

### Extrawell Pharmaceutical Holdings Limited 精優藥業控股有限公司

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability) (於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

Stock code 股份代號: 858





2024 ANNUAL REPORT 年報

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### **CORPORATE INFORMATION** 公司資料



#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

**Executive Directors** 

Dr. XIE Yi (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer) Mr. CHENG Yong (Deputy Chief Executive Officer)

Dr. LOU Yi

Ms. WONG Sau Kuen

Dr. GUO Yi

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. FANG Lin Hu Ms. JIN Song Dr. ZENG Li

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Mr. FANG Lin Hu (Chairman)

Ms. JIN Song Dr. ZENG LI

#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. FANG Lin Hu (Chairman)

Ms. JIN Song Dr. ZENG LI Dr. XIE Yi

#### **NOMINATION COMMITTEE**

Dr. XIE Yi (Chairman) Mr. FANG Lin Hu Ms. JIN Song Dr. ZENG Li

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Ms. WONG Sau Kuen

#### **HONG KONG LEGAL ADVISERS**

Chiu & Partners Solicitors

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

Elite Partners CPA Limited Certified Public Accountants

#### 董事會

執行董事

謝毅博士(主席兼行政總裁) 程勇先生(副行政總裁) 樓屹博十 王秀娟女士 郭懿博士

#### 獨立非執行董事

方林虎先生 金松女士 曾立博士

#### 審核委員會

方林虎先生(主席) 金松女士 曾立博士

#### 薪酬委員會

方林虎先生(主席) 金松女十 曾立博士 謝毅博士

#### 提名委員會

謝毅博士(主席) 方林虎先生 金松女士 曾立博士

#### 公司秘書

王秀娟女士

#### 香港法律顧問

趙不渝 • 馬國強律師事務所

#### 獨立核數師

開元信德會計師事務所有限公司 執業會計師

#### CORPORATE INFORMATION (CONTINUED) 公司資料(續)





#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

### HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Suites 2206–08, 22/F Devon House, Taikoo Place 979 King's Road Quarry Bay Hong Kong

#### PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited The Bank of East Asia, Limited

### PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Conyers Corporate Services (Bermuda) Limited Clarendon House, 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

### HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Tengis Limited 17/F, Far East Finance Centre 16 Harcourt Road Hong Kong

#### **WEBSITE**

http://www.extrawell.com.hk

#### STOCK CODE

The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited: 00858

#### 註冊辦事處

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

#### 總辦事處及香港主要營業地點

香港 鰂魚涌 英皇道979號 太古坊德宏大廈 22樓2206-08室

#### 主要往來銀行

中國工商銀行(亞洲)有限公司 東亞銀行有限公司

#### 股份過戶登記總處

Conyers Corporate Services (Bermuda) Limited Clarendon House, 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

#### 香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳登捷時有限公司 香港 夏慤道16號 遠東金融中心17樓

#### 網站

http://www.extrawell.com.hk

#### 股份代號

香港聯合交易所有限公司:00858

## CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

## 主席報告



### Dear Shareholders: 致各位股東:

On behalf of the board of directors (the "Board") of Extrawell Pharmaceutical Holdings Limited (the "Company", together with its subsidiaries, the "Group"), I am pleased to present the annual report of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2024.

本人謹代表精優藥業控股有限公司 (「本公司」, 連同其附屬公司「本集 團」) 董事會(「董事會」) 欣然提呈本 集團截至二零二四年三月三十一日 止年度之年報。





#### CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT (CONTINUED) 主席報告(續)



Multiple shocks, including the impacts of geopolitical conflicts, energy and food crises induced by Russia-Ukraine war, and the health crisis and supply chain disruptions associated with the Covid-19 pandemic, have shaken the global economy in recent years. In May 2023, the World Health Organization declared an end to Covid-19 as a public health emergency of international concern, general economic trends gradually improved in the second half of 2023. However, global recovery remained slow and uneven amid complicated landscape brought by relatively subdued macro-economic conditions, threats of inflation and geopolitical instability. Navigating the persistent economic and geopolitical complexities, China's economy achieved 5.2% full year growth in 2023, accelerated from 3% growth rate registered in 2022, after its uplifting of pandemic-related restrictions since early 2023.

During the year, China's economy has shown a steady recovery with the nation's supportive measures, and forged ahead along path of high-quality development. Meanwhile, the national support for the pharmaceutical industry has been consistently strengthened as the nation has deliberated and adopted work plans on promoting highquality development of the pharmaceutical and medical equipment industries in the 2023-2025 period. A series of policies have been issued to expedite review and approval of innovative drugs, thus encouraging the research and development for new drugs with high clinical value and increasing corporate investments in pursuing technological advancement. China's pharmaceutical industry has witnessed continuous deepening reforms through optimisation of centralised procurement and expanded medical insurance coverage, and regulatory changes. Though the normalisation of centralised drug procurement, and reforms to better control medical costs, have squeezed the industry's overall sales margins and room for profit growth in the near term, relevant policies have focused on the supply side to comprehensively guide and standardise the healthy development of the industry in the longer term. In accordance with the directions outlined in China's 14th Five-Year Plan, the pharmaceutical industry has been upgrading and evolving with improving regulations to broaden market access and enhance patient affordability, however, the market competition has become more intensified.

於年度內,中國經濟在國家扶持措施的支 持下穩步復甦,沿着高質量發展的道路闊 步前行。與此同時,由於國家審議並採納了 推動醫藥和醫療設備產業高質量發展的行 動計劃(二零二三年至二零二五年期間), 國家對醫藥行業的支持不斷加強。國家推 出了一系列政策,加快創新藥物的審批,從 而鼓勵研發具有高臨床價值的新藥,增加 企業對促進技術的投入。中國醫藥行業通 過優化集中採購、擴大醫保覆蓋面和監管 變革,不斷深化改革。雖然藥品集中採購常 態化以及為更好地控制醫療成本而進行的 改革,於短期內擠壓了行業的整體銷售利 潤率和利潤增長空間,惟長遠而言,相關政 策已聚焦於供給側,以全面引導和規範行 業的健康發展。根據中國「十四五」規劃概 述的導向,醫藥行業一直在升級和發展, 且法規亦不斷完善,以擴大市場准入及提 升患者負擔能力,然而,市場競爭變得更為 激列。





#### CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT (CONTINUED) 主席報告(續)

Despite the highly challenging operating environment, the Group believes that China's pharmaceutical manufacturing sector will flourish benefited from the favorable national policies. The Group has endeavored to align its development direction with national strategies and policy framework outlined in the 14th Five-Year Plan, and has been allocating its internal resources to optimise its manufacturing strengths over the years to enhance its core competitiveness in response to the intensifying competition in the market landscape. The manufacturing segment has continued to achieve positive results for the year. Meanwhile, the Group continues to make efforts to pursue revenue stream for its trading business and monitor the market trends to identify potential business opportunities. Given China's demographic trend indicating the aging population is accelerating, the Group believes that potential opportunities will emerge from the huge medical needs and demand for quality drugs is enormous, and as the diabetic population is expected to increase with the rising aging population and life expectancy, the Group believes that the commercialisation of the oral insulin product in the future would generate returns to the Group's investments.

儘管經營環境極具挑戰性,惟本集團相 信,受益於國家利好政策,中國醫藥製造業 將蓬勃發展。本集團致力將發展方向與「十 四五」規劃概述的國家戰略和政策框架保持 一致,多年來一直分配內部資源優化其製 造優勢,以提高其核心競爭力,應對市場格 局內日益加劇的競爭。製造分類於年內繼 續取得正面業績。與此同時,本集團繼續努 力為貿易業務尋求收益來源,並關注市場 趨勢以物色潛在商機。鑒於中國人口趨勢 顯示人口老齡化正在加速,本集團認為巨 大的醫療需求將帶來潛在機遇,對優質藥 物的需求巨大,目隨着老齡化人口和預期 壽命的增加,糖尿病人口預計將增加,本集 團認為口服胰島素產品未來的商業化將為 本集團之投資帶來回報。

The Group's loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company was about HK\$162.9 million, which was mainly due to the non-cash item related to the loss arising from fair value change of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (i.e. the Group's investments in convertible bonds) of about HK\$133.0 million as compared to a gain from the fair value change of the same non-cash item of about HK\$158.6 million of last year. During the year, the overall operating results of the Group's business segments remained steady.

While the global economic outlook continues to fluctuate amid uncertainties, China's economy has demonstrated steady recovery supported by a series of stimulus policies and measures. With the nation's advancing its long-term strategic goal of building a Healthy China, the Group believes that both opportunities and challenges coexist in China's pharmaceutical market. Driven by increasing market demands arising from the rising household income, accelerated aging population and increased healthcare awareness, China's pharmaceutical industry is navigating towards quality development through structural transformation and upgrading. Looking ahead, the potential and vitality of China's pharmaceutical industry will continue to be unleashed. The Group will stay cautious in managing its businesses and adopt flexible strategies to address any challenges, while seeking potential opportunities for the Group's business growth, and remain cautiously optimistic on its long-term development.

本公司擁有人應佔本集團本年度虧損約 162,900,000港元,主要是由於按公平值計 入損益之金融資產(即本集團的可換股債券 投資)的公平值變動所產生的虧損相關的非 現金項目約133,000,000港元,而去年由同 一非現金項目的公平值變動所產生的收益 約為158,600,000港元。於年度內,本集團 業務分類的整體經營業績保持穩定。

#### CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT (CONTINUED) 主席報告(續)



On behalf of the Board, I would like to express our appreciation to all staff of the Group for their dedicated efforts and contribution to the Group, and to the shareholders, business partners and other stakeholders for their continuous support.

本人謹代表董事會衷心感謝本集團全體員 工為本集團付出不懈努力及貢獻,同時亦 對股東、業務夥伴及其他利益相關者一如 既往之支持致以謝意。

Dr. Xie Yi

Chairman Hong Kong, 28 June 2024 *主席* 謝毅博士

香港,二零二四年六月二十八日



### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 管理層討論及分析



#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

#### Overall Performance Review

Global economic growth remains slow, characterised by the uneven geographic recovery from the pandemic shocks and geopolitical strains. China's economy recorded a 5.2% full-year growth in 2023 after the nation's uplifting of the pandemic restrictions since early 2023, propelled by a rebound in consumption. Further, the Chinese economy registered a growth of 5.3% in the first quarter of 2024, supported by the nation's favorable policies to boost demand.

Despite China's operating environment has been highly challenging due to the impacts of the pandemic over years, the pharmaceutical industry has generally demonstrated a stable and positive development trend. With the nation's continuous deepening of the healthcare reform, China's pharmaceutical industry continues to improve with optimisation of centralised procurement and expanded medical insurance coverage, accelerated drug approval and strengthening of regulatory systems. The constant implementation of reforms, including the eighth round of centralised drug procurement and the update of the national drug reimbursement list, together with the regulatory changes, continue to reshape the industry landscape and promote the high-quality development of the pharmaceutical industry, spurring pharmaceutical enterprises to pursue innovative product pipelines and resulting in faster access to new drugs. Pharmaceutical enterprises, including the Group, are in the face of evolving market environment with fierce market competition.

During the year, the Group's revenue and gross profit, which were mainly contributed by the manufacturing segment operating in China were about HK\$59.1 million (2023: HK\$72.6 million) and HK\$28.8 million (2023: HK\$31.1 million) respectively, representing decreases of about HK\$13.5 million in revenue and about HK\$2.4 million in gross profit. The decrease in revenue was mainly due to decrease in sales quantities along with mild price cut of the Group's manufactured products while management endeavored to rationalise price reduction among intensifying market competition to capture sales from quality product demand. The decline in gross profit was in line with the drop in sales, however, the gross profit margin increased due to the lower cost of sales resulted from the Group's continuous efforts to enhance production efficiency coupled with the stabilising prices of materials benefited from mitigation of the supply chain disruptions during the year.

#### 業務回顧

#### 整體表現回顧

全球經濟增長依然放緩,從疫情沖擊及地緣政治緊張中各地區復甦不均衡。中國自二零二三年初以來解除了疫情限制,在消費反彈的推動下,於二零二三年全年中國經濟增長5.2%。此外,得益於國家提振需求的利好政策,中國經濟於二零二四年第一季度增長5.3%。





#### **BUSINESS REVIEW (Continued)**

Overall Performance Review (Continued)

The Group's administrative, selling and distribution expenses in aggregate decreased to about HK\$35.3 million, representing a decrease by about HK\$7.1 million or 16.7% when compared to about HK\$42.4 million of last year. The decrease was mainly the combined result of the reduction in marketing and promotion expenses benefiting from the management's continuing efforts in sales budgeting and relevant cost control, coupled with the reduction in staff costs and office expenses resulting from streamlining of operations, while the increase in legal and professional fees and expenses incurred for the Company's major transaction and other corporate matters was partly offset by the decrease in exchange loss.

The Group's operating loss before income tax was about HK\$159.5 million, as compared to a profit of about HK\$130.9 million last year. Such turnaround from profit to loss was mainly due to the combined results of non-cash items, including the fair value change (loss) of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (i.e. the Group's investments in convertible bonds) of about HK\$133.0 million, as compared to the fair value change (gain) of the same non-cash item of about HK\$158.6 million last year, while the increase in provision for impairment loss on amount due from an associate and loan to an associate in aggregate of about HK\$4.5 million and increase in the interest expense on the convertible bonds of the Company of about HK\$3.0 million were partly offset by the decrease in share of loss of an associate and the increase in bank interest income.

The Group's loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company was about HK\$162.9 million, representing a decrease of about HK\$292.2 million when compared to a profit of about HK\$129.3 million last year, primarily due to the non-cash item related to the loss from fair value change of the Group's investments in convertible bonds.

#### 業務回顧(續)

整體表現回顧(續)

本集團的行政、銷售及分銷費用合共減少至約35,300,000港元,較去年的約42,400,000港元減少約7,100,000港元 元16.7%。該減少主要得益於管理層在銷售算及相關成本控制方面的不懈努力引致營銷及推廣開支減少,加上精簡運營引致員工成本及辦公室費用減少的綜合影響,同時本公司主要交易及其他公司事宜產生的法律及專業費用及開支的增加被匯兑虧損減少所部份抵銷。

本集團除所得税前營運虧損約為 159,500,000港元,而去年則錄得溢利約 130,900,000港元。轉盈為虧主要由於非現 金項目的合併結果所致,包括按公正 人損益之金融資產(即本集團可換股債 投資)之公平值變動(虧損)約133,000,000 港元,而去年則為同一非現金項目的公平 值變動(收益)約158,600,000港元,而應公司款項及貸款予一間聯營公司款項及貸款和的應公司 之減值虧損撥備合計增加約4,500,000港 元及本公司的可換股債券利息開支增加 3,000,000港元被應佔一間聯營公司虧損減 少及銀行利息收入增加部分抵銷。

本公司擁有人應佔本集團年度虧損約為162,900,000港元,較去年溢利約129,300,000港元減少約292,200,000港元,乃主要由於本集團可換股債券投資之公平值變動虧損相關之非現金項目所致。



#### **REVENUE AND OPERATING RESULTS**

#### Manufactured Pharmaceutical Sector

The pharmaceutical industry landscape has been reshaped by the prolonged pandemic over the past few years. Though the supply chain interruptions that impacted the Group's manufacturing operations last year have gradually relieved following the overall lifting of the pandemic-related restrictions since early 2023, reforms of the pharmaceutical industry continue to deepen, the operating environment remains highly challenging, and the market competition is intensifying.

In the face of the evolving market environment, the Group has stayed focused in improving production efficiency while implementing costsaving measures in an effort to achieve profitability. During the year, the Group's manufacturing segment continued to contribute profits to the Group notwithstanding that segment revenue decreased by about HK\$13.5 million to HK\$59.1 million and gross profit decreased by HK\$2.4 million to HK\$28.8 million. The decreases in revenue and gross profit were primarily due to decrease in sales quantities along with mild price cut of the Group's manufactured products as management endeavored to rationalise price reduction among intensifying market competition and capture sales from demand of quality products. However, the gross profit margin increased because of lower in cost of sales, as the prices of materials stabilised following the mitigation of the supply chain disruptions, and management's continuing efforts in enhancing production efficiency. To address numerous challenges faced by the Group, the Group has been adopting flexible sales strategies and stringent cost control. With relentless efforts made by the management, segment results increased to about HK\$6.8 million mainly due to increased gross profit margin facilitated by increased production efficiency and decreases in the marketing and promotion expenses of about HK\$2.5 million and research and development expenses of about HK\$0.7 million while the impact of decline in gross profit which was in line with drop in sales was totally offset by decrease in general administrative expenses of about HK\$3.3 million resulted from cost saving measures and substantially less maintenance costs and expenses were incurred for the workplaces as compared to last year.

During the year, the Group has taken the opportune time to consolidate its control and ownership of its non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Group i.e. Changchun Extrawell Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. ("Changchun Extrawell"), which operates a manufacturing plant in Changchun, through a share buy-back from the then minority shareholder, and upon completion of the share buy-back, the Group has increased its shareholding in Changchun Extrawell by 7.35% to 80.46%.

#### 收益及經營業績

#### 自產藥品業務

過去數年,曠日持久的疫情重塑了醫藥行業的格局。雖然自二零二三年初疫情相關限制全面解除後,去年影響本集團製造業務的供應鏈中斷問題已逐漸緩解,醫藥行業改革持續深化,營商環境依然面臨嚴峻挑戰,且市場競爭日趨激烈。

面對瞬息萬變的市場環境,本集團持續專 注於提高生產效率,同時實施節約成本的 措施,務求實現盈利。於年度內,儘管本集 團的製造分類收益減少約13,500,000港元 至59,100,000港元,毛利減少2,400,000港元 至28.800.000港元,但該分類繼續為本集團 貢獻溢利。收益及毛利的減少主要是由於 本集團所生產產品銷量下降的同時價格略 有下調,而管理層努力在日趨激烈的市場 競爭中進行合理降價,以從優質產品需求 中獲得銷售額。然而,毛利率上升乃由於 供應鏈中斷緩解後材料價格趨穩,以及管 理層堅持不懈提高生產效率令銷售成本下 降。為應對本集團面臨的諸多挑戰,本集團 一直採用靈活的銷售策略及嚴苛的成本控 制。在管理層的不懈努力下,分類業績增長 至約6,800,000港元,主要由於生產效率提 高助推毛利率上升,營銷及推廣開支減少 約2,500,000港元及研發開支減少約700,000 港元,而毛利下降(與銷量下跌一致)的影 響被節約成本措施及與去年相比工作場所 產生之維護成本及開支大幅減少而引致一 般行政費用減少約3,300,000港元所悉數 抵銷。

於年度內,本集團通過向當時的少數股東回購股份,把握時機鞏固其對其非全資附屬公司長春精優藥業股份有限公司(「長春精優」,該公司在長春運營一間製造工廠)的控制權及擁有權,於股份回購完成後,本集團於長春精優的持股量增加7.35%至80.46%。





#### **REVENUE AND OPERATING RESULTS (Continued)**

#### Manufactured Pharmaceutical Sector (Continued)

The Group believes that China's pharmaceutical manufacturing sector will continue to prosper, and as part of the Group's development strategy, the Group will stay focused on enhancing its production capability and capacity to strengthen the segment's fundamentals and continue to monitor the industry development trend under the 14th Five-Year Plan, to strive for sustainable development for the Group.

#### Imported Pharmaceutical Sector

While China's pharmaceutical industry sees both challenges and opportunities in the post-pandemic era, the Group continues to work with its business partners to pursue potential opportunities in an effort to develop a new line of products to achieve market acceptance.

During the year, segment loss reduced to about HK\$3.3 million, representing a decrease of about HK\$0.1 million, and a small amount of revenue of about HK\$12,000 was recorded which related to pilot sales of a new product. In view of the current difficult situation, the Group will continue to streamline the operations by exercising cost-saving measures to further reduce operating costs and expenses, in order to minimise segment loss before the segment performance can be restored.

The Group will endeavor to keep monitoring the market trends in the evolving market environment and will exert efforts in identifying business opportunities that may provide an income stream to the Group.

#### Gene Development Sector

During the year, gene development remained inactive and no revenue was recorded.

#### 收益及經營業績(續)

#### 自產藥品業務(續)

本集團相信中國製藥業將繼續蓬勃發展, 作為本集團發展策略的一部分,本集團將 繼續專注於提升其產能及產量,以夯實該 分類的根基,並繼續關注「十四五」規劃下 的行業發展趨勢,為本集團的可持續發展 而努力。

#### 進口藥品業務

在後疫情時代,中國醫藥行業既面臨挑戰,亦存在機遇,本集團繼續與業務夥伴攜 手合作,尋求潛在機遇,致力開發新的產品線,以獲取市場認可。

於年度內,分類虧損減少約100,000港元至約3,300,000港元,並錄得約12,000港元與新產品試銷售有關的少量收益。鑒於當前的困境,本集團將繼續精簡運營,採取節約成本的措施,以進一步減少經營成本及開支,從而在分類業績恢復之前將分類虧損降至最低。

本集團將努力在不斷變化的市場環境中持續監察市場趨勢,務求物色可增加本集團 收益來源的商機。

#### 基因開發業務

於年度內,基因開發業務仍未開展,故並無 錄得任何收益。



#### **REVENUE AND OPERATING RESULTS (Continued)**

#### Interest in an Associate

The Group holds 49% equity interest in Smart Ascent Limited ("Smart Ascent", together with its subsidiaries, the "Smart Ascent Group"), and the major asset of the Smart Ascent Group is the intangible asset in relation to an in-process research and development project ("Inprocess R&D") involving an oral insulin product (the "Product"), which is still at its clinical trial stage. As a minority shareholder of Smart Ascent, the Group has been working closely with Innovative Pharmaceutical Biotech Limited ("Innovative Pharm", together with its subsidiaries, the "Innovative Pharm Group"), the 51% shareholder of Smart Ascent, in monitoring the progress of the In-process R&D with a view to facilitating successful launching of the Product to the market.

For the purpose of financing the working capital requirements of Smart Ascent Group for the In-process R&D, the Group and Innovative Pharm Group, as lenders and Smart Ascent, as borrower, entered into a shareholders' loan agreement on 27 July 2018 ("First Loan Agreement") for a loan to Smart Ascent amounting to HK\$30 million in total ("First Loan"), contributed as to 51% i.e. HK\$15.3 million by Innovative Pharm Group and as to 49% i.e. HK\$14.7 million by the Group. The First Loan is unsecured, interest bearing at 5% per annum and has a repayment term fixed at 60 months after each drawdown of the First Loan. In August 2019 and September 2018, Smart Ascent had drawn down in aggregate of HK\$20 million and HK\$10 million respectively, that the First Loan of HK\$30 million had been fully drawn down, and Innovative Pharm Group and the Group had made contribution in the aggregate sum of HK\$15.3 million and HK\$14.7 million respectively to Smart Ascent.

To enhance the financial resources of Smart Ascent Group and facilitate the progress of the clinical trial and further development of the Product, Innovative Pharm Group and the Group, as lenders, and Smart Ascent, as borrower, entered into the second shareholders' loan agreement ("Second Loan Agreement") on 8 March 2022 for a loan to Smart Ascent amounting to HK\$12 million in total ("Second Loan"), contributed as to 51% i.e. HK\$6.12 million by Innovative Pharm Group and as to 49% i.e. HK\$5.88 million by the Group. The Second Loan is unsecured, interest bearing at 5% per annum and has a repayment term fixed at 60 months after each drawdown of the Second Loan. Smart Ascent had drawn down HK\$5 million, HK\$4.5 million and HK\$2.5 million in June 2022, December 2022 and March 2023 respectively, that the Second Loan had been fully drawn down, and Innovative Pharm Group and the Group had made contribution in the aggregate sum of HK\$6.12 million and HK\$5.88 million respectively to Smart Ascent.

#### 收益及經營業績(續)

#### 於一間聯營公司之權益

本集團持有進生有限公司(「進生」,連同其 附屬公司稱為「進生集團」)49%股權,進生 集團之主要資產為有關進行中之研發項及 (「進行中之研發」)之無形資產,當中游及 服胰島素產品(「該產品」),其仍在臨門 階段。作為進生之少數股東,本集團已 就醫藥及生物科技有限公司(「領航醫藥」) (主行中之研發之, 連同其附屬公司稱為「領航醫藥集團」)( 類別 有進生51%股權之股東)緊密協作,監 行中之研發之進展情況,以促使該產品成 功推出市場。

為向進生集團就進行中之研發之營運資 金需求提供融資,本集團與領航醫藥集團 (作為貸款方)及進生(作為借款方)於二零 一八年七月二十七日訂立一份股東貸款協 議(「首份貸款協議」),向進生提供總額為 30,000,000港元之貸款(「首筆貸款」),由領 航醫藥集團提供51%款項(即15,300,000港 元)及由本集團提供49%款項(即14.700.000 港元)。首筆貸款為無抵押、年利率為5% 及須於每次提取首筆貸款後60個月內償 還。於二零一九年八月及二零一八年九 月, 進生分別提取合共20,000,000港元及 10,000,000港元,首筆貸款30,000,000港元 已悉數提取,因此,領航醫藥集團與本集團 已相應向進生分別提供款項合共15,300,000 港元及14,700,000港元。

為提升進生集團的財務資源以及促進該產 品的臨床測試進度及進一步開發,領航醫 藥集團及本集團(作為貸款方)及進生(作為 借款方)於二零二二年三月八日訂立第二份 股東貸款協議(「第二份貸款協議」),向進生 提供總額為12,000,000港元之貸款(「第二筆 貸款」),由領航醫藥集團提供51%款項(即 6,120,000港元)及由本集團提供49%款項 (即5,880,000港元)。第二筆貸款為無抵押、 年利率為5%及須於每次提取第二筆貸款 後60個月內償還。進生已分別於二零二二 年六月、二零二二年十二月及二零二三年 三月提取5,000,000港元、4,500,000港元及 2,500,000港元,故第二筆貸款已獲全數提 取,而領航醫藥集團及本集團已向進生分 別提供款項合共6.120.000港元及5.880.000 港元。





#### **REVENUE AND OPERATING RESULTS (Continued)**

Interest in an Associate (Continued)

As stated in the 2023 Annual Report, the Covid-19 pandemic since early 2020 had disrupted the normal operations of participating hospitals for the clinical trial of the Product, that the clinical trial in the process of selection and enrolment of patients was temporarily suspended pending improvement in the pandemic situation, for the safety of patients and clinical researchers. As the pandemic situation in China had gradually improved, during the third quarter of 2020, the enrolment of patients had commenced, and while the pandemic situation in China was largely under control, the preventive and control measures associated with the prolonged pandemic situation have been continuously implemented causing certain delay in patient selection and enrolment. Furthermore, the sporadic outbreaks of Covid-19 variant in China, and particularly the emergence of the highly transmissible Omicron variant in early 2022, had driven the nation to vigilantly stick to its toughest Covid-19 measures, and caused regional and citywide lockdowns in many parts of China, restricting patient flows and impacting on clinical research activities. As such, the patient selection and enrolment process experienced further delay. As the pandemic control measures in China had been substantially lifted from early 2023, the prolonged pandemic disruptions were expected to be gradually minimised, however, the clinical research activities were still impacted by the effect of supplychain interruptions of the pandemic to certain extent, that it had taken longer time than expected for the manufacturer of drug samples for clinical trial to produce the new batch of drug samples as planned. Given that the drug samples for clinical trial had been produced, the patient selection and enrolment process is ongoing.

In light of the aforesaid, and based on the current information available to the Company, Smart Ascent Group has under the current circumstance, reassessed the timeline for commercialisation of the Product, which is currently expected to be in around the first quarter of 2026.

During the year, the loss of Smart Ascent Group was about HK\$7.0 million (2023: HK\$13.0 million), for which the Group's share of loss amounted to about HK\$2.3 million (2023: HK\$3.8 million), representing a decrease of about HK\$1.5 million. Such decrease mainly related to decrease in research and development expenses for the Product.

#### 收益及經營業績(續)

於一間聯營公司之權益(續)

誠如二零二三年年報所述,自二零二零年 初起新冠病毒肺炎疫情已經擾亂該產品臨 床測試參與醫院的正常運作,為確保患者 及臨床研究人員的安全,甄選及招募患者 階段的臨床測試已暫停進行,以待疫情形 勢好轉。隨著中國的疫情形勢逐漸改善, 於二零二零年第三季度,患者招募工作已 經開始,而於中國的疫情形勢大致受控, 惟與疫情長時間肆虐有關的防控措施一直 持續實施,導致患者甄選及招募工作出現 若干延誤。此外,新冠病毒變種於中國零星 爆發,特別是傳播力極高的變種奧米克戎 (Omicron)於二零二二年初冒起,促使全國 警覺性緊遵最嚴格的新冠病毒措施,導致 中國各地出現地區性及全市封鎖,而有關 措施導致患者人流受限制及影響臨床研究 活動。因此,甄選及招募患者階段出現進一 步延遲。隨著中國疫情防控措施自二零二 三年初已大幅度解除,預計長時間疫情干 擾的影響將逐漸減弱,然而,臨床研究活動 在一定程度上仍受到疫情導致的供應鏈中 斷的影響,用於臨床試驗的藥物樣本生產 商需要比預期更長的時間才能按計劃生產 新一批藥物樣本。鑑於臨床試驗的藥物樣 本已經生產,患者的甄選及招募程序仍在 進行。

鑒於上文所述,及基於本公司目前可得的 資料,於當前情況下,進生集團已重新評估 該產品商品化的時間表,目前預期為二零 二六年第一季度前後。

於年度內,進生集團的虧損約為7,000,000港元(二零二三年:13,000,000港元),當中本集團分佔虧損約2,300,000港元(二零二三年:3,800,000港元),相當於減少約1,500,000港元。該減少主要與該產品研發開支減少有關。



#### **REVENUE AND OPERATING RESULTS (Continued)**

Interest in an Associate (Continued)

Diabetes is a chronic disease that affects the long-lasting health condition of patients and the prevalence of diabetes may increase with age. In light of the accelerating aging population and increasing life expectancy, and the development of chronic diseases such as diabetes in China, market demand for quality diabetes drugs is expected to be enormous. The Product characterised by oral administration of insulin is expected to provide an effective treatment and better quality of life for the constantly growing diabetic population in China that there will be enormous market potential for the Product, and once the Product is commercialised, it will bring substantial benefits to the Group.

In making the assessment as to the recoverability of the In-process R&D and the fair value of the interest in the associate, the Group has engaged an independent qualified valuer ("Valuer") in conducting a valuation. The asset-based valuation approach has been consistently adopted in the valuation and the recoverable amount of the Inprocess R&D was determined based on fair value calculation using cash flow projections, which the estimated cash inflows derived from budgeted sales and gross margin were based on the expectation for the market development, and which included the regulatory approvals from the relevant government bodies and launching of the Product in around the first quarter of 2026. The recoverable amount of the interest in the associate was determined based on share of the estimated fair value of the In-process R&D after taking into account the lack of control discount.

The expected future economic benefits attributable to the In-process R&D was assumed to cover a 10-year period from the commercialisation of the Product. The calculation used in the cash flow projections with certain key parameters are as below:

Discount rate (post-tax) 貼現率(除税後) Growth rate 增長率 Gross profit ratio 毛利率

In conducting the impairment assessment, the directors of the Company, having considered the prevailing market conditions, reasonableness of assumptions used for the cash flow projections and the valuation as prepared by the Valuer indicating its fair value in excess of the carrying amount, do not identify any indication on the carrying amount of the interest in the associate as at 31 March 2024 that may need to be impaired. Accordingly, no impairment is considered necessary as at 31 March 2024.

#### 收益及經營業績(續)

於一間聯營公司之權益(續)

糖尿病為影響患者長期健康狀況的慢性疾 病,糖尿病的發病率隨年齡增長而上升。鑒 於中國人口加速老齡化及預期壽命延長, 以及糖尿病等慢性病的發展,預期對優質 糖尿病藥品的市場需求殷切。具以口服方 式服用胰島素為特色的該產品有望為中國 不斷增長的糖尿病患者提供有效治療以及 更好的生活質量,該產品有著龐大市場潛 力,且一旦該產品實現商品化,其將為本集 團帶來莫大裨益。

就評估進行中之研發的可收回金額及於聯 營公司之權益的公平值,本集團委聘了獨 立合資格估值師(「估值師」)進行估值。在進 行估值時一直採用資產基礎估值法,而進 行中之研發的可收回金額乃使用現金流量 預測根據公平值計算釐定,其中根據預算 銷售額及毛利率計算之估計現金流入乃基 於對市場發展之預期,當中包括於二零二 六年第一季度前後取得有關政府監管部門 批准及推出該產品。於聯營公司之權益的 可收回金額乃根據應佔進行中之研發的估 計公平值並經計及無控制權之折讓後釐定。

進行中之研發應佔預期未來經濟利益乃假 計算現金流量預測之若干關鍵參數如下:

設自該產品商品化起涵蓋十年期間。用於

26.8%

2.2%

56.0%

在進行減值評估時,經考慮當前市況、現金 流量預測所使用假設的合理性及估值師進 行之估值表明其公平值超出賬面值,本公 司董事並無發現任何跡象顯示於聯營公司 之權益於二零二四年三月三十一日之賬面 值可能須作出減值,故認為於二零二四年 三月三十一日毋須作出減值。





#### **REVENUE AND OPERATING RESULTS (Continued)**

#### Interest in an Associate (Continued)

The Group will continue to closely coordinate with Innovative Pharm in monitoring the progress of the In-process R&D with a view to facilitating successful launching of the Product to the market. In addition, the Group will continue to perform impairment assessment on the carrying amount of the interest in the associate in accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard 36 "Impairment of Assets" where necessary.

#### Other income and Other gains and losses, net

Other income and other gains and losses, net were in total a loss of about HK\$131.9 million (2023: gain of HK\$161.7 million), representing a decrease in gain of about HK\$293.5 million, which was mainly the result of (i) a non-cash item related to loss arising from fair value change of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (i.e. the Group's investments in convertible bonds) of about HK\$133.0 million when compared to a gain from fair value change of about HK\$158.6 million last year; (ii) increase in provision for impairment loss on amount due from an associate and loan to an associate of about HK\$4.5 million in aggregate; (iii) decrease in reversal of written off on other receivables of about HK\$0.7 million totally offset by the decrease in provision for impairment loss on trade receivables; (iv) increase in bank interest income of about HK\$2.5 million; (v) decrease in government grant of about HK\$0.2 million and (vi) increase in loan interest income of about HK\$0.2 million.

#### Selling and Distribution Expenses

Selling and distribution expenses decreased to about HK\$13.2 million (2023: HK\$16.7 million), representing a decrease of about HK\$3.5 million or 21.0%. Such decrease was mainly due to reduction in marketing and promotion expenses of about HK\$2.5 million as a result of the continuing efforts of management in sales budgeting and relevant cost control, and the decrease in research and development expenses of about HK\$0.7 million.

#### Administrative Expenses

Administrative expenses were about HK\$22.2 million (2023: HK\$25.7 million), representing a decrease of about HK\$3.6 million or 13.9%, which was primarily due to cost reduction in the Group's operations, including staff costs and office expenses, and substantially less maintenance costs and expenses incurred for the workplaces of the manufacturing segment, while the increase in professional fees and expenses incurred for the Company's major transaction and other corporate matters were partly offset by the decrease in exchange loss.

#### 收益及經營業績(續)

#### 於一間聯營公司之權益(續)

本集團將繼續與領航醫藥緊密協作,監察 進行中之研發之進展情況,以促使該產品 成功推出市場。此外,本集團於必要時將繼 續根據香港會計準則第36號「資產減值」就 於聯營公司之權益之賬面值進行減值評估。

#### 其他收入及其他收益及虧損淨額

其他收入及其他收益及虧損淨額合計錄得虧損約131,900,000港元(二零二三年:收益161,700,000港元),收益減少約293,500,000港元,乃主要由於(i)與按公平值計入損益之金融資產(即本集團可換股債券投資)之公平值變動產生之虧損有關的非現金運變動產生之虧損有關的非現金運變動產生之虧損有關的非現金運動收益約158,600,000港元:(ii)應收一間聯營公司款項及貸款予一間聯營公司之減值虧數額分類,200,000港元:(iii)其他應收賬款撇銷撥回減少約700,000港元(全數由貿易應收賬款減值虧損撥備減少抵銷);(iv)銀行利息收入增加約2,500,000港元;(v)政府補助減少約200,000港元及(vi)貸款利息收入增加約200,000港元。

#### 銷售及分銷費用

銷售及分銷費用減少至約13,200,000港元 (二零二三年:16,700,000港元),減幅約 3,500,000港元或21.0%。該減少乃主要由於 管理層在銷售預算及相關成本控制方面的 不懈努力的成果令營銷及推廣開支減少約 2,500,000港元,及研發開支減少約700,000 港元。

#### 行政費用

行政費用為約22,200,000港元(二零二三年:25,700,000港元),減幅約3,600,000港元或13.9%,乃主要由於本集團營運之成本(包括員工成本及辦公費用)下降及製造分類之工作場所產生之維護成本及開支大幅減少,而本公司的主要交易及其他公司事宜產生的專業費用及開支增加被外匯虧損減少部分抵銷。



#### **OUTLOOK**

Amid complex landscape brought by continuing and new challenges, including the ongoing impacts of geopolitical tensions and escalating geoeconomic fragmentation that increase the barriers to trade and technology flows, and the headwind of interest rate hikes and inflation concerns that deter demand, major economies worldwide have demonstrated a resilient recovery at varied paces. Entering into a post-pandemic era, China's economic activities continue to recover, supported by the nation's implementation of a series of stimulus policies and measures.

Despite challenges and complexities from the external environment, China's unwavering commitment to deepening reforms and placing emphasis on innovation and technological advancement, have facilitated its economic and social development under the 14th Five-Year Plan on track, and thereby fostering the high-quality development of the pharmaceutical industry. Driven by increasing market demand arising from the increasing public awareness of health and the accelerated aging population coupled with the nation's strategic goals of building a Healthy China, the pharmaceutical industry is expected to navigate quality development through structural transformation and efficiency improvement, and will continue to upgrade and undergo changes to meet unmet medical needs.

The Group believes that both opportunities and challenges co-exist in China's ever-changing pharmaceutical market and will continue to stay vigilant in managing its businesses and be responsive to market changes. The Group will endeavor to grasp the industry trends and stay focused on enhancing its production facilities and manufacturing capability of its manufacturing segment by allocating internal resources while streamlining the production processes to maximise production efficiency with the aim of manufacturing quality products and achieving profitability. Looking ahead with cautious optimism, the Group will continue to strive for a sustainable development path for the Group.

#### 前景

在持續湧現新挑戰帶來的複雜形勢,包括 地緣政治緊張局勢及地緣經濟日益分化的 持續影響增加了貿易及技術流動的壁壘, 以及加息及通脹擔憂等不利因素抑制可 度的韌性復甦。進入後疫情時代,得益於國 家實施的一系列刺激政策及措施,中國經 濟活動持續復甦。

儘管外部環境充滿挑戰及複雜性,但中國仍堅定不移地推進深化改革,重視創新之 技術進步,推動經濟社會發展朝著「十高五」規劃邁進,從而促進了醫藥產業的長高 量發展。隨著公眾健康意識的提高及中質 是齡化的加速,加上國家構建「健康中國」 老齡化的加速,加上國家構建「健康中行國」 對略目標,市場需求不斷增長,國國業 看望透過結構轉型及效率提升引領高足未獲 發展,並將繼續推進升級與變革,滿足未獲 滿足的醫療需求。

本集團深信,在瞬息萬變的中國醫藥市場中,機遇與挑戰並存,並將繼續在業務管理方面保持高度警覺,應對市場變化。本集團將力求把握行業趨勢,持續專注於通過分配內部資源提升其製造分類的生產設施及產能,同時簡化生產流程,盡量提高生產效率,以製造優質產品及實現盈利。本集團對未來保持審慎樂觀,將繼續為本集團的可持續發展征程努力邁進。





#### **FINANCIAL REVIEW**

#### Liquidity and Financial Resources

It is the Group's strategy to manage its financial resources conservatively by maintaining a healthy level of cash flows to meet all its financial commitments when they fall due. The Group generally finances its operations with internally generated cash flow and banking facilities.

As at 31 March 2024, the Group had total cash and bank balances (including pledged bank deposits) of about HK\$114.5 million (2023: HK\$122.2 million), representing a decrease by about HK\$7.7 million or 6.3%. Such decrease in cash and bank balances included net cash used in operations, the cash utilisations for share buy-back transaction of Changchun Extrawell of about HK\$4.9 million, acquisition of property, plant and equipment of about HK\$1.2 million and payment of lease interests and liabilities of about HK\$1.6 million, and proceeds received from disposal of short-term investment of about HK\$1.1 million and an increase in bank interest income received of about HK\$2.2 million.

#### Accruals and Other Payables

Accruals and other payables was about HK\$21.9 million as of 31 March 2024 (2023: HK\$26.0 million). Such decrease was mainly due to decreases in payables for acquisition of property, plant and equipment and other tax payables.

The Group did not have bank borrowings during the year but had banking facilities on trade finance, which were supported by the pledge of the Group's fixed deposits of about HK\$20.9 million (2023: HK\$19.8 million) and corporate guarantees from the Company and certain subsidiaries of the Company. In general, there is no significant seasonality fluctuation on trade finance requirement of the Group. As at 31 March 2024, none of these banking facilities was utilised (31 March 2023: nil).

The Group's total borrowing over total assets ratio as at 31 March 2024 was 0.09 (2023: 0.07), calculated based on the Group's total assets of about HK\$1,287.2 million (2023: HK\$1,444.9 million) and total debts of about HK\$120.4 million (2023: HK\$103.2 million), comprising convertible bonds of about HK\$117.1 million (2023: HK\$98.6 million) and lease liabilities of about HK\$3.3 million (2023: HK\$4.6 million).

#### 財務回顧

#### 流動資金及財務資源

本集團之策略為透過將現金流量維持於穩健水準審慎地管理其財務資源,以確保所有財務承擔可如期償還。本集團一般以內部產生之現金流量及銀行信貸為其營運提供資金。

於二零二四年三月三十一日,本集團有現金及銀行結餘總額(包括已抵押銀行存款)約114,500,000港元(二零二三年:122,200,000港元),減幅約7,700,000港元或6.3%。現金及銀行結餘減少包括用於經營之現金淨額、長春精優股份回購交易所動用現金約4,900,000港元、購置物業、廠房及設備所動用現金約1,200,000港元,以及租赁制息及負債付款約1,600,000港元,以及租赁短期投資收到所得款項約1,100,000港元及收到銀行利息收入增加約2,200,000港元。

#### 預提費用及其他應付款項

截至二零二四年三月三十一日,預提費用及其他應付款項約為21,900,000港元(二零二三年:26,000,000港元)。該減少乃主要由於購置物業、廠房及設備應付款項及其他應付稅項減少所致。

本集團於年度內並無銀行借款,惟擁有貿易融資之銀行信貸融資,其乃以本集團之定期存款約20,900,000港元(二零二三年:19,800,000港元)以及本公司與其若干附屬公司提供之公司擔保作抵押。一般而言,本集團之貿易融資需求並無重大季節性波動。於二零二四年三月三十一日,此等銀行融資額度概未被動用(二零二三年三月三十一日:無)。

於二零二四年三月三十一日,本集團總借款與總資產之比率為0.09(二零二三年:0.07),乃按本集團總資產約1,287,200,000港元(二零二三年:1,444,900,000港元)及總債項約120,400,000港元(二零二三年:103,200,000港元)(包括可換股債券約117,100,000港元(二零二三年:98,600,000港元)及租賃負債約3,300,000港元(二零二三年:4,600,000港元))計算。



#### FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

#### Liquidity and Financial Resources (Continued)

The Company's 20-year zero coupon convertible bonds were issued in Hong Kong dollars on 16 July 2013 with principal amount in aggregate of HK\$641,300,000 and a maturity date of 16 July 2033. As at 31 March 2024, the outstanding principal amount of the Company's convertible bonds was HK\$577,170,000 (31 March 2023: HK\$577,170,000).

#### Foreign Exchange Exposure

The Group's business transactions, assets and liabilities are principally denominated in Hong Kong dollars, United States dollars and Renminbi. The Group manages the foreign currency exposure by closely monitoring the foreign currency movements and may purchase foreign currencies at spot rate, when and where appropriate for meeting its payment obligation. No hedge on foreign currencies was made during the year but the Group will use financial instruments for hedging purpose when considered appropriate.

#### Material Acquisitions and Disposals

There was no material acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries, associates and investment in financial instruments during the year ended 31 March 2024.

### Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss — Investments in Convertible Bonds

The Company held financial assets at fair value through profit or loss of approximately HK\$660.6 million as at 31 March 2024 (2023: approximately HK\$793.5 million), which related to the convertible bonds issued by Innovative Pharm ("Innovative Pharm Bonds"). The fair value of the Innovative Pharm Bonds represented 51.3% of the Group's total assets as at 31 March 2024 (2023: 55.0%).

#### 財務回顧(續)

#### 流動資金及財務資源(續)

本公司之二十年零息可換股債券於二零 一三年七月十六日以港元發行,本金總額 為641,300,000港元及到期日為二零三三 年七月十六日。於二零二四年三月三十一 日,本公司可換股債券的未償還本金額為 577,170,000港元(二零二三年三月三十一 日:577,170,000港元)。

#### 外匯風險

本集團之業務交易、資產及負債主要以港元、美元及人民幣列值。本集團透過密切監察外幣變動和適時購買即期外匯以履行付款責任等措施來執行外匯風險管理。本集團於年度內並無進行外幣對沖活動,然而,本集團在合適時機將會以金融工具作對沖用途。

#### 重大收購及出售事項

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度,並 無附屬公司、聯營公司及金融工具投資的 重大收購或出售事項。

#### 按公平值計入損益之金融資產一可 換股債券投資

於二零二四年三月三十一日,本公司持有按公平值計入損益之金融資產約660,600,000港元(二零二三年:約793,500,000港元),乃與領航醫藥發行之可換股債券(「領航醫藥債券」)有關。於二零二四年三月三十一日,領航醫藥債券之公平值佔本集團總資產51.3%(二零二三年:55.0%)。





#### FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss

— Investments in Convertible Bonds (Continued)

Innovative Pharm is an investment holding company the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 399), and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the trading of beauty products and equipment, and research, development and commercialisation of the oral insulin product.

Pursuant to the third amendment deed entered into between the Company and Innovative Pharm on 28 April 2023, which was effective on 12 July 2023, the maturity date of Innovative Pharm Bonds was further extended for two years from 28 July 2023 to 28 July 2025. Any outstanding principal amount of the Innovative Pharm Bonds shall be redeemed and the interests shall be paid, on the extended maturity date i.e. 28 July 2025. Details of the amendments are set out in the Company's circular dated 12 June 2023.

#### **Employment and Remuneration Policy**

As at 31 March 2024, the Group had 159 employees (2023: 181). Staff costs (including directors' emoluments) for the year ended 31 March 2024 amounted to approximately HK\$19.7 million (2023: approximately HK\$21.1 million). The decreases in number of employees and staff costs are primarily related to decrease in production workforce of the manufacturing segment and effect of cost reduction in streamlining the Group's operations.

The Group remunerates its employees with salary, bonus and other benefits based on industry practices and provides various training opportunities to its staff members (such as on-job training) and directors. Its staff benefits, welfare and statutory contributions, if any, are made in accordance with prevailing labour laws of its operating entities.

#### 財務回顧(續)

按公平值計入損益之金融資產一可 換股債券投資(續)

領航醫藥為投資控股公司,其股份於聯交所主板上市(股份代號:399),其附屬公司主要從事美容產品及設備貿易以及口服胰島素產品的研發及商業化。

#### 僱傭和薪酬政策

於二零二四年三月三十一日,本集團共聘用159名僱員(二零二三年:181名)。截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度之員工成本(包括董事薪酬)為約19,700,000港元(二零二三年:約21,100,000港元)。員工人數及員工成本減少主要與製造分類的生產勞工減少及本集團精簡運營致成本下降有關。

本集團乃根據行業慣例向僱員支付薪酬、 花紅及其他福利·並向其員工及董事提供 各種培訓機會(如在職培訓)。其員工利益、 福利和法定供款(如有)乃按照其營運實體 之現行勞動法實行。



#### FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Employment and Remuneration Policy (Continued)

Pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 30 August 2022, a share option scheme (the "Scheme") had been adopted by the Company, which became effective on 2 September 2022 upon obtaining listing approval from The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"), and unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for ten years from that date, while the share option scheme adopted by the Company with effective adoption date of 29 August 2012 which had a term of ten years expired on 28 August 2022 ("Old Scheme") and no share options had been granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed under the Old Scheme.

The Scheme will enable the Group to reward its employees, the directors and other selected participants for their contribution or potential contribution to the Group and will assist the Group in its recruitment and retention of high caliber professionals, executives and employees who are instrumental to the long-term growth of the Group.

From the effective date of the Scheme to 31 March 2024, no share options have been granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed under the Scheme.

#### 財務回顧(續)

僱傭和薪酬政策(續)

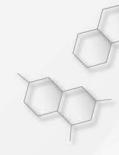
根據本公司於二零二二年八月三十日舉行的股東週年大會上通過的普通決議司所與權計劃(「該計劃」)已獲本司(「聯合交易所有限公司(「聯合交易所有限公司人員等)上市批准之後於二零二二年別有為納交日生效,除非被另行取消或修訂,否則有效的人類,所以為一十年之購入。 生效日期為二零一二年八月二十九十劃,概以 被期為十年之購股權計劃(「舊計劃」)於 上零二二年八月二十八日到期,概以 權根據舊計劃授出、行使、註銷或失

該計劃將讓本集團獎勵為本集團作出或可 能作出貢獻之僱員、董事及其他經挑選之 參與者,亦有助本集團招聘及挽留有利本 集團長遠增長之優秀專才、主管及僱員。

自該計劃生效日期起至二零二四年三月三 十一日止,該計劃項下概無任何已授出、行 使、註銷或失效之購股權。

## DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PROFILE 董事及高層管理人員簡介





### BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

**Executive Directors** 

#### Dr. Xie Yi Ph.D. (aged 61)

Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director

Dr. Xie Yi was a professor of School of Life Sciences in Fudan University and is one of the founders of United Gene group of companies in the PRC. Being a scientist with significant breakthroughs in human genome research, Dr. Xie is responsible for research and development and management of United Gene group and is the vice chairman and chief executive officer of United Gene Holdings Limited in the PRC.

Dr. Xie is currently the chairman and chief executive officer of the Company responsible for the strategic planning and development and the overall management of the Group. He is also a director and chairman of Changchun Extrawell Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., a 80%-owned subsidiary of the Company established in the PRC, and a director of certain subsidiaries of the Group.

#### Mr. Cheng Yong (aged 61)

Executive Director and Deputy Chief Executive Officer

Mr. Cheng Yong is a practicing pharmacist in the PRC. Mr. Cheng obtained his Master of Pharmacology from Second Military Medical University in the PRC. He has been engaged in pharmacology and research study for over ten years and has extensive experience in the aspects of research and drug development. Since 2001, he has been working in the capacity of director and general manager for various companies owned by Dr. Xie Yi and Dr. Mao Yumin, former chairman and executive director of the Company. Mr. Cheng is currently a director of a PRC subsidiary of Innovative Pharmaceutical Biotech Limited (formerly known as United Gene High-Tech Group Limited), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

Since 1 July 2019, Mr. Cheng has been appointed as the deputy chief executive officer of the Company to provide support in the execution of the Company's plans and strategies.

### 董事及高層管理人員簡介

執行董事

#### 謝毅博士(六十一歲)

主席、行政總裁及執行董事

謝毅博士曾任復旦大學生命科學學院教授,並為中國聯合基因集團公司創始人之一。作為在人類基因研究中作出突破性進展的科學家,謝博士負責聯合基因集團的研發工作及管理事務,並擔任中國聯合基因控股有限公司之副董事長及行政總裁。

謝博士現為本公司之主席兼行政總裁,負責本集團之策略規劃及發展以及整體管理。彼亦為長春精優藥業股份有限公司(於中國成立並為本公司擁有80%權益之附屬公司)之董事及董事長,同時亦擔任本集團旗下若干附屬公司之董事。

#### 程勇先生(六十一歲)

執行董事及副行政總裁

程勇先生為一名中國執業藥劑師。程先生 自中國第二軍醫大學取得藥理學碩士學 位。彼從事藥理學及研究逾十年,並於研究 及藥物開發方面擁有豐富經驗。自二零 一年起,彼於由謝毅博士及毛裕民博士( 任本公司主席兼執行董事)所擁有之多間 治 任本公司主席兼執行董事)所擁有之多間 治 於聯交所主板上市公司領航醫藥及生物科 技有限公司(前稱為聯合基因科技集團有限 公司)之一間中國附屬公司之董事。

自二零一九年七月一日起,程先生獲委任 為本公司副行政總裁,為執行本公司計劃 及策略提供協助。

## DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PROFILE (CONTINUED) 董事及高層管理人員簡介(續)



## BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (Continued)

**Executive Directors (Continued)** 

#### Dr. Lou Yi Ph.D. (aged 66)

Executive Director

Dr. Lou Yi obtained a doctoral degree in medicine and conducted his postdoctoral research in clinical study at Shanghai Second Medical University (now renamed as School of Medicine, Shanghai Jiaotong University) and industrial economy at Fudan University. Dr. Lou had been a director and general manager of Shanghai Biochip Co. Ltd. and as a director and deputy general manager of General Technology Group Pharmaceutical Holdings, Ltd. in the PRC. Dr. Lou was also a non-executive director of Shanghai Fudan-Zhangjiang Bio-Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., a company listed on the GEM of the Stock Exchange, from June 2004 to June 2006. Dr. Lou is currently a director and general manager of various companies owned by Dr. Xie Yi and Dr. Mao Yumin, former chairman and executive director of the Company.

