香港交易及結算所有限公司及香港聯合交易所有限公司對本公佈之內容概不負責,對其準確 性或完整性亦不發表任何聲明,並明確表示概不就因本公佈全部或任何部份內容而產生或因 倚賴該等內容而引致之任何損失承擔任何責任。



# CHINA FINANCE INVESTMENT HOLDINGS LIMITED 中國金控投資集團有限公司

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司) (股份代號:875)

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止 年度全年業績公告

中國金控投資集團有限公司(「本公司」)董事(「董事」)會(「董事會」)欣然宣佈 本公司及其附屬公司截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度之經審核全年業績。 本公告載有本公司二零二二年年報全文,符合香港聯合交易所有限公司證券 上市規則中有關全年業績初步公告附載資料之相關要求。本公司的二零二二 年年度報告的印刷本將寄發予本公司股東,並可於二零二三年四月下旬於香 港交易及結算所有限公司網站www.hkexnews.hk及本公司網站www.cfih.hk查閱。

承董事會命

中國金控投資集團有限公司

主席兼首席執行官

林裕豪

香港,二零二三年三月三十一日

於本公佈日期,本公司董事會由五名董事組成,包括一名執行董事林裕豪先生;一名非執行 董事韓秀紅女士;以及三名獨立非執行董事,分別為李邵華先生、朱柔香女士及李楊女士。

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\* For identification purposes only \* 僅供識別用途

# **CORPORATE INFORMATION** 公司資料

### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

**Executive director** Mr. LIN Yuhao (*Chairman and Chief Executive Officer*)

Non-executive director

Ms. HAN Xiuhong

### Independent non-executive directors

Mr. LI Shaohua Ms. ZHU Rouxiang Ms. LI Yang

### AUDIT COMMITTEE

Ms. LI Yang *(Committee Chairlady)* Mr. LI Shaohua Ms. ZHU Rouxiang

### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Ms. ZHU Rouxiang *(Committee Chairlady)* Mr. LI Shaohua Ms. LI Yang Ms. HAN Xiuhong

# NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. LIN Yuhao *(Committee Chairman)* Ms. ZHU Rouxiang Mr. LI Shaohua Ms. LI Yang

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE

Ms. LI Yang *(Committee Chairlady)* Mr. LI Shaohua Ms. ZHU Rouxiang

# AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. LIN Yuhao Ms. HAN Xiuhong

# COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Au Yeung Ming Yin, Gordon

# **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Victoria Place, 5th Floor 31 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 10 Bermuda **董事會** 執行董事 林裕豪先生(*主席及首席執行官*)

**非執行董事** 韓秀紅女士

# 獨立非執行董事

李邵華先生 朱柔香女士 李楊女士

**審核委員會** 李楊女士*(委員會主席)* 李邵華先生 朱柔香女士

**薪酬委員會** 朱柔香女士*(委員會主席)* 李邵華先生 李楊女士 韓秀紅女士

**提名委員會** 林裕豪先生*(委員會主席)* 朱柔香女士 李邵華先生 李楊女士

**企業管治委員會** 李楊女士*(委員會主席)* 李邵華先生 朱柔香女士

**授權代表** 林裕豪先生 韓秀紅女士

**公司秘書** 歐陽銘賢先生

### 註冊辦事處

Victoria Place, 5th Floor 31 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 10 Bermuda

# **CORPORATE INFORMATION** 公司資料

# HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Unit 32A, 15/F, Star House, No. 3 Salisbury Road, Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong

# AUDITOR

McMillan Woods (Hong Kong) CPA Limited

### LEGAL ADVISOR

Llinks Law Offices LLP

### PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR

Ocorian Services (Bermuda) Limited Victoria Place, 5th Floor 31 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 10 Bermuda

# HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Tengis Limited 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong

### SHARE LISTING

The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited Stock Code: 875

### **CORPORATE WEBSITE**

http://www.cfih.hk

# **INVESTOR RELATIONS**

Email: ir@cfih.hk

Shareholders may send their request to receive copies of the annual report by notice in writing to the head office of the Company or by sending an email to ir@cfih.hk.

#### 香港總部及主要營業地點

香港 九龍尖沙咀 梳士巴利道3號 星光行15樓32A室

**核數師** 長青(香港)會計師事務所有限公司

**法律顧問** 通力律師事務所有限法律責任合夥

### 主要股份過戶登記處

Ocorian Services (Bermuda) Limited Victoria Place, 5th Floor 31 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 10 Bermuda

# 香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳登捷時有限公司 香港 夏慤道16號 遠東金融中心17樓

**股份上市** 香港聯合交易所有限公司 股份代號:**875** 

公司網址 http://www.cfih.hk

**投資者關係** 電郵: ir@cfih.hk

股東可以書面形式通知本公司總部或發送電郵至 ir@cfih.hk提出收取本年報副本的要求。

# CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告書

Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of China Finance Investment Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group"), I am pleased to present you with the annual results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022 (the "Reporting Period").

During the Reporting Period, the Group recorded a revenue of approximately HK\$999.4 million, representing an increase of approximately 91.2% from approximately HK\$522.6 million (re-presented) for the year ended 31 December 2021 (the "Corresponding Period"). The Group recorded a gross profit of approximately HK\$47.8 million as compared with a gross profit of approximately HK\$37.9 million (re-presented) for the Corresponding Period. The increase in revenue was mainly due to the increase in revenue from Agricultural and Meat Business (as defined below) as the Group has strengthened its revenue stream and enlarged its customer base by commencing to supply produce, including agricultural and meat produce, poultry and seafood, to supermarkets and other customers in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") and commencing online sales.

The business strategy of the Group is to explore potential business and investment opportunities from time to time in order to increase its share value. In order to broaden its sales channels under the Agricultural and Meat Business, the Group entered into a service agreement (the "Service Agreement") with Meituan Select in January 2022, a business division for community group purchase services established by Meituan (stock code: 3690) which offers selected fresh produce and daily necessities for local consumers living in different communities. Meituan Select now covers more than 90% of the cities and counties in the PRC. Based on the Service Agreement, the Group can sell its agricultural and meat produce through the platform of Meituan Select.

During the Reporting Period, the Group entered into various procurement agreements with different customers. In January 2022, the Group entered into a procurement agreement (the "Procurement Agreement") with Government Offices Administration of Conghua District, Guangzhou City, Guangdong Province\* (廣東省廣州市從化區機關事務管理局) (the "Customer"), the PRC. Based on the Procurement Agreement, the Customer would purchase grain and oil products, agricultural and sideline products and other supplies from the Group.

#### 列位股東:

本人代表中國金控投資集團有限公司(「本公司」)及其附 屬公司(統稱「本集團」)欣然呈列本集團截至二零二二年 十二月三十一日止年度(「報告期」)期間全年業績。

於報告期間,本集團錄得約999,400,000港元之收益, 較截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度期間(「去年同 期」)錄得之約522,600,000港元(經重列)增加約91.2%。 本集團錄得毛利約47,800,000港元,而去年同期則錄得 毛利約37,900,000港元(「經重列」)。收益增加乃主要由 於農業及肉製品業務(見以下定義)之收益增加所致: 本集團藉由開展供應製品(包括農產品及肉類產品、家 禽、海產及預製食品)至中華人民共和國(「中國」)超級 市場及其他客戶並開展網上銷售而加強其收入流及擴 大其客戶基礎。

本集團之業務策略為不時發掘潛在業務及投資機會, 以增加本公司股份價值。為擴大農業及肉製品業務的 銷售渠道,本集團於二零二二年一月與美團優選訂立服 務協議(「服務協議」),其為美團(股份代號:3690)成立 的社區團購服務業務部,為本地不同社區的消費者提 供精選的新鮮農產品及日用品。美團優選現覆蓋中國 90%以上的市縣。根據服務協議,本集團可透過美團 優選平台銷售其農產品及肉類產品。

於報告期間,本集團與不同客戶訂立多項採購協議。於 二零二二年一月,本集團與中國廣東省廣州市從化區機 關事務管理局(「客戶」)訂立採購協議(「採購協議」)。根 據採購協議,該客戶將向本集團購買糧油產品、農副 產品及其他物資。

# CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告書

In April 2022, the Group entered into a procurement agreement (the "Procurement Agreement 2") with ten buyers (the "Buyers") which are business entities established in the PRC. Pursuant to the Procurement Agreement 2, the Buyers will purchase agricultural, seafood and meat produce from the Group which will be sold on the platform of "Meituan Grocery", a self-operated grocery delivery services app of Meituan (stock code: 3690) established in 2019 to provide daily grocery to fulfill consumers' demands.

In July 2022, the Group entered into a procurement agreement (the "Procurement Agreement 3") with Jiajia (Beijing) Digital Technology Company Limited\* (加加(北京)數字科技有限公司) (the "Buyer 2"), a subsidiary of Jiajia Food Group Co., Ltd. (加加食品集團股份有限公司) ("Jiajia Food Group"). Jiajia Food Group is a large condiment company established in the PRC and listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 002650.SZ) which integrates research and development, production and marketing. Pursuant to the Procurement Agreement 3, the Buyer 2 would purchase including but not limited to, soybean, dried chili, rice, vegetable oil, seasoning raw material, dried food, vinegar raw material, cereal and soybean products from the Group. The Procurement Agreement 3 was for a term of three years commencing from the date of the Procurement Agreement 3.

Looking ahead, the Group will continue to control its costs, utilise its existing resources and collaborate with research institutes in the PRC to further strengthen the cultivation of agricultural produce, trading of agricultural and meat produce, poultry, seafood and prepared food with high potential for development, or pursue acquisitions when opportunities arise.

Finally, on behalf of the board (the "Board") of directors (the "Directors") of the Company, I would like to extend our sincere gratitude to the Group's shareholders (the "Shareholders"), customers and business partners for their continuous support and to the management and staff for their diligence, dedication and contribution throughout the past year.

於二零二二年四月,本集團與十名在中國成立的業務實 體買家(「買家」)訂立採購協議(「採購協議2」)。根據採 購協議2,自二零二二年第二季度開始,買家將從本集 團購買農產品、海產及肉製品,在「美團買菜」平台上售 賣,此平台為美團(股份代號:3690)於二零一九年成立 的自營食雜運送服務程式,旨在提供日常食雜滿足消 費者需求。

於二零二二年七月,本集團與加加食品集團股份有限公司(「加加食品集團」)之附屬公司加加(北京)數字科技有限公司(「買家2」)訂立採購協議(「採購協議3」)。加加食品集團是一家於中國成立、於深圳證券交易所上市(股份代號:002650.SZ)並集研發、生產及營銷於一體的大型調味品公司。根據採購協議3,買家2將向本集團購買包括但不限於大豆、乾辣椒、大米、植物食用油、調味品原材料、乾貨、食醋原材料、穀類及豆類產品。 採購協議3自採購協議3簽訂之日起為期三年。

展望未來,本集團將繼續控制成本、利用現有資源及 與中國的研究機構合作,以進一步加強種植發展潛力 較大的農產品、買賣發展潛力較大的農產品及肉類產 品、家禽、海產及預製食品,或於機會湧現時進行收 購。

最後,本人謹代表本公司董事(「董事」)會(「董事會」),對 本集團股東(「股東」)、客戶及業務合作夥伴一直以來的 大力支持致以誠摯的謝意,同時對管理層及全體職員 過往一年努力不懈、竭盡所能、全力貢獻深表謝意。

LIN Yuhao Chairman

31 March 2023

**林裕豪** *主席* 

二零二三年三月三十一日

### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

The Group was principally engaged in growing of agricultural produce, trading of agricultural and meat produce, poultry, seafood and prepared food in the PRC ("Agricultural and Meat Business") during the Reporting Period. The Group was also engaged in (i) provision of money lending services ("Money Lending Business") and (ii) securities trading and brokerage services ("Securities Brokerage Business") which were disposed during the Reporting Period.

#### **Results of Continuing Operations**

#### Agricultural and Meat Business

The Group's Agricultural and Meat Business benefited from China's postpandemic economic recovery. The Group has been actively developing its trading of seafood and poultry business during the Reporting Period. Meanwhile, the Group strengthened its revenue stream and enlarged its customer base by commencing to supply food produce, including agricultural and meat produce, poultry and seafood to supermarkets and other customers in the PRC and commencing online sales. As a result, during the Reporting Period, revenue from the Agricultural and Meat Business segment increased by approximately 91.2%, from approximately HK\$522.6 million for the Corresponding Period to approximately HK\$999.4 million. During the Reporting Period, the Agricultural and Meat Business segment recorded a gross profit of approximately HK\$47.8 million (2021: HK\$37.9 million (re-presented)).

The Group has conducted research and development of the growing of medicinal value crops i.e. Kimura et Migo\* (鐵皮石斛) since the second quarter of 2018. After several years of cultivation, the Kimura et Migo\* has reached maturity stage. However, as the growth of Kimura et Migo\* is not ideal. After taking into account factors including the current growth performance of Kimura et Migo\*, cultivation costs, harvest yield, return on investment, market demand and competition for similar products, the Group considers that the economic return of Kimura et Migo\* to be not so attractive and has ceased its cultivation.

During the Reporting Period, the Group entered into lease termination agreement for the two farmlands of approximately 67 hectares in total both located in Shanwei of Guangdong Province, the PRC ("Shanwei Farmlands"). Originally the Shanwei Farmlands would adopt an outsourcing model, under which local farmers would be engaged to cultivate agricultural produce for the Group. After in-depth assessments and evaluation, the Group was not satisfied with the conditions of Shanwei Farmlands, therefore the Group and the landlord entered into lease termination agreement. The rent for Shanwei Farmlands was fully refunded and the Group used such refunded rent as deposits for purchasing agricultural produce.

### 業務回顧

於報告期間,本集團主要在中國從事種植農產品、買 賣農產品及肉類產品、家禽、海產及肉製品(「農業及 肉製品業務」)。本集團亦從事(i)提供放債服務(「放債業 務」)及(ii)證券交易及經紀業務(「證券經紀業務」),該等 業務於報告期內出售。

# 持續經營業務之業績 *農業及肉製品業務*

本集團的農業及肉製品業務受惠於中國疫情後的經濟 復甦。報告期間,本集團積極發展海產及家禽貿易業 務。同時,本集團於報告期間開始向中國超市及其他客 戶供應食品(包括農產品及肉類產品、家禽及海產)及開 始線上銷售,從而加強其收入來源並擴大其客戶群。 因此,於報告期間,農業及肉製品業務分部的收益由同 期的約522,600,000港元增加約91.2%至約999,400,000 港元。於報告期間,農業及肉製品業務分部錄得毛利 約47,800,000港元(二零二一年:37,900,000港元(「經重 列」))。

本集團自二零一八年第二季度起研發對種植具藥用價 值的農作物,即鐵皮石斛。經過數年來的種植,鐵皮 石斛已進入成熟階段。然而,由於鐵皮石斛的成長並 不理想。經考慮鐵皮石斛的長勢、種植成本、收成、 投資回報、市場需求及類似產品的競爭後,本集團考 慮鐵皮石斛的回報不太具吸引力,並停止種植。

於報告期間,本集團就位於中國廣東省汕尾市的兩塊 總面積約67公頃的農田(「汕尾農田」)簽訂了租賃終止協 議。汕尾農田原本將採用外包模式,聘請當地農民為 本集團種植農產品。經過深入評估及評價,本集團對 汕尾農田的條件並不滿意,因此本集團與業主訂立租 賃終止協議。汕尾農田的租金已全額退還,本集團將 已退還租金用於購買農產品的按金。

Looking ahead, the Group will continue to control its costs, utilise its existing resources and collaborate with business partners to further strengthen the cultivation and trading of agricultural, poultry, seafood and meat produce with high potential for development, or pursue acquisitions when opportunities arise.

#### **Results of Discontinued Operations**

#### Money Lending Business

During the Reporting Period, loan interest income and gross profit were recognised under Money Lending Business amounted to approximately HK\$24.0 million (2021: HK\$24.0 million) and HK\$24.0 million (2021: HK\$24.0 million) respectively. The loan interest income and gross profit of Money Lending Business were stable. No material default event occurred as at 31 December 2022.

The Group mainly operated its Money Lending Business through Shenzhen Taihengfeng Technology Company Limited\* (深圳市泰恒豐科 技有限公司) (the "Target Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Target Group") in Shenzhen, the PRC, by provision of loans to individual and corporate clients. Relevant laws and policies in the PRC have been changing these years, which led to a restructuring of the money lending industry in the PRC. Due to the uncertain economic environment and relevant money lending policies in the PRC, the Group does not foresee a material improvement in the performance of the Target Group. On 5 August 2022, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party (the "Purchaser"), pursuant to which the Group has agreed to sell and the Purchaser has agreed to purchase 8.9% equity interest in the Target Company at the consideration of approximately RMB8.7 million (the "Partial Disposal").

The Directors consider that the principal business of the Target Group is substantially different by nature from and cannot be integrated with the Group's core business and operations. Hence against the backdrop of a paler economic outlook, the retaining of the Target Group when costs and operational synergies could not be attained has prompted the Group's decision to dispose of its remaining equity interests in the Target Group whilst it is still profitable so as to preserve value for its Shareholders. As such, subsequent to the Partial Disposal, the Group further negotiated with the Purchaser for the disposal of its remaining equity interests in the Target Company. 展望未來,本集團將繼續控制成本、利用現有資源及 與業務夥伴合作,以進一步加強發展潛力較大的農產 品、家禽、海產及肉製品的耕種及買賣,或於機會湧 現時進行收購。

### 終止經營業務業務

#### 放債業務

報告期間,已確認放債業務貸款利息收入及毛利分別 約為24,000,000港元(二零二一年:24,000,000港元)及 24,000,000港元(二零二一年:24,000,000港元)。放債業 務的貸款利息收入及毛利穩定。於二零二二年十二月 三十一日,概無發生重大拖欠還款事件。

本集團主要通過在中國深圳的深圳市泰恒豐科技有限 公司(目標公司)及其附屬公司(「統稱「目標集團」),透過 向個人及企業客戶提供貸款,從事其放債業務。近年 來,中國的相關法律及政策持續變化,導致中國放債 行業重新洗牌。由於中國經濟環境不明朗及相關放債 政策,本集團預計目標集團的表現不會出現大幅改善。 二零二二年八月五日,本集團與獨立第三方(「買方」)訂 立買賣協議,據此,本集團已同意出售,而買方同意以 代價約人民幣8.7百萬元購買目標公司8.9%的股權(「部 分出售事項」)。

董事認為,目標集團的主營業務在性質上與本集團的 核心業務及營運有很大不同,因此無法整合。因此,在 經濟前景黯淡的背景下,保留目標集團無法實現成本 和運營協同效應,因而促使本集團決定在其仍可盈利 時出售於目標公司的餘下股權,以便為其股東保值。因 此,於部分出售事項後,集團與買方就出售其於目標公 司的餘下股權進行進一步磋商。

On 26 September 2022, the Group entered into the sale and purchase agreement (the "SPA") with the Purchaser, pursuant to which the Group has conditionally agreed to sell, and the Purchaser has conditionally agreed to purchase, the remaining equity interests in the Target Company (representing 91.1% equity interest in the Target Company) held by the Group, at the consideration of RMB93,000,000 subject to the terms of the SPA (the "STT Disposal"). The STT Disposal was completed on 1 December 2022. Upon completion of the STT Disposal, the Company ceased to hold any equity interest in the Target Group and the Target Group ceased to be subsidiaries of the Company. Accordingly, the financial results of the Target Group is no longer be consolidated into the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

As per the reasons abovementioned, during the Reporting Period, the Group also disposed the entire shares of Golden Rich Finance Limited which is principally engaged in Money Lending Business in Hong Kong.

After the disposal of Golden Rich Finance Limited and the Target Company, the Group has no longer engaged in Money Lending Business.

The Directors believe that, over time, the Group would stand to benefit from such disposals, as it would allow the Group to (i) reallocate its resources and focus on its Agricultural and Meat Business, (ii) better streamline its cost structure to gain efficiencies, scalability and competitive advantages, and (iii) maximise value for its Shareholders.

#### **Securities Brokerage Business**

During the Reporting Period, the Securities Brokerage Business recognised revenue of approximately HK\$11.0 million (2021: HK\$15.7 million) and profit before taxation of approximately HK\$12.2 million (2021: net loss HK\$4.4 million), respectively.

In 2017, having considered that there is no clear potential for material improvement on the performance of the securities brokerage services under the existing operation scale, the Group believed that the disposal of the Securities Brokerage Business represented a good opportunity for the Group to improve its overall returns and provide greater value to the Shareholders by focusing its resources on other business segments.

As such, on 25 May 2017, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement (the "Agreement") with an independent third party (the "GRS Purchaser"), pursuant to which the Group has conditionally agreed to sell the Securities Brokerage Business at the consideration of net asset value of the Securities Brokerage Business as at the date of the Agreement plus HK\$12.0 million (the "Disposal"). Subsequently, the Group entered into supplemental deeds, whereby the parties have agreed to extend the date of fulfillment of the conditions precedent as set out in the Agreement. The latest supplemental deed was entered into on 22 July 2022, which further extends the date of fulfillment on the expiration of 68 months from the date of the Agreement.

