酬委員會召開了兩次會議以檢討董事的現有薪酬待遇及服務協議及委任書的主要條款及條件。薪酬委員會成員的出席記錄載於本年報第30頁。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度，高級管理層成員(不包括董事)的薪酬範圍如下：

根據上市規則附錄十六須予披露的有關董事薪酬及五位最高薪僱員的進一步詳情載於本集團綜合財務報表附註12。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告(續)

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE POLICY AND DUTIES

The Board is responsible for performing the duties on corporate governance functions set out below:

- (a) developing and reviewing the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and making recommendations to the Board;
- (b) reviewing and monitoring the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
- (c) reviewing and monitoring the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (d) developing, reviewing and monitoring the code of ethic and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors; and
- (e) reviewing the Company's compliance with the Code Provisions and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

During the year, the Board has approved and adopted the following new or updated code/policies:

- (i) Reporting and Monitoring Policy on Notifiable and Connected Transactions;
- (ii) Code of Ethics; and
- (iii) Inside Information Policy.

企業管治政策及職責

董事會負責履行有關企業管治職能的以下職責：

- (a) 制定及檢討本公司的企業管治政策及常規，並向董事會提出建議；
- (b) 檢討及監察董事及高級管理層的培訓及持續專業發展；
- (c) 檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監管規定方面的政策及常規；
- (d) 制定、檢討及監察適用於僱員及董事的道德操守守則及合規手冊(如有)；及
- (e) 檢討本公司守則條文的遵守及於企業管治報告內的披露。

年內，董事會已批准並採納以下新訂或經更新守則／政策：

- (i) 須予公佈及關連交易的報告及監察政策；
- (ii) 操守守則；及
- (iii) 內幕消息政策。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告(續)

COMPANY SECRETARY

The Board has appointed Ms. Tung Wing Yee Winnie (“**Ms. Tung**”) as the company secretary of the Company with effect from 30 November 2019. Ms. Tung has been nominated by Boardroom Corporate Services (HK) Limited (“**Boardroom**”) under an engagement letter made between the Company and Boardroom. The primary person at the Company with whom Ms. Tung has been contacting is Mr. Young Ho Kee Bernard, the project manager, in relation to corporate secretarial matters. Ms. Tung has confirmed that she has taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training during the year ended 31 December 2021.

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Board has adopted a dividend policy (the “**Dividend Policy**”). The Company aims to deliver reasonable and sustainable returns to the Shareholders. In deciding whether to propose a dividend and in determining the dividend amount, the Board takes into account, inter alia:

- (i) the Company’s actual and expected financial performance;
- (ii) retained earnings and distributable reserves of the Company and each of the members of the Group;
- (iii) the Group’s working capital requirements, capital expenditure requirements and future expansion plans;
- (iv) the Group’s liquidity position;
- (v) general economic conditions, business cycle of the Group’s business and other internal and external factors that may have an impact on the business or financial performance and position of the Company;
- (vi) the Shareholders’ and the investors’ expectation;
- (vii) the industry’s norm; and
- (viii) any other factors that the Board deems appropriate.

公司秘書

董事會已委任董穎怡女士(「**董女士**」)為本公司的公司秘書，於二零一九年十一月三十日起生效。董女士根據本公司與寶德隆企業服務(香港)有限公司(「**寶德隆**」)的委聘函獲寶德隆提名。董女士就公司秘書事務與本公司聯絡的主要人員為項目經理楊浩基先生。董女士已確認彼於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度已參加不少於15小時相關專業培訓。

股息政策

此外，董事會通過了股息政策(「**股息政策**」)。本公司旨在為股東提供合理及可持續的回報。在決定是否建議派發股息及在釐定股息金額時，董事會將考慮(其中包括)：

- (i) 本集團之實際及預期財務表現；
- (ii) 本公司及本集團各成員公司之保留盈利及可供分派儲備；
- (iii) 本集團之營運資金需要、資本開支需要及未來擴張計劃；
- (iv) 本集團之流動資金狀況；
- (v) 整體經濟環境、本集團業務之商業週期及可能對本集團之業務或財務表現及狀況構成影響之其他內在或外在因素；
- (vi) 股東及投資者之期望；
- (vii) 行業常規；及
- (viii) 董事會視為適當之任何其他因素。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告(續)

However, there can be no assurance that dividends will be proposed or declared in any particular amount for any given period.

The Dividend Policy will be reviewed and changes will be adopted, if applicable, from time to time to ensure the effectiveness of the Dividend Policy.

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

Financial Reporting

The Board endeavours to present to the Shareholders a balanced and understandable assessment of the Group's performance, position and prospects. Accordingly, appropriate accounting policies are selected and applied consistently, and judgements and estimates made by the management for financial reporting purpose are prudent and reasonable.

Save as disclosed in note 2 to the financial statements, the adoption of relevant new and revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards that became effective during the year has no significant impact on the Group's results of operation and financial position.

EXTERNAL AUDITOR AND ITS REMUNERATION

The external auditor performs independent audit of the annual consolidated financial statements prepared by the management. BDO Limited ("BDO") has been engaged as the Company's external auditor.

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the fees charged to the consolidated financial statements of the Group in respect of BDO's statutory audit and other services amounted to approximately HK\$1,850,000 and HK\$421,000 respectively. The fees of recurring audit services of subsidiaries performed by other auditors and the fees of provision of other services were approximately HK\$2,253,000.

然而，概不保證將於任何指定期間建議或派付任何特定金額之股息。

股息政策將不時審閱並在適用的情況下進行更改，以確保股息政策的有效性。

問責及審核

財務匯報

董事會致力確保向股東就本集團業績、狀況及前景作出平衡及易於理解的評核。因此，本集團選擇合適之會計政策並貫徹採用，而管理層就財務匯報所作之判斷及估計均屬審慎及合理。

除財務報表附註2所披露者外，本集團所採納於年內生效之相關新訂及經修訂之香港財務報告準則並無對本集團的營運及財務狀況產生重大影響。

外聘核數師及彼等酬金

外聘核數師對管理層所編製的年度綜合財務報表進行獨立審核。香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司（「香港立信德豪會計師事務所」）受聘擔任本公司之外聘核數師。

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度香港立信德豪會計師事務所就本集團的綜合財務報表所收取之法定審核服務費用及其他服務費用分別約1,850,000港元及421,000港元。至於由其他核數師為附屬公司進行經常性的審核工作之審核費用及其他服務費用則約2,253,000港元。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告(續)

INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board has overall responsibility for maintaining a sound and effective system of internal control and risk management which is designed and operated to provide reasonable assurance that the Company's business objectives in the following areas are achieved:

- Effectiveness and efficiency of operations, including the achievement of performance and operating targets and the safeguarding of assets by the management;
- Reliability of financial and operating information provided by the management, including management accounts and statutory financial reports; and
- Compliance with applicable laws and regulations by each business unit.

The Company has put and continues to place considerable emphasis on maintaining and enhancing the effectiveness of its system of internal control. Under the Company's internal control framework, risk management and internal control are primarily the collective responsibility of every manager and employee. For consistent compliance by every person in the Company, the following key control policies and measures are implemented in the everyday activities, which are summarized below:

1. Overall control environment, including code of ethics governing staff conduct within the Group, and whistle blowing policy;
2. Management of financial and non-financial risks, including at the company level the risk management functions of the Board; at the business unit level management's ongoing monitoring of operational and other risks;
3. Major controls systems and processes, including budgetary and cost controls, financial reporting systems and processes for timely and quality management reporting, and corporate policies and procedures for approvals, reviews and segregation of duties in everyday activities;

內部監控

董事會對維持健全有效之內部監控及風險管理系統承擔整體責任。內部監控旨在為本公司實現以下方面之業務目標提供合理保證：

- 營運的有效性和效率，包括管理層達到公司業績及營運指標以及確保資產安全；
- 管理層所提供財務及營運資料之可靠性，包括管理賬目以及法定的財務報告；及
- 各業務單位遵守適用法律及法規。

本公司十分重視並會繼續高度重視維持及加強其內部監控系統的效能。根據本公司的內部監控框架，風險管理及內部監控由每名管理人員及僱員共同負責。就本公司各人士的持續合規而言，以下主要監控政策及措施乃於日常活動中實施，概述如下：

1. 整體控制環境，包括監督本集團員工操守的道德守則及舉報政策；
2. 財務及非財務風險管理，包括於公司層面上董事會對風險的管理職能，在業務單位層面上管理層對營運及其他風險持續監察；
3. 主要控制系統及流程，包括預算及成本控制、財務匯報系統及流程以提供適時及優質的管理報告、以及企業政策及對日常業務活動進行的審批、覆核及責任劃分；

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告(續)

4. In relation to ongoing compliance monitoring and internal control reviews, the company secretary undertakes to monitor overall of compliance with the Listing Rules. The external professional consultant directly reports to the Audit Committee and is engaged to conduct independent reviews on the internal control system and provides recommendations on risk management of the Group; and
5. The Audit Committee has reviewed the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's internal controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management. It has also considered the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the accounting and financial reporting functions.

In conducting these reviews, the Audit Committee and the management have reviewed the resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the accounting and financial reporting functions. The main conclusions are that overall speaking:

- the resources in the accounting and finance functions are adequate; and
- the qualifications and experience of the staff of the accounting and finance functions are satisfactory overall.

During the year, the external professional consultant has reviewed the internal control and risk management systems of the Group, which include financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions.

Inherent Limitations on Effectiveness of Controls

An internal control and risk management system, no matter how well designed and operated, is to provide reasonable, though not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss and to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives. The design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Further, because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that misstatements due to error or fraud will not occur or that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, have been detected. In addition, the design of any system of controls is based in part on certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events.

4. 就持續監察合規情況及進行內部監控檢討方面，公司秘書負責整體監察對上市規則之遵守情況。外聘專業顧問直接向審核委員會匯報情況，並負責對內部監控系統進行獨立檢討及就本集團的風險管理提供建議；及
5. 審核委員會檢討本公司內部監控(包括財務、營運及合規控制措施及風險管理)是否足夠及有效，亦考慮會計及財務匯報職能方面的資源、員工資歷及經驗是否足夠。

在進行上述檢討時，審核委員會及管理層已檢討會計及財務匯報職能方面之資源、員工資歷及經驗。整體而言，主要結論如下：

- 會計和財務職能之資源充足；及
- 整體而言，會計及財務職能方面的員工所具備的資歷及經驗令人滿意。

年內，外聘專業顧問已審視本集團的內部監控及風險管理系統，包括財務、營運及合規監控以及風險管理職能。

監控效用的固有局限

內部監控及風險管理系統無論設計及操作有多完善，其就重大錯誤陳述或虧損提供合理但非絕對的保證，並管理而非消除未能達成業務目標的風險。監控系統的設計必須反映存在資源限制的事實，且必須就其成本考慮監控的裨益。此外，由於所有監控系統的固有局限，監控的評估無法絕對保證將不會發生由於錯誤或欺詐引起的錯誤陳述，或檢測到所有如有發生的監控問題及欺詐事件。此外，任何監控系統之設計乃基於對未來事件可能性之若干假設。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告(續)

Inside Information Policy

An inside information policy is in place which contains guidelines to the Directors and officers of the Group to ensure that inside information of the Group can be promptly identified, assessed and disseminated to the public in consistent and timely manner in accordance with the requirements under the Listing Rules. The Company must disclose inside information to the public as soon as reasonably practicable, unless the “safe harbours” provisions under the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the “SFO”) apply. The Board shall take reasonable precautions in preserving the confidentiality of inside information and the relevant announcement before publication.

The Board and the management will continue to look into opportunities for further enhancing the effectiveness of the internal control system of the Group in the years ahead.

INTERNAL AUDIT

The Group regards internal audit as an important part of the Board and Audit Committee’s oversight function. The principal objective of internal audit, which is set out in an internal audit charter, is to provide the Board and management with useful information and recommendations on the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal control system of the Group.

AUTHORITY AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Under the internal audit charter endorsed by the Audit Committee, the internal audit function is authorized by the Board to have access to all records, people and physical properties relevant to the performance of internal audit. The external professional consultant has unrestricted access to the chairman of the Audit Committee and reports directly to the Audit Committee for direction and accountability. This reporting relationship enables the external professional consultant to provide an objective assurance to the effectiveness of the internal control system of the Group.

內幕消息政策

我們訂有內幕消息政策，其中包括向董事及本集團高級職員提供的指引，以確保可根據上市規則規定，以一致及時的方式迅速識別、評估及向公眾傳播本集團的內幕消息。除非採納證券及期貨條例（「證券及期貨條例」）項下的「安全港」條文，否則本公司必須在合理切實可行情況下盡快向公眾披露內幕消息。董事會於刊發前應採取合理的預防措施，以保護內幕消息及相關公告的機密性。

董事會及管理層將持續不斷尋求機會進一步提升本集團內部監控系統的效能。

內部審計

本集團視內部審計為董事會及審核委員會的監督職能的重要部份。內部審計的主要目的載於內部審計規章，就本集團內部監控系統是否足夠及其效能為董事會及管理層提供有用資料及建議。

權責

根據經審核委員會批准的內部審計規章，董事會授權內部審計部門可取得及接觸與內部審計相關的所有記錄、人員及實物財產。外聘專業顧問可不受限制地與審核委員會主席聯繫，並直接向審核委員會匯報，接受審核委員會指示及向其負責。上述匯報關係協助外聘專業顧問就本集團內部監控系統的效能提供客觀保證。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告(續)

DUTIES

The duties of the external professional consultant are described in the engagement letter entered into between the Company and the external professional consultant. It mainly requires that (a) internal audits are conducted with independence, objectivity and due professional care in compliance with the relevant standards, guidelines, and the code of ethics; (b) systems established are evaluated to ensure compliance with those policies, plans, procedures, law and regulations which could have a significant impact on the Group; (c) the approved internal audit plan is implemented, including any other special tasks or projects requested by the Audit Committee; and (d) the Audit Committee is updated with key audit initiatives and progress of completion of the approved internal audit plan, including any change.

All above described duties may be adjusted depending on the resources available for internal audit function. The management of the Group has the responsibility to keep reviewing the resources' availability for internal audit function.

INTERNAL AUDIT RESOURCES AND MAJOR WORK DONE IN 2021

The Group has engaged an external professional consultant to review and assess the risk management and internal control system of the Group. During the year under review, the external professional consultant has assessed (i) Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules — Corporate Governance Code; (ii) capital, investment and financial management cycle; (iii) salary and compensation; and (iv) Information system management of major operating subsidiaries of the Group. The external professional consultant submitted a review report with the relevant recommendations to the Audit Committee and the Board for implementation. The Group and the Audit Committee will keep reviewing the resources' availability for the implementation of internal control function and risk management and will regulate the activities for both.

The Board and the Audit Committee considered that the key areas of the Group's risk management and internal control systems, including the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of our accounting, internal audit and financial reporting staff, and their training programs and budget, are reasonably implemented and the Group has complied with provisions of the Corporate Governance Code regarding risk management and internal control systems in general for the year ended 31 December 2021.

職責

外聘專業顧問的職責載於本公司與外聘專業顧問訂立的委聘函，當中主要規定(a)遵循相關準則、指引及道德規範按獨立、客觀及應有專業負責的方式進行內部審計；(b)對已建立的系統進行評估，以確保遵守可能對本集團產生重大影響的政策、計劃、程序、法律及法規；(c)實施經批准的內部審計計劃，包括審核委員會所要求進行的任何其他特殊任務或項目；及(d)告知審核委員會最新的主要審計計劃及經批准的內部審計計劃的完成進度，包括任何變更。

上述所有職責將視乎內部審計職能可動用的資源而作出調整。本集團管理層有責任持續審視內部審計職能可動用的資源。

二零二一年內部審計資源及已完成主要工作

本集團已委任外聘專業顧問檢視及評估本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統。於回顧年度，外聘專業顧問已評估本集團主要營運附屬公司的(i)《上市規則》附錄十四—企業管治守則；(ii)資金、投資及融資管理週期；(iii)工資與薪酬；及(iv)資訊系統管理。外聘專業顧問向審核委員會及董事會提交檢討報告連同有關建議以供實施。本集團及審核委員會將繼續審視實施內部監控職能及風險管理的資源供應情況，並將規範內部監控及風險管理的活動。

董事會及審核委員會認為本集團風險管理及內部監控系統的主要範疇(包括我們的會計、內部審計及財務匯報職員的資源、資歷及經驗以及為彼等提供的培訓課程及預算是否足夠)均獲合理實施，而本集團於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度已遵守企業管治守則有關風險管理及內部監控系統的規定。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告(續)

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group is exposed to a variety of risks when conducting its business operations globally. The Board assists the Group in anticipating its risk exposure, putting controls in place to counter threats, and pursuing its set objectives. After the Board has identified the top risks of the Group, the Directors will assess how much risk the Board is faced with through the Group's operation and governance processes.

Based on the risk profile of each business unit, and taking into account the management control and corporate oversight at Group level, the Audit Committee and the external professional consultant would map out a risk-based internal audit plan each year. The Company has separated its risks into two levels:

- (1) Enterprise risk level which is mainly externally driven and will be mitigated by solution comes from management discussion; and
- (2) Operating risk level which is mainly internally driven and will be mitigated by building up risk control matrixes for tests of controls and remediation of deficiencies identified.

The following are the current top and emerging risks of the Group.

Commercial Risk

Commercial risk refers to potential losses arising from inadequate gross margins and/or non-performance of trading partners or counterparties in the regions that the Group is operating. It is important to ensure that our trading partners or counterparties are reliable, financially healthy and willing to comply with sound commercial practice.

風險管理

本集團在全球開展業務時承受多種風險。董事會協助本集團預測風險，採取有效措施應對威脅，以及貫徹既定目標。在董事會識別出本集團的最大風險後，董事將評估董事會於集團營運及管治過程中需要面對多大的風險。

根據各業務單位的風險狀況，並考慮集團層面的管控及公司監督後，審核委員會及外聘專業顧問將每年制訂基於風險的內部審計計劃。本公司將風險劃分為兩個層面：

- (1) 企業風險層面，主要由外部驅動，有關風險將通過由管理層討論得出的解決方案得以紓緩；及
- (2) 操作風險層面，主要由內部驅動，有關風險將通過建立風險控制矩陣來進行控制測試及補救所發現的缺陷而得以紓緩。

以下為本集團目前的最大風險及新出現的風險。

商業風險

商業風險指毛利率不足及本集團營運所在地區的貿易夥伴或交易方不履約所造成的潛在損失。重要的是要確保我們的貿易夥伴或交易方誠實可靠、財務穩健，以及願意遵守完善的商業慣例。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告(續)

Currently, the key commercial risks facing by the Group are international economic conflicts. During the year, the PRC and the US are still engaged in a trade war that each country continues to dispute tariffs placed on goods traded between them. As some of the major customers of the Group are located in the US and the major production facilities of the Group are located in the PRC, the China-United States trade war has some impact on the Group's business and operations. In order to mitigate the impact from the China-United States trade war and to avoid the tariffs imposed by the US on products originating from the PRC, the Group has managed these commercial risks by:

- (a) strengthening its supply chain management, such as encouraging our suppliers to establish new production facilities in Vietnam to cope with the production orders of parts and accessories of our products;
- (b) relocating certain manufacturing workflows to India by establishing local production facilities to diversify the production facilities of the Group; and
- (c) working closely with the customers in the US to streamline the process of products delivery and customs clearance.

Financial Risk

Currency risk

For bank borrowings, the functional currency of each operating entity is generally matched with its liabilities. As such, the management does not expect any significant foreign currency risk associated with the Group's borrowings.

Liquidity risk

The Group manages and maintains a level of operating cash flows deemed to be adequate by the management to finance the Group's daily operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows.

目前，本集團面臨的主要商業風險為國際經濟衝突。於本年度，中國與美國持續貿易戰，在就兩國間的貿易商品徵收關稅的問題上爭議不斷。由於本集團的若干主要客戶位於美國且本集團的主要生產設施位於中國，故中美貿易戰對本集團的業務及營運產生一定影響。為紓緩中美貿易戰的影響及避免美國對來自中國的產品徵收關稅，本集團通過以下方式管理該等商業風險：

- (a) 加強供應鏈管理，例如鼓勵供應商在越南建立新的生產設施，以應付我們產品的零件及配件生產訂單；
- (b) 通過在印度建立生產設施，將若干製造工作流程搬遷至印度，使本集團的生產設施多元化；及
- (c) 與美國客戶密切合作，簡化產品交付及清關流程。

財務風險

貨幣風險

就銀行借貸而言，各經營實體的功能貨幣一般與其負債相匹配。因此，管理層預期不會面臨任何與本集團借貸有關的重大外幣風險。

流動資金風險

本集團會管理及維持管理層認為足夠水平的經營現金流量，以便為本集團日常營運撥付資金及紓緩現金流量波動的影響。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告(續)

Environmental Risk

The Group may expose to potential liabilities to third parties due to pollution and non-compliance with environmental regulations and requirements. At present, the Group has outsourced most of its manufacturing process to suppliers and only maintained an assembly line in Zhongshan, the PRC. The exposure to environmental risks is mitigated by development of close relationships with suppliers to ensure that all the materials used in productions are met with environmental standards required by customers.

Compliance Risk

The Group has adopted internal procedures to monitor the Group's compliance risk to ensure that the Group is complied with the laws and regulations where applicable. Besides, the Group engages an external professional consultant to review the Group's corporate governance and legal advisers to update the Group about the latest development in the regulatory environment.

The Board has overseen the Company's risk management and internal control systems on an ongoing basis. A year end review of the effectiveness of the Company's and its subsidiaries' risk management and internal control systems has been conducted annually and the systems are considered to be effective and adequate.

ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITIES

In March 2020, the Stock Exchange published a guide for board and directors on the leadership role and accountability in the environmental, social and governance ("ESG"). In responding to the importance of the ESG structure and the recommendations in the guide published by the Stock Exchange, the Group has commissioned an external professional consultant to assist the Board in identifying, evaluating and managing important ESG issues during the year, to effectively implement ESG strategies and measures, and manage existing and potential risks associated with ESG.

The Board is fully responsible for the oversight of the Group's sustainability issues. The Board has formulated and improved the current policies and codes involving ESG issues applicable to the entire Group such as adoption of the climate change policy, and comprehensively improved the Group's corporate governance in areas such as environmental protection, operational management, employment system and community investment.

環境風險

本集團可能因污染以及不符合環境法規及規定而對第三方承擔潛在責任。目前，本集團已將其大部分製造過程外包予供應商，僅在中國中山維持一條裝配線。本集團通過與供應商建立緊密關係減低環境風險，以確保生產中使用的所有材料均符合客戶規定的環境標準。

合規風險

本集團已採納內部程序來監控本集團的合規風險，從而確保本集團遵守適用的法律及法規。此外，本集團會聘請外聘專業顧問審閱本集團的企業管治，以及聘請法律顧問向本集團提供與監管環境最新發展有關的最新資料。

董事會持續監督本公司的風險管理及內部監控系統。每年會對本公司及其附屬公司的風險管理及內部監控系統的成效進行年終審查，且認為該等系統屬有效及充分。

環境及社會責任

二零二零年三月，聯交所發佈關於在環境、社會及管治("ESG")方面的領導角色和問責性的董事會及董事指南。為回應ESG管治架構的重要性，以及聯交所在指南中的建議，年內本集團已委託外聘專業顧問，協助董事會識別、評估及管理重要的環境、社會及管治相關事宜，以有效地推行ESG策略和措施，及管理現有及潛在的ESG相關風險。

董事會對本集團的可持續發展事宜的監督負全部責任。董事會已制訂和完善現行適用於整個集團涉及ESG議題的政策和守則，如採納氣候變化政策，從環境保護、營運管理、僱傭制度和社區投資等領域，全面提升本集團之企業管治水平。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告(續)

During the year, the Board also reviewed the sufficiency of resources of the governance team on ESG matters. Through continuous ESG training, the Board members are well aware of the latest regulatory requirements on ESG reporting. Furthermore, the Board members attended the training on corporate anti-corruption.

In 2021, the Group collected the opinions from stakeholders by a questionnaire and a materiality assessment was conducted by an external professional consultant to identify the sustainability issues that are most relevant to the Group's business and stakeholders, and assist the Board to prioritise ESG matters and manage sustainability strategy.

Looking ahead, the Group will further improve management strategies and measures of different ESG aspects, including strengthening the management of social and environmental risks in the supply chain, achieving corporate sustainability, and contributing to society and the environment.

Further discussions of the aforesaid areas are covered by a separate "Environmental, Social and Governance Report 2021" which will be published within five months after the financial year-end.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY ON THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021 which were prepared in accordance with statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards. The Board aims to present a balanced, clear and understandable assessment of the Group's position and prospects in annual reports, interim reports and other financial disclosures as required by the Listing Rules.

The reporting responsibility of the external auditor of the Company on the consolidated financial statements of the Group is set out in the independent auditor's report on pages 71 to 79 of this annual report.

年內，董事會已檢討管治團隊有關投放於ESG事宜的資源是否足夠。通過持續的ESG培訓，董事會成員充分了解ESG報告的最新監管要求。另外，董事會成員參加了有關企業反貪污的培訓。

於二零二一年，本集團以問卷調查收集持份者的意見，再由外聘專業顧問進行重要性評估，以確立與本集團業務和持份者最相關的可持續發展議題，協助董事會確定ESG的優先次序及管理可持續發展工作的策略。

展望未來，本集團會進一步完善ESG各方面的管理策略及措施，包括加強管理供應鏈中的社會及環境風險，實現企業可持續發展，為社會及環境作貢獻。

前述範疇的進一步討論載於獨立的「二零二一年環境、社會及管治報告」，有關報告將於財政年度結束後五個月內刊發。

董事對綜合財務報表的責任

董事知悉其須根據法定要求及適用會計準則編製截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的綜合財務報表。於上市規則所要求的年報、中期報告及其他財務披露中，董事會就本集團的狀況及前景致力作出平衡、清晰及容易理解的評審。

本公司外聘核數師對本集團綜合財務報表的申報責任載於本年報第71頁至第79頁的獨立核數師報告。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告(續)

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Company has established a Shareholders' communication policy on 1 June 2018 and the Board shall review on a regular basis to ensure its effectiveness. The Company communicates with the Shareholders mainly in the following ways: (i) the holding of AGM and special general meeting ("SGM"), if any, which may be convened for specific purposes which provide opportunities for the Shareholders to communicate directly with the Board; (ii) the publication of announcements, annual reports, interim reports and/or circulars as required under the Listing Rules; and (iii) the availability of latest information of the Group on the Company's website.

General Meetings with Shareholders

Shareholders and investors are welcome to visit the Company's website and communicate with the Company by mail, telephone, fax and email, details of which are made available on the Company's website.

Separate resolutions were proposed at the general meetings for such substantial issues, including the re-election of retiring Directors. The Company's notice to Shareholders for the 2021 AGM was sent to the Shareholders at least 20 clear business days before the meeting and notices of all other general meetings were sent to the Shareholders at least 10 clear business days before the meetings.

The chairman of the Board and the chairman/members of the Board committees and the external auditor were available at the 2021 AGM to answer questions from the Shareholders. With the assistance of the Company's Hong Kong branch share registrar, Boardroom Share Registrars (HK) Limited ("**Branch Share Registrar**"), the representative of the Branch Share Registrar had explained the procedures for conducting a poll during the 2021 AGM. The poll results is posted on the websites of the Stock Exchange and of the Company respectively on the same day as the poll.

During the year, two general meetings were held. The 2021 AGM was held on 3 June 2021 and the SGM was held on 9 June 2021. The voting was conducted by way of poll. The attendance records of the Directors are set out on page 31.

與股東溝通

本公司已於二零一八年六月一日制定股東溝通政策，董事會應定期檢討以確保其有效性。本公司主要以下列方式與股東溝通：(i)舉行股東週年大會及股東特別大會(「股東特別大會」)(如有，可為特定目的而召開會議，以為股東提供與董事會直接溝通的機會)；(ii)根據上市規則發佈公告、年報、中期報告及／或通函；及(iii)本集團於本公司網站上提供最新資料。

股東大會

歡迎股東及投資者訪問公司網站，以及通過郵件、電話、傳真及電子郵件與公司溝通，詳情可在公司網站上查閱。

股東大會上就重大事項包括重選退任董事提出單獨決議案。本公司就二零二一年股東週年大會向股東發出的通知已於會議召開前至少二十個營業日寄發予股東，而所有其他股東大會的通知已於會議召開前至少十個營業日寄發予股東。

董事會主席及董事委員會主席／成員及外部核數師均出席了二零二一年股東週年大會並回答股東提問。在本公司於香港之股份過戶登記分處寶德隆證券登記有限公司(「股份過戶登記分處」)的協助下，股份過戶登記處的代表已解釋於二零二一年股東週年大會期間進行投票的程序。投票結果在進行投票表決當日分別登載於聯交所及本公司網站。

年內，已舉行兩次股東大會。二零二一年股東週年大會於二零二一年六月三日舉行，而股東特別大會於二零二一年六月九日舉行，以投票方式進行表決。董事的出席記錄載於第31頁。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告(續)

Information Disclosure on Corporate Website

The Company endeavours to disclose all material information about the Group to all interested parties as widely and as timely as possible. The Company maintains a corporate website at <http://www.sandmartin.com.hk> where important information about the Company's activities and corporate matters such as annual reports and interim reports to the Shareholders and announcements is available for review by the Shareholders and other stakeholders.

When publications are made through the Stock Exchange, the same information will be made available on the website of the Company.

During the year, the Company issued various announcements in respect of financial and inside information, which can be viewed on the website of the Company.

Investor Relations

The Company recognises its responsibility to explain its activities to those with a legitimate interest and to respond to their questions. In addition, questions received from the general public and individual Shareholders are answered promptly. In all cases, great care is taken to ensure that no inside information is disclosed selectively.

公司網站之資料披露

本公司致力向所有希望獲得本集團資料的人士廣泛及適時地披露有關本集團的重要資料。本公司設有公司網站，網址為<http://www.sandmartin.com.hk>，並載列有關本公司業務及公司事務(如致股東的年報及中期報告及公告)的重要資料，供股東及其他持份者查閱。

本公司在透過聯交所發放公告時，該同等資料將登載於本公司網站以供查閱。

於年內，本公司就財務及內幕消息刊發多份公告，有關公告可於本公司網站瀏覽。

投資者關係

本公司明白向持有合法權益的人士交代其業務狀況及回應彼等提問的責任。此外，本公司亦會及時答覆一般公眾及個別股東的提問。在所有情況下，本公司均已採取審慎態度，確保不會選擇性地披露任何內幕消息。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告(續)

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Set out below is a summary of certain rights of the Shareholders as required to be disclosed pursuant to the Corporate Governance Code:

Convening an SGM and putting forward proposals at such meetings.

Pursuant to the Bermuda Companies Act 1981 and the Bye-Laws, Shareholder(s) as at the date of deposit of the requisition holding not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall have the right to submit a written requisition requiring an SGM to be called by the Board. The written requisition (i) must state the purposes of the meeting, and (ii) must be signed by the requisitionists and deposited at the Company's registered office at Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton, HM11 Bermuda (the "**Registered Office**") or head office in Hong Kong at Unit 516, 5th Floor, Peninsula Centre, 67 Mody Road, Tsim Sha Tsui East, Kowloon, Hong Kong for attention of the Board or the company secretary of the Company (the "**Company Secretary**"), and may consist of several documents in like form, each signed by one or more requisitionists. Such requisitions will be verified with the Branch Share Registrar and upon its confirmation that the requisition is proper and in order, the Company Secretary will ask the Board to convene an SGM by serving sufficient notice to all Shareholders. On the contrary, if the requisition has been verified as not in order, the requisitionists will be advised of this outcome and accordingly, an SGM will not be convened as requested.

If the Board does not within 21 days from the date of the deposit of a valid requisition proceed duly to convene an SGM, the requisitionists or any of them representing more than one-half of the total voting rights of all of them may themselves convene an SGM, but any SGM so convened shall not be held after the expiration of 3 months from the said date of deposit of the requisition. In addition, such meeting convened by the requisitionists shall be convened in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which meetings are to be convened by the Board.

股東權利

以下載列根據企業管治守則須披露的股東若干權利的概要：

召開股東特別大會並於會議上提出建議。

根據百慕達一九八一年公司法及細則，股東於遞交請求書當日持有不少於十分之一本公司已繳足股本者或於本公司股東大會上具投票權者，將有權遞交請求書，要求董事會召集股東特別大會。請求書(i)必須說明會議的目的，及(ii)必須由請求人簽署並送達本公司於Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton, HM11 Bermuda的註冊辦事處(「**註冊辦事處**」)或香港九龍尖沙咀東麼地道67號半島中心5樓516室的香港總辦事處，註明董事會或本公司的公司秘書(「**公司秘書**」)收，並且可以由幾個類似形式的文件組成，每個文件由一個或多個請求者簽名。有關申請將由股份過戶登記分處核實，經其確定請求為妥當有效後，公司秘書將要求董事會向全體股東送達充分通知以召開股東特別大會。另一方面，倘有關請求被證實無效，請求者將獲知會此結果，因此將不會應其請求召開股東特別大會。

倘董事會於送呈有關請求日期起計二十一天內未有正式召開股東特別大會，請求者或佔全體請求者之總投票權一半以上的任何請求者可自行召開股東特別大會，惟如此召開的任何股東特別大會將不得於上述送呈有關請求日期起計三個月屆滿後舉行。此外，請求者召開的股東特別大會須按與董事會召開任何股東特別大會盡可能相同的方式召開。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (Continued)

企業管治報告(續)

Pursuant to the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, either any number of Shareholders representing not less than one-twentieth of the total voting rights of all the Shareholders having at the date of the requisition a right to vote at the meeting to which the requisition relates, or not less than 100 Shareholders, can at the expense of the requisitionists request the Company in writing to (a) give to Shareholders entitled to receive notice of the next AGM notice of any resolution which may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at that meeting; and (b) circulate to Shareholders entitled to have notice of any general meeting sent to them any statement of not more than one thousand words with respect to the matter referred to in any proposed resolution or the business to be dealt with at that meeting. The requisition signed by all the requisitionists must be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company for the attention of the Board or the Company Secretary with a sum reasonably sufficient to meet the Company's expenses and not less than six weeks before the meeting in case of a requisition requiring notice of a resolution or not less than one week before the meeting in the case of any other requisition.

Proposing a Person for Election as a Director

The procedures for the Shareholders to propose a person for election as a Director are available for viewing on the Company's website.

Enquiries from Shareholders

Shareholders should direct their enquiries about their shareholding to the Branch Share Registrar. Other enquiries from Shareholders may be put forward to the Board through the Company Secretary who will direct the enquiries to the Board for handling. The contact details of the Company Secretary are as follows:

The Company Secretary
Sandmartin International Holdings Limited
Unit 516, 5th Floor, Peninsula Centre
67 Mody Road
Tsim Sha Tsui East, Kowloon
Hong Kong

Email: ir@sandmartin.com.hk
Tel No: +852 2587 7798
Fax No: +852 2587 7728

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2021, there was no change in the constitutional documents of the Company.

根據百慕達一九八一年公司法，凡代表不少於提出請求當日有權於與請求有關的會議上投票的所有股東總投票權二十分之一的任何數目的股東或不少於一百名股東，可向公司提交書面請求(由呈請人支付費用)：(a)向有權接收下一屆股東週年大會通告的股東發出通告，以告知任何可能於該會議上正式動議及擬於該會議上動議的決議案；及(b)向有權獲發送任何股東大會通告的股東傳閱不超過一千字的陳述書，以告知於該會議上提呈的任何決議案所述事宜或將處理之事項。經所有請求者簽署的請求書，必須於不少於(倘為要求通知決議案的要求書)會議舉行前六週或(倘為任何其他要求書)會議舉行前一週，送交本公司註冊辦事處註明董事會或公司秘書收，並須支付足以合理彌補公司開支的款項。

提名董事參選人

股東提名董事參選人的程序可於本公司網站查閱。

股東查詢

股東應直接向股份登記分處查詢有關其股權的問題。股東的其他查詢可透過公司秘書向董事會提出，公司秘書會將查詢轉交予董事會處理。公司秘書的聯絡資料如下：

公司秘書
聖馬丁國際控股有限公司
香港
九龍尖沙咀東
麼地道67號
半島中心5樓516室

電子郵件：ir@sandmartin.com.hk
電話號碼：+852 2587 7798
傳真號碼：+852 2587 7728

章程文件

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度，本公司的章程文件並無變動。

BIOGRAPHIES OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

董事及高級管理層之履歷

DIRECTORS

Mr. Kuo Jen Hao, aged 45

Chairman of the Board, Non-Executive Director

was appointed as a non-executive Director on 18 August 2017 and the chairman of the Board on 24 August 2021. He graduated with a bachelor's degree in Business Administration from Aletheia University in Taiwan and holds a master's degree of business administration from Pace University in 2003 in the United States. Mr. Kuo is a certified public accountant of the New Jersey State Board of Accountancy.

He has several years of work experience in investment advisory, financial advisory and corporate finance at PricewaterhouseCoopers, Bank of America Merrill Lynch and Private Equity Management Group and held various key roles at several private and listed companies engaging in (i) the administrative and corporate business; (ii) corporate finance; and (iii) general management in real estate development business, shipping business, retailing business and logistics business. Mr. Kuo has a wealth of experience in business strategy development and innovation management.

He is the chairman and the general manager of First Steamship Company Limited ("**First Steamship**") (a company listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation ("**TWSE**") (TWSE Stock Code: 2601) and is a substantial shareholder of the Company and through its subsidiaries collectively holds 28.98% of the issued share capital of the Company). Mr. Kuo is also a director and the chairman of Grand Ocean Retail Group Limited (a company listed on the TWSE (TWSE Stock Code: 5907) and is a subsidiary of First Steamship) and Taiwan Environment Scientific Co., Ltd. (a company listed on the Taipei Exchange) (Taipei Exchange Stock Code: 8476). He is currently a non-executive director and the chairman of Da Yu Financial Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 1073). He is also a director of several subsidiaries of the First Steamship including but not limited to Mariner Finance Limited, Morton Securities Limited and First Steamship S.A. He has served as a non-executive director and the chairman of the board of Summit Ascent Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 102) from 28 December 2017 to 26 April 2019. Mr. Kuo was a director of IRC Properties, Inc. (a company listed on the Philippine Stock Exchange) from July 2017 to May 2018.

董事

郭人豪先生，45歲

董事會主席，非執行董事

於二零一七年八月十八日獲委任為非執行董事及於二零二一年八月二十四日獲委任為董事會主席。彼畢業於臺灣真理大學，獲得工商管理學士學位，並於二零零三年取得美國佩斯大學之工商管理碩士學位。郭先生為新澤西州會計委員會之執業會計師。

彼於羅兵咸永道會計師事務所、美銀美林及Private Equity Management Group累積數年有關投資顧問、財務顧問及企業融資之經驗，並曾於若干私人及上市公司擔任不同的主要職位，有關公司乃從事(i)行政管理及企業業務；(ii)企業融資；及(iii)房地產發展業務、航運業務、零售業務及物流業務之日常管理。郭先生於制定業務策略及創新管理方面擁有豐富經驗。

彼為益航股份有限公司(「**益航**」)(一間於臺灣證券交易所(「**臺灣證券交易所**」)上市之公司(臺灣證券交易所股份代號：2601)，為本公司之主要股東，並透過其附屬公司合共持有本公司已發行股本之28.98%)之董事長兼總經理。郭先生亦為大洋百貨集團有限公司(一間於臺灣證券交易所上市之公司(臺灣證券交易所股份代號：5907)，並為益航之附屬公司)及臺境企業股份有限公司(一間於臺灣證券櫃檯買賣中心上市之公司(證券櫃檯買賣中心股份代號：8476))之董事兼董事長。彼現時為大禹金融控股有限公司(股份代號：1073)之非執行董事及主席。彼亦為益航若干附屬公司之董事，包括但不限於友成融資租賃有限公司、萬基證券有限公司及First Steamship S.A.。彼曾於二零一七年十二月二十八日至二零一九年四月二十六日期間擔任凱升控股有限公司(股份代號：102)之非執行董事兼董事會主席。郭先生曾於二零一七年七月至二零一八年五月期間擔任IRC Properties, Inc(一間於菲律賓證券交易所上市之公司)之董事。

BIOGRAPHIES OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT *(Continued)*

董事及高級管理層之履歷(續)

Mr. Hung Tsung Chin, aged 60

Executive Director, Authorised Representative

is the founder of the Group, which was founded in November 1989. He was the Chairman of the Board until 18 August 2017. Mr. Hung acts as an executive Director and authorised representative of the Company. He is currently the director of certain subsidiaries of the Company and the chief executive officer of several subsidiaries of the Company which are engaged in the Manufacturing and Trading of Electronic Products Business Division.

Mr. Hung has over 32 years of management experience in the electronics manufacturing industry. He graduated from the National Chengchi University in Taiwan, with a bachelor's degree in business administration. Mr. Hung also completed the executives programme from the Graduate School of Business Administration, National Chengchi University.

He is the husband of Ms. Chen Mei Huei, the director of several subsidiaries of the Company and the chief executive officer of the Satellite Broadcasting Services Business Division.

Mr. Chen Wei Chun, aged 45

Executive Director, Chief Financial Officer

joined the Group in May 2015 and was appointed as an executive Director and Chief Financial Officer of the Company on 28 August 2015 and 30 November 2017 respectively. He is also the director and the chief financial officer of Pro Brand Technology, Inc., a non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. Mr. Chen graduated from National Chengchi University and Shih Chien University with a master's degree in finance and a master's degree in business administration respectively. He is well experienced in accounting and finance industries. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Chen was the head of finance department of TTY Biopharm Company Limited and head of finance department of K.H.S. Musical Instrument Company Limited.

洪聰進先生，60歲

執行董事，授權代表

為本集團創辦人，本集團成立於一九八九年十一月。彼於二零一七年八月十八日前擔任董事會主席職務。洪先生出任本公司執行董事及授權代表。彼現時為本公司若干附屬公司之董事以及本公司製造及買賣電子產品業務部之數間附屬公司之執行長。

洪先生在電子製造行業具備超過32年的管理經驗。彼畢業於臺灣國立政治大學，持有企業管理學士學位。洪先生亦完成國立政治大學企業管理研究所企業家班課程。

彼為陳美惠女士的丈夫、數間本公司附屬公司的董事及衛星廣播服務業務部的執行長。

陳偉鈞先生，45歲

執行董事，財務長

於二零一五年五月加入本集團，並分別於二零一五年八月二十八日和二零一七年十一月三十日獲委任為本公司執行董事及財務長。彼亦為本公司非全資附屬公司博百科技有限公司*(Pro Brand Technology, Inc.)的董事及財務長。陳先生畢業於國立政治大學及實踐大學並分別取得財務學碩士及企業管理碩士。彼於會計及金融業擁有豐富經驗。加入本集團前，陳先生曾任職於臺灣東洋藥品工業(股)公司財務主管及功學社教育用品(股)公司財務處主管。

* For identification purpose only

* 僅供識別

BIOGRAPHIES OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (Continued)

董事及高級管理層之履歷(續)

Mr. Ding Jin-Huei, aged 63

Independent Non-Executive Director, Chairman of Audit Committee, Member of each of Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee

is an independent non-executive Director since 24 August 2021. He is currently the chairman of the Audit Committee and a member of each of the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee. He holds an Executive Master of Business Administration Degree from the National Chiao Tung University (the "NCTU", currently known as National Yang Ming Chiao Tung University) in 2002 in Taiwan and a Doctorate Degree in Business Management from Tianjin Nankai University in 2009 in the PRC. Mr. Ding is a certified public accountant of National Federation of CPA Associations in the Republic of China. Mr. Ding is the chairman of Pan Asia International & Co., CPAs since 1986. Currently, Mr. Ding is an adjunct Assistant Professor of NCTU, a supervisor of Huana Global Biotech Co., Ltd; an independent director of Grand Ocean Retail Group Limited (a company listed on the TWSE (TWSE Stock Code: 5907)); an independent director of Taiwan Environment Scientific Co., Ltd (a company listed on the Taipei Exchange (Taipei Exchange Stock Code: 8476)). Mr. Ding was a member of school affairs fund of NCTU, a director and secretary of Chinese Association of Valuation, and was the host of Taipei's bus privatization planning and implementation plan. Between July 2015 and October 2017 he was an independent director of Assem Technology Co., Ltd (Taipei Exchange Stock Code: 6475), between June 2015 and July 2018 he was an independent director of Lung Hwa Electronics Co., Ltd (TWSE Stock Code: 2424). He was a member of remuneration committee of Tatung System Technologies Inc. (Taipei Exchange Stock Code: 8099) until March 2014, and he was an independent director of Trendchip Technology Co., Ltd until October 2010.