#### Ms. Wong Sau Kuen (aged 61)

Executive Director

Ms. Wong Sau Kuen joined the Group in May 2008 as assistant to the Board and was appointed as executive director in October 2008. Ms. Wong has more than 20 years of experience in both the commercial and industrial sectors including the PRC pharmaceutical market. Ms. Wong has extensive experience in areas of business administration and internal control. She is currently the Authorised Representative of the Company.

Ms. Wong was appointed as the joint company secretary of the Company with effect from 8 January 2014 and has acted as the company secretary of the Company since 30 September 2022.

#### 董事及高層管理人員簡介(續)

執行董事(續)

#### 樓屹博士(六十六歲)

執行董事

#### 王秀娟女士(六十一歲)

執行董事

王秀娟女士於二零零八年五月加盟本集團擔任董事會助理,並於二零零八年十月獲委任為執行董事。王女士於工商業領域(當中包括中國醫藥市場)擁有逾二十年經驗。王女士具有豐富的商業管理及內部監控經驗。彼目前為本公司之授權代表。

王女士自二零一四年一月八日起獲委任為 本公司聯席公司秘書,並於二零二二年九 月三十日起擔任本公司之公司秘書。

## DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PROFILE (CONTINUED) 董事及高層管理人員簡介(續)





## BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (Continued)

**Executive Directors (Continued)** 

Dr. Guo Yi Ph.D. (aged 43)

Executive Director

Dr. Guo Yi obtained a bachelor degree in science (with a major in biology) and a doctorate degree in science (with a major in genetics) from the School of Life Sciences of Fudan University in 2003 and 2011 respectively. Dr. Guo has extensive experience in the fields of genetics, health care management, and investment management and development for venture in biomedicine. Dr. Guo was a non-executive director (from 8 June 2011 to 26 April 2012) and an executive director (from 27 April 2012 to 13 December 2015) of United Gene High-Tech Group Limited (now known as Innovative Pharmaceutical Biotech Limited), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Dr. Guo has been committing his time and working in investment management and project development in the fields of biomedicine, medical devices and diagnostic services since August 2015. He is currently the managing partner of Shanghai Rui Jian Venture Capital Management Co., Ltd.\* (上海睿筧創業投資管理有限公司), a company established in the PRC.

Dr. Guo was appointed as an independent non-executive director on 14 April 2023 and was redesignated as an executive director with effect from 7 June 2024.

\* English name for identification only

### 董事及高層管理人員簡介(續)

執行董事(續)

#### 郭懿博士(四十三歲)

執行董事

郭懿博士,分別於二零零三年及二零一一 年取得復旦大學生命科學學院理學學士學 位(主修生物科學)及理學博士學位(主修遺 傳學)。郭博士於基因行業、健康管理服務 以及生物醫藥投資管理及開發的領域擁有 豐富經驗。郭博士曾擔任聯合基因科技集 團有限公司(現稱為領航醫藥及生物科技有 限公司,為聯交所主板上市公司)之非執行 董事(自二零一一年六月八日至二零一二年 四月二十六日期間)及執行董事(自二零一 二年四月二十七日至二零一五年十二月十 三日期間)。郭博士自二零一五年八月起一 直致力投放時間及精力於生物醫藥、醫療 器械和診斷服務領域的投資管理和項目開 發工作。彼目前為卜海睿筧創業投資管理 有限公司(一家於中國成立的公司)之管理 合夥人。

郭博士於二零二三年四月十四日獲委任為 獨立非執行董事,並自二零二四年六月七 日起獲調任為執行董事。

\* 英文名稱僅供識別

#### **DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PROFILE (CONTINUED)** 董事及高層管理人員簡介(續)



#### **BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (Continued)**

Independent Non-executive Directors

#### Mr. Fang Lin Hu (aged 86)

Independent Non-executive Director

Mr. Fang Lin Hu was a professor in Fudan University, ex-vice chancellor of the Fudan University (overseeing technology industrialisation and utilisation matters), a member of National Information Technology Education and Electronic Education Advisory Committee and vice faculty head of the Physics Faculty of Fudan University, dean of the Electronic Engineering Faculty, and the director of Micro-electronic Research Institute. After his retirement in 2000, Mr. Fang had served as the vice chairman of the Shanghai Senior Professor Association, the chairman of Fudan University Senior Professor Association, and the president of Fudan University Retired Education Workers Association. Mr. Fang is currently the honorary advisor of the aforementioned Shanghai Senior Professor Association, Fudan University Senior Professor Association and the Fudan University Alumni Association, Mr. Fang has performed research in the area of microwave theory and technology. He is a well-recognised scientist who has extensive experience in scientific research and management. Mr. Fang was appointed as an independent nonexecutive director in 2001.

#### Ms. Jin Song (aged 53)

Independent Non-executive Director

Ms. Jin Song holds a diploma in engineering from Broadcasting University in Shandong Province and a diploma in business from Fudan University. She is a member of the Chinese Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("CICPA") and passed all the professional examinations held by CICPA in 2001. Ms. Jin has over 20 years' experience in accounting in different industries. Ms. Jin was appointed as an independent non-executive director in 2004.

#### Dr. Zeng Li (aged 46)

Independent Non-executive Director

Dr. Zeng Li obtained a bachelor degree of Science in Microbiology and a doctorate degree of Science in Genetics from the School of Life Sciences of Fudan University in 2000 and 2005 respectively. Dr. Zeng has been registered as a non-practising member of the Shanghai Institute of Certified Public Accountants since 2009. Dr. Zeng has served several companies in the PRC at senior positions and has extensive experience in operation management and investment in the fields of biotech, medical devices and healthcare. He is currently the chief operating officer of Cytocares (Shanghai) Inc. Dr. Zeng was appointed as an independent non-executive director on 7 June 2024.

#### 董事及高層管理人員簡介(續)

獨立非執行董事

#### 方林虎先生(八十六歲)

獨立非執行董事

方林虎先生曾任復旦大學教授、復旦大學 前副校長(主管科技工業化及應用事宜), 彼曾兼任國家教委信息與電子學科教學指 導委員會委員,並曾任復旦大學物理系副 主任、電子工程系主任及微電子學研究所 所長職務。於二零零零年退休後,方先生 曾擔任上海市老教授協會副會長、復旦大 學老教授協會會長、復旦大學退休教育工 作者協會理事長等職務。方先生現時擔任 前述上海市老教授協會、復旦大學老教授 協會以及復旦大學校友總會的榮譽顧問。 方先生在微波理論與技術領域進行深入研 究,具有豐富的科學研究與管理經驗,為卓 有聲望之科學家。方先生於二零零一年獲 委仟為獨立非執行董事。

#### 金松女士(五十三歲)

獨立非執行董事

金松女士持有山東廣播電視大學工程學 專科文憑和復旦大學國際貿易專科文憑。 彼為中國計冊會計師協會(「中國計冊會計 師協會」)會員,並且於二零零一年取得中 國註冊會計師協會考試全科合格證。金女 士於多個行業會計方面擁有逾二十年之經 驗。金女士於二零零四年獲委任為獨立非 執行董事。

#### 曾立博士(四十六歲)

獨立非執行董事

曾立博士分別於二零零零年及二零零五年 取得復旦大學生命科學學院理學學士學位 (微生物學專業)及理學博士學位(遺傳學 專業)。曾博士自二零零九年起註冊為上海 計冊會計師協會非執業會員。曾博士曾在 中國多家公司擔任高級職位,並在生物科 技、醫療器材及醫療健康領域擁有豐富的 營運管理和投資經驗。彼現時為惠和生物 技術(上海)有限公司之首席運營官。曾博 士於二零二四年六月七日獲委任為獨立非 執行董事。

## DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PROFILE (CONTINUED) 董事及高層管理人員簡介(續)





## BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Senior Management

#### Mr. Gong Youlu (aged 55)

General Manager of Changchun Extrawell Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. ("CEP") and Jilin Extrawell Changbaishan Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. ("JECP")

Mr. Gong Youlu joined the Group in 2011. Mr. Gong is responsible for the overall management and operations of CEP and JECP. He has over 20 years' experience in the pharmaceutical manufacturing sector. Mr. Gong holds a Bachelor of Engineering degree from Taiyuan Mechanical College (now known as North University of China) and a Master's degree in Business Administration from Jilin University, China. Prior to joining the Group, he had held the position of general manager for pharmaceutical manufacturing enterprises in the PRC for over 10 years.

#### Mr. Huang Wenda (aged 47)

Financial Controller of CEP and JECP

Mr. Huang Wenda joined the Group in 2004. Mr. Huang is responsible for financial control and financial management of the operations of CEP and JECP and currently also serves as secretary to the board handling corporate secretarial matters of CEP and JECP. He has accumulated experience of over 10 years in financial management of pharmaceutical manufacturing enterprises. Prior to joining the Group, he worked with manufacturing enterprises in the PRC.

### 董事及高層管理人員簡介(續)

#### 高層管理人員

#### 龔有祿先生(五十五歲)

長春精優藥業股份有限公司(「長春精優」) 及吉林精優長白山藥業有限公司(「吉林精 優」)總經理

襲有祿先生於二零一一年加入本集團。襲 先生負責長春精優及吉林精優之整體管 理及營運。彼於製藥行業擁有逾二十年經 驗。龔先生畢業於太原機械學院(現稱中北 大學),取得工學學士學位,並於中國吉林 大學取得工商管理碩士學位。在加入本集 團前,彼已在國內製藥企業擔任總經理職 務逾十年。

#### 黄文達先生(四十七歲)

長春精優及吉林精優財務總監

黃文達先生於二零零四年加入本集團。黃 先生負責長春精優及吉林精優營運的財務 控制及財務管理工作,現時亦擔任董事會 秘書處理長春精優及吉林精優的公司秘書 事務。彼在製藥企業財務管理方面累積了 逾十年經驗。在加入本集團前,彼曾於國內 的製造企業工作。

### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT**

### 企業管治報告



#### A. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

#### Corporate Governance

The Group recognises the importance of achieving and monitoring the high standard of corporate governance consistent with the need and requirements of its business and the best interest of all of its shareholders. The Group is fully committed to doing so.

The Company has adopted and complied with the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code ("Code Provisions") as set out in Appendix C1 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on the Stock Exchange during the year ended 31 March 2024, except for certain deviations as set out below.

Code Provision B.2.2 stipulates that every director should be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. According to the bye-laws of the Company, one-third of the directors shall retire from office by rotation and the Chairman, Deputy Chairman or Managing Director shall not be subject to retirement by rotation. The Company's bye-laws deviate from the Code Provision. The Company considers that the continuity of the Chairman/Deputy Chairman/Managing Director and their leadership are essential for the stability of the business and key management. The rotation methodology ensures a reasonable continuity of directorship which is to the best interest of the Company's shareholders.

Code Provision C.2.1 provides that the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same person. Dr. Xie Yi has served as the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company. However, the Company believes that there is adequate balance of power and authority in place though vesting the roles of both chairman and chief executive officer in the same person as all major decisions of the Company are made in consultation with members of the Board.

#### A. 企業管治常規

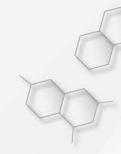
#### 企業管治

本集團認同達致及監控高水平企業管治之重要性,務求符合商業需要及規定以及其全體股東之最佳利益。本集 團承諾竭盡所能達致高水平之企業 管治。

本公司於截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度已採納並遵守聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄C1所載的企業管治守則內之守則條文(「守則條文」),惟下文載列之若干偏離情況除外。

守則條文第C.2.1條規定,主席及行政總裁之角色應分開,且不應由同之主 新任。謝毅博士擔任本公司之主席 行政總裁。然而,由於本公司所有 要決策均於諮詢董事會成員後作出 要決公司相信,即使由同一人兼 成及行政總裁,亦足以維持權力與權 限之平衡。





## A. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES (Continued)

#### Corporate Governance (Continued)

Code provision F.1.1 stipulates that the Company should have a policy on payment of dividends. The Company has not established a dividend policy as the Company considers it more appropriate to determine a dividend payment after taking into account those factors including the Company's then financial performance, operating and capital requirements and market conditions, to enable the Company be in a better position to cope with its future development, which is to the best interest of the Company and its shareholders as a whole.

The Company will continue to review and monitor the situation as stated above, and to improve the practices as and when the circumstances demand.

#### 4. 企業管治常規(續)

#### 企業管治(續)

本公司將繼續審視及監控上述情況,如情況需要,將會對有關常規作出 改善。

#### B. DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS B. 1

# The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules as the Company's code of conduct for dealings in securities of the Company by the directors. Based on specific enquiry of the directors, the directors have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 March 2024.

#### B. 董事進行之證券交易

本公司已採納上市規則附錄C3所載之上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)作為董事買賣董本公司操守守則。經向董董公司操守守則。經面董事作出特定查詢後,董事於截至二零三四年三月三十一日止年度內均一直遵照標準守則所載之規定準則。



#### C. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

#### Composition of the Board

As at the date of this annual report, the board of directors (the "Board") comprises five executive directors and three independent non-executive directors ("INEDs"). The Board has established three Board committees namely the Nomination Committee, Remuneration Committee and Audit Committee. All the INEDs are members of the Board committees.

The current composition of the Board and its changes since 1 April 2023 are set out below.

#### Executive Directors

Dr. Xie Yi (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)
Mr. Cheng Yong (Deputy Chief Executive Officer)

Dr. Lou Yi

Ms. Wong Sau Kuen

Dr. Guo Yi (redesignated from INED on 7 June 2024)

#### Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Fang Lin Hu Ms. Jin Song

Dr. Zeng Li (appointed on 7 June 2024)

On 4 December 2022, the late Mr. Xue Jing Lun, an INED and a member of each of the three Board committees passed away. The Company did not meet (i) the minimum number of INEDs required under Rule 3.10(1) of the Listing Rules; and (ii) the minimum number of members in the audit committee required under Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules. Pursuant to Rules 3.11 and 3.23 of the Listing Rules, the Company is required to appoint sufficient number of INEDs and members of the audit committee within three months after failing to meet the requirements under Rules 3.10(1) and 3.21 of the Listing Rules. The process to identify suitable candidates to fill the vacancies was lengthened due to the customary holidays in mainland China and the epidemic containment measures under Covid-19 in place in mainland China prior to the Lunar New Year. The Company had applied for, and the Stock Exchange had granted to the Company a waiver for strict compliance with the Listing Rules for filling the vacancies.

#### C. 董事會

#### 董事會之組成

於本年報日期,董事會(「董事會」)由 五名執行董事及三名獨立非執行董事 (「獨立非執董」)組成。董事會已設立 三個董事委員會,即提名委員會、薪 酬委員會及審核委員會。全體獨立非 執董均為董事委員會成員。

現時董事會之組成及其自二零二三年四月一日起之變動載列如下:

#### 執行董事

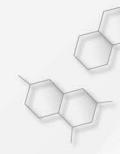
謝毅博士(主席及行政總裁) 程勇先生(副行政總裁) 樓屹博士 王秀娟女士 郭懿博士(於二零二四年六月七日自獨立非執 董調任)

#### 獨立非執行董事

方林虎先生 金松女士 曾立博士(於二零二四年六月七日獲委任)

於二零二二年十二月四日,獨立非執 董及三個董事委員會各自之成員薛京 倫先生辭世。本公司未能符合(i)上市 規則第3.10(1)條規定的獨立非執董之 最低人數;及(ii)上市規則第3.21條規 定的審核委員會成員最低人數。根據 上市規則第3.11及3.23條,本公司須 於未能符合上市規則第3.10(1)及3.21 條的規定後三個月內委任足夠數目的 獨立非執董及審核委員會成員。甄選 合適人選以填補空缺的過程延長,主 要由於中國內地的傳統節日假期以及 在農曆新年前中國內地施行的新型冠 狀病毒疫情遏制措施所致。本公司已 向聯交所作出申請,而聯交所已准予 豁免本公司嚴格遵守有關填補空缺的 上市規則。





#### C. BOARD OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

Composition of the Board (Continued)

On 14 April 2023, Dr. Guo Yi was appointed as an INED and a member of each of the three Board committees to fill the vacancies arising from the passing way of the late Mr. Xue Jing Lun. Following the aforesaid changes, the number of INEDs has satisfied the minimum number as stipulated under Rule 3.10(1) of the Listing Rules and the composition of the Audit Committee also complied with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules.

On 7 June 2024, Dr. Guo Yi was redesignated from an INED to an executive director and ceased to be a member of each of the three Board committees, and Dr. Zeng Li was appointed as an INED and a member of each of the three Board committees.

Dr. Zeng Li obtained the legal advice referred to under Rule 3.09D of the Listing Rules on 5 June 2024, and confirmed that he understood his obligations as a director of the Company.

Each of the INEDs has provided to the Company an annual confirmation in writing of his/her independence pursuant to the requirements of the Listing Rules. The Company is of the view that all INEDs, including Dr. Zeng Li who provided his written confirmation of independence upon his appointment as INED on 7 June 2024, meet the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and considers that they are independent under the Listing Rules. Of the three INEDs, Ms. Jin Song has appropriate accounting or related financial management experience as required under Rule 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules.

Save as disclosed, there is no family, financial, business or other material/relevant relationship among members of the Board.

#### C. 董事會(續)

董事會之組成(續)

於二零二三年四月十四日,郭懿博士獲委任為獨立非執董及三個董事委員會各自之成員,以填補已故薛京倫先生辭世所產生的空缺。於上述變動之後,獨立非執董之人數已滿足上市規則第3.10(1)條規定的最低人數,而審核委員會之組成亦已滿足上市規則第3.21條的規定。

於二零二四年六月七日,郭懿博士自獨立非執董調任為執行董事,並不再擔任三個董事委員會各自之成員,而曾立博士獲委任為獨立非執董及三個董事委員會各自之成員。

曾立博士於二零二四年六月五日獲得 上市規則第3.09D條所述的法律意見, 並確認彼了解自身作為本公司董事的 義務。

除 披露 者 外,董 事 會 成 員 之 間 並 無 家 族、財 務、業 務 及 其 他 重 大/相 關 關係。



#### C. BOARD OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

#### **Board Responsibilities**

The Board is responsible for the leadership and control of the Group and is collectively responsible for promoting the success of the Company. The Board oversees the Group's businesses, strategic decisions and performances and provides insights regarding the Group's culture and values. The management is delegated with the authority and responsibility by the Board for the day-to-day management of the Group. Major corporate matters that are specifically delegated by the Board to the management include the preparation of interim and annual reports and announcements for the Board's approval before publishing, execution of business strategies and initiatives adopted by the Board, implementation of adequate risk management and internal control systems, and compliance with relevant statutory and regulatory requirements and rules and regulations. The Board is ultimately accountable for the Group's activities, strategies and financial performance.

#### Mechanisms Ensuring Independent Views Available to the Board

The Company maintains the following mechanisms which are reviewed annually to ensure independent views and input are available to the Board:

The Board currently comprises five executive directors and three INEDs that the INEDs represent over one-third of the Board members. Each of the Board committees comprises all the INEDs. Each of the Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee comprises three INEDs out of its four members. The Audit Committee comprises INEDs only.

The Company's nomination policy sets out the approach and procedures for the nomination and selection, and appointment/ re-appointment of directors (including INEDs). The Nomination Committee is mandated to assess annually the independence of all INEDs by reference to the independence criteria as set out in the Listing Rules to ensure that they can continually exercise independent judgement. In addition to providing the written confirmation of independence annually, each INED is also required to inform the Company as soon as practicable if there is any change in his/her own personal particulars that may materially affect his/her independence.

#### C. 董事會(續)

#### 董事會責任

董事會員責領導及民語,董事會員責領導及司務、及民語,董事會員在成決提重的。 東國之之之, 東國之之, 東國之之, 東國之之, 東國之之, 大國之之, 大國之之,

確保董事會可獲得獨立意見的 機制

本公司設有以下機制並每年進行檢 討,以確保董事會可獲得獨立意見及 見解:

董事會目前由五名執行董事及三名獨立非執董組成,獨立非執董佔董事會成員逾三分之一。各董事委員會之成均包括全體獨立非執董。提名委員會及薪酬委員會之四名成員中各包括三名獨立非執董。審核委員會僅由獨立非執董組成。





#### C. BOARD OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

Mechanisms Ensuring Independent Views Available to the Board (Continued)

In accordance with the Company's bye-laws, each director has to disclose his/her interest, if any, in the matters to be considered at the Board meetings and shall abstain from voting in respect of any transaction, contract or arrangement in which he/she is interested. INEDs (as other directors) shall not vote or be counted in the quorum on any Board resolution approving any contract or arrangement in which such director or any of his/her close associates has a material interest.

Other than the director's fee for serving as a member of the Board and Board committees, no equity-based remuneration with performance-related elements will be granted to INEDs as this may lead to bias in their decision-making and compromise their objectivity and independence.

INEDs (as other directors) are entitled to seek further information and documentation from the management on the matters to be discussed at Board meetings. They can also seek assistance from the company secretary of the Company and, where necessary, independent advice from external professional advisers at the Company's expense.

During the meetings of the Board and Board committees, INEDs and executive directors are encouraged to express their independent views and inputs in an open manner.

The chairman of the Board shall at least annually hold meetings with the INEDs without the presence of executive directors to discuss major issues and any concerns.

The Board considers that the above mechanisms can facilitate the directors to contribute effectively to the Board with independent views and input.

#### C. 董事會(續)

確保董事會可獲得獨立意見的 機制(續)

根據本公司之公司細則,各董事須披露其於董事會會議審議之事項之利益(如有),並應就其有利益之任何易、合約及安排放棄投票。獨立主董(如同其他董事)不得就批准該董並其任何緊密聯繫人擁有重決議案投票或被計入法定人數。

除擔任董事會及董事委員會成員之董 事袍金外,概不會向獨立非執董授予 與業績掛鈎之股票類薪酬,因可能導 致彼等決策出現偏差並損害其客觀及 獨立性。

獨立非執董(如同其他董事)有權就董 事會會議上討論之事項向管理層索取 進一步資料及文件。彼等亦可向本公 司之公司秘書尋求協助,並於必要時 尋求外部專業顧問之獨立意見,費用 由本公司承擔。

於董事會及董事委員會會議期間,鼓 勵獨立非執董及執行董事以公開方式 表達其獨立意見及見解。

董事會主席須至少每年在執行董事不 在場的情況下與獨立非執董舉行會 議,討論重大問題及任何關注事項。

董事會認為,上述機制可促進董事對 董事會作出有效貢獻,提供獨立意見 及見解。



#### C. BOARD OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

During the year ended 31 March 2024, four Board meetings and two general meetings (including the annual general meeting) of the Company were held, and the attendance records of each director at the respective meetings are set out in the table below:

#### C. 董事會(續)

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度,本公司曾舉行四次董事會會議及兩次股東大會(包括股東週年大會),而各董事於相關會議之出席率載列於下表:

#### Number of attendance

出席次數

		Board Meeting	General Meeting
Name of Director	董事姓名	董事會會議	股東大會
Dr. Xie Yi	謝毅博士	4/4	2/2
Mr. Cheng Yong	程勇先生	4/4	2/2
Dr. Lou Yi	樓屹博士	4/4	2/2
Ms. Wong Sau Kuen	王秀娟女士	4/4	2/2
Dr. Guo Yi #1	郭懿博士#1	3/3	2/2
Mr. Fang Lin Hu	方林虎先生	4/4	2/2
Ms. Jin Song	金松女士	4/4	2/2
Dr. Zeng Li #2	曾立博士#2	_	_

<sup>#1</sup> Dr. Guo Yi was appointed as an INED on 14 April 2023 and redesignated as an executive director on 7 June 2024.

In addition, a meeting was held between the Chairman and the INEDs without the presence of executive directors during the year.

The Company has arranged appropriate directors' and officers' liability insurance for members of the Board and officers in order to protect legal claims against their lawful discharge of duties in relation to the Group's business.

#2 曾立博士於二零二四年六月七日獲委任為獨立非執董。

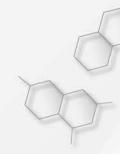
此外,主席亦曾於本年度內在執行董 事不在場的情況下與獨立非執董舉行 一次會議。

本公司已為董事會成員及高級人員安排合適之董事及高級人員責任保險, 以為彼等就本集團業務依法履職過程 中產生的法律申訴提供保障。

<sup>#2</sup> Dr. Zeng Li was appointed as an INED on 7 June 2024.

<sup>#1</sup> 郭懿博士於二零二三年四月十四日獲 委任為獨立非執董,並於二零二四年六 月七日獲調任為執行董事。





### D. CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Dr. Xie Yi serves as the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company. This is a deviation from Code Provision C.2.1, which requires the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same person. As all major decisions of the Company are made in consultation with members of the Board, the Company believes that there is adequate balance of power and authority in place though vesting the roles of both chairman and chief executive officer in the same person.

### E. NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Pursuant to Code Provision B.2.2, every director shall retire by rotation at least once every three years. The INEDs are not appointed for a specific term and according to the bye-laws of the Company, one-third of the directors (except for the Chairman) shall retire from office by rotation and become eligible for re-election. The reason for the deviation is that the Company believes that the directors ought to be committed to representing the long-term interest of the Company's shareholders and the rotation methodology ensures a reasonable proportion of directors in continuity which is to the best interest of the Company's shareholders.

The function of the INEDs includes but not limited to participating in meetings of the Board and of Board committees to bring an independent judgement to bear on issues of strategy, policy, performance, accountability, resources, key appointments and standards of conduct.

Each of the Nomination Committee, Remuneration Committee and Audit Committee, is comprised of all INEDs and is responsible for, inter alia, the review and oversight of the activities within its defined terms of reference. The written terms of reference for the respective Board committees are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

#### D. 主席及行政總裁

謝毅博士擔任本公司主席及行政總裁。此不符合守則條文第C.2.1條所要求,即主席及行政總裁之角色應該分開,且不應由同一人士兼任之規重,由於本公司所有主要決策均經董事,的員磋商後作出,故本公司相信,亦使由同一人兼任主席及行政總裁,亦足以維持權力與權限之平衡。

#### E. 非執行董事

獨立非執董之職責包括但不限於參加 董事會會議及董事委員會會議,以就 有關策略、政策、表現、問責性、資 源、主要委任及操守準則等事宜作出 獨立判斷。

提名委員會、薪酬委員會及審核委員會各自之組成均包括全體獨立非執董,負責(其中包括)審視及監管其指定職權範圍內的活動。各董事委員會的書面職權範圍可於聯交所及本公司網站查閱。



#### F. NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination Committee consists of four members including, Dr. Xie Yi, the chairman of the Board and chief executive officer of the Company, and three INEDs. The Nomination Committee is chaired by Dr. Xie Yi.

The major role and function of the Nomination Committee are to formulate and implement the policy for nominating candidates for consideration by the Board and election by shareholders, review the structure, size and composition of the Board with due regard to Board diversity, and to assess the independence of non-executive directors having regard to the criteria under the Listing Rules.

During the year ended 31 March 2024, two meetings were held to review the Board's structure, size and composition including Board diversity, and review the implementation of the Board Diversity Policy; consider and make recommendations to the Board on the appointment of new director to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board, re-appointment of retiring directors; and assess the independence of INEDs.

The attendance of each director is set out below:

#### F. 提名委員會

提名委員會由四名成員組成,包括謝 毅博士(董事會主席及本公司行政總 裁)以及三名獨立非執董。提名委員會 由謝毅博士擔任主席。

提名委員會的主要角色及功能是制定 及實施有關提名人選之政策,以供董 事會審議及股東選任,及適當考慮董 事會多元化以檢討董事會的架構、人 數及組成,以及經顧及上市規則之準 則評核非執行董事之獨立性。

於截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度,已舉行兩次會議以檢討董事會成學構、人數及組成,包括董事會成政新董事化及檢討董事會成員多元化及檢討董事以員董事化委議董事以項補臨時空缺或作為對對大學。 事、重新委任退任董事;以及評估獨立非執董之獨立性。

各董事之出席率載列如下:

#### Number of attendance

Name of Director	董事姓名	出席次數
Mr. Fang Lin Hu	方林虎先生	2/2
Ms. Jin Song	金松女士	2/2
Dr. Guo Yi #1	郭懿博士#1	1/1
Dr. Xie Yi	謝毅博士	2/2
Dr. Zeng Li #2	曾立博士#2	

#1 Dr. Guo Yi was appointed as an INED and a member of each of the Board committees on 14 April 2023.

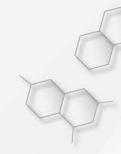
Dr. Guo Yi was redesignated as an executive director on 7 June 2024 and ceased to be a member of each of the Board committees upon his redesignation.

#2 Dr. Zeng Li was appointed as an INED and a member of each of the Board committees on 7 June 2024. #1 郭懿博士於二零二三年四月十四日獲 委任為獨立非執董及董事委員會各自 之成員。

> 郭懿博士於二零二四年六月七日獲調 任為執行董事,並於彼調任後不再擔任 董事委員會各自之成員。

#2 曾立博士於二零二四年六月七日獲委 任為獨立非執董及董事委員會各自之 成員。





#### F. NOMINATION COMMITTEE (Continued)

#### **Board Diversity Policy**

The Board has adopted a Board Diversity Policy and the Nomination Committee will help implement and monitor the policy. To enhance the effectiveness of the Board, selection of candidates is based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to, gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills and length of service. The Nomination Committee will review and discuss, on an annual basis, Board diversity with regard to the building and maintaining of the Board with a diversity of directors, without focusing on a single diversity aspect, and will make recommendation to the Board for its consideration and approval. The Board currently comprises five executive directors and three INEDs, who have possessed professional qualifications or relevant experience in various aspects; including accounting and financial management, corporate compliance, business management, scientific research, China pharmaceutical industry, operation management and investment in biotech, and investment management in biomedicine. The directors' biographical details including their roles and functions, academic background and experience are disclosed in "Directors and Senior Management Profile" on pages 21 to 25 of this annual report, and the Board profile in gender, age and length of service is summarised as below:

#### F. 提名委員會(續)

#### 董事會成員多元化政策

董事會已採納一套董事會成員多元化 政策,提名委員會將協助實施並監督 該政策。為提高董事會的效率,挑選 人選時將基於一系列多元化觀點,包 括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育 背景、專業經驗、技能及服務年期。 提名委員會將每年審視及討論董事會 多元化,以建立及維持董事會成員多 元化組合,而非專注於單一多元化方 面,並將向董事會提出建議以供其考 慮及批准。董事會目前由五名執行董 事及三名獨立非執董組成,彼等擁有 各方面的專業資格或相關經驗,包括 會計及財務管理、企業合規、業務管 理、科學研究、中國醫藥行業、生物 科技領域營運管理及投資以及生物醫 藥投資管理。董事履歷詳情(包括彼等 之角色及職能、學術背景及經驗)已於 本年報第21至25頁「董事及高層管理 人員簡介 | 中披露, 董事會成員之性 別、年齡及服務年期概要載列如下:

#### **Board profile**

董事會簡介

#### Number of directors (%)

董事人數(%)

Capacity Executive directors: 5 (62.5%) INEDs: 3 (37.5 %)

身份 執行董事:5(62.5%) 獨立非執董:3(37.5%)

GenderMale: 6 (75%)Female: 2 (25%)性別男性: 6 (75%)女性: 2 (25%)

Age GroupAge 40-60: 3 (37.5%)Age above 60: 5 (62.5%)年齡組別40歲至60歲:3 (37.5%)60歲以上:5 (62.5%)

Length of serviceBelow 10 years: 2 (25%)Above 10 years: 6 (75%)服務年期10年以下: 2 (25%)10年以上: 6 (75%)

### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED)





#### F. NOMINATION COMMITTEE (Continued)

#### Board Diversity Policy (Continued)

Having reviewed the structure and composition of the Board and taken into account the diversity perspectives, the Nomination Committee considered that the current Board has appropriate mix of skills, experience and a sufficient level of diversity that are relevant to the business nature and requirements of the Group, and concluded that the Board Diversity Policy has been effectively implemented.

#### Gender Diversity

As at the date of this report, the Board comprises eight directors, two of whom are female (representing 25%). The Board considers that the current level of female representation reflects gender diversity and meets specific needs of the Group, and that gender diversity of the Board has been achieved.

As at 31 March 2024, the Group's total workforce (including senior management) comprises approximately 37.1% male and 62.9% female. The Group has avoided a single gender workforce in workplaces. Opportunities for employment, training and career development are equally opened to all eligible employees without discrimination. The Group will review the gender diversity of the workforce regularly in accordance with business development of the Group.

#### **Nomination Policy**

The Nomination Committee has adopted a nomination policy guiding the nomination criteria and procedures to identify, select and recommend candidates for directorship.

The Nomination Committee shall consider a number of nomination criteria in assessing the suitability of a proposed candidate for directorship or proposed re-appointment of a retiring director, including but not limited to: the skills, knowledge and experience possessed by the candidate or retiring director which are relevant to the Company's business, corporate development and strategy; the diversity perspectives set out in the Board Diversity Policy and the balance of skills and experience in Board composition; the level of independence from the Company and compliance of the relevant requirements under the Listing Rules; and such other factors the Nomination Committee may consider relevant to enhancement of the effectiveness of the Board.

#### F. 提名委員會(續)

#### 董事會成員多元化政策(續)

經審視董事會結構及組成並考慮多元 化角度後,提名委員會認為目前的董 事會具有與本集團的業務性質及要並 相關的適當技能、經驗組合及充足的 多元化水平,故總結認為董事會成員 多元化政策已有效執行。

#### 性別多元化

於本報告日期,董事會由八名董事組成,其中兩名為女性(相當於25%)。 董事會認為女性代表目前之水平可反映性別多元化且符合本集團之特定 需求,而本集團已達成董事會性別多元化。

於二零二四年三月三十一日,本集團之員工總數(包括高層管理人員)約37.1%為男性及約62.9%為女性。本集團已避免工作場所由單一性別員工平島成。本集團向所有合資格員工平等提供僱傭、培訓及事業發展之機會,概無歧視。本集團將根據本集團之業務發展定期檢討員工性別多元化。

#### 提名政策

提名委員會已採納提名政策,作為提 名標準及程序的指引,以物色、挑選 及建議董事人選。





#### F. NOMINATION COMMITTEE (Continued)

#### Nomination Policy (Continued)

Subject to the provisions in the Company's bye-laws, where the Nomination Committee determines that an additional director or a replacement director is required, it may take appropriate steps in connection with the identification and evaluation of a suitable candidate for directorship. The Nomination Committee may deploy channels including referral from directors, advisers of the Company and external executive search firms in the identification process, evaluate a candidate based on the nomination criteria stated above, and make recommendation for the Board's consideration and approval.

For re-appointment of a retiring director, the Nomination Committee reviews his/her service to the Company, the level of participation on the Board during his/her term, and after taking into account the nomination criteria, recommends to the Board for proposed re-appointment of the retiring director who wishes to stand for re-election at the Company's general meeting.

The Nomination Committee may also propose to the Board a candidate recommended or offered for nomination by a shareholder of the Company as a nominee for election to the Board, if it evaluates that the candidate meets the nomination criteria. The procedures for shareholders to propose a person for election as a director are published in the Company's website.

The Board has the ultimate responsibility for selection and appointment of directors. On accepting the recommendation made by the Nomination Committee, the Board may (as the case may be) appoint the candidate as director to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board and recommend the candidate to shareholders for election or re-election (for a retiring director) at the general meeting.

#### F. 提名委員會(續)

#### 提名政策(續)

就重新委任退任董事而言,提名委員會會審視彼對本公司之服務、彼於任期內在董事會之參與程度,並經計及提名標準後,向董事會建議重新委任有意於本公司股東大會上重選連任的退任董事。

若提名委員會評估由本公司股東所推 薦或提名之人選符合提名標準,則可 向董事會推薦該人選,作為被提名人 供董事會選任。股東提名人選參選董 事的程序刊登於本公司網站。

甄選及委任董事的最終責任由董事會承擔。在接納提名委員會作出之建議時,董事會可(視情況而定)委任該人選擔任董事以填補臨時空缺或作為增補董事,並向股東推薦該人選以於股東大會上進行選任或重新委任(就退任董事而言)。



#### G. REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Remuneration Committee consists of four members including, three INEDs and Dr. Xie Yi. The Remuneration Committee is chaired by Mr. Fang Lin Hu, an INED.

The Remuneration Committee has been established with specific terms of reference, which state clearly its authority and duties, among others, it makes recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all directors and senior management remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy and review and approve remuneration proposals with reference to corporate goals and objectives resolved by the Board from time to time. The Remuneration Committee makes recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive directors and senior management, and also review and/or approve matters relating to share schemes as may from time to time be adopted by the Company.

During the year ended 31 March 2024, three meetings were held and attendance of each director is set out below:

#### G. 薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會由四名成員組成,包括三名獨立非執董及謝毅博士。薪酬委員會由方林虎先生(獨立非執董)擔任主席。

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度,本公司曾舉行三次會議,各董事 之出席率載列如下:

#### 列如下: Number of attendance

Name of Director	董事姓名	出席次數
Mr. Fang Lin Hu	方林虎先生	3/3
Ms. Jin Song	金松女士	3/3
Dr. Guo Yi #1	郭懿博士#1	2/2
Dr. Xie Yi	謝毅博士	3/3
Dr. Zeng Li #2	曾立博士#2	<u> </u>

#1 Dr. Guo Yi was appointed as an INED and a member of each of the Board committees on 14 April 2023.

Dr. Guo Yi was redesignated as an executive director on 7 June 2024 and ceased to be a member of each of the Board committees upon his redesignation.

#2 Dr. Zeng Li was appointed as an INED and a member of each of the Board committees on 7 June 2024. #1 郭懿博士於二零二三年四月十四日獲 委任為獨立非執董及董事委員會各自 之成員。

> 郭懿博士於二零二四年六月七日獲調 任為執行董事,並於彼調任後不再擔任 董事委員會各自之成員。

#2 曾立博士於二零二四年六月七日獲委 任為獨立非執董及董事委員會各自之 成員。





#### G. REMUNERATION COMMITTEE (Continued)

The emoluments of the directors are reviewed and recommended by the Remuneration Committee with regard to the directors' respective responsibilities, individual performance, and/or decided by the Board as authorised by the shareholders at the annual general meeting. The Company has also adopted a share option scheme as an incentive to the directors and the senior management. The Remuneration Committee conducts regular review of the Company's remuneration policy and structure of the directors and senior management which takes into account the prevailing market conditions and the role and responsibility of individual members, for making recommendation to the Board. During the year, the Remuneration Committee reviewed and approved the remuneration packages (including directors' fee) of the directors, and made recommendation to the Board for consideration and approval.

Directors' emoluments and the five highest paid individuals for the year ended 31 March 2024 are disclosed in notes 11 and 12 respectively to the consolidated financial statements.

Emoluments of senior management whose profiles are disclosed in the section "Directors and Senior Management Profile" but not included in the note as the five highest paid individuals, fell within the following band:

#### G. 薪酬委員會(續)

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度 之董事酬金及五位最高薪酬人士分別 於綜合財務報表附註11及12內披露。

高層管理人員(其履歷披露於「董事及高層管理人員簡介」一節,但未作為五位最高薪酬人士載列於附註內)之酬金屬於下列範圍:

#### **Number of individuals**

人數

2024

2023

二零二四年

二零二三年

Emolument band HK\$ Nil to HK\$1,000,000 酬金範圍

零港元至1,000,000港元

2

3

#### H. AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee comprises three INEDs and is chaired by Mr. Fang Lin Hu, an INED.

The Audit Committee has been established with specific terms of reference that have included the duties set out in the relevant Code Provisions, with appropriate modification when necessary.

#### H. 審核委員會

審核委員會由三名獨立非執董組成並 由方林虎先生(獨立非執董)擔任主席。

審核委員會已告成立,並訂有特定職權範圍,有關職權範圍已包括相關守則條文所載之職責(於必要時作出適當修訂)。



#### H. AUDIT COMMITTEE (Continued)

The major role and function of the Audit Committee are to ensure the maintenance of proper relationship with the Company's auditor, the establishment of proper review and control arrangements relating to risk management and internal control systems, financial reporting and the compliance to applicable reporting requirements.

During the year ended 31 March 2024, three meetings were held and attendance of each director is set out below:

#### H. 審核委員會(續)

審核委員會之主要職責及功能是確保 與本公司之核數師維持恰當關係,就 風險管理及內部監控制度、財務報告 及遵守適用報告規定作出適當審閱及 監管安排。

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度 曾舉行三次會議,各董事之出席率載 列如下:

#### Number of attendance

Name of Director	董事姓名	出席次數
Mr. Fang Lin Hu	方林虎先生	3/3
Ms. Jin Song	金松女士	3/3
Dr. Guo Yi #1	郭懿博士#1	3/3
Dr. Zeng Li #2	曾立博士#2	<u> </u>

#1 Dr. Guo Yi was appointed as an INED and a member of each of the Board committees on 14 April 2023.

Dr. Guo Yi was redesignated as an executive director on 7 June 2024 and ceased to be a member of each of the Board committees upon his redesignation.

#2 Dr. Zeng Li was appointed as an INED and a member of each of the Board committees on 7 June 2024.

The Audit Committee reviewed the half yearly and full year consolidated financial statements, including the Group's adopted accounting principles and practices, risk management and internal control systems with internal audit function and financial reporting matters (in conjunction with the external auditor for the annual results). The Audit Committee endorsed the accounting treatments adopted by the Company and, to the best of its ability assured itself that the disclosures of the financial information in this annual report comply with the applicable accounting standards and Appendix 16 of the Listing Rules.

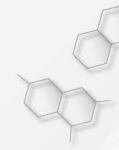
#1 郭懿博士於二零二三年四月十四日獲 委任為獨立非執董及董事委員會各自 之成員。

> 郭懿博士於二零二四年六月七日獲調 任為執行董事,並於彼調任後不再擔任 董事委員會各自之成員。

#2 曾立博士於二零二四年六月七日獲委 任為獨立非執董及董事委員會各自之 成員。

審核委員會已審閱半年度及全年綜合財務報表,包括本集團所採納之實例、風險管理及內內務報告問度(設有內部審核功能)及財務報告同審閱。一審核功能,並就年度對別人時數別所以對於對別人一次。 審核委員會對同一本之一。 審核委員會對同一本之一。 審核委員會對於公司確保本計數, 是會對方為對於一一。





#### I. AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The remuneration paid/payable to the Company's auditor, Elite Partners CPA Limited in respect of audit services and non-audit services for the year ended 31 March 2024 amounted to HK\$800,000 and HK\$48,000 respectively.

#### J. FINANCIAL REPORTING

The directors of the Company acknowledged their responsibility for preparing the consolidated financial statements of the Group in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules and applicable statutory requirements and accounting standards. The Group has adopted the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements.

A statement by the auditor of the Company about their reporting responsibilities is set out in the "Independent Auditor's Report" on pages 90 to 96 of this annual report.

### K. RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board is responsible for overseeing on an ongoing basis and ensuring that sound and effective risk management and internal control systems are maintained within the Group in order to safeguard the Group's assets and the interests of the Company's shareholders. These systems are designed under the framework of a defined management structure with specified limits of authority and control responsibilities to manage rather than to eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives and help to provide reasonable assurance against material misstatement or loss.

#### L 核數師酬金

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度,就審核服務及非審核服務已付/ 應付本公司核數師開元信德會計師事 務所有限公司之酬金分別為800,000港 元及48,000港元。

#### J. 財務報告

本公司董事確認彼等按照上市規則規定及根據適用法定要求及會計準則編製本集團綜合財務報表之責任。本集團已採納持續經營基準編製其財務報表。

本公司核數師就其報告責任所作聲明 載於本年報第90至96頁之「獨立核數 師報告」。

#### K. 風險管理及內部監控



### K. RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL (Continued)

The Audit Committee is delegated with authorities to assist the Board to fulfill its oversight role over the systems by reviewing and evaluating on a regular basis the effectiveness and adequacy of the Company's financial controls, risk management and internal control systems (the "Systems"). During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Audit Committee, after taking into consideration the size of the Group's activities and operations, had adopted a risk-based approach in identifying the scope of review for its business units. The review was conducted by the Group's risk management and internal audit function independent of the business unit, which covered appraisal of the Systems by conducting tests on operating procedures. Audit findings and recommendations were reported to the Audit Committee and the senior management. The Audit Committee and the Board satisfied the result of the review and concluded that the key areas of the Systems are reasonably and adequately implemented to their satisfaction.

The Company recognizes the importance of good business ethics, which along with good corporate governance, are essential foundation to success. The Group values an ethical approach to business activities to create a safe, trusting and cooperative work environment and thereby building up a healthy corporate culture. An anti-corruption policy has been in place to promote and support anti-corruption laws and regulations. In addition, a whistleblowing policy and system has been established for employees and those who deal with the Group (e.g. customers and suppliers) to raise concerns, in confidence and anonymity, with the Audit Committee about possible improprieties in any matter related to the Group.

#### K. 風險管理及內部監控(續)

審核委員會獲授權力透過定期審閱及 評估本公司之財務監控、風險管理及 內部監控制度(「該等制度」)是否有效 及足夠以協助董事會履行其對該等制 度之監管角色。截至二零二四年三月 三十一日止年度,經考慮本集團業務 及營運之規模後,審核委員會已採納 風險管理方法,以確定其業務單位的 審閱範疇。有關審閱乃由本集團獨立 於業務單位的風險管理及內部審核職 能進行,其中涵蓋透過對經營流程進 行的測試評估該等制度。審核發現及 推薦建議向審核委員會及高層管理人 員匯報。審核委員會及董事會信納審 閱結果,並總結該等制度的主要領域 獲合理及充分執行。





### K. RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL (Continued)

With respect to handling and dissemination of inside information (the "Information"), the Group is aware of its obligations under the Listing Rules, the Securities and Futures Ordinance and the guiding principle that when the Information comes to the Group's attention, it should be properly disclosed as soon as practicable. In this regard, the Group has adopted an inside information disclosure policy (the "Policy") since 2013 with the aim of preventing the disclosure of premature Information and ensuring shareholders and the public are provided with full, accurate and timely Information about the activities, performance and financial condition of the Group. The Policy covers the procedures as to (i) maintain the confidentiality of Information, such as identification of project by using code name, dissemination on a need-to-know basis and (ii) identify, assess and monitor the dissemination of Information. The Audit Committee and the Board consider that the procedures are effective in discharging the Group's obligations in respect of the Information.

### L. DIRECTORS' CONTINUOUS TRAINING AND DEVELOPMENT

Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development in order to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. This is to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant.

During the year ended 31 March 2024, the directors were briefed and updated with written materials on the latest development regarding the Listing Rules and other applicable legal and regulatory requirements from time to time, to ensure compliance and enhance their awareness of good corporate governance practices. Newly appointed directors are provided with an induction upon appointment, including briefings on the Group's operations and corporate governance practices, company policies and procedures. In addition, the Company had organised an in-house training seminar for the directors, which was conducted by qualified professional covering update of the Listing Rules, with training materials provided. Directors are also encouraged to attend outside seminars and talks organised by professional bodies to enrich their knowledge in discharging their duties as a director.

#### K. 風險管理及內部監控(續)

就處理及發佈內幕消息(「該等資料」) 而言,本集團知悉其於上市規則、證 券及期貨條例及指引原則項下的責 任,即倘本集團知悉該等資料,應在 實際可行情況下盡快妥為披露該等 資料。就此而言,本集團已自二零一 三年起採納內幕消息披露政策(「該政 策」),旨在防止該等資料遭提前披露 及確保股東及公眾就本集團活動、表 現及財務狀況獲提供完整、準確和及 時的該等資料。該政策涵蓋有關以下 各項的程序:(1)對該等資料保密,如使 用代號識別項目、按須知基準發佈; 及(ii)識別、評估及監察該等資料分 發。審核委員會及董事會認為該等程 序在本集團履行有關該等資料的責任 方面屬有效。

#### L. 董事的持續培訓及發展

本公司鼓勵董事進行持續的專業進修,以發展及更新彼等的知識及技能。此舉能確保彼等繼續在掌握全面 資訊及切合所需的情況下向董事會作 出貢獻。

截野型
大學型



### L. DIRECTORS' CONTINUOUS TRAINING AND DEVELOPMENT (Continued)

During the year ended 31 March 2024, all directors have participated in continuous professional development by attending training courses and/or referring materials on the topics related to corporate governance and regulations:

#### **Executive Directors**

Dr. Xie Yi Attending in-house training course and

self-study

Mr. Cheng Yong Attending in-house training course and

self-study

Dr. Lou Yi Attending in-house training course and

self-study

Ms. Wong Sau Kuen Attending in-house training course and

outside seminars/talks conducted by professional bodies and self-study

Dr. Guo Yi #1 Attending in-house training course and

self-study

#### Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Fang Lin Hu Attending in-house training course and

self-study

Ms. Jin Song Attending in-house training course and

self-study

Dr. Zeng Li #2

#1 Dr. Guo Yi was appointed as an INED on 14 April 2023 and redesignated to an executive director on 7 June 2024.

#2 Dr. Zeng Li was appointed as an INED on 7 June 2024. An induction training has been provided by the Company to Dr. Zeng Li after his appointment.

#### M. COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Wong Sau Kuen is the company secretary of the Company and has taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training during the year ended 31 March 2024.

#### L. 董事的持續培訓及發展(續)

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度,所有董事已透過參加培訓課程及/或參考有關企業管治及法規的資料進行持續的專業進修:

#### 執行董事

謝毅博士 參加內部培訓課程及

自修

程勇先生 參加內部培訓課程及

自修

樓屹博士 參加內部培訓課程及

白修

王秀娟女士 參加內部培訓課程及

專業機構舉辦的外 部研討會/講座以及

自修

郭懿博士#1 參加內部培訓課程及

自修

#### 獨立非執行董事

方林虎先生 參加內部培訓課程及

自修

金松女士 參加內部培訓課程及

自修

曾立博士#2

#1 郭懿博士於二零二三年四月十四日獲 委任為獨立非執董及於二零二四年六 月七日調任為執行董事。

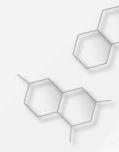
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#2 曾立博士於二零二四年六月七日獲委 任為獨立非執董。曾立博士獲委任後已 由本公司提供入職培訓。

#### M. 公司秘書

王秀娟女士為本公司的公司秘書,且已於截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度參與不少於15小時的相關專業培訓。





#### N. COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS N. 與股東之溝通

The Company recognises the value of maintaining open communication with its shareholders and is committed to promoting effective communication with shareholders and potential investors.

A Shareholder Communication Policy has been put in place to promote effective engagement and a two-way dialogue with shareholders and other stakeholders.

#### Shareholder Communication Policy

The Company strives to ensure that shareholders are given ready access to balanced and understandable information relating to the Group, which includes but not limited to the Group's financial performance, governance and material developments, to enable shareholders to exercise their rights in an informed manner, and to engage actively with the Company. The Board will review the Shareholder Communication Policy annually to ensure its effectiveness.

The Company uses a number of channels to disseminate corporate information to shareholders and potential investors through:

- (1) the Stock Exchange's website (www.hkexnews.hk)
- (2) the Company's website (www.extrawell.com.hk)
- (3) corporate information in electronic forms and/or printed forms, such as annual and interim reports, circulars and explanatory materials, shall be provided in plain language in both English and Chinese versions to facilitate shareholders' understanding
- (4) the Company's Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar, Tricor Tengis Limited in respect of share registration and related matters
- (5) annual general meeting (and other general meetings)

### 本公司認同維持與其股東公開溝通的 價值,並致力促進與股東及潛在投資

為促進與股東及其他利益相關者的有 效交流及雙向對話,本公司已制定股 東傳訊政策。

#### 股東傳訊政策

者的有效溝通。

本公司致力確保股東可隨時獲得與本 集團有關的公正及清晰的資訊, 包括但不限於本集團的財務表現、管 治及重大發展,以使股東可以分別 情之方式行使其權利,並積極與本 司互動。董事會將每年審視股東溝 政策,以確保其有效性。

本公司透過利用以下多個渠道以向股 東及潛在投資者傳達公司資料:

- (1) 聯交所網站(www.hkexnews.hk)
- (2) 本公司網站(www.extrawell.com.hk)
- (3) 公司資料電子版及/或印刷本 (例如年報及中期報告、通函及 説明資料)將以簡明語文之中英 文兩種版本提供予股東以促進 理解
- (4) 本公司之香港股份過戶登記分處 卓佳登捷時有限公司,處理股份 登記及相關事宜
- (5) 股東週年大會(及其他股東大會)



### N. COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS N. 與股東之溝通(續) (Continued)

The annual general meeting of the Company provides a useful forum for shareholders to exchange views with the Board. The Board members, in particular, Chairman of the Board as well as chairmen of the Nomination Committee, Remuneration Committee and Audit Committee (or their delegates) will endeavor to make themselves available at the annual general meetings to meet shareholders and answer their enquiries. Shareholders' meetings are, as far as practicable, arranged to be held at a convenient location with the aim of encouraging shareholders' participation.