二零二二年九月二十六日,本集團與買方訂立買賣協議 (「買賣協議」),據此,本集團有條件地同意出售,而買 方有條件同意購買本集團持有的目標公司餘下股權(即 於目標公司的91.1%股權),代價為人民幣93,000,000元 (在銷購協議條款限制下)(「STT出售」)。STT出售已於二 零二二年十二月一日完成。完成STT出售後,本公司將 不再持有目標集團的任何股權,而目標集團將不再為 本公司的附屬公司。因此,目標集團的財務業績將不再 併入本集團綜合財務報表。

由於上述理由,於報告期間,本集團亦出售金裕富財務 有限公司的全部股權,該公司主要於香港從事放債業 務。

於出售金裕富財務有限公司及目標公司後,本集團不再 從事放債業務。

董事相信,隨著時間推移,本集團將受益於該出售,因 為這將使本集團(i)重新分配其資源並專注於其農業和 肉製品業務,(ii)更好精簡其成本結構,以獲得效率、可 擴展性和競爭優勢,以及(iii)為其股東創造最大價值。

### 證券經紀業務

於報告期間,已確認證券經紀業務產生收益約 11,000,000港元(二零二一年:15,700,000港元)及除税前 溢利約12,200,000港元(二零二一年:虧損淨額4,400,000 港元)。

於二零一七年,經考慮證券經紀服務在現有營運規模 下並無明顯潛力可顯著改善其業績表現,本集團認為 出售證券經紀業務不失為絕佳機會,本集團可將其資 源集中於其他業務分部,從而提升其整體回報,並為 股東提供更大價值。

故此,於二零一七年五月二十五日,本集團與獨立第三 方(「GRS買方」)訂立買賣協議(「該協議」)。據此,本集團 有條件同意出售證券經紀業務,代價為證券經紀業務 於該協議日期之資產淨值另加現金12,000,000港元(「出 售事項」)。隨後,本集團訂立了補充契約,據此,雙方 同意延長協議中規定的先決條件的履行日期。最新的 補充契約於二零二二年七月二十二日簽訂,自協議日期 起68個月屆滿時,履行日期進一步延長。

As certain conditions precedent under the Agreement (as amended by the supplemental deeds) were not fulfilled, after careful consideration, the GRS Purchaser and the Group decided not to proceed with the Disposal. On 31 October 2022, the GRS Purchaser and the Group entered into a termination agreement (the "Termination Agreement") whereby the parties have mutually agreed to terminate the Agreement (as amended by the supplemental deeds) and to release and discharge each other from its respective obligations under the Agreement and the supplemental deeds with effect from the date of the Termination Agreement. Pursuant to the Termination Agreement, the Group shall be entitled to retain a partial amount of the consideration of HK\$21,100,000 paid by the GRS Purchaser under the Agreement and the supplemental deed and none of the parties shall have any claim against the others thereafter.

Further details of the above were made in the announcements of the Company dated 25 May 2017, 31 May 2017, 20 October 2017, 22 February 2018, 24 April 2018, 25 May 2018, 24 July 2018, 24 September 2018, 23 November 2018, 24 December 2018, 25 February 2019, 25 March 2019, 25 April 2019, 24 May 2019, 24 June 2019, 24 July 2019, 23 August 2019, 24 September 2019, 24 October 2019, 25 November 2019, 24 December 2019, 25 November 2019, 24 October 2019, 25 November 2019, 24 August 2019, 23 January 2020, 24 February 2020, 22 May 2020, 24 August 2020, 24 November 2020, 24 February 2021, 24 August 2021, 24 November 2022, 22 July 2022 and 31 October 2022.

Considering that there being no clear potential for material improvement on the performance of the Securities Brokerage Business, the Group is of the view that focusing the resources of the Group on Agricultural and Meat Business could maximise value for its Shareholders. After terminating the disposal with the GRS Purchaser, the Group further disposed the entire equity interests of Security Brokerage Business to an independent third parties with the total consideration of HK\$1.9 million in November 2022. 由於該項協議(經該等補充契約修訂)下的若干先決條 件未獲達成,經審慎考慮後,GRS買家及本集團決定 不進行出售事項。於二零二二年十月三十一日,GRS買 家及本集團訂立終止協議(「終止協議」),據此,訂約方 已相互同意終止該協議(經該等補充契據修訂),並免 除及解除彼等各自於該協議及該等補充契據項下的責 任,自終止協議日期起生效。根據終止協議,本集團有 權保留該協議及該等補充契據項下由GRS買方支付的 部分代價21,100,000港元,其後雙方均不得向另一方提 出任何申索。

上述進一步詳情載於本公司日期為二零一七年五月二十五 日、二零一十年五月三十一日、二零一十年十月二十日、 二零一八年二月二十二日、二零一八年四月二十四日、二 零一八年五月二十五日、二零一八年七月二十四日、二 零一八年九月二十四日、二零一八年十一月二十三日、二 零一八年十二月二十四日、二零一九年二月二十五日、二 零一九年三月二十五日、二零一九年四月二十五日、二 零一九年五月二十四日、二零一九年六月二十四日、二 零一九年七月二十四日、二零一九年八月二十三日、二 零一九年九月二十四日、二零一九年十月二十四日、二 零一九年十一月二十五日、二零一九年十二月二十四日、 二零二零年一月二十三日、二零二零年二月二十四日、 二零二零年五月二十二日、二零二零年八月二十四日、 二零二零年十一月二十四日、二零二一年二月二十四日、 二零二一年八月二十四日、二零二一年十一月二十四日、 二零二二年一月二十四日二零二二年七月二十二日及二 零二二年十月三十一日之公告。

考慮到證券經紀業務表現沒有明顯的重大改進潛力, 而本集團認為本集團的資源集中在農業及肉製品業務 上可將其股東的價值最大化。於與GRS買方終止出售 事項後,於二零二二年十一月,本集團進一步出售證券 經紀業務全部股權予獨立第三方,總代價為1,900,000 港元。

#### Investment in an associate

The Group owns 25% equity interest in Shenzhen Qianhai Jinlin Technology Services Company Limited (深圳市前海錦林科技服務有限 公司) ("SQJT"), which did not conducted any business operation during the Reporting Period.

The Group has disposed the 25% equity interest in SQJT during the Reporting Period at the consideration of HK\$30.0 million and SQJT ceased to be an associate of the Group.

During the Reporting Period, no revenue was recorded (2021: HK\$nil) and no business operation was conducted by SQJT (2021: net loss of HK\$0.3 million) by SQJT. As at the date of such disposal, the net asset value of SQJT was approximately HK\$165.5 million. (2021: HK\$179.66 million)

During the Reporting Period, the Group invested 40% equity interest in Shenzhen Congyu Wanxing Technology Agriculture Co. Ltd.\* (深圳市從 玉萬興科技農業有限公司) and Jiamusi Congyu Modern Agriculture Co. Ltd.\* (佳木斯從玉現代農業有限公司).

#### **FINANCIAL REVIEW**

During the Reporting Period, the Group recorded a revenue of approximately HK\$999.4 million, representing an increase of approximately 91.2% from approximately HK\$522.6 million (re-presented) for the Corresponding Period. Gross profit of the Group during the Reporting Period was approximately HK\$47.8 million representing an increase of approximately HK\$9.9 million or 26.1%, as compared with approximately HK\$37.9 million (re-presented) for the Corresponding Period. The increase in revenue was mainly due to increase in revenue from Agricultural and Meat Business during the Reporting Period. There was a rise in gross profit which is in line with the increase in revenue.

Please refer to the paragraph headed "Business Review" above for further details on the reasons for the increase in revenue and gross profit of Agricultural and Meat Business.

### 於一家聯營公司之投資

本集團擁有深圳市前海錦林科技服務有限公司(「深圳 市前海錦林科技」)的25%股權,於報告期間其並無業 務營運。

本集團於報告期間出售深圳市前海錦林科技服務有限 公司25%股權,代價為30,000,000港元,深圳市前海錦 林科技服務有限公司將不再為本集團的聯營公司。

於報告期間,深圳市前海錦林科技概無錄得收益(二 零二一年:零港元)且無業務營運(二零二一年:淨虧損 300,000港元)。於該等出售日期,深圳前海錦林科服務 有限公司錄得淨資產價值約165,500,000港元(二零二一 年:179,660,000港元)。

於報告期間,本集團投資於深圳市從玉萬興科技農業 有限公司及佳木斯從玉現代農業有限公司的**40%**股權。

#### 財務回顧

於報告期間,本集團錄得收益約999,400,000港元,較 去年同期約522,600,000港元(經重列)增加約91.2%。本 集團於報告期間錄得毛利約47,800,000港元,較去年同 期的約37,900,000港元(「經重列」)增加約9,900,000港元 或26.1%。收益增加乃主要由於報告期間農業及肉製品 業務收益增加所致。毛利增加與收益增加一致。

關於農業及肉製品業務收益及毛利增加原因之進一步 詳情,請參閱上文「業務回顧」一段。

As per above-mentioned, the Group disposed certain operations during the Reporting Period, the profit from discontinued operations during the Reporting Period was recognised HK\$100.1 million.

The Group recorded other income and gains in the net amount of approximately HK\$10.9 million during the Reporting Period, representing an increase of approximately HK\$7.2 million or 195.0%, as compared to approximately HK\$3.7 million (re-presented) for the Corresponding Period. Such increase was mainly attributable to the fact that gain on refunded rent of the lease agreement for Shanwei Farmland was recognised due to the lease termination agreement during the Reporting Period.

During the Reporting Period, selling and distribution expenses decreased by approximately HK\$8.2 million or 65.7% to approximately HK\$4.3 million from approximately HK\$12.5 million (re-presented) for the Corresponding Period. Such decrease was mainly attributable to (i) the decrease in staff salaries of approximately HK\$5.2 million, (ii) the decrease in distribution expenses of approximately HK\$1.7 million and (iii) the decrease in testing fee of approximately HK\$0.5 million as a result of reduction in the promotion campaigns in the PRC during the Reporting Period.

Administrative and other expenses increased by approximately HK\$42.2 million or 169.5% to approximately HK\$67.0 million during the Reporting Period from approximately HK\$24.9 million (re-presented) for the Corresponding Period. Such increase was mainly attributable to the increase in share-based payment of HK\$15.6 million, losses on written off property, plant and equipment of HK\$15.1 million and loss on modification of other receivables of HK\$8.3 million.

Impairment losses on trade receivables of approximately HK\$32.2 million (2021: net reversal HK\$1.5 million) were recognised for the Reporting Period. Reversal of impairment losses on other receivable of HK\$6.6 million was recognised for the Reporting Period (2021: impairment loss HK\$0.8 million (re-presented)).

The net loss of the Group's continuing operations for the Reporting Period was approximately HK\$60.1 million, compared to a net loss of approximately HK\$5.8 million for the Corresponding Period.

根據以上所述,於報告期間,本集團出售若干經營業務,已確認於報告期間來自已終止經營業務之溢利為 100,100,000港元。

本集團於報告期間錄得其他收入及收益淨額約 10,900,000港元,較去年同期約3,700,000港元(經重列) 增加約7,200,000港元或195.0%。該增加主要歸因於本 報告期因終止租賃協議確認汕尾農田租賃協議的退還 租金收益所致。

於報告期間,銷售及分銷支出由去年同期的約 12,500,000港元(「經重列」)減少約8,200,000港元或 65.7%至約4,300,000港元。該減少主要歸因於報告期間 (i)員工薪酬減少約5,200,000港元、(ii)分銷開支減少約 1,700,000港元及(iii)測試費減少約500,000港元,乃因報 告期間中國推廣企劃縮減所致。

行政及其他支出由去年同期的約24,900,000港元(「經 重列」)增加約42,200,000港元或169.5%至報告期間 的約67,000,000港元。有關增加主要歸因於股份支付 15,600,000港元,物業、廠房及設備撤銷15,100,000港 元及其他應收賬款修改之損失8,300,000港元。

報告期間已確認貿易應收賬款減值虧損約32,200,000港元(二零二一年: 撥回淨額1,500,000港元)。其他應收款 項的減值虧損撥回約6,600,000港元(二零二一年:減值 虧損800,000港元(「經重列」))。

本集團持續經營業務於報告期間之虧損淨額約為 60,100,000港元,而去年同期的虧損淨額約為5,800,000 港元。

The net profit relating to both the continuing operations and discontinued operations of the Group was HK\$40.1 million (2021: HK\$30.6 million) for the Reporting Period.

#### Liquidity and Financial Resources

Apart from equity fund raising from the Company as detailed in the paragraph headed "Capital Structure and Gearing Ratio" below, the Group mainly financed its business operations with internally generated cash flows and general banking facilities during the Reporting Period.

As at the end of the Reporting Period, the Group had bank balances and cash of approximately HK\$9.3 million (2021: HK\$142.8 million) (consist of trust accounts held for customers under the Securities Brokerage Business amounted to HK\$132,739,000). The Group's quick ratio (measured as total current assets less inventories, deposits and prepayments divided by total current liabilities) was approximately 1.04 times (2021: 1.2 times).

As at the end of the Reporting Period, the total borrowings of the Group, which comprised of promissory notes, bank and other borrowings denominated in Hong Kong dollar and Renminbi ("RMB"), amounted to approximately HK\$266.5 million (2021: HK\$310.9 million). Bills payables amounted to approximately HK\$70.1 million (2021: HK\$169.6 million) were secured by bank deposits of the Group. As at 31 December 2022, borrowings of approximately HK\$243.4 million (2021: HK\$285.2 million) were repayable within one year. As at 31 December 2022, borrowings of approximately HK\$27.2 million (2021: HK\$27.2 million) and HK\$239.3 million (2021: HK\$283.7 million) were denominated in Hong Kong dollar and RMB respectively. Borrowings of approximately HK\$237.5 million (2021: HK\$63.7 million) were charged at fixed interest rates as at 31 December 2022.

As at the end of the Reporting Period, the Group had no capital expenditure commitments (2021: HK\$0.9 million), Operating lease payments represent rental payable by the Group for office premises and farmlands. Leases were negotiated for fixed terms ranging from 2 to 26 years.

The Group will continue adopting a positive yet prudent approach in managing its financial resources. Should other opportunities arise, thus prompting the need for additional funding, the management believes that the Group is well-positioned to obtain financing on favourable terms.

有關本集團持續經營業務及終止經營業務於報告期的淨 溢利為40,100,000港元(二零二一年:30,600,000港元)。

#### 流動資金及財務資源

於報告期間,除了從本公司進行股本集資(詳情載於下 文「資本架構及資本負債比率」一段)外,本集團主要以 內部產生的現金流及一般銀行融資撥資業務經營。

於報告期末,本集團的銀行結餘及現金約為9,300,000 港元(二零二一年:142,800,000港元)(包括本集團證券 經紀業務項下為客戶持有的信託賬戶約132,739,000港 元)。本集團的速動比率(按流動資產總額減存貨、按 金及預付款項除以流動負債總額計算)約為1.04倍(二零 二一年:1.2倍)。

於報告期末,本集團的借款總額(包括以港元及人民幣(「人民幣」)計值的債券、承兑票據、銀行及其他借款)約為266,500,000港元(二零二一年:310,900,000港元)。約70,100,000港元(二零二一年:169,600,000港元))的應付票據以本集團之銀行存款作抵押。於二零二二年十二月三十一日,約243,400,000港元(二零二一年:285,200,000港元)之借款須於一年內償還。於二零二二年十二月三十一日,約27,200,000港元(二零二一年:27,200,000港元))及239,300,000港元(二零二一年:283,700,000港元))的借款分別以港元及人民幣計值。於 二零二二年十二月三十一日,約237,500,000港元(二零 二一年:63,700,000港元)之借款以固定利率計息。

於報告期末,本集團概無資本開支承擔(二零二一年: 900,000港元)。經營租賃付款指本集團就辦公室物業 及農地應付之租金。租約協定按固定租期租賃,租期 介乎2至26年。

本集團會持續採取積極而審慎的方式管理財務資源。 倘出現其他機會,從而促使需要額外資金,管理層相 信本集團已準備好以優惠條款取得融資。

#### **CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND GEARING RATIO**

The Group assumes capital management to ensure that the business of the Group will continue as a going concern whilst maximising the return to Shareholders through the optimisation of its debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from last year.

The Group reviews its capital structure on a regular basis. As a part of this review, the Group monitors capital on the basis of net debt to adjusted equity ratio, the ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as "adjusted equity", as shown in the consolidated financial statement, plus net debt. The Group considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with issued share capital. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the ratio through dividend payments, issuing new shares, raising new debt financing or selling assets to reduce existing debts.

The Group has no equity fund raising activity during the Reporting Period and no ordinary shares of the Company were issued and allotted upon the exercise of share options granted by the Company.

The Company has 379,257,038 issued ordinary shares as at 31 December 2022.

As at 31 December 2022, the net debt to adjusted equity ratio was 0.29 (2021: 0.21). The Group's gearing ratio as at 31 December 2022 was 0.56 (2021: 0.71), which was measured as total debt to total shareholders' equity. The decrease of the Group's gearing ratio was mainly due to the increase in equity during the Reporting Period.

As at 31 December 2022, the outstanding balances of unsecured promissory notes issued by the Company to Mr. Lin Yuhao, an executive Director and Mr. Lin Yupa, a former Director, were HK\$16.3 million and HK\$10.9 million (classified to other borrowings) (2021: HK\$16.3 million and HK\$10.9 million) respectively.

### SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS

During the Reporting Period, the Group did not have any significant investments.

### 資本架構及資本負債比率

本集團承擔資本管理,確保本集團業務將持續經營, 同時將透過改善其負債及權益比例,擴大股東回報。 本集團的整體策略與去年相比維持不變。

本集團定期檢討其資本架構。作為是次檢討的一部分, 本集團根據淨負債佔經調整權益的比率(以淨負債除以 總資本計算)監控資本。淨負債以總借款減現金及現金 等值計算。總資本即綜合財務報表所示「經調整權益」 加淨負債。本集團考慮資本之成本及已發行股本涉及之 風險。為維持或調整資本架構,本集團可藉支付股息、 發行新股、籌募新債融資或出售資產減少現有負債以 調整比率。

本集團於報告期間無股權集資活動,且概無因行使本 公司授予的購股權而發行及配發本公司普通股。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日已發行普通股**379,257,038** 股。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,淨負債對經調整權益比率 為0.29(二零二一年:0.21)。於二零二二年十二月三十一 日,本集團的資本負債比率(以總負債除以股東權益總 額計算)為0.56(二零二一年:0.71)。本集團資本負債比 率減少乃主要由於報告期間權益增加所致。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,結欠執行董事林裕豪 先生及前董事林裕帕先生的由本公司發行之無抵押承 兑票據未償還結餘分別為16,300,000港元及10,900,000 港元(分類為其他借款)(二零二一年:16,300,000港元及 10,900,000港元)。

### 重大投資

於報告期間,本集團並無任何重大投資。

# MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

Save for the disclosure under paragraph headed "Business Review — Securities Brokerage Business, Money Lending Business and Investment in an associate", the Group did not have material acquisitions or disposals of subsidiaries and associated companies during the Reporting Period.

### **CHARGES ON GROUP'S ASSETS**

As at 31 December 2022, certain bank deposits amounted to approximately HK\$64.5 million (2021: HK\$77.8 million) were pledged to secure bills payables of the Group.

#### FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXPOSURE

The Group mainly earns revenue and incurs costs in Hong Kong dollars and RMB. The management is aware of the possible exchange rate exposure due to the continuing fluctuation of RMB and will closely monitor its impact on the performance of the Group to see if any hedging policy is necessary.

#### **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

As at 31 December 2022, the Group did not have any material contingent liabilities.

### **TREASURY POLICIES**

The objective of the Group's treasury policy is to ensure that there is sufficient cash and access to finance the Group's ongoing operations and to execute its current and future plans. The Group has adopted prudent treasury policies and thus maintained a healthy liquidity position throughout the Reporting Period. To manage liquidity risk, the management closely monitors the Group's liquidity position and uses their best endeavours to maintain sufficient cash and cash equivalents and credit facilities available to fulfill the payment obligations of the Group.

### **CREDIT RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Group has established strict credit risk management procedures to regulate its Money Lending Business which was discontinued during the Reporting Period. The credit risk management procedures of the Group mainly consist of the following stages, namely (i) document collection and due diligence review on loan applicants; (ii) collective assessment and approval processes; and (iii) post-loan grant monitoring. The Group has followed the following measures:

 The credit manual of the Group sets out a list of documents and information required for loan applicants, including but not limited to the identification document, income source proof, residential and employment status proof, etc. The front office staff shall perform a legal search and bankruptcy, receivership or liquidation search on the applicants upon their loan applications;

### 附屬公司及聯營公司之重大收購及出售事項

除「業務回顧 — 證券經紀業務、放債業務及於聯營公司的投資」一段所披露外,本集團於報告期間並無重大 收購或出售附屬公司及聯營公司。

#### 本集團之資產抵押

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團已抵押若干銀行 存款,以作為本集團獲授約64,500,000港元(二零二一 年:77,800,000港元)之應付票據之抵押。

#### 外匯風險

本集團所賺取的收益及產生的成本主要以港元及人民 幣計值。管理層意識到人民幣持續波動可能帶來的匯 率風險,會密切監察本集團業績所受影響,以決定是 否需制定對沖政策。

# 或然負債

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團並無任何重大或 然負債。

#### 財政政策

本集團財政政策的目標是確保有足夠的現金及資金來 為本集團的持續經營提供資金並執行其當前及未來的 計劃。本集團已採取審慎的財政政策,因此在整個報 告期內保持穩健的流動資金狀況。為管理流動資金風 險,管理層密切監察本集團的流動資金狀況,並盡最 大努力保持足夠的現金及現金等值及可用信貸融資以 履行本集團的付款責任。

#### 信貸風險管理

本集團已建立嚴格的信貸風險管理程序以規範其放債 業務,該業務已於報告期間終止經營。本集團的信貸 風險管理程序主要包括以下幾個階段,即(i)對貸款申請 人的文件收集和盡職審查:(ii)集體評估和審批程序:及 (iii)放貸後監測。本集團已採取以下措施:

 本集團的信貸手冊規定了貸款申請人所需的文件及 資料清單,包括但不限於身份證明文件、收入來源 證明、居住和就業狀況證明等。前台工作人員應根 據申請人的貸款申請,對其進行法律檢索及破產、 接管或清算檢索;

- 2. After collecting all the required documents and information, the front office staff shall examine such documents and submit them to the management of the Money Lending Business (the "Management") for their review and approval. Collective decision-making is adopted in respect of loan approval to mitigate risks relating to personal judgment or prejudice of a single decision maker in a loan approval procedures; and
- The Management is responsible for on-going monitoring of the loan. 3. The workflow of the Group sets out the following loan collection procedures: (i) on the day immediately after the due date, the Management shall first instruct the front office staff to make phone calls to the borrower reminding the overdue payment, and shall serve reminders to the borrower on the 7th day, the 14th day and the 21st day thereafter respectively; (ii) if no response is received from the borrower, the Management shall pass the relevant documents to the credit control department for further actions; (iii) should steps (i) and (ii) above fail to restore the Group's credit risk to an acceptable level, the Group may conduct land search against the borrower (if necessary) and issue formal demand notice via its legal adviser demanding repayment within a stated period of time; and (iv) if no tangible outcome arises out of the aforementioned steps, the Group may commence legal proceedings against the borrower.