丁金輝先生，63歲

獨立非執行董事，審核委員會主席、薪酬委員會及提名委員會成員

由二零二一年八月二十四日起擔任本公司獨立非執行董事。彼現時為審核委員會主席、薪酬委員會及提名委員會成員。丁先生於二零零二年取得臺灣國立交通大學(「臺灣國立交通大學」，現稱為國立陽明交通大學)高階主管管理碩士學程，並於二零零九年取得天津南開大學企業管理博士學位。丁先生是中華民國會計師公會全國聯合會之註冊會計師。丁先生自一九八六年起擔任泛亞國際聯合會計師事務所所長。丁先生目前是臺灣國立交通大學之兼任助理教授、華納國際生物科技股份有限公司之監事、大洋商業集團控股股份有限公司(一間於臺灣證券交易所上市之公司-2-(臺灣證券交易所股份代號：5907))之獨立董事、臺境企業股份有限公司(一間於臺灣證券櫃檯買賣中心上櫃之公司(證券櫃檯買賣中心股份代號：8476))之獨立董事。丁先生曾任臺灣國立交通大學校務基金委員、中華企業評價學會理事兼秘書長，並曾擔任臺北市公共汽車民營化規劃暨執行計劃之主持人。於二零一五年七月至二零一七年十月期間，彼曾擔任岱煒科技股份有限公司(證券櫃檯買賣中心股份代號：6475)之獨立董事、於二零一五年六月至二零一八年七月期間曾擔任隴華電子股份有限公司(臺灣證券交易所股份代號：2424)之獨立董事。彼曾擔任大同世界科技股份有限公司(證券櫃檯買賣中心股份代號：8099)薪酬委員會成員直至二零一四年三月以及曾擔任誠致科技股份有限公司之獨立董事直至二零一零年十月。

BIOGRAPHIES OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT *(Continued)*

董事及高級管理層之履歷(續)

Mr. Lu Ming-Shiuan, aged 50

Independent Non-Executive Director, Chairman of Nomination Committee, Member of each of Audit Committee and Remuneration Committee

is an independent non-executive Director since 24 August 2021. He is currently the chairman of Nomination Committee, member of each of Audit Committee and Remuneration Committee. He was conferred the degree of Master of Law in Science and Technology from the Institute of Law of Science and Technology, College of Technology Management at the National Tsing Hua University in 2010, in Taiwan. Mr. Lu has been appointed as a member of the Taipei Bar Association since 2013. Mr. Lu is a senior partner of Heng-Sheng Attorney-at-Law since April 2016 and was a prosecutor of Taiwan Pingtung District Prosecutors Offices and Taiwan Miaoli District Prosecutors Offices.

Mr. Wu Chia Ming, aged 53

Independent Non-Executive Director, Chairman of Remuneration Committee, Member of each of Audit Committee and Nomination Committee

is an independent non-executive Director since 1 December 2014. He is currently the chairman of the Remuneration Committee and a member of each of the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee. Mr. Wu has a master's degree in business administration from the Institute of International Business, National Chen- kung University and a bachelor's degree in electronic engineering from Chung Yuan Christian University in Taiwan. He has nearly 27 years of experience in financial analysis and fund management. Currently, Mr. Wu is the chairman of Fortune-Future Investment Co., Ltd. Prior to that, he was a fund manager of KGI Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.

盧明軒先生，50歲

獨立非執行董事，提名委員會主席、審核委員會及薪酬委員會成員

由二零二一年八月二十四日起擔任獨立非執行董事。彼現時為提名委員會主席、審核委員會及薪酬委員會成員。盧先生於二零一零年獲授臺灣國立清華大學科技管理學院科技法律研究所之科技法律碩士學位。盧先生自二零一三年起獲委任為臺北律師公會會員。盧先生自二零一六年四月起為恆昇法律事務所之資深合夥人，並曾擔任臺灣屏東地方檢察署檢察官及臺灣苗栗地方檢察署檢察官。

吳嘉明先生，53歲

獨立非執行董事，薪酬委員會主席、審核委員會及提名委員會成員

由二零一四年十二月一日起擔任獨立非執行董事。彼現時為薪酬委員會主席以及審核委員會及提名委員會成員。吳先生擁有成功大學企管研究所碩士學位及中原大學電子工程系學士學位。彼擁有近27年財務分析及基金管理工作經驗。吳先生目前擔任財欣投資股份有限公司主席。此前，彼為凱基證券投資信託股份有限公司的基金管理人。

BIOGRAPHIES OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (Continued)

董事及高級管理層之履歷(續)

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Ms. Chen Mei Huei, aged 59

Director of several subsidiaries of the Company and Chief Executive Officer of Satellite Broadcasting Services Business Division

is a co-founder of the Group since 1989. She is currently a director of several subsidiaries of the Company and the chief executive officer of Satellite Broadcasting Services Business Division. Ms. Chen is responsible for the overall management of the Group including all overseas offices. She has been actively engaged in the sales and marketing development of the Group in Taiwan and the international markets for more than 32 years and has particular focus on new customers and new market development in recent years. Ms. Chen graduated from Tamkang University in Taiwan with a dual bachelor's degree in Spanish Literature and International Trade. She is the wife of Mr. Hung Tsung Chin, an executive Director and authorised representative of the Company.

Mr. Frank Karl-Heinz Fischer, aged 62

Director of several subsidiaries of the Company, Vice President of the Group, Chief Technology Officer of the Group

joined the Group in January 2008 and is currently a director of several subsidiaries of the Company, and the vice president and chief technology officer of the Group. He is responsible for the global marketing strategy and technical support of the Group. Mr. Fischer has more than 33 years of experience in hardware and software development for consumer electronic products in Europe and has been involved in Digital TV technologies since the beginning of Digital Video Broadcasting ("DVB") Project in 1994. He graduated as diploma degree engineer for automation technology and cybernetics from the Technical University Leipzig in Germany.

Mr. Hsiao Yu Jung, aged 56

Deputy General Manager of the Group's Digital Video Broadcasting ("DVB") division

joined the Group in July 2002 and is currently the deputy general manager of the Group's DVB division. He is responsible for procurement, manufacturing and development of the Group's DVB products and supervision of the Company's associate company in Nepal. Mr. Hsiao obtained a diploma in mechanical design engineering from the National Formosa University in Taiwan.

高級管理層

陳美惠女士，59歲

數間本公司附屬公司的董事及衛星廣播服務業務部的執行長

自一九八九年起為本集團聯合創辦人。彼現時為數間本公司附屬公司的董事及衛星廣播服務業務部的執行長。陳女士負責本集團(包括全部海外辦公室)的整體管理。彼已持續積極參與本集團在臺灣及國際市場的銷售及營銷發展超過32年，並於近年來特別關注新客戶及新市場發展。陳女士畢業於臺灣淡江大學，擁有西班牙文學及國際貿易雙學士學位。彼為本公司執行董事兼授權代表洪聰進先生的妻子。

Frank Karl-Heinz Fischer先生，62歲

數間本公司附屬公司的董事，本集團副總裁，本集團技術長

於二零零八年一月加入本集團，現時擔任數間本公司附屬公司的董事以及本集團副總裁及技術長。彼負責本集團的全球營銷策略及技術支援。Fischer先生於歐洲消費電子產品硬件及軟件開發方面擁有逾33年經驗，並自一九九四年數碼視頻廣播(「DVB」)項目開始以來一直從事數碼電視技術。彼於德國的Technical University Leipzig取得自動化技術和控制學工程學學位。

蕭有容先生，56歲

本集團數碼視頻廣播(「DVB」)部副總經理

於二零零二年七月加入本集團，現時擔任本集團DVB部副總經理。彼負責採購、製造及開發本集團DVB產品及監督本公司在尼泊爾的聯營公司。蕭先生畢業於臺灣國立虎尾科技大學，獲機械設計工程學文憑。

BIOGRAPHIES OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT *(Continued)*

董事及高級管理層之履歷(續)

Mr. Su Jow Shi, aged 58

General Manager of the Group's digital TV division

joined the Group in September 1995 and is currently the general manager of the Group's digital TV division. He is responsible for the Group's digital TV operations in South Asia region. Mr. Su graduated from the San Diego State University where he earned a Master of Public Administration degree.

Ms. Su Wan Ling (also known as Ms. Julia Swen), aged 56

Director of Pro Brand Technology, Inc.

has been working in our Group since 2007 and is currently a director of Pro Brand Technology, Inc. She is responsible for promoting cable products, satellite and digital television products in the market of the United States. Ms. Su graduated from the University of California, with a bachelor's degree in Biochemistry; a master's degree in Environmental Science and a master's degree of Business Administration. She has over 27 years of experience in research of biotechnology field and business management.

Mr. Sven Willig, aged 48

General Manager of Intelligent Digital Services GmbH ("IDS")

has joined the Group since 2005 and is currently the general manager of IDS. He is responsible for business and project development of IDS. Mr. Sven has over 22 years of management experience in the development and quality control of digital television technologies.

蘇兆熙先生，58歲

本集團數碼電視部總經理

於一九九五年九月加入本集團，現時擔任本集團數碼電視部總經理。彼主管本集團在南亞地區的數碼電視業務。蘇先生畢業於聖迭戈州立大學，持公共管理碩士學位。

蘇婉玲女士(又名Julia Swen女士)，56歲

博百科技有限公司(Pro Brand Technology, Inc.)的董事*

自二零零七年起任職於本集團至今，現時擔任博百科技有限公司*(Pro Brand Technology, Inc.)的董事。彼負責於美國市場推廣電纜產品、衛星及數碼電視產品。蘇女士畢業於加州州立大學，並持有生物化學科技學士學位、環保工程碩士學位及工商管理碩士學位。彼在生物技術研究及業務管理方面具超過27年經驗。

Sven Willig先生，48歲

Intelligent Digital Services GmbH (「IDS」)的總經理

於二零零五年加入本集團，現時擔任IDS的總經理。彼負責IDS的業務及項目發展。Sven先生在數碼電視技術的開發及質量控制方面具備超過22年的管理經驗。

* For identification purpose only

* 僅供識別

BIOGRAPHIES OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT *(Continued)*

董事及高級管理層之履歷(續)

Mr. Huang Jung-Sen, aged 52

Director of Pro Brand Technology, Inc.

has joined Pro Brand Technology, Inc., a non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Group since 2017 as a director and chief technology officer, Asia Region and deputy general manager of Pro Brand Technology, Inc. and was promoted to general manager of Asia Region on 1 February 2021. He is responsible for the entire proactive product development and sales of LNBs in Asia Region of Pro Brand Technology, Inc., as well as product development and sales of the new product line, i.e. home network. Mr. Huang graduated from the Yuan Ze University in Taiwan with a master's degree in electrical and communication engineering. He has 26 years of experience in overall technology development, management and sales of high frequency and microwave-related fields and related businesses.

Mr. Tsai Li Che, aged 43

*General Manager of China Region, Sandmartin (Zhong Shan) Electronic Co., Ltd.**

joined the Group in December 2001 and is currently the general manager of China Region of Sandmartin (Zhong Shan) Electronic Co., Ltd. He is responsible for the operation of multimedia business in China region. Mr. Tsai graduated from Murdoch University with a bachelor degree of information technology. He has 21 years of experience in technology development and management and the relevant sales business in the field of international trade of multimedia.

黃榮蔘先生，52歲

博百科技有限公司 (Pro Brand Technology, Inc.) 的董事*

自二零一七年加入集團非全資附屬公司博百科技有限公司*(Pro Brand Technology, Inc.)，任職博百科技有限公司*(Pro Brand Technology, Inc.)董事及亞洲區技術長暨副總經理，並於二零二一年二月一日晉升為亞洲區總經理。彼負責博百科技有限公司*(Pro Brand Technology, Inc.)所有主動式LNBs產品開發與亞洲區銷售業務及新產品線一家用網通產品開發與銷售業務。黃先生畢業於臺灣元智大學，並持有電子電機碩士文憑。彼在高頻微波相關領域技術開發與管理及相關業務銷售整體具有26年的經驗。

蔡禮哲先生，43歲

中國區總經理，中山聖馬丁電子元件有限公司

自二零零一年十二月加入本集團。現時擔任中山聖馬丁電子元件有限公司中國區總經理。彼主管負責集團中國區多媒體事業部營運。蔡先生畢業於澳洲莫道克州立大學，並持有資訊科學與技術學士文憑。彼在多媒體國際貿易相關領域的技術開發與管理及相關銷售業務具有21年的經驗。

* For identification purpose only

* 僅供識別

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

董事會報告

The Board has the pleasure of presenting the annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company acts as an investment holding company. The principal activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out in note 43 to the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

An analysis of the Group's revenue and operating results for the year ended 31 December 2021 by principal activities is set out in note 7 to the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

RESULTS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on pages 80 to 81 of the annual report.

BUSINESS REVIEW

The business review of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 is set out as below:

董事會欣然提呈本集團截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的年報及經審核綜合財務報表。

主要業務

本公司為一間投資控股公司，其主要附屬公司的主要業務載於本集團綜合財務報表附註43。

本集團截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度主要活動的收益及經營業績分析載於本集團綜合財務報表的附註7。

業績

本集團截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的業績載於本年報第80頁至第81頁的綜合損益及其他全面收益表。

業務回顧

本集團截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的業務回顧載列如下：

	Section(s) in the annual report 本年報之章節	Page no. of the annual report 本年報之頁碼
a. Fair review of the Company's business 本公司業務的合理檢討	Business Overview and Management Discussion and Analysis 業務概覽及管理層討論與分析	7 to 16 第7頁至第16頁
b. Description of the principal risks and uncertainties the Company is facing 描述本公司正面對的主要風險及 不穩定因素	Chairman's Letter to Shareholders 主席致股東報告 Business Overview and Management Discussion and Analysis 業務概覽及管理層討論與分析	4 to 6 第4頁至第6頁 7 to 16 第7頁至第16頁
c. Particulars of important events affecting the Company that have occurred since the year ended 31 December 2021 自截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止 年度起發生的影響本公司的重要事項 詳情	Business Overview and Management Discussion and Analysis 業務概覽及管理層討論與分析 Financial Review 財務回顧	7 to 16 第7頁至第16頁 17 to 25 第17頁至第25頁

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (Continued)

董事會報告(續)

	Section(s) in the annual report 本年報之章節	Page no. of the annual report 本年報之頁碼
d. Indication of likely future development of the Company's business 本公司業務未來可能發展的跡象	Business Overview and Management Discussion and Analysis 業務概覽及管理層討論與分析	7 to 16 第7頁至第16頁
e. Analysis using financial key performance indicators 使用財務主要表現指標的分析	Business Overview and Management Discussion and Analysis 業務概覽及管理層討論與分析 Financial Review 財務回顧 Financial Summary 財務摘要	7 to 16 第7頁至第16頁 17 to 25 第17頁至第25頁 220 第220頁
f. Discussion on the Company's environmental policies and performance 有關本公司環境政策及表現的討論	Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告 Further information about the Company's environmental policies and performance will be described in the "Environmental, Social and Governance Report 2021" (a standalone report) 有關本公司環境政策及表現的進一步資料將於「二零二一年環境、社會及管治報告」(一份獨立報告)中披露	26 to 51 第26頁至第51頁 Not applicable 不適用
g. An account of the Company's key relationships with its employees, customers and suppliers and others that have a significant impact on the Company and on which the Company's success depend 本公司與其僱員、客戶及供應商以及對本公司有重大影響及本公司的成功所依賴的其他人士的關係敘述	Business Overview and Management Discussion and Analysis 業務概覽及管理層討論與分析 Report of the Directors 董事會報告	7 to 16 第7頁至第16頁 59 to 70 第59頁至第70頁
h. Discussion on the Company's compliance with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Company 本公司遵守對本公司有重大影響的相關法規及規定的情況討論	Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告 Report of the Directors 董事會報告	26 to 51 第26頁至第51頁 59 to 70 第59頁至第70頁

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (Continued)

董事會報告(續)

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Company has adopted the Dividend Policy, pursuant to which the Company may declare and distribute dividends to the Shareholders, provided that the Group records a profit after tax and that the declaration and distribution of dividends does not affect the future growth of the Group.

The Dividend Policy will be reviewed from time to time and may adopt changes as appropriate at the relevant time to ensure the effectiveness of the Dividend Policy. Please refer to the details as set out in the Corporate Governance Report contained in this annual report.

FINAL DIVIDEND

The Board has resolved not to recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: Nil).

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment during the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Details of the movements in the investment properties of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in note 17 to the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

BORROWINGS

Details of the borrowings during the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in note 31 to the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the movements in the share capital of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in note 34 to the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

EQUITY LINKED AGREEMENTS

No equity linked agreements were entered into during or subsisted at the end of the year ended 31 December 2021.

股息政策

本公司已採納股息政策，據此，本公司可向股東宣派及派發股息，惟本集團須錄得除稅後溢利及股息的宣派及分派不會影響本集團的未來增長。

股息政策將不時進行審查，並於相關時間酌情採取變更以確保股息政策的有效性。詳情載於本年報的企業管治報告。

末期股息

董事會議決不建議派付截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的末期股息(二零二零年：無)。

物業、廠房及設備

本集團物業、廠房及設備於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的變動詳情載於本集團綜合財務報表附註15。

投資物業

本集團投資物業於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的變動詳情載於本集團綜合財務報表附註17。

借貸

本集團於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的借貸詳情載於本集團綜合財務報表附註31。

股本

本公司股本於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的變動詳情載於本集團綜合財務報表附註34。

股權掛鈎協議

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度末，概無訂立或存續股權掛鈎協議。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS *(Continued)*

董事會報告(續)

DIRECTORS' RIGHT TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

At no time during the year ended 31 December 2021 was the Company, any of its subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries or its holding companies a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any body corporate.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 December 2021, the Company did not have any distributable reserve (2020: Nil).

Details of the movements in reserves during the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in page 84 and page 85 to the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

Under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), the contributed surplus account of the Company is available for distribution. However, the Company cannot declare or pay a dividend, or make a distribution out of contributed surplus if:

- (a) it is, or would after the payment be, unable to pay its liabilities as they become due; or
- (b) the realisable value of its assets would thereby be less than the aggregate of its liabilities and its issued share capital and share premium accounts.

DONATIONS

The Group did not make any donation for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: Nil).

董事收購股份或債券的權利

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度，本公司、其任何附屬公司、同系附屬公司或控股公司概無訂立任何安排，使董事可藉收購本公司或任何法人團體之股份或債券而獲益。

可供分派儲備

於二零二一年十二月三十一日，本公司並無可供分派儲備(二零二零年：無)。

本集團儲備於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的變動詳情載於本集團綜合財務報表第84及第85頁。

根據百慕達一九八一年公司法(經修訂)，本公司的繳入盈餘賬可用作分派。然而，在下列情況下，本公司不得以繳入盈餘宣派或派付股息或作出分派：

- (a) 現時或於付款後無法支付到期負債；或
- (b) 其資產的可變現價值將因而少於其負債與已發行股本及股份溢價賬的總和。

捐款

本集團於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度無作出任何捐款(二零二零年：零)。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (Continued)

董事會報告(續)

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

The Bye-Laws provide that every Director is entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses and damages which he may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his office or otherwise in relation thereto.

The Group has taken out and maintained directors' liability insurance throughout the year, which provides appropriate cover for the Directors.

The permitted indemnity provision was in force during the year ended 31 December 2021 for the benefit of the Directors.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A financial summary of the Group is set out on page 220 of this annual report.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the aggregate sales attributable to the Group's five largest customers amounted to approximately 51.4% of the Group's total sales and the sales attributable to the Group's largest customer were approximately 14.0% of the Group's total sales.

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the aggregate purchases attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers amounted to approximately 32.6% of the total purchases and the purchases attributable to the Group's largest supplier were approximately 8.9% of the Group's total purchases.

None of the Directors, their close associates or any Shareholders (who to the knowledge of the Directors own more than 5% of the issued shares of the Company) had any interests in the five largest customers and suppliers of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts other than employment contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year ended 31 December 2021.

獲准許的彌償條文

根據細則，每名董事均有權從本公司資產中彌償其執行職務時或進行與此有關之其他事宜可能蒙受或招致之一切損失及責任。

本集團於年內已購買及維持董事責任保險，為本集團董事提供適當的保障。

為著董事之利益，獲准許的彌償條文於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度生效。

財務摘要

本集團財務摘要載於本年報第220頁。

主要客戶及供應商

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度，本集團向五大客戶的總銷售額佔本集團總銷售額約51.4%，而向最大客戶的銷售額佔本集團總銷售額約14.0%。

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度，本集團向五大供應商的總採購額佔本集團總採購額約32.6%，而向最大供應商的採購額佔本集團總採購額約8.9%。

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度，董事、彼等的緊密聯繫人或任何股東(就董事所知擁有本公司已發行股份5%以上)概無擁有本集團五大客戶及供應商任何權益。

管理合約

除僱傭合約外，於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度概無訂立或存在涉及本公司全部業務或其中任何重大部分之管理及行政合約。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS *(Continued)*

董事會報告(續)

LITIGATION

The details of the Group's litigations proceedings are set out in note 45 to the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

DIRECTORS AND DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

The Directors during the year ended 31 December 2021 and up to the date of this annual report are:

Executive Directors

Mr. Hung Tsung Chin
Mr. Chen Wei Chun

Non-executive Director

Mr. Kuo Jen Hao (*appointed as Chairman of the Board on 24 August 2021*)

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Ding Jin-Huei (*appointed on 24 August 2021*)
Mr. Lu Ming-Shiuan (*appointed on 24 August 2021*)
Mr. Wu Chia Ming
Mr. Lau Yau Cheung (*Chairman*) (*resigned on 18 August 2021*)
Mr. Li Chak Hung (*resigned on 18 August 2021*)

In accordance with Bye-law 86(2) of the Bye-Laws, Mr. Ding Jin-Huei and Mr. Lu Ming-Shiuan shall hold office only until the next following AGM of the Company and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming AGM ("2022 AGM").

In accordance with Bye-Laws 87(1) and 87(2) of the Bye-Laws, Mr. Hung Tsung Chin and Mr. Wu Chia Ming shall retire from office by rotation and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the 2022 AGM.

No retiring Director proposed for re-election at the 2022 AGM has entered into a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the employing company within one year without payment of compensation other than statutory compensation.

法律訴訟

本集團法律訴訟之詳情載於本集團綜合財務報表附註45。

董事及董事的服務合約

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度及截至本報告日期的董事如下：

執行董事

洪聰進先生
陳偉鈞先生

非執行董事

郭人豪先生(於二零二一年八月二十四日獲委任為董事會主席)

獨立非執行董事

丁金輝先生(於二零二一年八月二十四日獲委任)
盧明軒先生(於二零二一年八月二十四日獲委任)
吳嘉明先生
劉幼祥先生(主席)(於二零二一年八月十八日辭任)
李澤雄先生(於二零二一年八月十八日辭任)

根據細則第86(2)條，丁金輝先生及盧明軒先生應只任職至本公司下屆股東週年大會，並於本屆股東週年大會(「二零二二年股東週年大會」)上符合資格膺選連任。

根據細則第87(1)及87(2)條，洪聰進先生及吳嘉明先生將輪值退任。並於二零二二年股東週年大會上符合資格膺選連任。

概無擬於二零二二年股東週年大會上重選的退任董事與本公司或其任何附屬公司訂立僱用公司不可在一年內免付賠償(法定賠償除外)而終止的服務合約。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (Continued)

董事會報告(續)

CHANGES TO INFORMATION IN RESPECT OF DIRECTORS

Pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules, save for the disclosure in paragraph (ii) under the section headed "Compliance with the Corporate Governance Code", the change in information of the directors since the date of the Company's annual report for the year ended 31 December 2020 and up to the date of this report is set out below:

- Mr. Kuo Jen Hao, non-executive Director, was appointed as the chairman of the Board with effect from 24 August 2021.

DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

Details of the remuneration of the Directors and senior management, together with those of the five highest paid individuals of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in note 12 to the consolidated financial statements of the Group and Corporate Governance Report on page 36 respectively.

The emolument payable to the Directors (including salary and other benefits) are recommended by the Remuneration Committee of the Company for the Board's approval, having regard to the Group's operating results, individual performance and comparable market statistics.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

No transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance in relation to the Company's business to which the Company, any of its subsidiaries, its fellow subsidiaries or its holding companies was a party and in which a Director or his or her connected entities had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of or at any time during the year ended 31 December 2021.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

As at 31 December 2021, none of the Directors and their respective close associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) was considered to be interested in any business which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group.

有關董事資料變動

根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條，除第(ii)段「遵守企業管治守則」一節所披露外，自本公司截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度年報日期起直至本報告日期的董事資料變動載列如下：

- 非執行董事郭人豪先生獲委任為董事會主席，自二零二一年八月二十四日起生效。

董事及高級管理層酬金及五名最高酬金個別人士

董事、高級管理層及本集團五名最高酬金個別人士以及高級管理層於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的酬金詳情分別載於本集團綜合財務報表附註12及企業管治報告第36頁。

應付董事的酬金(包括薪金及其他福利)乃由本公司薪酬委員會經參考本集團經營業績、個人表現及可比較市場數據後推薦建議予董事會批准。

董事於重大交易、安排或合約中的權益

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度，本公司、其任何附屬公司、其同系附屬公司或其控股公司概無訂立任何董事或彼之關連實體於當中直接或間接擁有重大權益，且於年終或年內任何時間仍然存續，有關本公司業務的重大交易、安排或合約。

董事於競爭性業務中的權益

於二零二一年十二月三十一日，概無董事及彼等各自的緊密聯繫人(定義見上市規則)被視為於任何直接或間接與本集團業務構成競爭或可能構成競爭的業務中擁有權益。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (Continued)

董事會報告(續)

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

A summary of significant related party transactions made during the year ended 31 December 2021 is disclosed in note 40 to the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

The related party transactions did not constitute connected transactions/continuing connected transactions under the Listing Rules.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 December 2021, the interests and short positions of each Director and the chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO, which were required (a) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (b) to be recorded in the register pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO; or (c) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code were as follows:

(a) Long positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company

Name of Director	Capacity	Number of shares held	Percentage of the issued share capital
董事姓名	身份	所持股份數目	已發行股本百分比
Mr. Hung Tsung Chin 洪聰進先生	Interest of controlled corporation 受控制法團的權益	70,718,859 ¹	14.37%

Note:

1. These shares represent shares held by Metroasset Investments Limited in which Mr. Hung Tsung Chin beneficially owns 45.09% of the issued share capital.

關聯人士交易

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度內進行之重大關聯人士交易概要於本集團綜合財務報表附註40中披露。

該等關聯交易並不構成上市規則項下的關連交易／持續關連交易。

董事及最高行政人員於股份、相關股份及債券中的權益及淡倉

於二零二一年十二月三十一日，董事及本公司最高行政人員各自於本公司及其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)的股份、相關股份及債券中(a)擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部須知會本公司及聯交所的任何權益或淡倉(包括彼等根據證券及期貨條例有關條文被當作或視作擁有的權益或淡倉)；或(b)已記入根據證券及期貨條例第352條須存置的登記冊內的權益或淡倉；或(c)根據標準守則已知會本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉如下：

(a) 於本公司股份、相關股份及債券的好倉

附註：

1. 該等股份代表Metroasset Investments Limited持有的股份，洪聰進先生實益擁有該公司的45.09%已發行股本。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (Continued)

董事會報告(續)

(b) Long positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of associated corporations of the Company

Name of associated corporation:
Pro Brand Technology, Inc.

(b) 於本公司相聯法團的股份、相關股份及債券的好倉

相聯法團名稱：
博百科技有限公司*(Pro Brand Technology, Inc.)

Name of Directors	Capacity	Number of shares held	Percentage to the issued share capital
董事姓名	身份	所持股份數目	已發行股本百分比
Mr. Chen Wei Chun 陳偉鈞先生	Interest of controlled corporation	350,000 ¹	
	Beneficial owner	300,000 ²	
	Total	650,000	0.82%
Mr. Hung Tsung Chin 洪聰進先生	Beneficial owner	450,000 ³	0.57%

Notes:

- These shares represent 350,000 shares of Pro Brand Technology, Inc, a non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, held by Jun Zhong Investment Limited* (鈞仲投資有限公司) in which Mr. Chen Wei Chun beneficially owns the entire issued share capital.
- These shares represent 300,000 shares of Pro Brand Technology, Inc., a non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, owned by Mr. Chen Wei Chun.
- These shares represent 450,000 shares of Pro Brand Technology, Inc., a non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, owned by Mr. Hung Tsung Chin.

附註：

- 該等股份代表鈞仲投資有限公司持有的本公司非全資附屬公司博百科技有限公司*(Pro Brand Technology, Inc.)的350,000股股份，陳偉鈞先生實益擁有鈞仲投資有限公司的全部已發行股本。
- 該等股份代表本公司非全資附屬公司博百科技有限公司*(Pro Brand Technology, Inc.)的300,000股股份，由陳偉鈞先生擁有。
- 該等股份代表本公司非全資附屬公司博百科技有限公司*(Pro Brand Technology, Inc.)的450,000股股份，由洪聰進先生擁有。

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2021, none of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company had any interest or short position in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), which were required (a) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including any interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (b) to be recorded in the register pursuant to section 352 of the SFO; or (c) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

* For identification purpose only

除上述所披露者外，於二零二一年十二月三十一日，概無董事及本公司最高行政人員於公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)的股份、相關股份或債權證中(a)擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部須知會本公司及聯交所的任何權益或淡倉(包括彼等根據證券及期貨條例有關條文被當作或視作擁有的權益或淡倉)；或(b)已記入根據證券及期貨條例第352條須存置的登記冊內的權益或淡倉；或(c)根據標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所的任何權益或淡倉。

* 僅供識別

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (Continued)

董事會報告(續)

INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS OF SHAREHOLDERS DISCLOSABLE UNDER THE SFO

As at 31 December 2021, according to the register kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO, the following companies and persons, other than the Directors and chief executive of the Company, had long positions of 5% or more in the shares and underlying shares which fell to be disclosed to the Company under Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO:

Long positions in the shares and underlying shares

Name of Shareholders	Capacity	Number of ordinary shares and underlying shares held	Percentage of the issued share capital
股東名稱	身份	所持普通股及相關股份數目	已發行股本百分比
Metroasset Investments Limited	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	70,718,859 ¹	14.37%
Ms. Chen Mei Huei 陳美惠女士	Interest of controlled corporation 受控制法團的權益	70,718,859 ²	14.37%
First Steamship Company Limited 益航股份有限公司	Interest of controlled corporation 受控制法團的權益	142,628,902 ³	28.98%
Mr. Lee Hong Wee 李宏偉先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	55,035,000 ⁴	11.18%

Notes:

- These shares are held by Metroasset Investments Limited, 45.09% of the issued share capital of which is beneficially owned by Mr. Hung Tsung Chin.
- The shares are the same batch of shares (as referred to in note 1) held by Metroasset Investments Limited, 44.38% of the issued share capital of which is beneficially owned by Ms. Chen Mei Huei the spouse of Mr. Hung Tsung Chin.
- First Steamship Company Limited is interested in 142,628,902 shares through First Mariner Holding Limited, its wholly-owned subsidiary, which holds 124,950,000 shares and Grand Citi Limited, its non-wholly owned subsidiary, which holds 17,678,902 shares.
- Disclosure of the percentage of the issued share capital held by Mr. Lee Hong Wee is made as per the last disclosure of interests notice which was filed on 2 December 2021.

根據證券及期貨條例須予披露的股東權益及淡倉

於二零二一年十二月三十一日，根據本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條存置的登記冊，以下公司及人士（董事及本公司最高行政人員除外）擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2分部及第3分部須向本公司披露的5%或以上股份及相關股份的好倉：

於股份及相關股份的好倉

附註：

- 該等股份由 Metroasset Investments Limited 持有，而 Metroasset Investments Limited 的45.09%已發行股本由洪聰進先生實益擁有。
- 該等股份為附註1所述由 Metroasset Investments Limited 持有的同一批股份，而 Metroasset Investments Limited 的44.38%已發行股本由陳美惠女士（洪聰進先生之配偶）實益擁有。
- 益航股份有限公司透過其全資附屬公司 First Mariner Holding Limited 及其非全資附屬公司 Grand Citi Limited 於142,628,902股股份中擁有權益，其中 First Mariner Holding Limited 持有124,950,000股股份，而 Grand Citi Limited 持有17,678,902股股份。
- 有關李宏偉先生所持已發行股本之百分比的披露是根據於二零二一年十二月二日存檔之披露權益通知而作出。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (Continued)

董事會報告(續)

Save as disclosed above, the Company has not been notified by any Company or other person (other than the Directors and chief executive of the Company) who had an interest or short positions of 5% or more in the shares and underlying shares for the year ended 31 December 2021 which fell to be disclosed to the Company under Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF SHARES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 December 2021.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Bye-Laws or the laws in Bermuda, being the jurisdiction in which the Company was incorporated, under which the Company would be obliged to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to the existing Shareholders.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Principal corporate governance practices adopted by the Company are set out in the Corporate Governance Report contained in this annual report.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors as at the date of this annual report, the Directors confirmed that the Company has maintained the amount of public float as required under the Listing Rules throughout the year.

AUDITOR

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021 have been audited by BDO. A resolution for the re-appointment of BDO as the Company's auditor for the ensuing year is to be proposed at the 2022 AGM.

TAX RELIEF

The Company is not aware of any relief from taxation available to Shareholders by reason of their holdings of the shares of the Company. If the Shareholders are unsure about the taxation implications of purchasing, holding, disposing of, dealing in, or the exercise of any rights in relation to the shares, they are advised to consult an expert.

除上文所披露者外，本公司並無獲任何公司或其他人士(董事及本公司最高行政人員除外)告知其於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2分部及第3分部須向本公司披露的5%或以上股份及相關股份的權益或淡倉。

購買、出售或贖回證券

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度，本公司及任何其附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回任何本公司上市證券。

優先購股權

百慕達(即本公司註冊成立所在司法權區)法律及細則均無有關優先購股權的條文，規定本公司須按比例向現有股東提呈發售新股份。

企業管治

本公司採納的主要企業管治常規載於本年報所載企業管治報告。

足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司可公開獲得的資料及就董事於本年報日期所知，董事已確認本公司於年內一直維持上市規則規定的公眾持股量。

核數師

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的綜合財務報表已經香港立信德豪會計師事務所審核。本公司將於二零二二年股東週年大會上提呈決議案以續聘香港立信德豪會計師事務所為本公司下一年度的核數師。

稅務寬免

本公司並不知悉股東可因持有本公司股份而享有任何稅務寬免。倘股東不確定購買、持有、處置、買賣股份或行使任何相關權利的稅務影響，請諮詢專家意見。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS *(Continued)*

董事會報告(續)

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

For the purpose of determining the Shareholders' eligibility to attend, speak and vote at the 2022 AGM, the register of members of the Company ("Register of Members") will be closed as appropriate as set out below:

Latest time to lodge transfer documents for registration with the Branch Share Registrar At 4:30 p.m. on Wednesday, 1 June 2022

Record Date Wednesday, 1 June 2022

Closure of the Register of Members Thursday, 2 June 2022 to Wednesday, 8 June 2022 (both days inclusive)

For purpose mentioned above, all properly completed transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged for registration with the Branch Share Registrar, at Room 2103B, 21/F., 148 Electric Road, North Point, Hong Kong no later than the aforementioned latest time.

For and on behalf of the Board

Kuo Jen Hao
Chairman

Hong Kong, 25 March 2022

暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

為確定股東出席二零二二年股東週年大會並於會上發言及投票的資格，本公司將適時暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續(「股份過戶登記手續」)，詳情酌情載列如下：

股份過戶文件送達 二零二二年六月一日
股份過戶登記分處 (星期三)
以作登記的最後時限 下午四時三十分

記錄日期 二零二二年六月一日
(星期三)

暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續 二零二二年六月二日
(星期四)至
二零二二年六月八日
(星期三)
(首尾兩日包括在內)

為上述目的，所有填妥的過戶表格連同有關股票須於上述最後時限前，送達股份過戶登記分處辦理股份過戶登記手續，地址為香港北角電氣道148號21樓2103B室。

代表董事會

主席
郭人豪

香港，二零二二年三月二十五日

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告



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TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF SANDMARTIN INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

(incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Sandmartin International Holdings Limited (the “**Company**”) and its subsidiaries (together the “**Group**”) set out on pages 80 to 219, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2021, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (“**HKICPA**”) and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

致聖馬丁國際控股有限公司全體股東

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

意見

我們已審核載於第80頁至第219頁內的聖馬丁國際控股有限公司(「**貴公司**」)及其附屬公司(統稱為「**貴集團**」)的綜合財務報表，此等財務報表包括於二零二一年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表及截至該日止年度的綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表，以及綜合財務報表附註，包括主要會計政策概要。

我們認為，該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「**香港會計師公會**」)頒佈的香港財務報告準則真實且公平地反映了 貴集團於二零二一年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況及截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量，並已按照香港公司條例披露規定妥為編製。

BDO Limited
香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司

BDO Limited, a Hong Kong limited company, is a member of BDO International Limited, a UK company limited by guarantee, and forms part of the international BDO network of independent member firms.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)

獨立核數師報告(續)

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing (“HKSAAs”) issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the “Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements” section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA’s “Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants” (the “Code”), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

MATERIAL UNCERTAINTY RELATED TO GOING CONCERN

We draw attention to note 3(b) in the consolidated financial statements, which indicates that the Group incurred a net loss of HK\$25,433,000 attributable to owners of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2021 and, as of that date, the Group’s current liabilities exceeded its current assets by HK\$6,325,000. As stated in note 3(b), these conditions, along with other matters as set forth in note 3(b), indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Group’s ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In addition to the matter described in the “Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern” section, we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

意見基準

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準則（「香港審計準則」）進行審核工作。我們於該等準則下的責任在本報告內「核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的責任」一節中作進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會的「專業會計師道德守則」（「守則」），我們獨立於貴集團，並已遵循守則履行其他道德責任。我們相信，我們所獲得的審核憑證能充足及適當地為我們的意見提供基礎。

與持續經營相關的重大不明朗因素

謹請垂注綜合財務報表附註3(b)，當中註明貴集團於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度產生貴公司擁有人應佔淨虧損25,433,000港元，及於該日，貴集團的流動負債較其流動資產高出6,325,000港元。如附註3(b)所述，該等情況連同附註3(b)所載的其他事宜表明存在重大不明朗因素而可能對貴集團的持續經營能力構成重大疑問。我們並無就此事項修改意見。

關鍵審核事項

根據我們的專業判斷，關鍵審核事項為我們於審核本期間綜合財務報表中最為重要的事項。我們於審核綜合財務報表及就此達致意見時整體處理該等事項，而不會就該等事項單獨發表意見。除「與持續經營相關的重大不明朗因素」一節所述事項外，我們已釐定下文所述事項為本報告將予溝通之關鍵審核事項。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)

獨立核數師報告(續)

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)

Impairment assessment of receivables

(Refer to notes 5, 21, 22, 25 and 37(b) to the consolidated financial statements)

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had loan receivables due from former subsidiaries with a principal amount of US\$71,298,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$555,968,000) and related interest receivables with a gross amount of US\$11,728,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$91,452,000), several receivables from an associate, Dish Media Network Limited, including (i) loan to an associate with a principal amount of HK\$23,268,000; and (ii) amount due from an associate with a gross carrying amount of HK\$41,464,000. In addition, the Group had trade and bills receivables with a gross carrying amount of HK\$315,853,000 as at 31 December 2021.

The Group elected to measure loss allowances for amount due from an associate which is trade in nature and trade and bills receivables using HKFRS 9 simplified approach and calculated expected credit losses ("ECLs") based on lifetime ECLs. The Group has engaged an independent specialist in assisting the Group to establish a provision matrix that is based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the associate and the economic environment.

The Group measured the ECLs of loan to an associate at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs. The 12-month ECLs is the portion of the lifetime ECLs that represent the ECLs that result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. The Group measured the ECLs of loan receivables due from former subsidiaries using lifetime ECLs as these receivables are considered credit-impaired. When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECLs, the Group has engaged an independent specialist to consider reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

關鍵審核事項(續)

應收款項的減值評估

(請參閱綜合財務報表附註5、21、22、25及37(b))

於二零二一年十二月三十一日，貴集團應收前附屬公司本金額為71,298,000美元(相當於約555,968,000港元)的應收貸款及相關應收利息總額11,728,000美元(相當於約91,452,000港元)、應收一間聯營公司Dish Media Network Limited的若干應收款項包括(i)給予一間聯營公司本金額為23,268,000港元的貸款；及(ii)應收一間聯營公司賬面總值為41,464,000港元的款項。此外，於二零二一年十二月三十一日，貴集團有賬面總值為315,853,000港元的應收貿易賬款及應收票據。

貴集團已選擇使用香港財務報告準則第9號簡化法計量應收聯營公司款項(屬貿易性質)以及應收貿易賬款及應收票據的虧損撥備，並根據全期預期信貸虧損計算預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)。貴集團已委聘獨立專家協助貴集團設立基於貴集團過往信貸虧損經驗的撥備矩陣，並按聯營公司特定的前瞻性因素及經濟環境作出調整。

貴集團按相等於12個月預期信貸虧損的金額計量聯營公司貸款的預期信貸虧損。12個月預期信貸虧損為全期內預期信貸虧損之一部份，源自可能在報告日期後12個月內發生之金融工具違約事件的預期信貸虧損。貴集團使用全期預期信貸虧損計量應收前附屬公司的應收貸款的預期信貸虧損，乃由於該等應收款項被視為已信貸減值。當釐定金融資產之信貸風險是否自初步確認後大幅增加，並於估計預期信貸虧損時，貴集團聘請獨立專家考慮到相關及無須付出過多成本或努力後即可獲得之合理及可靠資料。此包括根據貴集團之過往經驗及已知信貸評估得出定量及定性之資料及分析，並包括前瞻性資料。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)

獨立核數師報告(續)

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)

Impairment assessment of receivables (Continued)

Based on the Group's measurement, ECLs of loan receivables due from former subsidiaries, loan to an associate, amount due from an associate and trade and bills receivables of HK\$647,420,000, HK\$1,205,000, HK\$2,785,000 and HK\$148,740,000 respectively were recognised as at 31 December 2021. As a result, the net amounts of loan receivables due from former subsidiaries, loan to an associate, amount due from an associate and trade and bills receivables were nil, HK\$22,063,000, HK\$38,679,000 and HK\$167,113,000 respectively as at 31 December 2021.