#### Enquiries to the Board

Shareholders may send their enquiries, request for publicly available information and provide comments and suggestions to the Board by mail to the Company's principal place of business at Suites 2206–08, 22/F, Devon House, Taikoo Place, 979 King's Road, Quarry Bay, Hong Kong, by email to info@extrawell.com.hk, and/or via the Company's investor corner published on the Company website (www.extrawell.com.hk). Shareholders can also make enquiries to the Board directly at the general meetings of the Company.

Having reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of different channels of communication available to the shareholders, and with reference to the shareholders' feedbacks in shareholders' meetings, the Company considered that the Shareholder Communication Policy has been effectively implemented during the year.

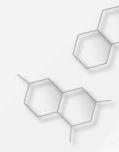
本公司之股東週年大會為股東提供一個與董事會交流意見之有放平日人會所以員是董事會成員尤其是董事會不及員會所不要員會及其代表)將盡力出答彼東東人會所會,與股東會面並回答彼等便的地點與大會將安排在盡可能方便的地點舉行,以鼓勵股東參與。

#### 向董事會提交查詢

股東可致函本公司主要營業地點予董事會,地址為香港鰂魚涌英皇道979號太古坊德宏大廈22樓2206-08室,或發送電子郵件至info@extrawell.com.hk,及/或通過本公司網站(www.extrawell.com.hk)刊發之本公司投資者之區域,向董事會提交查詢、要求提供公開資料以及提供意見及建議。股東亦可於本公司股東大會直接向董事會提出查詢。

於審視提供予股東的多種溝通渠道之 執行情況及有效性,及參考股東於股 東大會上之回饋意見後,本公司認為 股東傳訊政策於本年度獲有效執行。





#### O. SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

#### Convening a Special General Meeting

Section 74 of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda stipulates that the directors shall, on the requisition of shareholders holding not less than one-tenth of such of the paid-up capital of the Company, forthwith proceed duly to convene a special general meeting of the Company. The requisition must state the purposes of the meeting, and must be signed by the relevant requisitionists and deposited at the registered office of the Company. If the directors do not within twenty-one days from the date of the deposit of the requisition proceed duly to convene a meeting, the requisitionists, or any of them representing more than one half of the total voting rights of all of them, may themselves convene a meeting, but any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the said date.

#### Putting forward Proposals at General Meetings

Section 79 of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda stipulates that the Company shall, on the requisition in writing by either any number of shareholders representing not less than one-twentieth of the paid-up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company or not less than 100 shareholders, (a) give to shareholders entitled to receive notice of the next annual general meeting notice of any resolution which may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at that meeting, and (b) circulate to these shareholders a written statement of not more than 1,000 words with respect to the matter referred to in any proposed resolution or the business to be dealt with at that meeting.

Section 80 of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda stipulates that the written requisition as signed by the requisitionists must be deposited at the registered office of the Company with a sum reasonably sufficient to meet the Company's expenses in giving effect thereto not less than six weeks before the meeting in case of a requisition requiring notice of a resolution and not less than one week before the meeting in case of any other requisition.

#### P. CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

At the annual general meeting of the Company held on 25 August 2023, a special resolution was passed to adopt the new byelaws of the Company, for purpose of, among others, conforming to the core standards for shareholder protections as set out in Appendix 3 of the Listing Rules and incorporating certain housekeeping amendments. These documents are published on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

#### O. 股東權利

#### 召開股東特別大會

#### 於股東大會上提呈議案

百慕達《一九八一年公司法》第80條規定,由呈請人簽署之書面請求須於大會舉行前不少於六星期(如為要求發出決議案通知的請求)及不少於一星期(如為任何其他請求)送交本公司註冊辦事處,並須支付一筆足以合理彌補本公司就此產生的開支的款項。

#### P. 組織章程文件

本公司於二零二三年八月二十五日舉行的股東週年大會上通過一項特別決議案,以採納本公司的新公司細則,旨在(其中包括)符合上市規則附錄三所載的股東保障核心標準,並納入若干內部管理修訂。該等文件已於本公司及聯交所網站刊發。

# ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告



#### 1. INTRODUCTION

As a member of the global business community, the Group recognises the importance of sustainable development and has continuously implemented various measures to improve and strengthen corporate governance and related policies on sustainability over the past years and will continue to optimise its ongoing efforts and commitment to sustainability performance in the years to come. This Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") Report was prepared in accordance with the "Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide" (the "Guide") under Appendix C2 of the Listing Rules, which reports the Group's strategies and practices in relation to environmental protection, social responsibility and operational governance. This report has been reviewed and approved by the board of directors (the "Board") of the Company and should be read in conjunction with the Group's Annual Report 2024; in particular the Corporate Governance Report, to gain more understanding of the Group's ESG performance.

#### 2. ESG GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE

The Board is at the core corporate governance framework and has overall responsibility for the Group's ESG strategy, performance and reporting. The established governance structure comprising the Board and the audit, remuneration and nomination committees (the "Board Committees"), which has laid a solid foundation for oversight of the ESG issues, shall ensure that the Group has corporate governance processes in place that are effective for overseeing the Group's management of significant ESG risks, and that it coordinates the practices and actions of the Group for sustainable development, through the management team in the day-to-day implementation of the ESG strategy and periodic reporting for emerging or continually evolving ESG issues. The top-down governance structure; namely the Board, the Board Committees and the management team at the Group's business segments, ensures the effective deployment and implementation of the Group's ESG risk management and enables continuing improvement in ESG performance. Details of governance information for the Board and the Board Committees are set out on pages 28 to 50, and the ESG management and controls are detailed in this report.

#### 1. 緒言

作為全球商界的一員,本集團認同可 持續發展的重要性,並在過去多年不 斷實施改善及加強企業管治的各種措 施以及相關可持續發展政策,並將在 未來數年繼續保持其現有工作,致力 優化可持續表現。本環境、社會及管 治(「環境、社會及管治」)報告乃根據 上市規則附錄C2項下的「環境、社會 及管治報告指引」(「指引」)編製,呈 報本集團在環境保護、社會責任及營 運管治方面的策略及慣例。本報告已 由本公司董事會(「董事會」)審閱及批 准,並應與本集團二零二四年年報(特 別是企業管治報告)一併閱讀,從而更 深入了解本集團的環境、社會及管治 績效。

#### 2. 環境、社會及管治之管治 架構

董事會乃企業管治框架的核心,對 本集團的環境、社會及管治策略、績 效及報告承擔整體責任。由董事會、 審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員 會(「董事委員會」)組成的既定管治架 構,為監督環境、社會及管治議題奠 定堅實基礎,須確保本集團擁有有效 的企業管治流程,以監督本集團對重 大環境、社會及管治風險的管理,並 通過管理團隊對環境、社會及管治戰 略的日常實施以及對新出現或不斷演 變的環境、社會及管治問題作出定期 匯報,協調本集團在可持續發展方面 的實踐及行動。自上而下的管治結構 (即董事會、董事委員會及本集團業 務分類的管理團隊)確保本集團有效 部署及實施環境、社會及管治風險管 理, 令環境、社會及管治表現得以持 續改善。有關董事會及董事委員會的 管治資料詳情載於第28至50頁,而有 關環境、社會及管治管理及監控的詳 情則載於本報告。





#### 2. ESG GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE (Continued)

The Board is committed to conducting regular review and evaluation of the Group's ESG-related policies and risks so as to ensure that appropriate and effective ESG risk management and internal control systems (the "Systems") are in place and embedded at the Group's business seaments. As the Group's manufacturing plants in Changchun, China (or the "PRC") involve production process (the "Manufacturing Activities"), which will have a material ESG impact, an "Environmental Protection, Occupational Health and Safety Management Committee" (the "Management Committee") has been formed since 2017 to lead the management of environmental protection as well as to foster a safe and healthy work environment. The Management Committee includes staff members who are professionally qualified with relevant permits recognised by the Chinese authorities to administrate and monitor the works. Since the Group's Hong Kong headquarters, trading and gene development activities (the "Non-Manufacturing Activities") are generally office's operations and will have a limited ESG impact, no such committee is established and senior staff members of various departments are engaged to implement the sustainable policies and practices adopted by the Group.

The Group's risk management and internal audit function, in conjunction with the Management Committee, will conduct regular review on the effectiveness of the Systems and report the findings to the Audit Committee and the Board on material ESG issues on an annual basis.

#### 3. REPORTING PRINCIPLES

In preparation of this ESG Report, the Group observes and applies the principles of materiality, quantitative, balance and consistency as set out in the Guide in order to provide a clear, balanced, quantifiable and comparative information to its stakeholders:

(1) Materiality : Major stakeholders are identified and their concerns on ESG issues are considered. ESG issues that have material impacts on the Group's sustainable development form the

basis of this report.

(2) Quantitative : Where practicable, all environmental and social key performance indicators ("KPIs") are disclosed in a quantitative manner.

(3) Balance : The information reflecting the overall performance of the Group in ESG aspects are disclosed in an objective and impartial manner.

(4) Consistency: Methods used in the calculation of KPIs are consistent with those used in past years to facilitate a fair comparison.

#### 2. 環境、社會及管治之管治 架構(續)

董事會致力定期檢討及評估本集團環 境、社會及管治相關的政策及風險, 以確保落實適當且有效的環境、社 會及管治風險管理及內部監控制度 (「該等制度」),並於本集團的業務分 類貫徹實行。由於本集團於中國長春 的生產廠房涉及將對環境、社會及管 治產生重大影響的生產過程(「製造活 動」),本集團自二零一七年起已成立 「環境保護、職業健康及安全管理委員 會 | (「管理委員會 |) 以領導環境保護 管理工作以及營造安全及健康的工作 環境。管理委員會包括具有專業資格 並持有中國當局認可的相關許可證的 工作人員,負責管理和監督工程。由 於本集團的香港總部、貿易及基因開 發活動(「非製造活動」)一般於辦公室 營運,對環境、社會及管治的影響有 限,因此並無設立有關委員會,並已 委派各部門的資深員工實施本集團採 取的可持續政策及慣例。

本集團的風險管理及內部審核職能人員聯同管理委員會,將定期審視該等制度的有效性,並每年向審核委員會及董事會報告有關重大環境、社會及管治議題的發現事項。

#### 3. 報告原則

於編製本環境、社會及管治報告時, 本集團遵守及應用指引所載有關重要 性、量化、平衡及一致性原則,以便 向其利益相關者提供清晰、平衡、可 量化及可比較的資料:

(1) 重要性:識別主要利益相關者,考 慮彼等對環境、社會及管 治議題的關注事項。對本 集團可持續發展有重大影 響的環境、社會及管治議 題構成本報告的基礎。

(2) 量化 :在可行情況下,所有環境 及社會關鍵績效指標(「關 鍵績效指標」)會以量化方 式披露。

(3) 平衡 : 以客觀及公正方式披露反映本集團在環境、社會及管治方面整體績效的資料。

(4) 一致性:計算關鍵績效指標所使用的方法與過去多年使用的方法一致,以便進行公平比較。



#### 4. REPORTING BOUNDARY

The information provided in this report covers the period from 1 April 2023 to 31 March 2024 (the "2024 Period") and relates to the ESG performance of the Group's core operating segments; namely manufacturing, trading and gene development as well as the Hong Kong headquarters, which reflects the business activities of the Group's subsidiaries disclosed in note 39 to the consolidated financial statements. There were no significant changes to the reporting boundary of the activities included in this report when compared to the period from 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023 (the "2023 Period").

### 5. STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT AND IDENTIFICATION OF MATERIAL ESG ISSUES

The Group values opinions from stakeholders including shareholders, staff members, business partners, governments and the communities, and is committed to building constructive relationships with internal and external stakeholders through different communication channels including trainings and workshops with management and general staff, telephone, email enquiries and general meetings with shareholders and investors, tender meetings, appraisal and assessment with suppliers, feedback mechanism and meetings with customers, dialogues with local environmental departments, industry forums, and other business and social meetings, and via the Company's website, annual reports, and information disclosure in accordance with the continuing obligations under the Listing Rules, with a view to achieving its objectives towards sustainable growth.

Management Committee of the manufacturing segment, senior management and departmental staff of relevant operations have been engaged to communicate with stakeholders in order to understand their concerns and expectations. Through continuous discussions and communications with stakeholders using various channels, the materiality issues identified in the 2024 Period have not changed significantly when compared to the 2023 Period. The following table summarises the material issues identified and reported by the Group in the 2024 Period:

#### 4. 報告範圍

本報告所提供資料涵蓋二零二三年四月一日至二零二四年三月三十一本集門間(「二零二四年期間」),貿易及及香港總部的環境、社會多及及香港總部的環境、附註39所屬公司的業務活動。年團附屬公司至二三年期間(「二零二三年期間(「二零二三年期間上,本報告所載活動報告範圍並無重大變動。

#### 5. 利益相關者參與及識別重大 環境、社會及管治議題





### 5. STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT AND IDENTIFICATION OF MATERIAL ESG ISSUES (Continued)

### 利益相關者參與及識別重大環境、社會及管治議題(續)

#### Activities

活動 Non-Manufacturing# Manufacturing\* **Subject Areas and Aspects** 主要範疇及層面 製造# 非製造\* A. Environmental Aspects A. 環境層面 A1 Emissions A1 排放物 Air pollutants 空氣污染物 Μ NM Greenhouse gas 溫室氣體 Μ NM Water wastes 廢水 Μ NM Solid wastes 固體廢物 M NM A2 Use of Resources A2 資源使用 Water 水 NM Μ 電力 Electricity NM М Natural gas 天然氣 Μ NM 燃料(汽車) Fuel (vehicle) NΛ NM Packing material 包裝物料 Μ NM A3 The Environment and Natural Resources A3 環境及天然資源 M NM A4 Climate Change A4 氣候變化 Μ NM B. Social Aspects B. 社會層面 **Employment and Labour Practices** 僱傭及勞工常規 **B1** Employment B1 僱傭 М Μ B2 Health and Safety Μ B2 健康與安全 Μ B3 Development and Training B3 發展及培訓 Μ Μ **B4** Labour Standards B4 勞工準則 М Μ Operating Practices 營運慣例 B5 供應鏈管理 B5 Supply Chain Management М Μ **B6** Product Responsibility B6 產品責任 Μ Μ B7 Anti-corruption B7 反貪污 Μ Μ 社區 Community **B8** Community Investment B8 社區投資 Μ Μ

#### Feedback

Stakeholders are welcome to send their comments and suggestions on this ESG Report to the head office of the Company by post, fax or email as detailed in the Company's website www.extrawell.com.hk.

#### 反饋

歡迎利益相關者通過郵寄、傳真或電郵方式(詳情見本公司網站(www.extrawell.com.hk))向本公司總辦事處提交彼等對本環境、社會及管治報告的意見及建議。

<sup>#</sup> referred to the Group's manufacturing segment in Changchun, China

<sup>\*</sup> Included the Group's Hong Kong headquarters, trading and gene development segments

M Material

NM Not Material

<sup>#</sup> 指本集團位於中國長春的製造分類

<sup>\*</sup> 包括本集團的香港總部、貿易及基因開發分類

M 重大

NM 不重大



#### 6. ENVIRONMENTAL ASPECTS

#### 6.1 Emissions (A1)

It is the Group's policy for each business segment or operation to manage the environmental impacts of emissions caused by its activities and comply with the applicable environmental laws, prevention and control regulations in which it operates. During the 2024 Period, the Group has not breached the related emissions laws and regulations.

Emissions arising from the Manufacturing Activities include air pollutants, greenhouse gas ("GHG"), water and solid wastes, whilst the Non-Manufacturing Activities have insignificant emissions of air pollutants, water and solid wastes but limited GHG emissions.

In this report, GHG is categorised into three scopes as below:

- (i) Scope 1 refers to direct emissions from sources that are owned or controlled by the operations. Examples include natural gas combusted for boilers, fuels used by owned vehicles.
- (ii) Scope 2 refers to indirect emissions from consumption of purchased electricity, steam or other sources of energy.
- (iii) Scope 3 refers to indirect emissions from other activities that are consequences of the operations but are not directly owned or controlled. Examples include business travel, third-party distribution and logistics.

Note: GHG emissions data are presented in terms of carbon dioxide equivalent (tonne).

6.1.1 Non-Manufacturing Activities — GHG emissions arising from the Non-Manufacturing Activities mainly relate to indirect emissions of purchased electricity under Scope 2 and third-party distribution and logistics as well as business travels under Scope 3. During the 2024 Period, the respective Scope 2 and Scope 3 carbon dioxide ("CO<sub>2</sub>") emissions amounted to a total of about 11 tonnes (2023: 11 tonnes) and 3 tonne (2023: 1 tonne) respectively.

#### 6. 環境層面

#### 6.1 排放(A1)

本集團各業務分類或營運的政策 為管理因其活動產生的排放對環 境的影響並遵守其經營所在地區 的適用環境法律、預防及監控法 規。於二零二四年期間,本集團 並未違反相關排放法律及法規。

製造活動產生的排放物包括空氣污染物、溫室氣體(「溫室氣體」)、廢水及固體廢物,而非製造活動則產生有限的温室氣體排放,以及排放量微乎其微的空氣污染物、廢水及固體廢棄物。

在本報告中,溫室氣體分為以下 三個範圍:

- (j) 範圍1 指來自業務擁有或 控制的來源的直接 排放。例子包括鍋 爐燃燒的天然氣、 自有汽車使用的燃 料等。
- (ii) 範圍2 指來自消耗所購電力、蒸汽或其他能量來源的間接排放。
- (iii) 範圍3 指因來自非直接擁有或控制的業務產生的其他活動的間接排放。例子包括商務旅行、第三方分銷及物流等。

附註:溫室氣體排放數據以二氧化碳當量(噸)呈列。





#### 6. ENVIRONMENTAL ASPECTS (Continued)

#### 6.1 Emissions (A1) (Continued)

6.1.2 Manufacturing Activities - As one of the pharmaceutical manufacturers in the PRC, the Management Committee is responsible for implementing policies for the GMP factory in Changchun, and monitoring the factory's performance so as to ensure its strict compliance with the GMP standards and environmental requirements under the relevant laws and regulations such as the Environmental Protection Law (《環境保 護法》), the Water Pollution Prevention and Control Law (《水污染防治法》), the Prevention and Control of Air Pollution Law (《大氣污染防治法》) and the Prevention and Control of Environment Pollution by Solid Wastes (《固體廢物污染環境防治法》), of the PRC. During the 2024 Period, the factory handled its major emissions in the following manner:

#### (a) Waste gas emission management

The major source of waste gas emission comes from natural gas boilers. Air pollutants mainly include sulfur oxide ("SOx"), nitrogen oxide ("NOx"), and particle material ("PM"). The factory has installed a desulfurisation tower to ensure levels of emission are in compliance with the standards. The tower is functioning well and levels of emission are significantly lower than the lower limit of the national emission requirements. In the 2023 Period, SOx, NOx, and PM emissions amounted to about 78 kgs (2023: 71 kgs), 618 kgs (2023: 465 kgs) and 0 kg (2023: 0 kg) respectively. The results were monitored and measured by an independent third party in accordance with the prevailing requirements of the Technical Guidelines of Accounting Method for Pollution Source Intensity Basic Principles (《污染源源強核算技術指南—準 則》) of the PRC.

#### 6. 環境層面(續)

#### 6.1 排放(A1)(續)

#### (a) 廢氣排放管理

廢氣排放主要來自天 然氣鍋爐。空氣污染 物主要包括硫氧化物 (「硫氧化物」)、氮氧 化物(「氮氧化物」)及 顆粒物(「顆粒物」)。 工廠已安裝脱硫塔, 以確保排放水平符 合標準。該塔運行良 好,排放水平遠低於 國家排放要求的下 限。於二零二三年期 間,硫氧化物、氮氧 化物及顆粒物的排放 量分別約為78千克(二 零二三年:71千克)、 618千克(二零二三 年:465千克)及0千 克(二零二三年:0千 克)。結果乃根據中國 《污染源源強核算技術 指南一準則》之現行規 定,經由獨立第三方 作監測及測量。



#### 6. ENVIRONMENTAL ASPECTS (Continued)

#### 6.1 Emissions (A1) (Continued)

6.1.2 (Continued)

### (a) Waste gas emission management (Continued)

CO<sub>2</sub> emissions arising from natural gas boilers and fuels for daily operations of vehicles (Scope 1), purchased electricity (Scope 2) and business travels (Scope 3) amounted to about 942 tonnes (2023: 1,197 tonnes), 1,423 tonnes (2023: 1,820 tonnes) and 10 tonnes (2023: 2 tonnes) respectively.

#### (b) Wastewater management

The factory has built its own waste water treatment facilities with daily capacity of 400 tonnes to treat the wastewater from its production processes before discharge, and about 23,962 tonnes (2023: 43,377 tonnes) of effluents were treated and discharged in the 2024 Period. The decrease in discharge of wastewater was primarily due to testing and commissioning were conducted for a new production line during the 2023 Period while such installation testing and commissioning were not required during the 2024 Period. To monitor and control the discharge, the factory has worked jointly with local environmental monitoring stations, and an on-line monitoring system has been installed to test and collect data on the quality of effluent. In addition, the factory has commissioned a third-party inspection unit to conduct regular surveillance on effluent discharge against the standards in order to ensure timely detection of its abnormality and implementation of corrective measures when in exceedances.

#### 6. 環境層面(續)

#### 6.1 排放(A1)(續)

6.1.2(續)

#### (a) 廢氣排放管理(續)

天然氣鍋爐以及汽車日常使用所用燃料(範圍1)、所購電力(範圍2)及商務旅行(範圍3)產生的二氧化碳排放量分別約為942噸(二零二三年:1,197噸)、1,423噸(二零二三年:1,820噸)及10噸(二零二三年:2噸)。

#### (b) 廢水管理

工廠已建立自身日處 理量為400噸的廢水處 理設施以於排放前處 理其生產過程產生的 廢水,而於二零二四 年期間,約有23,962 噸(二零二三年: 43.377噸)廢水經處理 及排放。廢水排放減 少乃主要由於於二零 二三年期間對一條新 生產線進行測試及調 試,而無須於二零二 四年期間就該類安裝 作測試及調試。為監 察及監控有關排放, 工廠已與當地的環境 監察站合作,並已安 裝在線監測系統,以 測試及收集污水的質 量數據。此外,工廠 委聘了第三方檢測單 位,定期監測污水排 放是否符合標準,以 確保及時探測到異常 情况, 並於污水排放 過量時採取糾正措施。





#### 6. ENVIRONMENTAL ASPECTS (Continued)

#### 6.1 Emissions (A1) (Continued)

6.1.2 (Continued)

#### (c) Solid waste management

The storages and disposals of hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are handled in accordance with the requirements of relevant rules and regulations. During the 2024 Period, about 2,572 kgs (2023: 2,896 kgs) hazardous wastes generated from the production process were disposed of with waste management services provided by contractors as designated by Jilin Province Environmental Protection Office. The decrease was primarily related to the decrease in wastewater discharge. The non-hazardous wastes of about 143 tonnes (2023: 145 tonnes) were disposed of through wastes collection services provided by the local authorities.

In practice, the Group endeavors to adopt measures to reduce carbon emissions, lower energy consumption and pollution, and encourage employees to consider related environmental factors from time to time. In addition to the above-mentioned, the Group has been taking the practices and measures as described below to achieve its objectives. The Group aims to maintain, and strives for reducing, the intensity of total GHG emissions and the hazardous and non-hazardous wastes, in the three financial years from 2023 to 2025, by using the data in 2022 referenced to the amount generated per HK\$'000 of revenue and per employee as the baseline.

#### 6.2 Use of Resources (A2)

It is the Group's policy to encourage all staff to be environmentally friendly at work to reduce the consumption of paper, water and electricity and effective use of the resources. Measures being implemented include double-sided printing and copying, disseminating information in digital format, waste paper recycling, turning off power consuming devices when not in use.

#### 6. 環境層面(續)

#### 6.1 排放(A1)(續)

6.1.2(續)

#### (c) 固體廢棄物管理

有害及無害廢棄物乃 根據相關規則及法規 的規定儲存及處理。 於二零二四年期間, 生產過程產生之約 2,572千克(二零二三 年:2.896千克)有害 廢棄物已由吉林省環 保廳指定的承包商提 供的廢棄物管理服務 進行處理。該減少主 要與廢水排放減少有 關。約143噸(二零二 三年:145噸)無害廢 棄物已通過地方當局 提供的廢棄物收集服 務進行處理。

#### 6.2 資源使用(A2)

本集團的政策為鼓勵全體員工 在工作中保護環境以減少紙張、 水及電力的消耗並高效使用資源。所實行的措施包括雙面打印 及影印、以數碼形式傳播資料、 回收廢紙、於不使用時關閉用電 設備。



#### 6. ENVIRONMENTAL ASPECTS (Continued)

- 6.2 Use of Resources (A2) (Continued)
  - 6.2.1 Non-Manufacturing Activities The major resources used are electricity, and paper (including own offices use and bulk printing of annual and interim reports and circulars distributed to the Company's shareholders through printing firms). In the 2024 Period, the electricity consumption was in aggregate of about 15,000 KWhs (2023: 15,000 KWhs) and paper used was in aggregate of about 1.3 tonnes (2023: 1.1 tonnes), of which about 1.3 tonnes (2023: 1.1 tonnes) were FSC certified paper.

The Group has been making its best efforts to reduce paper usage by distributing office files in digital format, reusing single-sided paper, and collecting double-sided printed paper for recycler's handling. The Group also adopts the practice of green procurement that eco-friendly paper is selected for office use and bulk printing of reports.

6.2.2 Manufacturing Activities — These consume mainly water, electricity, natural gas, fuel for vehicles and packing materials used for finished products. Paper consumption in its daily operations amounted to about 1.4 tonnes (2023: 2 tonnes) relates to paper used during the processes of procurement, invoicing, production, quality assurance, marketing and administration, of which the consumption in various departments is being monitored by the management. Paper consumption was reduced mainly resulted from (i) management's continuing efforts to promote paperless office within internal departments by better utilisation of the electronic network and digitalisation of files as far as practicable in the paper procurement process, and (ii) less consumption in printed materials related to promotion and symposium activities, in the 2024 Period.

The Group has designed the installation of a photovoltaic power system to its GMP factory in Changchun, for operation in next financial year, for the purpose of achieving energy conservation and emission reduction objectives.

#### 6. 環境層面(續)

- 6.2 資源使用(A2)(續)
  - 6.2.1 非製造活動一電力及紙張 (包括辦公室自用及透過過 刷公司大量印刷向本外期 時以及通函)乃主要使期間 養源。於二零二年期間 耗電量合計約15,000千 底時)以及用紙量合計約1.3 噸(二零二三年:1.1噸), 當中約1.3噸(二零二三年:1.1噸)為FSC認證紙。

本集團一直在盡其最大努力來減少紙張使用,方法 為分發數碼格式的辦公 件、重用單面紙及收集 即刷紙供回收站處理。本 團亦採用綠色採購做法,選 擇環保紙於辦公室使用及 批量印刷報告。

6.2.2 製造活動-其主要消耗水、 電力、天然氣、汽車燃料及 製成品所用的包裝物料。其 日常業務的紙張消耗約1.4 噸(二零二三年:2噸)涉及 採購、開具發票、生產、質 量控制、營銷及管理過程中 所使用的紙張,管理層正 監控各部門的紙張消耗情 況。於二零二四年期間,紙 張消耗量減少,乃主要歸功 於前管理層持續致力於內部 部門推廣無紙辦公室,於紙 張採購過程中力盡所能,更 好地善用電子網絡及數碼 化文件,及(ii)與宣傳和研討 會活動有關的印刷材料的 消耗量減少。

> 本 集 團 亦 設 計 於 長 春 的 GMP工廠 安裝 光 伏 發 電 系 統於下個財政年度運作,以 實現節能減排目標。





#### 6. ENVIRONMENTAL ASPECTS (Continued)

6.2 Use of Resources (A2) (Continued)

6.2.2 (Continued)

The major resources consumed in the periods are set out below:

#### 6. 環境層面(續)

6.2 資源使用(A2)(續)

6.2.2(續)

該等期間所消耗的主要資源載列如下:

			2024		2023	
			二零二	四年	二零二三年	
	Type of		Amount	Intensity*	Amount	Intensity*
	resources consumed	所消耗資源類型	數量	密度*	數量	密度*
1.	Water (tonne)	水(噸)	51,679	0.87	54,841	0.76
2.	Electricity (KWh)	電力(千瓦時)	2,496,480	42,24	2.563.640	35.3
۷.	LIECTROITY (KVVII)	电刀(一儿时)	2,490,400	42.24	2,303,040	33.3
3.	Natural gas (m³)	天然氣(立方米)	390,318	6.60	458,277	6.31
		>				
4.	Fuel for vehicles (liter)	汽車燃料(升)	44,625	0.76	31,958	0.44
5.	Packing materials (tonne)	包裝物料(噸)	637	0.01	652	0.01

<sup>\*</sup> Amount generated per HK\$'000 of revenue.

It is the Group's policy to ensure effective and efficient use of resources in the production process with the aim of minimising wastes and reducing consumption of the resources.

Water — Water is a key element of the products and production process. Water supplies are provided by the municipally owned water supply company, which will ensure relatively stable and adequate water supplies. During the 2024 Period, there were no reported difficulties or issues arising from water supplies.

The Group recognises the importance of water conservation, and therefore has closely monitored the operation with the aim of identifying means and ways in saving and reusing water; including setting clear instructions for water used (time, volume and frequency) in the production process, more frequent inspection to reduce leakage in water supplies, and enhance employees' consciousness of water conservation in operation process training.

本集團的政策為在生產過程中確保資源的高效使用,以盡量減少廢棄物及降低資源消耗。

水一水是產品和生產過程的關鍵要素。供水由市政供水公司提供,這將確保相對穩定和充足的供水。於二零二四年期間,沒有關於供水困難或問題的報告。

<sup>\*</sup> 每千港元收入所產生的數量。



#### 6. ENVIRONMENTAL ASPECTS (Continued)

#### 6.2 Use of Resources (A2) (Continued)

#### 6.2.2 (Continued)

Other Resources — Measures being implemented include avoiding procurement of high-energy consumption materials, regular monitoring performance of the production equipment, upgrading and phasing out non eco-friendly machines to raise the utilisation of energy and resources. Packing materials primarily comprise paper, glasses and plastics used for the Group's finished products. As a good practice, the Group endeavors to select eco-friendly materials in the procurement process, and minimise wastes by managing purchase quantities.

#### 6.3 The Environment and Natural Resources (A3)

The Group is dedicated to reducing the adverse effect of its activities that could result in environmental damages, controlling the level of consumption of natural resources and promoting environmental awareness among its employees at workplaces. In production, the Group has regularly inspected and monitored the production process to ensure strict compliance with relevant laws and regulations on emissions. In office, management has persistently reminded colleagues to protect the environment by recycling papers and plastic, turning off unused electricity devices. Management has also kept colleagues abreast of various environmental issues and encouraged colleagues to participate in activities like tree planting.

#### 6.4 Climate Change (A4)

The Group understands that climate change poses increasing risks to global sustainable development, which not only brings extreme weather, and its consequences have a far-reaching impact on various economic and social activities. As a member of an environmentally aware business community, the Group is committed to reducing GHG emissions, and aligning its businesses with sustainable growth development.

The material climate change risks which the Group is exposed to are tied to its Manufacturing Activities in the PRC. The Group has identified the climate-related risks and the measures to cope with them. The risks of changing climate that might affect its operations mainly fall into two types; namely transition risks and physical risks, as referenced to the report framework developed by the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures.

#### 6. 環境層面(續)

#### 6.2 資源使用(A2)(續)

#### 6.2.2(續)

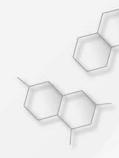
#### 6.3 環境及自然資源(A3)

#### 6.4 氣候變化(A4)

本集團深明,氣候變化為全球可 持續發展帶來的風險與日俱增 ,不僅引發極端天氣,其造成的產 果亦對各類經濟及社會活動產生 深遠影響。作為具備環保意識少 商界一員,本集團致力於與可持續 室氣體排放,使其業務 增長發展保持一致。

本集團所面臨的重大氣候變化風 險與中國製造活動息息相關。 集團已識別氣候相關風險以及 有關風險的措施。根據氣候相 關財務披露工作組制定的氣候相 架,可能影響其運營的氣候是他 風險主要分為兩類,即轉型風險 及實體風險。





#### 6. ENVIRONMENTAL ASPECTS (Continued)

#### 6.4 Climate Change (A4) (Continued)

Transition Risks — The transition risks are brought by the nation's target to peak its carbon dioxide emissions before 2030 and achieve carbon neutrality before 2060. It is expected that the Chinese authorities will implement more stringent policies and regulations to control GHG emissions, which will result in rising compliance-related capital investment and operating costs. In addition, the operations may also be exposed to higher risks of climate change claims and litigations as well as reputational risks. To mitigate the impact, the Group will actively manage the compliance with the current policies and regulations, and at the same time, closely monitor and prepare for the emerging trends and development of relevant policies and regulations to the industry so as to avoid cost increments, non-compliance fines or reputational damages due to poor or delayed response.

Physical Risks — The physical risks relate to extreme weather events like floods or droughts, storms, extreme heat or extreme low temperature. The increased frequency, duration and severity of such events might cause disruptions to the supply chain and production, and endanger human life and health.

As a result, management has formulated the "Emergency Plan for Environmental Emergencies" (the "Plan") in accordance with the relevant national, provincial and municipal laws and administrative regulations, which set out the emergency response procedures to protect staff safety, and to avoid or reduce losses. The Plan will be reviewed and updated annually to ensure its effectiveness. In addition, annual training and drills will be carried out to enhance employees' awareness and their response capabilities in times of emergencies.

Due to the size and nature of operations, the Non-Manufacturing Activities are the least vulnerable to the impacts of climate change. Nevertheless, the Group has remained committed to minimising the environmental footprints of the operations with a particular focus on reducing energy consumption, carbon emissions, paper use, and waste.

Looking forward, the Group shall continue to monitor and assess the evolving risks that climate change may bring to the Group's business, reforming the business practices to minimise the impact of the Group's operations on the environment, and adopting policies that can help mitigate climate change.

#### 6. 環境層面(續)

#### 6.4 氣候變化(A4)(續)

轉型風險一國家目標在二零三零 年之前達到二氧化碳排放的峰 值,並在二零六零年之前實現碳 中和,由此帶來轉型風險。預期 中國當局將實施更嚴格的政策及 法規以控制溫室氣體排放,此舉 將導致與合規有關的資本投資及 營運成本上升。此外,旗下營運 亦可能面臨更高的氣候變化索賠 及訴訟風險以及聲譽風險。為減 輕影響,本集團將積極設法遵守 現行政策及法規,同時密切監測 及準備應對行業相關政策及法規 的新趨勢及發展,避免因應對不 力或延誤而導致成本增加、違規 罰款或聲譽受損。

實體風險一實體風險與極端天氣事件有關,如洪水或乾旱、風 暴、酷熱或極端低溫。有關事件 的發生頻率、持續時間及嚴重程 度上升可能會導致供應鍊及生產 中斷,並危及人類性命及健康。

由於營運規模及性質,非製造業活動最不容易受到氣候變化的影響。儘管如此,本集團仍然致力於盡可能減少營運造成的環境足跡,尤其關注減少能源消耗、碳排放、紙張使用及廢棄物。

展望未來,本集團將繼續監察及 評估氣候變化可能為本集團業務 所帶來不斷演變的風險、改革經 營慣例以盡量減少本集團營運對 環境的影響,以及採取有助於緩 解氣候變化的政策。



#### 7. SOCIAL ASPECTS

**Employment and Labour Practices** 

#### 7.1 Employment (B1)

As at 31 March 2024, the Group employed 159 full-time employees, and the Group's manufacturing segment accounts for more than 94% of the Group's total workforce. The statistics of the Group's total workforce and the employee turnover rate of the manufacturing segment are set out below:

Total workforce by gender and age group (of the Group)

#### 7. 社會層面

僱傭及勞工常規

#### 7.1 僱傭(B1)

於二零二四年三月三十一日,本 集團聘有159名全職僱員,而製 造分類的僱員佔本集團員工總數 超過94%。本集團員工總數及製 造分類的僱員流失率統計載列 如下:

按性別及年齡組別劃分之員工總數(本集團)

#### **Age Group**

年齡組別

Gender	性別	Below 30 30歲以下	Between 30–50 30至50歲	Over 50 50歲以上	Total 總計
Male Female	男女	3	31 75	25 22	59 100
Total	總計	6	106	47	159

Employee turnover rate (%) by gender and age group (manufacturing segment only\*)

按性別及年齡組別劃分之僱員流 失率(%)(僅製造分類\*)

#### Age Group

年齡組別

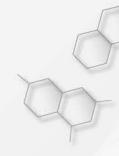
Gender	性別	Below 30 30歲以下	Between 30–50 30至50歲	Over 50 50歲以上	Total 總計
Male	男	0%	19%	45%	28%
Female	女	33%	12%	72%	24%
Total	總計	17%	14%	58%	25%

Note: The employee turnover rate is calculated by (the number of departures in the year ÷ number of employees at the end of the year in the category) × 100%.

Information relating to the manufacturing segment is disclosed, as the employee turnover rate of the trading and gene development segments and Hong Kong headquarters is insignificant. 附註:僱員流失率以(年內辭職員工 數量÷該類別內年末員工數量) ×100%計算得出。

\* 由於貿易及基因開發分部以及香港總部的員工流失率乃微不足道,因此披露與製造分類有關的資料。





#### 7. SOCIAL ASPECTS (Continued)

Employment and Labour Practices (Continued)

#### 7.1 Employment (B1) (Continued)

The Group appreciates its employees as valuable assets to the Group's success and sustainable development. It is the Group's policy to attract and retain high caliber people for its business operations. The Group is committed to promoting equal opportunities and diversity in recruitment. The Group recruits people on the basis of job requirements without discrimination on grounds of age, gender, ethnic, politics or religion, trains and grows their capabilities, rewards and makes promotion based on their contributions. The Group remunerates its employees based on industry practices. The Group arranges working hours, rest periods, benefits and welfare including medical and retirement protection in accordance with prevailing labour laws of its operating units in which they operate. The Group has relevant recruitment procedures in place to prevent child and forced labour. The Group is committed to ensuring that all applicable legal requirements are observed in dealing with dismissal of any employee who violates the Group's regulations or persistently performs below job requirements.

During the 2024 Period, the Group was not aware of any non-compliance with the labour laws and regulations in the PRC and Hong Kong, including, the Labour Law of the PRC, Labour Contract Law of the PRC, and Employment Ordinance of Hong Kong.

#### 7.2 Health and Safety (B2)

The Group is committed to providing and maintaining a safe and healthy working environment for all its employees.

For the Group's office operations, management strives to maintain smoke-free, healthy and safe working environment. All employees are encouraged to participate regularly emergency drills held by the office building management.

#### 7. 社會層面(續)

僱傭及勞工常規(續)

#### 7.1 僱傭(B1)(續)

本集團將僱員視為本集團成功及 可持續發展的寶貴資產。為本集 團之業務經營吸引及挽留優秀人 才亦是本集團之政策。本集團致 力推動招聘機會平等及多元化。 本集團以崗位要求為基準招募僱 員,不因年齡、性別、種族、政 治或宗教等理由而歧視僱員;本 集團培訓及培養各僱員的辦事能 力,並根據彼等之貢獻作出獎勵 及安排晉升。本集團員工之薪酬 乃根據行業慣例而定。本集團按 照其經營單位的經營所在地的現 行勞工法律安排工作時間、休息 時間、利益及福利(包括醫療及 退休保障)。本集團已設有相應 招聘程序以防止聘用童工及強制 勞工。本集團致力於確保在解僱 任何違反本集團規定或持續表現 低於工作要求的員工時遵守所有 適用的法律規定。

於二零二四年期間,本集團並無違反任何中國及香港的勞工法律及法規(包括中國《勞動法》、中國《勞動合同法》,及香港《僱傭條例》)。

#### 7.2 健康與安全(B2)

本集團致力為其全體僱員提供及 維持安全及健康的工作環境。

就本集團的辦公室營運而言,管理層致力營造無煙、健康及安全的工作環境。本集團鼓勵全體僱員定期參加辦公樓管理處舉行的應急演習。



#### 7. SOCIAL ASPECTS (Continued)

Employment and Labour Practices (Continued)

#### 7.2 Health and Safety (B2) (Continued)

For the Group's GMP factory in the PRC, management has persistently upheld the principle of safe production and observed the requirements of the "Law of the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases" (《職業病防治法》) and "Fire Protection Law" (《消防法》), of the PRC. There is no allowance of any personal consideration but strict compliance of the requirements under the GMP standards and the relevant laws and regulations. Management has regularly conducted safety examinations for production equipment, conducted drills and provided training to employees in order to increase their awareness and involvement in accident prevention.

During the 2024 Period, the Group has not breached any laws and regulations in relation to occupational health and safety and there were no work-related fatalities in the Group's operations and no work injury cases (2023: 2 cases) in the manufacturing segment resulting in nil lost days (2023: 102 days). Measures have been taken to strengthen the production safety with the aim of minimising risk of injury through safety publicity and education in order to enhance consciousness of all employees. The Group has also deployed internal resources to optimise the workplaces to maintain a safe and healthy working environment for the employees.

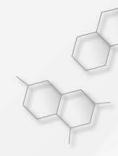
#### 7. 社會層面(續)

僱傭及勞工常規(續)

#### 7.2 健康與安全(B2)(續)

就本集團於中國的GMP工廠而言,管理層一貫堅持安全生產之 原則及遵守中國《職業病防治》 及中國《消防法》的規定,相關 以大嚴格遵守GMP標準和相人 對上不得有任何個人進不 管理層定期對生產設備 對上工進行演範 全檢查,以提高員工的事故防範 和參與程度。





#### 7. SOCIAL ASPECTS (Continued)

Employment and Labour Practices (Continued)

#### 7.2 Health and Safety (B2) (Continued)

Preventive Measures on Covid-19 during the 2023 Period and 2024 Period

As a stakeholder of the society, the Group follows the government measures, both mandatory and voluntary, for fighting against the epidemic.

The PRC - In March 2022, the highly transmissible Omicron variant of Covid-19 had caused a surge of infections in some regions of China including Jilin, which had resulted in the government-mandated factory lockdown, and following the lockdown measures eased in phase by the Chinese authorities, the factory resumed normal production by late May 2022. To cope with the Covid-19 resurgence, management has continued to implement all necessary precautionary and preventive measures to safeguard the health and safety of the staff in the workplace under the guidelines and announcements of the Chinese authorities. Temperature screening before entering workplaces and provision of adequate disinfection supplies like face masks and hand sanitisers to employees have been maintained and followed through in all workplaces. A designated team of personnel monitors regular cleaning and disinfection of areas in the respective workplaces, while tele-conferencing is used in place of physical meetings and split team arrangements are enhanced, where possible. In addition, employees are educated the need to keep social distancing and hygiene practices and to comply with quarantine orders by the government agencies, where applicable. All these measures have facilitated infection control and are reviewed and adjusted taking into account the public health measures imposed by the Chinese authorities.

#### 7. 社會層面(續)

僱傭及勞工常規(續)

#### 7.2 健康與安全(B2)(續)

於二零二三年期間及二零二四年期間預防新冠肺炎的措施

作為社會的利益相關者,本集團 遵循政府為防治疫情而採取的 (不論屬強制或自願性質)措施。

中國一於二零二二年三月,高傳 播力的新冠病毒變種奧米克戎 (Omicron)已導致中國部分地區 (包括吉林)感染案例激增,致使 政府須強制封鎖工廠,而於中國 當局分階段放寬封鎖措施後,工 廠於二零二二年五月下旬恢復正 常生產。為應對新冠肺炎疫情反 彈,管理層已根據中國當局的指 引及公告繼續實施所有必要的 預防及防範措施,以保障工作場 所員工的健康及安全。員工在進 入工作場所前須進行體溫檢測, 並獲提供充足消毒用品(如口罩 和洗手液),該等措施已貫徹於 所有工作場所。由指定人員組成 的專責小組負責監督各工作場所 區域是否已定期清潔和消毒,同 時以電話會議代替實際會面,並 在可能的情況下鞏固分組安排。 此外,本公司亦教導員工維持社 交距離及良好衛生習慣,並在適 用情況下遵守政府機構的檢疫命 令。所有有關措施均有助於控制 感染,並會根據中國政府實施的 公共衛生措施進行審查和調整。



#### 7. SOCIAL ASPECTS (Continued)

**Employment and Labour Practices (Continued)** 

#### 7.2 Health and Safety (B2) (Continued)

Preventive Measures on Covid-19 during the 2023 Period and 2024 Period (Continued)

As the Chinese authorities announced the downgrading of management of Covid-19 from Class A to Class B from January 2023, the Group followed through the updated guidance by the Chinese authorities. In addition, infection control measures and hygiene practices for preventing infection are maintained to safeguard the health of its staff in the workplace. During the 2024 Period, the Covid-19 has limited impact on the operations.

Hong Kong — As to the operations of the Group's headquarters, trading and gene segments, precautionary measures within office premises are also in place and adjusted in line with the guidance by the local government authorities, to minimise the risk of contracting and spreading Covid-19; including keeping social distancing and hygiene practices, wearing mask, carrying out regular cleaning and disinfection for door grips and working areas, granting flexible work-from-home arrangements for employees, as circumstances may require. In May 2023, the World Health Organization declared an end to Covid-19 as a public health emergency of international concern. During the 2024 Period, the Covid-19 situation had subsided substantially, however, control measures and hygiene practices for preventing infection are maintained in the workplace. During the 2023 Period and 2024 Period, the Covid-19 has limited impact on the operations.

#### 7. 社會層面(續)

僱傭及勞工常規(續)

#### 7.2 健康與安全(B2)(續)

於二零二三年期間及二零二四年期間預防新冠肺炎的措施(續)

由於中國當局宣佈自二零二三年 一月起將新冠肺炎的管理級別從 A級降為B級,因此本集團遵循 中國當局的最新指引。此外 防感染的感染控制措施及衛生規 節處染的感染控制措施及衛員, 範維持,以保障工作場所內員 的健康。於二零二四年期間,新 冠肺炎對營運的影響有限。

香港一對於本集團總部、貿易及 基因分類的營運,本集團亦已於 辦公場所施行預防措施,有關措 施會視乎當地政府的指引而進行 調整,以盡量減少感染及傳播新 冠肺炎的風險,措施包括保持社 交距離及良好衛生習慣、佩戴口 罩、對門把及工作場地定期進行 清潔及消毒、視情況可為僱員提 供彈性在家工作安排。於二零二 三年五月,世界衛生組織宣佈新 冠肺炎不再為國際關注的突發性 公共衛生事件。於二零二四年期 間,新冠肺炎的發展形勢已大幅 減弱,但仍於工作場所內維持控 制措施及衛生規範以預防感染。 於二零二三年期間及二零二四 年期間,新冠肺炎對營運的影響 有限。





#### 7. SOCIAL ASPECTS (Continued)

Employment and Labour Practices (Continued)

#### 7.3 Development and Training (B3)

The Group organises and provides on-the-job training to develop its employees' potential in order to support the Group's sustainable development. The Group also provides training subsidies to support its employees at senior level to receive external professional training to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. Employees are encouraged to equip themselves with relevant academic and professional qualifications by attending external training programs to facilitate their personal growth and development. Relevant induction trainings are provided to new employees.

As to the Group's manufacturing segment in the PRC, regular training programs have been provided in the areas of production process operations, quality and safety management, applicable legal and regulatory requirements, important environmental factors and risk controls to relevant personnel including production technicians, safety management personnel and operating personnel.

As part of the training program of the Group's manufacturing segment in the PRC, the Group annually organised team building (outing) activities in group for its employees which usually took a few days, with the aim of enhancing employee engagement and team bonding, fostering their communication and problem solving skills at work and increasing their understanding of the Group's culture and value. Due to the prolonged pandemic control measures in the PRC over the past few years and for the safety and health of its employees, the team building activities could not be carried out. Given the recent uplifting of the control measures and movement restrictions in the PRC, the Group has organised the team building activities during the 2024 Period to develop and achieve its training objectives.

#### 7. 社會層面(續)

僱傭及勞工常規(續)

#### 7.3 發展與培訓(B3)

至於本集團於中國的製造分類, 在生產流程操作、質量及安全管 理、適用法律及法規要求、重要 環境因素及風險控制等方面與 產技術人員、安全管理人員與培訓 作人員等相關人員提供定期培訓 課程。



#### 7. SOCIAL ASPECTS (Continued)

Employment and Labour Practices (Continued)

#### 7.3 Development and Training (B3) (Continued)

Summary of the training performance during the 2023 Period is as follows:

#### 7. 社會層面(續)

僱傭及勞工常規(續)

#### 7.3 發展與培訓(B3)(續)

二零二三年期間培訓表現概要載 列如下:

Percentage of employees trained	受訓員工佔比	<b>2024</b> 二零二四年
Pygondor	拉州则劃入	
By gender	按性別劃分	
Male	男性	83%
Female	女性	85%
By category	按類別劃分	
Key executive/Senior management	主要行政人員/高級管理層	83%
Middle management	中級管理層	71%
General staff	一般員工	86%

Note: Percentage of employees trained = (number of employees trained by gender or by category ÷ number of employees at the end of the year by gender or by category) x 100%

(Total number of employees trained  $\div$  total number of employees at the end of the year) x 100% = 84%

附註:受訓員工佔比=(該性別或該類別 內受訓員工數量÷該性別或該類 別內年末員工數量)x100%

(受訓員工總數÷年末員工總數) x100%=84%

2024

Average number of training hours per employee	每名僱員平均受訓時間	二零二四年
By gender	按性別劃分	
Male	男性	7
Female	女性	6
By category	按類別劃分	
Key executive/Senior management	主要行政人員/高級管理層	14
Middle management	中級管理層	9
General staff	一般員工	6

Note: Average number of training hours per employee = number of training hours by gender or by category ÷ number of employees at the end of the year by gender or by category.

Total number of training hours ÷ total number of employees at the end of the year = 6.2 hours (2023: 7.2 hours)

附註:每名員工平均受訓時間=該性別 或該類別內受訓時間÷該性別或 該類別內年末員工數量。

受訓時間總數÷年末員工總數=6.2小時(二零二三年:7.2小時)





#### 7. SOCIAL ASPECTS (Continued)

Employment and Labour Practices (Continued)

#### 7.4 Labour Standards (B4)

All employees of the Group are employed in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations on employment including, inter alias, working hours, rest periods and staff benefits. The Group prohibits the use of child and forced labour at all its operation units and has relevant recruitment procedures in place to prevent child and forced labour. During the recruitment process, the Group requires all applicants to provide true and accurate personal information including their proofs of identity for checking purpose, particularly for verifying the photo on the documents and reviewing the age. Regular reviews and checking are conducted to guard against child or forced labour in the Group's operations. The Group will take immediate action to terminate the employment of anyone who provides false information or in breach of the Group's regulations, and conduct an investigation.

During the 2024 Period, the Group has complied with laws and regulations in relation to the prevention of child and forced labour, including Labour Law of the PRC, Provisions on the Prohibition of Using Child Labour of the PRC, and Employment Ordinance of Hong Kong, and found no violations of laws and regulations regarding child and forced labour.

#### **Operating Practices**

#### 7.5 Supply Chain Management (B5)

The Group has been working continuously with its suppliers for supply of goods ranging from raw materials, packaging materials and finished goods, with the objectives of improving the quality of raw materials, and delivering high quality products to its customers, for the Group's manufacturing and trading activities.