The credit risk assessment is made on a case-by-case basis by reviewing the risk profiles of the borrower, considering the repayment history and evaluating whether the borrower is in bankruptcy, receivership or liquidation. Within a loan category, the terms and conditions of the loan and the repayment arrangement may vary. The Group is seeking to mitigate its credit risk by narrowing its target customers to borrowers with better risk profiles. The Group also provides the employees of its Money Lending Business with professional training to raise their risk awareness.

# FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS OR CAPITAL ASSETS

Save as disclosed in this annual report, the Group did not have other plan for material investments or acquisition of material capital assets as at 31 December 2022.

- 前台工作人員在收集到所有所需文件及資料後,應 審查該等文件,並將其提交給放債業務管理層(「管 理層」)進行審查及審批。貸款審批採取集體決策, 以降低貸款審批程序中個人判斷或單個決策者偏 見的風險;及
- 3. 管理層負責對貸款進行持續監控。本集團的工作 流程規定了以下貸款催收程序:(i)在緊接到期日次 日,管理層應首先指示前台工作人員給借款人打電 話提醒逾期還款,並分別於之後的第7天、第14天 及第21天發給借款人催款通知:(ii)如未收到借款人 的回應,管理層應將相關文件轉交信貸控制部門 採取進一步行動:(iii)如上述步驟(i)及(ii)未能將本集 團的信貸風險恢復至可接受水平,本集團可對借 款人進行土地搜查(如有必要),並通過其法律顧 問發出正式催款通知,要求其在規定期限內還款; 及(iv)如果上述步驟並未產生任何實際結果,本集 團可能會對借款人提起法律訴訟。

通過審查借款人的風險狀況、考慮還款歷史並評估借 款人是否處於破產、接管或清算狀態,逐一進行信貸 風險評估。在一個貸款類別中,貸款的條款及條件以 及還款安排可能會有所不同。本集團正尋求通過將目 標客戶範圍縮小至風險狀況較好的借款人來降低其信 用風險。本集團亦為放債業務的僱員提供專業培訓, 以提高他們的風險意識。

### 未來有關重大投資或股本資產的計劃

除本年報所披露者外,截至二零二二年十二月三十一 日,本集團並無有關重大投資或重大股本資產收購計 劃。

#### **EMPLOYEE AND REMUNERATION POLICY**

As at 31 December 2022, the Group had a total of 60 (2021: 69) fulltime employees in Hong Kong and the PRC. Total staff costs (including Directors' remuneration) for the Reporting Period amounted to HK\$25.8 million (2021: HK\$16.2 million (re-presented)). The employees are remunerated with reference to each individual's qualification, experience, responsibility and performance, the performance of the Group and market practices. Apart from the basic remuneration package, staff benefits offered by the Group to its employees include contribution to discretionary bonus, the mandatory provident fund scheme (the "MPF Scheme") in Hong Kong and the central provident fund scheme (the "Retirement Benefit Scheme") in the PRC. The Group operates the MPF Scheme under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance (Chapter 485 of the Laws of Hong Kong) for employees employed under the jurisdiction of the Employment Ordinance (Chapter 57 of the Laws of Hong Kong). The MPF Scheme is a defined contribution retirement plan administered by independent trustees. Under the MPF Scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the MPF Scheme at 5% of the employees' relevant income, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$30,000. Contributions to the MPF Scheme vest immediately. Pursuant to the relevant labour laws, rules and regulations in the PRC, the Group participates in the Retirement Benefit Scheme organised by the relevant local government authorities in the PRC whereby the Group is required to make contributions to the Retirement Benefit Scheme at a certain rate of the standard wages determined by the relevant authorities in the PRC during the Reporting Period. Contributions to the Retirement Benefit Scheme vest immediately. As at 31 December 2022, there was no forfeited contribution under the MPF Scheme and the Retirement Benefit Scheme which may be used by the Group to reduce the contribution payable in the future years. The Company adopted a share option scheme on 6 June 2013 (the "Scheme"). Pursuant to the Scheme, the Board may, at its discretion, grant options to eligible employees, executive and non-executive directors (including independent non-executive directors) of the Group.

### LITIGATION

The Company has received a statement of claim from a former employee to claim approximately HK\$1.8 million arrears of salary plus interest. The related estimated financial impacts and provisions of the potential claim have already been recorded in the Group's consolidated financial statements. After the Reporting Period, the Group has reached an agreement with the former employee and the Group has settled the claim amounting HK\$1,890,000 before the date of this annual report.

### EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Details of significant events occurring after the Reporting Period are set out in note 34 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### 僱員及薪酬政策

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團在香港及中國共 有60名(二零二一年:69名)全職僱員。於報告期間,員 工成本總額(包括董事薪酬)為25,800,000港元(二零二一 年:16,200,000港元(經重列))。僱員薪酬參照個人資 格、經驗、職責及表現、本集團業績及市場慣例釐定。 除基本薪酬外,本集團提供的員工福利包括酌情花紅 供款、香港強制性公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)及中國內 地的中央公積金計劃(「公積金計劃」)。本集團根據強制 性公積金計劃條例(香港法例第485章)為受僱傭條例(香 港法例第57章)受僱的僱員實施強積金計劃。強積金計 劃為由獨立受託人管理的定額供款退休計劃。根據強 積金計劃,僱主及其僱員須按僱員相關入息的5%向強 積金計劃供款,每月相關入息上限為30,000港元。強 積金計劃供款立即歸屬。根據中國相關勞動法律、法 規及規章,本集團參與中國相關地方政府機構組織的 退休福利計劃,藉此,本集團於報告期間須按照中國 有關部門釐定的標準工資的一定比例向退休金計劃供 款。退休福利計劃供款立即歸屬。於二零二二年十二月 三十一日,本集團並無因強積金計劃及公積金計劃被 沒收供款以減少未來年度應付供款。本公司於二零一三 年六月六日採納購股權計劃(「計劃」)。根據計劃,董事 會可酌情向本集團合資格僱員、執行董事及非執行董 事(包括獨立非執行董事)授出購股權。

### 訴訟

本公司已接獲一名前僱員的索償陳述書,要求拖欠的約 1,800,000港元的薪金加利息。潛在索賠的相關估計財 務影響及撥備已記錄於本集團的綜合財務報表中。於 報告期後,本集團已與前僱員達成協議,本集團已於本 年報日期前清償索償1,890,000港元。

### 報告期後事項

報告期後發生之重要事項詳情載於綜合財務報表附註 34。

### PROSPECTS

The Group will seek suitable investment opportunities from time to time to develop its existing business portfolio and engage in new lines of business with growth potential. The Group will pursue diversification in its business and income streams by exploring opportunities with exciting prospects which could complement or create potential synergies to its existing core operations.

To diversify its income streams and counter balance the cyclical nature of the Group's Agricultural and Meat Business, the Company has been actively developing its trading of agricultural and meat produce, poultry, seafood and prepared food business and commencing supply of produce to supermarkets in the PRC.

In order to expand its Agricultural and Meat Business, in late 2018, the Group started consolidating agricultural products from various neighbourhood farms and agricultural companies to process, package and sell to customers. In 2019, the Group entered into long term cooperation agreements with certain agricultural companies in other provinces in the PRC to broaden its agricultural bases and source/ subcontract the agricultural produce of the Group.

The Group entered into various agreements with e-commerce operators and online sales platforms to enhance the online sales of its agricultural and meat produce, poultry, seafood and prepared food. Through such cooperations, the Group is expected to expand its online sales channels and thus diversify the revenue stream of the Group. For instance, the Group explored various business opportunities with Meituan (stock code: 3690) during the Reporting Period. The Group entered into a service agreement with Meituan Select, through which the Group can sell its agricultural, seafood and meat produce through the platform of Meituan Select. The Group also entered into a procurement agreement with various buyers who have been purchasing agricultural, seafood and meat produce from the Group which were sold on the platform of Meituan Grocery.

Meanwhile, the Group is seeking any vertical integration business opportunity to enhance its revenue stream, including but not limited to provide door-to-door delivery services for its agricultural, seafood and meat produce in the PRC.

The Group is resolved to focus more on Agricultural and Meat Business and will transfer its resources and effect from Money Lending Business and Securities Brokerage Business to Agricultural and Meat Business.

Apart from the aforesaid, the Group will also consider other potential profitable businesses which could boost profitability in the future, including but not limited to, the Agricultural and Meat Business in the PRC and Hong Kong.

### 前景

本集團將不時尋找合適的投資機會,以發展其現有業務組合及從事具有增長潛力的新業務。本集團將發掘 前景令人振奮的機會,以追求多元化業務及拓展收入 來源,完善現有核心業務或為其創造潛在協同效應。

為多元化收入流及平衡本集團農業及肉製品業務之週 期性質,本公司積極發展農產品及肉類製品、家禽、海 產及預製食品業務交易業務,並開始向中國超市供應 食品。

為擴展其農業及肉製品業務,本集團於二零一八年末 開始整合多種鄰里農場及農業公司的農產品,以加工、 包裝及銷售予客戶。於二零一九年,本集團與中國其他 省份的若干農業公司訂立長期合作協議,以擴大其農 業基地及採購/分包農產品。

本集團與電子商務營運商及線上銷售平台訂立多項協 議,以促進其農業、海產及肉製品的線上銷售。農產 品及肉類產品、家禽、海產及預製食品透過該等合作, 本集團預期將為其農產品、海產及肉類產品擴充其線 上銷售渠道,從而促使本集團收入流多元化。例如,於 報告期間,本集團與美團(股份代號:3690)發掘各種商 機。本集團與美團優選平台訂立服務協議,據此,本集 團可透過美團優選平台銷售其農產品、海產及肉類產 品。本集團亦與多名買家訂立採購協議而彼已從本集 團購買農產品、海產及肉類產品,在美團買菜平台上 售賣。

同時,本集團正在尋求任何垂直整合業務機會以增加 其收入來源,包括但不限於在中國為農產品、海產及 肉製品提供配送服務。

本集團決心更加專注於農業及肉類業務,並正在將其 資源及精力從放債業務及證券經紀業務轉移至農業及 肉製品業務。

除上述投資外,本集團亦將考慮其他潛在有盈利的業務,藉以在日後提高盈利能力,包括但不限於中國及香港的農業及肉製品業務。

# DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT 董事及高級管理人員

#### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR**

Mr. LIN Yuhao ("Mr. Lin"), aged 48, was appointed as an executive Director and the chairman of the Board (the "Chairman") on 13 May 2016. Mr. Lin was re-designated from an executive Director to a non-executive Director on 10 March 2017. He has been further re-designated from a non-executive Director to an executive Director and appointed as the chief executive officer of the Company with effect from 15 October 2021. In addition, Mr. Lin also serves as one of the authorised representatives (the "Authorised Representative") of the Company under Rule 3.05 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). He has been appointed as the chairman of the nomination committee of the Board with effect from 15 October 2021. He is also a director of China Food Supply Chain Group Limited (a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company). Mr. Lin obtained an Executive Master's degree in Business Administration from University of Liege, Belgium. Mr. Lin has extensive experience in smart agriculture, biotechnology, finance, real estate, education and internet technology businesses in the PRC.

Mr. Lin was the vice president of Shenzhen Business Association\* (深 圳市企業聯合會) and Shenzhen Entrepreneurs Association\* (深圳市 企業家協會), the vice chairman of Shenzhen Longgang Bantian Street Federation of Industry and Commerce\* (深圳市龍崗區阪田街道工 商聯(商會)), and is currently the vice-president of Shenzhen Non-Governmental Organization Federation\* (深圳社會組織總會).

#### NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

**Ms. Han Xiuhong** ("Ms. Han"), aged 48, joined the Group in January 2019 as the finance manager to oversee the finance department of the Group in the PRC.

Ms. Han has been appointed as a non-executive Director, a member of remuneration committee of the Board, the financial controller of the Group and one of the Authorised Representatives with effect from 15 October 2021. Ms. Han obtained a bachelor's degree in accounting from Beijing Jiaotong University\* (北京交通大學) in the PRC and has extensive experience in accounting, taxation and finance in the PRC.

### 執行董事

林裕豪先生(「林先生」),48歲,於二零一六年五月十三 日獲委任為執行董事兼董事會主席(「主席」)。林先生自 二零一七年三月十日起由本公司執行董事調任為非執 行董事,彼進一步由非執行董事調任為執行董事,並 獲委任為本公司首席執行官,自二零二一年十月十五日 起生效。此外,林先生亦根據香港聯合交易所有限公司 (「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)第3.05條擔任本 公司其中一名授權代表(「授權代表」)。彼曾獲委任為董 事會轄下提名委員會主席,自二零二一年十月十五日起 生效。彼亦為中國食材供應鏈集團(本公司直接全資附 屬公司)之董事。林先生取得比利時列日大學行政人員 工商管理碩士學位。林先生於中國智慧農業、生物科 技、金融、房地產、教育及互聯網科技業務方面擁有 豐富經驗。

林先生曾擔任深圳市企業聯合會及深圳市企業家協會 之副會長,亦曾為深圳市龍崗區阪田街道工商聯(商會) 之副主席,目前為深圳社會組織總會之副會長。

#### 非執行董事

**韓秀紅女士**(「韓女士」),48歲,於二零一九年一月加入 本集團,擔任財務經理,監察本集團於中國的財務部 門。

韓女士獲委任為非執行董事、董事會轄下薪酬委員會 成員、本集團財務總監及其中一名授權代表,自二零 二一年十月十五日起生效。韓女士獲得中國北京交通大 學會計學士學位,在中國會計、税務及財務方面擁有 豐富經驗。

# DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT 董事及高級管理人員

#### INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

**Mr. LI Shaohua** ("Mr. Li"), aged 60, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 2 January 2015. Mr. Li serves as a member of each of the audit committee, the remuneration committee, the nomination committee and the corporate governance committee of the Board. Mr. Li graduated from Daqing Petroleum College and obtained a master's degree in business administration from Murdoch University, Australia. He is currently a deputy general manager of an energy company in the PRC and an executive director of Perfectech International Holdings Limited (stock code: 765).

Ms. ZHU Rouxiang ("Ms. Zhu"), aged 42, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 8 May 2017. Ms. Zhu also serves as a member of each of the audit committee, the nomination committee and the corporate governance committee of the Board and the chairlady of the remuneration committee of the Board. Ms. Zhu graduated from Huazhong University of Science and Technology with a diploma in clinical medicine. Ms. Zhu is currently the general manager of Shenzhen City Jinan Education Group\* (深圳市金安教育集團), a company engaged in education business. Ms. Zhu was the chairlady of Zhuhai City Linglinggi Electronic Technology Company Limited\* (珠海市零零柒電子科技 有限公司), a company engaged in trading of technological products business, from 2013 to 2015, the general manager of Guangzhou City Baile Investment Company Limited\* (廣州市百樂投資有限公司), a company engaged in investment business, from 2011 to 2013 and the legal representative and chairlady of Zhuhai City Jingin Paper Product Company Limited\* (珠海市金琴紙品有限公司), a company engaged in paper product business, from 2003 to 2011. She gained experiences in corporate management, sales and marketing, risk management, trading and investment.

**Ms. LI Yang** ("Ms. Li"), aged 43, was appointed as an independent nonexecutive Director on 3 July 2017. Ms. Li also serves as a member of each of the remuneration committee and the nomination committee of the Board and the chairlady of each of the audit committee and the corporate governance committee of the Board. Ms. Li graduated from University College Dublin of the National University of Ireland with a master's degree in accounting. She is a member of the Institute of Chartered Certified Accountants in Ireland and a Chartered Professional Accountant of the Institute of Chartered Certified Accountants. Ms. Li is currently the manager of one of the big four accounting firms. Ms. Li has over 10 years of professional experience in areas of accounting and auditing.

### 獨立非執行董事

**李邵華先生**(「李先生」),60歲,於二零一五年一月二日 獲委任為獨立非執行董事。李先生分別擔任董事會轄 下審核委員會、薪酬委員會、提名委員會及企業管治 委員會成員。李先生畢業於大慶石油學院並於澳大利 亞莫道克大學取得工商管理碩士學位。彼現為中國一 間能源公司副總經理以及威發國際集團有限公司(股份 代號:765)的執行董事兼行政總裁。

朱柔香女士(「朱女士」),42歲,於二零一七年五月八日 獲委任為獨立非執行董事。朱女士亦擔任董事會轄下 審核委員會、提名委員會及企業管治委員會成員以及 董事會轄下薪酬委員會主席。朱女士畢業於華中科技 大學,獲臨床醫學文憑。朱女士現為深圳市金安教育 集團(該公司從事教育業務)之總經理。朱女士曾於二 零一三年至二零一五年擔任珠海市零零柒電子科技有 限公司(該公司從事科技產品貿易業務)之董事長、於 二零一一年至二零一三年擔任廣州市百樂投資有限公司 (該公司從事投資業務)之總經理及於二零零三年至二零 一一年擔任珠海市金琴紙品有限公司(該公司從事紙品 業務)之法人代表兼董事長。彼具備企業管理、銷售及 市場推廣、風險管理、貿易及投資方面之經驗。

**李楊女士**(「李女士」),43歲,於二零一七年七月三日獲 委任為獨立非執行董事。李女士亦擔任董事會轄下薪 酬委員會及提名委員會成員以及董事會轄下審核委員會 及企業管治委員會主席。李女士畢業於愛爾蘭國立都 柏林大學,獲頒會計學碩士學位。彼為愛爾蘭特許會 計師公會會員及英國特許公認會計師公會之特許專業 會計師。李女士現為其中一間四大會計師事務所之經 理。李女士於會計及審計方面擁有逾10年專業經驗。

The Company is committed to maintaining good corporate governance standard and practices with an emphasis on integrity, transparency and independence. The Board believes that good corporate governance is essential to the success of the Company and the enhancement of Shareholders' value.

# **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES**

During the Reporting Period, the Company's corporate governance practices are based on the principles and the code provisions ("Code Provisions") set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules (the requirements under which are applicable to the Company during the Reporting Period). During the Reporting Period, the Company has complied with the Code Provisions and mandatory disclosure requirements as set out in the CG Code except the deviations from code provision C.2.1 of part 2 of the CG Code provides that the roles and responsibilities of chairman and chief executive officer should be separated and C.1.6 of part 2 of CG Code provides that independent non-executive directors and other non-executive directors should attend general meetings to gain and develop a balanced understanding of the views of shareholders.

The Company periodically reviews its corporate governance practices to ensure that the requirements of the CG Code are continuously satisfied. The key corporate governance principles and practices of the Company are summarised in this annual report.

### DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions on terms no less exacting than the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules (the "Model Code"). Having made specific enquiry with the Directors, all the Directors confirmed that they had complied with the required standards of the Model Code during the Reporting Period.

The Company has also adopted its own code of conduct regarding employees' securities transactions on terms no less exacting than the standard set out in the Model Code for the compliance by its relevant employees who are likely to be in possession of unpublished inside information of the Company in respect of their dealings in the Company's securities. 本公司致力維持良好的企業管治準則及常規,著重操 守、透明度及獨立性。董事會相信,良好企業管治對 本公司之成功及提升股東價值尤為重要。

### 企業管治常規

於報告期間,本公司的企業管治常規以上市規則附錄 十四企業管治守則(「企業管治守則」)所載原則及守則條 文(「守則條文」)為基礎(報告期間公司適用的要求)。於 報告期間,本公司已遵守企業管治守則所載之守則條文 及強制披露規定,惟與企業管治守則第二部分的守則 第C.2.1條有所偏離除外,即主席及行政總裁的角色及 職責應有區分,企業管治守則第二部分的守則第C.1.6 條規定獨立非執行董事及其他非執行董事應出席股東 大會,對公司股東的意見有全面、公正的了解。

本公司定期審閲其企業管治常規,以確保其繼續符合 企業管治守則的規定。本公司主要企業管治原則及常 規於本年報內概述。

### 董事進行證券交易

本公司已採納董事進行證券交易之行為守則,其條款不 比上市規則附錄十上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標 準守則(「標準守則」)所訂明的要求寬鬆。經向本公司全 體董事作出特定查詢後,各董事確認於報告期間一直 遵守標準守則所規定的準則。

本公司亦已採納僱員進行證券交易的行為守則,其條款 不比標準守則所訂明的要求寬鬆,以供可能掌握本公司 的未公開內幕消息的相關僱員遵照規定買賣本公司證 券。

### **INTERNAL CONTROL**

The Board acknowledges its responsibility in maintaining sound and effective internal control system for the Group to safeguard investments of the Shareholders and assets of the Company at all times. The Board is ultimately responsible for evaluating the effectiveness of its internal control and risk management systems. The internal controls system aims to help achieve the Group's business objectives, safeguarding assets and maintaining proper accounting records for provision of reliable financial information. However, the design of the system is to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement in the financial statements or loss of assets and to manage rather than eliminate risks of failure when business objectives, being sought.