Accordingly, provision for ECLs on financial assets of HK\$14,895,000 were recognised in profit or loss during the year.

We identified impairment assessment of receivables as a key audit matter because significant amount of judgment and estimation was involved in determining the ECLs allowance.

Our response

Our key procedures in relation to management's impairment assessment included:

- Obtaining an understanding of and evaluating the design and implementation of internal controls relating to credit control, debt collection, estimate of expected credit losses and making related allowances under ECL model;
- Obtaining and understanding on the key data and assumptions of the expected credit loss model adopted by the Group;
- Assessing the appropriateness of groupings of trade receivables into categories of shared credit risk characteristics;
- Testing, on a sample basis, the accuracy of the ageing analysis of trade receivables;

關鍵審核事項(續)

應收款項的減值評估(續)

根據 貴集團的計量，應收前附屬公司的應收貸款、給予一間聯營公司的貸款、應收一間聯營公司的款項以及應收貿易賬款及應收票據的預期信貸虧損分別為647,420,000港元、1,205,000港元、2,785,000港元及148,740,000港元，已於二零二一年十二月三十一日確認。因此，於二零二一年十二月三十一日，應收前附屬公司的應收貸款、給予一間聯營公司的貸款、應收一間聯營公司的款項以及應收貿易賬款及應收票據淨額分別為零、22,063,000港元、38,679,000港元及167,113,000港元。

因此，金融資產的預期信貸虧損撥備14,895,000港元已於年內於損益確認。

由於在釐定預期信貸虧損撥備時涉及大量判斷及估計，故我們將對應收款項的減值評估確定為一項關鍵審核事項。

我們的回應

有關管理層減值評估的關鍵程序包括：

- 了解及評估與信貸控制、收取債務、估計預期信貸虧損及根據預期信貸虧損模式作出撥備的內部控制的設計及實施；
- 獲取及了解 貴集團所採用的預期信貸虧損模式的關鍵數據及假設；
- 評估將應收貿易賬款的分類為共同信貸風險特徵是否合適；
- 按抽樣基準測試應收貿易賬款賬齡分析的準確性；

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)

獨立核數師報告(續)

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)

Impairment assessment of receivables (Continued)

Our response (Continued)

- Testing the accuracy and evaluating the relevance of the historical loss data as an input to the ECL model;
- Evaluating whether the historical loss rates are appropriately adjusted based on current economic conditions and forward looking information to assess the reasonableness of the expected credit loss rates; and
- Evaluating the independent specialist's competence, capabilities and objectivity.

Investment properties

(Refer to note 17 to the consolidated financial statements)

The Group held several industrial properties located in The People's Republic of China (the "PRC") which are classified as investment properties measured at fair value.

The aggregate fair values of the Group's investment properties as at 31 December 2021 amounted to HK\$230,797,000, representing 22.7% of the Group's total assets as at that date.

The fair value of investment properties held by the Group was estimated using market comparison approach and income approach. The valuation of the investment properties are carried out by an independent qualified professional valuer and possess appropriate qualifications and experience in the valuation of properties in the relevant locations. The appropriateness of the valuation is dependent on determination of certain key assumptions that require an exercise of management judgement included reversionary yield, estimated rental value and discount on quality of comparable properties. We identified valuation of the Group's investment properties as a key audit matter due to the size of the balance and determination of the fair values involves significant judgement and estimation.

關鍵審核事項(續)

應收款項的減值評估(續)

我們的回應(續)

- 測試準確性並評估過往虧損數據作為預期信貸虧損模式的輸入數據的相關性；
- 評估過往虧損率是否根據目前經濟狀況及前瞻性資料進行適當調整，以評估預期信貸虧損率的合理性；及
- 評估獨立專家的資格、能力及客觀性。

投資物業

(請參閱綜合財務報表附註17)

本集團持有幾處位於中華人民共和國(「中國」)的工業物業，該等物業乃分類為按公平值計量的投資物業。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日，本集團投資物業的公平值總額為230,797,000港元，佔本集團於該日資產總值的22.7%。

本集團持有的投資物業公平值乃按市場比較法及收入法估計。投資物業的估值乃由獨立合資格專業估值師進行，其具備於相關地點物業估值方面的適當資格及經驗。估值是否合適取決於若干主要假設的釐定，當中須由管理層就可比較物業的復歸收益率、估計租賃價值及質量折讓作出判斷。由於金額重大且有關公平值的釐定涉及大量判斷及估計，故我們將本集團的投資物業估值確定為一項關鍵審核事項。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)

獨立核數師報告(續)

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)

Investment properties (Continued)

Our response

Our key procedures in relation to the valuation of investment properties included:

- Evaluating the independent professional valuer's competence, capabilities and objectivity;
- Involving valuation specialist in
 - evaluating and assessing the methodologies used and the appropriateness of the key assumptions adopted; and
 - checking, on a sample basis, the accuracy and relevance of the input data used in the valuation.

OTHER INFORMATION IN THE ANNUAL REPORT

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

關鍵審核事項(續)

投資物業(續)

我們的回應

有關投資物業估值的關鍵程序包括：

- 評估獨立專業估值師的資格、能力及客觀性；
- 涉及以下方面的估值專家
 - 估計及評估所使用方法及所採用主要假設是否合適；及
 - 按抽樣基準檢查估值中所使用的輸入數據是否準確及相關。

年報內其他資料

董事須對其他資料負責。其他資料包括貴公司年報所載資料，惟不包括綜合財務報表及核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他資料，我們亦不會對其他資料發表任何形式的核證結論。

就我們審核綜合財務報表而言，我們的責任為閱讀其他資料，於此過程中，考慮其他資料是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審核過程中獲悉的資料存在重大不符，或似乎存在重大錯誤陳述。基於我們已執行的工作，倘我們認為此其他資料有重大錯誤陳述，我們須報告該事實。於此方面，我們沒有任何報告。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)

獨立核數師報告(續)

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are also responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process. The Audit Committee assists the directors in discharging their responsibility in this regard.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例之披露規定，編製真實而公平的綜合財務報表，並落實其認為編製綜合財務報表所必要之內部監控，以使綜合財務報表不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述。

於編製綜合財務報表時，董事須負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力，並在適用情況下披露與持續經營相關的事項，並運用持續經營為會計基礎，除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營或別無其他實際的替代方案。

董事亦負責監管 貴集團之財務申報程序。審核委員會協助董事履行此方面之職責。

核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

我們的目標為就綜合財務報表整體是否不存在因欺詐或錯誤而導致之重大錯誤陳述取得合理核證，並出具包括我們意見的核數師報告。本報告乃依據百慕達一九八一年公司法第90條僅為 閣下(作為一個整體)而編製，並不可用作其他用途。我們不會就核數師報告的內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。

合理核證是高水平的核證，但不能保證按照香港審核準則進行的審核，在某一重大錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可因欺詐或錯誤產生，倘個別或整體在合理預期情況下可影響使用者根據該等綜合財務報表作出的經濟決策時，則被視為重大錯誤陳述。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT *(Continued)*

獨立核數師報告(續)

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(Continued)*

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSA's, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的責任(續)

我們根據香港審計準則執行審核的工作之一，是在審核的過程中運用專業判斷及保持專業懷疑。我們亦：

- 識別及評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險，設計及執行審核程序以應對該等風險，以及獲取充足及適當的審核憑證，為我們的意見提供基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述或凌駕內部監控的情況，因此未能發現因欺詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 了解與審核相關的內部監控，以設計適當的審核程序，惟並非旨在對 貴集團內部監控的有效性發表意見。
- 評估董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作出會計估計及相關披露的合理性。
- 對董事採用持續經營會計基準的恰當性作出結論，並根據所獲取的審核憑證，確定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大不確定性，從而可能導致對 貴集團的持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。倘我們認為存在重大不確定性，則有必要在核數師報告中提請使用者注意綜合財務報表中的相關披露。倘有關披露不足，則修訂我們的意見。我們的結論乃基於截至我們的核數師報告日期止所得的審核憑證。然而，未來事項或情況可能導致 貴集團不能持續經營。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)

獨立核數師報告(續)

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

BDO Limited

Certified Public Accountants

Yu Tsui Fong

Practising Certificate Number P05440

Hong Kong, 25 March 2022

核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的責任(續)

- 評估綜合財務報表的整體呈報方式、結構及內容，包括披露資料，以及綜合財務報表是否能公平反映相關交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務資料獲取充足及適當的審核憑證，以便對綜合財務報表發表意見。我們負責集團審核的方向、監督及執行。我們為審核意見承擔全部責任。

我們與審核委員會就(其中包括)審核的計劃範圍、時間安排及重大審核發現進行溝通，該等發現包括我們在審核過程中識別的內部監控的任何重大缺陷。

我們亦向審核委員會作出聲明，表明我們已符合有關獨立性的相關道德規定，並與彼等溝通可能被合理認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係及其他事宜，以及為消除威脅而採取的行動或相關保障措施(倘適用)。

從與董事溝通的事項中，我們確定哪些事項對本期間綜合財務報表的審核最為重要，因而構成關鍵審核事項。我們在核數師報告中描述這些事項，除非法律法規不允許公開披露這些事項，或在極端罕見的情況下，如果合理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾利益，我們決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司

執業會計師

余翠芳

執業證書號碼P05440

香港，二零二二年三月二十五日

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

綜合損益及其他全面收益表

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

		Notes	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
		附註		
Revenue	收益	6	926,471	863,629
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(805,276)	(744,716)
Gross profit	毛利		121,195	118,913
Other income, gains and losses	其他收入、收益及虧損	8	47,469	44,875
Increase in fair value of investment properties	投資物業的公平值增加	17	19,006	7,052
Distribution and selling costs	經銷及銷售成本		(27,895)	(36,543)
Administrative and other expenses	行政及其他開支		(110,287)	(107,229)
Research and development costs	研發成本		(27,382)	(32,276)
Share of profit of an associate	應佔一間聯營公司的溢利	20	4,487	16,277
Provision for of expected credit losses on other financial assets	其他金融資產的預期信貸虧損撥備		(14,895)	(1,916)
Finance costs	融資成本	9	(28,140)	(29,839)
Loss before income tax expense	所得稅支出前虧損		(16,442)	(20,686)
Income tax expense	所得稅支出	10	(9,819)	(3,141)
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	11	(26,261)	(23,827)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	其他全面收益(扣除稅項)			
<i>Item that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:</i>	<i>其後不會重新分類至損益的項目：</i>			
– Gain on revaluation of properties upon transfer of property, plant and equipment to investment properties	– 物業、廠房及設備轉撥至投資物業時的物業重估收益		–	25,573
<i>Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:</i>	<i>其後可能重新分類至損益的項目：</i>			
– Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	– 換算海外業務的匯兌差額		553	(4,925)
Other comprehensive income for the year	本年度其他全面收益		553	20,648
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額		(25,708)	(3,179)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Continued)
 綜合損益及其他全面收益表(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss for the year attributable to:	下列各項應佔本年度虧損：			
– Owners of the Company	– 本公司擁有人		(25,433)	(12,594)
– Non-controlling interests	– 非控股權益		(828)	(11,233)
			(26,261)	(23,827)
Total comprehensive income attributable to:	下列各項應佔全面收益總額：			
– Owners of the Company	– 本公司擁有人		(26,438)	7,921
– Non-controlling interests	– 非控股權益		730	(11,100)
			(25,708)	(3,179)
Loss per share	每股虧損	14	HK cents 港仙	HK cents 港仙 (Restated) (經重列)
– Basic	– 基本		(6.32)	(3.82)
– Diluted	– 攤薄		(6.32)	(3.82)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021
於二零二一年十二月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	15	72,712	66,704
Prepaid lease payments	預付租賃款項	16	30	58
Investment properties	投資物業	17	230,797	205,442
Goodwill	商譽	18	9,597	10,140
Intangible assets	無形資產	19	2,480	3,836
Interest in an associate	於一間聯營公司的權益	20	91,443	90,393
Loan to an associate	給予一間聯營公司的貸款	21	-	22,155
Deferred tax assets	遞延稅項資產	23	3,922	4,212
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值		410,981	402,940
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	24	205,038	156,633
Trade, bills and other receivables	應收貿易賬款、應收票據及 其他應收款項	25	225,325	207,704
Prepaid lease payments	預付租賃款項	16	29	28
Loan receivables	應收貸款	22	-	-
Loan to an associate	給予一間聯營公司的貸款	21	22,063	-
Amount due from an associate	應收一間聯營公司的款項	21	38,679	36,356
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	26	3,603	3,957
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金	27	111,354	88,871
Total current assets	流動資產總值		606,091	493,549
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade, bills and other payables	應付貿易賬款、應付票據及 其他應付款項	28	398,853	289,524
Contract liabilities	合約負債	29	25,313	30,407
Tax liabilities	稅項負債		11,843	12,083
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借貸	31	144,083	383,144
Provision for financial guarantee	財務擔保撥備	30	27,332	27,332
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	33	4,992	3,855
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		612,416	746,345
Net current liabilities	流動負債淨額		(6,325)	(252,796)
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總值減流動負債		404,656	150,144

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION *(Continued)*

綜合財務狀況表 (續)

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021
於二零二一年十二月三十一日

		Notes	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
		附註		
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借貸	31	225,981	29,840
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延稅項負債	23	67,746	62,357
Defined benefit obligation	界定福利責任	32	32	32
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	33	15,804	4,399
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額		309,563	96,628
Net assets	資產淨值		95,093	53,516
Capital and reserves attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔股本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	34	49,216	328,108
Reserves	儲備		6,063	(313,676)
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔權益		55,279	14,432
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		39,814	39,084
Total equity	權益總額		95,093	53,516

On behalf of the directors

代表董事

Hung Tsung Chin

洪聰進

Director

董事

Chen Wei Chun

陳偉鈞

Director

董事

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

綜合權益變動表

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

		Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔										Non-controlling interests		Total	
		Share capital	Share premium	Share option reserve	Statutory reserve	Capital redemption reserve	Contributed surplus	Defined benefit plan reserve	Special Reserve	Property revaluation reserve	Currency translation reserve	Accumulated losses	Total	Non-controlling interests	Total
		股本	股份溢價	購股權儲備	法定儲備	資本贖回儲備	實繳盈餘	計劃儲備	特別儲備	物業重估儲備	貨幣換算儲備	累計虧損	總計	非控股權益	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
					(Note a) (附註a)				(Note b) (附註b)	(Note c) (附註c)					
Balance at 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日之結餘	327,882	506,750	7,960	32,486	-	-	124	89,175	76,864	(9,474)	(1,027,195)	4,572	57,723	62,295
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(12,594)	(12,594)	(11,233)	(23,827)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	其他全面收益(扣除稅項)														
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	因換算海外業務而產生的匯兌差額	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(5,058)	-	(5,058)	133	(4,925)
Gain on revaluation of properties upon transfer of property, plant and equipment to investment properties	物業、廠房及設備轉撥至投資物業時的物業重估收益	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25,573	-	-	25,573	-	25,573
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25,573	(5,058)	(12,594)	7,921	(11,100)	(3,179)
Repurchase and cancellation of Taiwan Depository Receipts (note 34(a))	回購及註銷臺灣存託憑證(附註34(a))	(9,774)	-	-	-	1,713	-	-	-	-	-	-	(8,061)	-	(8,061)
Issue of shares (note 34(b))	發行股份(附註34(b))	10,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,000	-	10,000
Dividend	股息	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7,539)	(7,539)
Balance at 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021	於二零二零年十二月三十一日及二零二一年一月一日之結餘	328,108	506,750	7,960	32,486	1,713	-	124	89,175	102,437	(14,532)	(1,039,789)	14,432	39,084	53,516
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(25,433)	(25,433)	(828)	(26,261)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	其他全面收益(扣除稅項)														
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	因換算海外業務而產生的匯兌差額	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,005)	-	(1,005)	1,558	553
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,005)	(25,433)	(26,438)	730	(25,708)
Capital reorganisation (note 34(c))	股本重組(附註34(c))	(295,297)	(506,750)	-	-	-	506,750	-	-	-	-	295,297	-	-	-
Issue of shares upon rights issue (note 34(d))	供股後發行股份(附註34(d))	16,405	50,880	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	67,285	-	67,285
Transfer	轉撥	-	-	-	213	-	-	-	-	-	-	(213)	-	-	-
		(278,892)	(455,870)	-	213	-	506,750	-	-	-	-	295,084	67,285	-	67,285
Balance at 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日之結餘	49,216	50,880	7,960	32,699	1,713	506,750	124	89,175	102,437	(15,537)	(770,138)	55,279	39,814	95,093

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Continued)

綜合權益變動表(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes:

- (a) The statutory reserve is required by the relevant law of The People's Republic of China (the "PRC") applicable to the subsidiaries in the PRC. The statutory reserve can be applied in conversion into PRC subsidiaries' capital by means of a capitalisation issue.
- (b) The special reserve represents:
- (i) the difference between the nominal value of the shares of the acquired subsidiaries and the nominal value of the Company's shares issued for the acquisition at the time of a group reorganisation prior to the listing of the Company's shares and the surplus arising pursuant to a capitalisation of advances from shareholders as part of the group reorganisation;
- (ii) the difference between the consideration for acquisition of a subsidiary satisfied by way of partial interest of a subsidiary without the overall gain or loss of control in the partial disposed subsidiary and the fair value of net asset acquired; and
- (iii) the acquisition of additional interest in a subsidiary without the overall gain or loss of control in that subsidiary.
- (c) The property revaluation reserve is frozen upon the transfer of properties from property, plant and equipment to investment properties and will be transferred to accumulated losses when the relevant properties are disposed of.

附註：

- (a) 法定儲備乃適用於位於中華人民共和國(「中國」)的附屬公司的中國相關法律規定。法定儲備可透過資本化發行兌換成中國附屬公司的股本。
- (b) 特別儲備指：
- (i) 所收購附屬公司股份的面值與本公司股份上市前進行集團重組時就收購事項所發行的本公司股份面值及根據將股東墊款撥作資本(為集團重組的一部份)所產生盈餘之間的差額；
- (ii) 以一間附屬公司的部分權益(並無整體獲得或失去該部分出售附屬公司的控制權)償付的收購一間附屬公司代價與所收購淨資產公平值的差額；及
- (iii) 收購一間附屬公司額外權益(並無整體獲得或失去該附屬公司的控制權)。
- (c) 物業重估儲備於自物業、廠房及設備轉撥物業至投資物業時被凍結，將於出售相關物業時轉撥至累計虧損。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash flows from operating activities	經營業務現金流量		
Loss before income tax expense	所得稅支出前虧損	(16,442)	(20,686)
Adjustments for:	為下列作出調整：		
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	1,392	5,358
Increase in fair value of investment properties	投資物業的公平值增加	(19,006)	(7,052)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	11,891	15,960
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	5,544	3,162
Loss on termination of a lease	終止租賃的虧損	-	59
Provision for expected credit losses on financial assets	金融資產的預期信貸虧損撥備	14,895	1,916
Finance cost	融資成本	28,140	29,839
(Reversal of)/Write off of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備(撥回)/撇銷	(317)	1,349
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備的虧損	171	478
Impairment loss on inventories	存貨減值虧損	1,281	1,856
Interest income	利息收入	(575)	(785)
Interest income from an associate	來自一間聯營公司的利息收入	(1,004)	(1,006)
Reversal of impairment loss on inventories	存貨減值虧損撥回	(2,718)	(7,420)
Release of prepaid lease payments	撥回預付租賃款項	29	56
Share of result of an associate	應佔一間聯營公司的業績	(4,487)	(16,277)
Operating cash flows before working capital changes	營運資金變動前的經營現金流量	18,794	6,807
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	存貨(增加)/減少	(46,582)	67,905
(Increase)/decrease in trade, bills and other receivables	應收貿易賬款、應收票據及其他應收款項(增加)/減少	(32,062)	115,004
Increase/(decrease) in trade, bills and other payables	應付貿易賬款、應付票據及其他應付款項增加/(減少)	106,977	(117,628)
(Decrease)/increase in contract liabilities	合約負債(減少)/增加	(5,094)	6,898
(Increase)/decrease in amount due from an associate	應收一間聯營公司的款項(增加)/減少	(69)	28,695
Cash from operations	經營業務所得的現金	41,964	107,681

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS *(Continued)*

綜合現金流量表(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Income tax paid	已付所得稅	(9,260)	(3,801)
Interest received	已收利息	575	785
Interest paid	已付利息	(26,910)	(29,647)
<i>Net cash from operating activities</i>	<i>經營業務所得現金淨額</i>	6,369	75,018
Cash flows from investing activities	投資業務現金流量		
Decrease in pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款減少	354	16
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備所得款項	3,275	648
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	購買物業、廠房及設備	(7,339)	(6,460)
Addition to intangible assets	添置無形資產	(25)	(542)
<i>Net cash used in investing activities</i>	<i>投資業務所用現金淨額</i>	(3,735)	(6,338)
Cash flows from financing activities	融資活動現金流量		
New bank and other borrowings raised	新造銀行及其他借貸	81,441	77,802
Repayment of borrowings	償還借貸	(126,656)	(120,065)
Payment of interest element of lease liabilities	支付租賃負債利息部分	(1,230)	(192)
Payment of principal element of lease liabilities	支付租賃負債本金部分	(5,393)	(4,173)
Repurchase of shares	回購股份	-	(8,061)
Issue of shares	發行股份	67,285	10,000
<i>Net cash from/(used in) financing activities</i>	<i>融資活動所得/(所用)現金淨額</i>	15,447	(44,689)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物增加淨額	18,081	23,991
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	年初現金及現金等價物	88,871	66,840
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	外幣匯率變動影響	4,402	(1,960)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	年末現金及現金等價物	111,354	88,871
Analysis of the balances of cash and cash equivalents:	現金及現金等價物結餘分析：		
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金	111,354	88,871

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The Company is incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability and its shares are listed on Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “**Stock Exchange**”). The address of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the corporate information section to the annual report.

The Company and its subsidiaries (hereafter referred to as the “**Group**”) engages in manufacturing and trading of satellite TV equipment products and other electronic goods. The details of principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 43 to the consolidated financial statement.

2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“HKFRSs”)

(a) Adoption of new/revised HKFRSs – effective on 1 January 2021

Amendments to HKFRS 16	COVID-19 Related Rent Concessions
Amendments to HKAS 39, HKFRS 4, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 9, and HKFRS 16	Interest Rate Benchmark Reform — Phase 2

None of these new or amended HKFRSs has a material impact on the Group’s results and financial position for the current or prior period. The Group has not early applied any new or amended HKFRSs that is not yet effective for the current accounting period.

1. 一般資料

本公司為於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司，其股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司（「**聯交所**」）主板上市。本公司註冊辦事處及主要營業地點的地址已於本年報公司資料一節內披露。

本公司及其附屬公司（下文統稱「**本集團**」）從事衛星電視設備產品及其他電子產品的製造及貿易。附屬公司的主要業務詳情載於綜合財務報表附註43。

2. 採納香港財務報告準則（「香港財務報告準則」）

(a) 採納新訂／經修訂香港財務報告準則一於二零二一年一月一日生效

香港財務報告準則第16號之修訂	與2019冠狀病毒病有關之租金寬減
香港會計準則第39號、香港財務報告準則第4號、香港財務報告準則第7號、香港財務報告準則第9號及香港財務報告準則第16號之修訂	利率基準改革—第二階段

該等新訂或經修訂香港財務報告準則對本集團於本期間或過往期間之業績及財務狀況概無重大影響。本集團於本會計期間並無提早應用任何尚未生效之新訂或經修訂香港財務報告準則。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“HKFRSs”) (Continued)

(b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective

The following new or revised HKFRSs, potentially relevant to the Group’s financial statements, have been issued, but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group. The Group’s current intention is to apply these changes on the date they become effective.

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture ¹
Amendments to HKFRS 16	COVID-19 Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021 ²
Amendments to HKAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use ³
Amendments to HKAS 37	Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract ³
Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018-2020	Amendment to HKFRS 1 First-time Adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standard, Amendment to HKFRS 9 Financial instruments, Amendment to illustrative examples accompanying HKFRS 16 Leases and Amendment to HKAS 41 Agriculture ³
Amendments to HKFRS 3	Reference to the Conceptual Framework ⁴
Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current ⁵
HK Interpretation 5 (2020)	Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause ⁵
HKFRS 17	Insurance Contracts ⁵
Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2	Disclosure of Accounting Policies ⁵
Amendments to HKAS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates ⁵
Amendments to HKAS 12	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction ⁵

2. 採納香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂／經修訂香港財務報告準則

以下可能與本集團財務報表相關的新訂或經修訂香港財務報告準則已經頒佈，但尚未生效且並無獲本集團提早採納。本集團目前有意於該等變動生效當日應用該等變動。

香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則第28號之修訂	投資者與其聯營公司或合營企業之間的資產出售或注資 ¹
香港財務報告準則第16號之修訂	二零二一年六月三十日之後與2019冠狀病毒病有關之租金寬減 ²
香港會計準則第16號之修訂	物業、廠房及設備：於作擬定用途前之所得款項 ³
香港會計準則第37號之修訂	有償合約一履行合約之成本 ³
香港財務報告準則二零一八年至二零二零年之年度改進	香港財務報告準則第1號之修訂首次採納香港財務報告準則、香港財務報告準則第9號之修訂金融工具、香港財務報告準則第16號租賃隨附之示例之修訂及香港會計準則第41號之修訂農業 ³
香港財務報告準則第3號之修訂	概念框架之提述 ⁴
香港會計準則第1號之修訂	將負債分類為流動或非流動 ⁵
香港詮釋第5號(2020)	財務報表的呈列—借入對含有按要價還條款之定期貸款的分類 ⁵
香港財務報告準則第17號	保險合約 ⁵
香港會計準則第1號及香港財務報告準則實務聲明第2號之修訂	會計政策披露 ⁵
香港會計準則第8號之修訂	會計估計的定義 ⁵
香港會計準則第12號之修訂	與單一交易產生的資產和負債相關的遞延所得稅 ⁵

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“HKFRSs”) (Continued)

(b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)

- ¹ No mandatory effective date yet determined but available for adoption.
- ² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2021.
- ³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022.
- ⁴ Effective for business combinations for which the date of acquisition is on or after the beginning of the first annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2022.
- ⁵ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023.

The above new or revised HKFRSs that have been issued but not yet effective are not likely to have material impact on the Group’s consolidated results and consolidated financial statements upon application.

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 – Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

The amendments clarify with situations where there is a sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. When the transaction with an associate or joint venture that is accounted for using the equity method, any gains or losses resulting from the loss of control of a subsidiary that does not contain a business are recognised in the profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investors’ interests in that associate or joint venture. Similarly, any gains or losses resulting from the remeasurement of retained interest in any former subsidiary (that has become an associate or a joint venture) to fair value are recognised in the profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investors’ interests in the new associate or joint venture.

The directors of the Company (“**The Directors**”) anticipate that the application of these amendments may have an impact on the financial statements in future periods should such transaction arise.

2. 採納香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂／經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

- ¹ 尚未訂定強制生效日期，但可供採用。
- ² 於二零二一年四月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效。
- ³ 於二零二二年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效。
- ⁴ 對收購日期為於二零二二年一月一日或之後開始之首個年度期間開始當日或之後的業務合併生效。
- ⁵ 於二零二三年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效。

上述已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂或經修訂香港財務報告準則在應用時不大可能對本集團的綜合業績及綜合財務報表造成重大影響。

香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則第28號之修訂—投資者與其聯營公司或合營企業間之資產出售或注資

該等修訂闡明投資者與其聯營公司或合營企業之間出售或注入資產的情況。當與採用權益法入賬的聯營公司或合營企業進行交易時，因喪失對不包含業務的附屬公司的控制權而產生的任何收益或虧損僅以非關聯投資者在該聯營公司或合營企業的權益為限在損益中確認。同樣地，將任何前附屬公司(已成為聯營公司或合營企業)的保留權益按公平值重新計量而產生的任何收益或虧損，僅以非關聯投資者於新聯營公司或合營企業的權益為限在損益中確認。

本公司董事(「**董事**」)預計，倘相關交易出現，應用該等修訂可能會對未來期間的財務報表造成影響。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(Continued)*

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“HKFRSs”) (Continued)

(b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)

Amendments to HKFRS 16 – COVID-19 Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021

The 2021 Amendment to HKFRS 16 extends the availability of the practical expedient in paragraph 46A of HKFRS 16 so that it applies to rent concessions for which any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2022, provided that the other conditions for applying the practical expedient are met.

The Directors do not anticipate that the application of the amendments in the future will have an impact on the financial statements.

Amendments to HKAS 16 – Proceeds before Intended Use

The amendments prohibit deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment any proceeds from selling items produced while bringing that asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Instead, the proceeds from selling such items, and the cost of producing those items, is recognised in profit or loss.

The Directors do not anticipate that the application of the amendments in the future will have an impact on the financial statements.

2. 採納香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂／經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第16號之修訂—二零二一年六月三十日後與2019冠狀病毒病有關之租金寬減

香港財務報告準則第16號之二零二一年修訂延長香港財務報告準則第16號第46A段之實際權宜方法期限，致使其適用於任何租賃付款扣減僅影響原於二零二二年六月三十日或之前到期之款項的租金寬減，前提為符合應用實際權宜方法之其他條件。

董事預計日後應用該等修訂不會對財務報表造成任何影響。

香港會計準則第16號之修訂—於作擬定用途前之所得款項

該等修訂禁止從物業、廠房及設備項目成本中扣除出售任何使資產達到管理層擬定的營運方式所需的地點及狀況時產生的項目的所得款項。相反，出售該等項目的所得款項及生產該等項目的成本則於損益中確認。

董事預計日後應用該等修訂不會對財務報表造成任何影響。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“HKFRSs”) (Continued)

(b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)

Amendments to HKAS 37 – Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract

The amendments specify that the ‘cost of fulfilling’ a contract comprises the ‘costs that relate directly to the contract’. Costs that relate directly to a contract can either be incremental costs of fulfilling that contract (e.g. direct labour and materials) or an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling contracts (e.g. the allocation of the depreciation charge for an item of property, plant and equipment used in fulfilling the contract).

The Directors is currently assessing the impact that the application of the amendments will have on the Group’s consolidated financial statements.

Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018-2020

The annual improvements amends a number of standards, including:

- HKFRS 1 First-time Adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, which permit a subsidiary that applies paragraph D16(a) of HKFRS 1 to measure cumulative translation differences using the amounts reported by its parent, based on the parent’s date of transition to HKFRSs.
- HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments, which clarify the fees included in the ‘10 per cent’ test in paragraph B3.3.6 of HKFRS 9 in assessing whether to derecognise a financial liability, explaining that only fees paid or received between the entity and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the entity or the lender on other’s behalf are included.

2. 採納香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂／經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

香港會計準則第37號之修訂—有償合約—履行合約之成本

該等修訂訂明，「履行合約之成本」包括「與合約直接有關之成本」。與合約直接有關之成本可以是履行該合約的增量成本(如直接勞工及材料)或與履行合約直接有關的其他成本的分配(如履行合約所使用的物業、廠房及設備項目的折舊費用的分配)。

董事現正評估應用該等修訂對本集團綜合財務報表的影響。

香港財務報告準則二零一八年至二零二零年之年度改進

年度改進對多項準則進行了修訂，包括：

- 香港財務報告準則第1號首次採納香港財務報告準則，允許應用香港財務報告準則第1號第D16(a)段的附屬公司根據母公司過渡至香港財務報告準則的日期，使用母公司報告的金額計量累計匯兌差額。
- 香港財務報告準則第9號金融工具，闡明香港財務報告準則第9號第B3.3.6段「10%」測試所包括的費用，以評估是否終止確認金融負債，並解釋僅實體與貸款人之間支付或收取的費用，包括實體或貸款人代表其他方支付或收取的費用。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“HKFRSs”) (Continued)

(b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)

Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018-2020 (Continued)

- HKFRS 16 Leases, which amend Illustrative Example 13 to remove the illustration of reimbursement of leasehold improvements by the lessor in order to resolve any potential confusion regarding the treatment of lease incentives that might arise because of how lease incentives are illustrated in that example.
- HKAS 41 Agriculture, which remove the requirement to exclude taxation cash flows when measuring the fair value of a biological asset using a present value technique.

The Directors do not anticipate that the application of the amendments in the future will have an impact on the financial statements.

Amendments to HKFRS 3 – Reference to the Conceptual Framework

The amendments update HKFRS 3 so that it refers to the revised Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting 2018 instead of the version issued in 2010. The amendments add to HKFRS 3 a requirement that, for obligations within the scope of HKAS 37, an acquirer applies HKAS 37 to determine whether at the acquisition date a present obligation exists as a result of past events. For a levy that would be within the scope of HK(IFRIC)-Int 21 Levies, the acquirer applies HK(IFRIC)-Int 21 to determine whether the obligating event that gives rise to a liability to pay the levy has occurred by the acquisition date. The amendments also add an explicit statement that an acquirer does not recognise contingent assets acquired in a business combination.

The Directors do not anticipate that the application of the amendments in the future will have an impact on the financial statements.

2. 採納香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂／經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則二零一八年至二零二零年之年度改進(續)

- 香港財務報告準則第16號租賃，修訂第13項範例以刪除由出租人償還租賃裝修的說明，進而解決因該示例中租賃優惠的說明方式而可能產生的任何有關租賃優惠處理的潛在混淆。
- 香港會計準則第41號農業，刪除關於使用現值技術計量生物資產的公平值時不包括稅收現金流量之要求。

董事預計日後應用該等修訂不會對財務報表造成任何影響。

香港財務報告準則第3號之修訂一概念框架之提述

該等修訂更新了香港財務報告準則第3號，使其參考經修訂二零一八年財務報告的概念框架而非二零一零年頒佈的版本。該等修訂在香港財務報告準則第3號中增添一項規定，即就香港會計準則第37號範圍內的義務而言，收購方應用香港會計準則第37號釐定於收購日期是否因過往事件而存在現有義務。對於香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)一詮釋第21號徵款範圍內的徵款，收購方應用香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)一詮釋第21號以釐定導致支付徵款責任的責任事件是否已於收購日期發生。該等修訂亦增添一項明確聲明，即收購方不會確認在業務合併中收購的或然資產。

董事預計日後應用該等修訂不會對財務報表造成任何影響。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“HKFRSs”) (Continued)

(b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)

Amendments to HKAS 1 – Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and HK Interpretation 5 (2020) Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause

The amendments clarify that the classification of liabilities as current or non-current is based on rights that are in existence at the end of the reporting period, specify that classification is unaffected by expectations about whether an entity will exercise its right to defer settlement of a liability and explain that rights are in existence if covenants are complied with at the end of the reporting period. The amendments also introduce a definition of ‘settlement’ to make clear that settlement refers to the transfer to the counterparty of cash, equity instruments, other assets or services.

HK Int 5 (2020) was revised as a consequence of the Amendments to HKAS 1 issued in August 2020. The revision to HK Int 5 (2020) updates the wordings in the interpretation to align with the Amendments to HKAS 1 with no change in conclusion and do not change the existing requirements.

The Directors do not anticipate that the application of the amendments and revision in the future will have an impact on the financial statements.

HKFRS 17 – Insurance Contracts

The new standard establishes the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of insurance contracts and supersedes HKFRS 4 Insurance Contracts. The standard outlines a ‘General Model’, which is modified for insurance contracts with direct participation features, described as the ‘Variable Fee Approach’. The General Model is simplified if certain criteria are met by measuring the liability for remaining coverage using the Premium Allocation Approach.

The Directors do not anticipate that the application of this standard in the future will have an impact on the financial statements.

2. 採納香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂／經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

香港會計準則第1號之修訂一將負債分類為流動或非流動，以及香港詮釋第5(2020)號一財務報表的呈列一借款人對包含按要求還款條款的定期貸款的分類該等修訂闡明，將負債分類為流動或非流動乃基於報告期末存在的權利，並訂明，分類不受有關實體是否會行使其延遲清償負債的權利的預期影響，並解釋倘在報告期末遵守契諾，則權利即告存在。該等修訂亦引入「結算」的定義，以明確結算是指將現金、股權工具、其他資產或服務轉讓予合約對方。

香港詮釋第5(2020)號已因二零二零年八月頒佈的香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)而作出修訂。經修訂香港詮釋第5(2020)號更新了詮釋中的措辭，以與香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)一致，但結論並無變動，亦不會更改現行規定。

董事預計日後應用該等修訂及修改不會對財務報表造成任何影響。

香港財務報告準則第17號一保險合約新準則確立了保險合約的確認、計量、呈列和披露原則，並取代了香港財務報告準則第4號保險合約。該準則第17號概述了一個「通用模型」，該模型針對具有直接參與特徵的保險合約進行了修改，稱為「可變費用法」。如果通過使用保險費分配方法來衡量剩餘保險的責任，則可以簡化一般模型。

董事預計日後應用此準則不會對財務報表造成任何影響。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“HKFRSs”) (Continued)

(b) New/revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (Continued)

Amendments to HKAS 1 – Disclosure of Accounting Policies

The amendments require companies to disclose their material accounting policy information rather than their significant accounting policies.

The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group’s financial statements.

Amendments to HKAS 8 – Definition of Accounting Estimates

The amendments clarify how companies should distinguish changes in accounting policies from changes in accounting estimates. That distinction is important because changes in accounting estimates are applied prospectively only to future transactions and other future events, but changes in accounting policies are generally also applied retrospectively to past transactions and other past events.

The Directors do not anticipate that the application of these amendments in the future will have an impact on the financial statements.

Amendments to HKAS 12 – Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction

The amendments require companies to recognise deferred tax on transactions that, on initial recognition, give rise to equal amounts of taxable and deductible temporary differences. It is apply to transactions such as leases of lessees and decommissioning obligations and will require the recognition of additional deferred tax assets and liabilities.

The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group’s financial statements.

2. 採納香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂／經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

香港會計準則第1號之修訂－會計政策之披露

該等修訂要求公司披露其主要會計政策資料，而非其重大會計政策。

預期該等修訂將不會對本集團的財務報表構成任何重大影響。

香港會計準則第8號之修訂－會計估計之定義

該等修訂闡明公司應對會計政策變動與會計估計變動加以區分。該區分屬重要之舉，乃因會計估計變動僅能預期應用於未來交易及其他未來事件，但會計政策變動一般亦追溯應用於過往交易及其他過往事件。

董事預期日後應用該等修訂將不會對財務報表造成影響。

香港會計準則第12號之修訂－與單一交易產生之資產及負債相關之遞延稅項

該等修訂要求公司對於初始確認時產生等額應課稅及可扣減暫時性差額的交易確認遞延稅項。該等修訂適用於承租人的租賃及退役責任等交易並要求確認額外遞延稅項資產及負債。

預期該等修訂將不會對本集團的財務報表構成任何重大影響。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION

(a) Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements on pages 80 to 219 have been prepared in accordance with all HKFRSs, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations (hereinafter collectively referred to as the Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards) and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange.

(b) Basis of measurement and going concern assumption

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for investment properties which are measured at fair value. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

During the year, the Group incurred a net loss of HK\$25,433,000 attributable to owners of the Company and at the end of reporting period, the Group had net current liabilities of approximately HK\$6,325,000. As at the same date, the Group had bank loans of HK\$144,083,000, which is subject to repayment or renewal in the next twelve months after the end of the reporting period. These conditions may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

In view of these circumstances, the Directors have given consideration to the future liquidity and performance of the Group and its available sources of finance in the preparation of a cash flow forecast cover a 18-month period from the end of the reporting period for assessing whether the Group will have sufficient financial resources to continue as a going concern. Management has also performed a sensitivity analysis by considering a reasonable change in operating cash flows on the forecast period and the headroom of the available working capital. In particular, the Directors have considered the following:

- (1) Based on communication with banks, the Group is able to renew the existing bank loans upon expiry. The Directors are of the opinion that the Group maintains good relationship with major banks providing finance or facilities to the Group and the Group has successfully renewed most of its banking facilities based on past experience; and

3. 編製基礎

(a) 遵例聲明

第80至219頁之綜合財務報表已根據所有香港財務報告準則、香港會計準則(「香港會計準則」)及詮釋(以下統稱香港財務報告準則)，及香港公司條例之披露規定而編製。此外，綜合財務報表包括聯交所證券上市規則所規定的適用披露。

(b) 計量基礎及持續經營假設

綜合財務報表乃按照歷史成本編製，惟投資物業乃按公平值計量除外。歷史成本一般是建基於就換取貨品及服務所支付之代價之公平值。

於年內，本集團錄得本公司擁有人應佔淨虧損25,433,000港元，而於報告期末本集團有淨流動負債約6,325,000港元。同日，本集團有須於報告期末後未來十二個月內償還或重續的銀行貸款144,083,000港元。該等狀況可能對本集團持續經營能力構成重大疑問。

鑒於此等情況，董事在評估本集團是否有足夠的財務資源繼續持續經營而編製報告期結束後十八個月期間的現金流量預測時，已考慮本集團未來的流動資金及表現，及其可用的資金來源。管理層亦已透過考慮預測期間經營現金流量的合理變動及可得營運資金上限進行敏感度分析。特別是董事已考慮以下各項：

- (1) 基於與銀行的溝通，本集團能夠於現有銀行貸款到期後進行重續。董事認為，本集團與提供融資或信貸予本集團的銀行維持良好關係，且本集團已根據過往經驗成功重續其大部分銀行信貸；及

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION (Continued)

(b) Basis of measurement and going concern assumption (Continued)

- (2) As of the date of approval of these financial statements, the Group has unutilised bank loan facilities totalling HK\$382,312,000, which are repayable twelve months from dates of drawdown. They are available for the Group to draw down to finance its future operations and financial obligations.

Based on the cash flow forecast, the Directors are of the opinion that the Group would have sufficient liquidity to finance its operations and meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due for the at least twelve months subsequent to end of reporting period. Accordingly, the Directors considered that it is appropriate to continue to prepare the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis.

Notwithstanding the management's assessment and measures mentioned, the above events or conditions indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt about the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and, therefore, that it may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

Should the Group be unable to continue in business as a going concern, adjustments would have to be made to adjust the value of assets to their estimated net realisable values, to reclassify non-current assets and liabilities as current assets and liabilities respectively, and to provide for any further liabilities which may arise. The effects of these potential adjustments have not been reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

(c) Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of the Company is United States dollars ("US\$"), while the consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"). As the Company is listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, the directors consider that it will be more appropriate to adopt HK\$ as the Group's and the Company's presentation currency.