#### 7. 社會層面(續)

僱傭及勞工常規(續)

#### 7.4 勞工準則(B4)

本集團全體僱員均按相關僱傭 法律法規聘用,涵蓋(其中包括) 工作時間、休息時間及員工福利 等多個方面。本集團在其所有業 務單位禁止使用童工及強制勞 工,並已設有相應招聘程序以防 止聘用童工及強制勞工。在招聘 過程中,本集團要求所有求職者 提供真實及準確的個人信息(包 括彼等之身份證明)以供核查, 尤其是檢查文件上的照片及核 實年齡。本集團進行定期審視及 檢查,確保在本集團營運中並無 發生聘用童工及強制勞工情況。 倘發現有僱員提供虛假信息或 違反本集團規例,本集團將即時 採取措施終止僱傭關係,並展開 調查。

於二零二四年期間,本集團已遵守有關防止聘用童工及強制勞工的相關法律及法規(包括中國《勞動法》、中國《禁止使用童工規定》,及香港《僱傭條例》),當中並無發現任何有關童工及強制勞工法律及法規的違規行為。

#### 營運慣例

#### 7.5 供應鏈管理(B5)

本集團一直與供應商保持合作, 為本集團的生產及貿易活動提供 原材料、包裝材料及製成品,旨 在提高原材料的質量,繼而為客 戶提供優質產品。



#### 7. SOCIAL ASPECTS (Continued)

Operating Practices (Continued)

#### 7.5 Supply Chain Management (B5) (Continued)

Manufacturing Activities - The Group's manufacturing segment with GMP factory located in Changchun, the PRC, has established a quality management system to regulate the production and quality management of drugs and has implemented procedures in material procurement, evaluation and management of suppliers' quality. All procurement is conducted with PRC suppliers, and the Group has clearly notified its suppliers to comply with relevant quality standards and provide necessary permits if so required by the relevant laws and regulations for the goods supplied. Specific procedures have been implemented in quality control and inventory management in order to ensure the Group's products are consistently manufactured in accordance with the registration requirements, and to minimise the risks of contamination, detect, monitor and rectify errors in production process. The Group's procurement procedures follow through relevant laws and regulations. Through the internal filing of suppliers' quality, quality standard, on-site audit, quality assessment, inspections and trials and handling of quality problems, the identification and management of major raw materials and the environmental or social risks caused by suppliers have been facilitated. The Group makes procurement on an open, fair and impartial basis without any discrimination against any particular supplier, and only select those suppliers with good business track records without material non-compliance cases or unethical behaviours.

The Group is committed to supporting local economies by prioritising procurement from local suppliers to reduce the carbon footprint from transportation. The Group continuously monitors the policies implemented by the PRC government and will consider adopting the recommendations of official organisations, to purchase environmentally friendly products or services that have less impact on the environment.

#### 7. 社會層面(續)

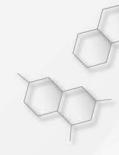
營運慣例(續)

#### 7.5 供應鏈管理(B5)(續)

製造活動一本集團的製造分類在 中國長春設有GMP工廠,當中已 建立質量管理體系,以規範藥品 的生產及質量管理,並已實施物 料採購、供應商質量評估及管理 的程序。全部採購與中國供應商 進行,本集團已明確通知供應商 遵守相關質量標準,並按相關法 律法規規定提供所供貨物的必要 許可證。本集團亦實施特定的質 量控制和庫存管理程序,以確保 本集團的產品始終按照註冊規 定生產,同時將污染風險降至最 低,並檢測、監控和糾正生產過 程中的錯誤。本集團的採購程序 符合相關法律法規。藉實施供應 商質量內部備案、質量標準、到 貨審核、質量評估、檢驗試驗、 質量問題處理等措施,本集團得 以物色及管理各主要原材料,降 低了供應商帶來的環境或社會 風險。本集團採購堅守公開、公 平、公正原則,並不差別對待任 何供應商,並僅挑選經營記錄良 好、無重大違規或不道德行為的 供應商。

本集團致力支持當地經濟,優先 從當地供應商採購,減少運輸過 程中的碳足跡。本集團持續關注 中國政府實施的政策,並將考慮 採納官方組織的建議,採購對環 境影響較小的環保產品或服務。





#### 7. SOCIAL ASPECTS (Continued)

Operating Practices (Continued)

#### 7.5 Supply Chain Management (B5) (Continued)

Trading Activities — For imported pharmaceutical products, the Group adheres to the principle to minimise the negative impact of the entire supply chain on the environment and society by selecting and engaging suppliers who manufacture their products under conditions and practices required by the GMP regulations and operate in compliance with their local environmental and labour laws. During the 2024 Period, there were no imports of pharmaceutical products from overseas.

During the 2024 Period, the Group, as a whole, co-operated with about 23 suppliers (2023: 23), of which 100% were from the PRC. During the 2023 Period, 95% were from the PRC and the other 5% was from Spain.

#### 7.6 Product Responsibility (B6)

The Group places great emphasis on maintaining and improving the quality of its products. The Group has implemented a comprehensive quality control and inspection procedures to ensure product quality and safety from procurement of raw materials, packaging materials and finished products. All products manufactured and sold by the Group to its customers in the PRC have met the GMP production standards and complied with the registration requirements with the National Medical Products Administration of the PRC. During the 2024 Period, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with laws and regulations in relation to health and safety, advertising, labeling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress that had a significant impact on the Group, including but not limited to the Drug Administration Law, Advertising Law of the PRC, Law of the PRC on Protection of Consumer Rights and Interests, and Patent Law of the PRC.

#### 7. 社會層面(續)

營運慣例(續)

#### 7.5 供應鏈管理(B5)(續)

於二零二四年期間,本集團整體 與約23個(二零二三年:23個)供 應商合作,其中100%來自中國。 於二零二三年期間,95%來自中 國,其他5%則來自西班牙。

#### 7.6 產品責任(B6)

本集團高度重視維持及提高其產 品品質。本集團已落實全面的質 控及檢驗程序,確保產品從採購 原料、包裝材料到製成品各個方 面的質量及安全。本集團為中國 客戶製造及向其出售的所有產品 均已符合GMP生產標準及符合 中國國家藥品監督管理局註冊規 定。於二零二四年期間,本集團 並無發現任何重大違反與所提供 產品及服務有關的健康及安全、 廣告、標籤及私隱事宜以及補救 方法有關的法律及法規而對本集 團造成重大影響的情況,包括但 不限於《中國藥品管理法》、《中 國廣告法》、《中國消費者權益保 護法》及《中國專利法》。



#### 7. SOCIAL ASPECTS (Continued)

Operating Practices (Continued)

#### 7.6 Product Responsibility (B6) (Continued)

Product and Service Quality — All products sold by the Group have clear instructions and specifications as to its composition, quality and safety use for end-user protection purpose, which are in compliance with the laws and regulations. A team of personnel was designated to handle enquiries and follow up customer feedbacks on quality from distribution to clinical usage, and to provide assistance on recall of pharmaceutical products. During the 2024 Period, the Group did not have recalled products due to safety and health reasons.

Customer Satisfaction for Product and Service — The Group highly values the quality of customer services to satisfy customers' needs and expectations to the best of ability. The Group has developed corresponding management system and standardized operation procedures to respond to complaints on the market and customer enquiries on quality information in a timely manner. During the 2024 Period, the Group did not record any material complaint related to products and services.

Protection of Intellectual Rights — The Group has set up mechanism to protect the intellectual properties that have been acquired for research, development and production, including patent rights, technology, trade secrets and materials in the research and development processes. The confidentiality-related mechanism requires employees to maintain a high degree of confidentiality and to use and carefully handle trade secret data.

Customer Privacy Protection — The Group implemented measures on protection of customers' data and privacy and carried out supervision. Guidelines were provided to the employees regarding the collection, management and destruction of the customer data. The Group restricts employee access to sensitive data and deploys data security measures to protect the customer's information.

During the 2024 Period, the Group has not breached the laws and regulations regarding product responsibility.

#### 7. 社會層面(續)

營運慣例(續)

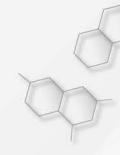
#### 7.6 產品責任(B6)(續)

保護知識產權一本集團已建立知 識產權保護機制,以保護為研發 及生產而獲取的知識產權,包括 研發過程中的專利權、技術、包 業機密及材料。保密相關機制制 求僱員保持高度保密性,謹慎使 用及處理商業機密資料。

保護客戶私隱一本集團實施客戶 資料及私隱保護措施並進行監督。本集團向員工提供有關收 集、管理及銷毀客戶資料的指 引。本集團限制員工存取敏感資料,並採取數據安全措施保護客 戶資料。

於二零二四年期間,本集團並無違反有關產品責任的法律法規。





#### 7. SOCIAL ASPECTS (Continued)

Operating Practices (Continued)

#### 7.7 Anti-corruption (B7)

The Company recognises the importance of good business ethics, which along with good corporate governance, are essential foundation to success. The Group values an ethical approach to business activities to create a safe, trusting and cooperative work environment and thereby building up a healthy corporate culture.

The Company has established ethics code to promote integrity and accountability, which requires all group companies and employees, to strictly comply with the local laws and regulations. The code contains, inter alia, provisions for bribery extortion, fraud, or any other malpractices and whistleblowing procedures. The Group adopts a zero tolerance approach towards any form of bribery, corruption and fraud. The Company has also developed policies and systems that promote and support the applicable laws and regulations on anticorruption, including the Company Law, Criminal Law, Anti-Unfair Competition Law, and any relevant anticorruption and bribery laws and regulations, of the PRC, and the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance of Hong Kong. In particular, all unfair competition behaviours such as commercial bribery were prohibited in the sales and procurement processes.

The anti-corruption policy formulated by the Company specifies the obligations of the Group and those working for and on the Group's behalf in observing and upholding the Group's standing; and provides information and guidance on how to identify and address the bribery and corruption issue, while the whistleblowing policy provides reporting channels and guidance on reporting suspected misconducts, and reassurance to persons who report his/ her concerns in accordance with the aforesaid policies of protection against unfair disciplinary action or victimisation for any genuine reports made; and allow fair and independent investigation of any impropriety, misconduct or malpractice in any matters related to the Group and appropriate follow-up actions. The Board and the Audit Committee will review and monitor the implementation and effectiveness of the whistleblowing system on a regular basis.

#### 7. 社會層面(續)

營運慣例(續)

#### 7.7 反貪污(B7)

本公司深明良好商業道德的重要 性,其與良好的企業管治一起構 成達致成功的重要基礎。本集團 重視於業務活動中採取合乎 德的方針,以締造安全、信任及 合作的工作環境,建立健康企業 文化。

本公司已制定道德規範守則,倡 導誠信及加強問責,要求所有集 團公司及全體僱員嚴格遵守當 地法律及法規。守則載有(其中 包括)有關賄賂、勒索、欺詐或 任何其他舞弊行為及檢舉程序等 多方面條文。本集團對任何形式 的賄賂、貪污及欺詐採取零容忍 態度。本公司已制定相應政策及 系統,可推動及支持適用反貪污 的法律及條例,包括中國《公司 法》、《刑事法》、《反不正當競爭 法》及任何反貪污及賄賂的相關 法律及條例,以及香港《防止賄 **路條例》。尤其禁止銷售及採購** 過程中所有不正當競爭行為(如 商業賄賂)。

本公司制定的反貪污政策訂明本 集團及其他為及代表本集團工作 的人士須遵守及維護本集團名譽 的責任,該政策亦提供有關如何 識別及處理賄賂及貪污問題的資 料及指引,而檢舉政策則提供有 關匯報可疑不當行為的匯報渠道 及指引,並根據上文所述針對不 正當紀律行為或因作出任何真實 匯報而受害的保護政策,向提出 其擔憂的人員保證其安全;以及 允許公正及獨立調查有關本集團 的任何不當、錯誤或舞弊行為以 及相應後續行動。董事會及審核 委員會將定期檢討及監察檢舉系 統的落實情況及有效性。

# ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED) 環境、补會及管治報告(續)



#### 7. SOCIAL ASPECTS (Continued)

Operating Practices (Continued)

#### 7.7 Anti-corruption (B7) (Continued)

The Group provides regular training to employees to update them with the current trends and bribery issues faced by the Group, which covers legal knowledge about anti-corruption and integrity behaviours in the workplaces, and ensure that they apply the ethics code and observe the Group's policies in their work. The Group also encourages prompt internal reporting of any suspected misconduct, irregularities and malpractices. Training on the Group's policies forms part of the induction process for new employees. Directors of the Company studied relevant regulatory updates and/or attended external training seminar organised by professional bodies to refresh their knowledge in relation to anti-corruption laws and regulations.

During the 2024 Period, the Group did not identify any non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering and there were no reported cases of corrupt practices brought against the Group or its employees.

### 8. COMMUNITY — COMMUNITY INVESTMENT (B8)

As a socially responsible corporation, the Company is committed to leverage its resources to facilitate the community development and strongly encourages all staff members to participate in volunteering and charitable activities, such as "Dress Casual Day" and "Blood Donation".

During the 2024 Period, staff members supported the recycling programmes by the environmental group, Greeners Action, including the Lai See Packet Reuse and Recycling Programme and the Mooncake Boxes Collection Campaign, for which unused and undamaged lai see packets and the used mooncake boxes, were collected and deposited at the designated collection stations, respectively. Further, staff members donated surplus edible mooncakes in the Mooncake Sharing Programme by the local food rescue charity, Food Angel, for the underprivileged and those in need, and also donated books in the Books for Love @10 campaign for charity sale.

#### 7. 社會層面(續)

營運慣例(續)

#### 7.7 反貪污(B7)(續)

於二零二四年期間,本集團並無發現違反任何有關賄賂、勒索、 欺詐及洗錢的相關法律及法規, 且並無針對本集團或其僱員的腐 敗行為的舉報案件。

#### 8. 社區-社區投資(B8)

作為一個具社會責任感的企業,本公司致力利用其資源促進社區發展並積極鼓勵全體員工參與「公益金便服日」及「愛心捐血」等志願及慈善活動。

# ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED) 環境、社會及管治報告(續)





### 9. ENVIRONMENTAL KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS ("KPIs") TABLE

The following table summarises the Group's significant KPIs information as set out in this report:

#### 9. 環境關鍵績效指標(「關鍵績 效指標」)表

下表概述本報告內所載本集團主要關 鍵績效指標資料:

		<b>2024</b> 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
Environment	環境		
Air pollutants (Kg)	空氣污染物(千克)		
SOx	硫氧化物	78	71
NOx	氮氧化物	618	465
PM	顆粒物	_	-
Greenhouse gas (Tonne CO <sub>2</sub> )	溫室氣體(噸二氧化碳)		
Total emission:	總排放量:	2,389	3,031
Direct emission (Scope 1)	直接排放(範圍1)	942	1,197
Indirect emission (Scope 2)	間接排放(範圍2)	1,434	1,831
Indirect emission (Scope 3)	間接排放(範圍3)	13	3
Intensity per employee	每名僱員強度	15	17
Wastes (Tonne)	廢棄物(噸)		
Total hazardous waste produced	所產生有害廢棄物總量	23,965	43,379
Intensity (Hazardous waste) per employee	每名僱員強度(有害廢棄物)	151	240
Total non-hazardous waste produced	所產生無害廢棄物總量	143	145
Intensity (Non-hazardous waste) per employee	每名僱員強度(無害廢棄物)	1	1
Energy consumption	能源消耗		
Total energy consumption:	能源消耗總量:		
Fuel consumed for vehicles (Liter)	汽車燃料消耗(升)	44,625	31,958
Intensity (Fuel) per employee	每名僱員強度(燃料)	281	177
Electricity (MWh)	電力(兆瓦時)	2,511	2,582
Intensity (Electricity) per employee	每名僱員強度(電力)	16	14
Natural gas (thousand m³)	天然氣(千立方米)	390	458
Intensity (Natural gas) per employee	每名僱員強度(天然氣)	2	3

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL** AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED) 環境、社會及管治報告(續)



#### 9. ENVIRONMENTAL KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS ("KPIs") TABLE (Continued)

# 9. 環境關鍵績效指標(「關鍵績效指標」)表(續)

		<b>2024</b> 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
Social	社會 工作員工(人員)總數一本集團	159	181
Total workforce (persons) — Group By gender:	工作員工(人員)總數一本集團 按性別劃分:	159	101
Male	男	59	65
Female	女	100	116
By age group:	按年齡組別劃分:		
<30 30–50	30歲以下 30至50歲	6 106	13 121
>50	50歲以上	47	47
By employment type:	按僱傭類型劃分:		
Permanent	全職	159	180
Part-time Part-time	兼職	_	1
Employee turnover rate (%) — Manufacturing	僱員流失率(%) - 製造		
By gender: Male	<b>按性別劃分</b> : 男	28%	27%
Female	女	24%	9%
By age group:	按年齡組別劃分:		
<30	30歲以下	17%	8%
30–50	30至50歲	14%	18%
>50	50歲以上	58%	11%
Employees trained (%)	受培訓僱員(%)		
By gender: Male	<b>按性別劃分</b> : 男	83%	85%
Female	女	85%	86%
By category	按類別劃分		
Key Executive/Senior management	主要行政人員/高層管理人員	83%	71%
Middle management	中層管理人員	71%	67%
General staff	一般員工	86%	88%
Average number of training hours per employee By gender:	每名僱員平均受訓時間 按性別劃分:		
Male	<b>投注列動力</b> : 男	7	11
Female	女	6	7
By category:	按類別劃分:		
Key Executive/Senior management	主要行政人員/高層管理人員	14	9
Middle management	中層管理人員	9	5
General staff	一般員工	6	9
By employment type:	按僱傭類型劃分:		0051
Permanent Part time	全職	100%	99%
Part-time	兼職	_	1%
Health and safety	健康與安全		
Number of work-related fatalities	因工作關係死亡人數 因工傷損失的工作日數(日)	_	102
Lost days due to work injury (days)	口工 lo 供入 ly 工 l' F 口 数 ( 口 /		102

### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告





The directors present their annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements of Extrawell Pharmaceutical Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2024.

董事會謹此提呈精優藥業控股有限公司 (「本公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」) 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度之年 報及經審核綜合財務報表。

### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

# The principal activity of the Company is investment holding and the activities of its principal subsidiaries and an associate are set out in notes 39 and 22 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

The business review of the Group and the discussion and analysis of the Group's performance for the year ended 31 March 2024 are set out in the sections "Chairman's Statement" and "Management Discussion and Analysis" on pages 4 to 7 and pages 8 to 20 of this annual report respectively.

A discussion on the Group's environmental policies and performance, and information about laws and regulations affecting the businesses of the Group and their compliance are included in the Environmental, Social and Governance Report on pages 48 to 74 of this annual report. Furthermore, financial risk management and capital management of the Group are set out in notes 41 and 42 to the consolidated financial statements.

The above discussions and information form part of this report.

#### **RESULTS AND DIVIDEND**

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2024 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on pages 97 to 98.

The directors do not recommend the payment of dividend in respect of the year after taking into account factors including the Group's financial performance, operating and capital requirements and market conditions. Currently, no formal dividend policy is adopted by the Company.

#### 主要業務及業務回顧

本公司之主要業務為投資控股,其主要附屬公司及一間聯營公司之業務分別載於綜合財務報表附註39及22。

本集團截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度之業務回顧及本集團表現之討論及分析分別載於本年報第4至7頁及第8至20頁之「主席報告」及「管理層討論及分析」各節。

有關本集團環境政策及表現之討論以及有關影響本集團業務及其合規性之法律及法規之資料載於本年報第48至74頁之環境、社會及管治報告。此外,本集團之財務風險管理及資金管理載於綜合財務報表附註41及42。

上述討論及資料組成本報告之一部分。

#### 業績及股息

本集團截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年 度之業績載於第97至98頁之綜合損益及其 他全面收益表。

經考慮多項因素(包括本集團財務表現、營 運及資金需求以及市況)後,董事並不建議 就本年度派發股息。本公司目前並無採納 正式股息政策。



#### **FIVE YEARS' FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

A summary of the results and of the assets, liabilities and non-controlling interests of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 208.

#### 五年財務概要

本集團過去五個財政年度之業績、資產、負債及非控股權益概要載於第208頁。

#### **INVESTMENT PROPERTIES**

Details of movements in the investment properties of the Group during the year are set out in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### 投資物業

本集團之投資物業於年度內之變動詳情載 於綜合財務報表附註16。

#### PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in note 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### 物業、廠房及設備

本集團之物業、廠房及設備於年度內之變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註17。

#### **SHARE CAPITAL**

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company during the year are set out in note 35 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### 股本

本公司股本於年度內之變動詳情載於綜合 財務報表附註35。

#### **EQUITY-LINKED ARRANGEMENT**

No equity-linked agreement which may result in the Company issuing shares was entered into during the year.

Details of the convertible bonds of the Company with principal amount of HK\$577,170,000 outstanding are disclosed in note 33 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### 股票掛鈎安排

於年度內並無訂立可能導致本公司發行股份之股票掛鈎協議。

有關本公司未償還本金額為577,170,000港元之可換股債券之詳情於綜合財務報表附註33內披露。





#### **SHARE OPTION SCHEME**

Pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 30 August 2022, a new share option scheme (the "New Scheme") had been adopted by the Company, which became effective on 2 September 2022 upon obtaining listing approval from the Stock Exchange, and unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from that date, while the share option scheme adopted by the Company with effective adoption date of 29 August 2012 which had a term of 10 years expired on 28 August 2022 (the "Old Scheme"), and no share options had been granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed under the Old Scheme.

From the effective date of the New Scheme to 31 March 2024, no share options have been granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed under the New Scheme.

Information about the New Scheme is set out in note 12 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES**

As at 31 March 2024, the reserves of the Company available for cash distribution and/or distribution in specie amounted to HK\$52,547,000 which was computed in accordance with the Bermuda Companies Act. In addition, the Company's share premium account with a balance of HK\$191,738,000 as at 31 March 2024 may be distributed in the form of fully paid bonus shares.

#### **RELATIONSHIP WITH EMPLOYEES**

During the year, the Group had not experienced any significant problems with its employees or disruption to its operations due to labour disputes nor had it experienced any difficulties in the recruitment. The directors consider that the Group has maintained good working relationship with its employees.

#### 購股權計劃

自新計劃生效日期起至二零二四年三月三十一日止,新計劃項下概無任何已授出、行使、註銷或失效之購股權。

有關新計劃之資料載於綜合財務報表附註12。

#### 可供分派儲備

於二零二四年三月三十一日,依據百慕達公司法計算,本公司可供作現金分派及/或實物分派之儲備金額為52,547,000港元。此外,於二零二四年三月三十一日,本公司可供以繳足股本之紅股方式作分派之股份溢價賬餘額為191,738,000港元。

#### 與僱員之關係

於年度內,本集團並無與其僱員出現任何重大問題或因勞工糾紛而令其業務中斷,且其在招聘員工方面並無面臨任何困難。董事認為本集團與其僱員維持良好的工作關係。



#### **MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

The Group understands the importance of maintaining good relationships with its customers and suppliers to the overall development of its business. During the year, there were no disputes between the Group and its customers and/or suppliers that would have caused significant adverse impact to the Group's business.

For the year ended 31 March 2024, revenue attributable to the Group's five largest customers accounted for approximately 25% of the Group's revenue, and revenue attributable to the Group's largest customer accounted for approximately 7% of the Group's revenue.

For the year ended 31 March 2024, purchases attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 85% of the Group's purchases and purchases attributable to the Group's largest supplier accounted for approximately 33% of the Group's purchases.

None of the directors, their close associates or any shareholders (which to the knowledge of the directors owned more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any interests in the Group's five largest customers and the suppliers.

#### **DIRECTORS**

The directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report are:

Executive directors:

Xie Yi Cheng Yong Lou Yi Wong Sau Kuen Dr. Guo Yi #

Dr. Guo Yi was appointed as an independent non-executive director ("INED") on 14 April 2023 and redesignated as an executive director on 7 June 2024.

Dr. Xie Yi, Dr. Lou Yi and Ms. Wong Sau Kuen are also directors in certain subsidiaries of the Company.

Independent non-executive directors:

Fang Lin Hu Jin Song Zeng Li (appointed on 7 June 2024)

#### 主要客戶及供應商

本集團深明與其客戶及供應商維持良好關 係對其業務之整體發展十分重要。於年度 內,本集團與其客戶及/或供應商並無發生 會對本集團業務造成重大不利影響的糾紛。

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度,本 集團五大客戶應佔之收益額佔本集團收益 額的約25%,而本集團最大客戶應佔之收益 額佔本集團收益額的約7%。

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度,本 集團五大供應商應佔之採購額佔本集團採 購額的約85%,而本集團最大供應商應佔之 採購額佔本集團採購額的約33%。

各董事、彼等之緊密聯繫人或任何股東(就 董事所知擁有本公司已發行股本5%以上 者) 概無於本集團五大客戶及供應商中擁有 仟何權益。

#### 董事

於年度內及截至本報告日期在任之本公司 董事如下:

#### 執行董事:

謝毅 程勇 樓屹 王秀娟 郭懿博士#

郭懿博士於二零二三年四月十四日獲委任為 獨立非執行董事(「獨立非執董」)並於二零二 四年六月七日調任為執行董事。

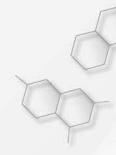
謝毅博士、樓屹博士及王秀娟女士亦為本 公司若干附屬公司之董事。

獨立非執行董事:

方林虎 金松

曾立(於二零二四年六月七日獲委任)





#### **DIRECTORS** (Continued)

The Company has received from the INEDs, Mr. Fang Lin Hu, Ms. Jin Song, and Dr. Guo Yi (an INED until his redesignation as an executive director on 7 June 2024), annual confirmations of independence in writing pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange ("Listing Rules"), and from Dr. Zeng Li the confirmation of independence in writing pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules on his appointment as an INED, and is satisfied that each of the INEDs meets the independence criteria under the Listing Rules, and considers each of the INEDs to be independent.

In accordance with the Company's bye-law 111, other than the Chairman, the directors of the Company, including the INEDs, are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meeting of the Company. In accordance with the provisions of the Company's bye-laws, Mr. Fang Lin Hu and Mr. Cheng Yong will retire as director by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election. In accordance with the Company's bye-law 115, Dr. Zeng Li who was appointed as an INED with effect from 7 June 2024, will hold office only until the first annual general meeting of the Company after his appointment and, being eligible, will offer himself for re-election. The re-election of the retiring directors will be individually voted on by the shareholders of the Company.

#### **DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS**

No director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory obligation.

#### **DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION**

The directors' fees are subject to shareholders' approval at general meetings. Other emoluments are determined by the Company's board of directors with reference to directors' duties, responsibilities and performance and the results of the Group, and pursuant to the recommendation made by the remuneration committee.

#### 董事(續)

本公司已收到獨立非執董方林虎先生、金松女士及郭懿博士(獨立非執董,直至其於二零二四年六月七日調任為執行董事)根據聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)第3.13條發出之獨立性年度確認書及曾立博士根據上市規則第3.13條就其獲委任為獨立非執董發出之獨立性確認書,並信納獨立非執董均符合上市規則項下獨立性準則,以及認為獨立非執董各自為獨立人士。

根據本公司之公司細則第111條之規定,除主席外,本公司董事(包括獨立非執董) 輪值退任,並於本公司之股東週年大會 重選連任。根據本公司之股東週年條 東週年大會上輪值退任董事,立之公 東週年大會上輪值退任董事。司之公零 程 題之規定,曾立博士(於二國 至其獲委任為獨立非執董)僅年太 至其獲委任為獨立非執董)僅年本公 股東將就退任董事重選連任進行個別投票 表決。

#### 董事之服務合約

擬於應屆股東週年大會上重選連任之董事 概無與本公司訂立不可由本公司於一年 內免付賠償(法定責任除外)而終止之服務 合約。

#### 董事薪酬

董事袍金須於股東大會上獲得股東批准。 其他酬金乃由本公司董事會參考董事之職 務、職責及表現以及本集團之業績並根據 薪酬委員會所作推薦意見而釐定。



#### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS**

Save as disclosed in the consolidated financial statements, no director had material interests, either directly or indirectly, in any contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party during the year.

### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

During the year, no directors or their close associates are considered to have an interest in a business which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group.

#### **PERMITTED INDEMNITY**

Pursuant to the Company's bye-laws, every director or other officer of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities which he/she may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his/her office or otherwise in relation thereto. In addition, the Company has arranged appropriate directors' and officers' liability insurance coverage for the directors and officers of the Group.

# DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

At 31 March 2024, the interests and short positions of the directors in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or its associated corporations within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO"), as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") were as follows:

#### 董事之合約利益

除綜合財務報表所披露者外,概無董事於本公司或其任何附屬公司於年度內所訂立 對本集團業務具重大影響之任何合約中, 直接或間接擁有重大權益。

#### 董事於競爭業務之權益

於年度內,概無董事或彼等之緊密聯繫人 被視為於與本集團業務構成或可能構成直 接或間接競爭之業務中擁有權益。

#### 獲准許彌償

根據本公司之公司細則,本公司各董事或其他高級人員有權就履行其職務或在其他有關方面而可能蒙受或產生或相關之所有損失或負債自本公司之資產中獲得彌償。此外,本公司已為本集團董事及高級人員責任保險。

#### 董事於股份、相關股份及債權證 之權益及淡倉

於二零二四年三月三十一日,董事於本公司或其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例 (「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)之股份、相關 股份或債權證中,擁有登記於本公司根據 證券及期貨條例第352條須存置之登記冊之 權益及淡倉,或根據上市發行人董事進行 證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)須另行 知會本公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉如下:





# DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES (Continued)

董事於股份、相關股份及債權證 之權益及淡倉(續)

Long positions in the ordinary shares of the Company

於本公司普通股之好倉

Name of director 董事姓名		Capacity and nature of interest 身份及權益性質	Number of ordinary shares held/ entitled 所持/有權持有之 普通股數目	Approximate percentage of interests held 所持權益之 概約百分比
Xie Yi 謝毅	(a)	Through controlled corporations 透過受控制公司	900,000,000	37.66%
Cheng Yong 程勇	(b)	Directly beneficially owned 直接實益擁有	830,000	0.04%
		Through controlled corporations 透過受控制公司	140,760,000	5.89%
		Held by spouse 由配偶持有	5,090,000	0.21%
			146,680,000	6.14%

#### Notes:

(a) These 900,000,000 shares represent conversion shares to be allotted and issued to the bondholder, United Gene International Holdings Group Limited ("UG International") upon exercise in full of the conversion rights by UG International, at conversion price of HK\$0.6413 per share under the Company's 20-year zero coupon convertible bonds issued on 16 July 2013 with principal amount of HK\$577,170,000 outstanding. The entire issued share capital of UG International is owned by JNJ Investments Ltd which is wholly owned by Biowindow Gene Development (Hong Kong) Limited ("HK Biowindow"), and the entire issued share capital of HK Biowindow is owned by United Gene Group Ltd (a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands). The issued share capital of United Gene Group Ltd is owned as to 33% by Ease Gold Investments Limited, which is wholly owned by Dr. Xie Yi.

At 31 March 2024, there was a total of 2,390,000,000 shares issued by the Company, and assuming the exercise in full of the conversion rights attaching to the Company's convertible bonds, UG International will hold approximately 27.36% of the enlarged share capital of the Company.

b) 1,060,000 shares and 139,700,000 shares of the Company's shares in issue are respectively held by Merchandise Holdings Limited and United Gene Industry Group Limited, both are companies incorporated in the British Virgin Islands and are wholly owned by Mr. Cheng Yong.

#### 附註:

(a) 該等900,000,000股股份指債券持有人United Gene International Holdings Group Limited(「UG International」)根據本公司於二零一三年七月十六日發行之20年零息可換股債券(尚未償還之本金額為577,170,000港元)按換股價每股0.6413港元悉數行使換股權後將獲配發及發行之換股股份。UG International之全部已發行股本由JNJ Investments Ltd擁有,JNJ Investments Ltd由香港博德基因開發有限公司(「香港博德」)全資擁有,而香港博德之全部已發行股本由United Gene Group Ltd(一間於英屬處女群島註冊成立之公司)擁有。United Gene Group Ltd之已發行股本由Ease Gold Investments Limited擁有33%權益,而Ease Gold Investments Limited 抽謝毅博士全資擁有。

於二零二四年三月三十一日,本公司已發行股份合共為2,390,000,000股。假設本公司可換股債券附帶之換股權獲悉數行使, UG International將持有本公司經擴大股本約27.36%。

b) 本公司1,060,000股及139,700,000股已發行股份分別由Merchandise Holdings Limited及United Gene Industry Group Limited持有,兩家公司均於英屬處女群島註冊成立並由程勇先生全資擁有。



# DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES (Continued)

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2024, none of the directors had registered an interest or short position in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations that was required to be recorded pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

### DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES AND DEBENTURES

At no time during the year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate granted to any directors or their respective spouses or minor children, or were any such rights exercised by them, or was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the directors, their respective spouses or minor children to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

#### **CHANGE IN INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS**

Change in information of directors required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules are as follows:

As disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 7 June 2024, Dr. Guo Yi has been redesignated from an INED to an executive director ("Redesignation") and ceased to be a member of each of the audit committee, remuneration committee and nomination committee of the Board, with effect from 7 June 2024. Upon the Redesignation, Dr. Guo Yi is entitled to a monthly salary of HK\$50,000 and a year-end bonus of an amount equivalent to his one month's salary (pro-rated to his length of service should it be less than a whole year) and a director's fee in the amount of HK\$70,000 per annum, which was approved by the Board pursuant to the recommendation by the remuneration committee of the Board, with reference to his background, qualifications, experience, his roles and responsibilities within the Company and the prevailing market conditions.

### 董事於股份、相關股份及債權證之權益及淡倉(續)

除上文所披露者外,於二零二四年三月三十一日,概無任何董事於本公司或其任何相聯法團之股份、相關股份及債權證中,擁有根據證券及期貨條例第352條須予登記之權益或淡倉,或根據標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所之權益或淡倉。

#### 董事購入股份及債權證之權利

於年度內任何時間,任何董事或彼等各自 之配偶或未成年子女概無獲授可藉購入本 公司或任何其他法團股份或債權證而獲益 之權利,或彼等並無行使任何該等權利,或 本公司或其任何附屬公司亦無訂立任何安 排,致使董事、彼等各自之配偶或未成年子 女可於任何其他法團獲得該等權利。

#### 董事資料變動

根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條須予披露的董事資料變動如下:





# SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

主要股東及其他人士於股份、相關股份及債權證之權益及淡倉

At 31 March 2024, the following other persons' interests and short positions of 5% or more of the shares and underlying shares of the Company were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO.

於二零二四年三月三十一日,根據本公司按照證券及期貨條例第336條須予保存之登記冊所記錄,於本公司股份及相關股份中擁有5%或以上權益及淡倉之其他人士如下。

Long positions in the ordinary shares of the Company

於本公司普通股之好倉

Name of shareholder 股東姓名		Capacity and nature of interest 身份及權益性質	Number of ordinary shares held/ entitled 所持/有權持有之 普通股數目	Approximate percentage of interests held 所持權益之 概約百分比
Mao Yumin 毛裕民		Directly beneficially owned 直接實益擁有	189,920,000	7.94%
	(a)	Through controlled corporations 透過受控制公司	900,000,000	37.66%
			1,089,920,000	45.60%
Huang Zhenping 黃振平		Directly beneficially owned 直接實益擁有	150,000,000	6.28%

Note:

(a) These 900,000,000 shares represent conversion shares to be allotted and issued to the bondholder, United Gene International Holdings Group Limited ("UG International") upon exercise in full of the conversion rights by UG International, at conversion price of HK\$0.6413 per share under the Company's 20-year zero coupon convertible bonds issued on 16 July 2013 with principal amount of HK\$577,170,000 outstanding. The entire issued share capital of UG International is owned by JNJ Investments Ltd which is wholly owned by Biowindow Gene Development (Hong Kong) Limited ("HK Biowindow"), and the entire issued share capital of HK Biowindow is owned by United Gene Group Ltd (a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands). The issued share capital of United Gene Group Ltd is owned as to 33% by United Gene Holdings Limited, which is wholly owned by Dr. Mao Yumin.

附註:

(a) 該等900,000,000股股份指債券持有人United Gene International Holdings Group Limited (「UG International」) 根據本公司於二零一三年七月十六日發行之20年零息可換股債券(尚未償還之本金額為577,170,000港元) 按換股價每股0.6413港元悉數行使換股權後將獲配發及發行之換股股份。UG International之全部已發行股本由JNJ Investments Ltd擁有,JNJ Investments Ltd由香港博德基因開發有限公司(「香港博德」)全資擁有,而香港博德之全部已發行股本由United Gene Group Ltd(一間於英屬處女群島註冊成立之公司)擁有。United Gene Group Ltd之已發行股本由United Gene Holdings Limited擁有33%權益,而United Gene Holdings Limited 由毛裕民博士全資擁有。



# SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES (Continued)

主要股東及其他人士於股份、 相關股份及債權證之權益及 淡倉(續)

Note: (Continued)

a) (Continued)

At 31 March 2024, there was a total of 2,390,000,000 shares issued by the Company, and assuming the exercise in full of the conversion rights attaching to the Company's convertible bonds, UG International will hold approximately 27.36% of the enlarged share capital of the Company.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2024, no person, other than certain directors of the Company, whose interests are set out in the section "Directors' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures" above, had registered an interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company that was required to be recorded pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO.

附註:(續)

(a) (續)

於二零二四年三月三十一日,本公司已發行合共2,390,000,000股股份,假設本公司可換股債券附帶之換股權獲悉數行使,UG International將持有本公司經擴大股本約27.36%。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二四年三月三十一日,概無任何人士(不包括本公司若干董事,彼等之權益載於上文「董事於股份、相關股份及債權證之權益及淡倉」一節)於本公司之股份或相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第336條須予登記之權益或淡倉。





### CONNECTED AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year, the Group had not entered into any transactions which constituted connected transactions under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

The Group had the following transactions with related parties during the year and up to the date of this report:

(a) Discloseable Transaction in relation to a Share Buy-Back Transaction of a Non-Wholly Owned Subsidiary

On 31 March 2023, Changchun Extrawell Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. ("Changchun Extrawell"), a 73.11% indirect non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into the share buyback agreement ("Share Buy-Back Agreement") with 吉林省澤 遠實業有限公司, a 9.14% shareholder of Changchun Extrawell ("Vendor") to buy back from the Vendor the shares ("Share Buy-Back") representing 9.14% of the total issued share capital of Changchun Extrawell, for cancellation ("Share Cancellation"), at the consideration of RMB4,400,000. Upon the completion of the Share Buy-Back and Share Cancellation, the Group's shareholding in Changchun Extrawell will be increased by 7.35% to 80.46%. Changchun Extrawell will continue to be an indirect non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Group and the financial results (including earnings, assets and liabilities) of Changchun Extrawell will continue to be consolidated into the financial statements of the Group. The consideration shall be funded by internal cash resources of Changchun Extrawell.

As one or more applicable percentage ratios exceed 5% but all relevant percentage ratios are less than 25%, the entering into of the Share Buy-Back Agreement, the Share Buy-Back, the Share Cancellation and the transactions contemplated thereunder constitutes a discloseable transaction for the Company under Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules and is subject to the reporting and announcement requirements.

The Share Buy-Back Agreement was completed on 19 June 2023.

Details regarding the transaction are disclosed in the Company's announcements dated 31 March 2023 and 19 June 2023.

#### 關連及關聯方交易

於年度內,本集團並無訂立任何構成上市 規則第14A章項下關連交易之交易。

於年度內及截至本報告日期,本集團與關聯方訂立以下交易:

(a) 有關非全資附屬公司股份回購 交易之須予披露交易

> 於二零二三年三月三十一日,長春精 優藥業股份有限公司(「長春精優」、 本公司擁有73.11%權益之間接非全 資附屬公司)與吉林省澤遠實業有限 公司(「賣方」,持有長春精優9.14% 權益之股東)訂立股份回購協議(「股 份回購協議」),涉及向賣方回購相當 於長春精優已發行股本總額9.14%之 股份(「股份回購」)以供註銷(「股份註 銷」),代價為人民幣4,400,000元。於 股份回購及股份註銷完成後,本集團 於長春精優之持股量將由7.35%增加 至80.46%。長春精優將繼續為本集團 之間接非全資附屬公司,而長春精優 之財務業績(包括收益、資產及負債) 將繼續合併至本集團之財務報表。代 價將以長春精優內部資金資源撥付。

> 由於一項或多項適用百分比率超過 5%但所有相關百分比率均低於25%, 根據上市規則第14章,訂立股份回購 協議、股份回購、股份註銷及其項下 擬進行交易構成本公司之須予披露交 易,故須遵守申報及公告規定。

> 股份回購協議已於二零二三年六月十 九日完成。

> 有關該交易之詳情已於本公司日期為 二零二三年三月三十一日及二零二三 年六月十九日之公告中披露。



### CONNECTED AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(b) Third amendments to the terms and conditions of the HK\$715,000,000 convertible bonds issued by Innovative Pharmaceutical Biotech Limited ("Innovative Pharm") for further extension of maturity date and interest payment dates

On 28 April 2023, the Company as the bondholder and Innovative Pharm as the issuer of the HK\$715,000,000 convertible bonds due on 28 July 2023 ("Innovative Pharm Bonds"), entered into, the third deed of amendment ("Third Amendment Deed") to further amend certain terms and conditions of the Innovative Pharm Bonds in respect of the two-year further extension of the maturity date from 28 July 2023 to 28 July 2025 ("Maturity Date") and the extension of payment dates of the outstanding interests of the Innovative Pharm Bonds to the Maturity Date ("Third Amendments").

Pursuant to the Third Amendment Deed, the Innovative Pharm Bonds will be due on the Maturity Date, the Group has the right to convert the Innovative Pharm Bonds into shares of Innovative Pharm during the period up to the Maturity Date at an initial conversion price of HK\$2.5 per share, and any outstanding principal amount of the Innovative Pharm Bonds shall be redeemed and the interests shall be paid, on the Maturity Date. The payment of interests on the Maturity Date in aggregate of HK\$285,029,388 relates to (i) the total outstanding annual interests and additional interests due from Innovative Pharm to the Company on 28 July 2023 totaling HK\$166,040,875 under the Second Amendments; and (ii) a total sum of HK\$118,988,513 comprising (a) the annual interest at 4.5% per annum for the two-year extension period from 28 July 2023 to 27 July 2025 in the aggregate amount of HK\$64,350,000; (b) the additional interest in the amount of HK\$4,826,250 representing 15% per annum for one-year extension of payment of interest to the Maturity Date for the interest period from 28 July 2023 to 27 July 2024; and (c) additional interest in the amount of HK\$49,812,263 representing 15% per annum on HK\$166,040,875 as stated in (i) above for two-year extension of payment to the Maturity Date.

#### 關連及關聯方交易(續)

(b) 領 航 醫 藥 及 生 物 科 技 有 限 公 司 (「領 航 醫 藥」) 所 發 行 715,000,000港元可換股債券條款及條件之第三次修訂,涉及進一步延長到期日及利息支付日期

根據第三份修訂契據,領航醫藥債券 將於該到期日到期,本集團有權於截 至該到期日止期間按每股2.5港元的 初始換股價將領航醫藥債券轉換為 領航醫藥的股份,而任何尚未支付的 領航醫藥債券本金將於該到期日被 贖回並於當日獲支付利息。於該到期 日支付的利息總額為285,029,388港 元,涉及(i)根據第二次修訂,領航醫 藥於二零二三年七月二十八日應向本 公司支付的尚未支付年息及額外利 息總額166,040,875港元;及(ii)總額為 118,988,513港元的款項,包括(a)於二 零二三年七月二十八日至二零二五年 七月二十七日止兩年延長期按年利率 4.5%計息的總金額64,350,000港元; (b)就將利息付款延遲一年至該到期 日而於二零二三年七月二十八日至二 零二四年七月二十七日止利息期按年 利率15%計算的額外利息4,826,250 港元;及(c)就將利息付款延遲兩年至 該到期日而就上文(i)所述166,040,875 港元按年利率15%計算的額外利息 49,812,263港元。





### CONNECTED AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(b) Third amendments to the terms and conditions of the HK\$715,000,000 convertible bonds issued by Innovative Pharmaceutical Biotech Limited ("Innovative Pharm") for further extension of maturity date and interest payment dates (Continued)

The transaction contemplated under the Third Amendment Deed in respect of the Third Amendments constitutes a major transaction for the Company under Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules, which was approved by the Company's shareholders at its special general meeting held on 28 June 2023.

The Third Amendment Deed was completed on 12 July 2023.

Details regarding the Third Amendments are disclosed in the Company's announcements dated 28 April 2023, 28 June 2023 and 12 July 2023, and the circular dated 12 June 2023.

Details of other related party transactions are set out in note 38 to the consolidated financial statements. None of the related party transactions constituted a non-fully exempt connected transaction or continuing connected transaction under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

#### 關連及關聯方交易(續)

(b) 領 航 醫 藥 及 生 物 科 技 有 限 公 司 (「領 航 醫 藥」) 所 發 行 715,000,000港元可換股債券條 款及條件之第三次修訂,涉及 進一步延長到期日及利息支付 日期 (續)

根據上市規則第14章,有關第三次修訂之第三份修訂契據項下擬進行交易構成本公司之主要交易,已由本公司股東於二零二三年六月二十八日舉行之股東特別大會上批准。

第三份修訂契據已於二零二三年七月 十二日完成。

有關第三次修訂之詳情已於本公司日期為二零二三年四月二十八日、二零二三年六月二十八日及二零二三年七月十二日之公告以及日期為二零二三年六月十二日之通函中披露。

有關其他關聯方交易詳情載於綜合財務報 表附註38。概無關聯方交易構成上市規則 第14A章項下之非全面獲豁免的關連交易或 持續關連交易。

#### **CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE**

Save as disclosed in "Connected and Related Party Transactions" above, no contracts of significance to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

#### 重大合約

除上文「關連及關聯方交易」所披露者外,於本年度末或年度內任何時間並不存在本公司或其任何附屬公司參與訂立而本公司董事於當中直接或間接擁有重大利益之任何重大合約。



#### SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the directors, at least 25% of the Company's total issued share capital was held by the public during the year and up to the date of this report.

### MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules as the Company's code of conduct for dealings in securities of the Company by the directors. Based on specific enquiry of the directors, the directors have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 March 2024.

### PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company, nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year.

#### **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's bye-laws or the laws of Bermuda, being the jurisdiction in which the Company is incorporated, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Company has established an Audit Committee, with written terms of reference, in accordance with prevailing provisions of the Corporate Governance Code, for the purpose of reviewing and providing supervision over the financial reporting process and risk management and internal control systems of the Group. The Audit Committee comprises three INEDs. The Group's financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee is of the opinion that such financial statements comply with the applicable accounting standards, and Stock Exchange's and legal requirements, and that adequate disclosures have been made.

#### 充足公眾持股量

根據本公司公開可得之資料及就董事所知,於年度內及截至本報告日期,公眾人士最少持有本公司已發行股本總數25%。

#### 董事進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄C3所載之上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)作為董事買賣本公司證券之本公司操守守則。經向董事作出特定查詢後,董事於截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度內均一直遵照標準守則所載之規定準則。

#### 購買、出售或贖回本公司上市 證券

本公司或其任何附屬公司於年度內概無購買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

#### 優先購股權

本公司之公司細則或百慕達(即本公司註冊 成立所在之司法權區)法例概無規定本公司 須按比例向現有股東發售新股份之優先購 股權之條文。

#### 審核委員會

為檢討及監察本集團之財務匯報程序以及 風險管理及內部監控制度,本公司已根 企業管治守則之現行規定成立審核委員會,並以書面列出其職權範圍。審核委員會 由三名獨立非執董組成。本集團截發至二四年三月三十一日止年度之財務報表至一 由審核委員會審閱。審核委員會認為該等 財務報表已符合適用之會計準則及聯交所 及法例規定,並已提供足夠披露。





**AUDITOR** 

The Company's consolidated financial statements for the year were audited by Elite Partners CPA Limited, who will retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment as auditor of the Company at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

On behalf of the Board

**Dr. Xie Yi** *Chairman* 

Hong Kong, 28 June 2024

#### 核數師

本公司於本年度之綜合財務報表已由開元 信德會計師事務所有限公司審核,該事務 所將退任,並符合資格及願意於應屆股東 週年大會上接受續聘為本公司之核數師。

代表董事會

主*席* 謝**毅博士** 

香港,二零二四年六月二十八日

### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

### 獨立核數師報告





To The Shareholders of Extrawell Pharmaceutical Holdings Limited

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

#### **OPINION**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Extrawell Pharmaceutical Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 97 to 207, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2024, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2024, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

#### **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### 致精優藥業控股有限公司全體股東

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

#### 意見

吾等已審核第97至第207頁所載精優藥業控股有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」)之綜合財務報表,包括於二零二四年三月三十一日之綜合財務狀況表、截至該日止年度之綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以及綜合財務報表附註(包括重大會計政策資料)。

吾等認為,綜合財務報表已遵照香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)真實工中 中地反映 貴集團於二零二四年三月三十 一日的綜合財務狀況以及其於截至該日止 年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並 已按照香港公司條例披露要求妥為編製。

#### 意見之基準

吾等已根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港審計準則(「香港審計準則」)進行審核。吾等在該等準則下之責任已在本報告「核數師就意為所以,有一個人。 表寫合財務報表須承擔之責任」一節中進 步闡述。根據香港會計師公會頒佈之幹 會計師道德守則(「守則」),吾等獨立於 會計師道德守則履行其他道德責任。 等相信所獲取之審核憑證為充足,且適當 地為吾等之意見提供基礎。





#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

(1) Impairment assessment of an associate

#### Key audit matters 關鍵審核事項

關鍵審核事項為根據吾等之專業判斷,認 為對截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度 綜合財務報表之審核最為重要的事項。該 等事項為在吾等審核整體綜合財務報表及 出具吾等之意見時進行處理,且吾等不會 對該等事項提供單獨意見。

(1) 於一間聯營公司之減值評估

As at 31 March 2024, the Group has interest in an associate of approximately HK\$314,241,000 representing 49% equity interests in Smart Ascent Limited.

於二零二四年三月三十一日, 貴集團於一間聯營公司之權益約為314,241,000港元,乃指於進生有限公司之49%權益。

For the purpose of impairment assessment, the Group appointed an independent external valuer to assess the recoverable amount of the interest in an associate. 就減值評估而言, 貴集團已委任獨立外部估值師評估於一間聯營公司權益之可收回金額。

We had identified the impairment assessment of interest in an associate as a key audit matter because significant management judgement was required to determine the recoverable amount for the interest in an associate.

吾等已識別於一間聯營公司之權益之減值評估為 關鍵審核事項,原因為管理層須作出重大判斷以 釐定於一間聯營公司之權益之可收回金額。 Our major audit procedures to address this matter included the following:

吾等處理該事項之主要審核程序包括如下:

關鍵審核事項

- We discussed with management whether any impairment indicator exists and basis for the impairment recognised:
- 吾等已與管理層討論是否存在任何減值跡象及確認減值的基準:
- We discussed with management and relevant professionals about the In-process R&D (as defined in note 22 to the consolidated financial statements) of oral insulin product;
- 吾等已與管理層及相關專業人士討論有關口服 胰島素產品進行中之研發(定義見綜合財務報 表附註22);
- We obtained and assessed the fair value calculations methodology provided by the management including but not limited to the reasonableness of key assumptions applied (e.g. operating margins, terminal growth rates and discount rates), the accuracy and reliance of the input data used;
- 吾等已獲取並評估管理層所提供之公平值計算方法,包括但不限於所應用主要假設(例如營運溢利、永久增長率及貼現率)之合理性、所使用輸入數據之準確性及可靠性;
- We checked the mathematical accuracy on the information provided by management and independent external valuer; and
- 吾等已檢查由管理層及獨立外部估值師所提供 資料之算術準確性;及
- We evaluated the competency, capabilities and objectivity of the independent external valuer taking account its experience and qualifications.
- 吾等已評估獨立外部估值師之資歷、能力及客 觀性,並考慮其經驗及資格。

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

#### 獨立核數師報告(續)



#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)**

(2) Valuation of convertible bonds under financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

#### Key audit matters 關鍵審核事項

As at 31 March 2024, the Group's investment in convertible bonds classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss amounted to approximately HK\$660,564,000 and the fair value loss charged to profit or loss for the year ended 31 March 2024 amounted to HK\$132,966,000.

於二零二四年三月三十一日, 貴集團有分類為按公平值計入損益之金融資產之可換股債券投資約660,564,000港元及於截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度於損益扣除之公平值虧損132,966,000港元。

For the valuation, the Group appointed an independent external valuer to assess the valuation amount of convertible bonds under financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

就估值而言, 貴集團已委任獨立外部估值師評估按公平值計入損益之金融資產項下之可換股債券的估值金額。

The Group has applied valuation techniques to determine the fair value of financial instruments that are not quoted in active markets. These valuation techniques, in particular those that include significant unobservable inputs, involve management using subjective judgements and assumptions. With different valuation techniques and inputs applied, the valuation results can vary significantly.