To facilitate the management and standardisation of internal operation, the Company has regulations in place that specify the responsibilities and scopes of anti-corruption works. Anti-corruption policy has been adopted and all employees of the Group have been required to strictly abide them. To encourage employees to report the improprieties they found or suspected, the Company has established appropriate whistleblowing procedures pursuant to its whistleblowing policy so as to provide a secure and fully confidential environment for employees to report the improprieties that they genuinely concerned.

#### **Risk management and internal control**

The Board is overall responsible for evaluating and determining the nature and extent of the risks it is willing to take in achieving the Group's strategic objectives, and ensures that the Group has established and maintained appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems.

The audit committee of the Board ("Audit Committee") reviews the risk management and internal controls systems that are significant to the Group on an on-going basis. The Audit Committee would consider and discuss with the management of the Group in respect of the adequacy of resource, qualifications, experience and training of staff and external advisors of the Group's accounting and financial reporting departments.

The management of the Group is responsible for designing, maintaining, implementing and monitoring the risk management and internal control systems to ensure adequate control in place to safeguard the Group's assets and stakeholder's interest.

The Group has established risk management procedures to address and handle significant risks associated with its business. The Board would perform annual review on any significant change of business and the external environment and establish procedures to respond to the risks resulting from significant change of business and the external environment. The risk management and internal control systems are designed to mitigate the potential losses of the business.

# 內部控制

董事會知悉其有責任維持本集團良好及有效之內部監 控制度,使股東的投資及本公司之資產在任何時間均 得到保障。董事會對確保其內部監控及風險管理系統 之有效性擁有最終責任。內部監控制度旨在幫助本集 團達致業務目標、保障資產及提供可靠財務資料以維 持良好會計記錄。然而,有關制度的設計只為提供合 理而非完全防止財務報表出現重大錯誤陳述或資產損 失的保證,及管理並非消除對實踐業務目標時的失敗 風險。

為便於管理及規範內部運作,本公司制定規章制度,明 確反腐敗工作的職責及範圍。反腐敗政策已被採納, 並要求本集團全體僱員嚴格遵守。為鼓勵僱員舉報彼 等發現或懷疑的不當行為,本公司根據其舉報政策建 立適當的舉報流程,為僱員舉報彼等真正關心的不當 行為提供一個安全及完全保密的環境。

#### 風險管理及內部監控

董事會負責評估及釐定其達成本集團策略目標時願意 接納之風險性質及程度,並確保本集團已設立及維持 合適及有效之風險管理及內部監控系統。

董事會審核委員會(「審核委員會」)持續檢討對本集團屬 重大的風險管理及內部監控系統。審核委員會將與本 集團管理層考慮及討論有關本集團會計及財務申報部 門的員工及外部顧問的資源、資質、經驗以及培訓的 充足性。

本集團管理層負責設計、維持、執行及監督風險管理 及內部控制系統以確保作出適當控制以保護本集團的 資產及股東權益。

本集團已建立風險管理程序以解決及處理與其業務有 關的所有重大風險。董事會將對營商及外部環境的重 大改變進行年度審核並制定程序以應對營商及外部環 境重大改變產生的風險結果。設計風險管理及內部控 制系統的目的旨在將業務潛在損失降至最低。

The management would identify the risks associated with the business of the Group by considering both internal and external factors and events which include politics, economy, technology, environmental, social and staff. Each of the risks has been assessed and prioritised based on their relevant impact and chance of occurrence. The relevant risk management strategies would be applied to each type of risks according to the assessment results. Types of risk management strategies are listed as follow:

- Risk retention and reduction: accept the impact of risk or undertake actions by the Group to reduce the impact of the risk;
- Risk avoidance: change business process or objective so as to avoid risk;
- Risk sharing and diversification: diversify the effect of risk or allocate to different locations or products or markets;
- Risk transfer: transfer ownership and liability to a third party.

The internal control systems are designed and implemented to reduce the risks associated with the business accepted by the Group and minimise the adverse impact resulting from the risks. The risk management and internal control systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Company engages an external consultant to perform internal audit function and to review the effectiveness of the material controls (including financial, operational and compliance controls), internal control system, and risk management functions of the Company and the Group's major subsidiaries on a rotation basis annually. The Audit Committee and the Board, having reviewed the internal control and risk management review report for the Reporting Period, were reasonably satisfied that no material deficiencies or inadequacies existed or identified and the Company considers the risk management and internal control systems are effective and adequate for the Reporting Period. The Company has complied with the requirements under Code Provisions D.2.1 to D.2.5 and D.3.3 of part 2 of the CG Code relating to risk management and internal control.

The Board has received a confirmation from the management of the Company on the effectiveness and adequacy of the risk management and internal control systems.

管理層將透過考慮內部及外部因素及事宜識別與本集 團業務有關的風險,包括政治、經濟、技術、環境、社 會及員工。各風險已按其相關影響及發生的機會進行 評估及優先考慮。相關風險管理策略將根據評估結果 應用於各類風險。風險管理策略類別載列如下:

- 風險保留及減少:接納風險的影響或本集團採取行 動以降低風險的影響;
- 風險迴避:改變業務過程或目標藉以避免風險;
- 風險分擔及分散:分散風險的影響或分配至不同地 點或產品或市場;
- 風險轉讓:將所有權及責任轉讓至第三方。

本集團設計及執行內部控制系統以減少本集團接納的與 業務有關的風險並將風險產生的不利影響降至最低。 本集團設計風險管理及內部控制系統旨在管理而非消 除不能達致業務目標的風險,且僅可對重大虛假陳述 或損失提供合理但非絕對的保證。

本公司委聘外部顧問,以履行內部信貸審核職能,每年 輪流審核本公司及本集團主要附屬公司之重大控制(包 括財務、經營及合規控制)、內部控制系統的成效以及 風險管理職能。審核委員會及董事會審閱報告期間之 內部控制及風險管理審閱報告後,合理信納並無存在 或發現任何重大缺失或不足且本公司認為報告期間風 險管理及內部控制系統屬有效及充分。本公司已遵守 企業管治守則第二部分之守則條文第D.2.1條至D.2.5條 及第D.3.3條的有關風險管理及內部控制的規定。

董事會已自本公司管理層收到有關風險管理及內部控 制系統有效性及充足性的確認書。

### **CULTURES AND VALUES**

A healthy corporate culture across the Group is integral to attain its vision and strategy. It is the Board's role to foster a corporate culture with the following core principles and to ensure that the Company's vision, values and business strategies are aligned to it.

#### 1. Integrity and code of conduct

The Group strives to maintain high standards of business ethics and corporate governance across all our activities and operations. The Directors, management and staff are all required to act lawfully, ethically and responsibly, and the required standards and norms are explicitly set out in the training materials for all new staff and embedded in various policies such as the Group's employee handbook (including therein the Group's code of conduct), the anti-corruption policy and the whistleblowing policy of the Group. Trainings are conducted from time to time to reinforce the required standards in respect of ethics and integrity.

#### 2. Commitment

The Group believes that the culture of commitment to workforce development, workplace safety and health, diversity, and sustainability is one where people have a feeling of commitment and emotional engagement with the Group's mission. This sets the tone for a strong, productive workforce that attracts, develops, and retains the best talent and produces the highest quality work. Moreover, the Company's strategy in the business development and management are to achieve long-term, steady and sustainable growth, while having due considerations from environment, social and governance aspects.

### THE BOARD

#### **Responsibilities and accountabilities**

The Board is responsible for overseeing the overall development of the Company's businesses with the objective of enhancing Shareholders' value, including setting and approving the Company's strategic implementation, considering substantial investments, reviewing the Group's financial performance half-yearly and developing and reviewing the Group's policies and practices on corporate governance. Notwithstanding of the above, the Board delegates the day-to-day operations of the Company to the executive Directors or the management of every business segment. The Board is committed to making decisions in the best interests of both the Company and its Shareholders.

### 文化及價值

本集團上下的健康企業文化對落實願景和策略不可或 缺。董事會的作用在於培養具備以下核心原則的公司 文化,確保本公司的願景、價值及業務策略與其相一 致。

#### 1. 誠信及操守準則

本集團致力於在所有活動及運營中保持高水準的 商業道德及公司管治。董事、管理層及員工均須 在合乎法律、道德及責任的情況下行事,所有新員 工的培訓材料明確載有規定的標準及規範,本集 團員工手冊(其中載有本集團的操守準則)、反貪污 政策及舉報政策等各項政策亦有載述。本公司不 時開展培訓以強化道德誠信方面的規定標準。

### 2. 投入

本集團相信,投入於員工發展、工作場所安全及健 康、多元化及可持續發展的文化可讓人們產生投入 熱情並與本集團使命形成情感連結,為一支強大、 有生產力的員工定下基調,吸引、發展並留用最具 價值的人才並產出最優質的成果。此外,本公司的 業務發展及管理策略旨在實現長期、穩定及可持續 的增長,同時適當兼顧環境、社會及管治方面。

#### 董事會

#### 職責及問責

董事會全面負責監督本公司業務發展以提升股東價值, 包括制定及審批本公司實施之策略、考慮重大投資、 每半年審閱本集團財務表現和制定及檢討本集團的企 業管治政策及常規。儘管如此,董事會仍將本公司之 日常營運工作交由執行董事或各業務分部的管理層處 理。董事會力爭所制定決策符合本公司及其股東之最 佳利益。

The Board acknowledges its responsibility for preparing the financial statements of the Company and the Group which give a true and fair view of the Group's affairs in accordance with statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards. The statement by the auditor of the Company about its reporting responsibilities for the financial statements of the Company is set out on pages 50 to 55 of the Independent Auditor's Report. The consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiary companies for the Reporting Period have also been reviewed by the Audit Committee.

The Directors, having made appropriate enquiries, consider that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and that, for this reason, it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

All Directors have full and timely access to all relevant information as well as the advice and services of the company secretary of the Company (the "Company Secretary") to ensure compliance of the Board procedures and all applicable law, rules and regulations.

The Board has established procedure to enable Directors, upon reasonable request, to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expenses.

The Company has arranged appropriate Directors and officers' liabilities insurance coverage in respect of potential legal actions against Directors and officers.

董事會知悉須負責根據法律規定及適用會計準則,編 製本公司及本集團之財務報表,務求真實公平地反映 本集團的業務狀況。本公司核數師就本身對本公司財 務報表之申報責任所作聲明載於獨立核數師報告第50 至55頁。審核委員會亦審閱了本公司及其附屬公司於報 告期間的綜合財務報表。

董事經作出適當查詢後,認為本公司擁有足夠資源以 在可預計未來繼續經營,故此,採用持續經營基準編 製財務報表是適當的。

全體董事均可全面適時獲取所有相關資料,亦可要求 本公司之公司秘書(「公司秘書」)提供意見及服務,確保 符合董事會程序及所有相關法例、規則和規例。

董事會已訂有程序,讓董事按合理要求,可在適當的 情況下尋求獨立專業意見,費用由本公司支付。

本公司已適當對針對董事及高級職員的潛在法律訴訟 投保董事及高級職員責任險。

#### **Chairman and Chief Executive Officer**

Code Provision C.2.1 of part 2 of the CG Code provides that the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. The division of responsibilities between the chairman and chief executive officer should be clearly established and set out in writing. The chairman and chief executive officer of the Company are not related to each other and there are clear divisions among their responsibilities with a view to achieving a balance of power and authority. Mr. Lin Yuhao is the Chairman. The Chairman provides leaderships to the Board in terms of formulating policies and strategies, and discharges those duties set out in Code Provision C.2 of part 2 of the CG Code. The chief executive officer of the Company has the overall responsibility of implementing the decisions, policies and strategies approved by the Board, and overseeing the Group's business and operations. As Mr. Lin Yuhao is the Chairman and has served as the chief executive officer of the Group since 15 October 2021, such practice deviates from Code Provision C.2.1 of part 2 of the CG Code as set forth in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules. The Board believes that vesting the roles of both the Chairman and the chief executive officer in the same person can facilitate the execution of the Group's business strategies and boost effectiveness of its operation. Therefore, the Board considers that the deviation from Code Provision C.2.1 of part 2 of the CG Code is appropriate in such circumstance. In addition, under the supervision of the Board which comprises one executive Director, one non-executive Director and three independent non-executive Directors, the Board is appropriately structured with balance of power to provide sufficient checks to protect the interests of the Company and the Shareholders.

With the support from all the other Directors and the Company Secretary, the Chairman ensures that all Directors are properly briefed on issues arising from Board meetings and receive adequate, complete and reliable information in a timely manner. The Board considers that there are adequate balance of power and safeguards in place and will review and monitor this situation periodically to ensure that present structure would not impair the balance of power of the Company.

# Non-Executive Director and Independent Non-Executive Directors

The appointment of Ms. Han, the non-executive Director, is for a fixed term of two years.

The service agreements or letters of appointment (as the case may be) of non-executive Director and independent non-executive Directors are renewable for two years and are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election in accordance with the bye-laws of the Company (the "Bye-Laws") and the Listing Rules.

### 主席及首席執行官

企業管治守則第二部分之守則條文第C.2.1條規定,主 席與首席執行官的角色應分開,不應由同一人擔當,且 應書面列明主席與首席執行官之間的職責分工。本公司 主席與首席執行官彼此之間並無關連,彼等之責任有 明確區分,以確保權力和職權的平衡。林裕豪先生為 主席。主席領導董事會制訂政策及策略,以及履行企 業管治守則第二部分之守則條文第C.2條所載的職責。 本公司首席執行官全面負責執行董事會批准之所有決 定、政策及策略,並監察本集團之業務及營運。由於 林裕豪先生為主席,並自二零二一年十月十五日起擔任 本集團首席執行官,該慣例與上市規則附錄十四所載 的企業管治守則第二部分之守則條文第C.2.1條有所偏 離。董事會相信,主席及首席執行官之職務由同一人士 兼任,可促進本集團業務策略之執行及提高其營運效 率。因此,董事會認為,在此情況下偏離企業管治守 則第二部分之守則條文第C.2.1條屬恰當。此外,於董 事會(由一名執行董事、一名非執行董事及三名獨立非 執行董事所組成)監督下,董事會具備適當之權力制衡 架構可提供足夠檢查以保障本公司及股東之權益。

在執行董事及公司秘書的支持下,主席確認全體董事 已正確獲悉董事會會議所產生的問題,並及時獲得充 足、完整及可靠的資料。董事會認為已具備足夠的權 力平衡及保障措施,董事會將會定期檢視及監察有關 情況,並將會確保目前的結構不會損害本公司的權力平 衡。

#### 非執行董事及獨立非執行董事

韓女士獲委任為非執行董事,固定任期為兩年。

非執行董事及獨立非執行董事之服務協議或委任函(視 情況而定)可續期兩年,並須根據本公司的公司細則(「公 司細則」)及上市規則輪席告退及膺選連任。

#### Composition

The Board has in its composition a balance of skills, knowledge, experience and diversity of perspectives necessary for independent decision making and fulfillment of its business needs.

During the Reporting Period and up to the date of this annual report, there was no change to the composition of the Board and all Board committees. The Board currently comprised five Directors, including one executive Director, namely Mr. Lin Yuhao (Chairman); one non-executive Director, namely Ms. Han Xiuhong; and three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Li Shaohua, Ms. Zhu Rouxiang and Ms. Li Yang.

Biographical details of the Directors are set out on pages 18 to 19. There are no other relationships including financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationships among members of the Board.

As at 31 December 2022, the Board composition comprises three female Directors. The Board would continue to maintain at least one female Director on the Board.

In order to ensure that independent views and input of the independent non-executive Directors are made available to the Board, the Nomination Committee and the Board are committed to assess the Directors' independence annually with regards to all relevant factors related to the independent non-executive Directors including the following:

- required character, integrity, expertise, experience and stability to fulfill their roles;
- time commitment and attention to the Company's affairs;
- firm commitment to their independent roles and to the Board;
- declaration of conflict of interest in their roles as independent non-executive Directors;
- no involvement in the daily management of the Company nor in any relationship or circumstances which would affect the exercise of their independent judgement; and
- the Chairman meets with the independent non-executive Directors regularly without the presence of the executive Directors

During the Reporting Period, the Chairman held a meeting with the independent non-executive Directors without presence of the other executive Directors and non-executive Directors.

### 成員

董事會成員兼備獨立決策和達成業務所需的技能、知 識、經驗及多元的觀點。

於報告期間及直至本年報日期,董事會組成及全體董 事委員會並無變動。董事會現時由五名董事組成,包 括一名執行董事,即林裕豪先生(主席);一名非執行董 事,即韓秀紅女士;以及三名獨立非執行董事,即李邵 華先生、朱柔香女士及李楊女士。

董事的履歷詳情載於第18至19頁。董事會成員之間並無 其他關係(包括財務、業務、家族或其他重大/相關關 係)。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,董事會組成包括三名女 性董事。董事會將繼續保留至少一名女性董事會董事。

為確保獨立非執行董事能夠向董事會提出獨立意見及 建議,提名委員會及董事會致力於每年考慮與獨立非 執行董事相關的所有因素,以評估董事的獨立性,包 括如下:

- 履行其職責所需的品質、誠信、專長、經驗及恒心;
- 一 對本公司事務的時間投入及經歷;
- 堅定承擔其獨立職責及對董事會的職責;
- 聲明彼擔任獨立非執行董事一職的利益衝突;
- 概無參與本公司的日常管理,亦無任何關係或情形 會影響行使其獨立判斷;及
- 主席定期在執行董事避席的情況下與獨立非執行 董事會面

於報告期間,主席已在其他執行董事及非執行董事避 席的情況下與獨立非執行董事舉行一次會議。

Each executive Director, non-executive Director and independent non-executive Director has entered into a service agreement/letter of appointment with the Company. The letter of appointment entered into by each non-executive Director and independent non-executive Director has a specific term, and all Director's appointment are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election in accordance with the Bye-Laws and the Listing Rules.

In accordance with the Bye-Laws, at each annual general meeting, onethird of the Directors for the time being (or if their number is not a multiple of three, then the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement at least once every three years. The Directors to retire in every year shall be those who have been longest in office since their last election but as between persons who became Directors on the same day shall (unless they otherwise agree between themselves) be determined by lot.

The Company may from time to time in general meeting(s) by ordinary resolution elect any person to be a Director either to fill a causal vacancy or as an addition to the Board but Directors so appointed shall be subject to retirement by rotation pursuant to Bye-law 99 and the number of Directors shall not exceed the maximum number determined from time to time by the shareholders in general meeting. Any Director so appointed shall hold office only until the first annual general meeting of the Company after his/her appointment and shall then be eligible for reelection at the annual general meeting but shall not be taken into account in determining the Directors or the number of Directors who are to retire by rotation at such meeting.

The procedures and process of appointment, re-election and removal of Directors are laid down in the Bye-Laws. The nomination committee of the Board (the "Nomination Committee") is responsible for reviewing the Board composition, considering and formulating the relevant procedures for nomination and appointment of Directors and monitoring the appointment and succession planning of Directors and assessing the independence of the independent non-executive Directors.

The Company has received written annual confirmation from each independent non-executive Director of his/her independence pursuant to the requirements of the Listing Rules. On this basis, the Company considers all independent non-executive Directors to be independent in accordance with the independence guidelines set out in the Listing Rules.

各執行董事、非執行董事及獨立非執行董事均與本公 司訂立任期明確的服務協議/委任函。各非執行董事 與獨立非執行董事之間訂立的委任函有明確的期限, 而全體董事的委任須根據公司細則及上市規則輪席告 退及膺選連任。

根據公司細則,於每屆股東週年大會上,當時在任的三 分一董事(或倘董事人數並非三的倍數,則為最接近但 不少於三分一的人數)須輪值退任,惟各董事須最少每 三年退任一次。每年退任的董事須為自上次獲選後在任 最長的董事,但倘有數位人士於同日獲選為董事,則 將行退任之董事(除非彼等另有協議)須由抽籤決定。

本公司可不時在股東大會上通過普通決議案,選舉任 何人士為董事,以填補臨時空缺,或作為董事會新增董 事,惟獲委任董事須根據公司細則第99條輪席退任且 以此方式獲委任之董事人數不得多於股東在股東大會 上不時訂定的最多人數。以此方式獲委任之任何董事, 將僅任職至他/她委任後的第一個本公司股東週年大 會,屆時符合資格可於股東週年大會上膺選連任,但 於有關會議上確定輪值退任的董事或董事人數時,不 得將其考慮在內。

公司細則規定董事的委任、重選及免職程序及流程。 董事會的提名委員會(「提名委員會」)負責審核董事會的 構成,考慮並制定董事提名及委任的相關程序,監督 董事的委任及繼任計劃並評估獨立非執行董事的獨立 性。

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則的規定 就其獨立身份所發出的年度確認書。以此為基礎,根 據上市規則所載的獨立性指引,本公司確信所有獨立非 執行董事均為獨立人士。

#### **Board Meetings and General Meetings**

Code Provision C.1.6 of part 2 of the CG Code provides that independent non-executive Directors and other non-executive Directors should attend the annual general meeting of the Company to gain and develop a balanced understanding of the views of the shareholders. The independent non-executive Director, Mr. Li Shaohua, did not attend the annual general meeting of the Company held on 22 June 2022 due to other commitments.