3. 編製基礎(續)

(b) 計量基礎及持續經營假設(續)

- (2) 於該等財務報表批准日期，本集團有須於提取日期起計十二個月償還的未動用銀行貸款額度總額382,312,000港元。該等貸款可供本集團提取以為其未來營運及財務責任提供資金。

基於有關現金流量預測，董事認為，本集團將擁有充足流動資金以為其業務營運提供資金及履行其自報告期末起計至少未來十二個月的到期財務責任。因此，董事認為，繼續按持續經營基準編製綜合財務報表乃屬適當。

儘管管理層已作上述評估及計量，上述事件或狀況顯示存在可能對本集團持續經營能力構成重大疑問之重大不明朗因素，故此其或許不能在日常業務過程中變現其資產及償還其負債。

倘本集團無法在業務上持續經營，則須作出相關調整，將資產之價值調整至其估計可變現淨值，將非流動資產及負債分別重新分類為流動資產及負債，並為可能產生之任何進一步負債作出撥備。綜合財務報表並無反映此等潛在調整的影響。

(c) 功能及呈列貨幣

本公司的功能貨幣為美元(「美元」)，綜合財務報表以港元(「港元」)呈列。由於本公司於聯交所主板上市，故董事認為採納港元作為本集團及本公司的呈列貨幣更為恰當。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(Continued)*

財務報表附註(續)

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of consolidation and business combinations

(i) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each item of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

4. 重大會計政策

(a) 綜合基準及業務合併

(i) 綜合基準

綜合財務報表涵蓋本公司以及由本公司及其附屬公司所控制實體的財務報表。當本公司出現下列情況，即取得控制權：

- 擁有對被投資方的權力；
- 可或有權從參與被投資方取得可變回報；及
- 能夠運用其權力影響其回報。

倘有事實及情況顯示上述三個控制權元素中一個或多個出現變動，則本集團會重新評估其是否控制被投資方。

當本集團取得某附屬公司的控制權，即開始將該附屬公司綜合入賬；而當本集團失去某附屬公司的控制權，即終止將該附屬公司綜合入賬。具體而言，附屬公司自本集團獲得控制權之日起及直至本集團終止控制該附屬公司之日止的收入及開支計入綜合損益及其他全面收益表。

損益及其他全面收益各個項目會歸屬於本公司擁有人及非控股權益。附屬公司的全面收益總額會歸屬於本公司擁有人及非控股權益，即使此舉會導致非控股權益出現虧絀結餘。如有需要，本集團會調整附屬公司的財務報表，使其會計政策符合本集團的會計政策。

有關本集團成員公司之間交易的所有集團內資產及負債、權益、收入、開支及現金流量於綜合入賬時全面對銷。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(a) Basis of consolidation and business combinations (Continued)

(i) Basis of consolidation (Continued)

In the Company's statement of financial position, investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less impairment loss, if any. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the profit or loss on disposal is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interest. Amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are accounted for in the same manner as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.

The carrying amount of non-controlling interests that represent present ownership interests in the subsidiary is the amount of those interests at initial recognition plus such non-controlling interest's share of subsequent changes in equity. Total comprehensive income is attributed to such non-controlling interests even if this results in those non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(a) 綜合基準及業務合併(續)

(i) 綜合基準(續)

於本公司財務狀況表中，於附屬公司的投資按成本減減值虧損(如有)列賬。附屬公司的業績由本公司按已收及應收股息基準入賬。

本集團於現有附屬公司的擁有權權益變動如無導致本集團失去對附屬公司的控制權，則入賬列為權益交易。本集團權益及非控股權益的賬面金額會作調整，以反映於附屬公司的相對權益變動。非控股權益的調整金額與已付或已收代價公平值之間的任何差額會直接於權益中確認，並歸屬於本公司擁有人。

當本集團失去附屬公司控制權，出售收益或虧損乃按以下兩者的差額計算：(i)已收代價的公平值與任何保留權益的公平值的總額；與(ii)該附屬公司的資產(包括商譽)及負債與任何非控股權益過往的賬面值。先前於其他全面收益確認與附屬公司有關的金額以相同方式入賬，猶如有關資產或負債已經出售。

相當於現時於附屬公司的擁有權權益的非控股權益賬面值為該等權益於初步確認時的款額加有關非控股權益應佔權益其後變動的部分。即使會導致非控股權益出現虧絀結餘，全面收益總額乃歸屬於非控股權益。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(a) Basis of consolidation and business combinations (Continued)

(ii) Business combinations

The Group accounts for business combinations using the acquisition method when the acquired set of activities and assets meets the definition of a business and control is transferred to the Group. In determining whether a particular set of activities and assets is a business, the Group assesses whether the set of assets and activities acquired includes, at a minimum, an input and substantive processes and whether the acquired set has the ability to produce outputs.

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets and liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair values, except that:

- deferred tax assets or liabilities, and liabilities or assets related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with HKAS 12 "Income Taxes" and HKAS 19 "Employee Benefits" respectively;
- liabilities or equity instruments related to share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree or share-based payment arrangements of the Group entered into to replace share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree are measured in accordance with HKFRS 2 "Share-based payment" at the acquisition date; and

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(a) 綜合基準及業務合併(續)

(ii) 業務合併

當所收購的活動及資產組合符合業務的定義且控制權轉移至本集團，本集團採用收購法將業務合併入賬。在釐定特定的活動及資產組合是否為一項業務時，本集團評估所收購資產及活動組合是否包括至少一項投入及實質性流程，以及所收購的組合是否有能力產生產出。

業務收購乃採用收購法入賬。於業務合併轉撥的代價按公平值計量，而計算方式為本集團轉撥的資產、本集團對被收購方的前擁有人產生的負債及本集團為交換被收購方的控制權所發行的股權於收購日期的公平值總和。與收購事項有關的成本於產生時在損益確認。

於收購日期，可識別資產及所承擔負債按彼等的公平值確認，惟下列項目除外：

- 遞延稅項資產或負債及與僱員福利安排有關的負債或資產分別根據香港會計準則第12號「所得稅」及香港會計準則第19號「僱員福利」確認及計量；
- 與被收購方以股份為基礎的付款安排或本集團為取代被收購方以股份為基礎的付款安排而訂立的以股份為基礎的付款安排有關的負債或權益工具於收購日期根據香港財務報告準則第2號「以股份為基礎支付」計量；及

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(a) Basis of consolidation and business combinations (Continued)

(ii) Business combinations (Continued)

- assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with HKFRS 5 "Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations" are measured in accordance with that standard.

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net of the acquisition-date fair value amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. If, after reassessment, the Group's interest in the fair value of the acquiree's identifiable net assets exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

Non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation may be initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. The choice of measurement basis is made on a transaction-by-transaction basis. Other types of non-controlling interests are measured at their fair value or, when applicable, on the basis specified in another standard.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(a) 綜合基準及業務合併(續)

(ii) 業務合併(續)

- 根據香港財務報告準則第5號「持作待售的非流動資產及已終止經營業務」劃分為持作待售的資產(或出售組合)根據該準則計量。

商譽乃所轉撥的代價、被收購方任何非控股權益的金額及收購方之前持有被收購方的股權(如有)的公平值的總和超出所收購的可識別資產及所承擔的負債的公平值於收購日期的淨額的部份。倘重新評估後，本集團於被收購方的可識別資產淨值的公平值權益超出所轉撥的代價、被收購方任何非控股權益的金額及收購方之前持有被收購方權益(如有)的公平值的總和，超出部份即時於損益確認為議價收購收益。

屬現有擁有權權益並賦予持有人權利於清盤時按比例攤分有關實體資產淨值的非控股權益初步可按公平值或非控股權益應佔被收購方可識別資產淨值的已確認金額的比例計量。計量基準的選擇乃按照個別交易基準而作出。其他類別的非控股權益按公平值或(如適用)其他準則所規定的基準計量。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(Continued)*

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

(a) Basis of consolidation and business combinations *(Continued)*

(ii) *Business combinations (Continued)*

When the consideration transferred by the Group in a business combination includes assets or liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, the contingent consideration is measured at its acquisition-date fair value and included as part of the consideration transferred in a business combination. Changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that qualify as measurement period adjustments are adjusted retrospectively, with the corresponding adjustments made against goodwill. Measurement period adjustments are adjustments that arise from additional information obtained during the "measurement period" (which cannot exceed one year from the acquisition date) about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date.

The subsequent accounting for changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that do not qualify as measurement period adjustments depends on how the contingent consideration is classified. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured at subsequent reporting dates and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. All other subsequent adjustments to contingent consideration that is classified as an asset or a liability is recognised in profit or loss.

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the Group reports provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. Those provisional amounts are adjusted during the measurement period (see above), or additional assets or liabilities are recognised, to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the amounts recognised at that date.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(a) 綜合基準及業務合併(續)

(ii) 業務合併(續)

當本集團於業務合併中轉讓的代價包括或然代價安排引致的資產或負債，有關或然代價會按於收購日期的公平值計量，並計入作為於業務合併中轉讓的代價的一部份。本集團會追溯調整合資格作為計量期調整的或然代價公平值變動，並相應調整商譽。計量期調整指因於「計量期」(不得超過收購日期起計一年)內獲得有關於收購日期存在的事實及情況的額外資料而產生的調整。

不合資格作為計量期調整的或然代價公平值變動其後的會計方法視乎或然代價的分類而定。分類為權益的或然代價不會於其後報告日期重新計量，而其後的結算會於權益內入賬。所有其他分類為資產或負債之或然代價之其後調整均於損益確認。

倘業務合併的初步會計處理於合併產生的報告期末仍未完成，則本集團會就仍未完成會計處理的項目呈報暫定金額。該等暫定金額於計量期間(見上文)內作出調整，或確認額外資產或負債，以反映獲得有關於收購日期已存在事實及情況的新資料，而倘知悉該等資料，將會影響於當日確認的金額。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(b) Associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor a joint arrangement. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The results and assets and liabilities of associate are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. The financial statements of associate used for equity accounting purposes are prepared using uniform accounting policies as those of the Group for like transactions and events in similar circumstances. Under the equity method, an investment in an associate is initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate. When the Group's share of losses of an associate exceeds the Group's interest in that associate (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

An investment in an associate is accounted for using the equity method from the date on which the investee becomes an associate. On acquisition of the investment in an associate, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(b) 聯營公司

聯營公司為本集團擁有重大影響力的實體，並非一間附屬公司或聯合安排。重大影響力為可參與被投資方的財政及經營政策決定的權力，而並非對該等政策施加控制權或共同控制權。

聯營公司的業績及資產與負債乃以權益會計法計入此等綜合財務報表。就權益會計法目的使用的聯營公司財務報表乃利用與本集團於類似情況下就同類交易及事件所用者一致的會計政策編製。根據權益法，於聯營公司的投資乃按成本於綜合財務狀況表中初步確認，並於其後調整以確認本集團應佔該聯營公司的損益及其他全面收益。當本集團應佔一間聯營公司的虧損超出其於該聯營公司的權益(包括任何長期權益，而該長期權益實質上構成本集團於該聯營公司的投資淨額的一部份)，則本集團不再繼續確認其應佔的進一步虧損。額外虧損僅於本集團已產生法定或推定責任或代表該聯營公司作出付款時，方予確認。

本集團由被投資方成為聯營公司當日起利用權益法將於一間聯營公司的投資入賬。收購於一間聯營公司的投資時，投資成本超出本集團應佔被投資方可識別資產及負債公平淨值的任何差額確認為商譽，計入投資的賬面金額。經重新評估後，本集團應佔可識別資產及負債公平淨值超出投資成本的任何差額於收購投資的期間內即時在損益確認。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(b) Associates (Continued)

Where there is objective evidence that the investment in an associate has been impaired, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

The Group discontinues the use of the equity method from the date when the investment ceases to be an associate, or when the investment (or a portion thereof) is classified as held for sale. When the Group retains an interest in the former associate and the retained interest is a financial asset, the Group measures the retained interest at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition in accordance with HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments". The difference between the carrying amount of the associate at the date the equity method was discontinued, and the fair value of any retained interest and any proceeds from disposing of a part interest in the associate is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate on the same basis as would be required if that associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income by that associate would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) when the equity method is discontinued.

The Group continues to use the equity method when an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture. There is no remeasurement to fair value upon such changes in ownership interests.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(b) 聯營公司(續)

倘有客觀證據顯示於一間聯營公司的投資經已減值，則該項投資的全數賬面值(包括商譽)會根據香港會計準則第36號作為單一資產進行減值測試，方法為將可收回金額(使用價值與公平值減出售成本的較高者)與賬面值進行比較。所確認的減值虧損為投資賬面值的一部份。倘該項投資的可收回金額於日後增加，任何減值虧損撥回乃根據香港會計準則第36號確認。

本集團由投資不再為聯營公司當日起或於投資(或其部份)分類為持作待售時終止使用權益法。當本集團保留於前聯營公司的權益，而所保留權益為金融資產，本集團會按當日的公平值計量所保留權益，並按照香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」將該公平值視為初步確認時的公平值。於釐定出售該聯營公司的收益或虧損時，會計及聯營公司於終止使用權益法當日的賬面金額與任何所保留權益公平值及出售該聯營公司部分權益的任何所得款項之間的差額。此外，本集團將先前於其他全面收益就該聯營公司確認的所有金額入賬，基準與倘該聯營公司直接出售相關資產或負債時所規定的基準相同。因此，倘該聯營公司先前已於其他全面收益確認的收益或虧損會於出售相關資產或負債時重新分類至損益，則本集團會於終止使用權益法時，將收益或虧損由權益重新分類至損益(作為重新分類調整)。

當於聯營公司的投資成為於合營企業的投資，本集團會繼續使用權益法。於擁有權權益出現有關變動時不會重新計量至公平值。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(b) Associates (Continued)

When the Group reduces its ownership interest in an associate but the Group continues to use the equity method, the Group reclassifies to profit or loss the proportion of the gain or loss that had previously been recognised in other comprehensive income relating to that reduction in ownership interest if that gain or loss would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities.

When a group entity transacts with an associate of the Group (such as a sale or contribution of assets), profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate that are not related to the Group.

(c) Goodwill

Goodwill is initially recognised at cost being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred, the amount recognised for non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the acquisition date fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of identifiable assets and liabilities acquired.

Where the fair value of identifiable assets and liabilities exceed the aggregate of the fair value of consideration paid, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition date fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree, the excess is recognised in profit or loss on the acquisition date, after re-assessment.

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business (see the accounting policy above) less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(b) 聯營公司(續)

當本集團減少其於一間聯營公司的擁有權益但本集團繼續採用權益法時，倘先前於其他全面收益確認而與擁有權益減少有關的收益或虧損部份將於出售相關資產或負債時重新分類至損益，則本集團會將該收益或虧損部份重新分類至損益。

當一間集團實體與本集團的聯營公司進行交易(例如出售或貢獻資產)，本集團僅會於聯營公司的權益與本集團無關的情況下，方會於綜合財務報表確認與該聯營公司交易所產生的損益。

(c) 商譽

商譽初始時按成本確認，乃所轉撥的代價、被收購方非控股權益確認的金額及收購方之前持有被收購方的股權於收購日期的公平值的總和超出所收購的可識別資產及負債的公平值部份。

倘重新評估後，可識別資產及負債的公平值超出所付代價公平值、被收購方任何非控股權益的金額及收購方之前持有被收購方的股權於收購日期的公平值的總和，超出部份於收購日期於損益確認。

收購一項業務所產生的商譽於業務收購日期(見上文會計政策)所確立的成本減累計減值虧損(如有)列賬。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(c) Goodwill (Continued)

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill arising from an acquisition is allocated to each of the relevant cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the acquisition. A cash-generating unit (“CGU”) is the smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. A CGU to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually or more frequently when there is indication that the unit may be impaired, by comparing its carrying amount with its recoverable amount.

For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a financial year, the CGU to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that financial year. When the recoverable amount of the CGU is less than the carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit first, and then to the other assets of the unit pro-rata on the basis of the carrying amount to each asset in the unit. However, the loss allocated to each asset will not reduce the individual asset’s carrying amount to below its fair value less cost of disposal (if measurable) or its value in use (if determinable), whichever is the higher. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised in profit or loss and is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On disposal of the relevant CGU, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the amount of profit or loss on disposal.

(d) Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of goods or services is transferred to the customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services, excluding those amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(c) 商譽(續)

就減值測試而言，收購產生的商譽分配至預期可受惠於收購的協同效應的各有關現金產生單位。現金產生單位(「現金產生單位」)是可以認定的最小資產組組合，其產生的現金流入應當基本上獨立於其他資產或者資產組的現金流入。獲分配商譽的現金產生單位於每年或有跡象顯示該單位可能出現減值時更頻密地進行減值測試，將其賬面金額與可收回金額進行比較。

就於財政年度內收購所產生的商譽而言，已獲分配商譽的現金產生單位於該財政年度末前進行減值測試。當現金產生單位的可收回金額少於該單位的賬面金額時，減值虧損的分配會先削減分配到該單位的任何商譽的賬面金額，其後以單位各資產的賬面金額為基準，按比例分配至該單位的其他資產。然而，分配至每個資產的虧損不會對個別資產的賬面金額減少至低於其公平值減處置成本(倘可計量)或其使用價值(如可確定)，以較高者為準。商譽的任何減值虧損於損益內確認，於往後期間不予撥回。

出售有關現金產生單位時，於釐定出售損益的金額時會計及商譽應佔金額。

(d) 收益確認

來自客戶合約的收益乃於商品或服務的控制權轉讓予客戶時確認，該金額能反映本集團預期就交換該等商品或服務有權獲得的代價，不包括代表第三方收取的該等金額。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(d) Revenue recognition (Continued)

Depending on the terms of the contract and the laws that apply to the contract, control of the goods or service may be transferred over time or at a point in time. Control of the goods or service is transferred over time if the Group's performance:

- provides all of the benefits received and consumed simultaneously by the customer;
- creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

If control of the goods or services transfers over time, revenue is recognised over the period of the contract by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of that performance obligation. Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the goods or service.

When the contract contains a financing component which provides the customer a significant benefit of financing the transfer of goods or services to the customer for more than one year, revenue is measured at the present value of the amounts receivable, discounted using the discount rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction between the Group and the customer at contract inception. Where the contract contains a financing component which provides a significant financing benefit to the Group, revenue recognised under that contract includes the interest expense accreted on the contract liability under the effective interest method. For contracts where the period between the payment and the transfer of the promised goods or services is one year or less, the transaction price is not adjusted for the effects of a significant financing component, using the practical expedient in HKFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" ("HKFRS 15").

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 收益確認(續)

視乎合約的條款及適用於合約的法律而定，商品或服務的控制權可於一段時間或於某一時間點轉移。倘本集團在履約過程中符合下列條件，貨品或服務之控制權可在一段時間轉移：

- 提供客戶收到且同時消耗之所有利益；
- 本集團履約時創造或提升客戶所控制之資產；或
- 並無創造對本集團而言有其他用途之資產，而本集團有強制執行權利收取至今已完成履約部分的款項。

倘貨品或服務之控制權可在一段時間轉移，則收益乃於整個合約期間經參考完成履行履約責任之進度確認。否則，收益於客戶獲得貨品或服務控制權之某一時間點確認。

當合約中包含融資成分，該融資成分為客戶提供超過一年的商品或服務轉讓融資的重大利益時，收益按應收款項的現值計量，使用貼現率折現，該貼現率將反映在本集團與客戶在合同開始時的單獨融資交易中。當合約中包含融資部分，該融資部分為本集團提供了重大財務利益時，合約項下確認的收益包括按實際利息法在合約負債上加算的利息。就客戶付款至轉讓承諾商品或者服務的期限為一年或者更短的合約而言，交易價格採用香港財務報告準則第15號「客戶合約收益」(「香港財務報告準則第15號」)中實際權宜之計，不會對重大融資部分的影響作出調整。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(d) Revenue recognition (Continued)

- (i) *Trading of satellite TV equipment products and other electronic goods*

Customers obtain control of the satellite TV equipment products and other electronic goods when the goods are delivered to and have been accepted. Revenue is thus recognised upon when the customers accepted the satellite TV equipment products and other electronic goods. There is generally only one performance obligation. Invoices are usually payable within 60 to 120 days.

- (ii) *Satellite TV broadcasting*

Revenue for satellite TV broadcasting generally includes only one performance obligation. The Group has concluded that revenue from satellite TV broadcasting should be recognised over time as those services are provided.

- (iii) *Other income*

Rental income under operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

Interest income is accrued on a time basis on the principal outstanding at the applicable interest rate.

Contract liabilities

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer.

If the considerations (including advances received from customers) exceeds the revenue recognised to date under the output method then the Group recognises a contract liability for the difference.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 收益確認(續)

- (i) *買賣衛星電視設備產品及其他電子產品*

於衛星電視設備產品及其他電子產品交付予客戶並獲客戶接納時，客戶取得該等貨品之控制權。因此，收益會於客戶接納衛星電視設備產品及其他電子產品時確認。通常只存在一項履約責任。發票通常於60至120日內支付。

- (ii) *衛星電視廣播*

衛星電視廣播收益一般僅包括一項履約責任。本集團作出結論，衛星電視廣播所得收益應在服務獲提供的該段時間內確認。

- (iii) *其他收入*

經營租約項下的租金收入按相關租約年期以直線法確認。

利息收入根據未償還本金按適用利率及時間基準累計。

合約負債

合約負債指本集團有責任將服務轉移至本集團已收取代價(或代價金額已到期)的客戶。

如有關代價(包括向客戶收取的預付款)超出按產出法確認的收益，則本集團會就有關差額確認合約負債。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(e) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment including land and buildings held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment less their expected residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

If an item of property, plant and equipment becomes an investment property because its use has changed as evidenced by end of owner-occupation, any difference between the carrying amount and the fair value of that item at the date of transfer is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in property revaluation reserve. On the subsequent sale or retirement of the asset, the relevant revaluation reserve will be transferred directly to retained profits.

Freehold land is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposals or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

The accounting policy of right-of-use assets is set out in note 4(h).

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(e) 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備(包括持作用於生產或供應貨品或服務或作行政用途的土地及樓宇)於綜合財務狀況表內按成本減其後的累計折舊及攤銷以及累計減值虧損(如有)列賬。

折舊乃經減去預期剩餘價值，按物業、廠房及設備項目的估計可使用年期以直線法撇銷其成本。估計可使用年期、剩餘價值及折舊方法於報告期末檢討，任何估計變動的影響按預期基準入賬。

倘物業、廠房及設備項目因以不再由業主佔用證明改變用途而成為投資物業，則該項目於轉移當日的賬面金額與公平值之間的任何差額會於其他全面收益確認及於物業重估儲備累計。於其後出售或報廢資產時，相關重估儲備將直接轉移至保留溢利。

永久業權土地按成本減累計減值虧損列賬。

物業、廠房及設備項目於出售或預期繼續使用資產並無未來經濟利益時終止確認。出售或廢棄物業、廠房及設備項目產生的任何收益或虧損乃按銷售所得款項與資產賬面金額間的差額釐定，並於損益確認。

使用權資產的會計政策載於附註4(h)。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(f) Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation.

Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at their fair values. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment properties are included in profit or loss for the period in which they arise.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use or no future economic benefits are expected from its disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in profit or loss in the period in which the item is derecognised.

(g) Government grant

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Specifically, government grants whose primary condition is that the Group should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire non-current assets (including property, plant and equipment) are recognised as deferred income in the statement of financial position and transferred to profit or loss on a systematic and rational basis over the useful lives of the related assets.

Government grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable and are recognised as other revenue, rather than reducing the related expense.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(f) 投資物業

投資物業乃持有以賺取租金或獲得資本增值的物業。

投資物業初步按成本計量，包括任何直接應佔開支。首次確認後，投資物業按公平值計量。投資物業公平值變動產生的收益或虧損計入產生期間的損益內。

投資物業於出售或永久停止使用或預期不會從出售該項物業中獲得未來經濟利益時終止確認。終止確認某項物業所產生的收益或虧損(按出售所得款項淨額與該資產的賬面金額之間的差額計算)計入於終止確認項目期間的損益內。

(g) 政府補助

本集團在獲得合理保證將遵守政府補助所附帶的條件且將可收取政府補助前，不會確認政府補助。

政府補助按系統基準於本集團確認補助擬補償的相關成本為開支的期間在損益內確認。具體而言，主要條件為本集團應購買、建造或以其他方式收購非流動資產(包括物業、廠房及設備)之政府補助於財務狀況表確認為遞延收入，並按系統及合理基準於相關資產之可用年限轉撥至損益。

作為已產生開支或虧損的補償或為不帶任何未來相關費用而直接向本集團提供財務支持的目的的應收政府補助，在成為應收款項期間於損益確認，且確認為其他收益，而非減少相關開支。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(g) Government grant (Continued)

The benefit of a government loan at a below-market rate of interest is treated as a government grant, measured as the difference between proceeds received and the fair value of the loan based on prevailing market interest rates.

(h) Leasing

The Group as a lessee

All leases are required to be capitalised in the statement of financial position as right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, but accounting policy choices exist for an entity to choose not to capitalise (i) leases which are short-term leases and/or (ii) leases for which the underlying asset is of low-value. The Group has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for low-value assets and leases for which at the commencement date have a lease term less than 12 months. The lease payments associated with those leases have been expensed on straight-line basis over the lease term.

Right-of-use asset

The right-of-use asset should be recognised at cost and would comprise:

- (i) the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability (see below for the accounting policy to account for lease liability);
- (ii) any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received;
- (iii) any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee; and
- (iv) an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease, unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(g) 政府補助(續)

按低於市場利率計息之政府貸款之利益乃視作政府補助金，按已收所得款項與根據現行市場利率計算之貸款公平值間之差額計量。

(h) 租賃

本集團作為承租人

所有租賃均須於財務狀況表內資本化為使用權資產及租賃負債，惟為實體提供會計政策選擇，可選擇不將(i)屬短期租賃之租賃及／或(ii)相關資產屬低價值之租賃進行資本化。本集團已選擇不就低價值資產及租賃期於開始日期少於12個月之租賃確認使用權資產及租賃負債。與該等租賃有關之租賃付款已於租賃期內按直線法支銷。

使用權資產

使用權資產應按成本確認，並包括：

- (i) 租賃負債之初步計量金額(見下文將租賃負債入賬之會計政策)；
- (ii) 於開始日期或之前作出之任何租賃付款扣除任何已收取之租賃優惠；
- (iii) 承租人產生之任何初步直接成本；及
- (iv) 承租人根據租賃條款及條件規定之情況下拆除及移除相關資產時將產生之估計成本，除非該等成本乃因生產存貨而產生則除外。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(h) Leasing (Continued)

Right-of-use asset (Continued)

Except for right-of-use asset that meets the definition of an investment property, the Group measures the right-of-use assets applying a cost model. Under the cost model, the Group measures the right-of-use assets at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liability. For right-of-use asset that meets the definition of an investment property, they are carried at fair value.

The Group accounts for leasehold land and buildings that are held for rental or capital appreciation purpose under HKAS 40 "Investment Property" and are carried at fair value. The Group accounts for leasehold land and buildings which is held for own use under HKAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment" and are carried at cost.

Lease liability

The lease liability is recognised at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the date of commencement of the lease. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses the Group's incremental borrowing rate.

The following payments for the right-to-use the underlying asset during the lease term that are not paid at the commencement date of the lease are considered to be lease payments:

- (i) fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable;
- (ii) variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at commencement date;
- (iii) amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees;

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(h) 租賃(續)

使用權資產(續)

除符合投資物業定義之使用權資產外，本集團應用成本模式計量使用權資產。根據成本模式，本集團按成本扣除任何累計折舊及任何減值虧損計量使用權資產，並就租賃負債之任何重新計量進行調整。符合投資物業定義之使用權資產按公平值列賬。

本集團根據香港會計準則第40號「投資物業」就收取租金或資本增值目的持有之租賃土地及樓宇入賬，並按公平值列賬。本集團根據香港會計準則第16號「物業、廠房及設備」就自用持有之租賃土地及樓宇入賬，並按成本列賬。

租賃負債

租賃負債應以於租賃開始日期尚未支付之租賃付款之現值確認。倘利率可容易釐定，則租賃付款須使用租賃隱含之利率貼現。倘利率無法容易釐定，則本集團將使用本集團之增量借貸利率。

租賃期內，於租賃開始日期就相關資產使用權尚未支付之以下付款均被視為租賃付款：

- (i) 固定付款扣除任何應收租賃優惠；
- (ii) 基於指數或利率之可變租賃付款，初步按開始日期之指數或利率計量；
- (iii) 承租人預期根據剩餘價值擔保應付之金額；

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(h) Leasing (Continued)

Lease liability (Continued)

- (iv) the exercise price of a purchase option if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- (v) payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising an option to terminate the lease.

Subsequent to the commencement date, the Group measures the lease liability by:

- (i) increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability;
- (ii) reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made; and
- (iii) remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications, or to reflect revised in-substance fixed lease payments.

When the Group revises its estimate of the term of any lease (because, for example, it re-assesses the probability of a lessee extension or termination option being exercised), it adjusts the carrying amount of the lease liability to reflect the payments to make over the revised term, which are discounted using a revised discount rate. The carrying value of lease liabilities is similarly revised when the variable element of future lease payments dependent on a rate or index is revised, except the discount rate remains unchanged. In both cases, an equivalent adjustment is made to the carrying value of the right-of-use asset, with the revised carrying amount being amortised over the remaining (revised) lease term. If the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is adjusted to zero, any further reduction is recognised in profit or loss.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(h) 租賃(續)

租賃負債(續)

- (iv) 購買選擇權之行使價(倘承租人合理確定將行使該購買權); 及
- (v) 終止租賃之罰金付款(倘租賃期反映承租人行使終止租賃之權利)。

於開始日期後，本集團按以下方式計量租賃負債：

- (i) 提高賬面值以反映租賃負債利息；
- (ii) 減低賬面值以反映已作出之租賃付款；及
- (iii) 重新計量賬面值以反映任何重估或租賃調整或對實質上固定的租賃付款的修正。

當本集團修訂其對任何租賃年期的估計(例如因為重新評估承租人延期或終止選擇權獲行使的可能性)，本集團會調整租賃負債的賬面值，以反映在經修訂的年期內支付的款項，該等款項採用修訂後的貼現率進行貼現。當取決於利率或指數的未來租賃付款的可變要素進行修訂，租賃負債的賬面值同樣進行類似修訂，但貼現率保持不變。在這兩種情況下，均對使用權資產的賬面值進行同等的調整，並在剩餘的(經修訂)租賃年期內攤銷修訂後的賬面值。倘使用權資產的賬面值調整至零，則於損益中確認進一步減少的金額。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(Continued)*

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(h) Leasing (Continued)

Lease liability (Continued)

When the Group renegotiates the contractual terms of a lease with the lessor, if the renegotiation results in one or more additional assets being leased for an amount commensurate with the standalone price for the additional rights-of-use obtained, the modification is accounted for as a separate lease, in all other cases, where the renegotiated increases the scope of the lease (whether that is an extension to the lease term, or one or more additional assets being leased), the lease liability is remeasured using the discount rate applicable on the modification date, with the right-of-use asset being adjusted by the same amount.

The Group as a lessor

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the leased assets to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised as an expense on the straight-line basis over the lease term.

Amounts due from lessees under finance leases are recognised as receivables at the amount of the Group's net investment in the leases. Finance lease income is allocated to accounting periods so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the Group's net investment outstanding in respect of the leases.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(h) 租賃(續)

租賃負債(續)

當本集團與出租人重新磋商租賃合約條款時，重新磋商導致一項或多項額外資產被以與所獲得的額外使用權資產的獨立價格相稱的金額租用，則該修改入賬列作單獨的租賃，在所有其他情況下，倘重新磋商增加了租賃範圍(無論是延長租賃期限，抑或額外租用一項或多項資產)，則採用修改日適用的貼現率重新計量租賃負債，而使用權資產則按相同金額予以調整。

本集團作為出租人

當租賃條款涉及將租賃資產擁有權的絕大部份風險及回報轉移予承租人時，將該租賃分類為融資租賃。所有其他租賃則分類為經營租賃。

經營租賃的租金收入按相關租賃年期以直線法於損益確認。磋商及安排經營租賃時產生之初始直接成本，計入租賃資產的賬面值，並在整個租賃期內按直線法確認為費用。

融資租賃下應收承租人款項按本集團租賃投資淨額確認為應收款項。融資租賃收入分配至會計期間，以反映本集團有關租賃的淨投資餘額的固定週期回報率。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(h) Leasing (Continued)

The Group as a lessor (Continued)

Any changes in the scope of the consideration for a lease that was not part of the original terms and conditions of the lease are accounted for as lease modifications. The Group accounts for a modification to an operating lease as a new lease from the effective date of the modification, recognising the remaining lease payments as income on either a straight-line basis or another systematic basis over the remaining lease term. The Group applies the derecognition requirements of HKFRS 9 to recognise modification or derecognition gain or loss on the net investment in the finance lease.

(i) Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in the respective functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences on monetary items are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise except for exchange differences on monetary items receivable from or payable to a foreign operation for which settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur (therefore forming part of the net investment in the foreign operation), which are recognised initially in other comprehensive income and reclassified from equity to profit or loss on disposal of the foreign operation.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(h) 租賃(續)

本集團作為出租人(續)

倘租賃代價範圍的任何變化不屬於原租賃條款及條件的一部分，則入賬列作租賃調整。本集團自修訂生效日起將經營租賃修訂入賬列為新租賃，並按照直線法或其他系統基準將餘下租賃款項於餘下租賃年期內確認為收入。本集團採用香港財務報告準則第9號的終止確認規定，確認融資租賃投資淨額的修改或終止確認收益或虧損。

(i) 外幣

編製各個別集團實體的財務報表時，以該實體的功能貨幣以外貨幣(外幣)進行的交易按交易日期的現行匯率以有關功能貨幣(即該實體經營所在主要經濟環境的貨幣)列賬。於報告期末，以外幣計值的貨幣項目按該日的現行匯率重新換算。按公平值列賬且以外幣計值的非貨幣項目按釐定公平值當日的匯率重新換算。按歷史成本以外幣計量的非貨幣項目不會重新換算。

貨幣項目之匯兌差額乃於產生期間內於損益確認，惟應收或應付一項海外業務、其結算並非預定或不大可能出現(因而形成海外業務投資淨額之一部份)的貨幣項目匯兌差額除外，該差額初步於其他全面收入確認及於出售海外業務時由權益重新分類至損益。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(Continued)*

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(i) Foreign currencies (Continued)

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollars) using exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period. Income and expenses items are translated at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of currency translation reserve (attributed to non-controlling interests as appropriate).

On the disposal of a foreign operation (i.e. a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss. In addition, in relation to a partial disposal of a subsidiary that does not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiary, the proportionate share of accumulated exchange differences are re-attributed to non-controlling interests and are not recognised in profit or loss.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments on identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed through acquisition of a foreign operation on or after 1 July 2005 are treated as assets and liabilities of that foreign operation and translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(i) 外幣(續)

就呈列綜合財務報表而言，本集團海外業務的資產及負債按報告期末的現行匯率換算為本集團的呈報貨幣(即港元)。收入及開支項目則按年內平均匯率換算，除非期內匯率大幅波動，於此情況下則採用交易當日適用的匯率。所產生的匯兌差額(如有)於其他全面收益確認，並於權益內的貨幣換算儲備項下累計(歸屬於非控股權益(如適用))。

於出售海外業務(即出售本集團於海外業務的全部權益，或涉及失去對擁有海外業務的附屬公司的控制權的出售)時，於權益內累計而有關本公司擁有人應佔的業務的所有匯兌差額重新分類至損益。此外，就出售部分附屬公司但並無引致本集團失去對該附屬公司之控制權，則按比例將累計匯兌差額重新分配予非控股權益，且不在損益內確認。

於二零零五年七月一日或之後透過收購海外業務而產生所收購可識別資產及所承擔負債的商譽及公平值調整視作該海外業務的資產及負債處理，並按報告期末的現行匯率換算。匯兌差額於其他全面收益內確認。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

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截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(j) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

(k) Retirement benefit costs

Defined contribution plans

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans, Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme") and the state-managed retirement benefit schemes are recognised as expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Defined benefit plan

The Group operates defined benefit pension plans which requires contributions to be made to a separately administered fund for employees of the Group's certain entities which are operating in India. The benefits are unfunded. The cost of providing benefits under the defined benefit plan is determined using the projected unit credit actuarial valuation method.

Re-measurements arising from defined benefit pension plans, comprising actuarial gains and losses, are recognised immediately in the consolidated statement of financial position with a corresponding debit or credit to re-measurement gains and losses on defined benefit plans through other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Re-measurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(j) 借貸成本

因收購、興建或生產需要長時間籌備方可作其擬定用途或銷售的合資格資產所產生的直接借貸成本，計入該等資產的成本中，直至該等資產已大致上可作其擬定用途或銷售時為止。在特定借貸撥作合資格資產的支出前暫時用作投資所賺取的投資收入，須自可予資本化的借貸成本中扣除。

所有其他借貸成本均在產生期間於損益確認。

(k) 退休福利成本

界定供款計劃

向界定供款退休福利計劃、香港強制性公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)及國家管理退休福利計劃作出的供款，於僱員提供服務而有權獲得供款時確認為開支。

界定福利計劃

本集團運作界定福利退休金計劃，該計劃要求向獨立管理的基金繳存費用，該基金就本集團若干現於印度經營的實體之僱員而設。福利未注入資金。界定福利計劃下提供該等福利的成本採用預計單位進賬精算估值法釐定。

界定福利退休金計劃引起的重新計量，包括精算收益及虧損，即時在綜合財務狀況表確認，並在界定福利計劃的重新計量收益及虧損發生期間計入或扣除自其他全面收益。重新計量後繼續期間不會分類至損益。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(k) Retirement benefit costs (Continued)

Defined benefit plan (Continued)

The Group recognises the following changes in the net defined benefit obligation under “cost of sales” and “administrative expenses” in the consolidated statement of profit or loss by function:

- service costs comprising current service costs, past-service costs, gains and losses on curtailments and non-routine settlements; and
- net interest expense or income.

Past service costs are recognised in profit or loss at the earlier of:

- the date of the plan amendment or curtailment; and
- the date that the Group recognises restructuring-related costs; or
- the date of termination benefits.

Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset.

(l) Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from ‘profit before taxation’ as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income because of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group’s liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(k) 退休福利成本(續)

界定福利計劃(續)

本集團在綜合損益表的「銷售成本」和「行政開支」中確認界定福利責任淨額的以下變動：

- 服務成本，包括當期服務成本、過去服務成本、縮減及不定期結算的收益及虧損；及
- 利息開支或收入淨額。

過去服務成本於下列較早日期於損益確認：

- 修改或縮減計劃之日期；及
- 本集團確認重組相關成本之日期；或
- 終止福利日期。

利息淨額由界定福利淨負債或淨資產乘以折現率計算而得。

(l) 稅項

所得稅支出指現時應付稅項及遞延稅項總額。

現時應付稅項按本年度應課稅溢利計算。應課稅溢利因其他年度的應課稅或可扣稅收支及從不課稅或不可扣稅的項目而與綜合損益及其他全面收益表中所報「除稅前溢利」不同。本集團的現時稅項負債按報告期末已頒佈或實質上已生效的稅率計算。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(I) Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and interests in an associate, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of the reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on the tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(I) 稅項(續)

遞延稅項就綜合財務報表內資產及負債賬面金額與計算應課稅溢利所用相應稅基的暫時差額確認。遞延稅項負債通常會就所有應課稅暫時差額確認。遞延稅項資產通常會於可能出現可動用可扣稅暫時差額的應課稅溢利時就所有可扣稅暫時差額確認。若暫時差額源自於一項交易的商譽或首次確認當中的其他資產及負債(於業務合併除外)，而該交易既不影響應課稅溢利亦不影響會計溢利，則不會確認有關資產及負債。

遞延稅項負債乃就與於附屬公司的投資及於一間聯營公司的權益相關的應課稅暫時差額確認，惟本集團可控制撥回暫時差額及暫時差額可能不會於可見將來撥回則除外。因與該等投資及權益相關的可扣稅暫時差額而產生的遞延稅項資產，僅會於可能有足夠應課稅溢利可以使用暫時差額的利益且預期會於可見將來撥回時確認。

遞延稅項資產的賬面金額於報告期末檢討，並會扣減至再無足夠應課稅溢利可供收回全部或部份資產為止。

遞延稅項資產及負債乃按預期於負債獲清償或資產變現期間適用的稅率(以報告期末已頒佈或實質上已生效的稅率(及稅法)為基準)計量。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(l) Taxation (Continued)

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax liabilities or deferred tax assets for investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the carrying amounts of such properties are presumed to be recovered entirely through sale, unless the presumption is rebutted. The presumption is rebutted when the investment property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time, rather than through sale. If the presumption is rebutted, deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets for such investment properties are measured in accordance with the above general principles set out in HKAS 12 (i.e. based on the expected manner as to how the properties will be recovered).

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income in which case the taxes are also recognised in other comprehensive income or when they relate to items recognised directly in equity in which case the taxes are also recognised directly in equity.

(m) Intangible assets

(i) Intangible assets acquired separately

Intangible assets acquired separately and with finite useful lives are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation for intangible assets with finite useful lives is recognised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of the reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis (see the accounting policy in respect of impairment losses on tangible and intangible assets below).

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(l) 稅項(續)

遞延稅項負債及資產的計量結果，反映本集團於報告期末所預期對收回或償還其資產及負債的賬面金額的方式所產生的稅務後果。

就計量投資物業的遞延稅項負債或遞延稅項資產而言，利用公平值模型計量的投資物業的賬面金額乃假設通過銷售全數收回，除非該假設被推翻則除外。當投資物業可予折舊及以本集團的業務模型(其業務目標是隨時間消逝而非透過銷售消耗投資物業所包含的絕大部份經濟利益)持有時，有關假設即被推翻。倘有關假設被推翻，則上述投資物業的遞延稅項負債及遞延稅項資產根據上述香港會計準則第12號所載的一般原則(即根據將如何收回有關物業的預期方式)計量。

本期及遞延稅項於損益確認，倘彼等與在其他全面收益中確認的項目有關(在此情況下，稅項亦於其他全面收益中確認)或彼等與直接在權益中確認的項目有關(在此情況下，稅項亦直接於權益中確認)則除外。

(m) 無形資產

(i) 個別收購的無形資產

個別收購且具備有限可使用年期的無形資產按成本減累計攤銷及任何累計減值虧損列賬。具備有限可使用年期的無形資產按估計可使用年期以直線法確認攤銷。估計可使用年期及攤銷方法於報告期末檢討，任何估計變動的影響按預期基準入賬(有關有形及無形資產減值虧損的會計政策見於下文)。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(m) Intangible assets (Continued)

(i) *Intangible assets acquired separately (Continued)*

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured at the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in profit or loss in the period when the asset is derecognised.

(ii) *Research and development expenditure*

Expenditure on research activities is recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incurred.

An internally-generated intangible asset arising from development (or from the development phase of an internal project) is recognised if, and only if, all of the following have been demonstrated:

- the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale;
- the intention to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it;
- the ability to use or sell the intangible asset;
- how the intangible asset will generate probable future economic benefits;
- the availability of adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the intangible asset; and
- the ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(m) 無形資產(續)

(i) *個別收購的無形資產(續)*

終止確認無形資產所產生的收益或虧損按出售所得款項淨額與資產賬面金額間的差額計量，並在資產終止確認期間於損益確認。

(ii) *研發支出*

研究活動的支出在產生期間確認為開支。

開發(或內部項目發展階段)所產生的內部產生無形資產，僅在滿足以下所有條件時方予確認：

- 完成無形資產的技術可行性，從而可以使用或銷售；
- 有意完成無形資產並將其使用或銷售；
- 使用或銷售無形資產的能力；
- 無形資產如何產生可能未來經濟效益；
- 是否有足夠技術、財務及其他資源，以完成其開發，並使用或銷售此無形資產；及
- 能夠可靠計量無形資產於開發期間應佔的支出的能力。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(m) Intangible assets (Continued)

(ii) *Research and development expenditure (Continued)*

The amount initially recognised for an internally-generated intangible asset is the sum of the expenditure incurred from the date when the intangible asset first meets the recognition criteria listed above. Where no internally-generated intangible asset can be recognised, development expenditure is charged to profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred.