對於沒有活躍市場報價的金融工具, 貴集團已採用估值技術來確定其公平值。該等估值技術涉及管理層之主觀判斷與假設,尤其包含重大不可觀察輸入數據之估值技術為甚。採用不同的估值技術及輸入數據,可得出截然不同之估值結果。

We had identified the valuation of convertible bonds as a key audit matter because of the significance in value presented in the consolidated financial statements and the valuation requires the exercise of significant management estimation.

吾等已將可換股債券之估值識別為關鍵審核事項,原因為於綜合財務報表呈列價值的重要性以 及有關估值需要管理層作出重大估計。

#### 關鍵審核事項(續)

(2) 按公平值計入損益之金融資產 項下之可換股債券估值

Our major audit procedures to address this matter included the following:

吾等處理該事項之主要審核程序包括如下:

- We obtained and understood the Group's valuation and accounting treatment for convertible bonds under financial assets at fair value through profit or loss;
- 吾等已取得及了解 貴集團對按公平值計入損益之金融資產項下之可換股債券估值及會計處理;
- We evaluated the appropriateness of the methodologies used by management for the valuation of the convertible bonds;
- 吾等已評估管理層就可換股債券估值所使用之 方法之合適性;
- We evaluated the reasonableness and appropriateness of the unobservable and observable inputs used for the convertible bonds;
- 吾等已評估就可換股債券所使用之不可觀察及 可觀察輸入數據合理性及合適性;
- We checked, on a sample basis, the accuracy and relevance of information included in the valuation of convertible bonds;
- 吾等抽樣檢查可換股債券估值所計入資料的準確性及相關性;
- We checked the mathematical accuracy on the information provided by management and independent external valuer; and
- 吾等已檢查由管理層及獨立外部估值師所提供 資料之算術準確性;及
- We evaluated the competency, capabilities and objectivity of the independent external valuer taking account its experience and qualifications.
- 吾等已評估獨立外部估值師之資歷、能力及客 觀性,並考慮其經驗及資格。





#### OTHER INFORMATION

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

#### 其他資料

董事須對其他資料負責。其他資料包括年報所載資料,惟不包括綜合財務報表及核數師報告。吾等對綜合財務報表之意見並不涵蓋其他資料,且吾等亦不會就其發表任何形式的鑒證結論。

就審核綜合財務報表而言,吾等之責任為閱讀其他資料,並在此過程中,考慮其他資料是否與綜合財務報表或吾等在審核過程中所了解的情況有重大不符,或者似乎有重大錯誤陳述。基於吾等已執行之工作,倘吾等認為其他資料有重大錯誤陳述,吾等姻告有關事實。就此而言,吾等毋須報告任何事項。

#### 董事及治理層就綜合財務報表須 承擔之責任

董事負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港 財務報告準則及香港公司條例之披露規 定,編製反映真實且公平意見之綜合財務 報表,以及維持董事認為必要之有關內部 控制,以確保編製綜合財務報表時不存在 由於欺詐或錯誤而導致之重大錯誤陳述。

在編製綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴 集團持續經營之能力,並在適用情況下披 露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續 經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集 團清盤或停止經營,或除此之外別無其他 實際的替代方案。

治理層負責監督 貴集團的財務報告流程。



# AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.

#### 核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承 擔之責任

在根據香港審計準則進行審核的過程中, 吾等運用了專業判斷,並於審核過程中保 持專業懷疑態度。吾等亦:

- 識別及評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳而導立之驗、設計及執行審核程序以應對核則人致政制度,作為吾等意見之基礎。由於別人與學院,或養駕於內部控制之上大明,或後與因欺詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險較因錯誤而導致的重於錯誤陳述的風險為高。
- 了解與審核相關之內部控制,以設計 適當之審核程序,但並非旨在對 貴 集團內部控制之有效性發表意見。





# AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### 核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承 擔之責任(續)

- 評估董事所採用會計政策之合適性以及作出會計估計及相關披露資料之合理性。
- 評估綜合財務報表(包括披露資料)之整體呈報方式、結構及內容,以及綜合財務報表是否公平反映相關交易及事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動之財務 資料獲取充足、適當之審核憑證,以 就綜合財務報表發表意見。吾等負責 指導、監督及執行集團審核工作。吾 等對審核意見承擔全部責任。

吾等就(其中包括)審核之計劃範圍及時間 以及重大審核發現(包括吾等在審核過程中 識別出內部監控之任何重大缺陷)與治理層 進行溝通。



# AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, action taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements for the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in the independent auditor's report is Ms. Liu Hai Jiao with Practising Certificate number P08207.

#### 核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承 擔之責任(續)

吾等亦向治理層提交聲明,表明吾等已符合有關獨立性之相關道德要求,並與彼等溝通可能合理被認為會影響吾等獨立性之所有關係及其他事項,以及(倘適用)為消除威脅而採取的行動或所應用的防範措施。

出具本獨立核數師報告之審核項目合夥人 為劉海佼女士,其執業證書編號為P08207。

#### **Elite Partners CPA Limited**

Certified Public Accountants

Level 23, YF Life Tower, 33 Lockhart Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong

28 June 2024

#### 開元信德會計師事務所有限公司

執業會計師

香港灣仔 駱克道33號 萬通保險大廈 23樓

二零二四年六月二十八日

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

### 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

			2024	2023
		Natas	二零二四年	二零二三年
		Notes 附註	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
		LITHT	1 78 70	1 /6/6
Revenue	收益	6	59,098	72,577
Cost of sales	銷售成本	O	(30,319)	(41,434)
Gross profit	毛利		28,779	31,143
Other income	其他收入	7	6,203	3,707
Other gains and losses, net	其他收益及虧損淨額	8	(138,082)	157,957
Selling and distribution expenses	銷售及分銷費用		(13,175)	(16,683)
Administrative expenses	行政費用		(22,158)	(25,739)
Share of results of an associate	應佔一間聯營公司業績		(2,275)	(3,849)
Finance costs	財務成本	10	(18,801)	(15,635)
(Loss)/profit before income tax	除所得税前(虧損)/溢利	9	(159,509)	130,901
Income tax expense	所得税開支	13	(2,131)	(1,128)
(Loss)/profit for the year	本年度(虧損)/溢利		(161,640)	129,773
Other comprehensive expense	其他全面開支			
Item that may be reclassified subsequently to	其他主画開文 其後可能重新分類至損益			
profit or loss	的項目			
Exchange differences on translation of foreign	換算海外業務之匯兑			
operations	差額		(2,431)	(13,127)
Other comprehensive expense for the year	本年度其他全面開支		(2,431)	(13,127)
Total comprehensive (expense)/income for	本年度全面(開支)/收益			
the year	總額		(164,071)	116,646

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (CONTINUED)



綜合損益及其他全面收益表(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
(Loss)/profit for the year attributable to:	以下人士應佔本年度			
	(虧損)/溢利:			
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人		(162,949)	129,265
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		1,309	508
			(161,640)	129,773
			, , ,	<u> </u>
Total comprehensive (expense)/income for	以下人士應佔本年度全面			
the year attributable to:	(開支)/收益總額:			
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人		(165,359)	116,069
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		1,288	577
			(164,071)	116,646
			HK cents	HK cents
			港仙	港仙
	+ 0 = k+ 1 k+ 1			
(Loss)/earnings per share for (loss)/profit attributable to owners of the Company:	本公司擁有人應佔 (虧損)/溢利之每股			
	(虧損)/盈利:			
— Basic	<u>ー基本</u>	14	(6.82)	5.41
<ul><li>Diluted</li></ul>	一攤薄	14	(6.82)	4.40

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

### 綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 March 2024 於二零二四年三月三十一日



2024



			2024	2023
			二零二四年	二零二三年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元 ————	千港元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	非流動資產			
Investment properties	投資物業	16	2,417	2,549
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	17	116,197	124,785
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	18	9,843	11,759
Intangible assets	無形資產	19	1,807	1,807
Financial assets at fair value through	按公平值計入損益之金融		•	,
profit or loss	資產	20	660,564	793,530
Financial assets at fair value through	按公平值計入其他全面		,	,
other comprehensive income	收益之金融資產	21	_	_
Interest in an associate	於一間聯營公司之權益	22	314,241	316,516
Loan to an associate	貸款予一間聯營公司	23	4,609	15,196
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	32	69	69
			1,109,747	1,266,211
CURRENT ACCETS	<b>次                                    </b>			
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產	0.4	7.005	0.010
Inventories	存貨	24	7,265	3,018
Trade and bills receivables	貿易應收賬款及應收票據	25	4,215	5,797
Deposits, prepayments and	按金、預付款項及其他	00	0.040	4 455
other receivables	應收款項	26	2,946	4,455
Amount due from an associate	應收一間聯營公司款項	23	34,459	36,245
Loan to an associate	貸款予一間聯營公司	23	13,430	5,190
Financial assets at fair value through	按公平值計入損益之金融	00	204	. 754
profit or loss	資產	20	661	1,754
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	27	20,856	19,803
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	28	93,610	102,401
			177,442	178,663
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債			
Trade and bills payables	貿易應付賬款及應付票據	29	4,657	6,634
Accruals, other payables and	預提費用、其他應付款項	23	4,037	0,004
contract liabilities	及合約負債	30	27,122	32,517
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	31	1,375	1,316
Deferred income on government grants	政府補助之遞延收入	34	116	118
Tax payable	應付税項	04	18,102	16,429
Tax payable			10,102	10,429
			51,372	57,014
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值		126,070	121,649
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	· 你次多进达到 <i>在连</i>		1,235,817	1,387,860

### **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)**

綜合財務狀況表(續)

As at 31 March 2024 於二零二四年三月三十一日



		Notes 附註	<b>2024</b> 二零二四年 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	非流動負債			
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	33	117,124	98,617
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	31	1,911	3,291
Deferred income on government grants	政府補助之遞延收入	34	4,171	4,382
			123,206	106,290
NET ASSETS	資產淨值		1,112,611	1,281,570
EQUITY	權益			
Share capital	股本	35	23,900	23,900
Reserves	儲備	37	1,089,225	1,257,822
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	y 本公司擁有人應佔權益		1,113,125	1,281,722
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	39	(514)	(152)
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額		1,112,611	1,281,570

On behalf of the Board on 28 June 2024

代表董事會於二零二四年六月二十八日

Xie Yi 謝毅 Director 董事

Wong Sau Kuen 王秀娟 Director 董事

### **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**





綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔

						十 ム 刊	擁有人應旧						
		Share capital	Share premium	Other reserve	Capital reserve	Contributed surplus	Foreign currency translation reserve	Convertible bonds equity reserve	FVTOCI reserve 按公平值 計入其他	Retained earnings	Sub-total	Non- controlling interests	Total
		<b>股本</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>股份</b> <b>溢價</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>其他儲備</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>資本儲備</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>缴入盈餘</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>匯兑儲備</b> HK\$'000 千港元	可換股債券 權益儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	全面收益 之儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>保留盈利</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>小計</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>非控股權益</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>總計</b> HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2022	於二零二二年 四月一日	23,900	191,738	_	6,542	4,839	34,176	512,359	(83,086)	475,185	1,165,653	(729)	1,164,924
Profit for the year Exchange differences on translation of foreign	本年度溢利 換算海外業務之 匯兑差額	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	129,265	129,265	508	129,773
operations		-	_	_		_	(13,196)	_	_	_	(13,196)	69	(13,127)
Total comprehensive (expense)/income	全面(開支)/收益總額	_	_	_		_	(13,196)	_	_	129,265	116,069	577	116,646
At 31 March 2023 and 1 April 2023	於二零二三年 三月三十一日及 二零二三年四月 一日	23,900	191,738	_	6,542	4,839	20,980	512,359	(83,086)	604,450	1,281,722	(152)	1,281,570
Loss for the year Exchange differences on translation of foreign	本年度虧損 換算海外業務之	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	(162,949)	(162,949)	1,309	(161,640)
operations	匯兑差額	-	_	_	_	_	(2,410)	_	_	_	(2,410)	(21)	(2,431)
Total comprehensive expense Effect of share buy-back in a subsidiary	全面開支總額 於一間附屬公司之股份回購之	-	-	-	-	-	(2,410)	-	-	(162,949)	(165,359)	1,288	(164,071)
(note 38(c))	股份凹購之 影響(附註38(c))	_	-	(3,238)	-	-	-	-	_	-	(3,238)	(1,650)	(4,888)
At 31 March 2024	於二零二四年 三月三十一日	23,900	191,738	(3,238)	6,542	4,839	18,570	512,359	(83,086)	441,501	1,113,125	(514)	1,112,611

### **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

### 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度



2024

2023

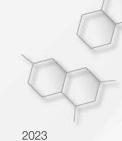
		二零二四年 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
	<i>  四</i> 製 イミ		
Cash flows from operating activities (Loss)/profit before income tax Adjustments for:	經營活動之現金流量 除所得稅前(虧損)/溢利 調整以下項目:	(159,509)	130,901
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	1,759	2,151
Depreciation of investment properties	投資物業折舊	132	132
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	7,154	6,514
(Reversal of)/allowance for obsolete inventories, net	陳舊存貨(撥回)/撥備淨額	(180)	115
Provision for impairment loss on trade receivables, net	貿易應收賬款減值虧損撥備 淨額	89	795
Provision for impairment loss on loan to	貸款予一間聯營公司之		
an associate	減值虧損撥備	3,409	854
Provision for/(reversal of) impairment on amount due	應收一間聯營公司款項減值	4 705	(4.5.5)
from an associate Change in fair value on financial assets at FVTPL	撥備/(撥回) 按公平值計入損益之金融資	1,785	(155)
investments in convertible bonds	在公平值前 八須益之 並 融員 產公平值變動 一 可換股債		
— investments in convertible bonds	差投資 ·	132,966	(158,623)
Change in fair value on financial assets at FVTPL —	按公平值計入損益之金融資	102,000	(100,020)
short term investment	產公平值變動一短期投資	(33)	(41)
Share of results of an associate	應佔一間聯營公司業績	2,275	3,849
Effective interest expense on convertible bonds	可換股債券之實際利息開支	18,507	15,543
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	(4,611)	(2,126)
Amortisation of deferred income on government grants		(117)	(123)
Loan interest income from an associate	來自一間聯營公司之貸款	(4.004)	(0.00)
Interest expenses on lease liabilities	利息收入 租賃負債之利息開支	(1,061) 294	(860) 92
interest expenses on lease liabilities	但具具限之刊芯用又	294	92
Operating cash flows before movements in working	營運資金變動前之經營現金		
capital	流量	2,859	(982)
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	存貨(增加)/減少	(4,134)	4,885
Decrease in trade and bills receivables	貿易應收賬款及應收票據減少	1,368	1,003
Decrease in deposits, prepayments and other receivables	按金、預付款項及其他應收 款項減少	1,766	2,036
Decrease in financial assets at FVTPL —	按公平值計入損益之金融資產	1,700	2,000
short term investment	減少一短期投資	1,087	_
(Decrease)/increase in trade and bills payables	貿易應付賬款及應付票據 (減少)/增加	(1,832)	178
Decrease in accruals, other payables and contract	預提費用、其他應付款項及	(1,002)	170
liabilities	合約負債減少	(4,734)	(5,561)
Cash (used in)/generated from operations	營運(所用)/所得之現金	(3,620)	1,559
Income tax paid	已付所得税	(69)	(379)
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating	經營活動(所用)/所得之現金		
activities	淨額	(3,689)	1,180

### **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF** CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) 綜合現金流量表(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度



2024



		一声一四左	- 電 - 二 左
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Cook flavor from investing activities	机次活动化家生与用点法具		
Cash flows from investing activities  Bank interest income received	<b>投資活動所產生之現金流量</b> 已收銀行利息收入	4 004	0.106
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	口 收 越 11 利 息 收 八 購 置 物 業 、廠 房 及 設 備	4,291	2,126
Advance to an associate	,	(1,202)	(6,617)
		(4.053)	(5,880
(Increase)/decrease in pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款(增加)/減少	(1,053)	1,935
Net cash generated from/(used in) investing	投資活動所得/(所用)之現金		
activities	淨額	2,036	(8,436)
Cash flows from financing activities	融資活動所產生之現金流量	(4.004)	(0.005)
Repayment on principal portion of lease liabilities	償還租賃負債之本金部分	(1,321)	(2,295)
Repayment on interest expenses on lease liabilities	償還租賃負債利息開支	(294)	(92)
Share buy-back in a non-wholly owned subsidiary	於一間非全資附屬公司之股份		
	回購	(4,888)	_
Net cash used in financing activities	融資活動所用之現金淨額	(6,503)	(2,387)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目減少淨額	(8,156)	(9,643)
Effect of four-inn evaluation water should	小	(625)	160
Effect of foreign exchange rate change	外幣匯率變動之影響	(635)	163
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	年初之現金及現金等值項目	102,401	111,881
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	年終之現金及現金等值項目	93,610	102,401
Analysis of the balances of cash and	現金及現金等值項目之結餘		
cash equivalents	分析		
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	93,610	102,401

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### (1) GENERAL

The Company is a limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda whose shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The address of its registered office is Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda. The address of its principal place of business is Suites 2206–08, 22/F, Devon House, Taikoo Place, 979 King's Road, Quarry Bay, Hong Kong.

The Company is an investment holding company (together with the subsidiaries referred to as the "Group"). The principal activities of its subsidiaries and an associate are set out in notes to the consolidated financial statements to be included in the Company's annual report.

# (2) APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

New and amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year

In the current year, the Group has applied the following new and amendments to HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the annual periods beginning on 1 April 2023 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

HKFRS 17 (including the Insurance Contracts
October 2020 and February
2022 Amendments to
HKFRS 17)

Amendment to HKAS 1 Disclosure of Accounting Policies and HKFRS Practice
Statement 2

Amendments to HKAS 8 Definition of Accounting Estimates

Amendments to HKAS 12 Deferred Tax Related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single

Transaction

Amendments to HKAS 12 International Tax Reform-Pillar Two
Model Rules



本公司乃於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司,其股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板上市。其註冊辦事處地址位於Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda。其主要營業地點位於香港鰂魚涌英皇道979號太古坊德宏大廈22樓2206-08室。

本公司為一間投資控股公司(連同其附屬公司統稱為「本集團」)。本公司旗下附屬公司及一間聯營公司之主要業務載於本公司之年報將載列之綜合財務報表附註。

#### (2) 應用新訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」)及其 修訂本

於本年度強制生效之新訂香港 財務報告準則及其修訂本

本集團已就編製綜合財務報表,於本年度首次應用下列香港會計師公會 (「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的新訂香港 財務報告準則及其修訂本,該等修訂 本於二零二三年四月一日開始之年度 期間強制生效:

香港財務報告準則 保險合約 第17號(包括香港 財務報告準則第17號 二零二零年十月及二 零二二年二月修訂本)

香港會計準則第1號及 會計政策披露 香港財務報告準則實

務報告第2號(修訂本)

香港會計準則第8號 會計估計之 (修訂本) 定義 香港會計準則第12號 與單一交易所產

香港會計準則第12號 (修訂本)

生資產及負債 有關之遞延税 項

香港會計準則第12號 (修訂本)

國際税項改革一 支柱二立法 模版

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度





#### (2) APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

New and amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year (Continued)

The nature and the impact of the new and amendments to HKFRSs that are applicable to the Group are described below:

#### Impacts on application of Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2 Disclosure of Accounting Policies

In accordance with the amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2, accounting policy information that is standardised information, or information that only duplicates or summarises the requirements of the HKFRSs, is considered immaterial accounting policy information and is no longer disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements so as not to obscure the material accounting policy information disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

#### Change in accounting policy on offsetting arrangement in long service payment scheme in **HKSAR**

In June 2022, the HKSAR Government enacted the Employment and Retirement Schemes Legislation (Offsetting Arrangement) (Amendment) Ordinance 2022 (the "Amendment Ordinance") which will be effective from 1 May 2025 (the "Transition Date"). Under the Amendment Ordinance, any accrued benefits attributable to the employer's mandatory contributions under mandatory provident fund scheme ("MPF Benefits") of an entity would no longer be eligible to offset against its obligations on long service payment ("LSP") for the portion of the LSP accrued on or after the Transition Date. There is also a change in the calculation basis of last monthly wages for the portion of the LSP accrued before the Transition Date.

#### (2) 應用新訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」)及其 修訂本(續)

於本年度強制生效之新訂香港 財務報告準則及其修訂本(續)

適用於本集團的新訂香港財務報告準 則及其修訂本的性質及影響於下文 載述:

#### 應用香港會計準則第1號及香 港財務報告準則實務報告第 2號(修訂本)會計政策披露的 影響

根據香港會計準則第1號及香港 財務報告準則實務報告第2號(修 訂本),屬標準化資料的會計政 策資料或僅重複或概述香港財務 報告準則規定的資料被視為非重 大會計政策資料,目不再於綜合 財務報表附註中披露,以免掩蓋 綜合財務報表附許中披露的重大 會計政策資料。

#### 中國香港長期服務金計劃抵 (b) 銷安排之會計政策變動

於二零二二年六月,中國香港政 府制定《二零二二年僱傭及退休 計劃法例(抵銷安排)(修訂)條 例》(「修訂條例」),自二零二五 年五月一日(「轉制日」)起生效。 根據修訂條例,實體的強制性公 積金計劃項下僱主的強制性供款 所產生的任何累計權益(「強積金 權益」)將不再符合資格抵銷其於 轉制日或之後累計的長期服務金 (「長期服務金」)部分的長期服務 金責任。於轉制日前累計的長期 服務金部分的最後一個月工資的 計算基準亦有所變動。

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度



#### (2) APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

New and amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year (Continued)

Change in accounting policy on offsetting arrangement in long service payment scheme in HKSAR (Continued)

Prior to 1 April 2023, the Group applied practical expedient in HKAS 19 paragraph 93(b) (the "Practical expedient") to account for the offsetable MPF Benefits as deemed employee contributions to reduce the current service costs in the period in which the related services were rendered.

In July 2023, the HKICPA published "Accounting implications of the abolition of the MPFLSP offsetting mechanism in HKSAR" (the "Guidance") which provides clarified and detailed guidance on the accounting considerations relating to the abolition of the offsetting mechanism. The Guidance clarified that following the enactment of the Amendment Ordinance, LSP is no longer a "simple type of contributory plans" to which the Practical expedient had been intended to apply.

By following the Guidance, the Group has therefore changed its accounting policy and ceased to apply the Practical expedient and reattribute the deemed employee contributions on a straight line basis from the date when services by employees first lead to their benefits in terms of the LSP legislation in accordance with HKAS 19 paragraph 93(a). The cumulative effect of recognising these adjustments as of 31 March 2023 or for the year ended was not material and hence no adjustment was made to the beginning accumulated losses, or another component of equity.

Except as described above, the application of the other new and amendments to HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial positions and performance for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

### (2) 應用新訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」)及其

於本年度強制生效之新訂香港 財務報告準則及其修訂本(續)

(b) 中國香港長期服務金計劃抵 銷安排之會計政策變動(續)

> 於二零二三年四月一日前,本集 團應用香港會計準則第19號第 93(b)段的可行權宜方法(「可行權 宜方法」),將可抵銷強積金權益 列賬為視作僱員供款,以減少於 提供相關服務期間的當期服務 成本。

> 於二零二三年七月,香港會計師 公會頒佈「中國香港取消強積金 - 長期服務金對沖機制之會計涵 義」(「指引」),對有關取消對沖 機制的會計考慮提供明確及詳盡 的指引。指引澄清於修訂條例頒 佈後,長期服務金不再為擬應用 可行權宜方法的「簡單類型供款 計劃」。

> 為符合指引,本集團因此更改其 會計政策,且不再應用可行權宜 方法,並根據香港會計準則第19 號第93(a)段,自僱員服務就長期 服務金法例而言首次導致權益 之日起,以直線法重新歸類視作 僱員供款。截至二零二三年三月 三十一日或於截至該日止年度, 確認該等調整的累計影響並不重 大,故並無就年初累計虧損或其 他權益部分作出任何調整。

除上文所述者外,本年度應用其他新 訂香港財務報告準則及其修訂本對本 集團本年度及過往年度之財務狀況及 表現及/或該等綜合財務報表所載披 露並無重大影響。

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度





#### (2) APPLICATION OF NEW AND **AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG** FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

Amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following amendments to HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

(2) 應用新訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」)及其 修訂本(續)

> 已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務 報告準則修訂本

> 本集團並未提早採納下列已頒佈但尚 未生效之香港財務報告準則修訂本:

> > Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 於以下日期或之後 開始之年度期間生效

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	A date to be determined
香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計 準則第28號(修訂本)	投資者與其聯營公司或合營企業間銷售 或注入資產	待定日期
Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020)	1 January 2024
香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)	負債分類為流動或非流動及香港詮釋 第5號(二零二零年)之相關修訂	二零二四年一月一日
Amendments to HKFRS 16	Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback	1 January 2024
香港財務報告準則第16號(修訂本)	售後回租的租賃負債	二零二四年一月一日
Amendments to HKAS 1	Non-current Liabilities with Covenants	1 January 2024
香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)	附帶契諾的非流動負債	二零二四年一月一日
Amendments to HKAS 7 and HKFRS 7	Supplier Finance Arrangements	1 January 2024
香港會計準則第7號及香港財務報告 準則第7號(修訂本)	供應商融資安排	二零二四年一月一日
Amendments to HKAS 21	Lack of Exchangeability	1 January 2025
香港會計準則第21號(修訂本)	缺乏可兑換性	二零二五年一月一日

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of all the amendments to HKFRSs will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements in the foreseeable future.

本公司董事預期應用所有香港財務報 告準則修訂本於可預見未來將不會對 綜合財務報表產生重大影響。

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度



#### (3) BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### 3.1 Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "HKFRSs") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance which concern the preparation of financial statements. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

#### 3.2 Basis of measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments, which are measured at fair values as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

#### 3.3 Functional and presentation currency

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is the same as the functional currency of the Company. The amounts stated are rounded to the nearest HK\$1,000 unless otherwise stated.

# (3) 編製基準

#### 3.1 合規聲明

綜合財務報表乃根據所有適用香 港財務報告準則、香港會計準則 (「香港會計準則」)及詮釋(以下 統稱「香港財務報告準則」)以及 有關編製財務報表之香港公司條 例之披露要求而編製。此外,綜 合財務報表載有香港聯合交易所 有限公司證券上市規則規定之適 用披露。

#### 3.2 計量基準

如下文會計政策所述,除若干金 融工具按公平值計量外,綜合 財務報表乃根據歷史成本基準 編製。

#### 3.3 功能及呈列貨幣

綜合財務報表乃以港元(「港元」) 呈列,港元亦為本公司之功能貨 幣。除另有所指外,所示金額約 整至最接近千港元。

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度





## (4) MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION**

#### 4.1 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries. Inter-company transactions and balances between group companies together with unrealised profits are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of impairment on the asset transferred, in which case the loss is recognised in profit or loss.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the dates of acquisition or up to the dates of disposal, as appropriate. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by other members of the Group.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the profit or loss on disposal is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any noncontrolling interest. Amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are accounted for in the same manner as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.

Subsequent to acquisition, the carrying amount of noncontrolling interests that represent present ownership interests in the subsidiary is the amount of those interests at initial recognition plus such non-controlling interest's share of subsequent changes in equity. Total comprehensive income is attributed to such noncontrolling interests even if this results in those noncontrolling interests having a deficit balance.

# (4) 重大會計政策資料

#### 4.1 綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附 屬公司之財務報表。集團各成員 公司間之公司間交易與結餘連同 未變現溢利乃於編製綜合財務報 表時全數對銷。未變現虧損亦可 對銷,惟於有關交易可提供所轉 讓資產之減值證明則除外,在此 情況下,虧損可於損益中確認。

於年度內收購或出售之附屬公司 業績乃自收購日期起或截至出售 日期止(如適用)計入綜合損益及 其他全面收益表。為使附屬公司 之會計政策與本集團其他成員公 司採用之會計政策一致,必要時 會對附屬公司之財務報表作出 調整。

倘本集團喪失對附屬公司之控制 權,則出售產生之損益乃根據(i) 已收代價公平值與任何保留權益 公平值之總額及(ii)該附屬公司之 資產(包括商譽)及負債以及任何 非控股權益之過往賬面值兩者間 之差額計算。先前於其他全面收 益內確認與該附屬公司有關之任 何金額按猶如本集團已出售相關 資產或負債之方式入賬。

收購後,代表目前於附屬公司擁 有權益之非控股權益之賬面值為 該等權益於初步確認時之金額另 加有關非控股權益應佔之其後權 益變動。即使會導致非控股權益 出現虧絀結餘,全面收益總額仍 歸屬於有關非控股權益。

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度



# (4) MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (Continued)

#### 4.2 Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an investee over which the Company is able to exercise control. The Company controls an investee if all three of the following elements are present: power over the investee, exposure, or has rights, to variable returns from the investee, and the ability to use its power to affect those variable returns. Control is reassessed whenever facts and circumstances indicate that there may be a change in any of these elements of control.

In the Company's statement of financial position, investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less impairment loss, if any. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

#### 4.3 Associate

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor a joint arrangement. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but not control or joint control over those policies.

Associates are accounted for using the equity method whereby they are initially recognised at cost and thereafter, their carrying amounts are adjusted for the Group's share of the post-acquisition change in the associates' net assets except that losses in excess of the Group's interest in the associates are not recognised unless there is an obligation to make good those losses.

Profits and losses arising on transactions between the Group and its associates are recognised only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate. The investor's share in the associate's profits and losses resulting from these transactions is eliminated against the carrying value of the associate. Where unrealised losses provide evidence of impairment of the asset transferred they are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

# (4) 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 4.2 附屬公司

附屬公司指本公司有能力對其行 使控制權之被投資公司。倘具備 以下全部三項元素,本公司即對 被投資公司擁有控制權:對被投 資公司擁有權力、就被投資方可 變回報承受風險或享有權利,及 其行使權力影響有關可變回報之 能力。倘有事實及情況顯示任何 該等控制權元素可能有變,將會 重新評估有關控制權。

於本公司財務狀況表內,於附屬 公司之投資按成本扣除減值虧 損(如有)列值。本公司按已收及 應收股息基準將附屬公司業績 入賬。

#### 4.3 聯營公司

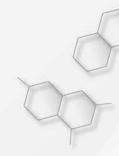
聯營公司指本集團對其擁有重大 影響力而非屬於附屬公司或合營 安排之實體。重大影響力指有權 參與被投資方之財務及營運決 策,而非對該等政策擁有控制或 共同控制權。

聯營公司採用權益法入賬,據 此,聯營公司初步按成本確認, 此後其賬面值會因應本集團所佔 之聯營公司資產淨值收購後變動 調整,惟超出本集團於聯營公司 之權益之虧損不會被確認,除非 有責任妥善處理該等虧損。

本集團與其聯營公司進行交易所 產生之溢利及虧損,僅會就聯營 公司之不相關投資者權益確認。 該等交易產生之投資者所佔聯營 公司之溢利及虧損,與聯營公司 之賬面值對銷。如未變現虧損提 供所轉讓資產減值證據,其即時 於損益確認。

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度





## (4) MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (Continued)

#### 4.3 Associate (Continued)

Any premium paid for an associate above the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired is capitalised and included in the carrying amount of the associate. Where there is objective evidence that the investment in an associate has been impaired, the carrying amount of the investment is tested for impairment in the same way as other nonfinancial assets.

#### 4.4 Goodwill

Where the fair value of identifiable assets and liabilities exceed the aggregate of the fair value of consideration paid, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition date fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree, the excess is recognised in profit or loss on the acquisition date, after re-assessment.

Goodwill is measured at cost less impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill arising from an acquisition is allocated to each of the relevant cashgenerating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the acquisition. A cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that the unit may be impaired.

# (4) 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 4.3 聯營公司(續)

就聯營公司已付之任何溢價超出 本集團所佔已收購可識別資產、 負債及或然負債之公平值之金額 會撥充資本,並計入聯營公司之 賬面值。如於聯營公司之投資出 現已減值之客觀證據,投資之賬 面值按其他非金融資產之相同方 式測試減值。

#### 4.4 商譽

倘可識別資產及負債公平值超出 已付代價之公平值、於被收購方 之任何非控股權益金額及收購方 過往於被收購方所持股權於收購 日期之公平值之總額,則有關差 額在重估後於收購日期於損益賬 確認。

商譽以成本扣除減值虧損計量。 就減值測試而言,收購產生之商 譽會分配至預期受惠於收購所帶 來協同效益之相關各現金產生單 位。現金產生單位是最小可識別 之資產組別,其產生之現金流入 大致上獨立於其他資產或資產組 別之現金流入。獲分配商譽之現 金產生單位每年進行減值檢測, 凡有跡象顯示單位可能出現減 值,則檢測減值。

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度



# (4) MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (Continued)

#### 4.4 Goodwill (Continued)

For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a financial year, the cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that financial year. When the recoverable amount of the cashgenerating unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit first, and then to the other assets of the unit pro-rata on the basis of the carrying amount to each asset in the unit. However, the loss allocated to each asset will not reduce the individual asset's carrying amount to below its fair value less cost of disposal (if measurable) or its value in use (if determinable), whichever is the higher. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised in profit or loss and is not reversed in subsequent periods.

#### 4.5 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of property, plant and equipment includes its purchase price and the costs directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised as an expense in profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

# (4) 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 4.4 商譽(續)

就於財政年度收購產生之商譽而 言,獲分配商譽之現金產生單位 於該財政年度結束之前測試減 值。當現金產生單位之可收回金 額少於其賬面值,則減值虧損首 先分配以減少分配至單位之商譽 賬面值,然後再根據有關單位各 項資產之賬面值按比例分配至單 位之其他資產。然而,分配至各 資產之虧損將不會減少個別資產 之賬面值至低於其公平值減出 售成本(倘可計量)或其使用價值 (倘可釐定)(以較高者為準)。商 譽之任何減值虧損於損益賬確認 且不會於其後期間撥回。

#### 4.5 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備乃以成本減累 計折舊及任何減值虧損呈列。 物業、廠房及設備成本包括其購 買價及收購該項目之直接應佔 成本。

其後成本計入資產賬面值或於適 當時確認為獨立資產,惟以有關 該項目之日後經濟利益很可能流 入本集團及該項目之成本能可靠 計量為限。已取代部分之賬面值 乃終止確認。所有其他維修及保 養均於產生之財政期間於損益賬 內確認為開支。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度





# (4) MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (Continued)

#### 4.5 Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated so as to write off their cost net of expected residual value over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The estimated useful lives, residual value and depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period with the effect of any changes in estimate encountered for a prospective basis. The annual rates/estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings Over the lease terms of the

> relevant leasehold land and 50 years if shorter

Plant and equipment Furniture, fixtures and 6.67%-20% 10%-30%

eauipment

Motor vehicles 20%

An asset is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if its carrying amount is higher than the asset's estimated recoverable amount.

The gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is the difference between the net sale proceeds and its carrying amount, and is recognised in profit or loss on disposal.

Construction in progress represents properties under construction, which is stated at cost less any impairment losses, and is not depreciated. Cost comprises the direct costs of construction and capitalized borrowing costs on related borrowed funds during the period of construction, if any. Construction in progress is reclassified to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment when the construction is completed and the properties are ready for intended use.

# (4) 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 4.5 物業、廠房及設備(續)

物業、廠房及設備予以折舊,以 按物業、廠房及設備之估計可使 用年期以直線法撇銷其成本值 扣除預期剩餘價值。於各報告期 末,會審閱估計可使用年期、剩 餘價值及折舊方法,並在適當時 作出調整,而任何估計變動的影 響按前瞻基準入賬。年率/估計 可使用年期如下:

樓宇 有關和賃十地之

租期及50年 (以較短者為準)

廠房及設備 6.67%至20% 傢俬、固定裝10%至30%

置及設備

汽車 20%

倘資產之賬面值高於其估計可收 回金額,資產即時撇減至其可收 回金額。

出售物業、廠房及設備項目之收 益或虧損,為銷售所得款項淨額 與其賬面值兩者間之差額,於出 售時在損益賬中予以確認。

在建工程指在建物業,其價值按 成本扣除任何減值虧損列賬,並 不計算折舊。成本包括建築直接 成本及於建築期間有關借入資金 之資本化借貸成本(倘有)。在建 工程於工程完成後及物業準備投 入作擬定用途時被重新分類為適 當的物業、廠房及設備類別。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度



# (4) MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (Continued)

#### 4.6 Investment property

Investment property is property held either to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or for both, but not held for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes.

The land component of leasehold investment property is accounted for as right-of-use assets and included in the investment properties.

The building component of investment property is measured at cost on initial recognition and subsequently carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment (if any). Depreciation is calculated using a straight-line method to allocate the depreciable amounts over the estimated useful lives of 30.25 years to 50 years or over the lease terms of the relevant leasehold land.

The residual values and estimated useful lives of investment property are reviewed, and adjusted as appropriate, at each financial year end. The effects of any revision are included in the statement of profit or loss when the changes arise.

#### 4.7 Leases

#### As a lessee

All leases (irrespective of they are operating leases or finance leases) are required to be capitalised in the consolidated statement of financial position as right-ofuse assets and lease liabilities, but material accounting policy choices exist for an entity to choose not to capitalise (i) leases which are short-term leases and/or (ii) leases for which the underlying asset is of low-value. The Group has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for low-value assets and leases for which at the commencement date have a lease term less than 12 months. The lease payments associated with those leases have been expensed on straight-line basis over the lease term.

# (4) 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 4.6 投資物業

投資物業為持有作賺取租金或資 本升值或作該兩種用途而非在日 常業務過程中持作出售、用作生 產或供應貨品或服務或作行政用 途之物業。

租賃投資物業之土地部分按使用 權資產入賬並計入投資物業。

投資物業之樓宇部分初始確認 按成本計量,其後按成本減累計 折舊及累計減值(如有)列賬。折 舊使用直線法計算,於估計可使 用年期30.25年至50年或有關租 賃土地之租期內將可折舊金額 分攤。

於各財政年度結算日就投資物業 之剩餘價值及估計可使用年期檢 討, 並作出適當調整。任何修訂 之影響於發生變動時計入損益 表內。

#### 4.7 租賃

#### 作為承租人

所有租賃(不論為經營租賃或融 資租賃)須於綜合財務狀況表資 本化為使用權資產及租賃負債, 惟實體可作出重大會計政策選 擇,選擇不將(i)屬短期租賃的租 賃及/或(ii)相關資產為低價值的 租賃進行資本化。本集團已選擇 不就低價值資產以及於開始日期 租期低於12個月的租賃確認使用 權資產及租賃負債。與該等租賃 相關的租賃付款已於租期內按直 線法支銷。

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## (4) MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (Continued)

#### 4.7 Leases (Continued)

#### Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to leases of office equipment, that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option. It also applies the recognition exemption for lease of low-value assets. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of lowvalue assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis or another systematic basis over the lease term.

#### Right-of-use assets

The Group presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment property as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position. Right-of-use assets that meet the definition of investment property are presented within "investment properties".

#### Allocation of consideration to components of a contract

For a contract that contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate standalone price of the non-lease components, including contract for acquisition of ownership interests of a property which includes both leasehold land and nonlease building components, unless such allocation cannot be made reliably.

As a practical expedient, leases with similar characteristics are accounted on a portfolio basis when the Group reasonably expects that the effects on the consolidated financial statements would not differ materially from individual leases within the portfolio.

# (4) 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 4.7 租賃(續)

#### 短期租賃及低價值資產租賃

本集團將短期租賃確認豁免應用 於自開始日期起租期為12個月或 更短且不包含購買選擇權的辦公 室設備租賃,同時對低價值資產 的租賃應用確認豁免。短期租賃 及低價值資產租賃的租賃付款於 租賃期內以直線法或其他系統法 確認為開支。

#### 使用權資產

本集團在綜合財務狀況表中將不 符合投資物業定義的使用權資產 作為單獨的項目列報。符合投資 物業定義的使用權資產在「投資 物業」中列示。

#### 將代價分配至合約組成部分

對於包含一項租賃組成部分及一 項或多項額外租賃或非租賃組成 部分的合約,本集團根據租賃組 成部分的相對單獨價格及非租賃 組成部分的單獨價格總和將合約 代價分配至各個租賃組成部分, 包括獲得物業(包括租賃土地及 非租賃樓宇部分)所有權權益的 合 約,除非該等分配不能可靠 進行。

作為可行權宜方法,具有類似特 徵的租賃於本集團合理預期其對 綜合財務報表的影響將不會與組 合內個別租賃出現重大差異時按 組合基準入賬。

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度



## (4) MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (Continued)

#### 4.7 Leases (Continued)

#### Lease liabilities

The lease liabilities are recognised at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the date of commencement of the lease. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses the Group's incremental borrowing rate.

The following payments for the right of use the underlying asset during the lease term that are not paid at the commencement date of the lease are considered to be lease payments: including fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable

Subsequent to the commencement date, the Group measures the lease liabilities by: (i) increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liabilities; (ii) reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made; and (iii) remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications, e.g., a change in future lease payments arising from change in an index or rate, a change in the lease term, a change in the in substance fixed lease payments or a change in assessment to purchase the underlying asset.

The total rentals payable under the operating leases are recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Lease incentives received are recognised as an integrated part of the total rental expense, over the term of the lease.

The Group presents lease liabilities as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

#### 4.8 Financial Instruments

#### Financial assets

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

# (4) 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 4.7 租賃(續)

#### 租賃負債

租賃負債以於租賃開始日期尚未 支付的租賃付款的現值確認。如 果可直接確定租賃內含利率,租 賃付款使用該利率折現。如果無 法直接確定該利率,本集團採用 其增量借款利率。

下列於租期內就相關資產的使用 權作出的付款而於租賃開始日期 尚未支付者被視為租賃付款:包 括固定付款額,扣除任何應收的 租賃優惠。

在開始日期之後,本集團按以下 方式計量租賃負債:(i)增加賬面 值以反映租賃負債的利息;(ii)減 少賬面值以反映作出的租賃付 款;及(iii)重新計量賬面值以反映 任何重新評估或租賃修改,例如 指數或利率發生變動導致未來租 賃付款發生變動、租期變動、實 質固定租賃付款變動或對購買相 關資產的評估結果發生變化。

經營和賃項下之應付和賃總額於 租期內以直線法於損益內確認。 已收到之租賃優惠於租期內確認 為租金支出總額之組成部分。

本集團於綜合財務狀況表內將租 賃負債呈列為單獨項目。

#### 4.8 金融工具

#### 金融資產

於釐定具有嵌入衍生工具 之金融資產之現金流量是 否純粹為支付本金及利息 時,應整體考慮該等金融 資產。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度





# (4) MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (Continued)

#### 4.8 Financial Instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

#### Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the Group classifies its debt instruments:

Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate method. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Any gain on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.

Fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI"): Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at FVTOCI. Debt investments at FVTOCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income calculated using the effective interest rate method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in other comprehensive income are not reclassified to profit or loss, but is transferred to retained earnings.

# (4) 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 4.8 金融工具(續)

#### (i) 金融資產(續)

#### 債務工具

債務工具之其後計量取決 於本集團管理資產之業務 模式及資產之現金流量特 點。本集團將其債務工具分 為三種計量類別:

攤銷成本:就持作收取合約 現金流量之資產而言,倘有 關資產之現金流量純粹為 支付本金及利息,則按攤銷 成本計量。按攤銷成本計量 之金融資產其後採用實際 利率法計量。利息收入、匯 兑收益及虧損以及減值於 損益確認。終止確認之任何 收益於損益確認。

按公平值計入其他全面收 益(「按公平值計入其他全 面收益」):就持作收取合約 現金流量及出售金融資產 之資產而言,倘有關資產之 現金流量純粹為支付本金 及利息,則按公平值計入其 他全面收益計量。按公平值 計入其他全面收益之債務 投資其後按公平值計量。 採用實際利率法計算之利 息收入、匯兑收益及虧損以 及減值於損益確認。其他收 益及虧損淨額於其他全面 收益確認。於其他全面收益 累計之收益及虧損在終止 確認時並無重新分類至損 益,而獲轉撥至保留盈利。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

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#### (4) MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (Continued)

#### 4.8 Financial Instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

#### Debt instruments (Continued)

Fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"): Financial assets at FVTPL include financial assets held for trading, financial assets designated upon initial recognition at FVTPL, or financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at fair value. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives, are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Financial assets with cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest are classified and measured at FVTPL. irrespective of the business model. Notwithstanding the criteria for debt instruments to be classified at amortised cost or at FVTOCI, as described above, debt instruments may be designated at FVTPL on initial recognition if doing so eliminates, or significantly reduces, an accounting mismatch.

#### Equity instruments

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Group could irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive income. This election is made on an investment-byinvestment basis. Equity investments at FVTOCI are measured at fair value. Dividend income are recognised in profit or loss unless the dividend income clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investments. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income and are not reclassified to profit or loss. All other equity instruments are classified as FVTPL, whereby changes in fair value, dividends and interest income are recognised in profit or loss.

# (4) 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 4.8 金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產(續) 債務工具(續)

按公平值計入損益(「按公 平值計入損益1):按公平值 計入損益之金融資產包括 持作買賣金融資產、於初步 確認時指定為按公平值計 入損益之金融資產,或強制 要求按公平值計量之金融 資產。倘收購金融資產之目 的為作短期出售或購回用 途,則該等金融資產分類為 持作買賣。衍生工具(包括 獨立嵌入式衍生工具)亦分 類為持作買賣,惟被指定為 有效對沖工具則除外。現 金流量並非純粹為支付本 金及利息之金融資產均按 公平值計入損益分類及計 量(不論其業務模式)。儘管 如上文所述债務工具可按 攤銷成本或按公平值計入 其他全面收益分類,惟債務 工具可於初步確認時指定 為按公平值計入損益(倘此 舉可消除或大幅減少會計 錯配)。

#### 股本工具

於初步確認並非持作買賣 股本投資時,本集團可不可 撤回地選擇於其他全面收 益中呈列投資公平值之其 後變動。該選擇按每項投資 基準作出。按公平值計入其 他全面收益之股本投資按 公平值計量。股息收入於 損益內確認,除非股息收入 明確列為收回部分投資成 本。其他收益及虧損淨額於 其他全面收益確認,而非重 新分類至損益。所有其他股 本工具乃分類為按公平值 計入損益,其中公平值變 動、股息及利息收入均於損 益中確認。

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# (4) MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (Continued)

- 4.8 Financial Instruments (Continued)
  - Impairment loss of financial assets, subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9

The Group recognises loss allowances for expected credit loss ("ECL") on trade and bills receivables and financial assets measured at amortised cost. The ECLs are measured on either of the following bases: (1) 12 months ECLs: these are the ECLs that result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date: and (2) lifetime ECLs: these are ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive. The shortfall is then discounted at an approximation to the assets' original effective interest rate.

The Group has elected to measure loss allowances for trade and bills receivables using HKFRS 9 simplified approach and has calculated ECLs based on lifetime ECLs. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

# (4) 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 4.8 金融工具(續)

### (ii) 金融資產之減值虧損(根 據香港財務報告準則第9 號須受減值評估)

本集團就貿易應收賬款及 應收票據以及按攤銷成本 計量之金融資產之預期信 貸損失(「預期信貸損失」) 確認虧損撥備。預期信貸損 失將採用以下基準計量: (1)12個月預期信貸損失:其 為於報告日期後12個月內 發生之可能違約事件導致 之預期信貸損失;及(2)全期 預期信貸損失:其為於金融 工具之預計年期內所有可 能發生之違約事件產生之 預期信貸損失。於估計預期 信貸損失時考慮之最長期 間為本集團面臨信貸風險 之最長合約期間。

預期信貸損失為按概率加 權估計之信貸損失。信貸損 失以本集團按合約應收之 所有合約現金流量與本集 團預期收取之所有現金流 量之間之差額計量。該差額 其後按與資產原有實際利 率相近之利率貼現。

本集團已選擇採用香港財 務報告準則第9號之簡化法 計量貿易應收賬款及應收 票據之虧損撥備,並已根據 全期預期信貸損失計算預 期信貸損失。本集團已根據 其過往信貸損失經驗制定 撥備矩陣,並按債務人特定 之前瞻性因素及經濟環境 予以調整。

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# (4) MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (Continued)

- 4.8 Financial Instruments (Continued)
  - Impairment loss of financial assets, subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (Continued)

For other debt financial assets, the ECLs are based on the 12-months ECLs. However, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the allowance will be based on the lifetime ECLs.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECL, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

# (4) 重大會計政策資料(續)

- 4.8 金融工具(續)
  - (ii) 金融資產之減值虧損(根 據香港財務報告準則第9 號須受減值評估)(續)

就其他債務金融資產而 言,預期信貸損失以12個 月預期信貸損失為基準。然 而,當信貸風險自產生起顯 著增加時,撥備將以全期預 期信貸損失為基準。

當釐定金融資產之信貸風 險自初步確認以來是否顯 著增加及於估計預期信貸 損失時,本集團會考慮相關 及毋須付出過多成本或精 力即可獲得之合理及有理 據之資料。此包括根據本集 團之過往經驗及已知信貸 評估得出之定量及定性資 料分析以及前瞻性資料。

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# (4) MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (Continued)

- 4.8 Financial Instruments (Continued)
  - Impairment loss of financial assets, subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (Continued)

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread, the credit default swap prices for the debtor;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor;
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

The Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 30 days past due.

# (4) 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 4.8 金融工具(續)

(ii) 金融資產之減值虧損(根 據香港財務報告準則第9 號須受減值評估)(續)

> 尤其是,於評估信貸風險是 否顯著增加時已考慮下列 資料:

- 金融工具之外部(如 有)或內部信貸評級實 際或預期顯著惡化;
- 外部市場信貸風險指 標之顯著惡化,如信 貸利差及債務人之信 貸違約掉期價格大幅 增加;
- 業務、財務或經濟狀 況現時或預測出現不 利變動,且預期將導 致債務人履行其債務 責任之能力大幅下降;
- 債務人經營業績實際 或預期顯著惡化;
- 導致債務人履行債務 責任之能力大幅下降 之債務人監管、經濟 或技術環境之實際或 預期重大不利變動。

本集團假設,倘金融資產逾 期超過30日,其信貸風險 會顯著增加。

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## (4) MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (Continued)

#### 4.8 Financial Instruments (Continued)

#### Impairment loss of financial assets, subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (Continued)

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

The Group considers a financial asset to be creditimpaired when: (1) the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full, without recourse by the Group to actions such as realising security (if any is held); or (2) the financial asset is more than 90 days past due.

Interest income on credit-impaired financial assets is calculated based on the amortised cost (i.e. the gross carrying amount less loss allowance) of the financial asset. For non credit-impaired financial assets interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount.

#### Write-off policy

The gross carrying amount of financial assets is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off.

Subsequent recoveries of an asset that was previously written off are recognised as a reversal of impairment in profit or loss in the period in which the recovery occurs.

# (4) 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 4.8 金融工具(續)

# (ii) 金融資產之減值虧損(根 據香港財務報告準則第9 號須受減值評估)(續)

本集團定期監控用於識別 信貸風險是否顯著增加之 標準之成效及適時修訂該 等標準,以確保有關標準能 於款項逾期前識別信貸風 險之顯著增加。

本集團認為金融資產於下 列情況出現信貸減值:(1)借 款人不太可能在本集團無 採取行動追索(例如:變現 抵押品(如持有))之情況下 向本集團悉數履行其信貸 義務;或(2)該金融資產逾期 超過90日。

信貸減值金融資產之利息 收入乃根據金融資產之攤 銷成本(即賬面總值減虧損 撥備)計算。非信貸減值金 融資產之利息收入乃根據 賬面總值計算。

#### (iii) 撇銷政策

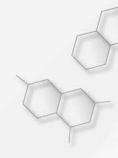
若無實際收回可能,則本集 團會撇銷(部分或全部)金 融資產的賬面總值。該情況 通常出現在本集團確定債 務人並無資產或可產生足 夠現金流量的收入來源償 還須撇銷的金額之時。

隨後收回先前撇銷之資產 於收回期間在損益中確認 為減值撥回。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度





# (4) MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (Continued)

#### 4.8 Financial Instruments (Continued)

#### (iv) Financial liabilities

The Group classifies its financial liabilities, depending on the purpose for which the liabilities were incurred. Financial liabilities at amortised costs are initially measured at fair value, net of directly attributable costs incurred.

#### Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities at amortised cost including trade and other payables and the liability component of convertible bonds issued by the Company are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method. The related interest expense is recognised in profit or loss.

#### Convertible bonds

Convertible bonds issued by the Group that contain both the liability and conversion option components are classified separately into their respective items on initial recognition. Conversion option that will be settled by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of the Company's own equity instruments is classified as an equity instrument.

On initial recognition, the fair value of the liability component is determined using the prevailing market interest of similar non-convertible debts. The difference between the proceeds of the issue of the convertible bonds and the fair value assigned to the liability component, representing the conversion option for the holder to convert the bonds into equity, is included in equity (convertible bonds equity reserve).