Code provision C.5.1 of part 2 of the CG Code provides that the Board should meet regularly and Board meetings should be held at least four times a year at approximately guarterly intervals. Board meetings (include regular meetings as defined in the CG Code and other Board meetings) will hold from time to time when necessary. During the Reporting Period, the Board held four regular Board meetings at approximately quarterly interval which satisfy the minimum number of regular board meetings and other Board meetings which were convened when deemed necessary. Due notice of at lease 14 days, agenda accompanying the Board papers of regular Board meetings were given to all Directors prior to the meeting in accordance with the Bye-Laws and the CG Code. Arrangements are in place to ensure that all Directors are given opportunity to include matters in the agenda for regular Board meetings. For the sake of flexibility, the Board holds meeting whenever necessary after reasonable notice has been given to all Directors. In addition to these four regular Board meetings, senior management of the Group provided to Directors the information on the activities and developments in the business of the Group from time to time and, when required, several written resolutions were passed by the Board. In addition, the Board has established the Audit Committee, the remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee"), the Nomination Committee and the corporate governance committee (the "Corporate Governance Committee") to oversee particular aspects of the Company's affairs. Minutes of Board meetings and meetings of Board committees are recorded in sufficient details the matters considered and decisions reached. Draft and final versions of the minutes will be sent to all Directors for their comments. The final versions of the minutes of Board meetings and meetings of Board committees will be kept by the Company Secretary and be open for inspection on reasonable notice by any Director. The attendance records of each of the Directors are as follows:

### 董事會會議及股東大會

企業管治守則第二部分的守則條文第C.1.6條規定獨立 非執行董事及其他非執行董事應出席股東大會,對公 司股東的意見有全面、公正的了解。獨立非執行董事李 邵華先生因事並無出席本公司於二零二二年六月二十二 日舉行的股東週年大會。

企業管治守則第二部分之守則條文第C.5.1條規定董事 會應定期會面, 並最少每年大約按季舉行四次董事會 會議。董事會會議(包括企業管治守則所界定的常規會 議及其他董事會會議)將不時於有必要時舉行。於報告 期間,董事會大約每季度舉行四次常規董事會會議, 符合常規董事會會議及在認為有需要時召開的其他董 事會會議的下限。根據公司細則和企業管治守則,在 會議之前已向所有董事發出了定期董事會會議至少14 日的適當通知、議程和董事會文件。已制訂安排確保 所有董事均有機會在定期董事會會議上的議程中加入 事宜。為方便靈活行事,董事會在有需要時經向董事 發出合理通知後舉行會議。除該四次常規董事會會議 外,本集團高級管理層不時向董事提供有關本集團業 務活動及發展的資料,且董事會在有需要時會通過若 干書面決議案。此外,董事會已成立審核委員會、薪 酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」),提名委員會及企業管治委員 會(「企業管治委員會」),以監察本公司特定事務。董事 會會議及董事會委員會會議之記錄充分詳細地記錄所 考慮之事宜及達成之決定。記錄的起草及最終版本將 發送至所有董事待彼等提供評語。董事會會議及董事 會委員會會議之記錄之最終版本將由公司秘書保管, 並在任何董事之合理通知下開放查閱。各董事的出席 記錄如下:

During the Reporting Period, four regular Board meetings and two general meetings were held with details of the Directors' attendance set out below: 於報告期間,董事會舉行四次常規董事會會議及兩次 股東大會,董事出席詳情如下:

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		Attendance/Number of meeting(s) 出席次數/舉行會議次數	
		Regular Board	
		meetings	General meetings
Directors	董事	常規董事會會議	股東大會
Executive Director	執行董事		
Mr. Lin Yuhao <i>(Chairman)</i>	林裕豪先生( <i>主席)</i>	3/4	1/1
Non-executive Director	非執行董事		
Ms. Han Xiuhong	韓秀紅女士	4/4	1/1
Independent non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事		
Mr. Li Shaohua	李邵華先生	4/4	0/1
Ms. Zhu Rouxiang	朱柔香女士	4/4	1/1
Ms. Li Yang	李楊女士	2/4	1/1

#### **Directors' Training**

The Directors should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills pursuant to Code Provision C.1.4 of part 2 of the CG Code. The Company would provide a comprehensive induction package covering the summary of the responsibilities and liabilities of a director of a Hong Kong listed company, the Company's constitutional documents and A Guide on Directors' Duties issued by the Companies Registry to each newlyappointed Director to ensure that he/she is sufficiently aware of his/ her responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and other regulatory requirements.

The Company Secretary reports from time to time the latest changes and development of the Listing Rules, corporate governance practices and other regulatory regime to the Directors with written materials, as well as organises seminars on the professional knowledge and latest development of regulatory requirements related to director's duties and responsibilities.

#### 董事培訓

根據企業管治守則第二部分之守則條文第C1.4條,董 事應參與持續專業發展學習並增進知識及技能。本公 司向每名新任董事提供全面的就任資料,包括香港上 市公司董事職責概要、本公司組織章程文件和公司註冊 處發出的董事責任指引,確保有關董事深知本身根據 上市規則及其他監管規定的職責。

公司秘書不時向董事書面匯報上市規則、企業管治常規 及其他監管制度之最新變動及更新,並安排座談會講 解有關董事職責之專業知識及監管規定的最新情況。

All the Directors confirmed that they had complied with Code Provision C.1.4 of part 2 of the CG Code during the Reporting Period. The record of the training received by the Directors during the Reporting Period are provided to the Company Secretary. During the Reporting Period, the Directors participated in the following trainings:

董事確認彼等於報告期間均遵守企業管治守則第二部 分之守則條文第C1.4條。董事於報告期間接受之培訓 記錄乃提供予公司秘書。於報告期間,董事曾參與下 列培訓:

		Types of Trainings
Directors	董事	培訓類型
Executive Directors	執行董事	
Mr. Lin Yuhao <i>(Chairman)</i>	林裕豪先生( <i>主席)</i>	S, R
Non-executive Director	非執行董事	
Ms. Han Xiuhong	韓秀紅女士	S, R
Independent non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事	
Mr. Li Shaohua	李邵華先生	S, R
Ms. Zhu Rouxiang	朱柔香女士	S, R
Ms. Li Yang	李楊女士	S, R
S: Attending seminars and/or conferences a	nd/or forums relating to directors'	S: 出席與董事職務有關的研討會及/或會議及/或論壇

R: Reading newspaper, journals and updates relating to the economy, general business or directors' duties, etc.

# **DELEGATION BY THE BOARD**

duties

The Directors are aware of their collective and individual responsibilities to the Shareholders for the wellbeing and success of the Company.

To enhance the effectiveness of the management of the Company, the Board has established four committees, namely the Audit Committee, the Corporate Governance Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee to oversee corresponding aspects of the Company's affairs. All Board committees of the Company have defined written terms of reference. R: 閱讀有關經濟、一般業務或董事職責等報章、刊物及最 新資料

# 董事會之委任

董事深知彼等須就本公司的福祉及成功共同及個別向 股東負責。

董事會為提升本公司之管理效率成立審核委員會、企 業管治委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會四個委員會, 監督本公司相關事務。本公司所有董事委員會均訂明書 面職權範圍。

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

#### **Audit Committee**

As at the date of this annual report, the Audit Committee comprises three members, all are independent non-executive Directors, namely Ms. Li Yang (Chairlady of Committee), Mr. Li Shaohua and Ms. Zhu Rouxiang.

The Board has adopted a terms of reference of the Audit Committee in compliance with the CG Code, which is available on the websites of the Company and Stock Exchange.

The main duties of the Audit Committee are to make recommendation to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of the external auditor, to review and monitor the external auditor's independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process and to discuss with the external auditor the nature and scope of the audit. It is also responsible for reviewing: (i) the interim and annual financial statements before submission to the Board and (ii) the Company's financial control, internal control and risk management systems and the internal and external audit functions (where appropriate). It also needs to discuss problems and reservations arising from the interim and final audits and to consider the major findings of internal investigations and management's response.

The Audit Committee shall meet at least twice per year according to its terms of reference. There were three meetings held during the Reporting Period, details of attendance are set out below:

# 董事委員會

#### 審核委員會

於本年報日期,審核委員會由全體獨立非執行董事李 楊女士(委員會主席)、李邵華先生及朱柔香女士三名成 員組成。

董事會遵照企業管治守則採納審核委員會職權範圍, 可於本公司及聯交所網站查閱。

審核委員會之主要職責為就外聘核數師之委任、重新 委任及罷免向董事會提出推薦建議,審閱及監控外聘 核數師是否獨立客觀及審核程序是否有效,以及與外 聘核數師討論審核之性質及範疇,其職責亦包括:(i)提 呈董事會前審閱中期及全年財務報表;及(ii)檢討本公司 財務監控、內部監控及風險管理制度和內部及外部審 核職能(如適用)。審核委員會亦須討論中期及全年審 核中出現的問題及保留意見和考慮內部調查的重大結 果及管理層回應。

審核委員會應根據其職權範圍,每年至少舉行兩次會 議。於報告期間,審核委員會曾舉行三次會議,出席 詳情載列如下:

		Attendance/ Number of meetings 出席次數/
Audit Committee members	審核委員會成員	舉行會議次數
Ms. Li Yang (Chairlady of Committee)	李楊女士 <i>(委員會主席)</i>	1/3
Mr. Li Shaohua	李邵華先生	3/3
Ms. Zhu Rouxiang	朱柔香女士	3/3

During the Reporting Period, the Audit Committee had considered, reviewed and discussed any areas of concerns during the audit process, the compliance of company policies, risk management and the internal control procedures of the Group and had approved the unaudited interim financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2022, the unaudited annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 and the audited annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022, respectively. The Audit Committee also reviewed the independence of McMillan Woods (Hong Kong) CPA Limited, the auditors of the Company. The Audit Committee has been provided with sufficient resources to perform its duties.

於報告期間,審核委員會已考慮、審閲及討論審核過 程、遵守公司政策及本集團風險管理及內部監控程序 的有關事宜,並分別批准截至二零二二年六月三十日止 六個月之未經審核中期財務報表、截至二零二二年十二 月三十一日止年度之未經審核年度財務報表及截至二零 二二年十二月三十一日止年度之經審核年度財務報表。 審核委員會亦審閱本公司核數師長青(香港)會計師事 務所有限公司的獨立性。審核委員會已獲提供足夠資 源履行其職責。

#### **Corporate Governance Committee**

As at the date of this annual report, the Corporate Governance Committee comprises three members, all are independent non-executive Directors, namely Ms. Li Yang (Chairlady of Committee), Mr. Li Shaohua and Ms. Zhu Rouxiang.

The Board has adopted a terms of reference of the Corporate Governance Committee in compliance with the CG Code, which is available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

The main duties of the Corporate Governance Committee under Code Provision A.2.1 of part 2 of the CG Code are to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board; to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management; to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices in compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to the Directors and employees of the Company; to review the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure requirements for the corporate governance report of the Company ("Corporate Governance Report").

The Corporate Governance Committee shall meet at least once per year according to its terms of reference. A Corporate Governance Committee meeting was held during the Reporting Period, details of attendance are set out below:

### 企業管治委員會

於本年報日期,企業管治委員會由全體獨立非執行董 事李楊女士(委員會主席)、李邵華先生及朱柔香女士三 名成員組成。

董事會遵照企業管治守則採納企業管治委員會職權範 圍,可於本公司及聯交所網站查閱。

根據企業管治守則第二部分之守則條文第A.2.1條,企 業管治委員會的主要職責為制定及檢討本公司的企業 管治政策及常規,並向董事會提出建議;檢討及監察董 事及高級管理人員的培訓及持續專業發展;檢討及監 察本公司在遵守法律及監管規定方面的政策及常規;制 定、檢討及監察適用於本公司董事及僱員的行為守則及 合規手冊(如有);及檢討本公司遵守企業管治守則的情 況和企業管治報告(「企業管治報告」)的披露規定。

企業管治委員會根據自身職權範圍至少每年須舉行一次會議。於報告期間,企業管治委員會曾舉行一次會議,出席詳情載列如下:

Corporate Governance Committee members	企業管治委員會成員	Attendance/ Number of meeting 出席次數/ 舉行會議次數
Ms. Li Yang <i>(Chairlady of Committee)</i>	李楊女士 <i>(委員會主席)</i>	0/1
Mr. Li Shaohua	李邵華先生	1/1
Ms. Zhu Rouxiang	朱柔香女士	1/1

During the Reporting Period, the Corporate Governance Committee reviewed the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance, the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure requirements for the Corporate Governance Report.

#### **Remuneration Committee**

As at the date of this annual report, the Remuneration Committee comprises four members, three are independent non-executive Directors, namely Ms. Zhu Rouxiang (Chairlady of Committee), Mr. Li Shaohua and Ms. Li Yang and one is non-executive Director, namely Ms. Han Xiuhong.

The Board has adopted a terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee in compliance with the CG Code, which is available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange. 於報告期間,企業管治委員會檢討本公司的企業管治 政策及常規、本公司遵守企業管治守則和企業管治報 告的披露規定的情況。

#### 薪酬委員會

於本年報日期,薪酬委員會由四名成員組成,三名為獨 立非執行董事,即朱柔香女士(委員會主席)、李邵華先 生及李楊女士,及一名為非執行董事,即韓秀紅女士。

董事會遵照企業管治守則採納薪酬委員會職權範圍, 可於本公司及聯交所網站查閱。

The major responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee are to make recommendation to the Board on the Company's policies and structure for remuneration of the Directors and senior management of the Company and review and approve the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives. The Remuneration Committee shall determine, with delegated responsibility, the individual remuneration package of each executive Director (including the Chairman) and senior management including benefits in kind and pension rights (including allocation of share options, annual bonus plans) and compensation payments (including any compensation payable for loss or termination of their office or appointment) subject to the contractual terms, if any. When determining remuneration packages of the executive Directors and senior management of the Company, the Remuneration Committee takes into consideration factors such as market forces and remuneration packages of executive directors of similar companies in comparable industries in Hong Kong. The Remuneration Committee also ensures that no Director or any of his associates is involved in deciding his own remuneration.

The Remuneration Committee shall meet at least once per year according to its terms of reference. There were two Remuneration Committee meetings held during the Reporting Period, details of attendance are set out below:

薪酬委員會之主要職責為參考董事會之企業目標及宗 旨,就本公司之董事及高級管理層之薪酬政策及架構, 向董事會提供建議及審閲及批准管理層之薪酬建議。 薪酬委員會應根據合約條款(如有)及董事會授權,釐定 每位執行董事(包括主席)及高級管理層的個人薪酬待 遇,包括實物利益、退休金權益(包括購股權分配及年 終花紅計劃)及賠償金額(包括任何離職或停職賠償)。 薪酬委員會釐定本公司執行董事及高級管理層之薪酬 待遇時,考慮市況和香港相關行業同類公司執行董事 的薪酬等因素。薪酬委員會亦確保概無董事或其任何 聯繫人參與決定本身之薪酬。

薪酬委員會根據自身職權範圍至少每年須舉行一次會 議。於報告期間,薪酬委員會曾舉行兩次會議,出席 詳情載列如下:

Remuneration Committee members	薪酬委員會成員	Attendance/ Number of meetings 出席次數/ 舉行會議次數
Ms. Zhu Rouxiang (Chairlady of Committee)	朱柔香女士 <i>(委員會主席)</i>	2/2
Mr. Li Shaohua	李邵華先生	2/2
Ms. Li Yang	李楊女士	1/2
Ms. Han Xiuhong	韓秀紅女士	2/2

During the Reporting Period, the Remuneration Committee reviewed the existing remuneration policy and structure, amended and re-adopted terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee, and assessed the performance of each Director for the Reporting Period. The Remuneration Committee is provided with sufficient resources to perform its duties and it can have access to independent professional advice if necessary. 於報告期間,薪酬委員會檢討現有薪酬政策及架構, 經修訂及重新採納薪酬委員會職權範圍及評估各董事 於報告期間的表現。薪酬委員會已獲提供足夠資源履 行其職責,於有需要時其可取用獨立專業意見。

The remuneration of Director is determined with reference to the qualification, experience, responsibility and performance of the individual, the performance of the Group and the market practices. Details of the emoluments of Directors during the Reporting Period are set out in note 10 to the consolidated financial statements of this annual report. The emoluments received by senior management (namely current executive Director and the chief executive officer) during the Reporting Period were within the following bands:

零港元-1,000,000港元 1,500,001港元-2,000,000港元 2,000,001港元-2,500,000港元 2,500,001港元-3,000,000港元 8,500,001港元-9,000,000港元 董事薪酬乃根據個別董事的資歷、經驗、職責及表現、 本集團業績及市場慣例釐定。於報告期間之董事酬金 詳情載於本報告綜合財務報表附註10。於年報期間, 高級管理層(即現任執行董事及首席執行官)所收取的酬 金範圍如下:

#### Number of individuals

人數
0
1
2
1
1

#### 提名委員會

於本年報日期,提名委員會由四名成員組成,其中一名 為執行董事,即林裕豪先生(委員會主席),彼擔任主 席;及其中三名為獨立非執行董事,即李邵華先生、朱 柔香女士及李楊女士。

董事會遵照企業管治守則採納提名委員會職權範圍, 可於本公司及聯交所網站查閱。

提名委員會之主要職責為定期檢討董事會架構、規模 及組成(包括技能、知識、經驗及能力)和物色適當合資 格人選加盟董事會,亦負責評核獨立非執行董事是否 獨立並就委任或重新委任董事及董事連任計劃等相關 事宜向董事會提供建議。

董事會採納董事會成員多元化政策提升工作質量須由 提名委員會每年審閱。為實現持續平衡發展,本公司認 為董事會成員多元化是達致戰略目標及可持續發展的 關鍵。本公司選任董事會成員時,從多方面考慮董事會 成員多元化,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背 景、種族、專業經驗、技能、知識和服務年期。董事 會所有委任均以用人唯才為原則,充分顧及董事會成 員多元化的裨益參照各種標準選用人才。

HK\$Nil–HK\$1,000,000
HK\$1,500,001-HK\$2,000,000
HK\$2,000,001-HK\$2,500,000
HK\$2,500,001-HK\$3,000,000
HK\$8,500,001-HK\$9,000,000

#### **Nomination Committee**

As at the date of this annual report, the Nomination Committee comprises four members, one is executive Director, namely Mr. Lin Yuhao (Chairman of Committee) who is the Chairman; and three are independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Li Shaohua, Ms. Zhu Rouxiang and Ms. Li Yang.

The Board has adopted a terms of reference of the Nomination Committee in compliance with the CG Code, which is available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

The main duties of the Nomination Committee are to review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge, experience and diversity) of the Board on a regular basis and to identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members. It is also responsible for assessing the independence of independent non-executive Directors and making recommendations to the Board on relevant matters relating to the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors.

The Board has adopted a board diversity policy, which is subject to annual review by Nomination Committee, to enhance the quality of its performance. With a view to achieving a sustainable and balanced development, the Company regards increasing diversity at the Board level as an essential element in supporting the attainment of its strategic objectives and its sustainable development. In designing the Board's composition, Board diversity has been considered from a number of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

Selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board.

The Company has adopted a nomination policy, in evaluating and selecting any candidate for directorship, the Nomination Committee would consider criteria including, among other things, character and integrity, qualifications (cultural and educational background, professional qualifications, skills, knowledge and experience and diversity aspects under the board diversity policy), any potential contributions the candidate can bring to the Board in terms of qualifications, skills, experience, independence and diversity, and willingness and ability to devote adequate time to discharge duties as a member of the Board and/or Board committee(s).

The Nomination Committee and/or the Board should, upon receipt of the proposal on appointment of new Director and the biographical information (or relevant details) of the candidate, evaluate such candidate based on the criteria as set out above to determine whether such candidate is qualified for directorship. The Nomination Committee should then recommend to the Board to appoint the appropriate candidate for directorship with a ranking of the candidates (if applicable) by order of preference based on the needs of the Company and reference check of each candidate. In the context of re-appointment of any existing member(s) of the Board, the Nomination Committee shall make recommendations to the Board for its consideration and recommendation, for the proposed candidates to stand for re-election at a general meeting. The Board shall have the final decision on all matters relating to its recommendation of candidates to stand for election at a general meeting. 甄選候選人會作多方面考慮,包括但不限於性別、年 齡、文化及教育背景、種族、專業經驗、技能、知識及 服務年期。最終決定會基於候選人為董事會所作功績 及貢獻作出。

本公司採取提名政策,在評估和選拔任何董事候選人 時,提名委員會將考慮的標準包括(其中包括)品格及誠 信、資格(文化及教育背景、專業資格、技能、知識及 經驗以及董事會多元化政策下的多元化方面)、候選人 在資格、技能、經驗、獨立性及多元化方面可為董事 會帶來的任何潛在貢獻,以及投入足夠時間履行董事 會及/或董事會委員會成員職責的意願及能力。

提名委員會及/或董事會在收到有關委任新董事的建 議及候選人的履歷資料(或相關詳情)後,應根據上述 標準評估該候選人,以確定該候選人是否有資格擔任 董事職務。然後,提名委員會應建議董事會根據本公 司的需要及各候選人的資歷審查,按照候選人的優劣 次序委任適當候選人出任董事(如適用)。就重新委任 董事會現有成員而言,提名委員會應就建議於股東大 會上膺選連任的候選人向董事會作出推薦意見供其考 慮及推薦。董事會擁有有關於股東大會上參選候選人 之推薦建議之所有事宜之最終決定權。

During the Reporting Period, the Nomination Committee has reviewed the structure, size and composition of the Board, assessed the independence of independent non-executive Directors and made recommendation to the Board on the Directors' appointment and re-election of the retiring Directors. The Nomination Committee has also reviewed the board diversity policy on an annual basis to ensure its effectiveness. Currently, the Board consists of three female Directors and two male Directors with a balanced mix of knowledge and skills. Furthermore, the Board has a wide range of age ranging from 42 years old to 60 years old. Based on the above, the Nomination Committee considered that the Group has achieved the objectives of the board diversity during the Reporting Period.