Subsequent to initial recognition, internally-generated intangible asset is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses (if any), on the same basis as intangible assets acquired separately.

(iii) *Intangible assets acquired in a business combination*

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination and recognised separately from goodwill are initially recognised at the fair value at the acquisition date (which is regarded as their cost).

Subsequent to initial recognition, intangible assets acquired in a business combination are reported at costs less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses, on the same basis as intangible assets that are acquired separately.

(iv) *Derecognition of intangible assets*

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains and losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(m) 無形資產(續)

(ii) *研發支出(續)*

內部產生的無形資產首次確認的數額乃無形資產首次符合上列確認標準當日產生的支出總額。若無內部產生的無形資產可予確認，則開發支出在其產生期間內自損益扣除。

於初步確認後，內部產生的無形資產按與個別收購無形資產相同的基準以成本減累計攤銷及累計減值虧損(如有)計量。

(iii) *業務合併過程中收購的無形資產*

業務合併過程中所收購並與商譽分開確認的無形資產初步按收購日期的公平值(視為成本)確認。

於初步確認後，業務合併過程中所收購的無形資產按成本扣除累計攤銷及任何累計減值虧損申報，與獨立收購的無形資產的基準相同。

(iv) *終止確認無形資產*

無形資產於出售時或當預期使用或出售無形資產不會產生將來經濟利益時終止確認。終止確認無形資產所產生的收益或虧損按出售所得款項淨額及該資產賬面值的差額計量，並於終止確認該資產時於損益內確認。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(n) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost of inventories is determined on a first-in, first-out method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

(o) Financial Instruments

(i) Financial assets

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component) is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the market place.

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset.

Amortised cost

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Any gain on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(n) 存貨

存貨按成本與可變現淨值的較低者列賬。存貨成本按先入先出法釐定。可變現淨值指存貨的估計售價減完成的所有估計成本及銷售所需成本。

(o) 金融工具

(i) 金融資產

金融資產(並無重大融資部份的應收貿易賬款除外)首次按公平值加上與收購金融或發行直接應佔的交易成本計量(倘屬並非透過損益以公平值計量的項目)。並無重大融資部份的應收貿易賬款首次按交易價格計量。

所有以常規方式購買及出售的金融資產均於交易日(即本集團承諾購買或出售資產之日)確認,以常規方式購買或出售指需在市場規例或慣例規定的期限內交付的金融資產購買或出售。

債務工具的後續計量取決於本集團管理資產及資產現金流量特徵的業務模式。

攤銷成本

為收取合約現金流量而持有,且現金流量僅為支付本金及利息之資產按攤銷成本計量。按攤銷成本計量的金融資產其後按實際利率法計量。利息收入、外匯收益及虧損以及減值於損益內確認。終止確認產生的任何收益於損益確認。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(o) Financial Instruments (Continued)

(ii) Impairment loss on financial assets

The Group recognises loss allowances for expected credit losses ("ECLs") on trade receivables and financial assets measured at amortised cost. The ECLs are measured on either of the following bases: (1) 12 months ECLs: these are the ECLs that result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date; and (2) lifetime ECLs: these are ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive. The shortfall is then discounted at an approximation to the assets' original effective interest rate.

The Group has elected to measure loss allowances for trade receivables using HKFRS 9 simplified approach and has calculated ECLs based on lifetime ECLs. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

For other debt financial assets, ECLs are based on lifetime ECLs except when there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, in which case the allowance will be based on the 12-months ECLs.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(o) 金融工具(續)

(ii) 金融資產之減值虧損

本集團就應收貿易賬款及按攤銷成本計量的金融資產的預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)確認虧損撥備。預期信貸虧損按以下方式之一計量：(1)十二個月預期信貸虧損：報告日期後十二個月內可能發生的違約事件而導致的預期信貸虧損；及(2)全期預期信貸虧損：在金融工具的預計年期所有可能發生的違約事件而導致的預期信貸虧損。於估計預期信貸虧損時所考慮的最長期間為本集團面臨信貸風險的最長合約期間。

預期信貸虧損是信貸虧損的概率加權估計。信貸虧損按根據合約應付本集團的所有合約現金流量與本集團預期將收到的所有現金流量之間的差額計量。該差額其後按資產原有實際利率計算的近似值折現。

本集團已選用香港財務報告準則第9號簡化法對應收貿易賬款之虧損撥備進行計量，並已根據全期預期信貸虧損計算預期信貸虧損。本集團已設立根據本集團過往信貸虧損經驗計算之撥備矩陣，並按與債務人相關之前瞻性因素及經濟環境調整。

就其他債務金融資產而言，預期信貸虧損乃根據全期預期信貸虧損計算，惟倘自初步確認起信貸風險並未大幅增加，則按十二個月預期信貸虧損計算撥備。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(o) Financial Instruments (Continued)

(ii) Impairment loss on financial assets (Continued)

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECLs, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

The Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 30 days past due.

The Group considers a financial asset to be in default when the debtor is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full, without recourse by the Group to action such as realising security (if any is held); or the financial asset is more than 90 days past due.

Depending on the nature of the financial instruments, the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk is performed on either an individual or a collective basis. When the assessment is performed on a collective basis, the financial instruments are grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics, such as past due status and credit risk ratings.

The Group considers a financial asset to be credit-impaired when:

- significant financial difficulty of the debtor;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or being more than 90 days past due;
- the restructuring of a loan or advance by the Group on terms that the Group would not consider otherwise;

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(o) 金融工具(續)

(ii) 金融資產之減值虧損(續)

當釐定金融資產之信貸風險自初次確認起是否顯著增加及於估計預期信貸虧損時，本集團會考慮相關及毋須付出過多成本或努力即可獲得的合理及有理據的資料。此包括根據本集團過往經驗及已知信貸評估得出的定量及定性資料及分析，並包括前瞻性資料。

本集團假定，金融資產如逾期超過30日，其信貸風險會顯著增加。

當債務人不大可能在本集團無追索權採取行動(例如變現抵押品(如持有))的情況下向本集團悉數履行其信貸義務；或金融資產逾期超過90日，本集團會將該金融資產視為拖欠。

取決於金融工具的性质，信貸風險大幅上升的評估乃按個別基準或共同基準進行。倘評估為按共同基準進行，金融工具則按共同的信貸風險特徵(如逾期狀況及信貸風險評級)進行分組。

本集團認為金融資產於下列情況下已信貸減值：

- 債務人出現重大財務困難；
- 違反合約如違約或逾期超過90日；
- 本集團根據其他情況下不會考慮之條款重組貸款或墊款；

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(o) Financial Instruments (Continued)

(ii) Impairment loss on financial assets (Continued)

- it is probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. Any recoveries made are recognised in profit or loss.

Interest income on credit-impaired financial assets is calculated based on the amortised cost (i.e. the gross carrying amount less loss allowance) of the financial asset. For non-credit-impaired financial assets interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount.

(iii) Financial liabilities

The Group classifies its financial liabilities, depending on the purpose for which the liabilities were incurred. Financial liabilities at amortised costs are initially measured at fair value, net of directly attributable costs incurred.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities at amortised cost including trade, bills and other payables and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method. The related interest expense is recognised in profit or loss.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(o) 金融工具(續)

(ii) 金融資產之減值虧損(續)

- 債務人很可能會進行破產或其他財務重組；或
- 由於發行人出現財務困難，證券活躍市場消失。

本集團於損益中確認所有金融工具的減值收益或虧損，並透過虧損撥備賬項相應調整其賬面值。

倘有資料顯示債務人面對嚴重財務困難，且實際上並無收款前景，則本集團會撇銷金融資產。經考慮法律意見後(如合適)，遭撇銷的金融資產可能仍須按本集團收款程序進行須強制執行的活動。任何收款於損益內確認。

信貸減值金融資產的利息收入根據該金融資產的攤銷成本(即總賬面值減虧損撥備)計算。就非信貸減值金融資產而言，利息收入根據總賬面值計算。

(iii) 金融負債

本集團根據金融負債產生之目的將金融負債分類。按攤銷成本計量之金融負債初步按公平值減所產生直接應佔成本計量。

按攤銷成本計量之金融負債

按攤銷成本計量之金融負債(包括應付貿易賬款、應付票據及其他應付款項及借貸)其後採用實際利率法按攤銷成本計量。相關利息開支於損益中確認。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(o) Financial Instruments (Continued)

(iii) *Financial liabilities (Continued)*

Financial liabilities at amortised cost (Continued)

Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the amortisation process.

The accounting policy of lease liabilities is set out in note 4(h).

(iv) *Effective interest method*

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts or payments through the expected life of the financial asset or liability, or where appropriate, a shorter period.

(v) *Financial guarantee contracts*

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the original or modified terms of a debt instrument. A financial guarantee contract issued by the Group and not designated as at fair value through profit or loss is recognised initially at its fair value less transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issue of the financial guarantee contract. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group measures the financial guarantee contract at the higher of: (i) the amount of the loss allowance, being the ECLs provision measured in accordance with principles of the accounting policy set out in note 4(o)(ii); and (ii) the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, cumulative amortisation recognised in accordance with the principles of HKFRS 15.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(o) 金融工具(續)

(iii) *金融負債(續)*

按攤銷成本計量之金融負債(續)

收益或虧損於終止確認負債時及透過攤銷過程於損益中確認。

租賃負債之會計政策載於附註4(h)。

(iv) *實際利率法*

實際利率法乃計算金融資產或金融負債之攤銷成本，並於相關期間攤分利息收入或利息支出之方法。實際利率是指可準確將估計未來現金收入或支出於金融資產或負債之預計年期或較短期間(如適用)貼現之利率。

(v) *財務擔保合約*

財務擔保合約乃合約發行者根據某項債務工具原有或經修改之條款，因某特定債務人於到期日未能償還款項而需支付特定款項以補償合約持有者招致之損失之一項合約。由本集團所發行而非指定為透過損益以公平值計量之財務擔保合約，於首次確認時以其公平值減直接應佔發行財務擔保合約之交易成本列賬。於首次確認後，本集團以下列較高者計算財務擔保合約：(i)虧損撥備金額，即根據4(o)(ii)所載會計政策原則計量的預期信貸虧損撥備；及(ii)首次確認之數額減按香港財務報告準則第15號之原則而確認之累計攤銷(倘適用)。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(o) Financial Instruments (Continued)

(vi) *Equity instruments*

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

(vii) *Derecognition*

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the future cash flows in relation to the financial asset expire or when the financial asset has been transferred and the transfer meets the criteria for derecognition in accordance with HKFRS 9.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

(p) Equity-settled share-based payment transactions

Share options granted to employees

The fair value of services received determined by reference to the fair value of share options granted at the grant date is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, with a corresponding increase in equity (share option reserve).

At the end of the reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to ultimately vest. The impact of the revision of the estimates during the vesting period, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the share option reserve.

At the time when the share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in the share option reserve will be transferred to share premium. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in the share option reserve will continue to be held in the share option reserve.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(o) 金融工具(續)

(vi) *權益工具*

本公司所發行的權益工具按已收所得款項(扣除直接發行成本後)入賬。

(vii) *終止確認*

當自金融資產收取未來現金流量的合約權利已屆滿，或該項金融資產已轉讓且轉讓符合根據香港財務報告準則第9號的終止確認標準時，本集團即終止確認金融資產。

在相關合約內指定的責任獲履行、取消或屆滿時終止確認有關金融負債。

(p) 以權益結算及以股份為基礎的付款交易

授予僱員的購股權

服務的公平值乃參考所授出購股權於授出日期的公平值釐定，按歸屬期以直線法支銷，並於權益(購股權儲備)作相應增加。

本集團於報告期末修訂對預期最終會歸屬的購股權數目的估計。於歸屬期間修訂估計的影響(如有)於損益確認致使累計開支反映經修訂估計，並會相應調整購股權儲備。

購股權獲行使時，過往於購股權儲備確認的數額將轉撥至股份溢價。倘購股權於歸屬日後被沒收或於屆滿日仍未獲行使，則過往於購股權儲備確認的數額將繼續保留在購股權儲備。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(q) Impairment on tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill (see the accounting policy in respect of goodwill above)

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets with finite useful lives to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or a cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(q) 除商譽外的有形及無形資產減值(有關商譽的會計政策見於上文)

本集團於報告期末審閱其具備有限可使用年期的有形及無形資產的賬面金額，以釐定是否有任何跡象顯示該等資產出現減值虧損。倘存在任何有關減值跡象，則估計該資產的可收回金額以釐定減值虧損(如有)程度。倘無法估計個別資產的可收回金額，則本集團會估計資產所屬現金產生單位的可收回金額。如能識別出合理一致的分配基準，亦會將公司資產分配至個別現金產生單位，或分配至能識別出合理一致的分配基準的現金產生單位的最小組別。

可收回金額指公平值減出售成本及使用價值兩者中之較高者。於評估使用價值時，估計未來現金流量使用稅前折現率折現至現值。有關折現率反映當前市場對貨幣時間值及資產(其未來現金流量估計未作調整)特有風險的評估。

倘一項資產(或一個現金產生單位)的可收回金額估計低於其賬面金額，則該項資產(或現金產生單位)的賬面金額須削減至其可收回金額。減值虧損即時於損益確認。

倘日後撥回減值虧損，有關資產(或現金產生單位)的賬面金額會增至經修訂的估計可收回金額，惟增加後的賬面金額不得超出倘有關資產(或現金產生單位)並無於以往年度確認任何減值虧損所應釐定的賬面金額。撥回的減值虧損即時於損益確認。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(Continued)*

財務報表附註(續)

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(r) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, which it is probable will result in an outflow of economic benefits that can be reliably estimated.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, the existence of which will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

(s) Related parties

(a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:

- (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
- (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
- (iii) is a member of key management personnel of the Group or the Company's parent.

(b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions apply:

- (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others);
- (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member);

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(r) 撥備及或然負債

當本集團因過去事項須承擔法定義務或推定義務，而履行該義務很可能需要付出經濟效益及能夠可靠估計時，便為未確定時間或金額的負債確認撥備。

當不可能有需要流出經濟效益，或其數額未能可靠地估計，除非經濟效益流出之可能性極小，則須披露該義務為或然負債。潛在義務的存在僅能以一個或數個未來事項的發生或不發生來證實，除非經濟效益流出可能性極小，亦同時披露為或然負債。

(s) 關聯人士

(a) 倘屬以下人士，即該人士或該人士的近親與本集團有關連：

- (i) 對本集團有控制權或共同控制權；
- (ii) 對本集團有重大影響力；或
- (iii) 為本集團或本公司母公司的主要管理層成員之一。

(b) 符合任何以下條件的實體會被視為與本集團有關聯：

- (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一集團成員(即母公司、附屬公司及同系附屬公司各自互有關聯)；
- (ii) 一實體為另一實體的聯營公司或合營公司(或一集團成員之聯營公司或合營公司而另一實體為成員之一)；

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(s) Related parties (Continued)

- (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party;
- (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
- (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of the employees of the Group or an entity related to the Group;
- (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
- (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); or
- (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Company.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity and include:

- (i) that person's children and spouse or domestic partner;
- (ii) children of that person's spouse or domestic partner; and
- (iii) dependents of that person or that person's spouse or domestic partner.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

(s) 關聯人士(續)

- (iii) 兩實體為同一第三方的合營公司；
- (iv) 一實體為第三方的合營公司，而另一實體為該第三方的聯營公司；
- (v) 該實體為本集團或與本集團有關聯的實體的僱員離職後福利計劃；
- (vi) 該實體受(a)條所識別之人士的控制或共同控制；
- (vii) (a)(i)識別之人士對該實體有重大影響力或該人士為該實體(或該實體的母公司)的主要管理層成員之一；或
- (viii) 該實體或其所屬任何集團成員向本集團或本公司的母公司提供主要管理層成員服務。

任何人士之近親為可能預期於與該實體之交易中影響該名人士或受該名人士影響之家族成員，包括：

- (i) 該人士之子女及配偶或同居伴侶；
- (ii) 該人士的配偶或同居伴侶的子女；及
- (iii) 該人士或該人士的配偶或同居伴侶的受養人。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

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5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, the Directors are required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Given Covid-19 pandemic has created and may continue to create significant uncertainty in macroeconomic conditions actual results differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

Expect for those disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, the following is the critical judgement, apart from those involving estimations (see below), that the Directors have made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that has the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

Going concern assumption

As mentioned in note 3(b), the directors of the Company have prepared the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021 based on a going concern basis. The assessment of the going concern assumption involves making judgement by the directors of the Company at a particular point of time, about the future outcome of events or conditions which are uncertain. The Group's management has prepared a cash flow forecast of the Group covering a 18-month period from 1 January 2022 to 30 June 2023 and concluded that there will be sufficient funds from the Group's existing cash and fund resources, and cash flows to be generated from its operations to finance its future operations to maintain the Group as a going concern in at least twelve months subsequent to the end of the reporting period. Accordingly, the directors of the Company consider that the Group and the Company have the capability to continue as a going concern.

5. 關鍵會計判斷及估計不明朗因素的主要來源

應用本集團的會計政策時，董事須對無法透過其他來源確定的資產及負債賬面金額作出判斷、估計及假設。該等估計及相關假設基於過往經驗及其他被視為相關的因素而作出。鑑於2019冠狀病毒病疫情已經並可能繼續為宏觀經濟狀況帶來重大不確定性，實際結果有別於該等估計。

本公司持續審閱該等估計及相關假設。倘對會計估計的修訂僅影響進行修訂的期間，則於該期間確認有關修訂，倘修訂影響目前及未來期間，則會於進行修訂及未來期間確認有關修訂。

應用會計政策之關鍵判斷

除於此等財務報表其他地方所披露者外，以下為董事於應用本集團會計政策時作出的關鍵判斷(除涉及估計的判斷(見下文)外)，有關判斷對綜合財務報表的已確認金額影響至為重大。

持續經營假設

誠如附註3(b)所述，本公司董事已按持續經營基準編製截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度之綜合財務報表。對持續經營假設之評估要求本公司董事於特定時間點對具有不確定性之未來事件或狀況結果作出判斷。本集團管理層已編製本集團自二零二二年一月一日起至二零二三年六月三十日止十八個月期間的現金流量預測，並得出結論認為將可自本集團現有現金及資金資源以及將自其業務營運產生的現金流量獲得充足資金，以為其未來業務營運提供資金，從而於報告期末後至少十二個月內維持本集團的持續經營。因此，本公司董事認為，本集團及本公司具備持續經營能力。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

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5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

Critical judgements in applying accounting policies (Continued)

Deferred taxation on investment properties

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax liabilities or deferred tax assets arising from investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the Directors have reviewed the Group's investment property portfolios and concluded that the Group's investment properties situated in the PRC with carrying amount of HK\$230,797,000 as at 31 December 2021 (2020: HK\$205,442,000) are held under a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment properties over time, rather than through sale; therefore, the Directors have determined that the presumption that the carrying amounts of such investment properties are recovered through sale is rebutted. As a result, the Group has not recognised any deferred taxes on land appreciation tax on changes in fair value of these investment properties but has only recognised deferred taxes on enterprise income tax.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets within the next financial year.

Impairment loss on receivables, loan to and amount due from an associate

The measurement of impairment losses under HKFRS 9 across all categories of financial assets requires judgement, in particular, the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows when determining impairment losses and the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk. These estimates are driven by a number of factors, changes in which can result in different levels of allowances.

5. 關鍵會計判斷及估計不明朗因素的主要來源(續)

應用會計政策之關鍵判斷(續)

投資物業的遞延稅項

就計算以公平值模型計量的投資物業產生的遞延稅項負債或遞延稅項資產而言，董事已審閱本集團的投資物業組合，結論為本集團於二零二一年十二月三十一日賬面值為230,797,000港元(二零二零年：205,442,000港元)位於中國的投資物業乃以通過時間的推移消耗(而非銷售)該投資物業所含絕大部分經濟利益為目標的商業模式持有。因此，董事確定投資物業賬面值透過出售予以收回的假設已被推翻。因此，本集團並無就投資物業的公平值變動而產生之土地增值稅項確認任何遞延稅項，而僅就企業所得稅確認遞延稅項。

估計不明朗因素的主要來源

以下為大有可能導致須於下一財政年度對資產賬面金額作出重大調整的未來主要假設及於報告期末估計不明朗因素的其他主要來源。

應收款項及向一間聯營公司提供的貸款及應收一間聯營公司款項的減值虧損

根據香港財務報告準則第9號對所有類別的金融資產進行減值虧損計量須作出判斷，特別是在釐定減值虧損及評估信貸風險的大幅增加時，對未來現金流量的金額及發生的時間的估計。此等估計受多項因素影響，當中有關的變動可能導致須作出不同程度的撥備。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

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5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

At each end of the reporting period, the Group assesses whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk for exposures since initial recognition by comparing the risk of default occurring over the expected life between the reporting date and the date of initial recognition. The Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort for this purpose. This includes quantitative and qualitative information and also, forward-looking analysis.

For more detailed information in relation to the assessment of ECLs of financial assets, please refer to note 37(b).

Estimated impairment of goodwill, intangible assets, and property, plant and equipment

Determining whether goodwill, intangible assets and property, plant and equipment are impaired requires an estimation of the value in use of the CGUs of the business of satellite TV equipment and antenna conducted by Pro Brand Technology, Inc. ("PBT"), to which goodwill, intangible assets, and property, plant and equipment have been allocated. The value in use calculation requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the CGUs and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value. The discount rate represents rate that reflects current market assessments of the value of money and the risks specific to the assets for which future cash flows estimates have not been adjusted. Where the future cash flows are less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise. As at 31 December 2021, the carrying amount of goodwill was HK\$9,597,000 (2020: HK\$10,140,000) and the carrying amount of related intangible asset and property, plant and equipment for these CGUs were HK\$2,480,000 (2020: HK\$3,836,000) and HK\$57,520,000 (2020: HK\$52,114,000), respectively. Details of the recoverable amount calculation are disclosed in note 18.

* For identification purpose only

5. 關鍵會計判斷及估計不明朗因素的主要來源(續)

估計不明朗因素的主要來源(續)

於各報告期間末，本集團會將通過對由報告日期至初步確認日期之間的預計年內發生的違約風險進行比較，以評估自初步確認以來信貸風險是否有顯著增加。本集團就此會考慮相關及毋須付出過度成本或努力而可用的合理及具支持理據的資料，當中包括定量及定性資料以及前瞻性分析。

有關金融資產預期信貸虧損評估的更詳細資料，請參閱附註37(b)。

商譽、無形資產以及物業、廠房及設備的估計減值

釐定商譽、無形資產以及物業、廠房及設備是否減值時，須估計衛星電視設備及天線業務(由博百科技有限公司* (Pro Brand Technology, Inc.)(「博百科技」)經營)現金產生單位的使用價值，有關業務均獲分配商譽、無形資產以及物業、廠房及設備。計算使用價值時，本集團須估計預期自現金產生單位所得未來現金流量及合適的折現率以計算現值。折現率為可反映目前市場所評估的貨幣價值及資產(其未來現金流量估計未作調整)特定風險的利率。倘未來現金流量少於預期，則可能產生重大減值虧損。於二零二一年十二月三十一日，商譽的賬面金額為9,597,000港元(二零二零年：10,140,000港元)，而該等現金產生單位的相關無形資產以及物業、廠房及設備的賬面金額則分別為2,480,000港元(二零二零年：3,836,000港元)及57,520,000港元(二零二零年：52,114,000港元)。計算可收回金額的詳情於附註18披露。

* 僅供識別

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

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5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

Write-down of inventories

Provision for slow-moving inventories is made based on estimated net realisable value of inventories. The assessment of the provision amount required involves management judgment and estimates in identifying obsolete and slow-moving inventories and estimate relevant market values for those inventories identified. Where the actual outcome or expectation in future is different from the original estimate, such differences will impact the carrying value of inventories and provision charge/written back in the period in which the estimate has been changed. As at 31 December 2021, the gross carrying amount of inventories was HK\$220,617,000 (2020: HK\$175,009,000), and accumulated allowance of inventories of HK\$15,579,000 (2020: HK\$18,376,000) was recognised as at 31 December 2021.

Income taxes

Determining income tax provisions involves significant judgement in determining the amount of the provision and the timing of payment. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax expense is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognises taxes based on estimates of the likely outcome with reference to current tax laws and practices. Where the final tax outcome of these transactions is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such difference will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the year in which such determination is made. Deferred tax assets relating to certain deductible temporary differences and tax losses will be recognised when management considers it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences or tax losses can be utilised. Where the expectation is different from the originally estimate, such differences will impact the recognition of deferred tax assets and income tax expense in the period in which such estimate is changed.

5. 關鍵會計判斷及估計不明朗因素的主要來源(續)

估計不明朗因素的主要來源(續)

存貨撇減

滯銷存貨乃根據存貨的估計可變現淨值作出撥備。所需撥備金額的估計涉及管理層於識別陳舊及滯銷存貨時做出的判斷及估計以及對已識別存貨的相關市值估計。倘未來的實際結果或預期與原有估計存在差異，則該差異將會對估計已發生變更期間的存貨賬面值及撥備支出／撥回產生影響。於二零二一年十二月三十一日，存貨的賬面總值為220,617,000港元(二零二零年：175,009,000港元)，而於二零二一年十二月三十一日確認的累計存貨撥備為15,579,000港元(二零二零年：18,376,000港元)。

所得稅

確定所得稅撥備涉及確定該撥備金額和支付時間的重要判斷。日常業務過程中許多交易和計算所涉及的最終稅務支出並不確定。本集團確認稅項，乃根據參照現行稅收法律和慣例的可能結果的估計。倘這些交易的最終稅務結果與最初記錄的金額存在差異，該差異將會影響確定當年的所得稅和遞延所得稅撥備。當管理層認為很可能可利用未來應課稅溢利作抵扣暫時性差異或稅項虧損時，則會確認與若干可抵扣暫時性差異及稅項虧損有關的遞延稅項資產。當預期與原先的估計不同，該等差異將影響進行此類估計變更期間確認的遞延稅項資產和所得稅支出。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

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5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

Fair value measurement on investment properties

Investment properties included in the Group's financial statements require measurement at, and disclosure of, fair value.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical items;
- Level 2: Observable direct or indirect inputs other than Level 1 inputs; and
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs (i.e. not derived from market data).

For more detailed information in relation to the fair value measurement of investment properties, please refer to note 17.

5. 關鍵會計判斷及估計不明朗因素的主要來源(續)

估計不明朗因素的主要來源(續)

投資物業之公平值計量

計入本集團財務報表之投資物業須按公平值計量及披露。

公平值為於計量日期市場參與者於有序交易中出售資產可收取或轉讓負債須支付之價格，而不論該價格是否可直接觀察或使用其他估值技術估計。若市場參與者於計量日期對資產或負債定價時會考慮資產或負債之特點，則本集團於估計資產或負債之公平值時會考慮該等特點。

此外，就財務報告而言，公平值計量分為第一級、第二級或第三級，有關等級乃根據公平值計量輸入數據之可觀察程度及該等輸入數據對公平值計量整體之重要程度而劃分，說明如下：

- 第一級：相同項目於活躍市場之報價(未經調整)；
- 第二級：直接或間接可觀察輸入數據(第一級輸入數據除外)；及
- 第三級：不可觀察輸入數據(即並非源自市場之數據)。

有關投資物業公平值計量之更多詳情，請參閱附註17。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

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6. REVENUE

Revenue represents the amounts received and receivable for goods sold, less returns and discounts, and services provided by the Group to outside customers during the year. An analysis of the Group's revenue is as follows:

6. 收益

收益指本集團年內向外部客戶銷售貨品及提供服務而已收及應收的款項(已扣除退貨及折扣)。本集團的收益分析如下：

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Sales of goods	銷售貨品	926,471	863,629

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The segment information reported externally was analysed on the basis of their goods and services delivered or provided by the Group's operating divisions which is consistent with the internal information that are regularly reviewed by the executive Directors, the chief operating decision maker, for the purposes of resources allocation and assessment of performance. This is also the basis of organisation in the Group, whereby the management has chosen to organise the Group around different products and services.

7. 分部資料

對外呈報之分部資料按本集團營運部門交付貨品及提供服務之基準分析，其與由執行董事(主要營運決策者)就資源分配及表現評估定期審閱之內部資料一致。此亦為本集團之組織基準，據此，管理層選擇按不同產品及服務組織本集團。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
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7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Specifically, the Group's operating segments under HKFRS 8 are as follows:

- (i) **Media entertainment platform related products**
Trading and manufacturing of media entertainment platform related products, which are mainly used for satellite products equipment.
- (ii) **Other multimedia products**
Trading and manufacturing of components of audio and video electronic products such as cable lines.
- (iii) **Satellite TV equipment and antenna products**
Trading and manufacturing of satellite TV equipment and antenna products.

The following summary describes the operations in each of the Group's reportable segments:

Revenue from contracts with customer within the scope of HKFRS 15:

7. 分部資料(續)

具體而言，本集團根據香港財務報告準則第8號之經營分部如下：

- (i) **媒體娛樂平臺相關產品**
買賣及製造媒體娛樂平臺相關產品，主要用於衛星產品設備。
- (ii) **其他多媒體產品**
買賣及製造影音電子產品零件，例如線纜。
- (iii) **衛星電視設備及天線產品**
買賣及製造衛星電視設備及天線產品。

以下概述說明本集團各可呈報分類中的業務：

香港財務報告準則第15號範疇內的客戶合約收益：

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Media entertainment platform related products	媒體娛樂平臺相關產品	117,545	124,293
Other multimedia products	其他多媒體產品	271,886	273,735
Satellite TV equipment and antenna products	衛星電視設備及天線產品	537,040	465,601
		926,471	863,629

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
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7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

SEGMENT REVENUE AND RESULTS

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by reportable and operating segments:

Year ended 31 December 2021

7. 分部資料(續)

分部收益及業績

按可呈報及經營分部分析的本集團收益及業績如下：

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

		Media entertainment platform related products 媒體娛樂 平臺相關產品 HK\$'000 千港元	Other multimedia products 其他多媒體 產品 HK\$'000 千港元	Satellite TV equipment and antenna products 衛星電視設備 及天線產品 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	收益				
External sales	外部銷售	117,545	271,886	537,040	926,471
Results	業績				
Segment results	分部業績	5,645	15,301	72,354	93,300
Provision for expected credit loss on loan to an associate	給予一間聯營公司的貸款的預期信貸虧損撥備				(92)
Reversal of expected credit loss on the amount due from an associate	應收一間聯營公司款項的預期信貸虧損撥回				1,250
Provision for expected credit loss on trade receivables	應收貿易賬款的預期信貸虧損撥備				(16,053)
Other income, gains and losses	其他收入、收益及虧損				47,469
Research and development costs	研發成本				(27,382)
Administrative and other expenses	行政及其他開支				(110,287)
Share of profit of an associate	應佔一間聯營公司之溢利				4,487
Finance costs	融資成本				(28,140)
Increase in fair value of investment properties	投資物業的公平值增加				19,006
Loss before income tax expense	所得稅支出前虧損				(16,442)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

SEGMENT REVENUE AND RESULTS (Continued)

Year ended 31 December 2020

7. 分部資料(續)

分部收益及業績(續)

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

		Media entertainment platform related products 媒體娛樂 平臺相關產品 HK\$'000 千港元	Other multimedia products 其他多媒體 產品 HK\$'000 千港元	Satellite TV equipment and antenna products 衛星電視設備 及天線產品 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	收益				
External sales	外部銷售	124,293	273,735	465,601	863,629
Results	業績				
Segment results	分部業績	2,039	16,434	63,897	82,370
Reversal of expected credit loss on loan to an associate	給予一間聯營公司的貸款 的預期信貸虧損撥回				25
Reversal of expected credit loss on the amount due from an associate	應收一間聯營公司款項的 預期信貸虧損撥回				2,316
Provision for expected credit loss on trade receivables	應收貿易賬款的預期信貸 虧損撥備				(4,257)
Other income, gains and losses	其他收入、收益及虧損				44,875
Research and development costs	研發成本				(32,276)
Administrative and other expenses	行政及其他開支				(107,229)
Share of profit of an associate	應佔一間聯營公司之溢利				16,277
Finance costs	融資成本				(29,839)
Increase in fair value of investment properties	投資物業的公平值增加				7,052
Loss before income tax expense	所得稅支出前虧損				(20,686)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued) SEGMENT REVENUE AND RESULTS (Continued)

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as the accounting policies of the Group described in note 4. Segment results represent the profit earned by each segment without allocation of provision for/reversal of expected credit losses, administrative and other expenses, research and development costs, other income, gains and losses, changes in fair value of investment properties, share of profit of an associate and finance costs. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resources allocation and performance assessment.

SEGMENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The following is an analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by reportable and operating segments:

At 31 December 2021

7. 分部資料(續) 分部收益及業績(續)

經營分部的會計政策與附註4所述本集團會計政策相同。分部業績指各分類所賺取的溢利，其並未分配預期信貸虧損撥備／撥回、行政及其他開支、研發成本、其他收入、收益及虧損、投資物業公平值的變動、應佔一間聯營公司之溢利及融資成本。此乃就資源分配及表現評估向主要營運決策者報告的方式。

分類資產及負債

按可呈報及經營分部分析的本集團資產及負債如下：

於二零二一年十二月三十一日

		Media entertainment platform related products 媒體娛樂 平臺相關產品 HK\$'000 千港元	Other multimedia products 其他多媒體 產品 HK\$'000 千港元	Satellite TV equipment and antenna products 衛星電視設備 及天線產品 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Assets	資產				
Segment assets	分部資產	54,847	36,063	400,618	491,528
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金				111,354
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款				3,603
Unallocated corporate assets	未分配公司資產				410,587
Consolidated assets	綜合資產				1,017,072
Liabilities	負債				
Segment liabilities	分部負債	53,495	79,521	169,912	302,928
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借貸				370,064
Lease liabilities	租賃負債				20,796
Unallocated corporate liabilities	未分配公司負債				228,191
Consolidated liabilities	綜合負債				921,979

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

SEGMENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

At 31 December 2020

7. 分部資料(續)

分類資產及負債(續)

於二零二零年十二月三十一日

		Media entertainment platform related products 媒體娛樂 平臺相關產品 HK\$'000 千港元	Other multimedia products 其他多媒體 產品 HK\$'000 千港元	Satellite TV equipment and antenna products 衛星電視設備 及天線產品 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Assets	資產				
Segment assets	分部資產	62,959	37,863	289,071	389,893
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金				88,871
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款				3,957
Unallocated corporate assets	未分配公司資產				413,768
Consolidated assets	綜合資產				896,489
Liabilities	負債				
Segment liabilities	分部負債	41,103	90,683	122,479	254,265
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借貸				412,984
Lease liabilities	租賃負債				8,254
Unallocated corporate liabilities	未分配公司負債				167,470
Consolidated liabilities	綜合負債				842,973

For the purpose of monitoring segment performances and allocating resources between segments:

- all assets are allocated to operating segments other than certain property, plant and equipment, investment properties, loan to an associate, amount due from an associate, interest in an associate, deferred tax assets, loan receivables, certain other receivables, bank balances and cash and pledged bank deposits; and
- all liabilities are allocated to operating segments other than certain other payables, tax liabilities, deferred tax liabilities, bank and other borrowings, provision for financial guarantee and lease liabilities.

監察分類表現及於分類間分配資源：

- 除若干物業、廠房及設備、投資物業、給予一間聯營公司的貸款、應收一間聯營公司款項、於一間聯營公司之權益、遞延稅項資產、應收貸款、若干其他應收款項、銀行結存及現金及已抵押銀行存款外，所有資產分配至各經營分部；及
- 除若干其他應付款項、稅項負債、遞延稅項負債、銀行及其他借貸、財務擔保撥備及租賃負債，所有負債分配至各經營分部。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

OTHER SEGMENT INFORMATION

Year ended 31 December 2021

7. 分部資料(續)

其他分部資料

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

		Media entertainment platform related products 媒體娛樂平臺相關產品 HK\$'000 千港元	Other multimedia products 其他多媒體產品 HK\$'000 千港元	Satellite TV equipment and antenna products 衛星電視設備及天線產品 HK\$'000 千港元	Unallocated 未分配 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or loss or segment assets:	計量分類損益或分類資產時計入的金額：					
Addition to non-current assets	添置非流動資產	117	-	23,116	2,058	25,291
Depreciation	折舊	108	411	9,903	-	10,422
Write-down of inventories	存貨撇減	1,281	-	-	-	1,281
Reversal of impairment loss on inventories	撥回存貨減值虧損	(2,718)	-	-	-	(2,718)
Amounts not included in the measure of segment profit or loss:	計量分類損益時不計入的金額：					
Depreciation	折舊	943	29	6,497	936	8,405
Release of prepaid lease payments	撥回預付租賃款項	29	-	-	-	29

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

OTHER SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Year ended 31 December 2020

7. 分部資料(續)

其他分部資料(續)

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

	Media entertainment platform related products 媒體娛樂 平臺相關產品 HK\$'000 千港元	Other multimedia products 其他多媒體 產品 HK\$'000 千港元	Satellite TV equipment and antenna products 衛星電視設備 及天線產品 HK\$'000 千港元	Unallocated 未分配 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元	
Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or loss or segment assets:	計量分類損益或分類資產時計入的金額：					
Addition to non-current assets	添置非流動資產	83	-	6,961	976	8,020
Depreciation	折舊	354	591	14,091	-	15,036
Write-down of inventories	存貨撇減	1,856	-	-	-	1,856
Reversal of impairment loss on inventories	撥回存貨減值虧損	(7,420)	-	-	-	(7,420)
Amounts not included in the measure of segment profit or loss:	計量分類損益時不計入的金額：					
Depreciation	折舊	676	431	7,265	1,072	9,444
Release of prepaid lease payments	撥回預付租賃款項	56	-	-	-	56

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

DISAGGREGATION OF REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS

7. 分部資料(續)

分拆客戶合約收益

		Media entertainment platform related products 媒體娛樂平臺相關產品		Other multimedia products 其他多媒體產品		Satellite TV equipment and antenna products 衛星電視設備及天線產品		Total 總計	
		2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
		二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Primary geographical markets	主要地域市場								
Asia	亞洲	7,198	18,913	64,345	48,749	44,754	31,700	116,297	99,362
Europe	歐洲	102,215	70,011	4,042	3,378	18,979	26,000	125,236	99,389
North America	北美	-	-	200,951	218,894	425,438	348,471	626,389	567,365
Middle East	中東	6,992	34,253	258	100	8,984	22,490	16,234	56,843
Africa	非洲	1,023	947	-	-	-	388	1,023	1,335
South America	南美	-	-	2,037	1,868	38,885	36,552	40,922	38,420
Other regions	其他地區	117	169	253	746	-	-	370	915
Total	總計	117,545	124,293	271,886	273,735	537,040	465,601	926,471	863,629
Major products/services	主要產品/服務								
Set-top box (STB)	機頂盒	32,749	35,551	-	-	-	-	32,749	35,551
Low noise block (LNB)	低雜訊降頻器	-	2,056	-	-	-	-	-	2,056
Small Domestic Appliance	小型家電	37	14,950	-	-	-	-	37	14,950
Other media entertainment products	其他媒體娛樂產品	53,701	69,722	-	-	-	-	53,701	69,722
Sterilizer	殺菌器	-	-	-	93,740	-	-	-	93,740
Connector	接頭	-	-	6,189	-	-	-	6,189	-
Cable and assembly	電纜及組裝	-	-	75,946	45,384	-	-	75,946	45,384
Networkings	網絡	-	-	60,407	-	-	-	60,407	-
Other multi-media products	其他多媒體產品	-	-	129,344	134,611	-	-	129,344	134,611
Satellite TV antenna equipment products	衛星電視天線及設備產品	-	-	-	-	537,040	465,601	537,040	465,601
Internet Service Provider (ISP)	網絡服務設備	31,058	2,014	-	-	-	-	31,058	2,014
		117,545	124,293	271,886	273,735	537,040	465,601	926,471	863,629
Timing of revenue recognition	收益確認時間								
At a point in time	按時間點	117,545	124,293	271,886	273,735	537,040	465,601	926,471	863,629
Transferred over time	隨時間確認	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		117,545	124,293	271,886	273,735	537,040	465,601	926,471	863,629

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

GEOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION

The Group's operations are mainly located in the PRC (country of domicile), Taiwan, Europe, and North America.

The Group's revenue from external customers, based on location of customers, and information about its non-current assets by geographical location of the assets are detailed below:

7. 分部資料(續)

地域資料

本集團的業務乃主要位於中國(居籍所在國)、臺灣、歐洲及北美。

本集團來自外部客戶(根據客戶所在地)的收益及有關按資產所在地域劃分其非流動資產的資料詳列如下：

		Revenue from external customers 來自外部客戶的收益		Non-current assets (note) 非流動資產(附註)	
		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Asia	亞洲				
- Taiwan	- 臺灣	43,542	7,645	19,439	15,024
- Nepal	- 尼泊爾	5,972	14,738	91,443	90,393
- PRC (country of domicile)	- 中國(居籍所在國)	10,506	31,385	273,216	245,154
- India	- 印度	32,556	26,423	-	-
- Singapore	- 新加坡	-	3	-	-
- Hong Kong	- 香港	13,017	-	-	-
- Others	- 其他	10,704	19,168	6,898	7,542
Europe	歐洲				
- Germany	- 德國	86,500	53,790	92	88
- Italy	- 意大利	14,097	16,717	-	-
- Spain	- 西班牙	14,488	18,071	16	20
- Portugal	- 葡萄牙	21	29	-	-
- France	- 法國	2,627	1,430	-	-
- Poland	- 波蘭	4,151	3,520	-	-
- Denmark	- 丹麥	-	11	-	-
- Malta	- 馬耳他	19	100	-	-
- Russia	- 俄羅斯	119	360	-	-
- Others	- 其他	3,214	5,361	-	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

GEOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION (Continued)

7. 分部資料(續)

地域資料(續)

	Revenue from external customers 來自外部客戶的收益		Non-current assets (note) 非流動資產(附註)	
	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
North America	北美			
– United States of America (“USA”)	– 美利堅合眾國 (「美國」)		15,955	18,352
– Canada	– 加拿大		–	–
– Mexico	– 墨西哥		–	–
– Others	– 其他		–	–
Middle East	中東			
– United Arab Emirates (“UAE”)	– 阿拉伯聯合酋長國 (「阿聯酋」)		–	–
– Others	– 其他		–	–
Africa	非洲			
– Egypt	– 埃及		–	–
– Morocco	– 摩洛哥		–	–
– Others	– 其他		–	–
South America	南美			
– Brazil	– 巴西		–	–
– Chile	– 智利		–	–
– Argentina	– 阿根廷		–	–
– Columbia	– 哥倫比亞		–	–
– Ecuador	– 厄瓜多爾		–	–
– Others	– 其他		–	–
Other regions	其他地區		–	–
	926,471	863,629	407,059	376,573

Note: Non-current assets exclude deferred tax assets and financial instruments.