# (4) 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 4.8 金融工具(續)

#### (iv) 金融負債

本集團視乎負債產生之目 的將其金融負債分類。按攤 銷成本計量之金融負債初 步按公平值減所產生之直 接應佔成本計量。

#### 按攤銷成本列賬之金融 負債

按攤銷成本列賬之金融負 倩包括貿易應付賬款及其 他應付款項以及本公司發 行之可換股債券負債部 分,其後使用實際利率法按 攤銷成本計量。有關利息開 支於損益內確認。

#### 可換股債券

本集團所發行包含負債及 換股權部分之可換股債 券,乃於初步確認時獨立分 類為其相關項目。將以固定 金額現金或另一項金融資 產交換本公司本身固定數 目之股本工具方式結清之 換股權乃分類為股本工具。

於初步確認時,負債部分 之公平值乃按類似不可轉 換債務之現行市場利率釐 定。發行可換股債券之所得 款項與撥往負債部分之公 平值之差額(指讓持有人將 債券轉換為權益之轉換權) 列入權益(可換股債券權益 儲備)內。

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## (4) MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (Continued)

#### 4.8 Financial Instruments (Continued)

#### Convertible bonds (Continued)

In subsequent periods, the liability component of the convertible bonds is carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The equity component, represented by the option to convert the liability component into ordinary shares of the Company, will remain in convertible bonds equity reserve until the embedded option is exercised (in which case the balance stated in convertible bonds equity reserve will be transferred to share capital and share premium). Where the option remains unexercised at the expiry dates, the balance stated in convertible bonds equity reserve will be released to the retained earnings. No gain or loss is recognised upon conversion or expiration of the option.

Transaction costs that relate to the issue of the convertible bonds are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of the proceeds. Transaction costs relating to the equity component are charged directly to equity. Transaction costs relating to the liability component are included in the carrying amount of the liability portion and amortised over the period of the convertible bonds using the effective interest method.

#### (vi) Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts or payments through the expected life of the financial asset or liability, or where appropriate, a shorter period.

# (4) 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 4.8 金融工具(續)

#### 可換股債券(續)

於隨後期間,可換股債券 負債部分乃按實際利率法 以攤銷成本列賬。權益部 分(指可將負債部分轉換為 本公司普通股之換股權)將 保留於可換股債券權益儲 備內,直至該嵌入式換股權 獲行使為止(於此情況下, 可換股債券權益儲備之結 餘將轉撥至股本及股份溢 價)。倘換股權於到期日尚 未行使,可換股債券權益儲 備之結餘將解除至保留盈 利。換股權獲轉換或到期後 不會確認任何收益或虧損。

發行可換股債券有關之交 易成本,按所得款項分配比 例撥往負債及權益部分。與 權益部分有關之交易成本 於權益中直接扣除。與負債 部分有關之交易成本計入 負債部分之賬面值,並按實 際利率法於可換股債券期 限內攤銷。

#### (vi) 實際利率法

實際利率法為計算金融資 產或金融負債攤銷成本及 就有關期間分配利息收入 或利息開支之方法。實際利 率為透過金融資產或負債 預計年期或(如適用)較短 期間準確貼現估計未來現 金收款或付款之利率。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

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# (4) MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (Continued)

#### 4.8 Financial Instruments (Continued)

#### (vii) Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

#### (viii) Derecognition

Financial asset are derecognised which are measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Where the Group issues its own equity instruments to a creditor to settle a financial liability in whole or in part as a result of renegotiating the terms of that liability, the equity instruments issued are the consideration paid and are recognised initially and measured at their fair value on the date the financial liability or part thereof is extinguished. If the fair value of the equity instruments issued cannot be reliably measured, the equity instruments are measured to reflect the fair value of the financial liability extinguished. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability or part thereof extinguished and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss for the year.

# (4) 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 4.8 金融工具(續)

#### (vii) 股本工具

本公司發行之股本工具按 收取之所得款項扣除直接 發行成本入賬。

#### (viii) 終止確認

取消確認以攤銷成本計量 的金融資產時,該資產的賬 面值與已收及應收代價之 和的差額於損益確認。

金融負債於有關合約所訂 明責任解除、註銷或屆滿時 終止確認。

倘由於重新磋商金融負債 條款,本集團向債權人發行 自有股本工具,以全部或部 分結清金融負債,則已發行 股本工具為已付代價,並於 該金融負債或其一部分終 止之日按公平值初步確認 及計量。倘已發行股本工具 的公平值無法可靠計量,則 股本工具的計量應反映已 終止金融負債的公平值。所 終止金融負債或其中一部 分的賬面值與已付代價之 間的差額於年度內損益中 確認。

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# (4) MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (Continued)

#### 4.9 Inventories

Inventories are initially recognised at cost, and subsequently at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is calculated using the weighted average method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Costs necessary to make the sale include incremental costs directly attributable to the sale and non-incremental costs which the Group must incur to make the sale.

#### 4.10 Revenue

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of goods or services is transferred to the customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services, excluding those amounts collected on behalf of third parties. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

Depending on the terms of the contract and the laws that apply to the contract, control of the goods or service may be transferred over time or at a point in time. Control of the goods or service is transferred over time if the Group's performance:

- provides all of the benefits received and consumed simultaneously by the customer;
- creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

# (4) 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 4.9 存貨

存貨初始按成本確認,其後按成 本及可變現淨值之較低者確認。 成本包括所有採購成本、轉換成 本及將存貨達致其目前地點及狀 况所產生之其他成本。成本按加 權平均法計算。可變現淨值相當 於一般業務過程中之估計售價減 去達致完成之估計成本及作出銷 售所需之估計成本。進行銷售所 需的成本包括直接歸屬於銷售的 增量成本及本集團為進行銷售而 必須產生的非增量成本。

#### 4.10 收益

客戶合約收益於貨品或服務之控 制權轉移至客戶時確認,有關金 額反映本集團預期就交換該等 省品或服務而有權獲得之代價, 不包括代表第三方收取之金額。 收益不包括增值税或其他銷售税 項,並扣除任何貿易折扣。

視乎合約條款及合約適用之法 律, 貨品或服務之控制權可在一 段時間內或某一時間點轉移。倘 本集團之履約符合下列條件,則 貨品或服務之控制權會在一段時 間內轉移:

- 提供了由客戶同步收取及 消耗之所有利益;
- 隨著本集團履約,創建或改 良客戶所控制之資產;或
- 並無創建對本集團而言具 有其他用途之資產,而本集 團有權強制收取迄今已完 成之履約部分之款項。

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# (4) MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (Continued)

#### 4.10 Revenue (Continued)

If control of the goods or services transfers over time, revenue is recognised over the period of the contract by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of that performance obligation. Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the goods or service.

#### Sales of pharmaceutical products

Customers obtain control of the pharmaceutical products when the goods are delivered to and have been accepted. Revenue is thus recognised upon when the customers accepted the pharmaceutical products. There is generally only one performance obligation. Invoices are issued when goods is delivered. The Group's trading terms with its customers are mainly based on credit, except for new customers, where payment in advance is normally required. The customers are generally given a credit period for 120 to 180 days, extending up to one year for some major customers.

#### Other income

Interest income is accrued on a time basis on the principal outstanding at the applicable interest rate.

#### Contract liabilities

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer.

#### 4.11 Income taxes

Income taxes for the year comprise current tax and deferred tax.

Current tax is based on the profit or loss from ordinary activities adjusted for items that are non-assessable or disallowable for income tax purposes and is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period.

# (4) 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 4.10 收益(續)

倘貨品或服務之控制權在一段時 間內轉移,收益將參考完全履行 該履約責任之進度而於合約期間 確認。否則,收益於客戶取得貨 品或服務之控制權時於某一時間 點確認。

#### 銷售藥品

當貨品交付及獲接收時,客戶方 可獲得藥品的控制權。因此,收 益於客戶接收藥品時確認。一般 只有一項履約責任。發票於交付 貨品時開具。本集團與其客戶之 交易條款以信貸交易為主,惟新 客戶除外,通常會要求彼等預付 款項。客戶一般獲給予120至180 日之信貸期,部分主要客戶可延 長至最多一年。

#### 其他收入

利息收入根據未償還本金及適用 利率按時間累計。

#### 合約負債

合約負債指本集團將本集團已向 客戶收取代價(或應收代價金額) 的服務轉移予客戶的責任。

#### 4.11 所得税

本年度之所得税包括即期税項及 遞延税項。

即期税項乃日常業務所得損益 (已就毋須繳納所得稅或不獲寬 減所得税之項目作出調整),按 於報告期末已頒佈或實質上已頒 佈之税率計算。

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## (4) MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (Continued)

#### 4.11 Income taxes (Continued)

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the corresponding amounts used for tax purposes. Except for goodwill and recognised assets and liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profits, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates appropriate to the expected manner in which the carrying amount of the asset or liability is realised or settled and that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Income taxes are recognised in profit or loss except when they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income in which case the taxes are also recognised in other comprehensive income or when they relate to items recognised directly in equity in which case the taxes are also recognised directly in equity. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

# (4) 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 4.11 所得税(續)

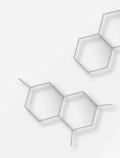
遞延税項乃因就財務報告而言資 產及負債之賬面值與就稅務而言 之相關金額之暫時差額而確認。 除商譽及不影響會計及應課税溢 利之已確認資產及負債之外,所 有應課税暫時差額均被確認為遞 延税項負債。於可動用可扣税之 暫時差額抵銷應課税溢利時,遞 延税項資產方會確認。遞延税項 乃按預期於有關資產之賬面值變 現或有關負債之賬面值結算之期 間適用之税率,根據報告期末已 頒佈或實際已頒佈之税率計算。

遞延税項資產賬面值於各報告期 末予以檢討,並作出扣減,以不 再可能有足夠應課税溢利供容許 收回全部或部分資產為限。

所得税乃於損益確認,除非該等 税項與於其他全面收益確認之項 目有關,在此情況下該等税項亦 於其他全面收益內確認,或該等 税項與於權益直接確認之項目相 關,在此情況下該等税項亦於權 益內直接確認。遞延税項資產賬 面值於各報告期末予以檢討,並 作出扣減,以不再可能有足夠應 課税溢利供容許收回全部或部分 資產為限。

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度





## (4) MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (Continued)

#### 4.12 Foreign currency

Transactions entered into by the Company/group entities in currencies other than the currency of the primary economic environment in which it/they operate(s) (the "functional currency") are recorded at the rates ruling when the transactions occur. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the rates ruling at the end of reporting period. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the translation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income, in which case, the exchange differences are also recognised in other comprehensive income.

On consolidation, income and expense items of foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollars) at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the rates approximating to those ruling when the transactions took place are used. All assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated at the rate ruling at the end of reporting period. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity as foreign currency translation reserve (attributed to non-controlling interests as appropriate). Exchange differences recognised in profit or loss of group entities' separate financial statements on the translation of long-term monetary items forming part of the Group's net investment in the foreign operation concerned are reclassified to other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity as foreign currency translation reserve.

# (4) 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 4.12 外幣

本公司/集團實體以其經營業務 所在主要經濟環境貨幣(「功能貨 幣」)以外之貨幣進行之交易,按 交易發生時之適用匯率入賬。外 幣貨幣資產及負債則以報告期末 之適用匯率換算。按公平值入賬 並以外幣計值之非貨幣項目重新 按公平值獲釐定當日之現行匯率 換算。以外幣歷史成本計量之非 貨幣項目毋須重新換算。

結算與換算貨幣項目產生之匯兑 差額於其產生期間於損益內確 認。重新換算按公平值列賬之非 貨幣項目產牛之匯兑差額計入期 內損益,惟重新換算有關收益及 虧損於其他全面收益內確認之非 貨幣項目產生之差額除外,在此 情況下, 匯兑差額亦於其他全面 收益內確認。

綜合賬目時,海外業務之收支項 目以年度內平均匯率換算為本 集團之呈報貨幣(即港元),除非 期內匯率大幅波動,則按進行該 等交易時之相若匯率換算。所有 海外業務之資產及負債均以報 告期末之匯率換算。所產生之匯 兑差額(如有),於其他全面收益 確認,並累計至權益入賬為匯兑 儲備(歸屬於非控股權益(如適 用))。於換算構成本集團所涉海 外業務之部分投資淨額之長期貨 幣項目時,在集團實體之獨立財 務報表之損益內確認之匯兑差額 則重新分類至其他全面收益,並 累計至權益入賬為匯兑儲備。

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# (4) MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

#### 4.12 Foreign currency (Continued)

On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative exchange differences recognised in the foreign currency translation reserve relating to that operation up to the date of disposal are reclassified to profit or loss as part of the profit or loss on disposal.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments on identifiable assets acquired arising on an acquisition of a foreign operation on or after 1 January 2005 are treated as assets and liabilities of that foreign operation and translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of reporting period. Exchange differences arising are recognised in the foreign currency translation reserve.

#### 4.13 Employee benefits

#### (i) Short term employee benefits

Short term employee benefits are employee benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly before twelve months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service. Short term employee benefits are recognised in the year when the employees render the related service.

#### (ii) Retirement benefit costs

Payments to state-managed retirement benefit schemes and the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

#### Long Service Payment

The estimated amount of future benefit in respect of LSP obligation is determined after deducting the negative service cost arising from the accrued benefits derived from the group's MPF contributions that have been vested with employees, which are deemed to be contributions from relevant employees.

#### (iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised on the earlier of when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when the Group recognises restructuring costs involving the payment of termination benefits.

# (4) 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 4.12 外幣(續)

出售海外業務時,匯兑儲備內確 認該業務截至出售日期止之累計 匯兑差額將重新分類至損益,作 為出售溢利或虧損之一部分。

於二零零五年一月一日或以後, 收購海外業務產生之有關所 購可識別資產之商譽及公平值 整乃視為該海外業務之資產及 債,並按於報告期末之現行匯率 進行換算。產生之匯兑差額乃於 匯兑儲備內確認。

#### 4.13僱員福利

#### (i) 短期僱員福利

短期僱員福利為預期於僱員提供相關服務之年度報告期末後十二個月之前悉數結清之僱員福利(終止福利除外)。短期僱員福利於僱員提供相關服務之年度內確認。

#### (ii) 退休福利成本

於僱員提供服務且有權獲得供款時,向國家管理之退休福利計劃及強制性公積金計劃之供款被確認為開支。

#### 長期服務金

有關長期服務金義務的未來福利估計金額乃於扣除本集團已歸屬於僱員的強積金供款(被視為相關僱員的供款)所產生的應計福利的負服務成本後釐定。

#### (iii) 終止福利

終止福利於本集團不能取 消提供該等福利時及本集 團確認重組成本(涉及支付 終止福利)時(以較早日期 為準)確認。

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# (4) MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (Continued)

#### 4.14 Impairment of assets (other than financial assets)

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of the following assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss or an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- property, plant and equipment/investment property under cost model:
- right-of-use assets; and
- investments in subsidiaries and an associate.

If the recoverable amount (i.e. the greater of the fair value less costs of disposal and value in use) of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.

Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or cash generating unit.

# (4) 重大會計政策資料(續)

# 4.14資產減值(金融資產除外)

於各報告期末,本集團檢討下列 資產之賬面值,以釐定是否有任 何跡象顯示該等資產已出現減值 虧損或禍往確認之減值虧損不再 存在或可能已經減少:

- 成本模式項下的物業、廠房 及設備/投資物業;
- 使用權資產;及
- 於附屬公司及一間聯營公 司之投資。

倘資產之可收回金額(即公平值 減出售成本與使用價值之較大 者)估計少於其賬面值,該資產 之賬面值將減至其可收回金額。 減值虧損即時確認為開支。

倘其後撥回減值虧損,則該項資 產之賬面值回升至經修訂後之估 計可收回金額,惟增加後之賬面 值不能超過倘該資產於過往年度 並無確認減值虧損而原應獲釐定 之賬面值。減值虧損撥回即時確 認為收入。

使用價值乃根據預期自資產產牛 之估計日後現金流量,並使用反 映當前市場對金錢時間價值之評 估及該資產或現金產生單位獨有 之風險之稅前折現率將其折現至 現值。

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# (4) MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (Continued)

#### 4.15 Borrowing cost

All borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

#### 4.16 Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, which it is probable will result in an outflow of economic benefits that can be reliably estimated.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, the existence of which will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

A contingent liability is a present obligation arising from past events but is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

Where the Group is jointly and severally liable for an obligation, the part of the obligation that is expected to be met by other parties is treated as a contingent liability and it is not recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

The Group assesses continually to determine whether an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits has become probable. If it becomes probable that an outflow of future economic benefits will be required for an item previously dealt with as a contingent liability, a provision is recognised in the consolidated financial statements in the reporting period in which the change in probability occurs, except in the extremely rare circumstances where no reliable estimate can be made.

# (4) 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 4.15借款成本

所有借款成本於其產生期間於損 益內確認。

#### 4.16 撥備及或然負債

當本集團因過往事件須負上法律 或推定責任而可能導致流出經濟 利益,且該經濟利益能夠可靠估 計時,則會就未能確定時間或金 額之負債確認撥備。

倘不太可能需要流出經濟利益, 或該金額未能可靠估計,則該責 任將披露為或然負債,惟流出經 濟利益之機會極微則除外。僅以 發生或無發生一項或多項日後事 件方可確定是否存在之可能責 任,亦會披露為或然負債,惟流 出經濟利益之機會極微則除外。

或然負債指因過去事件而產生之 現有責任,但由於不可能需要流 出帶有經濟利益之資源以承擔責 任或有關責任金額未能足夠可靠 計量而未有確認。

倘本集團須共同及個別承擔責 任,則預期由其他方承擔之部分 責任則會視作或然負債,並不會 於綜合財務報表內確認。

本集團會持續評估以斷定有否 可能流出帶有經濟利益之資源。 倘有可能需要就一項先前視作或 然負債處理之項目流出未來經濟 利益,則會於出現可能性變動之 呈報期內在綜合財務報表確認撥 備,除非出現無法作出可靠估計 之極端罕見情況則作別論。

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# (4) MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (Continued)

#### 4.17 Government grants

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions.

Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate.

Government grants relating to property, plant and equipment are included in non-current liabilities as deferred income on government grants and are credited to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the expected lives of the related assets.

#### 4.18 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Group's and the Company's financial statements in the year in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders or directors, where appropriate.

#### 4.19 Related parties

- A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
  - has control or joint control over the Group; (i)
  - has significant influence over the Group; or (ii)
  - is a member of key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.

# (4) 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 4.17政府補助

當能合理確定將收到政府之補 助,而本集團將遵守所有附帶條 件時,補助按其公平值確認。

有關成本之政府補助將被遞延, 並於將有關補助與其擬定補償之 成本配對所需之期間內在綜合損 益及其他全面收益表予以確認。

有關物業、廠房及設備之政府補 助被納入非流動負債列為有關政 府補助之遞延收入,並於有關資 產之預期年限內按直線基準計入 綜合損益及其他全面收益表。

#### 4.18股息分派

本公司股東之股息分派於本集團 及本公司之年度內財務報表中被 確認為負債,其中股息由本公司 股東或董事(倘合嫡)批准。

#### 4.19 關聯方

- 倘屬以下人士,則該人士 或該人士之近親與本集團 有關:
  - 控制或共同控制本 集團;
  - 對本集團有重大影 (ii) 響;或
  - 為本集團或本集團母 公司之主要管理層 成員。

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) 给合財教起事附款(德)

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度



# (4) MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

#### 4.19 Related parties (Continued)

- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions apply:
  - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
  - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
  - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
  - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
  - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of the employees of the Group or an entity related to the Group.
  - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
  - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
  - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the Group's parent.

# (4) 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 4.19 關聯方(續)

- (b) 倘符合下列任何條件,則該 實體與本集團有關:
  - (i) 該實體與本集團屬同 一集團之成員公司(即 各母公司、附屬公司 及同系附屬公司彼此 間有關)。
  - (ii) 一間實體為另一實體 之聯營公司或合營企 業(或另一實體為成員 公司之集團旗下成員 公司之聯營公司或合 營企業)。
  - (iii) 兩間實體均為同一第 三方之合營企業。
  - (iv) 一間實體為第三方實體之合營企業,而另一實體為該第三方實體之聯營公司。
  - (v) 實體為本集團或與本 集團有關之實體就僱 員利益設立之離職福 利計劃。
  - (vi) 實體受(a)內識別人士 控制或共同控制。
  - (vii) (a)(i)內識別人士對實體有重大影響力或屬該實體(或該實體之母公司)之主要管理層成員。
  - (viii) 向本集團或向本集團 之母公司提供主要管 理人員服務之實體或 其所屬集團之任何成 員公司。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度





# (4) MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY **INFORMATION** (Continued)

- 4.19 Related parties (Continued)
  - (Continued)

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity and include:

- that person's children and spouse or domestic partner:
- children of that person's spouse or domestic partner; and
- dependents of that person or that person's spouse or domestic partner.

# (4) 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 4.19 關聯方(續)

(續) (b)

> 任何人士之近親是指與該 實體交易時預期可影響該 名人士或受該人士影響之 家庭成員,包括:

- 該人士之子女及配偶 或同住伴侶;
- 該人士之配偶或同住 (ii) 伴侶之子女;及
- 該人士或該人士之配 偶或同住伴侶之受 養人。

# (5) CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's material accounting policies which are described in note 4, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

# (5) 重大會計判斷及估計不明朗 因素之主要來源

在應用附註4所述本集團重大會計政 策時,董事須對未能輕易地從其他來 源確定之資產及負債賬面值作出判 斷、估計及假設。該等估計及相關假 設是根據過往經驗及被認為相關之其 他因素而作出。實際結果或會與該等 估計有所不同。

該等估計及相關假設會持續地檢討。 若估計修訂只影響作出修訂的期間, 則會計估計之修訂會於該期內確認; 或如該估計修訂影響本期及未來期 間,則會計估計之修訂會於修訂期內 及未來期間確認。

下文載列於報告期末所作出有關未來 之主要假設及估計不確定因素之其他 主要來源,該等假設及來源有相當風 險導致須於下個財政年度內就資產及 負債之賬面值作出重大調整。

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度



# (5) CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION **UNCERTAINTY** (Continued)

Impairment of interest in an associate

The Group's interest in an associate represents interest in Smart Ascent Limited and its subsidiaries (the "Smart Ascent Group"). The major asset held by the Smart Ascent Group is an intangible asset in relation to an in-process research and development project (the "In-process R&D") involving an oral insulin product (the "Product"). As at 31 March 2024, the Group's interest in an associate is amounted to HK\$314,241,000 (2023: HK\$316,516,000). The directors of the Company have performed an impairment assessment on the Group's interest in an associate as at 31 March 2024 and 2023, with reference to a valuation report prepared by an independent qualified valuer and are of the view that no impairment is required for both years.

In making the assessment, key assumptions adopted by the management include that Smart Ascent Group would be successful in completing the clinical trials, obtaining the regulatory approvals from the relevant government bodies and launching the Product.

Impairment losses on trade receivables, loan to an associate and amount due from an associate

The impairment losses on trade receivables, loan to an associate and amount due from an associate of the Group amounted to HK\$89,000 (2023: HK\$795,000), HK\$3,409,000 (2023: HK\$854,000) and HK\$1,785,000 (2023: reversal of HK\$155,000) respectively which are estimated based on the evaluation of collectability and ageing analysis performed by the management. A considerable amount of judgement is required in assessing the ultimate realisation of these receivables, including the current creditworthiness and the past collection history of each counterparty. If the financial conditions of customers or an associate of the Group were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional allowances may be required.

### (5) 重大會計判斷及估計不明朗 因素之主要來源(續)

於一間聯營公司之權益減值

本集團於一間聯營公司之權益指於 進生有限公司及其附屬公司(「進生集 團」)之權益。進生集團所持之主要資 產為有關進行中之研究及開發項目 (「進行中之研發」)之無形資產,當中 涉及口服胰島素產品(「產品」)。於二 零二四年三月三十一日,本集團於一 間聯營公司之權益為314,241,000港元 (二零二三年:316,516,000港元)。本 公司董事已經參考獨立合資格估值師 編製之估值報告,就本集團於二零二 四年及二零二三年三月三十一日於一 間聯營公司之權益進行減值評估,並 認為毋須就兩個年度作出減值。

在 進行 評估時,管理層所應用之主要 假設包括進生集團將成功完成臨床試 驗、取得有關政府監管部門批准並推 出產品。

貿易應收賬款、貸款予一間聯 營公司及應收一間聯營公司款 項之減值虧損

本集團之貿易應收賬款、貸款予一間 聯營公司及應收一間聯營公司款項之 減值虧損分別為89,000港元(二零二三 年:795,000港元)、3,409,000港元(二 零二三年:854,000港元)及1,785,000 港元(二零二三年: 撥回155,000港 元),其乃基於管理層作出之可收回性 評估及賬齡分析而估計。於評估該等 應收款項最終變現價值時,須作出大 量判斷,包括各交易對手方現時之信 譽及過往還款記錄。倘本集團客戶或 聯營公司之財務狀況惡化,導致其還 款能力下降,則或須作出額外撥備。

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度





# (5) CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION **UNCERTAINTY** (Continued)

Fair value of investments in convertible bonds

The fair value of convertible bonds invested by the Group is calculated using valuation techniques. Valuation techniques are certified by independent qualified valuers before being implemented for valuation and are calibrated to ensure that outputs reflect market conditions. Valuation models established by valuers make the maximum use of market inputs and rely as little as possible on the Group's specific data. The model involves estimates on time to expiration, risk free rate, share price, volatility, discount rate and others. As at 31 March 2024, the carrying amount of the convertible bonds as a whole invested by the Group is HK\$660,564,000 (2023: HK\$793,530,000).

# (5) 重大會計判斷及估計不明朗 因素之主要來源(續)

可換股債券投資之公平值

本集團投資之可換股債券之公平值乃 採用估值法計算。估值法經獨立合資 格估值師於估值前核實並予以調整, 以確保得出之數據反映市況。估值師 確定之估值模式會充分利用市場輸入 數據而盡量少依賴本集團之特定數 據。該模式涉及對到期時間、無風險 利率、股價、波動、貼現率及其他因 素之估計。於二零二四年三月三十一 日,本集團投資之可換股債券之整體 賬面值為660,564,000港元(二零二三 年:793,530,000港元)。

# (6) REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

Revenue for the year represents the fair value of amounts received and receivable for goods sold to external customers, less discounts and sales-related taxes for the year, and is analysed as follows:

# (6) 收益及分類資料

年度內收益指向外間客戶出售貨品而 已收及應收款項之公平值扣除年度內 之折扣及銷售相關税項,分析如下:

		<b>2024</b> 二零二四年 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trading of pharmaceutical products  Manufacturing of pharmaceutical products	藥品貿易 製造藥品	12 59,086	4 72,573
		59,098	72,577

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## (6) REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Revenue expected to be recognised in the future arising from contracts with customers in existence at the reporting date:

The Group has applied the practical expedient in paragraph 121 of HKFRS 15 and therefore the information about the remaining performance obligation is not disclosed for contracts that have an original expected duration of one year or less and also for those performance obligation which are regarded as satisfied as invoiced.

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The chief operating decision maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board that makes strategic decisions.

The Group's operating businesses are structured and managed separately, according to the nature of their operations and the products they provide. Each of the Group's operating segments represents a strategic business unit that offers products which are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of the other business segments. Summarised details of the reportable and operating segments are as follows:

- the manufacturing segment engages in the development, (a) manufacture and sales of pharmaceutical products ("Manufacturing");
- the trading segment engages in the marketing and distribution of imported pharmaceutical products ("Trading"); and
- the gene development segment engages in the (C) commercial exploitation and development of genomerelated technology ("Gene Development").

# (6) 收益及分類資料(續)

於報告日期存續的客戶合約所產生預 期於日後確認之收益:

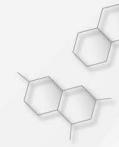
本集團已應用香港財務報告準則第15 號第121段的實際可行權宜情況,故並 無就原先預期期限為一年或以內及其 履約責任被視為已按發票達成之合約 披露有關餘下履約責任之資料。

經營分類按照與向首席營運決策者提 供之內部報告貫徹一致之方式報告。 負責分配資源及評估經營分類表現的 首席營運決策者已被識別為作出戰略 決策的董事會。

本集團之經營業務乃按照其業務性質 及所提供之產品獨立分類及管理。本 集團各經營分類乃提供產品之策略性 業務單位,各業務分類之風險及回報 不盡相同。可呈報及經營分類之概要 詳情如下:

- 製造分類從事開發、製造及銷售 (a) 藥品(「製造」);
- 貿易分類從事推廣及分銷進口藥 (b) 品(「貿易」);及
- 基因開發分類從事基因相關 (C) 技術之商業開發及發展(「基因 開發」)。





For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

# (6) REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

# (6) 收益及分類資料(續)

Segment revenue and results

分類收益及業績

The following is the Group's revenue and results from operation by reportable and operating segment.

以下為本集團按可呈報及經營分類劃 分之經營收益及業績。

		Manufac 製装	•	Trad 貿!	•	Gene Deve 基因	•	Tot 總言	
		2024	2023 二零二三年		2023 二零二三年		2023 二零二三年		2023 二零二三年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	<b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	<b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	<b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	收益								
Sales to external customers	向外間客戶銷售	59,086	72,573	12	4	_	_	59,098	72,577
Segment results	分類業績	6,804	2,135	(3,276)	(3,354)	(85)	(91)	3,443	(1,310)
Unallocated other income	未分配之其他收入							6,203	3,707
Unallocated other gains and losses, net	未分配之其他收益 及虧損淨額							(138,127)	157,965
Corporate expenses Effective interest expense on convertible bonds	企業開支 可換股債券之實際 利息開支							(10,246)	(10,069)
Share of results of an associate	應佔一間聯營公司 業績							(2,275)	(3,849)
(Loss)/profit before income tax	除所得税前 (虧損)/溢利							(450 500)	120.001
Income tax expense	所得税開支							(159,509)	130,901 (1,128)
(Loss)/profit for the year	本年度(虧損)/ 溢利							(161,640)	129,773

Segment profit/(loss) represents the profit earned by/(loss from) each segment without allocation of interest income, other gains and losses (exclude (provision for)/reversal of impairment loss on trade and other receivables), net, corporate expenses, effective interest expense on convertible bonds and share of results of an associate. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker, being the Board, for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment.

分類溢利/(虧損)指在並無分配利息 收入、其他收益及虧損(不包括貿易 應收賬款及其他應收款項之減值虧損 (撥備)/撥回)淨額、企業開支、可換 股債券之實際利息開支及應佔一間聯 營公司業績之情況下,各分類賺取之 溢利/(產生之虧損)。此乃就資源分 配及表現評估呈報予首席營運決策者 (即董事會)的計量方式。

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## (6) REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

# (6) 收益及分類資料(續)

Segment assets and liabilities

The following is the Group's assets and liabilities by reportable and operating segment.

## 分類資產及負債

以下為本集團按可呈報及經營分類劃 分之資產及負債。

		Manufa	cturing	Trac	ling	Gene Dev	elopment	To	tal
		製造		貿易		基因開發		總	計
		2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000						
		千港元	千港元						
Segment assets	分類資產								
Segment assets	分類資產	163,334	176,617	43,518	45,827	15	15	206,867	222,459
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss — investments in	按公平值計入損益之 金融資產一可換		- 7	.,.	- 7,-			,	,
convertible bonds	股債券投資							660,564	793,530
Interest in an associate	於一間聯營公司							,	,
	之權益							314,241	316,516
Corporate and other assets	企業及其他資產							105,517	112,369
Total assets	資產總額							1,287,189	1,444,874
Segment liabilities	分類負債								
Segment liabilities	分類負債	52,128	57,917	574	709	64	64	52,766	58,690
Convertible bonds	可換股債券							117,124	98,617
Corporate and other liabilities	企業及其他負債							4,688	5,997
Total liabilities	負債總額							174,578	163,304

For the purposes of monitoring segment performance and allocating resources between segments:

- all assets are allocated to operating segments other than financial assets at fair value through profit or loss investments in convertible bonds, interest in an associate and corporate and other assets; and
- all liabilities are allocated to operating segments other than convertible bonds and corporate and other liabilities.

就監察分類表現及於分類間分配資源 而言:

- 除按公平值計入損益之金融資 產一可換股債券投資、於一間聯 營公司之權益以及企業及其他資 產外,所有資產均分配至經營分 類;及
- 除可換股債券以及企業及其他 負債外,所有負債均分配至經營 分類。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度





# (6) REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

# (6) 收益及分類資料(續)

Other segment information

其他分類資料

		Manufa 製	•	Trac	•	Gene Dev 基因		Tot 總	
		2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元 ————	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Addition of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備增加	1,202	6,617	_	_	_	-	1,202	6,617
Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or loss:	計入分類溢利或 虧損計量之數額:								
Depreciation and amortisation Unallocated depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷 未分配折舊及攤銷	7,301	6,660	1,612	1,507	-	_	8,913 132	8,167 630
								9,045	8,797
Provision for impairment loss on trade	貿易應收賬款減值								
receivables, net	<b>虧損撥備淨額</b>	89	795	-	_	-	_	89	795
Reversal of written off on other receivables	其他應收款項撤銷 撥回	(134)	(787)	_	-	_	_	(134)	(787)
(Reversal of)/allowance for obsolete inventories, net	陳舊存貨(撥回)/ 撥備淨額	(180)	115	_	-	_	_	(180)	115

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# (6) REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

# Geographical information

The Group's operations are located in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") (Country of domicile) and Hong Kong.

Information about the Group's revenue from external customers is presented based on the location of the customers and distributors. Information about the Group's non-current assets is presented based on the geographical location of the assets.

# (6) 收益及分類資料(續)

#### 地理資料

本集團之業務位於中華人民共和國 (「中國」)(所在國)及香港。

有關來自外間客戶之本集團收益之資 料乃按客戶及經銷商所在地呈列。有 關本集團非流動資產之資料乃按資產 所在地理位置呈列。

# Revenue from ternal customers

		external c	ustomers	Non-current assets			
		來自外間客	戶之收益	非流動資產			
		2024	2023	2024	2023		
		二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二四年	二零二三年		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元		
	'						
Hong Kong	香港	12	4	2,894	4,507		
The PRC	中國	59,086	72,573	446,220	468,105		
		59,098	72,577	449,114	472,612		

Note: Non-current assets exclude financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and deferred tax assets.

Information about major customers

No individual customer accounted for over 10% of the Group's total revenue for both years.

附註:非流動資產不包括按公平值計入損益 之金融資產及遞延税項資產。

#### 主要客戶資料

於該兩個年度內,概無個別客戶之收益佔本集團總收益超過10%。



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# (7) OTHER INCOME

# (7) 其他收入

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Bank interest income Rental income Government grants (note) Loan interest income from an associate	銀行利息收入 租賃收入 政府補助(附註) 來自一間聯營公司之貸款利息	4,611 414 117	2,126 437 284
	收入	1,061	860
		6,203	3,707

Note: Government grants of approximately HK\$117,000 (2023: HK\$123,000) recognised as other income are awarded to the Group by the PRC government as incentives primarily to encourage the development of the Group and the contribution to the local economic development. The remaining balances are related to the acquisition of property, plant and equipment (see details in note 34), which are one-off with no specific condition attached for both years.

附註:確認為其他收入之政府補助約117,000 港元(二零二三年:123,000港元)乃中 國政府給予本集團之撥款作為激勵, 主要用於鼓勵本集團發展及對當地經 濟發展作出貢獻。餘下結餘乃與收購物 業、廠房及設備有關(詳情見附註34), 其於兩個年度均為一次性撥款,並無附 帶特別條件。

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# (8) OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES, NET

# (8) 其他收益及虧損淨額

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Change in fair value on financial assets at	按公平值計入損益之金融資產		
fair value through profit or loss	公平值變動一可換股債券投資		
<ul> <li>investments in convertible bonds</li> </ul>		(132,966)	158,623
Change in fair value on financial assets at	按公平值計入損益之金融資產		
fair value through profit or loss	公平值變動一短期投資		
<ul> <li>short term investment</li> </ul>		33	41
Provision for impairment loss on loan to an	貸款予一間聯營公司之減值虧損		
associate	撥備	(3,409)	(854)
(Provision for)/reversal of impairment loss on	應收一間聯營公司款項之減值		
amount due from an associate	虧損(撥備)/撥回	(1,785)	155
Reversal of written off on other receivables	其他應收款項撇銷撥回	134	787
Provision for impairment loss on trade	貿易應收賬款減值虧損撥備淨額		
receivables, net		(89)	(795)
		(138,082)	157,957

綜合財務報表附註(續)

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#### (9) (LOSS)/PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX

#### (9) 除所得税前(虧損)/溢利

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
(Loss)/profit before income tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):	除所得税前(虧損)/溢利已扣除/(計入)下列各項:		
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金	800	800
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	1,759	2,151
Depreciation of investment properties	投資物業折舊	132	132
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	7,154	6,514
Cost of inventories recognised as expenses	確認為費用之存貨成本(附註)		
(note)		13,723	20,646
Research and development cost	研發成本	194	881
(Reversal of)/allowance for obsolete	陳舊存貨(撥回)/撥備淨額		
inventories, net		(180)	115
Staff costs (including directors' emoluments)	員工成本(包括董事薪酬)		
Salaries and allowances	薪金及津貼	17,417	18,874
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	退休福利計劃供款	2,327	2,224

Note: The amount represents the cost of materials that used to produce the goods, excluding the direct labour costs and the manufacturing overheads.

附註:該金額指用於生產貨品的材料成本,不 包括直接人工成本及間接製造成本。

#### (10) FINANCE COSTS

#### (10) 財務成本

		<b>2024</b> 二零二四年 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest expenses on convertible bonds Interest expenses on lease liabilities	可換股債券利息開支 租賃負債利息開支	18,507 294	15,544 92
		18,801	15,636

綜合財務報表附註(續) For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度





#### (11) DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S **EMOLUMENTS**

Guo Yi was appointed on 14 April 2023.

Directors' and chief executive's remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the applicable Listing Rules and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance is as follows:

## (11) 董事及最高行政人員酬金

本年度根據適用上市規則及香港公司 條例披露的董事及最高行政人員薪酬 如下:

							Contributions	to retirement		
			Fe	es	Salaries and	l allowance	benefit s	scheme	Tot	tal
			袍	金	薪金及	<b>注</b> 點	退休福利	計劃供款	總	Ħ
			2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
			二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二四年	二零二三年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Name of director	董事姓名									
Xie Yi	謝毅	(a)	70	70	1,316	1,316	-	_	1,386	1,386
Lou Yi	樓屹	(a)	70	70	487	487	-	_	557	557
Cheng Yong	程勇	(a)	70	70	643	643	-	_	713	713
Wong Sau Kuen	王秀娟	(a)	70	70	852	852	18	18	940	940
Liu Kwok Wah	廖國華	(a), (c)	-	105	_	728	_	9	_	842
Fang Lin Hu	方林虎	(b)	70	70	_	_	_	_	70	70
Xue Jing Lun	薛京倫	(b), (d)	-	118	_	_	_	_	_	118
Jin Song	金松	(b)	70	70	-	_	_	_	70	70
Guo Yi	郭懿	(b), (e)	-	_	-	_	-	_	-	_
			420	643	3,298	4,026	18	27	3,736	4,696

Notes		附註	: -
(a)	Executive directors	(a)	執行董事
(b)	Independent non-executive directors	(b)	獨立非執行董事
(c)	Liu Kwok Wah resigned on 30 September 2022.	(c)	廖國華於二零二二年九月三十日辭任。
	The amount of fees included payable for the period from 1 April 2022 to 30 September 2022.		袍金金額包括由二零二二年四月一日 至二零二二年九月三十日期間的應付 款項。
(d)	Xue Jing Lun passed away on 4 December 2022.	(d)	薛京倫於二零二二年十二月四日辭世。
	The amount of fees included payable for the period from 1 April 2022 to 4 December 2022.		袍金金額包括由二零二二年四月一日 至二零二二年十二月四日期間的應付 款項。

郭懿於二零二三年四月十四日獲委任。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度



# (11) DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

Xie Yi is also the chief executive officer of the Company ("CEO") and his emoluments disclosed above include those for services rendered by him as the CEO.

The executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services in connection with the management of the affairs.

The independent non-executive directors' emoluments shown above are for their services as the directors of the Company.

No emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the directors as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office for both years. None of the directors has waived or agreed to waive any emoluments for both years.

# (12) FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

(a) The five highest paid individuals

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, four (2023: five) were directors of the Company whose emoluments are included in the disclosures in note 11 above.

#### (11) 董事及最高行政人員 酬金(續)

謝毅亦為本公司行政總裁(「行政總裁」),其上述披露酬金包括其作為行政總裁所提供服務之酬金。

上述執行董事酬金乃就彼等提供有關管理事宜的服務發出。

上述獨立非執行董事酬金乃就彼等擔 任本公司董事的服務發出。

於該兩個年度內,本集團並無向任何 董事支付酬金,作為加入本集團或入 職時之獎勵或作為離職補償。於該兩 個年度內,概無任何董事放棄或同意 放棄收取任何酬金。

#### (12) 五位最高薪酬人士

(a) 五位最高薪酬人士

本集團五位最高薪酬人士中四名 (二零二三年:五名)為本公司董 事,彼等之酬金載列於上文附註 11之披露內。

> 2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000

Salaries and allowance 薪金及津貼
Retirement benefit scheme contributions 退休福利計劃供款

514 18

千港元

532

The emoluments of each of the above highest paid individuals (excluding the directors of the Company) were all within the following bands:

上述各最高薪酬人士(不包括本公司董事)之酬金介乎下列範圍內:

2024

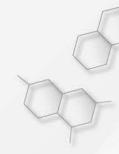
二零二四年

Nil to HK\$1,000,000 零至1,000,000港元 **1** 

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度





#### (12) FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS (Continued)

#### The five highest paid individuals (Continued)

During both years, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office, and no highest paid individual has waived or, agreed to waive any emoluments.

#### (b) Share option scheme

On 24 August 2012, the shareholders of the Company approved the adoption of a share option scheme, which had a term of 10 years commencing on the effective adoption date of 29 August 2012, and expired on 28 August 2022 (the "Old Scheme"). No share options had been granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed under the Old Scheme.

On 30 August 2022, the shareholders of the Company approved the adoption of a new share option scheme (the "New Scheme") which became effective on 2 September 2022 upon obtaining listing approval from the Stock Exchange, and unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from that date.

The New Scheme provides the Company with a flexible means of giving incentives or rewards to the eligible participants, for their contribution and/or potential contribution to the long-term growth of the Group. In accordance with the applicable requirements of the Listing Rules, eligible participants of the New Scheme include directors and employees of the Group and of its related entities.

The total number of shares available for issue under the New Scheme is 239,000,000 (2023: 239,000,000) shares at 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2024, representing 10% of the Company's shares in issue as at the date of passing the relevant resolution approving the New Scheme.

## (12) 五位最高薪酬人士(續)

#### (a) 五位最高薪酬人士(續)

於該兩個年度內,本集團並無向 五位最高薪酬人士支付酬金,作 為加入本集團或入職時之獎勵或 離職補償,及概無最高薪酬人士 放棄或同意放棄任何酬金。

#### (b) 購股權計劃

於二零一二年八月二十四日,本 公司股東批准採納一項購股權 計劃(「舊計劃」),該計劃的有效 期為10年,自採納日期二零一二 年八月二十九日起生效,並於二 零二二年八月二十八日止到期。 概無任何購股權根據舊計劃獲授 出、行使、註銷或失效。

於二零二二年八月三十日,本公 司股東批准採納一項新購股權計 劃(「新計劃」),經聯交所作出上 市批准後,該計劃於二零二二年 九月二日生效,且有效期為自該 日起10年,除非另行註銷或修訂 則另當別論。

新計劃令本公司更為靈活,可向 曾為及/或可能為本集團長期發 展作出貢獻的合資格參與者給予 激勵或獎勵。根據上市規則的適 用規定,新計劃的合資格參與者 包括本集團及其關聯實體的董事 及僱員。

於二零二三年三月三十一日及 二零二四年三月三十一日,新 計劃項下可供發行的股份總數 為239,000,000(二零二三年: 239,000,000) 股,相當於批准新 計劃的相關決議案通過當日本公 司已發行股份的10%。

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度



#### (12) FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS (Continued)

#### (b) Share option scheme (Continued)

Unless approved by the Company's shareholders, the total number of shares issued and which may fall to be issued upon exercise of the options granted under the New Scheme to each eligible participant (including both exercised and outstanding options) in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the Company's shares in issue. Share options granted to a director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company, or to any of their respective associates, are subject to approval by the independent non-executive directors. In addition, any share options granted to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company, or to any of their associates, in excess of 0.1% of the Company's shares in issue over any 12-month period, are subject to shareholders' approval.

The offer of a grant of share options may be accepted in writing within 21 days from the date of the offer, upon payment of nominal consideration of HK\$1 in total by the grantee. The exercise period of the share options granted shall be determined by the directors at their absolute discretion, but in any event shall not be more than 10 years from the date of the offer of the share options. The vesting period for the share options shall not be less than 12 months.

The exercise price of the share options is determinable by the directors, but shall not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet on the date of grant; (ii) the average closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of the Company's shares on the date of grant.

#### (12) 五位最高薪酬人士(續)

#### (b) 購股權計劃(續)

承授人可於建議日期起計21日內,於支付合共1港元之象徵稅代價後,以書面接納授出購股權之建議。所授出購股權之行論計 由董事全權酌情決定,惟無論即何不得遲於購股權建議日期起計 10年。購股權的歸屬期不得少於 12個月。

購股權之行使價可由董事釐定,惟不得低於以下三者中之最者:(i)本公司股份於授出日期在聯交所每日報價表所報之收的價:(ii)本公司股份於緊接授出日期前五個營業日在聯交所每日報價表所報之平均收市價:及(iii)本公司股份於授出日期之面值。

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度





#### (12) FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS (Continued)

#### (b) Share option scheme (Continued)

Share options do not confer rights on the holders to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meeting.

From the effective date of the New Scheme and Old Scheme to 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023, no share options have been granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed under the New Scheme and Old Scheme.

#### Retirement benefit schemes

The Group has joined a mandatory provident fund scheme (the "MPF Scheme") for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong. The MPF Scheme is registered with the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme Authority under the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme Ordinance. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in funds under the control of an independent trustee. Under the rules of the MPF Scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the scheme at rates specified in the rules. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the MPF Scheme is to make the required contributions under the scheme. Under the MPF Scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contribution to the MPF Scheme at 5% of the employees' relevant income subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$30,000. Contributions to the MPF Scheme vest immediately.

The retirement benefits cost of the MPF Scheme charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income represents contributions payable to the fund by the Group at rates specified in the rules of the scheme.

# (12) 五位最高薪酬人士(續) (b) 購股權計劃(續)

購股權並不賦予持有人獲分派股 息或於股東大會投票之權利。

自新計劃及舊計劃生效日期至二 零二四年三月三十一日及二零二 三年三月三十一日止期間,概無 購股權根據新計劃及舊計劃獲授 出、行使、註銷或失效。

#### (c) 退休福利計劃

本集團已參加為所有香港合資格 僱員而設之強制性公積金計劃 (「強積金計劃」)。強積金計劃乃 根據強制性公積金計劃條例於強 制性公積金計劃管理局登記。強 積金計劃之資產與本集團之資產 分開持有,於基金之資產由獨立 受託人控制。根據強積金計劃之 規則,僱主及其僱員分別須向計 劃作出按規則指定之比率計算之 供款。本集團有關強積金計劃之 唯一責任為根據計劃作出規定供 款。根據強積金計劃,僱主及其 僱員均須按僱員相關收入的5% 向強積金計劃作出供款,每月相 關收入上限為30,000港元。強積 金計劃的供款即時歸屬。

於綜合損益及其他全面收益表中 扣除之強積金計劃退休福利成本 指本集團按計劃規則指定比率應 付基金之供款。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度



#### (12) FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS (Continued)

#### (c) Retirement benefit schemes (Continued)

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries in the PRC are members of the state-sponsored retirement benefit scheme organised by the relevant local government authority in the PRC. The subsidiaries are required to contribute, based on a certain percentage of the salaries of its employees, to the retirement benefit scheme and have no further obligations for the actual payment of pensions or post-retirement benefits beyond the annual contributions. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed in the central pension scheme. The Group has no forfeiture of pension scheme contributions (i.e. contributions processed by the employer on behalf of the employee who has exited the scheme prior to vesting of such contributions). As at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023, no forfeited contribution under the pension scheme of the Group is available for deduction of contribution payable in coming years.

#### (12) 五位最高薪酬人士(續)

#### (c) 退休福利計劃(續)

本集團之中國附屬公司僱員為由 中國有關地方政府機關組織之國 家管理退休福利計劃成員。附屬 公司須按其僱員薪金之若干百分 比向退休福利計劃供款,除每年 供款外,並無任何實際支付退休 金或退休後福利之進一步責任。 於中央退休金計劃供款時,本集 團的僱主供款悉數歸屬於僱員。 本集團並無沒收退休金計劃供 款(即在該供款歸屬前由僱主代 表已退出該計劃的僱員處理的供 款)。於二零二四年三月三十一 日及二零二三年三月三十一日, 本集團並無退休金計劃下的已沒 收供款可用於扣除未來年度應付 供款。

#### (13) INCOME TAX EXPENSE

The amount of income tax expense in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income represents:

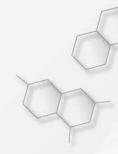
#### (13) 所得税開支

綜合損益及其他全面收益表中之所得 税開支款項指:

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Current tax	即期税項		
<ul><li>Hong Kong</li></ul>	一香港	_	_
<ul> <li>PRC Enterprise Income Tax</li> </ul>	一中國企業所得税	2,131	1,128
Income tax expense	所得税開支	2,131	1,128

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度





#### (13) INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Continued)

Under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime, the first HK\$2 million of assessable profits of a qualifying corporation will be taxed at 8.25%, and assessable profits above HK\$2 million will continue to be taxed at 16.5%. For the years ended 31 March 2024 and 2023, Hong Kong Profits Tax of the qualified entity of the Group is calculated in accordance with the two-tiered profits tax rates regime.

No provision of Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made for the year as no assessable profit subject to Hong Kong tax (2023: HK\$Nil).

Under the Law of the PRC on Enterprise Income Tax (the "EIT Law") and Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, the tax rate of the PRC subsidiaries is 25% (2023: 25%).

Taxation arising in other jurisdictions is calculated at the rates prevailing in the relevant jurisdictions.

The income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to the (loss)/profit before tax per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

#### (13) 所得税開支(續)

根據兩級利得稅稅率制度,合資格企業的應課稅溢利首2,000,000港元將按8.25%的稅率納稅,而超過2,000,000港元的應課稅溢利將繼續按16.5%的稅率納稅。截至二零二四年及二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,本集團合資格實體的香港利得稅乃根據兩級利得稅稅率制度計算。

由於並無須繳納香港税項的應課税溢利,故年內並無作出香港利得税撥備 (二零二三年:零港元)。

根據中國企業所得税法(「企業所得税法」)及企業所得税法實施條例,中國附屬公司之税率為25%(二零二三年:25%)。

於其他司法權區產生之稅項乃按有關 司法權區現行稅率計算。

年內所得税開支可按綜合損益及其 他全面收益表與除稅前(虧損)/溢利 對賬如下:

2024

2023

		二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
(Loss)/profit before income tax expense	除所得税開支前(虧損)/溢利	(159,509)	130,901
Tax at domestic income tax rate (2024: 25%; 2023: 25%)	按本地所得税税率計算之税項(二零二四年:25%;二零二三		
	年:25%)	(39,877)	32,725
Tax effect of expenses not deductible	不可扣税之開支之税務影響	36,824	1,474
Tax effect of income not taxable	不應課税之收入之税務影響	(1,489)	(26,732)
Utilisation of tax losses previously not	動用過往未確認税項虧損		
recognised		(1,649)	(863)
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	未確認税項虧損之税務影響	5,345	4,809
Tax effect of share of results of the associate	應佔一間聯營公司業績之税務		
	影響	569	962
Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries	於其他司法權區經營之附屬公司		
operating in other jurisdiction	不同税率之影響	2,408	(11,247)
Income tax expense	所得税開支	2,131	1,128

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度



#### (14) (LOSS)/EARINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted (loss)/earnings per share for the years ended 31 March 2024 and 2023 attributable to owners of the Company is based on the following data:

#### (14) 每股(虧損)/盈利

本公司擁有人應佔截至二零二四年及 二零二三年三月三十一日止年度之每 股基本及攤薄(虧損)/盈利乃按下列 數據計算:

> 2024 2023 二零二四年 二零二三年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元

(Loss)/earnings	(虧損)/盈利		
(Loss)/earnings for the purpose of basic	用於計算每股基本(虧損)/		
(loss)/earnings per share	盈利之(虧損)/盈利		
((loss)/profit for the year attributable to	(本公司擁有人應佔本年度		
owners of the Company)	(虧損)/溢利)	(162,949)	129,265
Effect of potential ordinary shares:	潛在普通股之影響:		
Interest on convertible bonds	可換股債券利息		15,543
(Loss)/earnings for the purpose of diluted	用於計算每股攤薄(虧損)/		
(loss)/earnings per share	盈利之(虧損)/盈利	(162,949)	144,808
		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		'000	'000
		千股 ————	千股
Number of shares	股份數目		
Weighted average number of ordinary	用於計算每股基本(虧損)/		
shares for the purpose of basic (loss)/	盈利之普通股加權平均數		
earnings per share		2,390,000	2,390,000
Effect of potential ordinary shares:	潛在普通股之影響:		
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	_	900,000
Weighted average number of ordinary	用於計算每股攤薄(虧損)/		
shares for the purpose of diluted (loss)/	盈利之普通股加權平均數		
earnings per share	血小足 自 地瓜 加惟 上 为 敛	2,390,000	3,290,000

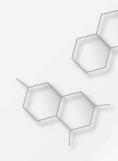
The computation of diluted loss per share for the year ended 31 March 2024 does not assume the conversion of the Company's outstanding convertible bonds since their assumed exercise would result in a decrease in loss per share, and therefore diluted loss per share is same as basic loss per share.