The Company has also received from each independent non-executive Director an annual confirmation of his/her independence and the Nomination Committee has conducted an annual review and considered that all independent non-executive Directors are independent, taking into account of the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

The Nomination Committee shall meet at least once per year according to its terms of reference. One Nomination Committee meeting was held during the Reporting Period, details of attendance are set out below: 於報告期間,提名委員會已審核董事會的架構、規模 及構成,對獨立非執行董事的獨立性進行評估並就董 事委任及重選退任董事向董事會提出建議。提名委員 會亦每年審核董事會多元化政策,確保該政策的效力 並認為,目前,董事會包括三名女性董事及兩名男性董 事,平衡地混合知識及技能。再者,董事會具寬大之 年齡範圍,由42歲至60歲。根據上文,提名委員會認 為,於報告期間,本集團已實現董事會多元化目標。

本公司亦接獲各獨立非執行董事就其獨立身份所發出 的年度確認書,且提名委員會已經進行年度審核,根據 上市規則第3.13條所載的獨立性指引,確信所有獨立非 執行董事均為獨立人士。

提名委員會根據自身職權範圍至少每年須舉行一次會 議。於報告期間,提名委員會曾舉行一次會議,會議出 席詳情載列如下:

		Attendance/
		Number of meeting
		出席次數/
Nomination Committee members	提名委員會成員	舉行會議次數
Mr. Lin Yuhao <i>(Chairman of Committee)</i>	林裕豪先生 <i>(委員會主席)</i>	1/1
Ms. Zhu Rouxiang	朱柔香女士	1/1
Mr. Li Shaohua	李邵華先生	1/1
Ms. Li Yang	李楊女士	0/1

The Nomination Committee is provided with sufficient resources to perform its duties. When necessary, the Nomination Committee can seek independent professional advice at the expense of the Company to perform its responsibilities. 提名委員會已獲提供足夠資源履行其職責。於有需要時,提名委員會可透過本公司尋求獨立專業意見履行 其職責。

#### AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The remuneration paid and payable to the external auditor of the Company, McMillan Woods (Hong Kong) CPA Limited ("McMillan Woods"), and its network firm, and the nature of services for both continuing operations and discontinued operations of the Group are set out as follows:

#### 核數師酬金

已付及應付本公司外部核數師長青(香港)會計師事務 所有限公司(「長青」)及其網絡公司之酬金及本集團之持 續經營業務及終止經營業務的服務性質載列如下:

		For the year ended 31 December 2022 (HK\$'000) 截至二零二二年 十二月三十一日 止年度期間
Type of services rendered	所提供服務的類型	(千港元)
Audit services Non-assurance services	審核服務 非鑒證服務	750
— Review of interim financial information Taxation services	— 中期財務資料審核 税項服務	60 20

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

All Directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary. The Board approves the selection, appointment or dismissal of the Company Secretary. The Company Secretary reports to the Chairman on board governance matters, and is responsible for ensuring that Board procedures are followed and also facilitating communications among Directors as well as with Shareholders and management.

Mr. Au Yeung Ming Yin Gordon ("Mr. Au Yeung") has been appointed as the Company Secretary since 10 May 2019. During the Reporting Period, Mr. Au Yeung had complied with the professional training requirements to update his skills and knowledge under Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

#### **DIVERSITY OF WORKFORCE**

As at 31 December 2022, the Company comprises 37 female employees and 23 male employees. The Company would continue to maintain gender diversity and equality in terms of the whole workforce.

#### 公司秘書

全體董事均可要求公司秘書提供意見及服務。董事會 批准公司秘書之挑選、委任或罷免。公司秘書就董事 會管治事宜向主席報告,並負責確保董事會程序得以 遵循和促進董事之間及董事與股東及管理層之間的溝 通。

歐陽銘賢先生(「歐陽先生」)自二零一九年五月十日獲委 任為公司秘書。於報告期間,歐陽先生已遵守上市規則 第3.29條規定之提升技能及知識之專業培訓要求。

#### 勞動力多元化

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本公司有37名女性僱員 及23名男性僱員。本公司將持續保持全體員工的性別 多元化及素質。

#### **DIVIDEND POLICY**

The Company has adopted a dividend policy on 31 December 2018 (the "Dividend Policy"). According to the Dividend Policy, it is the policy of the Board, in considering the payment of dividends, to allow Shareholders to participate in the Company's profits whilst preserving the Company's liquidity to capture future growth opportunities.

In deciding whether to propose a dividend and in determining the dividend amount, the Board shall consider the following factors before declaring or recommending dividends:-

- (a) the Company's actual and expected financial performance;
- (b) retained earnings and distributable reserves of the Company and each of the members of the Group;
- (c) the Group's working capital requirements, capital expenditure requirements and future expansion plans;
- (d) the Group's liquidity position;
- (e) general economic conditions, business cycle of the Group's business and other internal or external factors that may have an impact on the business or financial performance and position of the Group; and
- (f) other factors that the Board may considered relevant.

The payment of dividend by the Company is also subject to any restrictions under the laws of Bermuda and the Bye-Laws. The Board will continually review the Dividend Policy from time to time and there can be no assurance that dividends will be paid in any particular amount for any given period.

#### 股息政策

本公司已於二零一八年十二月三十一日採納一項股息政 策(「股息政策」)。根據股息政策,董事會考慮派付股息 時之政策為讓本公司股東分享本公司之溢利,同時保 持本公司之流動資金以捕捉未來增長機遇。

於決定是否建議派發股息及釐定股息金額時,董事會 須於宣派或建議宣派股息前考慮下列因素:--

- (a) 本公司之實際及預期財務表現;
- (b) 本公司及本集團各成員公司之保留盈利及可分派儲備;
- (c) 本集團之營運資金需求、資本開支需求及未來拓展 計劃;
- (d) 本集團之流動資金狀況;
- (e) 整體經濟狀況、本集團業務之商業週期,以及其他可能對本集團業務或財務表現及狀況產生影響之內部或外部因素;及
- (f) 董事會可能認為相關之其他因素。

本公司派付股息亦受百慕達法例及公司細則項下之任何 限制所規限。董事會將不時持續檢討股息政策,且概 不保證將於任何指定期間派付任何特定金額之股息。

#### SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS AND INVESTOR RELATION

#### **Convening a Special General Meeting by Shareholders**

Pursuant to the bye-law 62 of the Bye-Laws, a special general meeting may be convened by the Board upon requisition, and Shareholders holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying not less than 10% of the right of voting at general meetings of the Company, on a one vote per share basis in the share capital of the Company, shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the Company Secretary, to require a special general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition and add resolutions to the agenda of the meeting so convened; and such meeting shall be held within two (2) months after the deposit of such requisition.

If within twenty-one (21) days of such deposit, the Board fails to proceed to convene such a special general meeting, the requisitionists themselves may do so in accordance with to the provisions of section 74 (3) of the Companies Act.

#### **Putting Forward Proposals at General Meeting**

Shareholder(s) holding not less than one-twentieth of the paid-up capital of the Company carrying the right to vote at general meetings of the Company or not less than 100 shareholders may, at their expense, provide a written requisition to the Board or the Company Secretary at the principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong, specifying the shareholding information of the Shareholder, his/her contact details and the proposal he/she intends to put forward at general meeting regarding any specified transaction/business and its supporting documents.

#### Making Enquiry to the Board

The Company continues to promote investor relations and enhance communication with existing Shareholders and potential investors. The Company welcomes suggestions from investors, stakeholders and the public.

Shareholders and potential investors may send written enquiries, either by post, by facsimiles or by email, together with his/her contact details, such as postal address, email or fax, addressing to Board of the Company at the following address or facsimile number or via email:

Unit 32A, 15/F, Star House, No. 3 Salisbury Road, Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong Fax: (852) 3188 3959 Email: ir@cfih.hk

#### 股東權利及投資者關係 股東召開股東特別大會

根據公司細則第62條,任何於遞呈要求日期持有不少 於本公司繳入股本(附有於本公司股東大會表決權利不 少於10%)十分之一的任何一名或以上的股東,在本公 司股本中以每股一票的基礎上,有權於任何時間透過 向董事或秘書發出書面請求,要求董事會召開股東特別 大會,以處理有關請求中指明的任何事項及將決議案 加入如此召集的會議議程;惟該會議應於遞呈該要求 後兩(2)個月內舉行。

倘有關要求獲提呈後二十一(21)天內仍未著手召開股東 特別大會,提呈要求人士可按照公司法第74(3)條的規 定自行安排。

#### 於股東大會提呈建議

持有不少於本公司繳入股本(附有於本公司股東大會表 決權利不少於100名股東)二十分之一的股東,致函本公 司於香港的主要營業地點向董事會或公司秘書提出書 面要求(費用由彼等承擔),列明該股東的股權資料、詳 細聯絡資料和擬就任何具體交易/事宜於股東大會提 呈的建議及有關文件。

#### 向董事會查詢

本公司繼續促進與投資者的關係,並加強與現有股東 及潛在投資者的溝通。本公司歡迎投資者、持份者及 公眾人士提供意見。向董事會或本公司作出的查詢可 郵寄至本公司於香港的主要營業地點。

股東及潛在投資者可以郵寄、傳真或電郵方式按以下 地址、傳真號碼或電郵向本公司董事會提交書面查詢 和郵寄地址、電郵或傳真等詳細聯絡資料:

香港九龍尖沙咀 梳士巴利道3號 星光行15樓32A室 傳真:(852)31883959 電郵:ir@cfih.hk

All enquiries shall be collected by the Company Secretary who shall report to the executive Director(s) periodically on the enquiries collected. The executive Director(s) shall review the enquiries and assign different kinds of enquiries to appropriate division head/manager for answering. After receiving the answers of all enquiries from the relevant division head/manager, the Company Secretary will collect the answers for the executive Director(s)' review and approval. The Company Secretary shall then be authorised by the executive Director(s) to reply all enquiries in writing.

#### **Shareholders Communication Policy**

The Company adopted a Shareholders Communication Policy on 22 January 2013 which aims to enhance corporate communication between the Shareholders, the Board and the senior management of the Company through various official channels so that the Shareholders and potential investors can access the Company's public information equally in a timely manner. The Audit Committee review the Shareholders Communication Policy on a annual basis to ensure its effectiveness. The Directors consider that the Shareholders Communication Policy of the Company is satisfactory in terms of its implementation and effectiveness.

The Chairman attends the annual general meeting. He also invites the independent non-executive Directors, chairmen of the audit, remuneration, nomination and corporate governance committees to attend. In their absence, the Chairman would invite another member of the committee or failing this, his duly appointed delegate, to attend. These persons should be available to answer questions at the annual general meeting.

Via the Company's website at http://www.cfih.hk, Shareholders can obtain updated and key information on the major developments of the Group. Information, such as financial statements, results announcements, circulars, notices of general meetings and all announcements, released by the Company on the Stock Exchange's website at www.hkex.com.hk is also posted on the Company's website immediately thereafter.

#### MANAGEMENT OF INSIDE INFORMATION

In order to promote transparency, accountability and responsibility in respect of the operation of a listed company, and for the maintenance of good corporate governance, the Company, assisted by its legal advisors and financial advisors, would notify the Stock Exchange and make relevant disclosure to the public as soon as practicable of any inside information of the Company pursuant to the Listing Rules and the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "SFO").

#### **Amendment of Constitutional Documents**

The new Bye-Laws was adopted by way of a special resolution passed by the Shareholders at the annual general meeting held on 22 June 2022. The new Bye-Laws is available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company. 公司秘書收集所有查詢,然後定期向執行董事報告, 執行董事則審閱所有查詢,並按查詢類別交由相關部 門主管/經理解答。公司秘書接獲相關部門主管/經 理的解答後加以收集並呈交執行董事審批。執行董事 屆時會授權公司秘書以書面形式回覆所有查詢。

#### 股東溝通政策

本公司於二零一三年一月二十二日採納股東溝通政策, 透過各種正式渠道促進本公司股東、董事會與高級管 理層之間溝通,以便股東及潛在投資者及時平等掌握本 公司公開資料。審核委員會每年審視股東溝通政策, 確保有效。董事認為,本公司股東溝通政策就其實施 及有效性屬滿意。

主席出席股東週年大會。彼亦邀請獨立非執行董事、 審核、提名及企業管治委員會主席出席。如彼等缺席, 主席將邀請另一名成員(如無法邀請,則邀請由彼正式 委任之代表)出席。該等人士應在股東週年大會上回答 問題。

股東可通過本公司網站http://www.cfih.hk獲得有關本集 團主要發展的最新資料和關鍵資料。公司在聯交所網 站www.hkex.com.hk上發佈的資料,例如財務報表、業 績公告、通函、股東大會通告和所有公告,也將在此 後立即發佈在公司網站上。

#### 內部資料管理

為提升上市公司營運之透明度、問責機制及責任承擔, 以及維持良好企業管治,本公司在其法律顧問及財務 顧問協助下,已根據上市規則及證券及期貨條例(香港 法例第571章)(「證券及期貨條例」)在切實可行情況下儘 快就本公司之內部資料知會聯交所,並向公眾人士作 出相關披露。

#### 修訂章程文件

新公司細則以股東於二零二二年六月二十二日舉行的股 東週年大會上以特別決議案方式採納。新公司細則可 於聯交所及本公司網站查閱。

The Directors present their report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the Reporting Period.

#### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities and other particulars of its subsidiaries as at 31 December 2022 are set out in note 35 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS**

The results of the Group for the Reporting Period and the status of the Company's and the Group's affairs as at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 56 to 163.

#### DIVIDENDS

The Board does not recommend the payment of any dividend for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 to the holders of both ordinary shares and preference shares of the Company.

There is no arrangement pursuant to which a Shareholder has waived or agreed to waive any dividend.

#### SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

A summary of the published results, assets and liabilities of the Group for the past five financial years is set out on page 164.

#### BORROWINGS

Details of borrowings during the Reporting Period are set out in notes 25 and 26 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company during the Reporting Period are set out in note 29 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Company and the Group during the Reporting Period are set out in note 30 to the consolidated financial statements and the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 60, respectively.

#### DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 December 2022, the Company did not have any reserves available for distribution, as computed in accordance with the Companies Act (2021: Nil). The Company's share premium account of approximately HK\$1,103,031,000 (2021: HK\$1,103,031,000) could be distributed in the form of fully paid bonus shares.

董事提交此報告及經審計的本集團報告期間綜合財務 報表。

#### 主要業務

本公司為投資控股公司,其附屬公司於二零二二年十二 月三十一日之主要業務及其他詳情載於綜合財務報表 附註35。

#### 業績及分派

本集團截至報告期間之業績及本公司及本集團於該日 之事務狀況載列於第56頁至163頁之財務報表。

#### 股息

董事會不建議就截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度期間向本公司普通股及優先股股東派 付任何股息。

概無訂立任何安排致使股東放棄或同意放棄任何股息。

#### 財務資料摘要

本集團於過往五個財政年度之已公佈業績、資產及負 債摘要載於第164頁。

#### 借貸

於報告期間借貸詳情載於綜合財務報表附註25及26。

#### 股本

本公司股本於報告期間之變動詳情載於綜合財務報表 附註29。

#### 儲備

本公司及本集團於報告期間之儲備變動分別詳列於綜 合財務報表附註30及第60頁之綜合權益變動表。

#### 可分派儲備

根據公司法之規定計算,於二零二二年十二月三十一日, 本公司並無任何可供分派儲備(二零二一年:無)。本公 司亦可以繳足紅股方式分派股份溢價賬約1,103,031,000 港元(二零二一年:1,103,031,000港元)。

#### **SUBSIDIARIES**

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries are set out in note 35 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Bye-Laws or the laws of Bermuda which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to its existing Shareholders.

#### TAX RELIEF AND EXEMPTION

The Directors are not aware of any tax relief and exemption available to Shareholders by reason of their holding of the Company's securities.

# PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the Reporting Period, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

#### PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the Reporting Period are set out in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The aggregate sales attributable to the largest customer and the five largest customers of the Group accounted for approximately 28.6% and 64.7%, respectively, of the total turnover of the Group for the Reporting Period.

The aggregate purchases attributable to the largest supplier and the five largest suppliers of the Group accounted for approximately 10.9% and 33.2% of the total purchases of the Group for the Reporting Period, respectively.

None of the Directors, their associates or any Shareholders (which to the best knowledge of the Directors own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any interest in the five largest customers or suppliers during the Reporting Period.

#### 附屬公司

本公司主要附屬公司之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註35。

#### 優先購股權

公司細則或百慕達法例概無優先購股權條款,規定本 公司須向現有股東按其持股比例發售新股。

#### 税務減免

董事並不知悉股東因持有本公司證券而可享有之任何 税務減免。

#### 購買、出售或贖回本公司之上市證券

於報告期間,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售 或贖回任何本公司之上市證券。

#### 物業·廠房及設備

本集團於報告期間之物業、廠房及設備之變動詳情載 於綜合財務報表附註**15**。

#### 主要客戶及供應商

於報告期間向本集團最大客戶及五大客戶的總銷售額 分別約佔本集團總營業額的28.6%及64.7%。

於報告期間向本集團最大供應商及五大供應商的總採 購額佔本集團總採購額的分別約10.9%及33.2%。

於報告期間,概無董事、彼等之聯繫人士或任何股東 (就董事所深知擁有本公司已發行股本超過5%)於五大 客戶或供應商擁有任何權益。

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW AND PERFORMANCE**

#### **Business Review**

The business review and outlook and an analysis of the Group's performance for the Reporting Period is set out in the paragraph headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" on pages 6 to 17 of this annual report.

#### **Principal Risks and Uncertainties**

A natural disaster, catastrophe or other acts of God, which are beyond the control of the Group, could materially adversely affect the environment, infrastructure and livelihood of people in the regions where the Group operates. The Group's Agricultural and Meat Business is, by nature, subject to a high degree of exposure to the risks of natural disasters and adverse weather conditions such as droughts, floods, windstorms, frost and pests.

The financial risk factors are set out in note 4 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### Compliance with laws and regulations

The Group recognises the importance of compliance with regulatory requirements and risks of non-compliance with such requirements. During the Reporting Period and up to the date of this annual report, to the best knowledge of the Company, there was no material non-compliance with the laws and regulations that has a significant impact on the business and operations of the Group.

# Key Relationships with Employees, Customers and Suppliers

The Group has always paid great attention to and maintained a good business relationship with its suppliers of raw materials, and has been providing quality professional and customer-oriented services for its regional markets and customers. The aforementioned suppliers and customers are good business partners creating value for the Group. The Group also values the knowledge and skills of its employees, and continues to provide favourable career development opportunities for its employees.

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND MODEL CODE

The Company has complied with the Code Provisions set out in the CG Code contained in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules throughout the Reporting Period except for the deviations as set out in the section "Chairman and Chief Executive Officer" and "Board Meetings and General Meetings" in this annual report.

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding securities transactions by directors on terms no less exacting than the Model Code. Having made specific enquiry of all Directors, all Directors confirmed they have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code and the code of conduct adopted by the Company during the Reporting Period.

#### 業務回顧及表現

#### 業務回顧

於報告期的業務回顧及展望及本集團表現分析,載列 於本年報第6至17頁之「管理層之論述及分析」一段。

#### 主要風險及不確定性

自然災害、災難或其他概非本集團所能控制之天災, 可能會對本集團營運所在地區之環境、基礎設施及民 生造成重大不利影響。本集團的農業及肉製品業務於 本質上須高度承受自然災害及惡劣天氣狀況(如乾旱、 水災、風暴、霜凍及蟲害)之風險。

財務風險因素載於綜合財務報表附註4。

#### 遵守法律及法規

本集團重視遵守監管規定及因違規帶來的風險。於報告期間及截至本年報日期,據本公司所深知,並無會對本集團業務與營運造成重大影響的重大法律法規違規 情況。

#### 與僱員、客戶及供應商之重要關係

本集團一直高度著重並與其原料供應商維持良好業務 關係,且為其地區市場及客戶提供優質專業及以客為 本的服務。上述供應商及客戶均是為本集團創造價值 的良好業務合作夥伴。本集團亦珍惜僱員的知識及技 能,並繼續為僱員提供有利的職業發展機遇。

#### 企業管治及標準守則

於整個報告期間內,本公司一直遵守上市規則附錄14所 載之企業管治守則之守則條文,惟載於本年報「主席及 行政總裁」一節及「董事會會議及股東大會」一節中偏離 除外。

本公司已對董事進行證券交易採納不低於標準守則條 款之行為守則。經向全部董事進行具體查詢後,全體 董事確認,彼等於報告期間已遵守標準守則所載之必 守準則及本公司所採納之行為守則。

The Company has received, from each of the independent non-executive Directors, an annual confirmation of his/her independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers that all of the independent non-executive Directors are independent.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

Details of environmental policies and performance are set out in the "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" to be published by the Company separately.

# EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS, CHIEF EXECUTIVE AND THE FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

Details of the emoluments of the Directors, chief executive and the five highest paid individuals of the Group are set out in note 10 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### DIRECTORS

As at the date of this annual report, the Board is composition as follows:

#### **Executive Director**

Mr. Lin Yuhao (Chairman)

#### **Non-executive Director**

Ms. Han Xiuhong

#### Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Li Shaohua Ms. Zhu Rouxiang Ms. Li Yang

Biographical details of Directors and senior management of the Company are set out on pages 18 to 19.