附註：非流動資產不包括遞延稅項資產及金融工具。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued) INFORMATION ABOUT MAJOR CUSTOMERS

Revenue from customer contributing over 10% of the total sales of the Group is as follows:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Customer A	客戶A	368,572	158,196

Note: Revenue from the above customer is from the satellite TV equipment and antenna products segment.

7. 分部資料(續) 主要客戶資料

為本集團的銷售總額貢獻逾10%的客戶的收益如下：

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Customer A	客戶A	368,572	158,196

附註：上述客戶收益來自衛星電視設備及天線產品分部。

8. OTHER INCOME, GAINS AND LOSSES

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Government subsidy (note)	政府補助(附註)	509	1,035
Ancillary service income from tenants	來自租戶的配套服務收入	15,617	12,438
Interest income	利息收入	575	785
Interest income from an associate	來自一間聯營公司的利息收入	1,004	1,006
Rental income	租金收入	20,334	16,778
Sales of scrap materials and samples	廢品及樣本銷售	73	45
Net foreign exchange (loss)/gain	外幣匯兌(虧損)/收益淨額	(291)	8,708
Others	其他	9,648	4,080
		47,469	44,875

Note: The Group received various government subsidies from local government authorities in the PRC of HK\$509,000 (2020: HK\$549,000). For the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group obtained the government grants obtained from Employment Support Scheme ("ESS") under the Anti-epidemic Fund launched by the Hong Kong SAR Government supporting the payroll of the Group's employees. Under the ESS, the Group had to commit to spend these grants on payroll expenses, and not reduce employee head count below prescribed levels for a specified period of time.

There are no unfulfilled conditions and other contingencies relating to these grants and subsidies.

8. 其他收入、收益及虧損

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Government subsidy (note)	政府補助(附註)	509	1,035
Ancillary service income from tenants	來自租戶的配套服務收入	15,617	12,438
Interest income	利息收入	575	785
Interest income from an associate	來自一間聯營公司的利息收入	1,004	1,006
Rental income	租金收入	20,334	16,778
Sales of scrap materials and samples	廢品及樣本銷售	73	45
Net foreign exchange (loss)/gain	外幣匯兌(虧損)/收益淨額	(291)	8,708
Others	其他	9,648	4,080
		47,469	44,875

附註：本集團自中國地方政府機關獲得多項政府補貼，金額為509,000港元(二零二零年：549,000港元)。截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度，本集團自香港特區政府在防疫抗疫基金下推出的保就業計劃(「保就業計劃」)獲得政府補助，用以支付本集團僱員的薪金。根據保就業計劃，本集團須承諾將該等補助用於薪金開支，且於指定期間內不得將僱員人數裁減至指定水平以下。

就該等補助及補貼而言，並無未達成之條件及其他或然事項。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

9. FINANCE COSTS

9. 融資成本

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest on bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借貸利息	26,910	29,647
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息	1,230	192
		28,140	29,839

10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

10. 所得稅支出

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
The tax charge comprises:	稅項開支包括：		
Current tax:	本期稅項：		
– the PRC	– 中國	5,215	1,272
– Jurisdictions other than the PRC and Hong Kong	– 中國及香港以外的司法權區	5,045	2,496
		10,260	3,768
(Over)/under-provision in prior years:	過往年度(超額撥備)/撥備不足：		
– the PRC	– 中國	(997)	(247)
– Jurisdictions other than the PRC and Hong Kong	– 中國及香港以外的司法權區	(950)	122
		(1,947)	(125)
Deferred taxation:	遞延稅項：		
– Current year (note 23)	– 本年度(附註23)	1,506	(502)
		9,819	3,141

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財務報表附註(續)

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10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Continued)

The tax rates applicable to the Group's principal operating subsidiaries for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

(i) the PRC

The applicable PRC enterprise income tax rate of the PRC subsidiaries is 25% in accordance with the relevant income tax law and regulations in the PRC.

(ii) Hong Kong

Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% of the estimated assessable profits.

No tax is payable on the profit arising in Hong Kong as the entity operating in Hong Kong incurred tax losses for both years.

(iii) United States

The Group's subsidiaries in the US are subject to United States Federal Income Tax at 21% (2020: 21%) and States Income Tax at 6% (2020: 6%).

(iv) Europe

The Group's European subsidiaries are subject to profit tax rates at a range of 25% to 30% (2020: 25% to 30%).

(v) Macau

As stated in the Decree Law No. 58/99/M, Chapter 2, Article 12, dated 18 October 1999, the Macau subsidiary is exempted from Macao Complementary Tax since its income is generated from business outside Macau.

(vi) Others

Other subsidiaries operating in other jurisdictions are subject to applicable tax rates in the relevant jurisdictions.

10. 所得稅支出(續)

截至二零二一年及二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度，本集團主要營運附屬公司的適用稅率如下：

(i) 中國

根據中國有關所得稅法律及法規，中國附屬公司的適用中國企業所得稅稅率為25%。

(ii) 香港

香港利得稅按估計應課稅溢利的16.5%計算。

由於在香港經營的實體於兩個年度產生稅項虧損，因此毋須就來自香港的溢利繳納稅項。

(iii) 美國

本集團的美國附屬公司須分別按21%(二零二零年：21%)及6%(二零二零年：6%)的稅率繳納美國聯邦所得稅及州所得稅。

(iv) 歐洲

本集團的歐洲附屬公司須按介乎25%至30%(二零二零年：25%至30%)的稅率繳納利得稅。

(v) 澳門

根據一九九九年十月十八日第58/99/M號法令第二章第十二條規定，由於澳門附屬公司的收入來自澳門境外的業務，故可豁免繳納澳門補充稅。

(vi) 其他

於其他司法權區經營的其他附屬公司須按有關司法權區的適用稅率繳稅。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

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10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Continued)

The tax charge for the year can be reconciled to the loss before income tax expense per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

10. 所得稅支出(續)

本年度稅項支出可與綜合損益及其他全面收益表的所得稅支出前虧損對賬如下：

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss before income tax expense	所得稅支出前虧損	(16,442)	(20,686)
Tax at the applicable rate of 25% (2020: 25%)	按適用稅率25%(二零二零年：25%) 計算的稅項	(4,110)	(5,171)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purpose	不可扣稅開支的稅務影響	5,026	4,343
Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purpose	毋須課稅收入的稅務影響	(570)	(516)
Tax effect of temporary differences not recognised	未確認的暫時差額的稅務影響	(1,860)	(326)
Tax effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries operating in other jurisdictions	於其他司法權區經營的附屬公司的 不同稅率的稅務影響	6,468	2,886
Tax effect of tax loss not recognised	未確認的稅項虧損的稅務影響	6,812	2,050
Over-provision in prior years	過往年度超額撥備	(1,947)	(125)
Tax charge for the year	本年度稅項支出	9,819	3,141

Details of deferred taxation for the year are set out in note 23.

本年度遞延稅項詳情載於附註23。

11. LOSS FOR THE YEAR

11. 本年度虧損

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss for the year has been arrived at after charging/(crediting):	達致本年度虧損時已扣除/ (計入)：		
Directors' emoluments (note 12)	董事酬金(附註12)	3,336	3,240
Other staff costs	其他員工成本	88,591	89,583
Contributions to defined contribution plans, excluding Directors	界定供款計劃供款 (董事除外)	2,242	873
Total employee benefit expenses	僱員福利開支總額	94,169	93,696

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
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11. LOSS FOR THE YEAR (Continued)

11. 本年度虧損(續)

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Carrying amount of inventories sold	銷售存貨的賬面值	806,713	750,280
Write-down of inventories (note i)	存貨撇減(附註i)	1,281	1,856
Reversal of inventory provision (note i)*	撥回存貨撥備(附註i)*	(2,718)	(7,420)
Cost of inventories recognised as expenses	已確認為開支的存貨成本	805,276	744,716
Provision for/(reversal of) expected credit loss on loan to an associate	給予一間聯營公司的貸款的 預期信貸虧損撥備/(撥回)	92	(25)
Reversal of expected credit loss on amount due from an associate	應收一間聯營公司款項的 預期信貸虧損撥回	(1,250)	(2,316)
Provision for expected credit loss on trade receivables	應收貿易賬款的預期信貸虧損撥備	16,053	4,257
Provision for expected credit loss on other financial assets	其他金融資產的預期信貸虧損撥備	14,895	1,916
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金	2,661	2,550
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	11,891	15,960
(Reversal of)/write off of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備(撥回)/撇銷	(317)	1,349
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	5,544	3,162
Amortisation of intangible assets (note i)	無形資產攤銷(附註i)	1,392	5,358
Release of prepaid lease payments	撥回預付租賃款項	29	56
Government subsidy (note ii)	政府補貼(附註ii)	(509)	(1,035)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment (note ii)	出售物業、廠房及設備的虧損 (附註ii)	171	478
Loss on termination on a lease	終止租賃的虧損	-	59
Interest income (note ii)	利息收入(附註ii)	(575)	(785)
Interest income from an associate (note ii)	來自一間聯營公司的利息收入(附註ii)	(1,004)	(1,006)
Property rental income (note ii)	物業租賃收入(附註ii)	(20,334)	(16,778)
Net foreign exchange loss/(gain) (note ii)	外幣匯兌虧損/(收益)淨額(附註ii)	291	(8,708)

Note i: Included in cost of sales

Note ii: Included in other income, gain and losses

* The reversal of inventory provision mainly arose from inventories that were sold subsequently during the year

附註i: 包括於銷售成本內

附註ii: 包括於其他收入、收益及虧損內

* 撥回存貨撥備主要來自其後於本年度售出的存貨

Included in the total employee benefit expenses is an aggregate amount of HK\$2,262,000 (2020: HK\$892,000) in respect of contributions to defined contribution plans, including directors.

僱員福利開支總額包括就界定供款計劃所作出的供款(包括董事)總額2,262,000港元(二零二零年: 892,000港元)。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

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截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

12. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

12. 董事酬金及五名最高薪人士

(a) Directors' emoluments

The emoluments paid or payable to each of the directors were as follows:

(a) 董事酬金

已付或應付予各名董事的酬金載列如下：

Year ended 31 December 2021

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

	Mr. Hung Tsung Chin 洪聰進先生	Mr. Wu Chia Ming 吳嘉明先生	Mr. Li Chak Hung 李澤雄先生	Mr. Lau Yau Cheung 劉幼祥先生	Mr. Kuo Jen Hao 郭人豪先生	Mr. Chen Wei Chun 陳偉鈞先生	Mr. Ding Jin-Huei 丁金輝先生	Mr. Lu Ming Shiu-an 盧明軒先生	Total 總計
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元 (Note v) (附註v)	HK\$'000 千港元 (Note iv) (附註iv)	HK\$'000 千港元 (Note i) (附註i)	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元 (Note ii) (附註ii)	HK\$'000 千港元 (Note iii) (附註iii)	HK\$'000 千港元
Fees 袍金	210	120	76	114	141	120	43	43	867
Other emoluments: - Salaries and other benefits - Retirement benefits schemes contributions 其他酬金： - 薪金及其他福利 - 退休福利計劃 供款	1,451	-	-	-	-	998	-	-	2,449
	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20
Total emoluments 酬金總額	1,681	120	76	114	141	1,118	43	43	3,336

Year ended 31 December 2020

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

	Mr. Hung Tsung Chin 洪聰進先生	Mr. Wu Chia Ming 吳嘉明先生	Mr. Li Chak Hung 李澤雄先生	Mr. Lau Yau Cheung 劉幼祥先生	Mr. Kuo Jen Hao 郭人豪先生	Mr. Chen Wei Chun 陳偉鈞先生	Total 總計
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Fees 袍金		120	120	120	180	120	780
Other emoluments: - Salaries and other benefits - Retirement benefits schemes contributions 其他酬金： - 薪金及其他福利 - 退休福利 計劃供款	1,473	-	-	-	-	968	2,441
	19	-	-	-	-	-	19
Total emoluments 酬金總額	1,612	120	120	120	180	1,088	3,240

Notes:

- (i) Mr. Kuo Jen Hao has been appointed as the Chairman of the Company from 24 August 2021.
- (ii) Mr. Ding Jin-Huei has been appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company from 24 August 2021.
- (iii) Mr. Lu Ming-Shiu-an has been appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company from 24 August 2021.
- (iv) Mr. Lau Yau Cheung has resigned as an independent non-executive Director and the Chairman of the Company from 18 August 2021.
- (v) Mr. Li Chak Hung has resigned as an independent non-executive Director of the Company from 18 August 2021.

附註：

- (i) 郭人豪先生於二零二一年八月二十四日獲委任為本公司主席。
- (ii) 丁金輝先生於二零二一年八月二十四日獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。
- (iii) 盧明軒先生於二零二一年八月二十四日獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。
- (iv) 劉幼祥先生於二零二一年八月十八日辭任本公司獨立非執行董事及主席。
- (v) 李澤雄先生於二零二一年八月十八日辭任本公司獨立非執行董事。

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財務報表附註(續)

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12. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS (Continued)

(b) Five highest paid individuals

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, one (2020: one) was director of the Company whose emoluments is included in the disclosure set out above. The emoluments of the remaining four (2020: four) individuals are as follows:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries and other benefits	薪金及其他福利	6,054	6,869
Retirement benefit schemes contributions	退休福利計劃供款	126	205
Total emoluments	酬金總額	6,180	7,074

The emoluments were within the following bands:

		2021 二零二一年 No. of employees 僱員人數	2020 二零二零年 No. of employees 僱員人數
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	2	1
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元	2	1
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000	2,000,001港元至2,500,000港元	-	2

During each of the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the Directors and top paid employees as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office. No director waived any emoluments for each of the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020.

12. 董事酬金及五名最高薪人士(續)

(b) 五名最高薪人士

本集團五名最高薪人士中，一名(二零二零年：一名)為本公司董事，有關酬金已載於上文。其餘四名(二零二零年：四名)人士的酬金如下：

酬金介乎以下範圍：

於截至二零二一年及二零二零年十二月三十一日止各年度，本集團並無向任何董事及最高薪僱員支付酬金，作為招攬或獎勵加盟本集團的酬金或離職補償。截至二零二一年及二零二零年十二月三十一日止各年度，概無董事放棄任何酬金。

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財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
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13. DIVIDENDS

The Board has resolved not to recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: Nil).

13. 股息

董事會議決不派付截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的末期股息(二零二零年：無)。

14. LOSS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted loss per share attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company is based on the following data:

14. 每股虧損

本公司普通股權益持有人應佔每股基本及攤薄虧損乃按下列數據計算：

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company for the purposes of calculating basic loss per share	用於計算每股基本虧損之本公司擁有人應佔本年度虧損	(25,433)	(12,594)
		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年 (restated) (經重列)
Number of Shares	股份數目		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purposes of basic losses per share	用於計算每股基本虧損之普通股加權平均數	402,722,938	329,748,198
Basic and diluted loss per share (HK cents)	每股基本及攤薄虧損(港仙)	(6.32)	(3.82)

The weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic loss per share for the year ended 31 December 2020 has been adjusted for the Share Consolidation and bonus element in rights issue which took place on 11 June 2021 and 21 July 2021 respectively.

就截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度的每股基本虧損而言，普通股加權平均數已分別按於二零二一年六月十一日及二零二一年七月二十一日進行供股時的股份合併及紅利部分作出調整。

Diluted loss per share

Diluted loss per share for each of the two years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020 respectively is the same as the basic loss per share because there were no dilutive potential ordinary shares during both years.

每股攤薄虧損

由於截至二零二一年及二零二零年十二月三十一日止兩個年度均無潛在攤薄普通股，故兩個年度各年的每股攤薄虧損與每股基本虧損相同。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

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15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

15. 物業、廠房及設備

		Freehold land outside Hong Kong 於香港以外 的永久業權 土地 HK\$'000 千港元	Leasehold land outside Hong Kong 於香港以外 的租賃土地 HK\$'000 千港元	Buildings 樓宇 HK\$'000 千港元	Leasehold improvements 租賃 物業裝修 HK\$'000 千港元	Plant and machinery 廠房及機器 HK\$'000 千港元	Furniture, fixtures and equipment 傢俬、 固定裝置 及設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Motor vehicles 汽車 HK\$'000 千港元	Computer equipment 電腦設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost	成本									
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	3,558	3,411	61,830	13,719	185,067	5,889	1,596	6,674	281,744
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	226	(15)	2,637	454	7,985	841	75	366	12,569
Additions	添置	-	-	796	290	3,687	770	1,141	794	7,478
Transfer to investment properties	轉撥至投資物業	-	-	(8,256)	-	-	-	-	-	(8,256)
Disposals	出售	-	-	-	(216)	(13,158)	(777)	(1,480)	(264)	(15,895)
Termination of a lease	終止租賃	-	-	(1,655)	-	-	-	-	-	(1,655)
Write off	撇銷	-	-	-	-	(10,104)	-	-	-	(10,104)
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	3,784	3,396	55,352	14,247	173,477	6,723	1,332	7,570	265,881
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	63	21	1,558	248	2,242	443	72	423	5,070
Additions	添置	-	-	17,927	273	5,049	993	226	798	25,266
Disposals	出售	-	-	(84)	(4,851)	(12,264)	(1,900)	(115)	(439)	(19,653)
Reversal of write off	撇銷撥回	-	-	-	-	2,089	-	-	-	2,089
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	3,847	3,417	74,753	9,917	170,593	6,259	1,515	8,352	278,653
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	折舊、攤銷及減值									
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	-	-	35,267	8,713	144,638	2,780	1,525	5,202	198,125
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	-	46	1,328	77	6,081	575	(65)	495	8,537
Provided for the year	本年度撥備	-	50	4,695	869	11,463	1,104	182	759	19,122
Eliminated on disposal	出售時對銷	-	-	-	(216)	(12,317)	(756)	(1,257)	(223)	(14,769)
Termination of a lease	終止租賃	-	-	(647)	-	-	-	-	-	(647)
Eliminated on transfer to investment properties	轉撥至投資物業時對銷	-	-	(2,436)	-	-	-	-	-	(2,436)
Write off	撇銷	-	-	-	-	(8,755)	-	-	-	(8,755)
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	-	96	38,207	9,443	141,110	3,703	385	6,233	199,177
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	-	9	784	123	2,113	330	1	404	3,764
Provided for the year	本年度撥備	-	47	5,469	166	9,655	826	406	866	17,435
Eliminated on disposal	出售時對銷	-	-	(77)	(4,266)	(9,425)	(1,897)	(104)	(438)	(16,207)
Reversal of write off	撇銷撥回	-	-	-	-	1,772	-	-	-	1,772
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	-	152	44,383	5,466	145,225	2,962	688	7,065	205,941
Carrying values	賬面值									
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	3,847	3,265	30,370	4,451	25,368	3,297	827	1,287	72,712
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	3,784	3,300	17,145	4,804	32,367	3,020	947	1,337	66,704

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

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15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

The above items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis at the following rates per annum:

Freehold land outside Hong Kong	Nil
Leasehold land outside Hong Kong	Over the term of lease
Buildings	50 years or over the term of lease or land use rights, whichever is shorter
Leasehold improvements	20% or over the term of lease, whichever is shorter
Plant and machinery	10% - 33 $\frac{1}{3}$ %
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	20%
Motor vehicles	20% - 33 $\frac{1}{3}$ %
Computer equipment	20% - 33 $\frac{1}{3}$ %

Certain leasehold land and building is pledged to a bank to secure a mortgage loan and general banking facilities granted to the Group (note 41).

Note:

- (a) The analysis of the net book value of right-of-use assets, included in the property, plant and equipment, by class of underlying asset is as follows:

15. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

上述物業、廠房及設備項目按下列年率以直線法計算折舊：

於香港以外的永久業權土地	無
於香港以外的租賃土地	租賃期內
樓宇	50年或租賃期或 土地使用權年內 (以較短者為準)
租賃物業裝修	20%或租賃期內 (以較短者為準)
廠房及機器	10%至33 $\frac{1}{3}$ %
傢私、固定裝置及設備	20%
汽車	20%至33 $\frac{1}{3}$ %
電腦設備	20%至33 $\frac{1}{3}$ %

本集團已將部份租賃土地及樓宇抵押，作為授予本集團抵押貸款及一般銀行信貸的抵押(附註41)。

附註：

- (a) 按相關資產類別劃分的使用權資產(計入物業、廠房及設備)的賬面淨值的分析如下：

Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	Leasehold land	Buildings	Motor Vehicle
		outside Hong Kong		
		於香港以外 的租賃土地	樓宇	汽車
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	3,411	12,049	-
Additions	添置	-	796	222
Termination of a lease	終止租賃	-	(1,008)	-
Depreciation	折舊	(50)	(3,095)	(17)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	(61)	(513)	-
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	3,300	8,229	205
Additions	添置	-	17,927	-
Depreciation	折舊	(47)	(5,437)	(60)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	12	146	45
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	3,265	20,865	190

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

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16. PREPAID LEASE PAYMENTS

16. 預付租賃付款

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
At beginning of the year	於年初	86	992
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	2	59
Released to profit or loss	撥至損益	(29)	(56)
Transfer to investment properties	轉撥至投資物業	-	(909)
At the end of the year	於年末	59	86
Analysed for reporting purposes as:	就呈報用途分析為：		
Current asset	流動資產	29	28
Non-current asset	非流動資產	30	58
		59	86

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

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17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

17. 投資物業

		HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	147,622
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	9,941
Transfer from property, plant and equipment and prepaid lease payments	轉撥自物業、廠房及設備及預付租賃款項	40,827
Change in fair value recognised in profit or loss	於損益中確認之公平值變動	7,052
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	205,442
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	6,349
Change in fair value recognised in profit or loss	於損益中確認之公平值變動	19,006
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	230,797

Note:

The fair values of the Group's investment properties at 31 December 2021 and 2020 have been arrived at on the basis of valuations carried out by RHL Appraisal Limited, an independent qualified professional valuers not connected to the Group and possess appropriate qualifications and experience in the valuation of properties in the relevant locations. The Group's investment properties were valued with reference to valuation by the valuer using market comparison approach or income approach as appropriate.

For market comparison approach, the fair value is determined by considering the market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties in similar location and conditions, adjusted by the discount specific to the quality of the Group's properties as compared to the comparable properties.

In arriving at the valuation on the basis of income approach, the fair value is determined by capitalising the net rental income derived from the existing tenancies with due allowance or provision for the reversionary potential of the properties.

In estimating the fair value of the properties, the highest and best use of the properties is their current use.

附註：

本集團投資物業於二零二一年及二零二零年十二月三十一日的公平值按永利行評估顧問有限公司於該日進行估值的基準達致。永利行評估顧問有限公司為與本集團概無關連的獨立合資格專業估值師，擁有對相關地點的物業進行估值的適當資格及經驗。本集團投資物業的估值均由估值師使用市場比較法或按收入法（如適用）達致。

就市場比較法而言，公平值乃經考慮地點及條件相近的類似物業的市場成交價憑證釐定，並按本集團的物業質素對比可資比較物業得出的折讓作調整。

按收入法達致估值時，乃將現有租約所產生的淨租金收入撥作資本，並就物業的可復歸收入潛力計提適當撥備而確定公平值。

於估計該等物業的公平值時，物業的最高及最佳用途即其現有用途。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
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17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

Note: (Continued)

Following are the key inputs used in valuing the investment properties as at 31 December 2021 and 2020:

Category	Fair value hierarchy	Fair value at 31 December 2021 二零二一年十二月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	Fair value at 31 December 2020 二零二零年十二月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	Valuation techniques	Key unobservable inputs	Range or weighted average	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value
類別	公平值級別	公平值 HK\$'000 千港元	公平值 HK\$'000 千港元	估值技術	主要不可觀察輸入值	範圍或加權平均值	不可觀察輸入值與公平值的關係
Industrial properties in the PRC*	Level 3	15,778	13,902	Income	Reversionary yield (derived from monthly market rent)	5%-6% (2020: 5%-6%)	The higher the reversionary yield, the lower the fair value
中國工業物業*	第三級			收入法	可復歸收入 (按月租市價計算)	5%至6%(二零二零年: 5%至6%)	可復歸收入越高, 公平值越低
					Estimated rental value	Renminbi ("RMB")2.8- RMB20.0 per month per square meter (2020: RMB2.4- RMB15.0 per square meter)	The higher the rental value, the higher the fair value
					預計租金價值	每月每平方米人民幣 (「人民幣」)2.8元至人民幣20.0元(二零二零年: 每月每平方米人民幣2.4元至人民幣15.0元)	租金價值越高, 公平值越高
		215,019	191,540	Market comparison	Discount on quality of properties (e.g. location, size and asking price of the properties)	19.0%-31.1% (2020: 32.2%-48.3%)	The higher the discount on quality of properties with reference to comparable, the lower the fair value
				市場比較法	按物業質素(例如物業地點、大小及叫價)的折讓	19.0%至31.1%(二零二零年: 32.2%至48.3%)	經參考可資比較物業, 物業質素折讓越高, 公平值越低

17. 投資物業(續)

附註: (續)

於二零二一年及二零二零年十二月三十一日為投資物業進行估值時所用的主要輸入值如下:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
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17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

Note: (Continued)

The fair value of investment properties is a level 3 recurring fair value measurement. A reconciliation of the opening and closing fair value balance is provided below:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Opening balance	年初結餘	205,442	147,622
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	6,349	9,941
Transfer from property, plant and equipment and prepaid lease payment	轉撥自物業、廠房及設備及預付租賃款項	-	40,827
Changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss	於損益中確認之公平值變動	19,006	7,052
Closing balance (level 3 recurring fair value)	年末結餘(第三級經常性公平值)	230,797	205,442

There was no transfer amongst levels during the year.

Investment property is pledged to a bank to secure a mortgage loan and general banking facilities granted to the Group (note 41).

* The address of the industrial properties in the PRC is Xin QianJin Village "San Shi", Tanzhou County, Zhongshan City, Guangdong Province, the PRC. The property comprises Block 1-2, 4-7 and dormitory factory. The term of lease is medium.

17. 投資物業(續)

附註：(續)

投資物業的公平值為第三級經常性公平值計量。期初及期末的公平值餘額對賬如下：

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Opening balance	年初結餘	205,442	147,622
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	6,349	9,941
Transfer from property, plant and equipment and prepaid lease payment	轉撥自物業、廠房及設備及預付租賃款項	-	40,827
Changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss	於損益中確認之公平值變動	19,006	7,052
Closing balance (level 3 recurring fair value)	年末結餘(第三級經常性公平值)	230,797	205,442

年內，各級別之間概無轉移。

投資物業已抵押予銀行，作為授予本集團抵押貸款及一般銀行信貸的抵押（附註41）。

* 於中國的工業物業地址為中國廣東省中山市坦洲鎮散石新前進村。物業包括第1-2棟、4-7棟及工廠宿舍。租期屬中期。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
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18. GOODWILL

18. 商譽

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
COST	成本		
At beginning of the year	於年初	93,884	93,016
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	(543)	868
At the end of the year	於年末	93,341	93,884
IMPAIRMENT	減值		
At beginning of the year	於年初	83,744	83,744
Provision for impairment loss	減值虧損撥備	-	-
At the end of the year	於年末	83,744	83,744
CARRYING AMOUNT	賬面值		
At the end of the year	於年末	9,597	10,140

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill has been allocated to the following CGU:

就減值測試而言，商譽已分配至以下現金產生單位：

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Satellite TV equipment and antenna products - PBT CGU	衛星電視設備及天線產品 - 博百科技現金產生單位	9,597	10,140

Goodwill allocated to other CGUs with gross carrying amount of HK\$83,744,000 was fully provided in previous years.

分配至其他現金產生單位的商譽之賬面總值為83,744,000港元，已於過往年度全額撥備。

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the management assessed the expected recoverable amount of PBT CGU based on the higher of value in use and fair value less cost of disposal.

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度，管理層按照使用價值及公平值減去出售成本的較高者評估博百科技現金產生單位的預期可收回金額。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
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18. GOODWILL (Continued)

The recoverable amount of PBT CGU has been determined based on the value in use calculations, based on a detailed budget plan, the expected cash flows beyond the detailed budget plan are extrapolated at the growth rates stated below. The key assumptions used for value in use calculation are as follows:

Budget plan	預算計劃
Growth rate	增長率
Discount rate	貼現率

The growth rate is based on the relevant industry growth forecasts and does not exceed the average long-term growth rate for the relevant industry. The cash flow projections are from the most recent financial budget approved by the management. Other key assumptions for the value in use calculation are budgeted gross margin and budgeted revenue, which are determined based on the unit's past performance and management's expectations regarding market development.

18. 商譽(續)

博百科技現金產生單位的可收回金額已根據詳盡的預算計劃按使用價值計算方法釐定，並按下述增長率推算該詳盡預算計劃以外的預計現金流量。使用價值計算方法的主要假設如下：

PBT CGU	
博百科技現金產生單位	
2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
5 years年	5 years年
5%	5%
9.88%	14.03%

該增長率以相關行業的增長預測為基礎，不會超過相關行業的平均長遠增長率。現金流量預測以管理層批准的最近期財政預算為基準。使用價值計算方法的其他主要假設為預算毛利率及預算收益，此兩項乃按有關單位的過往表現及管理層對市場發展的預期釐定。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
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19. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

19. 無形資產

		Product technology 產品技術 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note a) (附註a)	Customer relationship 客戶關係 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note b) (附註b)	Others 其他 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note c) (附註c)	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost	成本				
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	29,919	35,376	5,737	71,032
Addition	添置	542	-	-	542
Written off	撇銷	(5,080)	-	-	(5,080)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	2,857	(150)	(10)	2,697
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日	28,238	35,226	5,727	69,191
Addition	添置	25	-	-	25
Written off	撇銷	(404)	-	-	(404)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	454	207	16	677
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	28,313	35,433	5,743	69,489
Amortisation and impairment	攤銷及減值				
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	27,398	30,153	4,777	62,328
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	2,888	(132)	(7)	2,749
Provided for the year	本年度撥備	224	4,177	957	5,358
Written off	撇銷	(5,080)	-	-	(5,080)
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日	25,430	34,198	5,727	65,355
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	445	205	16	666
Provided for the year	本年度撥備	362	1,030	-	1,392
Written off	撇銷	(404)	-	-	(404)
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	25,833	35,433	5,743	67,009
Carrying amounts	賬面值				
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	2,480	-	-	2,480
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日	2,808	1,028	-	3,836

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

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19. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

Notes:

- (a) Product technology represents software acquired from independent third parties for the development of TV set top box. Amortisation is provided on a straight-line basis over 3 years.
- (b) Customer relationship represents contracted and non-contracted customer relationship arising from the acquisition of Pro Brand International, Inc ("PBI") during the year ended 30 June 2013. The amount is amortised over its estimated useful life of 7.5 years on a straight-line basis.
- (c) Others mainly represent the research and development unit acquired through the acquisition of PBT during the year ended 30 June 2013. The mature research and development unit, which can support the Group's product development, was separately recognised as intangible assets based on the accounting policy stated in note 4(m)(iii). It was recognised based on the fair value at the date of acquisition. Amortisation is provided on a straight-line basis over 7.5 years.

19. 無形資產(續)

附註：

- (a) 產品技術指為開發電視機頂盒而向獨立第三方收購的軟件。攤銷於三年內以直線法計提。
- (b) 客戶關係指因截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度內收購Pro Brand International, Inc(「PBI」)而產生的合約及非合約客戶關係。該金額以於7.5年的估計可使用年期內按直線法攤銷。
- (c) 其他主要指透過於截至二零一三年六月三十日止年度內收購博百科技而收購的研發單位。成熟的研發單位可支持本集團的產品開發，根據附註4(m)(iii)所載會計政策單獨確認為無形資產，並根據收購當日的公平值確認。攤銷於7.5年內以直線法計提。

20. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE

20. 於一間聯營公司的權益

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Share of net assets of an associate	應佔一間聯營公司之淨資產	91,443	90,393

Movement of interest in an associate is as follows:

於一間聯營公司之權益的變動如下：

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
At the beginning of the year	於年初	90,393	76,600
Share of profit of an associate	應佔一間聯營公司之溢利	4,487	16,277
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	(3,437)	(2,484)
At the end of the year	於年末	91,443	90,393

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財務報表附註(續)

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20. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE (Continued)

Note:

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, the Group had interests in the following associate:

Name of entity 實體名稱	Form of business structure 業務架構形式	Place of incorporation 註冊成立地點	Place of operation 經營地點	Class of shares 股份類別	held by the Group 本集團持有	Principal activities 主要業務
Dish Media Network Limited ("Dish Media")	Limited company 有限公司	Nepal 尼泊爾	Nepal 尼泊爾	Ordinary 普通股	47.12% 47.12%	Provision of Direct-To-Home service for satellite TV 為衛星電視提供直接入屋服務

Summarised financial information:

20. 於一間聯營公司的權益(續)

附註：

於二零二一年及二零二零年十二月三十一日，本集團於以下聯營公司持有權益：

財務資料概述：

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 31 December	於十二月三十一日		
Current assets	流動資產	128,369	84,160
Non-current assets	非流動資產	496,666	416,994
Current liabilities	流動負債	(368,484)	(268,855)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(62,487)	(40,464)
Year ended 31 December	截至十二月三十一日止年度		
Revenue	收益	318,361	346,243
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	9,523	34,544
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額	9,523	34,544

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財務報表附註(續)

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20. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE (Continued)

Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in an associate recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Net assets	資產淨值	194,064	191,835
Proportion of the Group's ownership interest	本集團擁有權權益的比例	47.12%	47.12%
Carrying amount of the Group's interest in an associate	本集團於一間聯營公司之權益的賬面值	91,443	90,393

20. 於一間聯營公司的權益(續)

上述財務資料概要與綜合財務報表所確認於一間聯營公司的權益的賬面金額的對賬：

21. AMOUNT DUE FROM/LOAN TO AN ASSOCIATE

21. 應收一間聯營公司款項／給予一間聯營公司的貸款

		Notes 附註	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Loan receivables	應收貸款	(i)	-	22,155
Current assets	流動資產			
Loan receivables	應收貸款	(i)	22,063	-
Trade receivables	應收貿易賬款	(ii)	37,487	36,116
Interest receivable on loan receivables	應收貸款之應收利息		1,192	240
Amount due from an associate	應收一間聯營公司款項		60,742	36,356

Notes:

- (i) The amount is unsecured and bears interest at a fixed rate of 4.75% (2020: 4.75%) per annum. The loan receivables mature on 31 December 2022.
- (ii) Amount being unsecured and interest-free. The Group allows a credit period of 360 days.

附註：

- (i) 該款項為無抵押及按固定年利率4.75厘計息(二零二零年：4.75厘)。應收貸款於二零二二年十二月三十一日到期。
- (ii) 該款項乃無抵押及不計息。本集團給予的信貸期為360日。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

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21. AMOUNT DUE FROM/LOAN TO AN ASSOCIATE (Continued)

(ii) (Continued)

The following is an ageing analysis of trade receivables due from an associate, presented based on the invoice date, at the end of the reporting period:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
More than 360 days	超過360日	37,487	36,116

Expected credit loss on trade receivables due from and loan to an associate was based on the accounting policy stated in note 4(o)(ii). Based on the Group's assessment, the Group recognised the reversal of expected credit loss on trade receivables due from an associate of HK\$1,250,000 (2020: HK\$2,316,000) and provision for expected credit loss on loan to an associate of HK\$92,000 (2020: reversal of expected credit loss on loan to an associate of HK\$25,000) during the year.

Further details on the group's credit policy and credit risk arising from amount due from and loan to an associate are set out in note 37(b).

22. LOAN RECEIVABLES

Loans receivables (notes i)	應收貸款(附註i)	12,989	12,989
Loans receivables due from former subsidiaries (note ii)	應收前附屬公司的應收貸款(附註ii)	647,420	643,626
		660,409	656,615
Less: allowance for doubtful debts (note iii)	減：呆賬撥備(附註iii)	(660,409)	(656,615)
		-	-

Notes:

- (i) As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, the Group had loan receivable amounting to HK\$12,989,000 from a third party. The amount was unsecured and bore interest at 1.2% (2020: 1.2%) per annum. This loan receivable was fully impaired as at 31 December 2021 and 2020.

21. 應收一間聯營公司款項／給予一間聯營公司的貸款(續)

(ii) (續)

應收一間聯營公司的應收貿易賬款於報告期末按發票日期呈列之賬齡分析如下：

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
More than 360 days	超過360日	37,487	36,116

應收一間聯營公司的應收貿易賬款及給予一間聯營公司的貸款的預期信貸虧損乃基於附註4(o)(ii)所載會計政策計算。根據本集團的評估，年內本集團已確認應收一間聯營公司的應收貿易賬款的預期信貸虧損撥回1,250,000港元（二零二零年：2,316,000港元）及給予一間聯營公司的貸款的預期信貸虧損撥備92,000港元（二零二零年：給予一間聯營公司的貸款的預期信貸虧損撥回25,000港元）。

有關本集團的信貸政策及產生自應收一間聯營公司的款項及給予一間聯營公司的貸款之信貸風險的進一步詳情載列於附註37(b)。

22. 應收貸款

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loans receivables (notes i)	應收貸款(附註i)	12,989	12,989
Loans receivables due from former subsidiaries (note ii)	應收前附屬公司的應收貸款(附註ii)	647,420	643,626
		660,409	656,615
Less: allowance for doubtful debts (note iii)	減：呆賬撥備(附註iii)	(660,409)	(656,615)
		-	-

附註：

- (i) 於二零二一年及二零二零年十二月三十一日，本集團擁有授予一名第三方的應收貸款12,989,000港元。該款項為無抵押，按年利率1.2厘（二零二零年：1.2厘）計息。該應收貸款已於二零二一年及二零二零年十二月三十一日完全減值。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
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22. LOAN RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

- (ii) During the year ended 31 December 2019, the Group disposed of the entire equity interest in Speed Connection Group Limited (the "Disposal"), and since then, the loan receivables from Speed Connection Group Limited and its subsidiary MyHD Media FZ LLC ("MyHD") were classified as loan receivables due from former subsidiaries.

The loan receivables due from former subsidiaries were arising from the disposal of all interests in MyHD and the extension of the existing loans to MyHD. For details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 31 December 2018 and the circular of the Company dated 25 May 2019. The amounts were unsecured, interest-bearing at rates ranged from 3 months LIBOR plus 100 basis point per annum to 10% per annum and will be matured on 31 December 2020.

The principal amounts of these loan receivables at the date of the Disposal were US\$71,298,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$555,968,000), in which amount of US\$9,554,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$74,500,000) due from Speed Connection Group Limited, bore interest rate at 3 months LIBOR plus 100 basis points per annum; and amount of US\$51,244,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$399,591,000) and amount of US\$10,500,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$81,877,000) due from MyHD (the non-wholly owned subsidiary of Speed Connection Group Limited), bore interest rate at 10% per annum and at 3 months LIBOR plus 100 basis points per annum respectively, and the corresponding interest receivables were US\$11,728,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$91,452,000). These loan receivables and the interest receivables, net of the provision of expected credit loss of HK\$219,103,000 as at the date of the Disposal, amounted to HK\$429,410,000 were recognised as loan receivables upon the Disposal.

In December 2019, management was given to understand that Speed Connection Group Limited and MyHD were in serious financial problem and ceased to operate in late 2019. As such, management considered these loan receivables were credit-impaired and recognised life time ECLs of the total net carrying amount of these loan receivables of HK\$429,410,000 at 31 December 2019.

The provision of expected credit loss was determined by the management of the Group based on the creditworthiness and the past collection history of the borrowers.

- (iii) Allowances for doubtful debts

22. 應收貸款(續)

附註：(續)

- (ii) 於截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度，本集團出售於捷聯集團有限公司之全部股本權益(「出售事項」)，自此以後，來自捷聯集團有限公司及其附屬公司MyHD Media FZ LLC(「MyHD」)之應收貸款已分類為應收前附屬公司貸款。

應收前附屬公司貸款乃產生自出售於MyHD之全部權益，以及將授予MyHD的現有貸款延長。詳情請參閱本公司日期為二零一八年十二月三十一日之公告及本公司日期為二零一九年五月二十五日之通函。該等金額為無抵押、按三個月倫敦銀行同業拆息加100個基點至10厘的年利率計息，並將於二零二零年十二月三十一日到期。

於出售事項日期，該等應收貸款之本金額為71,298,000美元(相當於約555,968,000港元)，其中應收捷聯集團有限公司之9,554,000美元(相當於約74,500,000港元)按三個月倫敦銀行同業拆息加100個基點的年利率計息，而應收MyHD(捷聯集團有限公司之非全資附屬公司)之51,244,000美元(相當於約399,591,000港元)及10,500,000美元(相當於約81,877,000港元)則分別按年利率10厘及三個月倫敦銀行同業拆息加100個基點計息，相應的應收利息為11,728,000美元(相當於約91,452,000港元)。於出售事項日期扣除預期信貸虧損撥備219,103,000港元後，該等應收貸款及應收利息為429,410,000港元，已於出售事項後確認為應收貸款。

於二零一九年十二月，管理層知悉捷聯集團有限公司及MyHD面臨嚴重財務問題，並於二零一九年底終止營運。因此，管理層認為該等應收貸款已信貸減值，並就該等應收貸款於二零一九年十二月三十一日之賬面淨值總額429,410,000港元確認全期預期信貸虧損。

預期信貸虧損撥備由本集團管理層基於借款人之信譽及過往收賬記錄而釐定。

- (iii) 呆賬撥備

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
At the beginning of year	於年初	656,615	659,355
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	3,794	(2,740)
At the end of year	於年末	660,409	656,615

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

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23. DEFERRED TAXATION

The following are the major deferred tax assets/(liabilities) recognised by the Group and movements thereon during the year:

23. 遞延稅項

於本年度本集團已確認的主要遞延稅項資產／(負債)及其變動如下：

		Fair value adjustment on intangible asset	Revaluation of investment properties	Provision for PRC withholding tax	Accelerated tax depreciation	Provision and others	Total
		無形資產 公平值調整	投資 物業重估	中國 預扣稅撥備	加速 稅項折舊	撥備及其他	總額
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	(4,286)	(40,571)	(5,844)	(650)	3,346	(48,005)
Exchange adjustments	匯兌調整	17	(1,776)	(347)	-	(12)	(2,118)
Charge to property revaluation reserve	於物業重估儲備扣除	-	(8,524)	-	-	-	(8,524)
Credit/(charge) to profit or loss for the year	於本年度損益計入／(扣除)	1,387	(1,763)	-	-	878	502
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	(2,882)	(52,634)	(6,191)	(650)	4,212	(58,145)
Exchange adjustments	匯兌調整	(15)	(4,011)	(168)	-	21	(4,173)
Credit/(charge) to profit or loss for the year	於本年度損益計入／(扣除)	740	(1,935)	-	-	(311)	(1,506)
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	(2,157)	(58,580)	(6,359)	(650)	3,922	(63,824)

The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances for financial reporting purposes:

就財務呈報用途作出的遞延稅項結餘分析如下：

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Deferred tax assets	遞延稅項資產	3,922	4,212
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延稅項負債	(67,746)	(62,357)
		(63,824)	(58,145)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
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23. DEFERRED TAXATION (Continued)

At 31 December 2021, the Group had unrecognised tax losses of HK\$105,352,000 (2020: HK\$117,544,000) available for offset against future profits due to the unpredictability of future profit streams.