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度 的每股攤薄虧損的計算並無假設本公 司尚未行使可換股債券的轉換,因為 假設其行使將會導致每股虧損減少, 因此每股攤薄虧損與每股基本虧損 相同。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度





#### (15) DIVIDENDS

No dividend was paid or declared by the board of directors during the year ended 31 March 2024 (2023: nil), nor has any dividend been proposed since the end of reporting period.

# (15) 股息

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年 度,董事會並未派付或宣派任何股息 (二零二三年:無),而自報告期末以 來並無建議派付任何股息。

#### (16) INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

The Group leases out various offices under operating leases with fixed rentals payable monthly. The leases typically run for an initial period of five years (2023: five).

The Group is not exposed to foreign currency risk as a result of the lease arrangements, as all leases are denominated in the respective functional currencies of group entities. The lease contracts do not contain residual value guarantee and/or lessee's option to purchase the property at the end of lease term.

For the year ended 31 March 2024, the total cash inflow for leases is HK\$414,000 (2023: HK\$437,000).

#### (16) 投資物業

本集團根據經營租賃出租若干辦公 室,須按月支付固定租金。租賃的 初始期限一般為五年(二零二三年: 五年)。

本集團並未因租賃安排面臨外幣風 險,原因為所有租賃均以集團實體各 自的功能貨幣計值。租賃合約並無載 列剩餘價值擔保及/或承租人於租期 結束時購買物業的權利。

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年 度,和賃之現金流入總額為414.000港 元(二零二三年:437.000港元)。

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HK\$'000

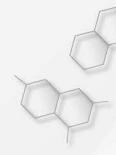
#### (16) INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

### (16) 投資物業(續)

		千港元
COST	成本	
At 1 April 2022, 31 March 2023, 1 April 2023	於二零二二年四月一日、二零二三年	
and 31 March 2024	三月三十一日、二零二三年四月一日及	
	二零二四年三月三十一日	18,000
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION AND	累計折舊及減值	
IMPAIRMENT		
At 1 April 2022	於二零二二年四月一日	15,319
At 31 March 2023 and 1 April 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日及二零二三年	
	四月一日	15,451
Charge for the year	本年度列支	132
At 31 March 2024	於二零二四年三月三十一日	15,583
NET CARRYING AMOUNT	賬面淨值	
At 31 March 2024	於二零二四年三月三十一日	2,417
At 31 March 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日	2,549

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#### (16) INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

The above investment properties are depreciated using the straight-line method, after taking into account their estimated residual value, over the lease terms of the leasehold land.

The Group's investment properties are located on land in the PRC with medium lease term.

The fair value of the Group's investment properties at 31 March 2024 amounting to HK\$7,185,000 (equivalent to RMB6,610,000) (2023: HK\$8,011,000 (equivalent to RMB7,210,000)) has been arrived at on the basis of valuation carried out for that date by Roma Appraisals Limited, an independent qualified valuer not connected with the Group. The valuation was arrived at by direct comparison approach with reference to market evidence of comparable transaction prices for similar properties as available in the relevant market.

The fair value of the Group's investment properties as at 31 March 2024 is a Level 3 (2023: Level 3) non-recurring fair value measurement and based on the properties highest and best use, which does not differ from their actual use. The valuation takes into account of the condition and location of the properties, in which the adjustments of comparable 1, comparable 2 and comparable 3 which are -7.4%, -7.3% and -4.7% (2023: -5%, -4.7% and 1.1%) respectively. There has been no change from the valuation technique used in the prior years.

#### (16) 投資物業(續)

上述投資物業經考慮其估計剩餘價 值後,於租賃土地之租期內以直線法 折舊。

本集團之投資物業位於中國,且為中 期和賃。

於二零二四年三月三十一日,本集團 之投資物業公平值為7,185,000港元 (相當於人民幣6.610,000元)(二零二 三年:8.011.000港元(相當於人民幣 7,210,000元)),金額乃按與本集團並 無關連之獨立合資格估值師羅馬國際 評估有限公司於該日進行之估值基準 達致。估值乃經參考相關市場中可得 之類似物業可資比較交易價格之市場 憑證後按直接比較法達致。

於二零二四年三月三十一日,本集 團之投資物業之公平值按第三級(二 零二三年:第三級)非經常性公平值 計量並基於物業得到完全充分使用 (與其實際用涂相同)。估值會計及物 業之狀況及位置,其中可資比較1、 可資比較2及可資比較3的調整分別 為-7.4%、-7.3%及-4.7%(二零二三 年:-5%、-4.7%及1.1%)。 所用估值 技術與過往年度相同。



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#### (17) PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

## (17)物業、廠房及設備

		Buildings 樓宇 HK\$'000 千港元	Plant and equipment 廠房及 設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Furniture, fixtures and equipment 傢俬、固定 裝置及設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Motor vehicles 汽車 HK\$'000 千港元	Construction in progress 在建工程 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
		17676	17670	17670	17670	17670	17670
COST	成本						
At 1 April 2022	於二零二二年四月一日	136,491	41,441	7,166	4,166	7,888	197,152
Additions	添置	_	40	71	_	6,506	6,617
Disposal	出售	_	_	(25)	_	_	(25)
Transfer	轉撥	_	7,553	_	_	(7,553)	_
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	(13,650)	(4,144)	(302)	(360)	(831)	(19,287)
At 31 March 2023 and 1 April 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日及						
·	二零二三年四月一日	122,841	44,890	6,910	3,806	6,010	184,457
Additions	添置	_	150	32	_	1,020	1,202
Disposal	出售	_	_	_	(65)	, -	(65)
Transfer	轉撥	_	6,754	54	_	(6,808)	_
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	(2,670)	(976)	(61)	(70)	(131)	(3,908)
At 31 March 2024	於二零二四年三月三十一日	120,171	50,818	6,935	3,671	91	181,686
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION AND IMPAIRMENT	累計折舊及減值						
At 1 April 2022	於二零二二年四月一日	23,947	24,072	6,765	4,118	_	58,902
Charge for the year	本年度列支	2,734	3,601	142	37	_	6,514
Elimination on disposal	出售時取消		-	(25)	_	_	(25)
Exchange realignment	匯	(2,517)	(2,567)	(277)	(358)	_	(5,719)
At 31 March 2023 and 1 April 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日及						
	二零二三年四月一日	24,164	25,106	6,605	3,797	_	59,672
Charge for the year	本年度列支	2,585	4,423	137	9	_	7,154
Elimination on disposal	出售時取消	_	_	_	(65)	_	(65)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	(552)	(594)	(56)	(70)	_	(1,272)
At 31 March 2024	於二零二四年三月三十一日	26,197	28,935	6,686	3,671		65,489
NET CARRYING AMOUNT At 31 March 2024	<b>賬面淨值</b> 於二零二四年三月三十一日	93,974	21,883	249	_	91	116,197

The Group estimates the recoverable amounts of the property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets based on higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. The carrying amount of the relevant assets does not exceed the recoverable amount based on fair value less costs of disposal/value in use and no impairment have been recognised for both years. All buildings are within 50 years which are mid-term.

本集團按公平值減出售成本及使用 價值之較高者估計物業、廠房及設備 與使用權資產之可收回金額。以公 平值減出售成本/使用價值為基準, 有關資產之賬面值並無超過可收回 金額,故於兩個年度並無確認減值。 所有樓宇為50年內,屬中期。





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### (18) RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

### (18) 使用權資產

		Lease land 租賃土地 HK\$'000 千港元	Lease properties 租賃物業 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost	成本			
At 1 April 2022	於二零二二年四月一日	10,688	5,932	16,620
Addition	添置	_	4,597	4,597
Expiration of lease	租賃屆滿	_	(5,793)	(5,793)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	(1,064)		(1,064)
At 31 March 2023 and at 1 April 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日			
At 01 March 2020 and at 1 April 2020	及二零二三十二八二十二日	9,624	4,736	14,360
Expiration of lease	租賃屆滿	J,024	(139)	(139)
Exchange realignment	<b>進</b> 兑調整	(209)	_	(209)
At 31 March 2024	於二零二四年三月三十一日	9,415	4,597	14,012
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	累計折舊及減值			
At 1 April 2022	於二零二二年四月一日	2,343	4,137	6,480
Charge for the year	本年度列支	201	1,950	2,151
Expiration of lease	租賃屆滿	_	(5,793)	(5,793)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	(237)		(237)
At 31 March 2023 and 1 April 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日			
	及二零二三年四月一日	2,307	294	2,601
Charge for the year	本年度列支	190	1.569	1,759
Expiration of lease	租賃屆滿	_	(139)	(139)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	(52)		(52)
At 31 March 2024	於二零二四年三月三十一日	2,445	1,724	4,169
NET CARRYING AMOUNT	賬面淨值			
At 31 March 2024	於二零二四年三月三十一日	6,970	2,873	9,843
At 31 March 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日	7,317	4,442	11,759

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#### (18) RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (Continued)

Total cash outflow for the lease was approximately HK\$1,615,000 (2023: approximately HK\$2,387,000).

For both years, the Group leases office premises for its operations. Lease contracts are entered into for fixed term of two years to three years (2023: 2-3 years). Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain different terms and conditions. In determining the lease term and assessing the length of the non-cancellable period, the Group applies the definition of a contract and determines the period for which the contract is enforceable.

#### (18) 使用權資產(續)

租賃之現金流出總額約為1.615,000港 元(二零二三年:約2,387,000港元)。

於兩個年度,本集團就其營運租賃辦 公室處所。租賃合約乃按固定年期兩 年至三年(二零二三年:2-3年)訂立。 租賃條款乃按逐項基準磋商並包含不 同條款及條件。釐定租賃條款及評估 不可撤銷期間時間時,本集團應用合 約之定義並決定合約可行使之期間。

#### (19) INTANGIBLE ASSETS

#### (19)無形資產

		invention rights 基因發明權 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Goodwill</b> <b>商譽</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
COST At 1 April 2022, 31 March 2023, 1 April 2023 and 31 March 2024	成本 於二零二二年四月一日、 二零二三年三月三十一日、 二零二三年四月一日及 二零二四年三月三十一日	95,000	1,807	96,807
ACCUMULATED AMORTISATION AND IMPAIRMENT	累計攤銷及減值			
At 1 April 2022, 31 March 2023, 1 April 2023 and 31 March 2024	於二零二二年四月一日、 二零二三年三月三十一日、 二零二三年四月一日及 二零二四年三月三十一日	95,000	_	95,000
At 31 March 2024	於二零二四年三月三十一日	_	1,807	1,807
At 31 March 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日	_	1,807	1,807

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill with indefinite useful lives has been allocated to one individual cash-generating unit, comprising one subsidiary in the manufacturing segment.

就減值測試而言,具無限使用年期之 商譽已分配至一個單一現金產生單 位,當中包括製造分類的一間附屬 公司。

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#### (19) INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

The recoverable amount of this unit has been determined based on value-in-use calculation. In assessing the valuation of the cash-generating unit ("CGU"), the management adopted the income approach. That calculation uses cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a five-year period, and a discount rate of 14.8% (2023: 15.78%). This unit's cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated using a pre-tax 2% growth rate, which represents the long-term inflation rate in the PRC. No impairment loss has been recognised during the years ended 31 March 2024 and 2023 as directors of the Company are of the opinion that the recoverable amount was higher than the carrying amount.

For the years ended 31 March 2024 and 2023, management of the Group determines that there is no impairment on this segment.

Management believes that any reasonably possible change in the key assumptions on which CGU's recoverable amount is based would not cause the CGU's carrying amount to exceed its recoverable amount.

#### (20) FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

#### (a) Investments in convertible bonds

The Group's investments in convertible bonds were issued by Innovative Pharmaceutical Biotech Limited ("Innovative Pharm") on 28 July 2014 with principal amount of HK\$715,000,000 and interest bearing at 3.5% per annum, with an original maturity date on the 7th anniversary of the date of issue i.e. 28 July 2021 ("Innovative Pharm Bonds"). The Group has the right to convert the Innovative Pharm Bonds into shares of Innovative Pharm up to the maturity date at an initial conversion price of HK\$2.5 per share. Deeds of amendments were entered into between the Company as the bondholder and Innovative Pharm as the issuer of the Innovative Pharm Bonds respectively on 26 July 2019 ("First Amendment Deed"), 12 May 2021 ("Second Amendment Deed") and 28 April 2023 ("Third Amendment Deed") to amend certain terms and conditions of the Innovative Pharm Bonds.

#### (19)無形資產(續)

該單位之可收回金額乃根據使用價值 計算而釐定。於評估該現金產生單位 (「現金產生單位」)估值時,管理層採 用收入法。該計算法使用的現金流預 測乃基於經管理層批准的五年期財務 預算,貼現率為14.8%(二零二三年: 15.78%)。該單位五年期後的現金流 使用2%税前增長率推斷,其代表中國 的長期通脹率。由於本公司董事認為 可收回金額高於賬面金額,故截至二 零二四年及二零二三年三月三十一日 止年度並無確認減值虧損。

截至二零二四年及二零二三年三月三 十一日止年度,本集團管理層釐定此 分類並無減值。

管理層相信,現金產生單位之可收回 金額所依據之主要假設出現任何合理 可能變動將不會導致現金產生單位之 賬面值超過其可收回金額。

# (20) 按公平值計入損益之金融

#### 可換股債券投資

本集團的可換股債券投資乃於二 零一四年七月二十八日由領航 醫藥及生物科技有限公司(「領航 醫藥」)發行,本金為715,000,000 港元、按年利率3.5%計息及原 到期日為發行日期後第7個週年 日(即二零二一年七月二十八日) (「領航醫藥債券」)。本集團有權 於到期日前將領航醫藥債券按初 步換股價每股2.5港元轉換為領 航醫藥股份。本公司作為領航醫 藥債券持有人與領航醫藥作為領 航醫藥債券發行人分別於二零一 九年七月二十六日(「第一份修訂 契據」)、二零二一年五月十二日 (「第二份修訂契據」)及二零二三 年四月二十八日(「第三份修訂契 據」)訂立修訂契據,以修訂領航 醫藥債券的若干條款及條件。

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#### (20) FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (Continued)

#### (a) Investments in convertible bonds (Continued)

Pursuant to the First Amendment Deed which was effective on 28 October 2019, the outstanding annual interests of the Innovative Pharm Bonds together with an additional interest charged for the extension of interest payment dates, were to be paid on 28 July 2021, details of which were set out in the Company's announcements dated 26 July and 28 October of 2019 and the circular dated 16 September 2019.

Pursuant to the Second Amendment Deed which was effective on 16 August 2021, in addition to the extension of certain payments of interests and with an additional interest, the maturity date of the Innovative Pharm Bonds was extended for two years to 28 July 2023, details of which were set out in the Company's announcements dated 12 May, 30 July and 16 August of 2021 and the circular dated 14 July 2021.

The Third Amendment Deed entered into between the Company and Innovative Pharm on 28 April 2023 was completed on 12 July 2023. The amendments mainly included: (i) a further two-year extension of the maturity date of the Innovative Pharm Bonds from 28 July 2023 to 28 July 2025; (ii) the annual interest at 4.5% for the twoyear extension period from 28 July 2023 to 28 July 2025; and (iii) the additional interest at 15% per annum on the total outstanding interests up to 28 July 2025, details of which were set out in the Company's announcements dated 28 April, 28 June, 29 June and 12 July of 2023 and the circular dated 12 June 2023. Any outstanding principal amount of the Innovative Pharm Bonds shall be redeemed and the interests shall be paid, on the extended maturity date i.e. 28 July 2025.

#### (20) 按公平值計入損益之金融 資產(續)

#### 可換股債券投資(續) (a)

根據於二零一九年十月二十八日 生效的第一份修訂契據,尚未償 還的領航醫藥債券年息連同因延 長付息日期而收取的額外利息 將於二零二一年七月二十八日支 付,有關詳情載於本公司日期為 二零一九年七月二十六日及十月 二十八日之公告以及日期為二零 一九年九月十六日之通函。

根據於二零二一年八月十六日生 效的第二份修訂契據,除延長支 付若干利息並支付額外利息外, 領航醫藥債券的到期日延長兩年 至二零二三年七月二十八日,有 關詳情載於本公司日期為二零二 一年五月十二日、十月三十日及 八月十六日之公告以及日期為二 零二一年十月十四日之通函。

本公司與領航醫藥於二零二三年 四月二十八日訂立的第三份修訂 契據已於二零二三年七月十二日 完成。該等修訂主要包括(1)領航 醫藥債券的到期日從二零二三 年七月二十八日進一步延長兩 年至二零二五年七月二十八日; (ii)於二零二三年七月二十八日至 二零二五年七月二十八日的兩年 延長期間,年息為4.5%;及(iii)就 直至二零二五年七月二十八日尚 未償還利息總額的額外利息為年 息15%,有關詳情載於本公司日 期為二零二三年四月二十八日、 六月二十八日、六月二十九日及 七月十二日之公告以及日期為二 零二三年六月十二日之通函。領 航醫藥債券的任何未償還本金及 利息將在延長到期日(即二零二 五年七月二十八日)可予贖回及 支付。

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#### (20) FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE **THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (Continued)**

(a) Investments in convertible bonds (Continued)

The movements of the Innovative Pharm Bonds are set out as below:

#### (20) 按公平值計入損益之金融 資產(續)

(a) 可換股債券投資(續)

領航醫藥債券之變動載列如下:

At 31 March 2024	於二零二四年三月三十一日	660,564
Change in fair value	公平值變動	(132,966)
	四月一日	793,530
At 31 March 2023 and 1 April 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日及二零二三年	
Change in fair value	公平值變動	158,623
At 1 April 2022	於二零二二年四月一日	634,907
		HK\$'000 千港元

At 31 March 2024 and 2023, the fair value of the Innovative Pharm Bonds as a whole is determined by the directors with reference to the valuation conducted by the independent qualified valuer and is calculated using the Binomial Model.

於二零二四年及二零二三年三月 三十一日,領航醫藥債券之整體 公平值由董事參考獨立合資格估 值師作出的估值釐定,並以二項 式模式計算。

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#### (20) FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE **THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (Continued)**

(a) Investments in convertible bonds (Continued)

The inputs into the model at the respective dates are as follows:

# (20) 按公平值計入損益之金融資產(續)

(a) 可換股債券投資(續)

At 31 March

2024

該模式於各日期所用輸入數據 如下:

At 31 March

2023

		於二零二四年 三月三十一日	於二零二三年 三月三十一日
Stock price (HK\$)	股份價格(港元)	0.200	0.208
Conversion price (HK\$)	換股價(港元)	2.50	2.50
Discount rate	貼現率	31.273%	32.087%
Risk free rate (note a)	無風險利率(附註a)	3.948%	2.783%
Expected volatility (note b)	預期波幅(附註b)	32.181%	22.062%
Expected dividend yield (note c)	預期股息率(附註c)	0%	0%
Option life (Years)	期權期限(年期)	1.326	0.326

#### Notes:

- The rate was determined with reference to the yields of Hong Kong (a) government bonds and treasury bills as at the date of valuation.
- Based on the historical price volatility of Innovative Pharm. (b)
- Estimated with reference to the historical dividend payout of (c) Innovative Pharm.

#### 附註:

- 該利率乃參考香港政府債券及庫券於 (a) 估值日期之孳息率釐定。
- 基於領航醫藥之過往價格波幅得出。 (b)
- 參考領航醫藥之過往股息派付估計。 (c)

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度





#### (20) FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (Continued)

(b) Short-term investment

#### (20) 按公平值計入損益之金融 資產(續)

(b) 短期投資

2024 2023 二零二四年 二零二三年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元

千港元

Bank structured product, at fair value

銀行結構性產品,按公平值

661

1,754

The short-term investment represents short-term highly liquid investments placed in a PRC state-owned financial institution, which are readily convertible to cash. These investments are all denominated in Renminbi with nondeterminable return rate.

The fair value of these investments is based on estimated return of 2.2% (2023: 2.2%), and the credit quality of these investments can be assessed by reference to historical information or external credit ratings. As at 31 March 2024 and 2023, none of these investments is either past due or impaired and the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk as at that date is the carrying value of these investments.

The fair value of these investments that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques that maximise the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates.

短期投資指存放於一間中國國有 金融機構並可即時轉換為現金之 短期高流通量投資。該等投資全 部均以人民幣計值,而其回報率 乃屬不可釐定。

該等投資之公平值乃按2.2%(二 零二三年:2.2%) 之估計回報率 得出,而該等投資之信貸質素可 經參考過往資料或外部信貸評級 予以評估。於二零二四年及二零 二三年三月三十一日,該等投資 未逾期亦未減值,而本集團於該 日所面臨之最高信貸風險為該等 投資之賬面值。

該等投資並非在活躍市場買賣, 而其公平值乃使用估值方法釐 定。於存在可觀察市場數據時, 該等估值方法盡量運用有關數 據,並盡可能減少依賴實體之特 定估計。

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#### (21) FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE **INCOME**

#### (21) 按公平值計入其他全面收益 之金融資產

2024 二零二四年 2023

HK\$'000

二零二三年 HK\$'000

千港元

千港元

Unlisted investment fund

非上市投資基金

Unlisted investment fund represented the investments in KKC Capital SPC, a segregated portfolio company incorporated in the Cayman Islands (the "Fund"). Pursuant to the subscription agreements entered into between KKC Capital SPC and Extrawell Enterprises Limited (the "Subscriber"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, on 11 May and 2 June 2017, the Subscriber agreed to subscribe for 50,000 and 30,000 participating shares in the Fund attributable to the segregated portfolio at aggregate consideration of HK\$50,000,000 and HK\$30,000,000 respectively on the respective dates. The total cost of these investments of HK\$80,000,000 was funded by the internal resources of the Group. Since the financial year ended 31 March 2019 up to present, the Fund had net liabilities. Therefore, the fair value of the Fund remains zero.

Unlisted investment fund was measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI"). Under HKFRS 9, these investments are all classified as financial assets measured at FVTOCI. Subsequent changes in fair value of these investments are recognised in FVTOCI reserve and the cumulative gains or loss on disposals are recognised in retained earnings.

The unlisted investment fund was denominated in HK\$Nil.

非上市投資基金指於KKC Capital SPC (一間於開曼群島計冊成立之獨立投 資組合公司)的投資(「該基金」)。根據 KKC Capital SPC與精優企業有限公司 (「認購人」)(本公司之間接全資附屬 公司)於二零一七年五月十一日及六 月二日訂立的認購協議,認購人已同 意於各日期分別認購該基金之獨立投 資組合之50,000股及30,000股參與股 份,總代價分別為50,000,000港元及 30,000,000港元。該等投資成本合共 80,000,000港元,由本集團內部資源撥 付。自截至二零一九年三月三十一日 止財政年度至今,該基金錄得負債淨 額。因此,該基金的公平值維持為零。

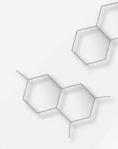
非上市投資基金按公平值計入其他 全面收益(「按公平值計入其他全面收 益」)計量。根據香港財務報告準則第 9號,該等投資均被分類為按公平值 計入其他全面收益之金融資產。該等 投資之公平值其後變動於按公平值計 入其他全面收益儲備中確認, 而出售 產生之累計收益或虧損於保留盈利中 確認。

非上市投資基金以零港元計值。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度





#### (22) INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE

#### (22)於一間聯營公司之權益

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost of investment in an unlisted associate	於一間非上市聯營公司之投資 成本	337,000	337,000
Share of post-acquisition losses and other comprehensive expense	應佔收購後虧損及其他全面開支	(22,759)	(20,484)
		314,241	316,516

The cost of investment in an unlisted associate represents the fair value as at 28 July 2014 of the 49% equity interest in Smart Ascent Limited ("Smart Ascent") as retained by the Group upon completion of the disposal of 51% equity interest in Smart Ascent on 28 July 2014.

The Group's associate, Smart Ascent is a private company with no quoted market price available for its shares. The major assets held by Smart Ascent and its subsidiaries (the "Smart Ascent Group") is the intangible asset in relation to an inprocess research and development project ("In-process R&D") involving an oral insulin product ("Product"). As at 31 March 2024 and 2023, the Group has engaged an independent qualified valuer, BonVision International Appraisals Limited to conduct a valuation of the fair value of the interest in the associate for impairment assessment.

The asset-based approach was adopted in the valuation of the fair value of the Group's interest in the associate. In doing so, various assumptions about the cash flow projections of the Inprocess R&D and the Product were adopted. These assumptions include the successful completion of the clinical trials, obtaining of the regulatory approvals from the relevant government bodies (in particular, the granting of the certificate of new medicine and pharmaceutical manufacturing permit for the Product by China Food and Drug Administration, now known as National Medical Products Administration of the PRC), and launching of the Product by the first quarter of 2026. The recoverable amount of the interest in the associate is determined based on the Group's share of the estimated fair value of the In-process R&D after taking into account the lack of control discount. Since the recoverable amount is higher than carrying amount, no impairment loss was made for both years.

於一間非上市聯營公司之投資成本指 於二零一四年七月二十八日出售進生 有限公司(「進生」)51%股權完成後, 本集團所保留進生49%股權於二零一 四年七月二十八日之公平值。

本集團之聯營公司進生為一間私營公 司,其股份並無市場報價。進生及其 附屬公司(「進生集團」)所持之主要資 產為有關進行中之研發項目(「進行中 之研發」)之無形資產,當中涉及口服 胰島素產品(「產品」)。於二零二四年 及二零二三年三月三十一日,本集團 已委聘一名獨立合資格估值師宏展國 際評估有限公司就於聯營公司之權益 之公平值進行估值,以評估是否減值。

就本集團於聯營公司之權益之公平 值進行估值時採納資產法。在此過程 中,應用進行中之研發及產品之現金 流量預測相關之各種假設。該等假設 包括成功完成臨床試驗、取得有關政 府監管部門批准(尤其是中國食品藥 品監督管理總局(現稱國家藥品監督 管理局)就產品授出新藥證書及藥品 生產許可證)及於二零二六年第一季 度前推出產品。於聯營公司之權益之 可收回金額乃經計及並無控制權之折 讓後根據本集團應佔進行中之研發之 估計公平值釐定。由於可收回金額高 於賬面值,故兩個年度均無作出減值 虧損。

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#### (22) INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE (Continued)

### (22)於一間聯營公司之權益(續)

Particulars of the Smart Ascent Group at the end of the reporting periods are as follows:

進生集團於報告期末之詳情如下:

Name of associate	Place/country of incorporation/ operations 註冊成立/	Class of shares held 所持股份	Effective interest held by the Group/ Smart Ascent 本集團/進生	Principal activities	Measurement method
聯營公司名稱	營運地點/國家	類別	所持實際權益	主要業務	計量方式
Smart Ascent 進生	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通	49%	Investment holding 投資控股	Equity 股權
Subsidiaries of Smart Ascent 進生之附屬公司					
Fosse Bio-Engineering Development Limited	Hong Kong/China	Ordinary	51%	Development and commercialisation of oral insulin products	Equity
福仕生物工程有限公司	香港/中國	普通		開發及商品化口服胰 島素產品	股權
福仕生物工程(上海)有限公司	China	Registered capital	51%	Inactive	Equity
	中國	註冊資本		暫無業務	股權
Welly Surplus Development Limited	Hong Kong	Ordinary	51%	Inactive	Equity
瑞盈發展有限公司	香港	普通		暫無業務	股權
Nation Joy Industries Limited	British Virgin Islands ("BVI")	Ordinary	100%	Inactive	Equity
國悦實業有限公司	英屬處女群島 (「英屬處女群島」)	普通		暫無業務	股權



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#### (22) INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE (Continued)

The summarised financial information of the associate, adjusted for any differences in accounting policies and a reconciliation to the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements, are as follows:

#### (22)於一間聯營公司之權益(續)

聯營公司之財務資料概要(已就任何 會計政策差異作出調整)及於綜合財 務報表內與賬面值之對賬如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產	284,260	284,260
Current assets	流動資產	2,215	1,884
Current liabilities	流動負債	(85,058)	(52,426)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(39,108)	(64,333)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(91,036)	(93,469)
Non-current assets include the following: Intangible assets — In-process R&D	非流動資產包括以下項目: 無形資產一進行中之研發	284,260	284,260
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	收益	_	_
Loss and total comprehensive expense	虧損及全面開支總額	(7,079)	(12,979)

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度



#### (22) INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE (Continued)

#### (22)於一間聯營公司之權益(續)

	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Net assets of the Smart Ascent Group	71,273	75,916
Proportion of the Group's ownership interest 本集團於進生之所有權權益比例 in Smart Ascent	49%	49%
Carrying amount of the Group's interest in Smart Ascent as an associate	34,924	37,199
on initial recognition	279,317	279,317
	314,241	316,516

#### (23) AMOUNT DUE FROM AN ASSOCIATE/ **LOAN TO AN ASSOCIATE**

# (23) 應收一間聯營公司款項/貸款予一間聯營公司

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Amount due frame au accepiate	ᅉᆙ		
Amount due from an associate —	應收一間聯營公司款項一	04.450	00.045
Smart Ascent (note a)	進生(附註a) 	34,459	36,245
Loan to an associate —	貸款予一間聯營公司一		
Smart Ascent (notes b & c)	進生(附註b及c)	18,039	20,386
Analysed as:	按以下項分析:		
Current assets	流動資產	47,889	41,435
Non-current assets	非流動資產	4,609	15,196
		52,498	56,631

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度





#### (23) AMOUNT DUE FROM AN ASSOCIATE/ LOAN TO AN ASSOCIATE (Continued)

Notes:

- (a) As at 31 March 2024 and 2023, amount due from an associate is unsecured and interest-free and without fixed repayment term with a principal amount of HK\$41,947,000. The balance was netted off with the allowance of impairment amounting to HK\$7,488,000 (2023: HK\$5,703,000) as at 31 March 2024. Details of the impairment assessment are set out in note 41(d).
- (b) On 27 July 2018, the Company and Innovative Pharm through their respective wholly-owned subsidiaries as lenders and Smart Ascent as borrower entered into a shareholders' loan agreement for a loan to Smart Ascent amounting to HK\$30 million in total (the "First Loan"), to be contributed as to 49% i.e. HK\$14.7 million by the Group and as to 51% i.e. HK\$15.3 million by the wholly-owned subsidiary of Innovative Pharm, which would be used to finance the working capital requirements of Smart Ascent Group for the oral insulin project. The First Loan is unsecured, interest bearing at fixed rate of 5% per annum and has a repayment term fixed at 60 months after each drawdown of the First Loan.

As the provision of the First Loan was a connected transaction under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules but was made in proportion to the equity interest of the shareholders in Smart Ascent and on normal commercial terms, this connected transaction is fully exempted from the reporting, announcement and shareholders' approval requirements under Rule 14A.89 of the Listing Rules. Also, the applicable percentage ratios in respect of this connected transaction are less than 5%, it therefore does not constitute a discloseable transaction of the Company under Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules.

(c) On 8 March 2022, the Company and Innovative Pharm, through their respective wholly-owed subsidiaries as lenders and Smart Ascent as borrower entered into a shareholders' loan agreement for a loan to Smart Ascent amounting to HK\$12 million in total (the "Second Loan"), to be contributed as to 49% i.e. HK\$5.88 million by the Group and as to i.e. HK\$6.12 million by the wholly-owned subsidiary of Innovative Pharm, which would be used to finance the working capital requirements of Smart Ascent Group for the oral insulin project. The Second Loan is unsecured, interest bearing at fixed rate of 5% per annum and has a repayment term fixed at 60 months after each drawdown of the Second Loan. The provision of the Second Loan constitutes a discloseable transaction under Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules.

As at 31 March 2024, Smart Ascent had drawn down HK\$42 million (2023: HK\$42 million) of the First Loan and Second Loan, and the balance as at 31 March 2024 represented the Group's 49% (2023: 49%) contribution to the First Loan and Second Loan and the interest receivables.

# (23) 應收一間聯營公司款項/貸款予一間聯營公司(續)

附註:

- (a) 於二零二四年及二零二三年三月三十 一日,應收一間聯營公司款項為無抵 押、免息及無固定還款期,本金額為 41,947,000港元。於二零二四年三月三 十一日,有關結餘與減值撥備7,488,000 港元(二零二三年:5,703,000港元)對 銷。減值評估詳情載於附註41(d)。
- (b) 於二零一八年七月二十七日,本公司及 領航醫藥透過彼等各自之全資附屬公司(作為貸款方)與進生(作為借款方)訂 立一份股東貸款協議,內容有關向進生 提供總額為30,000,000港元之貸款(「第 一次貸款」),其中49%(即14,700,000港 元)由本集團出資,51%(即15,300,000 港元)由領航醫藥之全資附屬公司出 資,將用於為進生集團之口服胰島素項 目提供所需營運資金。第一次貸款為 無抵押、按固定利率年利率5%計息及 須於每次提取第一次貸款後60個月內 償還。

第一次貸款條文雖構成上市規則第14A 章項下之關連交易,惟按股東於進生所 持有之權益比例提供並按一般商業條 款訂立,故此項關連交易獲全面豁免遵 守上市規則第14A.89條項下申報、公告 及股東批准之規定。另外,由於有關此 項關連交易之適用百分比率低於5%, 故不構成上市規則第14章項下之本公 司須予披露交易。

(c) 於二零二二年三月八日,本公司及領航醫藥透過彼等各自之全資附屬公司(作為貸款方)與進生(作為借款方)訂立股東貸款協議,內容有關向進生提供總額為12,000,000港元之貸款([第二次貸款]),其中49%(即5,880,000港元)由本集團出資,6,120,000港元由領航醫藥之全資附屬公司出資,將用於為進生集團之口服胰島素項目提供所需營運資金。第二次貸款為無抵押,按固定年等公計息及還款期固定為每次提取第二次貸款後60個月內償還。第二次貸款的條文構成根據上市規則第14章項下之須予披露交易。

於二零二四年三月三十一日,進生已提取第一次貸款及第二次貸款 之42,000,000港元(二零二三年: 42,000,000港元)之款項,而於二零二四年三月三十一日之結餘指本集團就該第一次貸款及第二次貸款所提供之49%(二零二三年:49%)出資及應收利息。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

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#### (23) AMOUNT DUE FROM AN ASSOCIATE/ LOAN TO AN ASSOCIATE (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(c) (Continued)

As at 31 March 2024, loan to an associate is unsecured, carried interest at 5% per annum, and repayable in 60 months after each drawdown. During the reporting period, interest income of HK\$1,061,000 (2023: HK\$860,000) is credited to profit or loss. The balance was netted off with the allowance of impairment amounting to HK\$6,616,000 (2023: HK\$3,207,000) as at 31 March 2024. Details of the impairment assessment are set out in note 41(d).

# (23) 應收一間聯營公司款項/貸款予一間聯營公司(續)

附註:(續)

(c) (續)

於二零二四年三月三十一日,貸款予一間聯營公司為無抵押、按年利率5%計息,並須於每次提取後60個月內償還。於報告期內,利息收入1,061,000港元(二零二三年:860,000港元)已計入損益。於二零二四年三月三十一日,有關結餘與減值撥備6,616,000港元(二零二三年:3,207,000港元)對銷。減值評估詳情載於附註41(d)。

#### (24) INVENTORIES

#### (24) 存貨

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Raw materials	原材料	1,364	1,571
Work-in-progress	在製品	847	820
Finished goods	製成品	5,054	627
		7,265	3,018





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#### (25) TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES

#### (25) 貿易應收賬款及應收票據

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Bills receivables	應收票據	448	304
Trade receivables	貿易應收賬款	43,189	45,701
Less: Provision for impairment loss on	減:貿易應收賬款減值虧損撥備		
trade receivables		(39,422)	(40,208)
		4,215	5,797

The Group's trading terms with its customers are mainly based on credit, except for new customers, where payment in advance is normally required. The customers are generally given a credit period for 120 to 180 days, extending up to one year for some major customers.

The ageing analysis of trade and bills receivables (net of provision of impairment loss), presented based on invoice date:

本集團與其客戶之貿易條款主要為賒 銷,惟新客戶一般需要預先付款。一 般情況下,客戶可獲得為期120日至 180日之信貸期,而若干主要客戶可延 期至最多一年。

貿易應收賬款及應收票據(扣除減值 虧損撥備)基於發票日期呈列之賬齡 分析:

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
	'		
Within 90 days	90日內	1,794	2,987
91 to 180 days	91至180日	1,524	1,048
181 to 365 days	181至365日	897	1,762
		4,215	5,797

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#### (25) TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Trade receivables are assessed for impairment on collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period of 120 to 180 days, observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

Included in the Group's trade receivable balance are debtors with aggregate carrying amount of HK\$897,000 (2023: HK\$1,762,000) which are past due as at the reporting date for which the Group has not provided for impairment loss. Details of the impairment assessment are set out in note 41(d).

#### (25) 貿易應收賬款及應收票據(續)

貿易應收賬款按整體基準進行減值 評估。應收款項組合之客觀減值證據 可包括本集團之過往收款記錄、組合 內延遲還款至超逾平均信貸期120至 180日之次數增加,以及與應收款項 逾期有關之全國或地方經濟狀況明顯 改變。

本集團貿易應收賬款結餘中賬面值合共897,000港元(二零二三年:1,762,000港元)之應收賬款於報告日期已逾期,而本集團尚未就此作出減值虧損撥備。減值評估詳情載於附註41(d)。

# (26) DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

#### (26) 按金、預付款項及其他應收 款項

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Deposits	按金	742	751
Other receivables	其他應收款項	459	260
Prepayments	預付款項	1,130	2,538
Trade deposit	貿易按金	615	906
		2,946	4,455

#### (27) PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS

Pledged bank deposits represent deposits pledged to a bank to secure short-term banking facilities granted to the Group and are therefore classified as current assets. The maturity date is 20 May 2024. The pledged bank deposits are denominated in United States dollars ("US\$") and carry variable interest rates ranging from 4.7% to 5.5% (2023: 1.1% to 4.7%) per annum.

#### (27)已抵押銀行存款

已抵押銀行存款指抵押予銀行以作為本集團獲授之短期銀行授信額度之擔保之存款,故分類為流動資產。到期日為二零二四年五月二十日。已抵押銀行存款以美元(「美元」)計值並按浮動利率介乎每年4.7%至5.5%(二零二三年:1.1%至4.7%)計息。

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#### (28) CASH AND BANK BALANCES

Bank balances carry variable interest rates of 0.001% to 5.5% (2023: 0.001% to 4.95%) per annum. Conversion of RMB into foreign currencies is subject to the PRC's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations.

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents are denominated in the following currencies:

#### (28) 現金及銀行結餘

銀行結餘按浮動利率每年0.001%至 5.5% (二零二三年: 0.001%至4.95%) 計息。人民幣兑換為外幣須遵守中國 之外匯管理條例以及結匯、售匯及付 匯管理規定。

現金及現金等值項目之賬面值乃按以 下貨幣計值:

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Euros ("Euro")	歐元([歐元])	2,460	2,488
Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$")	港元(「港元」)	6,330	11,187
RMB	人民幣	26,529	31,020
US\$	美元	58,291	57,706
		93,610	102,401

#### (29) TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLES

Trade payables are non-interest bearing and the normal trade credit terms granted to the Group range from two to three months from the date of invoice.

The ageing analysis of trade and bills payables, based on invoice dates are as follows:

#### (29) 貿易應付賬款及應付票據

貿易應付賬款為不計息,而本集團獲 授之一般貿易信貸期介乎發票日期起 計兩至三個月。

根據發票日期之貿易應付賬款及應付 票據之賬齡分析如下:

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Within 90 days	90日內	2,511	4,568
91 to 180 days	91至180日	907	653
181 to 365 days	181至365日	163	432
1 to 2 years	1至2年	598	494
Over 2 years	2年以上	478	487
			0.004
		4,657	6,634

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#### (30) ACCRUALS, OTHER PAYABLES AND **CONTRACT LIABILITIES**

# (30) 預提費用、其他應付款項及 合約負債

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Accruals (note a) Other payables (note b) Contract liabilities (note c)	預提費用(附註a) 其他應付款項(附註b) 合約負債(附註c)	9,396 12,482 5,244	10,083 15,938 6,496
		27,122	32,517

#### Notes:

- Mainly included marketing and promotion expenses of approximately HK\$7,518,000 (2023: HK\$8,143,000).
- Mainly included payables for acquisition of property, plant and equipment of about HK\$1,344,000 (2023: HK\$2,830,000), payables for marketing and promotion expenses of approximately HK\$4,404,000 (2023: HK\$4,255,000) and other tax payables of approximately HK\$5,901,000 (2023: HK\$7,149,000).
- Contract liabilities relate to receipt from the customer in advance.

The following table shows the amount of the revenue recognised for the years ended 31 March 2024 and 2023 relates to carried-forward contract liabilities.

#### 附註:

- 主要包括營銷及推廣費用約7,518,000 港元(二零二三年:8,143,000港元)。
- 主要包括收購物業、廠房及設備的 應付款項約1,344,000港元(二零二三 年:2,830,000港元)、應付營銷及推廣 費用約4,404,000港元(二零二三年: 4,255,000港元)及其他應付税款約 5,901,000港元(二零二三年:7,149,000 港元)。
- 合約負債與預收客戶款項有關。

下表列示截至二零二四年及二零二三 年三月三十一日止年度確認且與結轉 合約負債有關的收益金額。

2024

2022

		二零二四年 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liabilities balance at 1 April  — Sales of pharmaceutical products	於四月一日納入合約負債結餘之 已確認收益 一銷售藥品	3,846	3,446

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#### (31) LEASE LIABILITIES

#### (31) 租賃負債

		<b>2024</b> 二零二四年		2023 二零二三年	
			Present		Present
			value of		value of
		Minimum	minimum	Minimum	minimum
		lease	lease	lease	lease
		payments	payments	payments	payments
		最低租賃	最低租賃	最低租賃	最低租賃
		付款	付款現值	付款	付款現值
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
	T \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \				
Not later than one year	不遲於一年	1,567	1,375	1,610	1,316
Later than one year and not later	遲於一年但个遲於兩年			4 507	4.075
than two years	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	1,990	1,911	1,567	1,375
Later than two years and not	遲於兩年但不遲於五年				
later than five years			_	1,995	1,916
		3,557	3,286	5,172	4,607
Future financial charges	未來財務開支	(271)	3,200	(565)	4,007
	不	(271)	-	(505)	
Present value of lease liability	租賃負債現值	3,286		4,607	
Amount due for settlement within one year (shown under current liabilities)	於一年內到期結算 之款項(於流動負債 項下呈列)		(1,375)		(1,316)
Current napinties)	<b>欠 「 王 クリノ</b>		(1,373)	-	(1,510)
Amount due for settlement after					
one year	之款項		1,911		3,291

For both years, the Group leases office premises for operation and these lease liabilities were measured at the present value of the lease payment that are not yet paid. All leases are entered at fixed prices for both years.

Lease liabilities of the Company are denominated in functional currencies of the Group entities.

The weighted average incremental borrowing rate applied to lease liabilities ranged from 4.35% to 7.949% (2023: 4.35% to 7.949%).

於兩個年度,本集團租賃辦公場地進 行營運,該等租賃負債按尚未支付的 租賃付款現值計量。兩個年度所有租 約乃按固定價格訂立。

本公司租賃負債以本集團實體的功能 貨幣計值。

應用於租賃負債的加權平均增量借款 率介乎4.35%至7.949%(二零二三年: 4.35%至7.949%)。

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#### (32) DEFERRED TAX ASSETS

Details of the deferred tax assets recognised and movements during the current and prior years are as follows:

#### (32) 遞延税項資產

本年度及過往年度確認之遞延税項資 產及變動詳情如下:

> **Decelerated tax** depreciation 減速税項折舊 HK\$'000 千港元

At 1 April 2022, 31 March 2023, 1 April 2023 and 31 March 2024 於二零二二年四月一日、二零二三年三月三十一日、 二零二三年四月一日及二零二四年三月三十一日

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As at 31 March 2024, the Group had unused tax losses arising in Hong Kong and PRC of approximately HK\$77,417,000 (2023: HK\$46,277,000) and HK\$4,136,000 (2023: HK\$4,052,000) available to offset against future taxable profits. No deferred tax asset has been recognised due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. Tax losses arising in Hong Kong may be carried forward indefinitely. Included in unrecognised tax loss are losses of approximately HK\$4,136,000 (2023: HK\$4,056,000) with expiring before 2029 (2023: before 2028).

於二零二四年三月三十一日,本集 團於香港及中國產生並可供抵銷未 來應課税溢利之未動用税務虧損為 約77.417.000港元(二零二三年: 46,277,000港元)及4,136,000港元(二 零二三年:4,052,000港元)。由於未來 溢利流不可預測,故並無確認遞延税 項資產。於香港產生之稅務虧損可無 限期結轉。未確認税項虧損包括於二 零二九年前(二零二三年:二零二八年 前) 屆滿之虧損約4,136,000港元(二零 二三年:4,056,000港元)。

#### (33) CONVERTIBLE BONDS

On 16 July 2013, the Company issued zero-coupon convertible bonds (the "Convertible Bonds") with principal amount in aggregate of HK\$641,300,000 at the conversion price of HK\$0.6413 for each new share of the Company, which, if fully converted, is equivalent to 1,000,000,000 new shares of the Company to Mr. Ong Cheng Heang ("Mr. Ong") and Dr. Mao Yumin ("Dr. Mao"), each of principal amount of HK\$320,650,000. Mr. Ong was the non-controlling shareholder and director of Smart Ascent prior to the completion of acquisition of the remaining 49% interest in Smart Ascent by the Group and Dr. Mao was a director of the Company until 5 December 2013, and is a shareholder of the Company.

The Convertible Bonds are convertible at the option of the bondholders into ordinary shares of the Company at a conversion price of HK\$0.6413 per ordinary share on or before the seventh business day prior to the maturity date of 16 July 2033, subject to anti-dilutive clauses.

#### (33) 可換股債券

於二零一三年七月十六日,本公司發 行本金總額641,300,000港元之零息可 換股債券(「可換股債券」),換股價為 每股本公司新股份0.6413港元,於悉 數 兑 換 後 相 當 於 1.000.000.000 股 本 公 司新股份,可換股債券乃分別發行予 Ong Cheng Heang 先生(「Ong 先生」)及 毛裕民博士(「毛博士」),各人分別獲 發行本金額320,650,000港元。於本集 團完成收購進生之剩餘49%權益前, Ong 先 生 為 進 生 之 非 控 股 股 東 及 董 事,而毛博士曾擔任本公司董事直至 二零一三年十二月五日為止,並為本

債券持有人可選擇於到期日二零三三 年七月十六日前第七個營業日或之前 按換股價每股普通股0.6413港元將可 換股債券兑換為本公司之普通股,惟 須受反攤薄條款規限。

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#### (33) CONVERTIBLE BONDS (Continued)

The Convertible Bonds are issued in HK\$. The fair value of the liability component of the Convertible Bonds was HK\$20,712,000, which had been determined by the discounted cashflow approach using the prevailing market interest rate of similar non-convertible bonds and taking into account the credit risk of the Company. The effective interest rate is 18.72%. The fair value of the conversion option of HK\$569,288,000 classified as equity component for the Convertible Bonds was calculated using the Binomial Model. The inputs into the model were as follows:

#### (33) 可換股債券(續)

可換股債券乃以港元發行。可換股債 券負債部分之公平值為20,712,000港 元,其乃採用類似非可換股債券之現 行市場利率並經考慮本公司之信貸風 險以貼現現金流量法釐定。實際利率 為18.72%。分類為可換股債券權益部 分之換股權之公平值569,288,000港元 乃採用二項式模式計算。該模式之輸 入數據如下:

> Date of issuance 16 July 2013 發行日期 二零一三年七月十六日

Stock price (HK\$)	股價(港元)	0.59
Exercise price (HK\$)	行使價(港元)	0.6413
Discount rate	貼現率	18.72%
Risk free rate (note a)	無風險利率(附註a)	2.63%
Expected volatility (note b)	預期波幅(附註b)	66.55%
Expected dividend yield (note c)	預期股息收益率(附註c)	0%
Option life (Years)	期權期限(年期)	20

#### Notes:

- The rate was determined with reference to the yields of Hong Kong (a) government bonds and treasury bills as at the date of valuation.
- Based on the historical price volatility of the Company for the period from (b) 24 December 2009 up to the date of issuance of the Convertible Bonds.
- (c) Estimated with reference to the historical dividend payout of the Company.

#### 附註:

- 該利率乃參考香港政府債券及庫券於 (a) 估值日期之孳息率釐定。
- 基於本公司於二零零九年十二月二十 四日至可換股債券發行日期期間之過 往價格波幅得出。
- 參考本公司的過往股息派付而估計。

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are set out below:

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#### (33) CONVERTIBLE BONDS (Continued)

Movements of the liability component of the Convertible Bonds

#### (33) 可換股債券(續)

可換股債券負債部分之變動載列 如下:

		Principal	
		amount	Carrying
		(note)	amount 賬面值
		本金額	
		(附註)	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
At 1 April 2022	於二零二二年四月一日	577,170	83,074
Interest charge	利息支出	_	15,543
At 31 March 2023 and 1 April 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日		
	及二零二三年四月一日	577,170	98,617
Interest charge	利息支出		18,507
At 31 March 2024	於二零二四年三月三十一日	577,170	117,124

Note: At the date of issuance, the principal amount of the Convertible Bonds was HK\$641,300,000, and thereafter the following events have taken

On 5 August 2013, the Convertible Bonds with principal amount of HK\$64,130,000 was converted into 100,000,000 ordinary shares of the Company at the conversion price of HK\$0.6413 per ordinary share.

On 25 October 2013, 24 April 2014, 30 August 2014, 31 December 2014 and 30 April 2015, the Convertible Bonds with principal amount of HK\$320,650,000, HK\$64,130,000, HK\$64,130,000, HK\$64,130,000 and HK\$64,130,000 were acquired by Innovative Pharm from Dr. Mao respectively.

On 8 October 2019, Innovative Pharm disposed of the Convertible Bonds to Dr. Mao.

On 23 December 2019, Dr. Mao disposed of the Convertible Bonds to United Gene International Holdings Group Limited, in which each Dr. Mao and Dr. Xie Yi indirectly holds 33% of interests.

附註:於發行日期,可換股債券之本金額為 641,300,000港元,而其後發生下列 事項:

> 於二零一三年八月五日,本金額為 64.130.000港元之可換股債券轉換為 100,000,000股本公司普通股,換股價為 每股普通股0.6413港元。

> 於二零一三年十月二十五日、二零一四年 四月二十四日、二零一四年八月三十日、 二零一四年十二月三十一日及二零一五年 四月三十日,本金額分別為320,650,000 港元、64,130,000港元、64,130,000港元、 64,130,000港元及64,130,000港元之可換 股債券已由領航醫藥向毛博士購買。

於二零一九年十月八日,領航醫藥向毛 博士出售可換股債券。

於二零一九年十二月二十三日,毛博士 向 United Gene International Holdings Group Limited出售可換股債券,而毛博士及謝 毅博士分別間接擁有該公司33%股權。



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# (34) DEFERRED INCOME ON GOVERNMENT GRANTS

# The amount represented receipt of grants by a subsidiary from local government authority in the PRC. The movements in deferred income on government grants are as follows:

#### (34) 政府補助之遞延收入

有關款項指一間附屬公司自中國當地 政府部門獲取之補助。政府補助之遞 延收入變動如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April	於四月一日	4,500	5,132
Recognised in profit or loss (note)	於損益確認(附註)	(117)	(123)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	(96)	(509)
At 31 March	於三月三十一日	4,287	4,500
Analysed as:	分析為:		
Current liabilities	流動負債	116	118
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	4,171	4,382
		4,287	4,500

Note: Government grants relating to property, plant and equipment are included in non-current liabilities as deferred income on government grants and are credited to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the expected lives of the related assets.