During the Reporting Period and up to the date of this annual report, there was no change to the composition of the Board and all Committees of the Board.

本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13條 就其獨立性發出之年度確認函。本公司認為全部獨立 非執行董事確屬獨立人士。

#### 環境政策及表現

環境政策及表現之詳情載於本公司另行刊發的「環境、 社會及管治報告書」。

#### 董事、主要行政人員及五名最高薪人士的酬金

董事、主要行政人員及五名最高薪人士的酬金詳情載 於綜合財務報表附註10。

#### 董事

於本年報日期,董事會組成如下:

**執行董事** 林裕豪先生(*主席*)

**非執行董事** 韓秀紅女士

#### **獨立非執行董事** 李邵華先生

朱柔香女士 李楊女士

本公司董事及高級管理層履歷詳情載於第18至19頁。

於報告期間及直至本年報日期,董事會組成及所有董 事會委員會概無變動。

#### **RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS**

Pursuant to bye-law 99 of the Bye-Laws and Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules, and with recommendation of the Nomination Committee, Mr. Lin Yuhao and Mr. Li Shaohua will retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting ("AGM") and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election.

None of the Directors being proposed for re-election at the forthcoming AGM of the Company has a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensations, other than statutory compensation.

#### DIRECTORS' MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS THAT ARE SIGNIFICANT IN RELATION TO THE COMPANY'S BUSINESS

No transactions, arrangements and contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director or the Director's connected party had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the Reporting Period or at any time during the Reporting Period.

#### DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN COMPETING BUSINESS

None of the Directors or their respective associates had an interest in a business which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group during the Reporting Period.

# CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDER'S INTEREST IN CONTRACTS

No contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which the Group's controlling Shareholder had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the Reporting Period or at any time during the Reporting Period.

No contracts of significance for the provision of services to the Company or any of its subsidiaries by a controlling Shareholder or its subsidiaries subsisted at the end of the Reporting Period or at any time during the Reporting Period.

#### 重選董事

根據公司細則第99條及上市規則附錄十四,及根據提 名委員會的推薦,林裕豪先生及李邵華先生將於應屆 股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)上退任,並符合資格及 願意重選連任。

概無擬於本公司應屆股東週年大會膺選連任之董事與 本公司或其任何附屬公司訂有不可由本公司於一年內毋 須支付賠償金(法定賠償金除外)而終止之服務合約。

#### 董事於對本公司業務而言屬重大的交易、安排及 合約的重大權益

於報告期末或本報告期內任何時間,並無任何董事或 董事之關連人士在本公司或其任何附屬公司所訂立對 本集團業務而言屬重大的交易、安排及合約中直接或 間接擁有重大權益。

#### 董事於競爭性業務之權益

於報告期間,概無董事或其各自聯繫人士在與本集團 業務直接或間接競爭或可能競爭之業務中擁有權益。

#### 控股股東於合約之權益

於報告期末或本報告期內任何時間,概無任何本集團 控股股東在本公司或其任何附屬公司所訂立對本集團 業務而言屬重大的合約中直接或間接擁有重大權益。

於報告期末或本報告期內任何時間,概無控股股東或 其附屬公司向本公司或其任何附屬公司提供服務之重 大合約。

# DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 December 2022, the interests or short positions of the Directors and chief executives of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company or the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code were as follows:

Long positions in the shares of the Company:

#### 董事於股份及相關股份之權益

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本公司董事及主要行政 人員於本公司及其相聯法團(按證券及期貨條例第XV 部之定義)之股份、相關股份及債券中擁有根據證券及 期貨條例第352條須存置之登記冊所載之權益或淡倉或 根據標準守則須知會本公司或聯交所之權益或淡倉如 下:

#### 於本公司股份之好倉:

				Percentage of
			Number of	shareholding
Name of directors	Capacity	Class of shares	shares held	in class
董事姓名	身份	股份類別	所持股份數目	類別股權百分比
Lin Yuhao	Interest in a controlled corporation	Ordinary shares (Note 1)	264,731,087	69.80%
林裕豪	受控制法團權益	普通股 <i>(附註1)</i>	204,701,007	00.0070
	Beneficial owner	Share Options (Note 2)	8,004,942	2.11%
	實益擁有人	購股權 <i>(附註2)</i>		
	Beneficial owner	Ordinary shares	1,484,000	0.39%
	實益擁有人	普通股		
Han Xiuhong	Beneficial owner	Share Options (Note 2)	2,000	0.00%*
韓秀紅	實益擁有人	購股權 <i>(附註2)</i>		

Notes:

- 264,731,087 ordinary shares of the Company were held by Sino Richest Investment Holdings Limited ("Sino Richest"), a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands with limited liability, which is wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Lin Yuhao, an executive Director and Chairman. Accordingly, Mr. Lin Yuhao is deemed to be interested in the shares of the Company held by Sino Richest under the SFO.
- 2. These represented the interests in underlying shares in respect of share options granted by the Company, details of which are disclosed in paragraph headed "Share Option Scheme" below.

\* Less than 0.1%

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2022, none of the Directors, chief executives of the Company or their associates had any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) recorded in the register required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

#### 附註:

- 本公司264,731,087股普通股由Sino Richest Investment Holdings Limited ([Sino Richest])(於英屬處女群島註冊成 立的有限責任公司)持有,而其由執行董事兼主席林裕豪 先生全資實益擁有。因此,根據證券及期貨條例,林裕 豪先生被視為於Sino Richest所持有的本公司股份中擁有 權益。
- 指就本公司授出購股權之相關股份權益,詳情於下文「購 股權計劃」一段披露。
- \* 少於0.1%

除上文所披露者外,於二零二二年十二月三十一日,概 無本公司董事、主要行政人員或彼等之聯繫人士於本公 司或其任何相聯法團(按證券及期貨條例第XV部之定 義)之任何股份、相關股份或債券中擁有列入登記冊並 須根據標準守則知會本公司及聯交所之任何權益或淡 倉。

#### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 31 December 2022, the register of substantial Shareholders maintained by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO shows that other than the interests disclosed above in respect of certain Directors and chief executives of the Company, the following Shareholder had notified the Company of relevant interests in the issued share capital of the Company.

Long positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company:

#### 主要股東

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本公司根據證券及期貨 條例第336條存置之主要股東名冊顯示,除上文就本公 司若干董事及主要行政人員披露之權益外,下列股東已 通知本公司其於本公司已發行股本中持有之有關權益。

於本公司股份及相關股份之好倉:

Name of shareholder 股東名稱	Capacity 身份	Class of shares 股份類別	Number of shares held 所持股份數目	Percentage of shareholding in class 類別股權百分比
Sino Richest (Note)	Beneficial owner	Ordinary shares	264,731,087	69.80%
Sino Richest (附註)	實益擁有人	普通股		
Note:		附註:		
and beneficially owned by Mr. Lin	37 ordinary shares of the Company, is wholly Yuhao, an executive Director and Chairman. med to be interested in the shares of the r the SFO.	主席林裕豪先生全資	實益擁有。因此,相	普通股)由執行董事兼 艮據證券及期貨條例, F的本公司股份中擁有

Save as disclosed above, the Company had not been notified any interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO as at 31 December 2022.

#### EQUITY LINKED AGREEMENT

Details of the equity-linked agreement entered into during the Reporting Period or subsisting at the end of the Reporting Period are also set out below:

除上文所披露者外,於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本 公司並無接獲通知任何本公司股份或相關股份之權益 或淡倉須列入根據證券及期貨條例第336條須存置之登 記冊。

#### 股本掛鈎協議

於報告期間訂立或本報告期末仍然生效之股本掛鈎協 議詳情載列如下:

#### **Share Option Scheme**

The Company has adopted a share option scheme (the "Scheme") with effective from 6 June 2013. The Scheme is operated for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants, representing (a) any eligible employee (being full time employee, including any executive director, of the Company, its subsidiaries or associated companies); (b) any non-executive director (including independent nonexecutive directors) of the Company, any of its subsidiaries or associated companies; (c) any suppliers or customers of goods or services of the Group; (d) any person or entity that provides research, development or other technological support or professional advices to the Group; and (e) any shareholder of any member of the Group or any associated companies or any holder of any securities issued by any member of the Group, who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Further details of the Scheme are disclosed in the circular of the Company dated 25 April 2013 and note 31 to the financial statements. Share options of 8,877,450 were granted during the Reporting Period. No share options was exercised and 1,545,919 were cancelled/lapsed during the Reporting Period. There were outstanding share options of 23,310,049 as at 31 December 2022.

Save as above and disclosed in the paragraph headed "Capital Structure and Gearing Ratio" above, at no time during the Reporting Period was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debt securities (including debentures) of, the Company or any other body corporate and neither the Directors nor the chief executives of the Company, or any of their spouses or children under the age of 18, had any rights to subscribe for the equity or debt securities of the Company, or had exercised any such rights.

#### MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts, other than employment contracts, concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the Company's business were entered into or existed during the Reporting Period.

#### CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

The Group was not a party to any connected transactions during the Reporting Period.

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICE**

A report on the corporate governance practices of the Company is set out on pages 20 to 40 of this annual report.

#### 購股權計劃

本公司已採納一項購股權計劃(「計劃」),自二零一三年 六月六日起生效。設立計劃旨在鼓勵及回饋對本集團 業務成績有貢獻的合資格參與者,該等合資格參與者 指(a)任何合資格僱員(即全職僱員,包括本公司、其附 屬公司或聯營公司之任何執行董事);(b)本公司、其附 屬公司或聯營公司之任何非執行董事(包括獨立非執行 董事);(c)本集團之任何貨品或服務供應商或客戶;(d) 向本集團提供研究、開發或其他技術支持或專業意見 的任何人士或實體;及(e)本集團任何成員公司或任何聯 營公司之任何股東或本集團任何成員公司所發行的任 何證券之任何持有人。計劃之進一步詳情披露於本公司 日期為二零一三年四月二十五日之通函及財務報表附註 31。於報告期間授出8,877,450份購股權。於報告期間, 概無購股權獲行使及1,545,919份被註銷/失效。於二 零二二年十二月三十一日,23,310,049份購股權尚未行 使。

除上文及「資本架構及資本負債比率」一段所披露者外, 於報告期間之任何時間內,本公司或其任何附屬公司 並無作出任何安排致令董事可藉購買本公司或任何其 他法人團體之股份或債務證券(包括債券)而獲益,而 本公司董事或主要行政人員或彼等之配偶或十八歲以 下子女亦無擁有任何認購本公司股本或債務證券之權 利,且無行使任何有關權利。

#### 管理層合約

除僱傭合約外,於報告期間概無訂立或存有任何有關 本公司全部或絕大部分業務之管理與行政的合約。

#### 關連交易

本集團於報告期間概無訂立任何關連交易。

#### 企業管治常規

本公司的企業管治常規報告載於本年報第20至40頁。

#### PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISIONS

During the Reporting Period and up to the date of this annual report, there was or is permitted indemnity provision in the Bye-laws being in force. The Company has maintained Directors' and officers' liability insurance throughout the Reporting Period, which provides appropriate cover for certain legal actions brought against its Directors and officers arising out of corporate activities.

The Director's and officers' liability insurance remained in force as of the date of this annual report.

#### SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of its Directors, the Company has maintained sufficient public float as required under the Listing Rules as at the date of this annual report.

#### EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

Details of significant events occurring after the reporting date are set out in note 34 to the financial statements.

#### AUDITOR

McMillan Woods was appointed on 19 December 2019 as the new auditor to fill the causal vacancy. The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the years ended 31 December 2020, 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2022 have been audited by McMillan Woods. A resolution for the re-appointment of McMillan Woods as the auditor of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming AGM.

#### **CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS**

The register of members of the Company will be closed from Friday, 23 June 2023 to Wednesday, 28 June 2023, both days inclusive, during the period no transfers of shares of the Company will be registered. In order to qualify for attending and voting at the forthcoming AGM, all transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's Registrar, Tricor Tengis Limited, at 17/F Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong for registration by no later than 4:30 p.m. on Wednesday, 21 June 2023.

By order of the Board

LIN Yuhao Chairman Hong Kong, 31 March 2023

#### 獲准許的彌償條文

於報告期間及直至本年報日期,公司細則過往或現時 載有有效之獲准許彌償條文。本公司整個報告期間均 已投購董事及高級職員責任保險,以就其董事及高級 職員可能面對因企業活動而引起之若干法律訴訟提供 適當保險。

截至本年報日期,董事及高級職員的責任保險依然有效。

#### 公眾持股量充足

根據本公司公開可得的資料及就董事所知,於本年報 刊發日期,本公司已維持上市規則規定的充足公眾持股 量。

#### 報告期後事項

報告日期後發生之重要事項詳情載於財務報表附註34。

#### 核數師

長青於二零一九年十二月十九日獲委任為新的核數師以 填補臨時空缺。本集團截至二零二零年十二月三十一日、 二零二一年十二月三十一日及二零二二年十二月三十一 日止年度期間之綜合財務報表由長青審核。重新委任 長青為本公司核數師之決議案將予應屆股東週年大會 上提呈。

#### 暫停辦理股東登記手續

本公司將於二零二三年六月二十三日(星期五)至二零二三 年六月二十八日(星期三)(包括首尾兩天)暫停辦理股東 登記,於有關期間將不會進行本公司股份過戶手續。為 符合出席應屆股東週年大會並於會上投票之資格,所 有股份過戶文件連同相關股票證書須於二零二三年六 月二十一日(星期三)下午四時三十分前送交本公司股份 過戶登記處卓佳登捷時有限公司,地址為香港灣仔夏 慤道16號遠東金融中心17樓。

承董事會命

**林裕豪** *主席* 香港,二零二三年三月三十一日



# TO THE MEMBERS OF CHINA FINANCE INVESTMENT HOLDINGS LIMITED

(incorporated in the Bermuda with limited liability)

#### **OPINION**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of China Finance Investment Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group"), set out on page 56 to 163 which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2022, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

#### **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



#### 致中國金控投資集團有限公司全體股東

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

#### 意見

吾等已審核56至163頁所載中國金控投資集團有限公司 (「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)之綜合財務報 表,此綜合財務報表包括於二零二二年十二月三十一日 之綜合財務狀況表、截至該日止年度之綜合損益及其 他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表, 以及綜合財務報表附註(包括主要會計政策概要)。

吾等認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會 (「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港財務報告準則(「香港財 務報告準則」)真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於二零二二 年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況及截至該日止年度的 綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港公司條 例之披露規定妥為編製。

#### 意見基準

吾等根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審核準則(「香港 審核準則」)進行審核。吾等於該等準則項下的責任在 吾等之報告內「核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的責 任」一節進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《職 業會計師道德守則》(「守則」),吾等獨立於 貴集團,且 吾等已根據守則遵循守則其他道德責任。吾等相信, 吾等所獲得之審核憑證屬充足及適當,能為吾等的意 見提供基準。

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. The key audit matter we identified is impairment of trade and other receivables.

#### 關鍵審核事項

關鍵審核事項是根據吾等的專業判斷,認為對本期綜 合財務報表的審核最為重要的事項。這些事項是在對 綜合財務報表整體進行審核並形成意見的過程中進行 處理的,吾等不對這些事項提供單獨的意見。吾等已 釐定貿易及其他應收賬款之減值為關鍵審核事項。

Key	y Audit Matter	關鎖	建審核事項	How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter	吾等於審核時 如何處理關鍵審核事項
(i)	Impairment of trade and other receivables	(i)	<i>貿易及其他應收賬</i> 款之減值		
	Refer to the summary of significant accounting policies in note 2.3, critical judgements and key		請參閱綜合財務報 表附註2.3之主要會 計政策概要、附註3	Our procedures in relation to this matter included:	吾等有關此事項的程序 包括 :
	estimates in note 3 and the disclosures of trade and other receivables in note 21 to the consolidated financial statements.		之重要判斷及主要 估計及附註21之貿易 及其他應收賬款的 披露。	Evaluating the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of key internal controls over credit control, trade and other receivables and debt collection and estimate of ECL;	評估規管信貸監控、貿 易及其他應收賬款及債 務收回及估計預期信貸 虧損之關鍵內部控制 的設計、實施及運作成
	The measurement of forward- looking expected credit loss ("ECL") approach requires the application of significant judgement and increased complexity which include the identification of exposures with a significant deterioration in credit quality, and assumptions used in the ECL models (for		前瞻性的預期信貸 虧損(「預期的期信貸 局」)方法的期 高的 約 別 用 物 額 別 生 数 和 世 資 属 の 約 別 の 大 大 性 性 質 属 の 割 に う 法 の 判 に う 法 の 判 に う 法 の 判 に う 法 の 判 に う 法 の 判 に う 法 の 判 に う 法 の 判 の う 法 の 判 の う 法 の 判 の う た 法 の 判 の う た 法 の 判 の の う た 法 の 判 の の う た 大 文 大 四 、 で 約 の う た 法 の 判 の の う た 法 の 判 の の う た 之 の ろ の ろ の う の う た う の う の う の う の う の う の う の う	Selecting samples to assess the reasonableness of management judgement on whether the credit risk has occured significantly since initial recognition and whether credit impairment has occured;	效: 選取樣本評估管理層對 初始確認後是否發生重 大信用風險以及是否發 生信用減值的判斷的合 理性;
	exposures assessed individually or collectively), such as the expected future cash flows and forward- looking macroeconomic factors.		單獨或共同評估的 風險而言),例如預 期未來現金流量及 前瞻性宏觀經濟因 素。	Assessing the reasonableness of the Group's ECL models by examining the model input used by management to form such judgements, including testing the accuracy of the historical default data, evaluating whether the	評估 貴集團預期信貸 虧損模式合理性的方式 為檢查管理層為達致相 關判斷所採用之模式輸 入數據(包括測試過往違 約數據的準確性)、評估
	Due to the significant amount of trade and other receivables and the corresponding uncertainty inherent in such estimates, we considered this as a key audit matter.		由於貿易及其他應收 賬款金額重大及有 關估計的固有相應 不確定性,吾等認 為此乃一項關鍵審 核事項。	historical loss rates are appropriately adjusted based on current economic conditions and forward-looking information including the economic variables and assumptions used in each of the economic scenarios and their probability weightings and assessing whether there was an indication of management bias when recognising loss allowances;	歷史虧損率是否按目前 經濟狀況及前瞻性資料 (包括每種經濟情景中所 使用的經濟變量及假設 及其概率權重)來適當調 整歷史虧損率,以及評 估管理層於確認虧損撥 備時是否存在偏見;
				Inspecting settlements after the financial year end relating to the trade and other receivables as at 31 December 2022; and	於財政年度末後檢查於 二零二二年十二月三十一 日貿易及其他應收賬款 及應收貸款相關之結算 情況;及
				Assessing the disclosures made in the consolidated financial statements in relation to the Group's credit risk exposure.	吾等亦評估就 貴集團 信貸風險於綜合財務報 表中所作披露。

#### **OTHER INFORMATION**

The directors are responsible for the Other Information. The Other Information comprises all the information in the Company's annual report but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the Other Information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Other Information and, in doing so, consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the Other Information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Audit Committee are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

#### 其他資料

董事需對其他資料負責。其他資料包括於本公司年度報 告內刊載的資料,但不包括綜合財務報表及吾等的核 數師報告。

吾等對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他資料,吾等 亦不對該等其他資料發表任何形式的鑒證結論。

結合吾等對綜合財務報表的審核,吾等的責任是閱讀 其他資料,在此過程中,考慮其他資料是否與綜合財務 報表或吾等在審核過程中所瞭解的情況存在重大抵觸 或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。基於吾等已執行 的工作,如果吾等認為其他資料存在重大錯誤陳述, 吾等需要報告該事實。在這方面,吾等沒有任何報告。

#### 董事及審核委員會就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港財務報告 準則及香港公司條例的披露規定擬備真實而中肯的綜 合財務報表,並對其認為為使綜合財務報表的編製不 存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內 部控制負責。

在編製綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團持續 經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的 事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意 將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代 方案。

審核委員會負責履行職責,監督 貴集團的財務報告 過程。

#### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of Bermuda Companies Act, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

#### 核數師就審核綜合財務報表承擔的責任

吾等的目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在由於 欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得合理保證,並 出具包括吾等意見的核數師報告。吾等根據百慕達公 司法例第90條僅對全體成員作出報告,除此以外,本 報告並無其他用途。吾等不會就核數師報告的內容向 任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。

合理保證是高水平的保證,但不能保證按照《香港審核 準則》進行的審核,在某一重大錯誤陳述存在時總能發 現。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起,如果合理預期 它們單獨或匯總起來可能影響綜合財務報表使用者依 賴綜合財務報表所作出的經濟決定,則有關的錯誤陳 述可被視作重大。

在根據《香港審核準則》進行審核的過程中,吾等運用 了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。吾等亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設計及執行審核程序以應對這些風險,以及獲取充足和適當的審核憑證,作為吾等意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述,或淩駕於內部監控之上,因此未能發現因欺詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 瞭解與審核相關的內部控制,以設計適當的審核 程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部控制的有效性發 表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作出會計估 計和相關披露的合理性。

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性作出結論。 根據所獲取的審核憑證,確定是否存在與事項或 情況有關的重大不確定性,從而可能導致對 貴集 團的持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。如果吾等認為 存在重大不確定性,則有必要在核數師報告中提 請使用者注意綜合財務報表中的相關披露。假若 有關的披露不足,則吾等應當發表非無保留意見。 吾等的結論是基於核數師報告日止所取得的審核 憑證。然而,未來事項或情況可能導致 貴集團不 能持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構和內容, 包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是否中肯反映相關 交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務資料獲取充足、適當的審核憑證,以便對綜合財務報表發表意見。吾等負責 貴集團審核的方向、監督和執行。 吾等為審核意見承擔全部責任。