Under the Law of the PRC on Enterprise Income Tax, withholding tax at 10% is imposed on dividends declared in respect of profits earned by PRC subsidiaries from 1 January 2008 onwards. Deferred taxation has been provided for in full in respect of undistributed profits retained by PRC entities in the consolidated financial statements.

24. INVENTORIES

Raw materials	原材料
Work in progress	在製品
Finished goods	製成品

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元

		41,397	45,077
		24,428	23,050
		139,213	88,506
		205,038	156,633

25. TRADE, BILLS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Trade and bills receivables	應收貿易賬款及應收票據
Other receivables	其他應收款項
Total trade, bills and other receivables	應收貿易賬款、應收票據及 其他應收款項總額

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元

		167,113	122,505
		58,212	85,199
		225,325	207,704

23. 遞延稅項(續)

由於無法預測未來溢利來源，於二零二一年十二月三十一日，本集團有未確認的稅項虧損105,352,000港元(二零二零年：117,544,000港元)可供抵銷未來溢利。

根據中國企業所得稅法，由二零零八年一月一日起從中國附屬公司獲得的溢利所宣派的股息需繳納預扣稅10%。中國實體所保留的未分配利潤有關的遞延稅項已全數於綜合財務報表中撥備。

24. 存貨

25. 應收貿易賬款、應收票據及其他應收款項

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
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25. TRADE, BILLS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

The Group allows an average credit period of 60 to 120 days to its trade customers. The following is an ageing analysis of trade and bills receivables presented based on the invoice date at the end of the year:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
0 – 30 days	0至30日	131,109	80,637
31 – 90 days	31至90日	34,133	15,727
91 – 180 days	91至180日	3,647	14,140
More than 180 days	超過180日	146,964	151,762
		315,853	262,266
Less: Loss allowance	減：虧損撥備	(148,740)	(139,761)
		167,113	122,505

The other classes within trade, bills and other receivables do not contain impaired assets. Expected credit loss on trade receivables was based on the accounting policy stated in note 4(o)(ii). Based on the Group's assessment, the Group recognised provision for expected credit loss on trade receivables of HK\$16,053,000 (2020: HK\$4,257,000) during the year.

Further details on the Group's credit policy and credit risk arising from trade debtors and bills receivable are set out in note 37(b).

26. PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS

The amounts represent deposits pledged to banks to secure short-term bank borrowings granted to the Group (note 41). The deposits carry fixed interest rates ranged from 0.01% to 1.69% (2020: 0.01% to 1.69%) per annum. The pledged bank deposits will be released upon the settlement of short-term bank borrowings.

25. 應收貿易賬款、應收票據及其他應收款項(續)

本集團給予其貿易客戶之信貸期平均為60至120日。應收貿易賬款及應收票據於年末按發票日期呈列之賬齡分析如下：

應收貿易賬款、應收票據及其他應收款項內的其他類別並不包括已減值資產。應收貿易賬款的預期信貸虧損根據附註4(o)(ii)所述會計政策計算。根據本集團評估，本集團於本年度確認應收貿易賬款的預期信貸虧損撥備16,053,000港元(二零二零年：4,257,000港元)。

有關本集團信貸政策以及因應收貿易賬款及應收票據產生的信貸風險的進一步詳情載於附註37(b)。

26. 已抵押銀行存款

該金額指就本集團獲授的短期銀行借貸而抵押予銀行的存款(附註41)。該等存款乃按介乎0.01厘至1.69厘(二零二零年：0.01厘至1.69厘)之間的固定年利率計息。已抵押銀行存款將於短期銀行借貸清償後解除。

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財務報表附註(續)

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27. BANK BALANCES AND CASH

Bank balances and cash of the Group comprise bank balances and cash held and short-term bank deposits that are interest-bearing at floating interest rate and are with original maturity of three months or less. The remaining bank deposits carry fixed interest rates ranging from 0.01% to 0.3% (2020: 0.01% to 0.3%) per annum.

As at 31 December 2021, cash and bank balances denominated in RMB amounted to approximately HK\$38,899,000 (2020: approximately HK\$4,222,000). RMB is not freely convertible into foreign currencies in the PRC. Under the PRC's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement and Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for foreign currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

28. TRADE, BILLS AND OTHER PAYABLES

27. 銀行結存及現金

本集團銀行結存及現金包括所持銀行結存及現金以及按浮動利率計息及於三個月或少於三個月到期的短期銀行存款。剩餘銀行存款按介乎0.01厘至0.3厘(二零二零年：0.01厘至0.3厘)之間的固定年利率計息。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日，以人民幣計值的現金及銀行結存約為38,899,000港元(二零二零年：約4,222,000港元)。人民幣在中國境內並不能自由兌換為外幣。根據中國的外匯管理條例和結匯、售匯及付匯管理規定，本集團允許通過授權銀行兌換人民幣為外幣開展外匯業務。

28. 應付貿易賬款、應付票據及其他應付款項

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade payables	應付貿易賬款	231,776	207,593
Bills payables	應付票據	377	502
Deposits received (note 46)	已收按金(附註46)	73,997	-
Other payables and accruals (note)	其他應付款項及應計項目(附註)	92,703	81,429
		398,853	289,524

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

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28. TRADE, BILLS AND OTHER PAYABLES (Continued)

The following is an aged analysis of trade and bills payables, presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting periods:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
0 – 30 days	0至30日	199,769	132,225
31 – 90 days	31至90日	19,481	50,735
91 – 360 days	91至360日	4,658	16,772
More than 360 days	超過360日	8,245	8,363
		232,153	208,095

The average credit period for purchases of goods is 90 days.

Note: An amount due to a Director of HK\$4,308,000 (2020: HK\$6,859,000) which was included in other payables. It is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

29. CONTRACT LIABILITIES

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Contract liabilities arising from:	因以下產生的合約負債：		
Sale of goods	銷售貨物	25,313	30,407

28. 應付貿易賬款、應付票據及其他應付款項(續)

應付貿易賬款及應付票據於報告期末按發票日期呈列之賬齡分析如下：

購買貨品的平均信貸期為90日。

附註：其他應付款項包括一筆應付董事款項4,308,000港元（二零二零年：6,859,000港元），此款項為無抵押、免息且須按要求償還。

29. 合約負債

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
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29. CONTRACT LIABILITIES (Continued)

Movements in contract liabilities

29. 合約負債(續)

合約負債變動

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Balance as at 1 January	於一月一日結餘	30,407	23,509
Decrease in contract liabilities as a result of recognising revenue during the year that was included in the contract liabilities at the beginning of the year	年內因確認於年初計入合約負債之收益導致合約負債減少	(30,407)	(23,509)
Increase in contract liabilities as a result of receipt in advance of sale of goods	因銷售貨物預收款項導致合約負債增加	25,313	30,407
Balance as at 31 December	於十二月三十一日結餘	25,313	30,407

The contract liabilities mainly relate to the advance consideration received from customers. The Group's sales contracts generally have an original expected duration of one year or less and accordingly, the Group has applied the practical expedient in HKFRS 15 not to disclose the transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations for the contracts existed that has an original expected duration of one year or less at the end of the reporting period.

合約負債主要與已收客戶的預收代價有關。本集團銷售合約之原始預期年期一般為一年或以下，因此，本集團已應用香港財務報告準則第15號之實際權宜方案，並無披露分配至於各報告期間結束時依然存在合約下剩餘履約責任之交易價格。

30. PROVISION FOR FINANCIAL GUARANTEE

The Company had pursuant to the guarantee (the "Guarantee") given in favour of MyHD irrevocably guaranteed to pay all financial obligations of MyHD in relation to the third amendment agreement to the content supply agreement (the "Content Supply Agreement") dated 3 October 2016 which was entered into between MyHD and MBC FZ LLC. The Guarantee does not expire and the maximum amount payable by the Company under the Guarantee should not exceed US\$3,500,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$27,332,000).

30. 財務擔保撥備

本公司已根據就MyHD之利益作出之擔保(「擔保」)，不可撤回地保證支付MyHD有關MyHD與MBC FZ LLC所訂立日期為二零一六年十月三日之內容供應協議(「內容供應協議」)第三份修訂協議之所有財務責任。該擔保並無到期日，而本公司根據擔保應付之最高金額不得超過3,500,000美元(相當於約27,332,000港元)。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

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30. PROVISION FOR FINANCIAL GUARANTEE (Continued)

The Guarantee does not contain any conditions which need to be fulfilled or any circumstances which must arise before MyHD can enforce the same and demand payment from the Company. Notwithstanding that MyHD failed to observe all its payment obligations under the third amendment agreement to the Content Supply Agreement, since the date of the Guarantee up to the reporting date, the Company has not received any demand for payment from MyHD under the Guarantee.

At 31 December 2020 and 2021, the Group had recognised the provision for financial guarantee amounting to US\$3,500,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$27,332,000) in relation to the Guarantee.

31. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Bank loans	銀行貸款	174,276	171,379
Other loans	其他貸款	195,788	241,605
		370,064	412,984
Analysed as:	分析為：		
Secured	有抵押	91,105	155,370
Unsecured	無抵押	278,959	257,614
		370,064	412,984
Carrying amount repayable:	須於下列期間償還的賬面值：		
On demand or within one year	按要求或一年內	144,083	383,144
In more than one year but not more than two years	超過一年但不超過兩年	225,981	29,840
		370,064	412,984
Less: Amount due within one year shown under current liabilities	減：於流動負債項下所示一年內到期款項	(144,083)	(383,144)
Amount due after one year	一年後到期的款項	225,981	29,840

30. 財務擔保撥備(續)

擔保並不包含任何須予達成之條件或必須發生之任何情況，以規限MyHD執行擔保及要求本公司付款。儘管MyHD未能遵從於內容供應協議第三份修訂協議下之所有付款責任，惟自擔保日期起直至報告日期止，本公司並無接獲任何由MyHD根據擔保提出之付款要求。

於二零二零年及二零二一年十二月三十一日，本集團已就擔保確認為數3,500,000美元(相當於約27,332,000港元)之財務擔保撥備。

31. 銀行及其他借貸

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
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31. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS (Continued)

The range of the effective interest rates on the Group's bank and other borrowings are as follows:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest rate borrowings	有息借貸	0.84% – 10%	0.81% – 10%

The security of bank borrowings is set out in note 41.

32. DEFINED BENEFIT OBLIGATION

The Group have defined benefit pension plan, covering substantially all of its qualified employees in India. The amounts of employee benefit obligation recognised in the statement of financial position represent the present values of the unfunded obligation.

The defined benefit obligation was determined based on actuarial valuation performed by Charan Gupta Consultants PVT LTD, an independent actuary, whose registered office is located at B-40, Sector 52, Noida-201 307 UP., using the projected unit credit method.

The components of net benefit expenses in profit or loss and the amounts recognised in the statement of financial position are summarised as follows:

- (a) The provisions for defined benefit obligation recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position are shown as follows:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current liabilities:	非流動負債：		
Present value of unfunded obligation	未供款責任的現值	32	32

31. 銀行及其他借貸(續)

本集團的銀行及其他借貸之實際利率的範圍如下：

銀行借款抵押載於附註41。

32. 界定福利責任

本集團有界定福利退休金計劃，涵蓋絕大部分於印度的合資格僱員。於財務狀況表確認的僱員福利責任金額指未供款責任的現值。

界定福利責任乃根據獨立精算師Charan Gupta Consultants PVT LTD採用預計單位信貸法進行的精算估值釐定。Charan Gupta Consultants PVT LTD的註冊辦事處位於B-40, Sector 52, Noida-201 307 UP.。

於損益項下的福利開支淨額組成部分以及財務狀況表中確認的金額概述如下：

- (a) 於綜合財務狀況表確認的界定福利責任的撥備如下：

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
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32. DEFINED BENEFIT OBLIGATION (Continued)

(b) The movements of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
At beginning of the year	於年初	32	33
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	-	(1)
At the end of year	於年末	32	32

(c) The principal actuarial assumptions used in valuing the provisions for defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

		2021 二零二一年 % 百分比	2020 二零二零年 % 百分比
Discount rate	貼現率	6.45	6.45
Rate of salary increase	薪金增長率	11.00	11.00

32. 界定福利責任(續)

(b) 界定福利責任之變動如下：

(c) 估算於報告期末的界定福利責任撥備所用的主要精算假設如下：

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

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32. DEFINED BENEFIT OBLIGATION (Continued)

(c) (Continued)

The average duration of the provision for defined benefits at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
Number of employee	僱員數目	7	9
Average past service (years)	平均服務時間(年)	3.99	2.99
Average age (years)	平均年齡(歲)	35.28	34.28
Average remaining working life (years)	平均剩餘工作年期(年)	22.62	23.62
Weighted average duration (years)	加權平均年期(年)	5.36	4.36

(d) The quantitative sensitivity analysis of the provisions for defined benefits at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

		Increase in rate 增長率 % <th style="text-align: center;">Decrease in provisions for defined benefit obligation 界定福利 責任撥備減少 HK\$'000 千港元</th> <th style="text-align: center;">Decrease in rate 下降率 % <th style="text-align: center;">Increase in provisions for defined benefit obligation 界定福利 責任撥備增加 HK\$'000 千港元</th> </th>	Decrease in provisions for defined benefit obligation 界定福利 責任撥備減少 HK\$'000 千港元	Decrease in rate 下降率 % <th style="text-align: center;">Increase in provisions for defined benefit obligation 界定福利 責任撥備增加 HK\$'000 千港元</th>	Increase in provisions for defined benefit obligation 界定福利 責任撥備增加 HK\$'000 千港元
Discount rate	貼現率				
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日	0.5	(8)	0.5	8
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	0.5	(8)	0.5	8

The sensitivity analysis above has been determined based on a method that extrapolates the impact on the provisions for defined benefits as a result of reasonable changes in key assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period.

上述敏感度分析乃根據主要假設於報告期末發生合理變動時對界定福利撥備的影響推斷而釐定。

32. 界定福利責任(續)

(c) (續)

各報告期末的界定福利撥備的平均年期如下：

(d) 於報告期末的界定福利撥備的量化敏感度分析如下：

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
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33. LEASES

The Group as a lessee:

The Group leases a motor vehicle and a number of land and properties in the jurisdictions in which it operates as its office premises under non-cancellable lease agreements, which comprise only fixed payments over lease term. Generally, the Group is restricted from assigning and subleasing the leased assets.

33. 租賃

本集團作為承租人：

本集團根據不可撤銷租賃協議於其經營所在的司法權區租賃汽車及若干土地及物業作為其辦公場所，該等協議僅包括租期內的固定付款。一般而言，本集團不得轉讓及分租租賃資產。

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current liabilities	流動負債	4,992	3,855
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	15,804	4,399
		20,796	8,254

Future lease payments are due as follows:

未來租賃款項到期情況如下：

		Minimum lease payments 最低租賃款項 2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	Interest 利息 2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	Present value 現值 2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within 1 year	一年內	6,472	1,480	4,992
After 1 year but within 2 years	一年後但於兩年內	3,911	1,350	2,561
After 2 years but within 5 years	兩年後但於五年內	7,258	3,404	3,854
More than 5 years	超過五年	11,528	2,139	9,389
		29,169	8,373	20,796

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

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33. LEASES (Continued)

The Group as a lessee: (Continued)

		Minimum lease payments 最低租賃款項 2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	Interest 利息 2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	Present value 現值 2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within 1 year	一年內	3,984	129	3,855
After 1 year but within 2 years	一年後但於兩年內	3,497	61	3,436
After 2 years but within 5 years	兩年後但於五年內	976	13	963
		8,457	203	8,254

The Group as a lessor:

Property rental income earned from leasing of the Group's investment properties during the year was HK\$20,334,000 (2020: HK\$16,778,000). The properties held by the Group have committed tenants for the next one to twenty years.

At the end of the reporting period, the undiscounted lease payments receivable by the Group in future periods under non-cancellable operating leases with its tenants are as follows:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year	一年內	20,877	22,003
After 1 year but within 2 years	一年後但於兩年內	18,909	21,240
After 2 years but within 3 years	兩年後但於三年內	18,102	18,451
After 3 years but within 4 years	三年後但於四年內	17,371	14,848
After 4 years but within 5 years	四年後但於五年內	8,942	11,742
After 5 years	五年後	116,022	63,991
		200,223	152,275

33. 租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人：(續)

本集團作為出租人：

年內來自租賃本集團投資物業獲得的物業租金收入為20,334,000港元(二零二零年：16,778,000港元)。本集團所持物業於未來一至二十年已有訂約租戶。

於報告期末，本集團根據其與租戶訂立的不可註銷經營租賃於未來期間應收未貼現租賃款項如下：

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財務報表附註(續)

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34. SHARE CAPITAL

34. 股本

		Number of shares 股份數目	Amount 金額 HK\$'000 千港元
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each	每股面值0.10港元的普通股		
Authorised:	法定：		
At 1 January 2020, 31 December 2020, 1 January 2021 and 31 December 2021	於二零二零年一月一日、 二零二零年十二月三十一日、 二零二一年一月一日及 二零二一年十二月三十一日	10,000,000,000	1,000,000
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及繳足：		
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	3,278,825,335	327,882
Repurchase of Taiwan Depository Receipts (note (a))	回購臺灣存託憑證(附註(a))	(97,748,625)	(9,774)
Issue of shares upon subscription (note (b))	認購時發行股份(附註(b))	100,000,000	10,000
At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021	於二零二零年十二月三十一日及 二零二一年一月一日	3,281,076,710	328,108
Capital reorganisation (note (c))	股本重組(附註(c))	(2,952,969,050)	(295,297)
Issue of shares upon rights issue (note (d))	供股後發行股份(附註(d))	164,053,830	16,405
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	492,161,490	49,216

Notes:

(a) Reference is made to the announcements of the Company dated 9 April 2020, 15 April 2020, 29 April 2020, 5 May 2020, 4 August 2020, 10 August 2020 and 22 October 2020 in relation to, among other things, the delisting of Taiwan depository receipts ("TDR") of the Company as requested by the Taiwan Stock Exchange and the completion of the repurchase of TDRs and the cancellation of these repurchased TDRs.

The TDR delisting was effective from 15 June 2020 pursuant to the relevant rules of the Taiwan Stock Exchange. Within 50 days from and including the date of TDR delisting, a TDR holder may request the Company to repurchase their TDRs pursuant to the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation Procedures for Applications by Taiwan Stock Exchange Listed Companies for the Delisting of Securities at the repurchase price of NT\$0.271 (equivalent to approximately HK\$0.071).

附註：

(a) 提述本公司日期為二零二零年四月九日、二零二零年四月十五日、二零二零年四月二十九日、二零二零年五月五日、二零二零年八月四日、二零二零年八月十日及二零二零年十月二十二日之公告，內容有關(其中包括)本公司之臺灣存託憑證(「臺灣存託憑證」)按臺灣證券交易所要求終止上市以及完成回購臺灣存託憑證及註銷該等已回購的臺灣存託憑證。

根據臺灣證券交易所之相關規則，臺灣存託憑證自二零二零年六月十五日起終止上市。自臺灣存託憑證終止上市日期(包括該日)起計50日內，臺灣存託憑證持有人可根據臺灣證券交易所股份有限公司上市公司申請有價證券終止上市處理程序要求本公司按回購價新臺幣0.271元(相當於約0.071港元)回購其臺灣存託憑證。

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財務報表附註(續)

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34. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(a) (Continued)

As at 3 August 2020 (being the last date for TDR holders to submit their requests for the Company to repurchase their TDRs), there are total 97,748,625 units of TDR that were required to be repurchased by the Company. The TDRs so requested to be repurchased by the Company had been surrendered to the depositary agent for cancellation. The total amount paid for the repurchase of TDRs is approximately NT\$26,490,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$6,996,000) (which is calculated by multiplying the total number of TDRs required to be repurchased by the Company with the Repurchase Price of NT\$0.271). The difference between (i) the amount paid for the repurchase of TDRs and (ii) the carrying amount of the relevant share capital of approximately HK\$9,774,000 was recognised in the capital redemption reserve. In addition, the transaction costs directly related to the repurchase of HK\$1,065,000 are accounted for as a deduction from capital redemption reserve.

(b) On 31 August 2020, the Company completed the allotment and issue of 100,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each under general mandate. These ordinary shares rank pari passu in all respects among themselves and with other existing ordinary shares.

Details of the allotment and issue of shares are set out in the announcements of the Company dated 6 August 2020, 10 August 2020 and 31 August 2020.

(c) The capital reorganisation comprised the Share Consolidation, the Capital Reduction and the Share Premium Reduction on the basis that every ten issued and unissued Existing Shares of a par value of HK\$0.10 each into one Consolidated Share of a par value of HK\$1.00 each in the share capital of the Company. Immediately after the Share Consolidation, the issued share capital of the Company was reduced by (i) rounding down the number of Consolidated Shares in the issued share capital of the Company to the nearest whole number by cancelling any fraction of a Consolidated Share in the issued share capital of the Company; and (ii) cancelling the paid-up capital of the Company to the extent of HK\$0.90 on each of the then issued Consolidated Shares such that the par value of each issued Consolidated Share was reduced from HK\$1.00 to HK\$0.10. The credit arising from the Capital Reduction was credited to the contributed surplus account of the Company within the meaning of the Companies Act and then was applied towards offsetting the accumulated losses of the Company as at the effective date of the Capital Reduction, thereby reducing the accumulated losses of the Company. The capital reorganisation was approved by the Shareholders at the SGM held on 9 June 2021 and became effective on 11 June 2021.

The amount of HK\$506,750,000 standing to the credit of the share premium account of the Company be reduced to nil and that the credit arising therefrom be transferred to the contributed surplus account.

Details of the capital reorganisation are set out in the announcements of the Company dated 28 April 2021, 9 June 2021 and the circular of the Company dated 17 May 2021.

34. 股本(續)

附註：(續)

(a) (續)

於二零二零年八月三日(即臺灣存託憑證持有人要求本公司購回其臺灣存託憑證之最後日期)，本公司須購回合共97,748,625份臺灣存託憑證。本公司按要求購回之臺灣存託憑證已交予存託機構註銷。支付購回臺灣存託憑證之總金額約為新臺幣26,490,000元(相當於約6,996,000港元)(按本公司須予購回之臺灣存託憑證總數乘以回購價新臺幣0.271元計算)。(i)就回購臺灣存託憑證支付的金額與(ii)相關股本的賬面值約9,774,000港元之差額已於資本贖回儲備中確認。此外，與回購有關的交易成本1,065,000港元已作為資本贖回儲備的扣除項目入賬。

(b) 於二零二零年八月三十一日，本公司已完成根據一般授權配發及發行100,000,000股每股0.1港元之普通股。該等普通股於彼此之間及與其他現有普通股在各方面具同等地位。

配發及發行股份的詳情載於本公司日期為二零二零年八月六日、二零二零年八月十日及二零二零年八月三十一日的公告。

(c) 股本重組包括按本公司股本中每十股每股面值0.10港元之已發行及未發行現有股份合併為一股本公司股本中每股面值1.00港元之合併股份之基準進行的股份合併、股本削減及削減股份溢價。緊隨股份合併生效後，本公司之已發行股本已透過以下方式進行削減：(i)註銷本公司已發行股本中任何零碎合併股份，將本公司已發行股本中之合併股份數目向下湊整至最接近整數；及(ii)按每股當時已發行合併股份0.90港元註銷本公司繳足股本，致使每股已發行合併股份之面值由1.00港元削減至0.10港元。因股本削減而產生之進賬額計入本公司之實繳盈餘賬(定義見公司法)，其後用於抵銷本公司於股本削減生效日期之累計虧損，從而減少本公司之累計虧損。股本重組經股東於二零二一年六月九日舉行的股東特別大會上批准，自二零二一年六月十一日起生效。

本公司股份溢價賬之進賬金額506,750,000港元被削減至零，而由此產生的進賬額被轉撥至實繳盈餘賬。

有關股本重組的詳情載於本公司日期為二零二一年四月二十八日及二零二一年六月九日的公告以及本公司日期為二零二一年五月十七日的通函。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
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34. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

- (d) Upon the capital reorganisation became effective, the Company conducted a rights issue on the basis of one rights share for every two adjusted shares in issue on the record date. The rights issue was completed on 21 July 2021 and the gross proceeds raised by the rights issue was approximately HK\$68.9 million and an aggregate of 164,053,830 rights shares were issued at the subscription price of HK\$0.42 per rights share by either accepted or placed under the rights issue or Compensatory Arrangement and all the conditions with respect of the rights issue set out in the prospectus of the Company dated 24 June 2021 (the "Prospectus") have been fulfilled.

The Company intended to apply the net proceeds from the Rights Issue for partial repayment of the outstanding loans of the Company as previously disclosed in the Capital Reorganisation Announcements and Circular and the Rights Issue Announcements and Prospectus. As at the date of this report, the Company had fully utilized the net proceeds in accordance with the said intention.

Details of the Rights Issue are set out in the Rights Issue Announcements and Prospectus.

34. 股本(續)

附註：(續)

- (d) 於股本重組生效後，本公司按於記錄日期每兩股已發行經調整股份獲發一股供股股份之基準進行供股。供股已於二零二一年七月二十一日完成，而供股籌得之所得款項總額為約68,900,000港元，並透過根據供股或補償安排接納或配售之方式按每股供股股份0.42港元之認購價發行合共164,053,830股供股股份，而本公司日期為二零二一年六月二十四日的供股章程(「供股章程」)所載有關供股之所有條件均已達成。

誠如先前於股本重組公告及通函以及供股公告及供股章程所披露，本公司擬將供股所得款項淨額用作償還部分本公司未償還貸款。於本報告日期，本公司已按上述計劃全部用畢所得款項淨額。

有關供股的詳情載於供股公告及供股章程。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

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35. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW

Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities:

35. 綜合現金流量表附註

自融資活動產生的負債對賬：

		Bank and other borrowings 銀行及 其他借貸 HK\$'000 千港元 (note 31) (附註31)	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 HK\$'000 千港元 (note 33) (附註33)
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	452,613	12,259
Changes from cash flows:	來自現金流的變動：		
– Proceeds from new bank loans	– 新造銀行貸款所得款項	77,802	–
– Repayment of bank loans	– 償還銀行貸款	(120,065)	–
– Payment of interest element of lease liabilities	– 支付租賃負債利息部分	–	(192)
– Payment of principal element of lease liabilities	– 支付租賃負債本金部分	–	(4,173)
Total changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流變動總額	(42,263)	(4,365)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	2,634	(1,799)
Other changes	其他變動		
– Finance charges on lease liabilities	– 租賃負債的財務費用	–	192
– Recognition of lease liabilities	– 確認租賃負債	–	1,018
– Termination of a lease	– 終止租賃	–	949
Total other changes	其他變動總額	–	2,159
At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021	於二零二零年十二月三十一日 及二零二一年一月一日	412,984	8,254
Changes from cash flows:	來自現金流的變動：		
– Proceeds from new bank loans	– 新造銀行貸款所得款項	81,441	–
– Repayment of bank loans	– 償還銀行貸款	(126,656)	–
– Payment of interest element of lease liabilities	– 支付租賃負債利息部分	–	(1,230)
– Payment of principal element of lease liabilities	– 支付租賃負債本金部分	–	(5,393)
Total changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流變動總額	(45,215)	(6,623)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	2,295	8
Other changes	其他變動		
– Finance charges on lease liabilities	– 租賃負債的財務費用	–	1,230
– Recognition of lease liabilities	– 確認租賃負債	–	17,927
Total other changes	其他變動總額	–	19,157
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	370,064	20,796

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(Continued)*

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
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36. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debt, which includes the borrowings disclosed in note 31, and equity reserves attributable to owners of the Group, comprising issued share capital and various reserves and retained profits.

The Directors review the capital structure on a regular basis. As part of this review, the Directors consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the Directors, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through new share issues and the issue of new debt or the redemption of existing debts.

36. 資本風險管理

本集團管理其資本以確保本集團可以持續經營，通過精簡債務及權益結餘提升股東回報。本集團的整體策略與上年度保持不變。

本集團的資本結構包括債務，包括於附註31所披露的借貸及本集團擁有人應佔的權益儲備（包括已發行股本及各種儲備以及保留溢利）。

董事定期檢討資本結構。作為檢討之部分，董事考慮資本成本及與各類別資本相關的風險。根據董事的建議，本集團將透過新股份發行及發行新債務或贖回現有債務平衡其整體資本結構。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

(a) Categories of financial assets and financial liabilities

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計量的金融資產		
Trade and bills receivables	應收貿易賬款及應收票據	167,113	122,505
Bank balance and cash	銀行結存及現金	111,354	88,871
Loan receivables	應收貸款	-	-
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	3,603	3,957
Other receivables	其他應收款項	33,199	43,675
Amount due from an associate	應收一間聯營公司款項	38,679	36,356
Loan to an associate	給予一間聯營公司的貸款	22,063	22,155
		376,011	317,519
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計量的金融負債		
Trade and bills payables	應付貿易賬款及應付票據	232,153	208,095
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	20,796	8,254
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借貸	370,064	412,984
Other payables	其他應付款項	166,700	81,429
		789,713	710,762

37. 財務風險管理

(a) 金融資產及金融負債的分類

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include trade, bills and other receivables, loan receivables, loan to an associate, amount due from an associate, pledged bank deposits, bank balances and cash, trade, bills and other payables, lease liabilities/obligation under finance leases and bank and other borrowings. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團的主要財務工具包括應收貿易賬款、應收票據及其他應收款項、應收貸款、給予一間聯營公司的貸款、應收一間聯營公司款項、已抵押銀行存款、銀行結存及現金、應付貿易賬款、應付票據及其他應付款項、融資租賃項下的租賃負債／義務以及銀行及其他借貸。該等財務工具詳情於相關附註披露。下文載列與該等財務工具有關的風險及如何降低該等風險的政策。管理層管理及監控該等風險，以確保及時有效採取適當的措施。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
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37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risk

(i) Currency risk

The Company's subsidiaries have foreign currency sales and purchases, which expose the Group to foreign exchange risk.

The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency (as in relation to the functional currency of the relevant group entities) denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

Sensitivity analysis

37. 財務風險管理(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險

(i) 外匯風險

由於本公司附屬公司進行外匯買賣，故本集團面對外匯風險。

於報告期末，本集團以外幣(相對於有關集團實體功能貨幣而言)計值的貨幣資產及貨幣負債的賬面值如下：

敏感度分析

		Assets 資產		Liabilities 負債	
		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
RMB	人民幣	6,174	252	18,121	71,986
USD	美元	46,747	43,587	304,663	290,878

The Group is mainly exposed to USD and RMB relative to the functional currency of the relevant group entities, which are mainly RMB and USD respectively. The Group does not have a formal foreign currency hedging policy. But management monitors the Group's foreign currency exposure and enters into forward contracts when movements in the exchange rates are outside management's expected range in order to minimise the exchange rate risk.

本集團主要面對與相關集團實體的功能貨幣(主要分別為人民幣及美元)有關的美元及人民幣風險。雖然本集團並無正式外匯對沖政策，但管理層會監管本集團的外匯風險並於匯率變化超出管理層預計範圍時訂立遠期合約，以降低匯率風險。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risk (Continued)

(i) Currency risk (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis (Continued)

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 5% increase and decrease in functional currency of respective group entities against USD and RMB. 5% is the sensitivity rate used and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes both USD and RMB monetary assets and liabilities at the end of the reporting period. A negative number below indicates an increase in loss where USD and RMB strengthen 5% against the functional currency. For a 5% weakening of USD and RMB against the functional currency, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the loss for the year.

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Increase in loss for the year:	年內虧損增加：		
– RMB	– 人民幣	(586)	(2,694)
– USD	– 美元	(12,969)	(10,200)

37. 財務風險管理(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

(i) 外匯風險(續)

敏感度分析(續)

下表詳列本集團就各集團實體功能貨幣兌美元及人民幣上升及下降5%的敏感度。5%為所採用的敏感率，代表管理層對外幣匯率的可能合理變動而作出的評估。敏感度分析同時包括於報告期末以美元及人民幣列值的貨幣資產及負債。下文所示負數指美元及人民幣兌功能貨幣上升5%時，令虧損增加。至於美元及人民幣兌功能貨幣下降5%時，則可能對本年度虧損產生相等及相反影響。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

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37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risk (Continued)

(ii) Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to fixed-rate loan to an associate, loan receivables and pledged bank deposits set out in notes 21, 22 and 26 and fixed-rate bank and other borrowings.

The Group is also exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to variable-rate bank balances as set out in notes 27 and variable-rate bank borrowings.

The exposures of the Group's borrowings to interest rate changes at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	% of total loans 佔貸款總額 的百分比	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	% of total loans 佔貸款總額 的百分比
Variable-rate borrowings	浮息借貸	136,482	37%	111,639	27%
Fixed-rate borrowings	定息借貸	233,582	63%	301,345	73%
		370,064	100%	412,984	100%

The Group currently does not have any interest rate hedging policy in relation to interest rate risk. The Directors monitor the exposure on an ongoing basis and will consider hedging significant interest rate risk should the need arise.

The Group's cash flow interest rate risk is mainly concentrated on the fluctuation of LIBOR arising from the Group's USD borrowings.

37. 財務風險管理(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

(ii) 利率風險

本集團面臨有關載於附註21、22及26的定息給予一間聯營公司的貸款、應收貸款及已抵押銀行存款以及定息銀行及其他借貸的公平值利率風險。

本集團亦因附註27所載浮息銀行結存與浮息銀行借貸而面對現金流量利率風險。

於報告期末，本集團借貸因利率變動而承受的風險如下：

本集團現時並無就利率風險而設有任何利率對沖政策。董事持續監察風險並於需要時會考慮對沖重大利率風險。

本集團現金流量利率風險主要集中於本集團的美元借貸所產生倫敦銀行同業拆息的波動。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
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37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risk (Continued)

(ii) Interest rate risk

Sensitivity analysis

The bank balances of the Group carry floating-rates of interest and have exposure to cash flow interest rate risk. The Directors consider the exposure is insignificant and therefore no sensitivity analysis is presented.

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for variable-rate bank and other borrowings. The analysis is prepared assuming the amount of liabilities outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year. A 50 basis point change is used and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

If interest rates had been 50 basis points higher or lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's loss for the year ended 31 December 2021 would increase or decrease by HK\$503,000 (2020: HK\$ HK\$401,000).

Credit risk

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in the event of counterparties' failure to perform their obligations as at 31 December 2021 in relation to each class of recognised financial assets is the carrying amount of those assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position. In order to minimise the credit risk, management of the Group has delegated a team for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt at the end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts.

37. 財務風險管理(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

(ii) 利率風險

敏感度分析

本集團之銀行結存附有浮息，並面對現金流量利率風險。董事認為，該風險並不重大，故並無呈列敏感度分析。

下文敏感度分析基於浮息銀行及其他借貸所面對利率風險而定。該分析假設報告期末所示未償清負債金額為全年未償清金額。採用50個基點的變動，亦即管理層評估利率的可能合理變動所用者。

倘利率增或減50個基點且所有其他可變因素不變，則本集團截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的虧損會增加或減少503,000港元(二零二零年：401,000港元)。

信貸風險

於二零二一年十二月三十一日，本集團所面對的最大信貸風險為有關各類已確認財務資產的交易對手未能履行責任，風險金額為綜合財務狀況表內所列有關資產的賬面值。為減低信貸風險，本集團管理層已指派一組人員負責釐定信貸額、信貸批核及其他監察程序以確保採取跟進行動收回逾期債務。此外，本集團於各報告期末檢討各項個別貿易債項的可收回金額，以確保就不可收回金額作出足夠減值虧損。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
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37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

(i) Trade receivables

The Group measures loss allowances for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs, which is calculated using a provision matrix.

The following table provides information about the Group's exposure to credit risk and ECLs for trade receivables as at 31 December 2021:

		Expected loss rate (%) 預期虧損率(%)	Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 HK\$'000 千港元	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 HK\$'000 千港元
Not past due	未逾期	3%	140,766	4,416
Less than 3 month past due	逾期少於三個月	8%	27,502	2,077
3 to 6 months past due	逾期三至六個月	38%	3,011	1,148
Over 6 months past due	逾期超過六個月	98%	144,574	141,099
			315,853	148,740

As at 31 December 2020:

		Expected loss rate (%) 預期虧損率(%)	Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 HK\$'000 千港元	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 HK\$'000 千港元
Not past due	未逾期	3%	82,481	2,233
Less than 3 month past due	逾期少於三個月	10%	25,392	2,618
3 to 6 months past due	逾期三至六個月	36%	23,616	8,524
Over 6 months past due	逾期超過六個月	97%	130,777	126,386
			262,266	139,761

37. 財務風險管理(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

(i) 應收貿易賬款

本集團按等同於全期預期信貸虧損的金額計量應收貿易賬款虧損撥備並使用撥備矩陣計算。

下表提供有關本集團於二零二一年十二月三十一日之應收貿易賬款信貸風險及預期信貸虧損的資料：

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

- (i) Trade receivables (Continued)
The ECLs are disaggregated by different customer segments as follows:

Media entertainment platform related products

As at 31 December 2021:

		Expected loss rate (%) 預期虧損率(%)	Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 HK\$'000 千港元	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 HK\$'000 千港元
Not past due	未逾期	21%	8,930	1,844
Less than 3 month past due	逾期少於三個月	31%	2,071	642
3 to 6 months past due	逾期三至六個月	37%	1,966	732
Over 6 months past due	逾期超過六個月	100%	73,773	73,773
			86,740	76,991

As at 31 December 2020:

		Expected loss rate (%) 預期虧損率(%)	Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 HK\$'000 千港元	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 HK\$'000 千港元
Not past due	未逾期	5%	11,620	594
Less than 3 month past due	逾期少於三個月	15%	8,265	1,241
3 to 6 months past due	逾期三至六個月	40%	17,182	6,787
Over 6 months past due	逾期超過六個月	98%	55,077	54,054
			92,144	62,676

37. 財務風險管理(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

- (i) 應收貿易賬款(續)
預期信貸虧損按不同客戶群的分類如下：

媒體娛樂平臺相關產品

於二零二一年十二月三十一日：

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

(i) Trade receivables (Continued)

Other multimedia products

As at 31 December 2021:

		Expected loss rate (%) 預期虧損率(%)	Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 HK\$'000 千港元	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 HK\$'000 千港元
Not past due	未逾期	4%	12,490	549
Less than 3 month past due	逾期少於三個月	10%	14,110	1,387
3 to 6 months past due	逾期三至六個月	40%	1,045	416
Over 6 months past due	逾期超過六個月	100%	66,590	66,590
			94,235	68,942

As at 31 December 2020:

		Expected loss rate (%) 預期虧損率(%)	Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 HK\$'000 千港元	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 HK\$'000 千港元
Not past due	未逾期	4%	4,189	171
Less than 3 month past due	逾期少於三個月	25%	4,906	1,207
3 to 6 months past due	逾期三至六個月	32%	5,355	1,711
Over 6 months past due	逾期超過六個月	99%	72,622	72,197
			87,072	75,286

37. 財務風險管理(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

(i) 應收貿易賬款(續)

其他多媒體產品

於二零二一年十二月三十一日：

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

- (i) Trade receivables (Continued)
Satellite TV equipment and antenna products
As at 31 December 2021:

37. 財務風險管理(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

- (i) 應收貿易賬款(續)
衛星電視設備及天線產品
於二零二一年十二月三十一日：

		Expected loss rate (%) 預期虧損率(%)	Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 HK\$'000 千港元	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 HK\$'000 千港元
Not past due	未逾期	2%	119,346	2,023
Less than 3 month past due	逾期少於三個月	0%	11,321	48
3 to 6 months past due	逾期三至六個月	-	-	-
Over 6 months past due	逾期超過六個月	17%	4,211	736
			134,878	2,807

As at 31 December 2020:

於二零二零年十二月三十一日：

		Expected loss rate (%) 預期虧損率(%)	Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 HK\$'000 千港元	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 HK\$'000 千港元
Not past due	未逾期	2%	66,672	1,468
Less than 3 month past due	逾期少於三個月	1%	12,221	170
3 to 6 months past due	逾期三至六個月	2%	1,079	26
Over 6 months past due	逾期超過六個月	4%	3,078	135
			83,050	1,799

Expected loss rates are based on actual loss experience over the past 3 years. These rates are adjusted to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historic data has been collected, current conditions and the group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables.

預期虧損率乃基於過往三年的實際虧損經驗得出。該等比率經調整以反映收集過往數據之期間的經濟狀況、現時狀況以及本集團對應收賬款預期年期內經濟狀況之看法的不同。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

(i) Trade receivables (Continued)

Movement in the loss allowance account in respect of trade receivables during the year is as follows:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Balance at 1 January	於一月一日的結餘	139,761	132,976
Provision for expected credit loss	預期信貸虧損撥備	16,053	4,257
Written off	撇銷	(8,996)	(542)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	1,922	3,070
Balance at 31 December	於十二月三十一日的結餘	148,740	139,761

The following significant changes in the gross carrying amounts of trade receivables contributed to the decrease in the loss allowance during 2021:

- Origination of new trade receivables net of those settled resulted in an increase in loss allowance of HK\$16,053,000; and
- A write-off of trade receivables with a gross carrying amount of HK\$8,996,000 resulted in a decrease in loss allowance of HK\$8,996,000.

37. 財務風險管理(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

(i) 應收貿易賬款(續)

年內與應收貿易賬款有關的虧損撥備變動如下：

下列應收貿易賬款賬面總值之重大變動導致二零二一年虧損撥備減少：

- 產生新應收貿易賬款並扣除該等已結算貿易應收賬款導致虧損撥備增加16,053,000港元；及
- 撇銷賬面總值為8,996,000港元之應收貿易賬款導致虧損撥備減少8,996,000港元。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

(ii) Loan receivable

The Group has credit risk in respect of loan receivables. As at 31 December 2021, the loan receivables were classified as financial assets at amortised cost. The measurement of loss allowance are based on life time expected credit losses.

Movement in the loss allowance account in respect of loan receivables during the year is set out in note 22(iii).

As at 31 December 2021, management was in the opinion that the Debtors were in serious financial problem and as such, life time ECLs was recognised for this debt instrument.

(iii) Amount due from/loan to an associate

The Group is also exposed to credit risk through its loan to an associate and amount due from an associate. The Group measures loss allowance for trade receivables from amount due from an associate at an amount equal to life the ECLs, which is calculated using a provision matrix.