附註:有關物業、廠房及設備之政府補助計入 非流動負債列作政府補助之遞延收入 並於有關資產之預期年期內按直線法 計入綜合損益及其他全面收益表。

#### (35) SHARE CAPITAL

#### (35)股本

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Authorised: 20,000,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each	<i>法定:</i> 20,000,000,000股每股面值 0.01港元之普通股	200,000	200,000
Issued and fully paid: 2,390,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each	<i>已發行及繳足:</i> 2,390,000,000股每股面值 0.01港元之普通股	23,900	23,900

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#### (36) HOLDING COMPANY STATEMENT OF **FINANCIAL POSITION**

## (36) 控股公司財務狀況表

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
		PI) i±	一 一	一个的儿
Non-current assets Interests in subsidiaries — unlisted Amounts due from subsidiaries	<b>非流動資產</b> 於附屬公司之權益一非上市 應收附屬公司款項	39	629,927 330,217	629,927 329,740
			960,144	959,667
Current assets Deposits, prepayments and other receivables	<b>流動資產</b> 按金、預付款項及其他應收款項		517	560
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘		46,671	49,664
			47,188	50,224
Total assets	總資產		1,007,332	1,009,891
Current liabilities Accruals and other payables Amounts due to subsidiaries	<b>流動負債</b> 預提費用及其他應付款項 應付附屬公司款項		990 108,674	1,022 107,539
			109,664	108,561
Non-current liability Convertible bonds	<b>非流動負債</b> 可換股債券	33	117,124	98,617
Total liabilities	總負債		226,788	207,178
<b>Equity</b> Share capital Reserves	<b>權益</b> 股本 儲備	35 37	23,900 756,644	23,900 778,813
			780,544	802,713
Total liabilities and equity	總負債及權益		1,007,332	1,009,891

On behalf of the Board on 28 June 2024

代表董事會於二零二四年六月二十八日

Xie Yi 謝毅 Director 董事

Wong Sau Kuen 王秀娟 Director 董事

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度





#### (37) RESERVES

#### The Group

Details of the movements in the Group's reserves are as set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity in these consolidated financial statements. The natures and purposes of reserves within equity are as follows:

- The share premium account represents the amount (a) subscribed for share capital in excess of nominal value.
- (b) In accordance with the relevant regulations in the PRC, all of the Company's subsidiaries registered in the PRC are required to transfer part of their profit after tax to the capital reserve. Subject to certain restrictions set out in the relevant PRC regulations and the articles of association of these PRC subsidiaries, the capital reserve may be used to offset losses or for capitalisation as paidup capital.
- The contributed surplus of the Group represents the difference between the nominal value of the share capital of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the group reorganisation in 1999, over the nominal value of the share capital of the Company issued in exchange thereof.
- (d) Foreign currency translation reserve represents gains/ losses arising on retranslating the net assets/liabilities of foreign operations into presentation currency.
- (e) Convertible bonds equity reserve represents the amount allocated to the equity component of convertible bonds issued by the Company recognised in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for convertible bonds in note 4 to the consolidated financial statements.
- FVTOCI reserve represents fair value reserve comprises the cumulative net change in the fair value of equity investments designated at FVTOCI under HKFRS 9 that are held at the end of the reporting period.
- Other reserve represents the difference between the amount of non-controlling interest adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid on share buy-back and share cancellation. Such amounts will be transferred to retained earnings upon disposal of subsidiaries.

# (37) 儲備

#### 本集團

本集團儲備之變動詳情載列於該等綜 合財務報表之綜合權益變動表內。權 益內儲備之性質及目的如下:

- 股份溢價賬指認購股本金額超出 (a) 面值之款項。
- (b) 根據中國有關法例,本公司旗下 所有於中國註冊之附屬公司須將 其部分除税後溢利轉撥至資本儲 備。資本儲備可用作抵銷虧損或 用作資本化為繳足股本,惟須受 中國有關法例所載若干限制及該 等中國附屬公司組織章程細則之 規限。
- (C) 本集團之繳入盈餘為根據本集團 於一九九九年進行重組而收購 附屬公司股本之面值超過本公司 作交換用途之已發行股本面值之 差額。
- 匯 兑 儲 備 指 因 海 外 業 務 之 資 產 / 負債淨值重新換算為呈列貨幣而 產生之收益/虧損。
- 可換股債券權益儲備指根據綜合 (e) 財務報表附註4內就可換股債券 所採納之會計政策確認之本公司 發行可換股債券權益部分所獲分 配之款項。
- 按公平值計入其他全面收益儲備 (f) 指包括於報告期末持有根據香港 財務報告準則第9號指定為按公 平值計入其他全面收益之股本投 資公平值之累計變動淨額的公平 值儲備。
- (g) 其他儲備指經調整非控股權益金 額與股份購回及股份註銷已付 代價公平值之差額。於出售附屬 公司時,有關金額將轉撥至保留 盈利。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度



#### (37) RESERVES (Continued)

(37) 儲備(續)

The Company

本公司

		Share premium 股份溢價	surplus	Convertible bonds equity reserve 可換股債券 權益儲備	losses) 保留盈利/	Total 總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 April 2022 Loss and total comprehensive expense for the	於二零二二年四月一日 本年度虧損及全面 開支總額	191,738	64,636	512,359	30,868	799,601
year		_	_	_	(20,788)	(20,788)
	於二零二三年三月 三十一日及二零二三年 四月一日	191,738	64,636	512,359	10,080	778,813
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the	本年度虧損及全面 開支總額					
year		_	_	_	(22,169)	(22,169)
At 31 March 2024	於二零二四年三月					
	三十一日	191,738	64,636	512,359	(12,089)	756,644

#### (38) RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

# (38) 關聯方交易

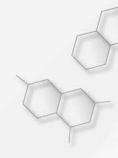
- (a) Save as the transactions and balances detailed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, the Group has entered into the following transactions with related parties during the year:
- (a) 除綜合財務報表其他部分所詳述 之交易及結餘外,本集團已於年 度內訂立以下關聯方交易:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Consultancy fee expense paid to Dr. Mao, a shareholder of the	已付毛博士(本公司股東)顧問 費開支		
Company  Loan interest income receivable from	應收來自一間聯營公司貸款之	663	663
loan to an associate	貸款利息收入	1,061	860

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度





#### (38) RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(b) Compensation of key management

The remuneration of key management for the year are set out in note 11.

Share buy-back by a non-wholly owned subsidiary

As of 19 June 2023, the Group's shareholding in Changchun Extrawell Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. ("Changchun Extrawell"), an indirect non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, has been increased from 73.11% to 80.46% upon completion of the share buyback agreement dated 31 March 2023 entered into between Changchun Extrawell and a then minority shareholder (the "MI Vendor") of Changchun Extrawell for the buy-back and cancellation of the 9.14% of total issued share capital of Changchun Extrawell held by the MI Vendor at a cash consideration of RMB4,400,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$4,888,000). As a result of share buy-back, the Group recognised decrease in non-controlling interests of HK\$1,650,000 and decrease in equity attributable to owners of the Company of HK\$3,238,000 respectively.

Details of the share buy-back are disclosed in the Company's announcements dated 31 March 2023 and 19 June 2023.

## (38) 關聯方交易(續)

(b) 主要管理層之報酬

本年度主要管理層人員之酬金載 於附註11。

(c) 非全資附屬公司作出之股 份回購

> 截至二零二三年六月十九日,於 長春精優藥業股份有限公司(「長 春精優」)與長春精優當時的一名 少數股東(「少數權益賣方」)就以 現金代價人民幣4,400,000元(相 當於約4.888.000港元)回購及註 銷少數權益賣方持有的長春精 優已發行股本總額的9.14%訂立 日期為二零二三年三月三十一 日之股份回購協議完成後,本集 團於本公司間接非全資附屬公 司長春精優的持股量由73.11% 增加至80.46%。由於股份回購, 本集團分別確認非控股權益減少 1.650.000港元以及本公司擁有人 應佔權益減少3.238.000港元。

> 有關股份回購之詳情披露於本公 司日期為二零二三年三月三十 一日及二零二三年六月十九日之 公告。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度



# (39) INTEREST IN SUBSIDIARIES

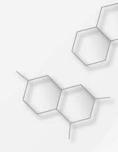
# (39)於附屬公司之權益

Name 名稱	Place/country of incorporation/ registration/ operation 註冊成立/登記/經營之地點/國家	Registered/issued and fully paid share capital 註冊/已發行及 繳足股本	Proportion of ownership interest and voting right held by the Company 本公司持有的所有權權益及投票權比例 2024 2023 二零二四年 二零二三年		nt Principal activities 主要業務	
Directly held						
直接持有 Extrawell (BVI) Limited	BVI	US\$10,000 ordinary shares	100%	100%	Investment holding	
	英屬處女群島	ordinary shares 10,000美元普通股			投資控股	
Jilin Extrawell Changbaishan Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. ("JECP") (note a)	China	RMB33,000,000 registered capital	100%	100%	Development, manufacture and sales of pharmaceutical products	
吉林精優長白山藥業有限公司 (「吉林精優」)(附註a)	中國	人民幣33,000,000元 註冊資本			開發、製造及銷售藥品	
Indirectly held 間接持有						
Extrawell Enterprises Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$20 ordinary shares HK\$1,000,000 non-voting deferred	100%	100%	Investment holding and property investment	
精優企業有限公司	香港	shares 20港元普通股 1,000,000港元 無投票權遞延股份			投資控股及物業投資	
Extrawell Pharmaceutical (HK) Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2 ordinary shares	100%	100%	Provision of agency services	
精優藥業(香港)有限公司	香港	2港元普通股			提供代理服務	
South Asia Pharmaceutical (China) Limited	Malaysia	US\$1 ordinary share	100%	100%	Marketing and distribution of pharmaceutical products	
	馬來西亞	1美元普通股			推廣及分銷藥品	
Changchun Extrawell Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. ("CEP") (note b)	China	RMB45,430,000 registered capital	80%	73%	Development, manufacture and sales of pharmaceutical products	
長春精優藥業股份有限公司 「長春精優」)(附註b)	中國	人民幣45,430,000元 註冊資本			開發、製造及銷售藥品	
Best-Bio Developments Limited	BVI/China 英屬處女群島/ 中國	US\$1 ordinary share 1美元普通股	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股	
Right & Rise Limited	BVI/China	US\$50,000 ordinary share	100%	100%	Investment holding	
	英屬處女群島/中國	ordinary share 50,000美元普通股			投資控股	

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度





#### (39) INTEREST IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

#### Notes:

- JECP is a wholly foreign-owned enterprise established in the PRC with an operating period of 15 years commencing from 22 April 1999. JECP has renewed its operating period with no expiry term.
- CEP is a joint stock limited company established in the PRC. (b)

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, principally affect the financial results of the year or form a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group.

None of the subsidiaries had issued any debt securities at the end of the year or any time during the year.

The table below shows details of non-wholly owned subsidiaries of the Group that have material non-controlling interests:

# (39)於附屬公司之權益(續)

#### 附註:

- 吉林精優乃於中國成立之外商獨資企 業,其經營期為自一九九九年四月二十 二日起計15年。吉林精優已重續其經營 期,並無屆滿期限。
- 長春精優乃於中國成立之股份有限 公司。

上表所列之本公司附屬公司為本公司 董事認為主要影響本年度財務業績或 構成本集團資產淨值重大部分之附屬 公司。

於年度末或年度內任何時間,概無附 屬公司發行任何債務證券。

下表列示本集團擁有重大非控股權益 之非全資附屬公司之詳情:

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place/country of registration/ incorporation/ operations 登記/註冊成立/ 經營之地點/國家	非控股權益所持之 所有權權益/投票權比例		g Loss allocated to non-controlling interests 分配至非控股權益 之虧損		Accum non-controlli 累計非控	ng interests }股權益
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
CEP 長春精優 Share buy back 股份回購	PRC 中國	20%	27%	1,309 -	508 —	1,151 (1,650)	(137)
Individually immaterial subsidiary with non-controlling interests 持有非控股權益之個別不重大附屬公司				-	_	(499) (15)	(137) (15)
				1,309	508	(514)	(152)

Summarised financial information in respect of CEP is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts before intragroup eliminations.

有關長春精優之財務資料概要載列如 下。下列財務資料概要為集團內公司 間對銷前之金額。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度



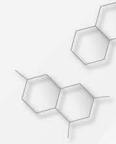
#### (39) INTEREST IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

# (39)於附屬公司之權益(續)

CEP 長春精優

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元 ——————	千港元
	\\ \tau \\ \u \u \\ \u \u \\ \		
Current assets	流動資產 ————————————————————————————————————	37,621	41,056
	U >= = 1 >77 ===		
Non-current assets	非流動資產 ————————————————————————————————————	123,147	132,036
Current liabilities	流動負債	(150,057)	(162,341)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(4,171)	(4,382)
Equity attributable to owners of	本公司擁有人應佔權益		
the Company		7,039	6,506
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(499)	(137)
- Trong into coto	クΓ ] エ //X /作 யL	(433)	(101)
		6,540	6,369





For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

# (39) INTEREST IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

# (39)於附屬公司之權益(續)

CEP (Continued)

長春精優(續)

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	收益	59,085	72,573
Expenses	開支	(53,641)	(70,683)
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income/(expense)	本年度溢利 本年度其他全面收益/(開支)	5,444	1,890
for the year		876	(860)
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額	6,320	1,030
Profit for the year attributable to:  — owners of the Company  — non-controlling interests	以下人士應佔本年度溢利: 一本公司擁有人 一非控股權益	4,135 1,309	1,382 508
		5,444	1,890
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to:	以下人士應佔本年度全面收益 總額:		
<ul><li>owners of the Company</li><li>non-controlling interests</li></ul>	一本公司擁有人 一非控股權益	5,032 1,288	453 577
		6,320	1,030
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities	經營活動(所用)/產生之現金 淨額	(6,606)	501
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用之現金淨額	(5,252)	(6,048)

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度



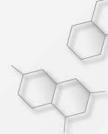
# (40) SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES BY CATEGORY

# (40) 按類別劃分之金融資產及金融負債概要

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元 ————	千港元
Financial assets	金融資產		
Financial assets at FVTPL	按公平值計入損益之金融資產		
Investments in convertible bonds as a whole		660,564	793,530
Short term investment	短期投資	661	1,754
OHOIT TEITH IIIVESTITIETT	应别仅良	001	1,702
Financial assets at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計量之金融資產		
Loan to an associate	貸款予一間聯營公司	18,039	20,386
Amount due from an associate	應收一間聯營公司款項	34,459	36,245
Trade and bills receivables	貿易應收賬款及應收票據	4,215	5,797
Deposits and other receivables	按金及其他應收款項	1,816	1,917
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	20,856	19,803
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	93,610	102,401
		834,220	981,833
			331,333
		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Financial liabilities	金融負債		
Financial liabilities Financial liabilities measured at			
rinancial liabilities measured at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計量之金融負債		
Trade and bills payables	貿易應付賬款及應付票據	4,657	6,634
Accruals and other payables	預提費用及其他應付款項	15,645	18,402
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	117,124	98,617
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	3,286	4,607
		440.710	100.000
		140,712	128,260

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#### (40) SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES BY CATEGORY (Continued)

Financial instruments not measured at fair value

Due to short term nature, the carrying values of financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost are approximate to their fair value.

(b) Financial instruments measured at fair value

#### Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - short-term investment

The fair value hierarchy is Level 2.

The fair value of the short-term investment is determined based on estimated return of 2.2% (2023: 2.2%) and the credit quality of these investments which can be assessed by reference to historical information or external credit ratings, if any, provided by the bank.

#### Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Investments in convertible bonds

The fair value hierarchy is Level 3.

The fair value of investments in convertible bonds is determined based on risk-free rate for the life of the option on the Innovative Pharm Bonds, the exercise price per conversion share, share price (from observable market data), expected volatility of the share price, and expected dividend yield, of Innovative Pharm, where the estimated contractual cash flow on the liability component over the remaining term of the Innovative Pharm Bonds is discounted at the interest rate appropriate to the riskiness of the Innovative Pharm Bonds.

#### (40) 按類別劃分之金融資產及金 融負債概要(續)

(a) 並非按公平值計量之金融 工具

> 由於短期性質,按攤銷成本計量 之金融資產及金融負債之賬面值 與其公平值相若。

(b) 按公平值計量之金融工具

#### 按公平值計入損益之金融資 產一短期投資

公平值層級為第二級。

短期投資之公平值乃按2.2%(二 零二三年:2.2%)之估計回報率 釐定,而該等投資之信貸質素可 經參考過往資料或銀行提供之外 部信貸評級(如有)予以評估。

#### 按公平值計入損益之金融資 產一可換股債券投資

公平值層級為第三級。

可換股債券投資之公平值乃基於 領航醫藥債券期權年期之無風險 利率、領航醫藥之每股換股股份 之行使價、股價(來自可觀察市 場數據)、股價預期波幅及預期 股息收益率釐定,而負債部分在 領航醫藥債券剩餘期限內的估計 合約現金流量則按切合領航醫藥 債券風險水平的利率進行貼現。

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度



#### (40) SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES BY CATEGORY (Continued)

Financial instruments measured at fair value (Continued)

#### Significant unobservable inputs

#### Expected Volatility

Expected volatility of the share price of Innovative Pharm was determined by reference to historical share price of Innovative Pharm.

In respect of the sensitivity relationship of the fair value measurement to changes in inputs, an increase/(decrease) in the expected volatility would result in increase/(decrease) in fair value measurement that the higher the volatility of the share price of Innovative Pharm the higher the fair value.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate was the rate adopted to calculate the present value of the cash flow of the Innovative Pharm Bonds and was estimated having taken into account the specific terms and structure of the Innovative Pharm Bonds including their liquidity. Increase/(decrease) in the discount rate would result in (decrease)/increase in the fair value.

Nevertheless, there would be counteracting effect among the inputs, and in certain extreme situation where the stock price of Innovative Pharm at 31 March 2024 and 2023 was significantly lower than that of the exercise price, the conversion option to convert the Innovative Pharm Bonds into shares of Innovative Pharm would be expected worthless and the expected volatility would have minimal effect on the fair value measurement.

There were no changes in valuation techniques for the years ended 31 March 2024 and 2023.

#### (40) 按類別劃分之金融資產及金 融負債概要(續)

(b) 按公平值計量之金融工具 (續)

#### 重大不可觀察輸入數據

#### 預期波幅

領航醫藥之股價預期波幅乃經參 考領航醫藥過往股價釐定。

就公平值計量對輸入數據變動 之敏感度關係而言,預期波幅增 加/(減少)將導致公平值計量增 加/(減少),即領航醫藥的股價 波幅越大,公平值越高。

#### 貼現率

貼現率乃計算領航醫藥債券現金 流量之現值時所採用的比率,其 乃於計及領航醫藥債券的具體條 款及結構(包括其流動性)後估計 得出。貼現率增加/(減少)將導 致公平值(減少)/增加。

然而,輸入數據之間會有抵銷作 用,在若干極端情況下(即領航 醫藥於二零二四年及二零二三年 三月三十一日的股價大大低於行 使價),將領航醫藥債券轉換為 領航醫藥股份的換股權預期將不 具價值,則預期波幅對公平值計 量的影響乃微不足道。

截至二零二四年及二零二三年三 月三十一日止年度,估值方法概 無變動。

#### 2024

二零二四年

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
第一級	第二級	第三級	總計
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
	664	CCO FC4	

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

按公平值計入損益之 金融資產

661 660,564 661.225

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度





#### (40) SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES BY CATEGORY (Continued)

(b) Financial instruments measured at fair value (Continued)

#### (40) 按類別劃分之金融資產及金 融負債概要(續)

(b) 按公平值計量之金融工具 (續)

		2023 二零二三年			
		Level 1 第一級 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 2 第二級 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 3 第三級 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	按公平值計入損益之 金融資產	_	1,754	793,530	795,284

#### (41) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's major financial instruments include short term investment, investments in convertible bonds, trade and bills receivables, deposits and other receivables, pledged bank deposits, cash and bank balances, trade and bills payables, accruals and other payables, loan to an associate, amount due from an associate and convertible bonds. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes.

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks such as foreign currency risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. The management monitors and manages the financial risks through internal risk assessment which analyses exposures by degree and magnitude of risks.

#### (a) Foreign currency risk

Foreign exchange risk arises when commercial transactions, assets or liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the functional currency of the group entities. The Group operates mainly in the PRC and is exposed to foreign currency exchange rate risk arising from various foreign currency exposures. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the management monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

#### (41) 財務風險管理

本集團之主要金融工具包括短期投 資、可換股債券投資、貿易應收賬款 及應收票據、按金及其他應收款項、 已抵押銀行存款、現金及銀行結餘、 貿易應付賬款及應付票據、預提費用 及其他應付款項、貸款予一間聯營公 司、應收一間聯營公司款項及可換股 債券。該等金融工具之詳情於相關附 註披露。

本集團之活動令本集團面臨多種財務 風險,如外幣風險、信貸風險、流動 資金風險及利率風險。本集團之整體 風險管理計劃集中在金融市場之不 可預測性,並尋求盡量減低對本集團 財務表現之潛在不利影響。管理層通 過內部風險評估,分析風險程度及廣 度,監控及管理財務風險。

#### 外幣風險 (a)

外匯風險源於集團實體以非功能 貨幣之貨幣列值之商業交易、資 產或負債。本集團之業務主要於 中國經營,並面臨多種外幣之外 幣匯率風險。本集團現時並無外 幣對沖政策。然而,管理層會監 察外匯風險,並將於必要時考慮 對沖重大外幣風險。

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度



#### (41) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (a) Foreign currency risk (Continued)

The carrying amounts of the foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities in net position as at 31 March 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

#### (41) 財務風險管理(續)

#### (a) 外幣風險(續)

於二零二四年及二零二三年三月 三十一日,按外幣計值之貨幣資 產及負債淨值之賬面值如下:

RMB

		<b>歐元</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>人民幣</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>美元</b> HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 March 2024	於二零二四年三月三十一日			
Pledged bank deposits	アードーグート I 已抵押銀行存款	_	_	20,856
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	2,460	26,529	58,291
Overall net exposure	全面風險淨額	2,460	26,529	79,147
At 31 March 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日			40.000
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	_	_	19,803
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	2,488	31,020	57,706
Overall net exposure	全面風險淨額	2,488	31,020	77,509

The cash and bank balances and pledged bank deposits denominated in US\$ belong to the group entities in which the functional currency is HK\$. The directors are of the opinion that the HK\$ are reasonably stable with the US\$ under the Linked Exchange Rate System, and accordingly, no sensitivity analysis of US\$ with respect to HK\$ is performed.

以美元計值之現金及銀行結餘以 及已抵押銀行存款屬於功能貨幣 為港元之集團實體。董事認為, 由於在聯繫匯率制度下,港元與 美元相當穩定,因此,並無進行 美元對港元之敏感度分析。

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度





#### (41) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (a) Foreign currency risk (Continued) (Continued)

The following table illustrates the approximate change in the Group's (loss)/profit before tax for the year and retained earnings in response to reasonably possible changes in the foreign exchange rates to which the Group has significant exposure at the end of each of the following years:

#### (41) 財務風險管理(續)

#### (a) 外幣風險(續)

下表說明本集團本年度除稅前(虧損)/溢利及保留盈利就本集團於以下各年度末面對重大風險之匯率的合理可能變動,而出現之概約變動:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Euro appreciated by 5%	歐元升值5%	123	124
RMB appreciated by 5%	人民幣升值5%	1,326	1,551

The change in exchange rates do not affect the Group's other component of equity. The same percentage depreciation in the foreign currencies against the functional currency of the respective group companies would have the same magnitude on profit and retained profits but of opposite effect.

The sensitivity analysis has been determined assuming that the change in foreign exchange rates had occurred at the end of each of the reporting period and had been applied to each of the group entities; exposure to currency risk for financial instruments in existence at that date, and that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant. The stated changes represent management's assessment of reasonably possible changes in foreign exchange rates over the period until the next reporting date.

#### (b) Interest rate risk

The Group's cash flow interest rate risk primarily relates to variable-rate pledged bank deposits and bank balances (see notes 27 and 28 respectively for details). The Group currently does not have interest rate hedging policy. However, the management of the Group will consider hedging significant interest rate exposure should the need arise. The management considers the Group's exposure to future cash flow interest rate risk is minimal taking into account the minimal fluctuation on market interest rate. Accordingly, no sensitivity analysis is presented.

匯率變動不會影響本集團其他權益部分。外幣兑各集團公司之功 能貨幣之同一百分比貶值對溢利 及保留溢利構成相同幅度但相反 之影響。

敏感度分析乃假設匯率於各報告期末已發生變動而釐定,並無所各集團實體,就金融工具存至。 受之貨幣風險於該日期已存利之。 以及所有其他變數(特別是利率) 維持不變。所述變動代表管理所 對匯率於直至下個報告日期 間之合理可能變動之評估。

#### (b) 利率風險

本集團之現金流量利率風險主要 與以浮動利率計息之已抵別別 存款及銀行結餘(詳情分別現 註27及28)有關。本集團 無利率對沖政策。然而,對內 管理層將於必要時場利率與內 管理層認為本集重大動 甚微,管理層認為本集團 來現金流量利率之風險甚 來現金流量列敏感度分析。

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度



#### (41) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (c) Liquidity risk

The Group actively manages its debt maturity profile, operating cash flows and the availability of funding so as to ensure that all operating, investing and financing needs are met. The liquidity risk management strategy adopted by the Group is to measure and forecast its cash commitments and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate to finance the Group's activities.

Analysis of financial instruments by remaining contractual

The table below summaries the maturity profile of the Group's liabilities at the end of the reporting period based on contractual undiscounted repayment obligations (including interest payments computed using contractual rates, or if floating, based on rates current at the reporting date).

#### (41) 財務風險管理(續)

#### (c) 流動資金風險

本集團積極管理其債務到期情 況、經營現金流量及可動用資 金,以確保可應付所有經營、投 資及融資需要。本集團採納之流 動資金風險管理策略為計量及預 測其現金承擔及將現金及現金等 值項目維持於被視為足以撥付本 集團活動之水平。

按剩餘合約到期日劃分之金融工 具分析。

下表根據合約未貼現償還責任 (包括使用合約利率或(倘屬浮 動)根據報告日期之當前利率計 算的利息付款),概述本集團於 報告期末負債之到期情況。

		Weighted average effective interest rate	Carrying amount	Total contractual undiscounted cash flow		More than 1 year but less than 2 years 超過一年	More than 2 years but less than 5 years 超過兩年	More than 5 years
		加權平均 實際利率	賬面值	合約未貼現 現金流量總額	按要求償還	但少於 兩年	但少於 五年	超過五年
		貝际刊学	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 March 2024	於二零二四年三月三十一日							
Trade and bills payables	貿易應付賬款及應付票據	N/A 不適用	4,657	4,657	4,657	_	_	_
Accruals and other payables	預提費用及其他應付款項	N/A 不適用	15,645	15,645	15,645			
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	7.92%	3,286	3,556	1,567	1,989	_	_
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	18.72%	117,124	577,170	_	_	_	577,170
	_		140,712	601,028	21,869	1,989	-	577,170
At 31 March 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日							
Trade and bills payables	貿易應付賬款及應付票據	N/A						
A de de lle dele .	苏 相 弗 田 T 井 A 赤 A 卦 吞	不適用	6,634	6,634	6,634	_	_	_
Accruals and other payables	<b></b>	N/A 不適用	18,402	18,402	18,402	_	_	_
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	7.92%	4,607	5,172	1,610	1,567	1,995	_
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	18.72%	98,617	577,170				577,170
			128,260	607,378	26,646	1,567	1,995	577,170

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度





#### (41) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (d) Credit risk and impairment assessment

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to investments in convertible bonds, trade and other receivables, amount due from an associate, loan to an associate, pledged bank deposits and bank balances.

As at 31 March 2024, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties is the carrying amounts of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The investments in convertible bonds as at 31 March 2024 expose the Group to concentration of credit risk. At the end of the reporting period, the Group assessed the financial position and performance of the issuer of the convertible bonds with carrying amount HK\$660,564,000 (2023: HK\$793,530,000) and in view of the net assets of the issuer and its ongoing core operating segment related to the In-process R&D of the Product, the management considers the default risk on the investments in convertible bonds is not significant.

The Group also has concentration of credit risk as 12% (2023: 12%) of the total trade receivables were due from the Group's major customers, which are privately owned PRC companies engaged in trading of pharmaceutical products. The directors of the Company considered that the credit risk of trade receivables is insignificant after considering the credit quality and financial ability of these customers. In respect of trade receivables, individual credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount. The Group has policies in place to ensure that sales are made to customers with an appropriate credit history. These credit evaluations focus on the customers' past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customer as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customer operates. The Group will make specific provision for those balances which cannot be recovered. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from customers. In the opinion of the directors, the default risk of the Group is considered to be low.

# (41) 財務風險管理(續)

#### (d) 信貸風險及減值評估

本集團之信貸風險主要來自可換 股債券投資、貿易應收賬款及其 他應收款項、應收一間聯營公司 款項、貸款予一間聯營公司、已 抵押銀行存款及銀行結餘。

於二零二四年三月三十一日,本 集團所面對之最大信貸風險(會 因交易對手未能履行責任而令本 集團承擔財政損失)為綜合財務 狀況表列載之各項已確認金融資 產之賬面值。

於二零二四年三月三十一日之可 換股債券投資令本集團面臨集, 集中風險。於報告期末,本港 評估賬面值為660,564,000港元) (二零二三年:793,530,000港元) 之可換股債券發行人之財務資 及表現,鑒於發行人擁有之財務 發育人及其核心營運分 關產品的進行中之強 翻產品的進行中之違約 國際 並不重大。

本集團亦面臨信貸集中風險,乃 因貿易應收賬款總額中12%(二 零二三年:12%) 乃應收本集團 之主要客戶款項,該等客戶為從 事藥品貿易之中國私人公司。經 考慮該等客戶之信貸質素及財 政能力後,本公司董事認為貿易 應收賬款之信貸風險並不重大。 就貿易應收賬款而言,對所有要 求超過若干金額信貸之客戶進行 獨立信貸評估。本集團訂有適當 政策可確保銷售對象為信貸記錄 良好之客戶。該等信貸評估著重 評核客戶支付到期款項之過往記 錄,以及目前之支付能力,並考 慮客戶特定資料及有關客戶經營 所在經濟環境之資料。本集團將 會為該等不能收回之結餘作出特 定撥備。一般而言,本集團並無 向客戶收取抵押品。董事認為, 本集團面對之違約風險為低。

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度



#### (41) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(d) Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

#### Pledged bank deposits/bank balances

Credit risk on pledged bank deposits/bank balances is limited because the counterparties are reputable banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit agencies.

#### Amount due from an associate and loan to an associate

The Group has concentration of credit risk as the balances were contributed from an associate for both vears.

The Group regularly monitors the business performance of the associate. The Group's credit risks in these balances are mitigated through the value of the assets held by these entities and the power to participate the relevant activities of these entities. The Group provided impairment based on lifetime ECL. For the years ended 31 March 2024 and 2023, the Group assessed the ECL for amount due from an associate and loan to an associate. An allowance of credit losses of amount due from an associate and loan to an associate amounting to approximately HK\$7,488,000 (2023: HK\$5,703,000) and approximately HK\$6,616,000 (2023: HK\$3,207,000) respectively were provided during the year ended 31 March 2024.

#### (41) 財務風險管理(續)

信貸風險及減值評估(續)

#### 已抵押銀行存款/銀行結餘

已抵押銀行存款/銀行結餘之信 貸風險有限,原因為交易對手為 享有國際信貸機構給予高信貸評 級之信譽良好銀行。

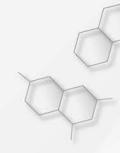
#### 應收一間聯營公司款項及貸 款予一間聯營公司

本集團面臨集中信貸風險,原因 為該兩個年度之結餘均來自一間 聯營公司。

本集團定期監察聯營公司之業務 表現。本集團就該等結餘所面臨 之信貸風險通過相關實體所持 資產價值以及參與相關活動之 權力而緩解。本集團按全期預期 信貸損失計提減值撥備。截至二 零二四年及二零二三年三月三 十一日止年度,本集團已評估應 收一間聯營公司款項及貸款予 一間聯營公司之預期信貸損失。 於截至二零二四年三月三十一日 止年度就應收一間聯營公司款項 及貸款予一間聯營公司計提信貸 損失撥備分別約7,488,000港元 (二零二三年:5,703,000港元)及 約6,616,000港元(二零二三年: 3,207,000港元)。

綜合財務報表附註(續)





#### (41) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

(d) Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

#### Other receivables and deposits

For other receivables and deposits, the management makes periodic individual assessment on the recoverability of other receivables and deposits based on historical settlement records, past experience, and also quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportive forward-looking information. The management believes that there are no significant increase in credit risk of these amounts since initial recognition and the Group provided impairment based on 12-month ECL ("12m ECL"). For the years ended 31 March 2024 and 2023, the Group assessed the ECL for other receivables and deposits. An allowance of credit losses of other receivables amounting to approximately HK\$26,000 (2023: nil) was provided during the year ended 31 March 2024.

The Group measures loss allowances for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs, which is calculated using a provision matrix. As the Group's historical credit loss experience does not indicate significantly different loss patterns for different customer segments, the loss allowance based on past due status is not further distinguished between the Group's different customer bases.

#### (41) 財務風險管理(續)

信貸風險及減值評估(續)

#### 其他應收款項及按金

就其他應收款項及按金而言,以 歷史結算記錄、過往經驗以及屬 合理及支持性前瞻性資料之定量 及定性資料為基準,管理層定期 個別評估其他應收款項及按金之 可收回性。管理層認為,該等款 項之信貸風險自初步確認以來並 無顯著增加,故本集團按12個月 預期信貸損失(「12個月預期信貸 損失1)計提減值撥備。截至二零 二四年及二零二三年三月三十一 日止年度,本集團已評估其他應 收款項及按金之預期信貸損失, 並於截至二零二四年三月三十一 日止年度就其他應收款項計提信 貸損失撥備約26,000港元(二零 二三年:零)。

本集團使用撥備矩陣並按與全期 預期信貸損失等額之方式計量貿 易應收賬款之虧損撥備。由於本 集團過往信貸損失經驗並無顯示 不同客戶分類有重大不同損失模 式,按逾期狀態呈列之虧損撥備 不會進一步於本集團不同客戶群 之間區分。

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度



#### (41) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (d) Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

#### Trade and bills receivables

The following table provides information about the Group's exposure to credit risk and ECLs for trade and bills receivables:

#### (41) 財務風險管理(續)

(d) 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

#### 貿易應收賬款及應收票據

下表載列本集團就貿易應收賬款 及應收票據所面臨之信貸風險及 預期信貸損失之資料:

**Past** 

			due over	
		Current	180 days	Total
			已逾期超過	
		即期	180 日	總計
At 31 March 2024	於二零二四年			
	三月三十一日			
ECL (%)	預期信貸損失(%)	_	97.78	
Gross carrying amount (HK\$'000)	賬面總值(千港元)	3,319	40,318	43,637
Loss allowance (HK\$'000)	虧損撥備(千港元)	_	39,422	39,422
At 31 March 2023	於二零二三年			
	三月三十一日			
ECL (%)	預期信貸損失(%)	_	95.80	
Gross carrying amount (HK\$'000)	賬面總值(千港元)	4,035	41,970	46,005
Loss allowance (HK\$'000)	虧損撥備(千港元)	_	40,208	40,208

Expected loss rates are based on actual loss experience over the past 1 year. These rates are adjusted to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historical data has been collected, current conditions and the Group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables.

預期虧損率乃根據過往一年之實 際虧損經驗計算。該等比率乃經 調整,以反映收集歷史數據期間 之經濟狀況、現時狀況及本集團 對應收款項之預計年期之經濟狀 況看法之差異。





For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### (41) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued) (41) 財務風險管理(續)

(d) Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

> The Group's internal credit risk grading assessment comprises the following categories:

(d) 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

本集團內部信貸風險評級評估包 括下列分類:

Internal credit rating	Description	Trade and bills receivables 貿易應收賬款及	Other financial assets
內部信貸評級	描述	應收票據	其他金融資產
Low risk	The counterparty has a low risk of default and does not have any past-due amounts	Lifetime ECL — not credit-impaired	12m ECL
低風險	交易對手方違約風險較低及並無任何 逾期金額	全期預期信貸損失 一無信貸減值	12個月預期信貸 損失
Watch list	Debtor frequently repays after due dates but usually settle in full	Lifetime ECL — not credit-impaired	12m ECL
監察名單	債務人經常於到期日後償還款項,惟通常 會悉數支付	· ·	12個月預期信貸 損失
Doubtful	There have been significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition through information developed internally or external resources	Lifetime ECL — not credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL — not credit-impaired
呆賬	內部或外界資源產生的資料顯示信貸風 險自初步確認以來已大幅增加	全期預期信貸損失 一無信貸減值	全期預期信貸損失 一無信貸減值
Loss	There is evidence indicating the asset is credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL — credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL — credit-impaired
虧損	有證據顯示資產已出現信貸減值	全期預期信貸損失 一信貸減值	全期預期信貸損失 一信貸減值
Write-off	There is evidence indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and the Group	Amount is written off	Amount is written off
撇銷	has no realistic prospect of recovery 有證據顯示債務人出現重大財務困難,而 本集團並無收回款項的實際可能	金額已撇銷	金額已撇銷

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### (41) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued) (41) 財務風險管理(續)

(d) Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

The tables below detail the credit risk exposures of the Group's financial assets, which are subject to ECL assessment:

External Internal

(d) 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

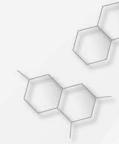
下表詳列須進行預期信貸損失 評估之本集團金融資產之信貸 風險:

	credit rating 外部信	credit rating 內部信	12m or lifetime ECL	Gross carryi	ng amount
	貸評級	貸評級	12個月或全期預期信貸損失	賬面網	總值
Financial assets at amortised cost 按攤銷成本計量之金融資產				2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade and bills receivables 貿易應收賬款及應收票據	N/A 不適用	Low risk 低風險	Lifetime ECL (not credit-impaired) 全期預期信貸損失(無信貸減值)	3,319	4,035
5. 75 d. 5.	,,,,,,	Doubtful 呆賬	Lifetime ECL (not credit-impaired) 全期預期信貸損失(無信貸減值)	40,318	41,970
Loan to an associate 貸款予一間聯營公司	N/A 不適用	Doubtful 呆賬	Lifetime ECL (not credit-impaired) 全期預期信貸損失(無信貸減值)	24,655	23,593
Amount due from an associate 應收一間聯營公司款項	N/A 不適用	Doubtful 呆賬	Lifetime ECL (not credit-impaired) 全期預期信貸損失(無信貸減值)	41,947	41,947
Deposits and other receivables 按金及其他應收款項	N/A 不適用	(Note) (附註)	12m ECL 12個月預期信貸損失	1,842	1,943

Note: For the purposes of internal credit risk management, the Group uses past due information to assess whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition.

附註:就內部信貸風險管理而言,本集團使用 逾期資料評估信貸風險自初步確認以 來是否已大幅增加。





For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

# (41) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(d) Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

2024

## (41) 財務風險管理(續)

(d) 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

二零二四年

			Not past due/No fixed	
		Past due	repayment terms 未逾期/	Total
		逾期 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	無固定 還款期 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	總計 HK\$'000 千港元
		一	丁 / 6 儿	下作儿
Amount due from an associate Loan to an associate Trade and bills receivables	應收一間聯營公司款項 貸款予一間聯營公司 貿易應收賬款及應收票據	2,948 897	34,459 15,091 3,318	34,459 18,039 4,215
Deposits and other receivables	按金及其他應收款項	_	1,816	1,816
2023		— 雫 - — 令 -	二三年	
			Not past due/No fixed repayment	
		Past due	terms 未逾期/ 無固定	Total
		逾期 HK\$'000 千港元	還款期 HK\$'000 千港元	總計 HK\$'000 千港元
		. , _ , 0		0
Amount due from an associate	應收一間聯營公司款項	_	36,245	36,245
Loan to an associate	貸款予一間聯營公司		20,386	20,386
Trade and bills receivables Deposits and other receivables	貿易應收賬款及應收票據 按金及其他應收款項	1,762 —	4,035 1,917	5,797 1,917

The following tables show reconciliation of loss allowances that has been recognised for amount due from an associate, loan to an associate, trade and bills receivables and deposits and other receivables.

下表列示已就應收一間聯營公司 款項、貸款予一間聯營公司、貿 易應收賬款及應收票據以及按金 及其他應收款項確認的虧損撥備 對賬。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度



#### (41) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (41) 財務風險管理(續)

(d) Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

Loan to an associate

(d) 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

貸款予一間聯營公司

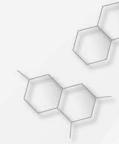
Lifetime ECL (not creditimpaired) 全期預期 信貸損失 (無信貸減值) HK\$'000 千港元

Past due

At 1 April 2022 於二零二二年四月一日 2.353 於二零二二年四月一日因確認金融 Changes due to financial instruments 工具出現變動: recognised at 1 April 2022: Impairment losses recognised 已確認減值虧損 854 At 31 March 2023 and 1 April 2023 於二零二三年三月三十一日及 二零二三年四月一日 3,207 Changes due to financial instruments 於二零二三年四月一日因確認金融 recognised at 1 April 2023: 工具出現變動: Impairment losses recognised 已確認減值虧損 3,409 At 31 March 2024 於二零二四年三月三十一日 6,616

		Current	over 180 days 已逾期超過	Total
		即期	180日	總計
At 31 March 2024	於二零二四年三月三十一日			
ECL (%)	預期信貸損失(%)	17.850	53.100	
Gross carrying amount (HK\$'000)	賬面總值(千港元)	18,371	6,284	24,655
Loss allowance (HK\$'000)	虧損撥備(千港元)	3,280	3,336	6,616
	·			
At 31 March 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日			
ECL (%)	預期信貸損失(%)	13.595		
Gross carrying amount (HK\$'000)	賬面總值(千港元)	23,593	_	23,593
Loss allowance (HK\$'000)	虧損撥備(千港元)	3,207	_	3,207





For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

# (41) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(d) Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

Trade and bills receivables

## (41) 財務風險管理(續)

(d) 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

#### 貿易應收賬款及應收票據

		Lifetime ECL (not credit- impaired) 全期預期 信貸減值) HK\$'000 千港元	Lifetime ECL (credit- impaired) 全期預期 信貸減值) HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2022	於二零二二年四月一日	43,831	_	43,831
Changes due to financial instruments recognised at 1 April 2022:				7,7-7
<ul> <li>Impairment losses recognised</li> </ul>	一已確認減值虧損	1,278	_	1,278
<ul> <li>Impairment losses reversed</li> </ul>	一已撥回減值虧損	(483)	_	(483)
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(4,418)	_	(4,418)
At 31 March 2023 and 1 April 2023	於二零二三年三月 三十一日及二零二三年 四月一日	40,208	_	40,208
Changes due to financial instruments recognised at 1 April 2023:		10,200		10,200
<ul> <li>Impairment losses recognised</li> </ul>	一已確認減值虧損	1,727	_	1,727
<ul> <li>Impairment losses reversed</li> </ul>	一已撥回減值虧損	(1,638)	_	(1,638)
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(875)	_	(875)
At 31 March 2024	於二零二四年三月			
	三十一日	39,422	_	39,422

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度



## (41) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

## (41) 財務風險管理(續)

(d) Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

(d) 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

Amount due from an associate

應收一間聯營公司款項

Past due

Lifetime ECL (not creditimpaired) 全期預期信貸 損失(無信貸 減值) HK\$'000 千港元

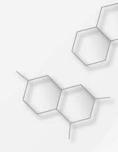
At 31 March 2024	於二零二四年三月三十一日	7,488
Impairment losses recognised	已確認減值虧損	1,785
Changes due to financial instruments recognised at 1 April 2023:	於二零二三年四月一日因確認 金融工具變動:	
	二零二三年四月一日	5,703
At 31 March 2023 and 1 April 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日及	
Impairment losses reversed	已撥回減值虧損	(155)
Changes due to financial instruments recognised at 1 April 2022:	於二零二二年四月一日因確認 金融工具變動:	
At 1 April 2022	於二零二二年四月一日	5,858

		Current	over 180 days 已逾期超過	Total
		即期	180 日	總計
At 24 Mayab 2004	<b>孙 一 泰 一 丽 左 一 口 一 上   口</b>			
At 31 March 2024 ECL (%)	於二零二四年三月三十一日 預期信貸損失(%)	17.850	_	
Gross carrying amount (HK\$'000)	賬面總值(千港元)	41,947	_	41,947
Loss allowance (HK\$'000)	虧損撥備(千港元)	7,488	_	7,488
At 31 March 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日			
ECL (%)	預期信貸損失(%)	13.595	_	
Gross carrying amount (HK\$'000)	賬面總值(千港元)	41,947	_	41,947
Loss allowance (HK\$'000)	虧損撥備(千港元)	5,703	_	5,703

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度





#### (41) FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(d) Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

Deposits and other receivables

#### (41) 財務風險管理(續)

(d) 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

#### 按金及其他應收款項

12m ECL 12個月預期 信貸損失 HK\$'000 千港元

At 1 April 2022, 31 March 2023, 1 April 2023 and 31 March 2024 於二零二二年四月一日、二零二三年 三月三十一日、二零二三年四月一日 及二零二四年三月三十一日

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#### (42) CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders through optimisation of capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The Group regularly reviews and manages its capital structure, and makes adjustments to it taking into account the changes in economic conditions, risk characteristics of the underlying assets, the Group's investment strategy and opportunities, projected operating cash flows and capital expenditures. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the level of borrowings, dividend payment to shareholders, issue new shares, or buy back its own shares.

#### (42) 資本管理

本集團管理資本之目標為保證本集團 能夠持續經營,以便透過優化資本結 構以減少資本成本,繼續為股東提供 回報及為其他利益相關者帶來利益。 本集團之整體策略與上一年度維持 不變。

本集團定期審閱及管理其資本結構, 並於考慮經濟狀況之變動、有關資 之風險特徵、本集團之投資策略及 遇、預測經營現金流量以及資資本開 後作出調整。為維持或調整資、本 構,本集團可能調整借貸水平本付 予股東之股息、發行新股份或購回自 身股份。

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Debts	債務	117,124	98,617
Total equity	權益總額	1,112,611	1,281,570
Gearing ratio	資產負債比率	10.5%	7.7%



For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

# (43) RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING (43) 融資活動產生之負債對賬 FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

		Convertible bonds 可換股 債券 HK\$'000 千港元	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2022	於二零二二年四月一日	83,074	2,233	85,307
Changes from financing cash flows: Repayment of principal portion of	融資現金流量變動: 租賃負債本金部分還款		(0.005)	(0.005)
lease liabilities  Repayment of interest portion of lease liabilities	租賃負債利息部分還款	_	(2,295)	(2,295)
Total changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流量變動總額		(2,387)	(2,387)
Other change: Addition of lease liabilities Interest expenses Exchange adjustments	<b>其他變動:</b> 租賃負債增加 利息開支 匯兑調整	_ 15,543	4,597 92 72	4,597 15,635 72
Total other change	其他變動總額	15,543	4,761	20,304
At 31 March 2023 and 1 April 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日 及二零二三年四月一日	98,617	4,607	103,224
Changes from financing cash flows: Repayment of principal portion of lease liabilities	融資現金流量變動: 租賃負債本金部分還款	_	(1,321)	(1,321)
Repayment of interest portion of lease liabilities	租賃負債利息部分還款	-	(294)	(294)
Total changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流量變動總額	-	(1,615)	(1,615)
Other changes: Interest expenses	<b>其他變動:</b> 利息開支	18,507	294	18,801
Total other changes	其他變動總額	18,507	294	18,801
At 31 March 2024	於二零二四年三月三十一日	117,124	3,286	120,410

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度





#### (44) NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended 31 March 2023, the Group entered into new arrangements in respects of office premises. Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities of approximately HK\$4,597,000 were recognised at the commencement date of the lease.

#### (45) APPROVAL OF CONSOLIDATED **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 28 June 2024.

#### (44) 非現金交易

於截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年 度,本集團就辦公場地訂立新安排。 使用權資產及租賃負債約4,597,000港 元於租賃開始日期確認。

#### (45) 批准綜合財務報表

董事會於二零二四年六月二十八日批 准及授權刊登綜合財務報表。

# **FIVE YEARS' FINANCIAL SUMMARY** 五年財務概要



A summary of the results and of the assets, liabilities and non- 本集團過去五個財政年度之業績,以及資 controlling interests of the Group for the last five financial years, is set 產、負債及非控股權益概要如下: out below:

#### For the year ended 31 March

+>		
截至二	月二十一	-日止年度

		截至二月二十一日止年度				
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
		二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二二年	二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		1,70,70	1,2,0	1,2,0	1,2,0	1,78,8
RESULTS	業績					
Revenue	收益	59,098	72,577	73,925	78,802	77,584
(Loss)/Profit before income tax	除所得税前(虧損)/溢利	(159,509)	130,901	132,330	(119,663)	85,491
Income tax (expense)/credit	所得税(支出)/抵免	(2,131)	(1,128)	(1,239)		90
	77113 70 (77 1477 3470	(=,101)	(1,12)	( ' , = /		
// // // //	上左京/春4D / /// / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	(101.010)	100 770	101.001	(4.40.000)	05.504
(Loss)/Profit for the year	本年度(虧損)/溢利	(161,640)	129,773	131,091	(119,663)	85,581
Attributable to:	以下人士應佔:					
<ul> <li>Owners of the Company</li> </ul>	一本公司擁有人	(162,949)	129,265	130,588	(121,098)	83,280
<ul> <li>Non-controlling interests</li> </ul>	一非控股權益	1,309	508	503	1,435	2,301
		(404.040)	100 770	101 001	(440,000)	05 504
		(161,640)	129,773	131,091	(119,663)	85,581
			A -	- L Od MaI-		
				at 31 March		
			於	三月三十一日		
		2024	於: 2023		2021	2020
		<b>2024</b> 二零二四年	於: 2023	三月三十一日 2022	2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
			於: 2023	三月三十一日 2022		
		二零二四年	<b>於</b> 2023 二零二三年	三月三十一日 2022 二零二二年	二零二一年	二零二零年
		二零二四年 HK\$'000	於. 2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000	三月三十一日 2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000	二零二一年 HK\$'000	二零二零年 HK\$'000
ACCETC LIABILITIES AND	次本,各焦飞业物职物关	二零二四年 HK\$'000	於. 2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000	三月三十一日 2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000	二零二一年 HK\$'000	二零二零年 HK\$'000
ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND	資產、負債及非控股權益	二零二四年 HK\$'000	於. 2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000	三月三十一日 2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000	二零二一年 HK\$'000	二零二零年 HK\$'000
NON-CONTROLLING	資產、負債及非控股權益	二零二四年 HK\$'000	於. 2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000	三月三十一日 2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000	二零二一年 HK\$'000	二零二零年 HK\$'000
NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS		二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	於. 2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	E月三十一日 2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS Total assets	總資產	二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元 1,287,189	於 2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	E月三十一日 2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元 1,164,239	二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元 1,265,710
NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS		二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	於. 2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	E月三十一日 2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS Total assets	總資產	二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元 1,287,189	於 2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	E月三十一日 2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元 1,164,239	二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元 1,265,710
NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS Total assets	總資產	二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元 1,287,189	於 2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	E月三十一日 2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元 1,164,239	二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元 1,265,710 (125,862)
NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS Total assets Total liabilities  Total equity	總資產 總負債 權益總額	二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元 1,287,189 (174,578)	於 2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元 1,444,874 (163,304)	三月三十一日 2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元 1,317,101 (152,177)	二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元 1,164,239 (134,945) 1,029,294	二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元 1,265,710 (125,862) 1,139,848
NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS Total assets Total liabilities	總資產 總負債 權益總額	二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元 1,287,189 (174,578)	於 2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	三月三十一日 2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元 1,164,239 (134,945)	二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元 1,265,710 (125,862)
NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS  Total assets Total liabilities  Total equity Less: Non-controlling interests	總資產 總負債 權益總額 減:非控股權益	二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元 1,287,189 (174,578)	於 2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元 1,444,874 (163,304)	三月三十一日 2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元 1,317,101 (152,177)	二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元 1,164,239 (134,945) 1,029,294	二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元 1,265,710 (125,862) 1,139,848
NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS Total assets Total liabilities  Total equity	總資產 總負債 權益總額 減:非控股權益	二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元 1,287,189 (174,578)	於 2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元 1,444,874 (163,304)	三月三十一日 2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元 1,317,101 (152,177)	二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元 1,164,239 (134,945) 1,029,294	二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元 1,265,710 (125,862) 1,139,848



# Extrawell Pharmaceutical Holdings Limited 精優藥業控股有限公司

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability) (於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

Stock code 股份代號: 858