The following table provides information about the Group's exposure to credit risk and ECLs for interest receivables and trade receivables from amount due from an associate:

37. 財務風險管理(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

(ii) 應收貸款

本集團有與應收貸款有關的信貸風險。於二零二一年十二月三十一日，應收貸款按攤銷成本分類為金融資產。虧損撥備乃基於全期預期信貸虧損計算。

年內與應收貸款有關的虧損撥備變動載於附註22 (iii)。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日，管理層認為債務人有嚴重財務問題，因此，該債務工具確認為全期預期信貸虧損。

(iii) 應收一間聯營公司款項／給予一間聯營公司的貸款

本集團亦透過其給予一間聯營公司的貸款及應收一間聯營公司款項面臨信貸風險。本集團按等同於全期預期信貸虧損的金額計量來自應收一間聯營公司之應收貿易賬款虧損撥備並使用撥備矩陣計算。

下表提供有關本集團面臨信貸風險及來自應收一間聯營公司之應收利息及應收貿易賬款的預期信貸虧損的資料：

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

(iii) Amount due from/loan to an associate (Continued)

As at 31 December 2021:

		Expected loss rate (%) 預期虧損率(%)	Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 HK\$'000 千港元	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 HK\$'000 千港元
Not past due	未逾期	0%	-	-
Less than 6 months past due	逾期少於六個月	0%	-	-
Over 6 months past due	逾期超過六個月	6.71%	41,464	2,785
			41,464	2,785

As at 31 December 2020:

		Expected loss rate (%) 預期虧損率(%)	Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 HK\$'000 千港元	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 HK\$'000 千港元
Not past due	未逾期	0%	-	-
Less than 6 months past due	逾期少於六個月	0%	-	-
Over 6 months past due	逾期超過六個月	9.99%	40,391	4,035
			40,391	4,035

37. 財務風險管理(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

(iii) 應收一間聯營公司款項/給予一間聯營公司的貸款(續)

於二零二一年十二月三十一日：

於二零二零年十二月三十一日：

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

(iii) Amount due from/loan to an associate (Continued)

Movement in the loss allowance account in respect of trade receivables from amount due from an associate during the year is as follows:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Balance at 1 January	於一月一日的結餘	4,035	6,351
Reversal of expected credit loss during the year	年內預期信貸虧損撥回	(1,250)	(2,316)
Balance at 31 December	於十二月三十一日的結餘	2,785	4,035

As at 31 December 2021, the loan to an associate was classified as financial assets at amortised cost. The measurement of loss allowance are based on 12 months ECLs.

37. 財務風險管理(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

(iii) 應收一間聯營公司款項/給予一間聯營公司的貸款(續)

年內與來自應收一間聯營公司之應收貿易賬款有關的虧損撥備賬變動如下：

於二零二一年十二月三十一日，給予一間聯營公司的貸款按攤銷成本分類為金融資產。虧損撥備根據十二個月預期信貸虧損計算。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

(iii) Amount due from/loan to an associate (Continued)

Movement in the loss allowance account in respect of loan to an associate during the year is as follows:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Balance at 1 January	於一月一日的結餘	1,113	1,138
Provision for/(reversal of) expected credit losses during the year	年內預期信貸虧損撥備/(撥回)	92	(25)
Balance at 31 December	於十二月三十一日的結餘	1,205	1,113

(iv) Other receivables and liquid funds
As at 31 December 2021, the Group has assessed that the expected loss rate for other receivables was immaterial. Thus no loss allowance for other receivables was recognised.

37. 財務風險管理(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

(iii) 應收一間聯營公司款項/給予一間聯營公司的貸款(續)
年內與給予一間聯營公司的貸款有關的虧損撥備賬變動如下：

(iv) 其他應收款項及流動資金
於二零二一年十二月三十一日，本集團已評估其他應收款項的預期虧損率為不重大，故並無確認其他應收款項的虧損撥備。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

Concentration of credit risk of trade and bills receivables

The Group has concentration of credit risk as 54% (2020: 35%) of the total trade and bills receivables was due from the Group's five largest customers. The Directors considered that the receivable balance from these customers do not represent a significant credit risk based on past collection experience and no bad debts have been recognised against trade and bills receivables due from these customers. Other than that, the Group has no other significant concentration of credit risk.

Liquidity risk

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors its liquidity requirements and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management and adequate committed facilities of bank and other loans from banks and financial institutions to finance the Group's operations and meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

The following tables detail the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The maturity dates for other non-derivative financial liabilities are based on the agreed repayment dates.

The tables include both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are variable rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate at the end of the reporting period.

37. 財務風險管理(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

應收貿易賬款及應收票據之集中信貸風險

本集團有集中信貸風險，原因是應收貿易賬款及應收票據總額的54%(二零二零年：35%)乃來自本集團的五大客戶。董事認為，根據過往收賬經驗，來自該等客戶之應收貿易賬款及應收票據結餘並無重大信貸風險，故並無就應收該等客戶之應收貿易賬款及應收票據確認任何壞賬。除此以外，本集團並無其他重大集中信貸風險。

流動資金風險

於管理流動資金風險方面，本集團監察其流動資金需求及維持管理層認為足夠水平的現金及現金等價物，以及向銀行及金融機構取得足夠承諾融資，以撥付本集團運作及應付其短期及長期的流動資金需求。

下表詳列本集團非衍生金融負債之剩餘合約到期情況。下表基於本集團可能須應要求支付金融負債的最早日期未貼現現金流量而制訂。其他非衍生金融負債之到期日乃根據協定之償還日期而定。

該等列表包括利息及本金現金流量。倘利息流量是以浮動利率計算，則未貼現金額按於報告期末之利率推算。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Liquidity risk (Continued)

Liquidity risk tables

37. 財務風險管理(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險(續)

流動資金風險表

		Less than 1 month or on demand 少於一個月 或按要求 HK\$'000 千港元	1 - 3 months 一至三個月 HK\$'000 千港元	3 month to 1 year 三個月 至一年 HK\$'000 千港元	Over 1 year 超過一年 HK\$'000 千港元	Total undiscounted cash flows 未貼現 現金流總額 HK\$'000 千港元	Carrying amount 賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元
31 December 2021	二零二一年十二月三十一日						
Non-derivative financial liabilities	非衍生金融負債						
Trade, bills and other payables	應付貿易賬款、應付票據及 其他應付款項	366,469	32,384	-	-	398,853	398,853
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借貸	3,334	39,032	114,249	239,198	395,813	370,064
Provision for financial guarantee	財務擔保撥備	27,332	-	-	-	27,332	27,332
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	560	1,138	4,774	22,696	29,168	20,796
		397,695	72,554	119,023	261,894	851,166	817,045
31 December 2020	二零二零年十二月三十一日						
Non-derivative financial liabilities	非衍生金融負債						
Trade, bills and other payables	應付貿易賬款、應付票據及 其他應付款項	106,564	182,960	-	-	289,524	289,524
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借貸	4,516	76,020	313,079	32,824	426,439	412,984
Provision for financial guarantee	財務擔保撥備	27,332	-	-	-	27,332	27,332
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	355	695	2,934	4,473	8,457	8,254
		138,767	259,675	316,013	37,297	751,752	738,094

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(c) Fair value measurement

This note provides information about how the Group determine fair values of various financial assets and liabilities.

The Directors consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities that are recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities recorded at amortised cost have been determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on a discounted cash flow analysis, with the most significant inputs being the discount rate that reflects the credit risk of counterparties.

38. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS

Pursuant to a share option scheme approved by a written resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company on 17 March 2005 (the "Option Scheme") which has a term of 10 years, the Company may grant options to the directors or employees, any business consultants, business partners, suppliers, customers, agents or financial or legal advisers, debtors or creditors of the Company or any of its subsidiaries, for the recognition of their contributions, to subscribe for shares in the Company with a payment of HK\$1.00 upon each grant of options offered.

The exercise price of the share option will be determined at the highest of:

- (i) the closing price of the Company's shares on the Stock Exchange on the date of grant;
- (ii) the average of closing prices of shares on the Stock Exchange on the five trading days immediately preceding the date of grant of the option; and
- (iii) the nominal value of the shares.

37. 財務風險管理(續)

(c) 公平值計量

本附註提供本集團如何釐定不同金融資產及負債公平值之資料。

董事認為於綜合財務報表按攤銷成本入賬的金融資產及金融負債的賬面金額與其公平值相若。

按攤銷成本入賬的金融資產及負債的公平值乃按照折現現金流量分析，依據公認定價模型釐定，當中最重大的輸入值為反映對手方的信貸風險的折現率。

38. 以股份為基礎付款的交易

根據本公司股東於二零零五年三月十七日通過書面決議案批准的購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」)，其有效期為10年。本公司可向本公司或任何附屬公司的董事或僱員、任何業務諮詢人、業務夥伴、供應商、客戶、代理或財務或法律顧問、債務人或債權人授出購股權以認購本公司股份，作為彼等對本集團貢獻的肯定。就每次獲授所提呈購股權須支付1.00港元。

購股權行使價定為下列三者的最高者：

- (i) 本公司股份於授出日期於聯交所的收市價；
- (ii) 股份於緊接購股權授出日期前五個交易日於聯交所的平均收市價；及
- (iii) 股份面值。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

38. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

The share options are exercisable at any time during a period of not more than 10 years from the date of grant, subject to the terms and conditions of the Option Scheme, or any conditions stipulated by the board of directors.

The maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted shall not exceed 10% of the number of shares of the Company in issue from time to time. Unless further shareholders' approval has been obtained pursuant to the conditions set out in the Option Scheme, no person shall be granted an option which, if all the options granted to the person (including both exercised and outstanding options) in any 12 month period up to the date of grant are exercised in full, would result in such person's maximum entitlement exceeding 1% of the number of issued shares of the Company.

The following table discloses movements of the share options of the Company entitled by the Company's directors or employees during the year:

Number of share options

Type of grantee	Date of grant	Closing Price per share immediately prior to the date of grant	Exercise price*	Outstanding at	Lapsed	Outstanding at
				1 January 2020	during the year	31 December 2020 and 31 December 2021
承授人類別	授出日期 (Note a) (附註a)	緊接授出日期前的每股收市價	行使價*	於二零二零年一月一日尚未行使	於年內失效	於二零二零年十二月三十一日及二零二一年十二月三十一日尚未行使
Employees 僱員	22 October 2010 二零一零年 十月二十二日	HK\$2.050 2.050港元	HK\$1.761 1.761港元	2,910,000	(2,910,000)	-
Weighted average exercise price 加權平均行使價				HK\$1.76 1.76港元		-

* Adjusted for the effect of the open offer completed on 19 July 2017.

38. 以股份為基礎付款的交易(續)

在購股權計劃的條款及條件，或董事會規定的任何條件所規限下，購股權可於授出日期起計不超過10年內隨時行使。

本公司可授出的購股權所涉股份數目上限不得超過本公司不時已發行股份數目的10%。除已根據購股權計劃所列條件另行取得股東批准外，於截至授出日期止任何12個月期間內，倘授予一名人士的所有購股權(包括已行使及尚未行使的購股權)獲全數行使會導致該名人士獲得的股份最高數目超過本公司已發行股份數目1%，則不可向該名人士授出購股權。

下表披露年內本公司董事或僱員所得本公司購股權的變動：

購股權數目

* 就於二零一七年七月十九日完成的公開發售的影響作出調整。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

38. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(a) The share options were vested in stages as follows:

On or after the second anniversary of the date of grant 50%

On or after the third anniversary of the date of grant remaining 50%

Options granted on 22 October 2010 are exercisable until 21 October 2020.

(b) All the share options has been vested and no share options expenses recognised during the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020 in relation to share options granted by the Company. The share option scheme was expired on 16 March 2015 and all the outstanding share options was lapsed on 22 October 2020. The Company has no new share option scheme as at 31 December 2021 and 2020.

39. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

The Group operates a MPF Scheme for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong. The MPF Scheme is held separately from those of the Group in funds under the control of an independent trustee. Under the rules of the MPF Scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the scheme at rates specified in the rules. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the MPF Scheme is to make the required contributions under the scheme. No forfeited contribution is available to reduce the contribution paid and payable in the future years.

The retirement benefit scheme contributions arising from the MPF Scheme charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income represent contributions paid and payable to the funds by the Group at rates specified in the rules of the scheme.

38. 以股份為基礎付款的交易(續)

(a) 於各階段歸屬的購股權如下：

於授出日期起 50%
第二週年或之後

於授出日期起 餘下50%
第三週年或之後

於二零一零年十月二十二日授出的購股權可於二零二零年十月二十一日前行使。

(b) 有關本公司授出購股權，所有購股權已歸屬，且截至二零二一年及二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度，並無確認購股權開支。購股權計劃已於二零一五年三月十六日屆滿，且所有尚未行使購股權已於二零二零年十月二十二日失效。本公司於二零二一年及二零二零年十二月三十一日並無任何新購股權計劃。

39. 退休福利計劃

本集團為香港全體合資格僱員設立強積金計劃。強積金計劃由獨立受託人控制以基金管理，並與本集團的資產分開處理。根據強積金計劃的規則，僱主及其僱員須分別按規例訂明的比率向該計劃供款。本集團對強積金計劃的唯一責任是向計劃作出規定的供款。本集團並無可用作減少已付及未來幾年應付供款的已放棄供款。

強積金計劃所產生於綜合損益及其他全面收益表扣除的退休福利計劃供款，乃本集團按計劃規則訂明的比率向該等基金作出的已付及應付供款。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

39. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

The employees employed by the operations in the PRC are members of the state-managed retirement benefit schemes operated by the PRC government. The PRC operations are required to contribute a certain percentage of their payroll to the retirement benefit schemes to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefit schemes operated by the PRC government is to make the required contributions under the schemes.

In addition, a subsidiary of the Company, Aggressive Digital Systems Private Ltd., operates a defined benefit plan in India (note 32) and certain subsidiaries of the Company in other foreign countries are required to contribute amounts based on employees' salaries to the retirement benefit schemes as stipulated by the relevant local authorities. The employees are entitled to those subsidiaries' contributions subject to the regulations of the relevant local authorities.

40. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

(i) Transactions

The Group had the following related party transaction:

Relationship 關係	Nature of transaction 交易性質	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Associate 聯營公司	Sales of goods 銷售貨品	-	47
	Interest income 利息收入	1,004	1,006

(ii) Balances

Details of the Group's balances with related party are set out in the consolidated statement of financial position and in notes 21 and 28.

39. 退休福利計劃(續)

本集團於中國經營業務所聘用的僱員均為中國政府設立的國家退休福利計劃的成員。相關中國經營業務須支付僱員薪金的一定比率，作為退休福利計劃的供款。本集團對中國政府設立的退休福利計劃的唯一責任為根據計劃支付規定的供款。

此外，本公司的一間附屬公司 Aggressive Digital Systems Private Ltd. 於印度運作一項界定福利計劃(附註32)，本公司於其他國外的若干附屬公司須按照僱員的薪金向有關地方當局所訂明的退休福利計劃作出供款。根據有關地方當局的規例，僱員可獲得該等附屬公司的供款。

40. 關聯方披露

(i) 交易

本集團曾進行以下關聯人士交易：

(ii) 結餘

本集團與關聯人士之結餘詳情載於綜合財務狀況表及附註21及附註28。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
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40. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (Continued)

(iii) Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management during the year was as follows:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Short-term benefits	短期福利	9,369	11,417
Post-employment benefits	僱員退休福利	146	221
		9,515	11,638

In the opinion of the Directors, the remuneration of directors and key executives is determined having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.

41. PLEDGE OF ASSETS

At the end of the reporting period, the following assets were pledged to secure banking facilities granted to the Group:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Bank deposits	銀行存款	3,603	3,957
Trade receivables	應收貿易賬款	96,151	45,764
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	16,607	22,361
Investment properties	投資物業	230,797	205,442
Inventory	存貨	54,697	31,391

Note: Banking facilities also secured by pledge of the Company's interest in PBT.

40. 關聯方披露(續)

(iii) 主要管理人員之補償

年內董事及主要管理層其他成員之薪酬如下：

董事認為，董事及主要管理層的薪酬乃經考慮個人表現及市場趨勢後釐定。

41. 資產抵押

於報告期末，本集團已將下列資產抵押，作為所獲銀行信貸的抵押：

附註：銀行信貸亦已透過本公司於博百科技的權益抵押。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
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42. ARBITRATION

On 29 September 2011, the Group entered into a conditional agreement (the “**Agreement**”) with an independent individual third party (the “**Original Shareholder**”) and Technosat Technology JLT FZE (“**Technosat**”, a company incorporated in Dubai, which was wholly owned by the Original Shareholder), to subscribe for 375 new shares in Technosat at a cash consideration of US\$7,500,000 (equivalent to HK\$58,170,000), amounting to 15% of Technosat’s enlarged capital. Technosat is set up to be engaged in operation of digital TV and radio platform, pay TV channel, and sales and supply of TV set top boxes.

As at 30 June 2012, the Group had paid a deposit of US\$2,500,000 (equivalent to HK\$19,467,000) to Technosat to acquire new shares in Technosat which was fully provided for impairment in prior year. Pursuant to the terms of the Agreement, the Group is required to pay a further US\$5,000,000 in relation to the subscription of this 15% equity interest in Technosat. The subscription is not yet completed up to the date of approval of this report as the conditions precedent of the subscription of new shares in Technosat including the consent and approval by government authority in Dubai has not been fulfilled.

Despite the Group’s repeated request for information, there were no satisfactory response from the Original Shareholder or Technosat (“**Counterparties**”) regarding the current status and the procurement of obtaining government approval from the government authority in Dubai. The Group has engaged legal counsel to act for the Group and started dispute resolution proceedings against the Original Shareholder and Technosat.

On 21 January 2013, the legal counsel of the Original Shareholder and Technosat served a notice to the Group’s legal counsel for a claim on the further payment of US\$5,000,000 in relation to the subscription of this 15% equity interest in Technosat.

The Group’s legal counsel has replied on behalf of the Group on 11 February 2013 in response to the claim of the Original Shareholder and Technosat defending the claim as the Directors consider such claim invalid, as the conditions precedent of the subscription of new shares in Technosat had not been fulfilled and constituted a breach of the Agreement.

42. 仲裁

於二零一一年九月二十九日，本集團與一名獨立個別第三方（「**原股東**」）及Technosat Technology JLT FZE（「**Technosat**」，一間於杜拜註冊成立之公司，由原股東全資擁有）訂立一份有條件協議（「**該協議**」），以現金代價7,500,000美元（相當於58,170,000港元）認購Technosat 375股新股，即Technosat經擴大股本之15%。Technosat之成立目的為從事營運數字電視及廣播平臺、付費電視頻道以及銷售及供應機頂盒。

於二零一二年六月三十日，本集團已向Technosat支付訂金2,500,000美元（相當於19,467,000港元），以收購Technosat的新股，該等訂金已於去年悉數計提減值撥備。根據該協議之條款，本集團須就認購Technosat該15%股本權益進一步支付5,000,000美元。由於認購Technosat新股之先決條件（包括取得杜拜政府部門的同意及批准）尚未達成，故認購事項於截至本報告獲批准當日尚未完成。

儘管本集團一再要求原股東或Technosat（「**對手方**」）提供關於徵求杜拜政府部門批准的現況及促使取得有關批准，但對手方未有令人滿意的回應。本集團已委聘法律顧問以代本集團行事，並針對原股東及Technosat展開糾紛調解程序。

於二零一三年一月二十一日，原股東及Technosat的法律顧問向本集團的法律顧問送達一份通知，申索有關認購Technosat該15%股本權益的進一步款項5,000,000美元。

本集團的法律顧問於二零一三年二月十一日代表本集團回覆原股東及Technosat的申索，就申索提出抗辯，原因為董事認為由於認購Technosat新股的先決條件尚未達成，即構成違反該協議，故該項申索屬無效。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

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42. ARBITRATION (Continued)

The Group's legal counsel had repeated request on the Original Shareholder and Technosat to commence the next step on mediation, but there were no satisfactory response from the legal counsel of the Original Shareholder and Technosat up to the deadline set by August 2014. At the date of approval of these consolidated financial statements, the Group's legal counsel confirmed that there was no update on the arbitration.

43. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY

Details of the Company's principal subsidiaries at 31 December 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

42. 仲裁(續)

本集團的法律顧問已多次覆述向原股東及 Technosat 提出開展下一步調解程序的要求，惟截至二零一四年八月的既定限期，仍未獲得原股東及 Technosat 的法律顧問的滿意回覆。於本綜合財務報表獲批准當日，本集團的法律顧問確認仲裁並無更新。

43. 本公司主要附屬公司

於二零二一年及二零二零年十二月三十一日本公司主要附屬公司詳情如下：

Name of company 公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ establishment/operations 註冊成立/成立/ 經營地點	Class of shares held 持有股份類別	Issued and fully paid share capital/registered capital 已發行及繳足股本/ 註冊資本	Proportion of nominal value of issued share/registered capital held by the Company				Principal activities 主要業務
				2021 二零二一年		2020 二零二零年		
				Directly 直接	Indirectly 間接	Directly 直接	Indirectly 間接	
Top Peaker Group Limited (Top Peaker)	British Virgin Islands ("BVI")/ Hong Kong 英屬處女群島 (「英屬處女群島」)/ 香港	Ordinary 普通股	US\$10,000 10,000美元	100%		100%		Investment holding 投資控股
Sandmartin (Zhong Shan) Electronic Co., Ltd.* 中山聖馬丁電子元件有限公司	PRC 中國	Registered capital (note 1) 註冊資本(附註1)	US\$19,500,000 19,500,000美元		100%		100%	Manufacture of electronic goods 製造電子產品
Pro Brand Technology (China) Co., Ltd.* 中山晟富電子科技有限公司	PRC 中國	Registered Capital (note 2) 註冊資本(附註2)	RMB27,000,000 人民幣27,000,000元		59.1%		59.1%	Manufacture and trading of electronic accessories 製造及買賣電子配件
SMT Hong Kong Limited 宏揚科技有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$2 2港元	100%		100%		Trading of electronic goods 買賣電子產品

* For identification purpose only

* 僅供識別

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

43. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

43. 本公司主要附屬公司(續)

Name of company 公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ establishment/operations 註冊成立/成立/ 經營地點	Class of shares held 持有股份類別	Issued and fully paid share capital/registered capital 已發行及繳足股本/ 註冊資本	Proportion of nominal value of issued share/registered capital held by the Company 本公司持有已發行股份/註冊資本面值的比例				Principal activities 主要業務
				2021 二零二一年		2020 二零二零年		
				Directly 直接	Indirectly 間接	Directly 直接	Indirectly 間接	
SMT Electronic Technology Limited	Cayman Islands/Taiwan 開曼群島/臺灣	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1 1美元		100%		100%	Trading of electronic goods 買賣電子產品
SMT (Macao Commercial Offshore) Limited 虹揚(澳門離岸商業服務)有限公司	Macau 澳門	Quota capital 定額資本	MOP100,000 100,000澳門元		100%		100%	Trading of electronic goods 買賣電子產品
PBT 博百科技	Cayman Islands/USA 開曼群島/美國	Ordinary/Preference 普通股/優先股	US\$20,000,000/ US\$9,759,203 20,000,000美元/ 9,759,203美元	59.1%		59.1%		Investment holding and trading of satellite TV equipment and antenna 投資控股及買賣衛星電視設備 及天線產品
PBI	USA 美國	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1 1美元		59.1%		59.1%	Trading of satellite TV equipment and antenna 買賣衛星電視設備及 天線產品
Pro Brand Technology (TW) Inc. (Formerly known as "Sksteck Inc.") 永辰科技股份有限公司	Taiwan 臺灣	Ordinary 普通股	TWD225,000,000 新臺幣225,000,000元		59.1%		59.1%	Design, manufacture and trading of satellite TV equipment and antenna 設計、製造及買賣衛星電視設 備及天線產品

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
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43. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

43. 本公司主要附屬公司(續)

Name of company 公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ establishment/operations 註冊成立/成立/ 經營地點	Class of shares held 持有股份類別	Issued and fully paid share capital/registered capital 已發行及繳足股本/ 註冊資本	Proportion of nominal value of issued share/registered capital held by the Company 本公司持有已發行股份/註冊資本面值的比例				Principal activities 主要業務
				2021 二零二一年		2020 二零二零年		
				Directly 直接	Indirectly 間接	Directly 直接	Indirectly 間接	
BCN Distribuciones, S.A.	Spain 西班牙	Ordinary 普通股	EUR412,102 412,102歐元		100%		100%	Research and development and trading of electronic goods 研發及買賣電子產品
Intelligent Digital Services GmbH	Germany 德國	Ordinary 普通股	EUR31,250 31,250歐元		100%		100%	Design and manufacture of electronic goods 設計、製造電子產品
Sino Light Enterprise Limited 凌勵企業有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$12,600 12,600港元		64%		64%	Inactive 暫無業務
E-passing Co., Ltd. 駁通網股份有限公司	Taiwan 臺灣	Ordinary 普通股	TWD100,000,000 新臺幣100,000,000元		100%		100%	Inactive 暫無業務
Aggressive Digital Systems Private Ltd.	India 印度	Ordinary 普通股	INR30,000,000 30,000,000印度盧比		51%		51%	Trading of electronic goods 買賣電子產品

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

43. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

Note 1: Sandmartin (Zhong Shan) Electronic Co., Ltd. is registered as a limited liability company (wholly foreign-owned enterprise).

Note 2: Pro Brand Technology (China) Co., Ltd. is registered as a limited liability company (wholly foreign-owned enterprise).

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the Directors, principally affected the results or assets and liabilities of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the Directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

None of the subsidiaries had any debt securities outstanding at any time of the year or at 31 December 2021 and 2020.

Details of non-wholly owned subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests

The table below shows details of non-wholly owned subsidiaries of the Group that have material non-controlling interests:

Name of company 公司名稱	Place of incorporation and principal place of business 註冊成立地點及主要營業地點	Proportion of ownership interest and voting rights held by non-controlling interest 非控股權益持有的擁有權益及投票權的比例		Profit (Loss) allocated to non-controlling interests 分配至非控股權益的溢利(虧損)		Accumulated non-controlling interests 累計非控股權益	
		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
PBT 博百科技	Cayman Islands/ USA 開曼群島/美國	40.9%	40.9%	1,148	(4,378)	80,241	77,571
Individually immaterial subsidiaries 個別不重大附屬公司				(1,976)	(6,855)	(40,427)	(38,487)
Total 總額				(828)	(11,233)	39,814	39,084

43. 本公司主要附屬公司(續)

附註1：中山聖馬丁電子元件有限公司註冊為一間有限責任公司(外商獨資企業)。

附註2：中山晟富電子科技有限公司註冊為一間有限責任公司(外商獨資企業)。

董事認為上表列示的本公司附屬公司對本集團的業績或資產及負債影響重大。董事認為列示其他附屬公司的詳情會導致內容過於冗贅。

年內任何時間或於二零二一年及二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度概無附屬公司擁有任何已發行債務證券。

擁有重大非控股權益的非全資附屬公司詳情

下表載列擁有重大非控股權益的本集團非全資附屬公司的詳情：

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

43. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

Details of non-wholly owned subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests (Continued)

Summarised financial information in respect of PBT that have material non-controlling interests are set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts before intergroup eliminations.

43. 本公司主要附屬公司(續)

擁有重大非控股權益的非全資附屬公司詳情(續)

擁有重大非控股權益的博百科技的財務資料概述如下。以下財務資料概要乃未經集團內公司間對銷的金額。

		PBT 博百科技	
		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current assets	流動資產	444,145	381,015
Non-current assets	非流動資產	61,379	60,762
Current liabilities	流動負債	(262,910)	(217,018)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(48,424)	(36,522)
Net assets	資產淨值	194,190	188,237

		PBT 博百科技	
		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	收益	537,654	467,641
Profit/(loss) for the year	本年度溢利/(虧損)	2,806	(10,697)
Total comprehensive income	全面收益總額	2,806	(10,697)
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from	來自以下各項的現金(流出)/ 流入淨額		
Operating activities	經營活動	(3,649)	81,141
Investing activities	投資活動	(3,922)	(4,814)
Financing activities	融資活動	(9,061)	(51,784)
		(16,632)	24,543

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

44. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

44. 本公司財務狀況表

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Investments in subsidiaries	於附屬公司之投資	197,818	197,818
Interest in an associate	於一間聯營公司之權益	90,828	90,393
Loan to an associate	給予一間聯營公司的貸款	22,130	22,130
Amounts due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	98,284	98,284
Amount due from an associate	應收一間聯營公司款項	20,479	19,474
Other receivables	其他應收款項	879	736
Bank balances and cash	銀行結存及現金	887	414
Total assets	資產總值	431,305	429,249
Other payables	其他應付款項	(91,050)	(94,076)
Borrowings	借貸	(194,945)	(232,563)
Provision for financial guarantee	財務擔保撥備	(27,332)	(27,332)
Amount due to a subsidiary	應付一間附屬公司款項	(173,827)	(169,691)
Total liabilities	負債總額	(487,154)	(523,662)
Net liabilities	負債淨額	(55,849)	(94,413)
Capital and reserves	股本及儲備		
Share capital	股本	49,216	328,108
Reserves (note)	儲備(附註)	(105,065)	(422,521)
Capital deficiency attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔資本虧絀	(55,849)	(94,413)

On behalf of the directors

代表董事

Hung Tsung Chin

洪聰進

Director

董事

Chen Wei Chun

陳偉鈞

Director

董事

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

44. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

Note: Reserves of the Company

44. 本公司財務狀況表(續)

附註：本公司儲備

		Share premium	Contributed surplus	Share option reserve	Special reserve	Capital redemption reserve	Accumulated losses	Total
		股份溢價	實繳盈餘	購股權儲備	特別儲備	資本贖回儲備	累計虧損	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	506,750	181,788	7,960	79,900	-	(1,210,864)	(434,466)
Repurchase of Taiwan Depository Receipts	回購臺灣存託憑證	-	-	-	-	1,713	-	1,713
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	本年度溢利及全面收益總額	-	-	-	-	-	10,232	10,232
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	506,750	181,788	7,960	79,900	1,713	(1,200,632)	(422,521)
Capital reorganisation	股本重組	(506,750)	506,750	-	-	-	295,297	295,297
Issue of shares upon rights issue	供股後發行股份	50,880	-	-	-	-	-	50,880
Loss and total comprehensive income for the year	本年度虧損及全面收益總額	-	-	-	-	-	(28,721)	(28,721)
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	50,880	688,538	7,960	79,900	1,713	(934,056)	(105,065)

The contributed surplus represents the difference between the consolidated shareholders' fund of Top Peaker and the nominal value of the Company's shares issued to acquire Top Peaker at the time of a group reorganisation in prior years.

The special reserve represents the surplus arising pursuant to the capitalisation of advances from shareholders as part of the group reorganisation.

繳入盈餘指Top Peaker的綜合股東資金與過往年度集團重組時本公司為收購Top Peaker而發行的股份面值間的差額。

特別儲備指將股東墊款撥作資本(作為集團重組之一部分)所產生的盈餘。

45. LITIGATIONS

Lawsuit in India

In October 2020, Aggressive Digital Systems Private Ltd. ("AD", a non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company) received a summons to the National Company Law Tribunal ("NCLT") at Chandigarh in India that was filed by Aggressive Electronics Manufacturing Services Private Limited ("AEMS", a minority shareholder of AD) and Mr. Neeraj Bharara (collectively the "Petitioners") against Top Dragon Development Limited (a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company and the shareholder of AD), AD and certain directors of AD (collectively the "Respondents") alleging that the Respondents made undue acts either of oppression or mismanagement and claiming for losses caused to the Petitioners arising from such undue acts. The hearing is scheduled to be held on 10 May 2022 at NCLT.

45. 訴訟

於印度的訴訟

於二零二零年十月，Aggressive Digital Systems Private Ltd. ("AD"，本公司的非全資附屬公司)接獲由Aggressive Electronics Manufacturing Services Private Limited ("AEMS"，AD的少數股東)及Neeraj Bharara先生(統稱「呈請人」)針對Top Dragon Development Limited(本公司的全資附屬公司及AD的股東)、AD及AD的若干董事(統稱「答辯人」)向印度昌迪加爾國家公司法法庭(「國家公司法法庭」)發出的傳票，該傳票指稱答辯人作出了壓迫或管理不善的不當行為，並就該等不當行為對呈請人所造成的損失提出申索。聆訊定於二零二二年五月十日在國家公司法法庭舉行。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021
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45. LITIGATIONS (Continued)

Lawsuit in India (Continued)

After consulting the Company's legal counsel in India and taking into account the possible factors including, but not limited to, the possible amount involved in the case, the Board considered that it is not probable that the Group will incur any material losses resulting from this litigation. Accordingly, no provision was made in the consolidated financial statements of the Group as at 31 December 2020 and 2021.

46. COOPERATION AGREEMENT IN RELATION TO PROPOSED REDEVELOPMENT

Reference is made to the voluntary announcement of the Company dated 17 August 2021 (the "**Voluntary Announcement**") in relation to the cooperation agreement (the "**Cooperation Agreement**") that was entered into between the Group and Guangdong Huasuan International Industrial Park Investment Development Co., Ltd.* (廣東省華算國際產業園投資發展有限公司) ("**Huasuan**") in July 2021. Pursuant to the Cooperation Agreement, Huasuan and Sandmartin (Zhong Shan) Electronic Co. Ltd.* ("**ZSS**", an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the Company) will cooperate to upgrade certain blocks of factory buildings and dormitories constructed on an industrial land and to redevelop some vacant and undeveloped parts of that land (collectively, the "**Land**") subject to prior consents and planning approvals from the relevant PRC government authorities. The Land is situated in Zhongshan, Guangdong Province, the PRC and is owned by ZSS. The intention of the Cooperation Agreement is to set out the framework to redevelop the Land into an intelligent manufacturing centre for research and development for future leasing or disposal purposes (the "**Redevelopment**"). Huasuan will fund the entire costs of the Redevelopment and the Group will provide part of the Land that will be used for the Redevelopment. The Group and Huasuan will be entitled to 20% and 80% respectively of the new buildings constructed on the Land by apportioning the rental income attributable to, or the proceeds from the disposal of, the newly constructed buildings (the "**Revenue Apportionment**").

* For identification purpose only

45. 訴訟(續)

於印度的訴訟(續)

經諮詢本公司的印度法律顧問，並考慮到案件可能涉及的金額等因素，董事會認為，本集團因該訴訟而產生任何重大損失的可能性不大。因此，本集團並無於二零二零年及二零二一年十二月三十一日的綜合財務報表計提任何撥備。

46. 有關建議重建的合作協議

茲提述本公司日期為二零二一年八月十七日的自願公告(「**自願公告**」)，內容有關本集團與廣東省華算國際產業園投資發展有限公司(「**華算**」)於二零二一年七月訂立合作協議(「**合作協議**」)。根據合作協議，華算及中山聖馬丁電子元件有限公司(「**中山聖馬丁**」，本公司之間接全資附屬公司)將合作升級建於工業用地上之若干廠房及宿舍，並重建該土地(統稱「**該土地**」)的部分空置及未發展部分，惟須事先獲得中國相關政府部門的同意及規劃批准。該土地位於中國廣東省中山市並由中山聖馬丁擁有。合作協議旨在制定重建該土地的框架，成為研發智能製造中心，作未來租賃或出售用途(「**重建**」)。華算將提供重建全部成本的資金，而本集團將提供部分該土地用於重建。本集團及華算將透過分配由新建樓宇產生的租金收入或出售新建樓宇的所得款項而分別有權獲得該土地上新建樓宇的20%及80%(「**收益分配**」)。

* 僅供識別

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

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46. COOPERATION AGREEMENT IN RELATION TO PROPOSED REDEVELOPMENT (Continued)

The Redevelopment will be developed under the name of ZSS. To ensure the continued commitment in the Redevelopment, Huasuan will pay to the Group a cooperation fund amounting to RMB60 million as security deposit (the "Cooperation Fund"). As securities for such Cooperation Fund, the Group will pledge to Huasuan (i) 100% of the shareholding interests in ZSS which holds the Land (the "Equity Pledge"); and (ii) one of the three pieces of land parcels within the Land (the "Land Pledge"). Huasuan shall release both the Equity Pledge and the Land Pledge upon full repayment of the Cooperation Fund by the Group and completion of the Redevelopment and Revenue Apportionment. If the Redevelopment is unable to proceed, the Cooperation Fund shall be refunded to Huasuan without interest within 10 business days failing which there is a default interest of 8% per annum payable by the Group within three months.

As at the end of the reporting period, the Redevelopment is in the planning stage. The concrete plan in relation to the Revenue Apportionment cannot be determined and will have to be further negotiated between the parties. Similarly, the design and scale of the Redevelopment, the exact size and location of the Land that will be provided by the Group for the Redevelopment cannot be determined until prior consents and planning approvals from the relevant PRC government authorities are obtained. The Redevelopment may not proceed if the Group cannot obtain the relevant consents and planning approvals. Other than prior consents and planning approvals from the relevant PRC government authorities, other conditions precedent that the parties have to fulfil before the Redevelopment can commence are that:

- (i) Huasuan shall pay to the Group the Cooperation Fund; and
- (ii) the Group shall provide the Equity Pledge and Land Pledge to Huasuan for securing repayment of the Cooperation Fund.

46. 有關建議重建的合作協議(續)

重建將以中山聖馬丁名義開發。為確保繼續承擔重建，華算將向本集團支付合作金人民幣60,000,000元作為保證金(「合作金」)。作為保障該合作金，本集團將向華算抵押(i)中山聖馬丁(持有該土地)的100%股權(「股權質押」)；及(ii)該土地內三幅地塊的其中一幅(「土地抵押」)。華算將於本集團悉數償還合作金及完成重建及收益分配後解除股權質押及土地抵押。倘重建無法進行，則合作金將於十個營業日內退還予華算(不計利息)，否則本集團須於三個月內支付年利率8%的違約利息。

於報告期末，重建正處於規劃階段。有關收益分配的具體計劃無法釐定，並須由雙方進一步磋商。同樣，重建的設計及規模、本集團將就重建提供該土地的實際面積及位置在獲得中國相關政府部門的事先同意及規劃批准前無法釐定。倘本集團未能取得相關同意及規劃批准，則重建可能不會進行。除須向相關中國政府部門取得事先同意及規劃批准外，雙方於可開展重建前須達成的其他先決條件如下：

- (i) 華算須向本集團支付合作金；及
- (ii) 本集團須向華算提供股權質押及土地抵押以保障償還合作金。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

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46. COOPERATION AGREEMENT IN RELATION TO PROPOSED REDEVELOPMENT (Continued)

Pursuant to the Cooperation Agreement, the Group may not proceed with the Redevelopment even if the conditions precedent above are fulfilled if the outstanding matters such as the location and size of the Land to be provided by the Group, the scale of Redevelopment to be undertaken by Huasuan and whether the newly developed Land will be leased or to be disposed of cannot be resolved or agreed. Therefore, at this stage and up to the date of this annual report, there is no transaction in connection with the Cooperation Agreement that would trigger Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules.

If those outstanding matters are resolved and agreed (including the prior consents and planning approvals from the relevant PRC government authorities), the Group will proceed with the Redevelopment with Huasuan by entering into further agreements. If the transactions under the further agreements constitute major transactions (as defined under the Listing Rules), the Group will comply with the requirements under Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules.

Pending development of such subsequent non-adjusting event, the Group's financial and operating performance may be affected, the extent to which cannot be estimated up to the date of this annual report. For details, please refer to the Voluntary Announcement.

As at 31 December 2021, Huasuan has paid to the Group the Cooperation Fund in full and the Group has recognised as deposits received (note 28). The Group has provided the Equity Pledge to Huasuan for securing repayment of the Cooperation Fund and also provided the Land Pledge to Huasuan.

46. 有關建議重建的合作協議(續)

根據合作協議，倘本集團將提供該土地的位置及面積、華算將承擔的重建規模以及新開發的該土地是否會出租或出售等未決事項未能解決或達成一致，即使上述先決條件獲達成，本集團亦可能不會進行重建。因此，現階段及直至本年報日期並無與合作協議有關的交易將觸發上市規則第十四章。

倘該等未決事項獲解決及達成一致(包括向相關中國政府部門取得事先同意及規劃批准)，本集團將與華算訂立進一步協議以進行重建。倘進一步協議項下的交易構成主要交易(定義見上市規則)，本集團將遵守上市規則第十四章項下的規定。

視乎有關後續非調整事項的發展，本集團的財務及營運表現可能會受影響，直至本年報日期未能估計其影響程度。有關詳情請參閱自願公告。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日，華算已向本集團悉數支付合作金，本集團確認為已收按金(附註28)。本集團已向華算提供股權質押以保障償還合作金，同時向華算提供土地抵押。

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

財務報表附註(續)

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47. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Acquisition of Prabhu Digital Limited by Dish Media Network Limited (“Dish Media”)

Dish Media, the Company’s associate, to endeavour to expand broadband services in Nepal, had issued 2,533,235 new shares to acquire all the interest of Prabhu Digital Limited (the “Acquisition”), the Acquisition was completed on 6 March 2022. Upon completion of the Acquisition, the equity interest of the Company in Dish Media was diluted from approximately 47.12% to approximately 41.86%. To the best of the Directors’ knowledge, information and belief, having made all reasonable enquiries, the subscriber of the new shares and its ultimate beneficial owners are independent of, and not acting in concert with the Company and connected persons (as defined under the Listing Rules) of the Company.

48. APPROVAL OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 25 March 2022.

47. 期後事項

Dish Media Network Limited(「Dish Media」) 收購Prabhu Digital Limited

本公司的聯營公司Dish Media為拓展尼泊爾寬帶服務，發行2,533,235股新股收購Prabhu Digital Limited的全部股權(「收購事項」)，收購事項已於二零二二年三月六日完成。於收購事項完成後，本公司於Dish Media的股權由約47.12%被攤薄至約41.86%。據董事在作出一切合理查詢後所知、所悉及所信，新股認購人及其最終實益擁有人獨立於本公司及本公司關連人士(定義見上市規則)，亦非一致行動人士。

48. 批准綜合財務報表

綜合財務報表已於二零二二年三月二十五日獲董事會批准及授權刊發。

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

財務摘要

		Year ended 31 December 2017 截至 二零一七年 十二月三十一日 止年度 HK\$'000 千港元	Year ended 31 December 2018 截至 二零一八年 十二月三十一日 止年度 HK\$'000 千港元	Year ended 31 December 2019 截至 二零一九年 十二月三十一日 止年度 HK\$'000 千港元	Year ended 31 December 2020 截至 二零二零年 十二月三十一日 止年度 HK\$'000 千港元	Year ended 31 December 2021 截至 二零二一年 十二月三十一日 止年度 HK\$'000 千港元
			(Re-presented) (重列)			
RESULTS	業績					
Revenue	收益	1,544,838	1,277,948	1,070,527	863,629	926,471
Loss before income tax expense	所得稅支出前虧損	(167,033)	(64,685)	(429,590)	(20,686)	(16,442)
Income tax expense	所得稅支出	(8,758)	(3,706)	(5,546)	(3,141)	(9,819)
Loss for the year from continuing operations	持續經營業務的本年度虧損	(175,791)	(68,391)	(435,136)	(23,827)	(26,261)
(Loss)/profit for the year from discontinued operation	已終止經營業務的本年度(虧損)/溢利	-	(234,439)	79,788	-	-
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	(175,791)	(302,830)	(355,348)	(23,827)	(26,261)
Attributable to:	應佔：					
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人	(105,798)	(187,435)	(315,461)	(12,594)	(25,433)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(69,993)	(115,395)	(39,887)	(11,233)	(828)
		(175,791)	(302,830)	(355,348)	(23,827)	(26,261)
		At 31 December 2017 於 二零一七年 十二月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	At 31 December 2018 於 二零一八年 十二月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	At 31 December 2019 於 二零一九年 十二月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	At 31 December 2020 於 二零二零年 十二月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	At 31 December 2021 於 二零二一年 十二月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	資產及負債					
Total assets	資產總額	1,287,825	1,096,354	1,032,676	896,489	1,017,072
Total liabilities	負債總額	(971,033)	(1,062,240)	(970,381)	(842,973)	(921,979)
		316,792	34,114	62,295	53,516	95,093
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔權益	484,430	327,948	4,572	14,432	55,279
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(167,638)	(293,834)	57,723	39,084	39,814
		316,792	34,114	62,245	53,516	95,093



**SANDMARTIN INTERNATIONAL
HOLDINGS LIMITED**
聖馬丁國際控股有限公司*