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

除其他事項外,吾等與審核委員會溝通了計劃的審核 範圍、時間安排、重大審核發現等,包括吾等在審核 中識別出內部控制的任何重大缺陷。

吾等還向審核委員會提交聲明,説明吾等已符合有關 獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與他們溝通有可能合 理地被認為會影響吾等獨立性的所有關係和其他事項, 以及在適用的情況下,為掃除威脅而採取的行動或應 用的防範措施。

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,吾等確定哪些事項對 本期綜合財務報表的審核最為重要,因而構成關鍵審 核事項。吾等在核數師報告中描述這些事項,除非法 律法規不允許公開披露這些事項,或在極端罕見的情 況下,如果合理預期在吾等報告中溝通某事項造成的 負面後果超過產生的公眾利益,吾等決定不應在報告 中溝通該事項。

#### McMillan Woods (Hong Kong) CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants Hui Chi Kong Audit Engagement Director Practising Certificate Number P07348

24/F., Siu On Centre, 188 Lockhart Road, Wan Chai, Hong Kong

Hong Kong, 31 March 2023

#### **長青(香港)會計師事務所有限公司** *執業會計師* **許志剛** 審*核項目董事* 執業證書編號P07348

香港灣仔 駱克道**188**號 兆安中心**24**樓

香港,二零二三年三月三十一日

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

			2022	2021
		Note 附註	二零二二年 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Re-presented)
				(經重列)
Continuing exerctions	持續經營			
Continuing operations Revenue	<i>扚縜誈筥</i> 收益	6	999,356	522,625
Cost of sales	43年 銷售及提供服務成本	0	(951,590)	(484,729)
Gross profit	毛利		47,766	37,896
Other income and gains	其他收入及收益	7	10,858	3,681
Selling and distribution expenses	銷售及分銷支出		(4,294)	(12,519)
Administrative and other expenses	行政及其他支出		(67,038)	(24,878)
(Impairment losses)/	貿易應收賬款減值虧損			
reversal of impairment losses	撥回/(減值虧損)			
on trade receivables			(32,161)	1,460
Reversal of impairment losses/(impairment	其他應收賬款減值虧損撥回			
losses) on other receivables			6,570	(793)
Impairment losses on deposits	按金減值虧損		(1,582)	_
Finance costs	融資成本	8	(13,385)	(10,686)
Loss before taxation	除税前虧損	9	(53,266)	(5,839)
Income tax expense	所得税開支	11	(6,805)	
Loop for the year from	來自持續經營業務之			
Loss for the year from			(60.074)	(F 920)
continuing operations	年度虧損		(60,071)	(5,839)
Discontinued operations	已終止經營業務			
Profit for the year from discontinued	來自已終止經營業務之			
operations, net of tax	年內溢利	12	100,140	36,456
	十四/血小	12	100,140	50,450
Profit for the year	年內溢利		40,069	30,617
Other comprehensive (expense)/income,	其他全面收益:			
net of tax:				
Items that may be reclassified	其後可能重新分類至損益的			
subsequently to profit or loss:	項目:			
<ul> <li>Exchange differences on</li> </ul>	— 換算海外業務之匯兑			
translating foreign operations	差額		(26,728)	16,574
<ul> <li>Exchange difference reclassified</li> </ul>	— 因出售海外業務			
to profit or loss on disposals of	而重新分類至損益的			
foreign operations	匯兑差額		10,160	_
Other comprohensive (evenence)/income	年內其他全面收益 <sup>,</sup> 扣除税項			
Other comprehensive (expense)/income for the year, net of tax	十四共间土间收益 ' 扣防饥惧		(16,568)	16,574
			( -//	,
Total comprehensive	年度全面收益總額			

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

			2022	2021
		Note	二零二二年 HK\$'000	二零二一年 HK\$'000
		NOIE 附註	千港元	千港元
		113 8-1		(Re-presented)
				(經重列)
Profit attributable to:	應佔溢利:			
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人		41,037	35,711
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(968)	(5,094)
			40,069	30,617
Total comprehensive income	應佔全面收益總額:			
attributable to:				
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人		24,469	52,330
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(968)	(5,139)
			23,501	47,191
Earnings/(loss) per share (HK Cents)	每股盈利/(虧損)(港仙)	14		
From continuing and discontinued operations	來自持續及已終止經營業務			
Basic	基本		10.82	10.23
Diluted	攤薄		10.53	10.16
From continuing operations	來自持續經營業務			
Basis	基本		(15.58)	(0.21)
Diluted	攤薄		N/A	N/A
			不適用	不適用
From discontinued operations	來自終止經營業務			
Basis	基本		26.4	10.45
Diluted	攤薄		05.7	40.07
Diluted	)		25.7	10.37

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

## 綜合財務狀況表

**At 31 December 2022** 於二零二二年十二月三十一日

			2022	2021
			二零二二年	二零二一年
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	15	35,646	52,809
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	16	7,678	31,058
Goodwill	商譽	17	1,457	1,457
Investments in associates	於一間聯營公司之投資	18	305	_
Other non-current assets	其他非流動資產	19	_	775
Other receivables	其他應收賬款	21	115,679	
			160,765	86,099
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	20	18,842	22,965
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收賬款	21	880,299	688,414
Loan receivables	應收貸款	22	_	302,451
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	23	64,539	77,756
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	23	9,300	142,841
			972,980	1,234,427
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付賬款	24	360,152	502,392
Promissory notes	承兑票據	25	16,339	16,339
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借款	26	243,387	294,589
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	27	4,974	11,815
Deferred income	遞延收入	28	1,782	971
Tax payables	應付税項		6,805	25,829
			633,439	851,935
Net current assets	流動資產淨額		339,541	382,492
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		500,306	468,591

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

## 綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2022 於二零二二年十二月三十一日

			2022	2021
		二零二二年 Note HK\$'000 附註 千港元 29 3,823 30 475,212	二零二一年 HK\$'000	
			•	千港元
Capital and reserves	股本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	29	3.823	3,823
Reserves	儲備	30		435,127
Equity attributable to owners of	本公司擁有人應佔權益			
the Company			479,035	438,950
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(3,903)	(2,935)
Total equity	總權益		475,132	436,015
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借款	26	6,769	_
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	27	7,937	30,727
Deferred income	遞延收入	28	10,468	1,849
			25,174	32,576
			500,306	468,591

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board on 31 March 2023.

經董事會於二零二三年三月三十一日批准及授權刊發。

LIN Yuhao
林裕豪
Chairman
主席

HAN Xiuhong
韓秀紅
Director
董事

The notes on pages 63 to 163 form part of these consolidated financial 第63至163頁的附註屬本綜合財務報表的一部分。 statements.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

## 綜合權益變動表

		Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔									
	-	Share capital		Share premium	Contributed surplus	Foreign currency translation reserve	Share option reserve	Accumulated losses	Total	Non-controlling interests 非控股	Total equity
		股本	股份溢價 30(b)(i)	繳入盈餘 30(b)(ii)	外幣換算儲備 20/b//jiii)	購股權儲備 30(b)(iv)	累積虧損	總計	権益	總權益	
		<b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	50(b)(i) HK\$*000 千港元	30(b)(ll) HK\$'000 千港元	<b>30(b)(iii)</b> HK\$'000 千港元	50(b)(N) HK\$'000 千港元	<b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	<b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	<b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	<b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	
At 1 January 2021 Profit and total comprehensive income/(expense)	於二零二一年一月一日 年度溢利及全面收益(開支)總額	3,051	1,007,639	66,562	39,282	149,103	(956,268)	309,369	(1,004)	308,365	
for the year		-	-	-	16,619	-	35,711	52,330	(5,139)	47,191	
Appropriation to statutory reserve Lapse of share options Contribution from non-controlling shareholder of	分派至法定儲備 購股權失效 附屬公司之非控股股東出資	-	_	1,621 	-	(2,745)	(1,621) 2,745		-		
a subsidiary		_	-	-	_	-	-	-	3,208	3,208	
Issue of shares under general mandate subscription (note 29(b)) Issue of ordinary shares under share option scheme	根據一般授權認購發行股份 (附註 <b>29(b)</b> ) 根據購股權計劃發行普通股	604	47,155	-	_	-	_	47,759	-	47,759	
(notes 29(c))	(附註29(c))	168	48,237	_	_	(18,913)	-	29,492		29,492	
Changes in equity for the year	年度權益變動	772	95,392	1,621	16,619	(21,658)	36,835	129,581	(1,931)	127,650	
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	3,823	1,103,031	68,183	55,901	127,445	(919,433)	438,950	(2,935)	436,015	
At 1 January 2022 Profit and total comprehensive income/(expense)	於二零二二 年一月一日 年度溢利及全面收益(開支)總額	3,823	1,103,031	68,183	55,901	127,445	(919,433)	438,950	(2,935)	436,015	
for the year	〒 又皿竹  スエ両次皿(両文/ ‰ 戻	-	-	-	(16,568)	-	41,037	24,469	(968)	23,501	
Appropriation to statutory reserve Recognition of share-based payment Disposal of subsidiaries	分派至法定儲備 確認以股份支付 出售附屬公司	-		2,600 	-	15,616	(2,600) — 8,844	15,616		15,616 	
Lapse of share options (note 31)	購股權失效(附註31)	-	-	-	-	(76,325)	76,325	-	-		
Changes in equity for the year	年度權益變動	_	_	(6,244)	(16,568)	(60,709)	123,606	40,085	(968)	39,117	
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	3,823	1,103,031	61,939	39,333	66,736	(795,827)	479,035	(3,903)	475,132	

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

## 綜合現金流量表

		Note 附註		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Re-presented)
				(經重列)
Cash flows from operating activities	經營業務現金流量			
Profit/(loss) before taxation	除税前溢利/(虧損)			
Continuing operations	持續經營業務		(53,266)	(5,839)
Discontinued operations	已終止經營業務		105,906	41,863
			52,640	36,024
Adjustments for:	就以下項目作出調整:			
Interest income	利息收入		(2,550)	(132)
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊		6,798	10,502
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊			
equipment			9,474	7,601
Share-based payment expenses	以股份支付開支		15,616	
Finance costs	融資成本		13,467	10,838
Amortisations of deferred income	遞延收入攤銷 提前终止租赁 <u>合约</u> 之收并		(2,589)	(1,828)
Gain on early termination of lease contract Reversal of impairment of deposits	提前終止租賃合約之收益 按金減值撥回		(3,844) (418)	(26,250)
Impairment losses/(reversal of impairment	沒並,減值撥回 貿易應收賬款減值虧損/		(410)	(20,250)
losses) of trade receivables	(減值虧損撥回)		32,161	(1,460)
(Reversal of impairment losses)/impairment	其他應收賬款(減值虧損撥回)/		02,101	(1,-100)
losses of other receivables	減值虧損		(6,570)	811
mpairment losses of loan receivables	應收貸款減值虧損		672	674
Loss on modification of other receivables	修改其他應收帳款虧損		8,254	_
Gains on disposals of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及設備之收益			
equipment			(265)	_
Property, plant and equipment written off	物業、廠房及設備撇銷		15,742	—
Gains on disposals of operations	出售附屬公司之收益	33(c)	(82,283)	
Operating profit before working capital	營運資金變動前之經營溢利			
changes			56,305	36,780
Decrease in inventories	存貨減少		2,526	90,547
Increase in trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收賬款增加		(90,200)	(296,217)
ncrease in loan receivables	應收貸款增加		(64,066)	(46,261)
Decrease in other non-current assets	其他非流動資產減少		45	
ncrease in trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付賬款增加		417,211	294,212
ncrease in trust accounts held for customer	為客戶持有的信託賬戶增加		(377,569)	(120,128)
Cash used in operations	經營所用現金		(55,748)	(41,067)
Interest received	已收利息		1,939	132
Interest paid on bills payables	應付票據已支付利息		(1,568)	(4,108)
Net cash used in operating activities	經營業務所用之現金淨額		(55,377)	(45,043)
erer erer ander in oppisating addition			(00,011)	(10,040)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

			2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000
		Note		
		附註		千港元
				(Re-presented)
				(經重列)
Cash flows from investing activities	投資活動的現金流量			
Purchase of items of property, plant and equipment	購買物業、廠房及設備項目		(11,931)	(18,020)
Proceeds from disposals of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備所得款項		265	
Payment of items of other non-current assets	支付其他非流動資產項目		_	(45)
Investments in associates	投資一家聯營公司		(305)	
Receipt of government grants	收取政府補助		12,369	1,135
Net cash inflow arising from disposals of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司產生的現金流入淨額	33(c)	89,776	_
Change in pledged bank deposits	已質押銀行存款變動	00(0)	7,324	(77,756)
			,	( , ,
Net cash from/(used in) investing activities	投資活動所得/(所用)之現金淨額		97,498	(94,686)
Cash flows from financing activities	融資活動之現金流量			
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息		(1,655)	(4,643)
Capital element of lease payments	租賃付款之資本部分		(8,505)	(11,574)
Contribution from non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary	附屬公司之非控股股東出資		_	3,208
Proceeds from shares issued from exercise of share options	因行使購股權發行股份之所得款項		_	29,493
Proceeds from share issued from general mandate subscription	自一般授權認購所發行股份之 所得款項		_	47,759
Proceeds from inception of bank and other	新增銀行及其他借款之所得款項			
borrowings			291,812	116,963
Repayment of bonds	償還債券		_	(36,906)
Repayment of bank and other borrowings	償還銀行及其他借款及利息			
and interest			(321,790)	(48,086)
Net cash (used in)/from financing	融資活動(所用)/所得現金淨額			
activities	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(40,138)	96,214
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash	田全及田全笑信憎加 ╱(減小) 渓頞			
equivalents	选业及烧业 4 回 4 加/(减 9/7 kg 匯率變動之淨影響		1,983	(43,515)
Net effect of foreign exchange rate changes	進华愛到之伊影音		(2,785)	1,631
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January	於一月一日之現金及現金等值		10,102	51,986
Cook and each equivalants of 24	、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、			
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December	於十二月三十一日之現金及現金等值		9,300	10,102
Analysis of cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值之分析	22	0.200	40.400
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	23	9,300	10,102

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 综合財務報表附註

**For the year ended 31 December 2022** 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

China Finance Investment Holdings Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in Bermuda as an exempted Company with limited liability and its shares are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. The address of its registered office is Victoria Place, 5th Floor, 31 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM 10, Bermuda. The principal place of business in Hong Kong is Unit 32A, 15/F, Star House, No. 3 Salisbury Road, Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of the Group are assets and investment holding; growing, processing and trading of agricultural produce and trading of seafood and meat produce. As disclosed in notes 12 and 33(c) to the consolidated financial statements for the disposals of the Group business of money lending and securities brokerage which classified as discontinued operations during the year ended 31 December 2022.

#### 2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), which in collective term includes all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS"), Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong. These consolidated financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Listing Rules and disclosure requirements of the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) ("Companies Ordinance"). Significant accounting policies adopted by the Group are discussed below.

The HKICPA has issued certain new and revised HKFRSs that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group. Note 2.2 provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for current and prior accounting periods reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

#### **1.** 一般資料

中國金控投資集團有限公司(「本公司」)為於百慕達 註冊成立之獲豁免有限公司,其股份於聯交所主 板上市。註冊辦事處地址為Victoria Place, 5th Floor, 31 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM 10, Bermuda,而香 港主要營業地點則為香港九龍尖沙咀梳士巴利道3 號星光行15樓32A室。

本公司為一間投資控股公司。本集團之主要業務 分別是資產及投資控股;農產品種植、加工及交易 及海產及肉製品交易;放債及證券經紀業務。誠如 綜合財務報表附註12及33(c)所披露者,於截至二零 二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團出售放債及 證券經紀業務,該等業務已分類為終止經營業務。

#### 2.1 編製基準

該等綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會(「香港會 計師公會」)頒佈之香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報 告準則」,包括所有適用香港財務報告準則(「香港 財務報告準則」)、香港會計準則(「香港會計準則」) 及詮釋以及香港公認會計原則而編製。該等綜合 財務報表亦符合上市規則之適用披露條文及香港 法律第622章公司條例(「公司條例」)之披露規定。本 集團採納之會計政策於下文論述。

香港會計師公會已頒佈若干新訂及經修訂香港財 務報告準則,並於本集團當前會計期間首次生效或 可供提早採用。有關本集團當前會計期間或過往 會計期間之綜合財務報表因初步應用該等發展而 導致任何會計政策變動之資料載於附註2.2。

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 2.2 ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HKFRSS

#### (a) Application of new and revised HKFRSs

The HKICPA has issued a number of new and revised HKFRSs that are first effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022. None of these developments have had a material effect on how the Group's results and financial position for the current or prior periods have been prepared or presented.

# (b) New and revised HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective

The Group has not applied any new and revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective for the financial year beginning 1 January 2022. These new and revised HKFRSs include the following which may be relevant to the Group.

	Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after
Amendments to HKAS 1 — Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current	1 January 2024
Amendments to HKAS 1 — Non-current Liabilities with Covenants	1 January 2024
Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2 — Disclosure of Accounting Policies	1 January 2023
Amendments to HKAS 8 — Definition of Accounting Estimates	1 January 2023
Amendments to HKAS 12 — Deferred Tax Related to Assets and Liabilities Arising from a Single Transaction	1 January 2023
Amendments to HKFRS 16 — Lease Liability in a Sales and Leaseback	1 January 2024
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 — Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	To be determined by the HKICPA
Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020) Presentation of Financial Statements — Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause	1 January 2024

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these amendments and new standards is expected to be in the period of initial application. So far it has concluded that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

#### 2.2 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則

#### (a)應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則

香港會計師公會頒佈並於二零二二年一月一日 或之後開始之年度期間首次生效的新訂及經修 訂香港財務報告準則。概無該等發展對本集 團如何編製或呈列即期或過去期間的業績及 財務狀況有重大影響。

# (b) 已發行但尚未生效的新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則

本集團並無提早應用任何已頒佈但尚未於二零 二二年一月一日開始之財政年度生效之新訂及 經修訂香港財務報告準則。可能與本集團有關 之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則包括下列 各項。

> 於以下日期 或之後開始 會計期間生效

香港會計準則第1號(修訂本) —	二零二四年
分類負債為流動或非流動	一月一日
香港會計準則第1號(修訂本) —	二零二四年
附帶契諾之非流動負債	一月一日
香港會計準則第1號及香港財務	二零二三年
報告準則實務聲明第2號(修訂	一月一日
本) — 會計政策之披露	
香港會計準則第8號(修訂本) —	二零二三年
會計估計之定義	一月一日
香港會計準則第12號(修訂本)	二零二三年
—與單一交易產生的資產及	一月一日
負債相關的遞延税項	
香港財務報告準則第16號(修訂	二零二四年
本) — 售後租回的租賃負債	一月一日
香港財務報告準則第10號及香港	待香港會計師
會計準則第28號(修訂本) —	公會釐定
投資者與其聯營公司或合營	
企業之間之資產出售或注資	
香港詮釋第5號(二零二零年)財務	二零二四年
報表的呈列 — 借款人對包含	一月一日
按要求償還條款之定期貸款	
之分類	

本集團正在評估預期該等修訂本及新準則於 初次應用期間的影響。截至目前已得出結論, 採用該等修訂本及新準則不大可能對綜合財務 報表產生重大影響。

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 2.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, unless mentioned otherwise in the accounting policies below (e.g. goodwill and share-based payments that are measured at fair value).

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in note 3.

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below:

#### (a) Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 31 December. Subsidiaries are entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The Group has power over an entity when the Group has existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities, i.e. activities that significantly affect the entity's returns.

When assessing control, the Group considers its potential voting rights as well as potential voting rights held by other parties, to determine whether it has control. A potential voting right is considered only if the holder has the practical ability to exercise that right.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date the control ceases.

The gain or loss on the disposal of a subsidiary that results in a loss of control represents the difference between (i) the fair value of the consideration of the sale plus the fair value of any investment retained in that subsidiary and (ii) the Company's share of the net assets of that subsidiary plus any remaining goodwill relating to that subsidiary and any related accumulated foreign currency translation reserve.

#### 2.3 主要會計政策

該等綜合財務報表乃按照歷史成本慣例編製,惟 下文會計政策另有所述者(如商譽及以股份支付按 公平值計量)除外。

編製符合國際財務報告準則之財務報表時須採用 若干重大會計估計,亦要求管理層於應用本集團 會計政策時作出判斷。涉及高度的判斷或高度複 雜性,或涉及對綜合財務報表屬重大的假設及估 計之範疇披露於附註3。

編製該等綜合財務報表所應用的主要會計政策載 於下文:

#### (a) 綜合賬目

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公司截至 十二月三十一日止的財務報表。附屬公司指本 集團擁有控制權之實體。當本集團因參與實體 業務而承擔可變回報之風險或享有可變回報之 權利,且能夠透過其對實體之權力影響該等回 報時,則本集團控制該實體。當本集團之現有 權力使其能夠於現時掌控相關業務(即對實體 回報產生重大影響之業務)時,則本集團對該 實體行使權力。

評估控制權時,本集團將同時考慮其潛在投票 權及其他方所持潛在投票權,以釐定其是否擁 有控制權。潛在投票權僅於其持有人能夠實 際行使該權利之情況下方會予以考慮。

附屬公司自其控制權轉移至本集團當日起綜合 入賬,並自控制權終止當日起不再綜合入賬。

因出售附屬公司而導致失去控制權之收益或虧 損指(i)出售代價之公平值加於該附屬公司任何 保留投資的公平值與(ii)本公司應佔該附屬公司 淨資產加與該附屬公司有關之任何餘下商譽以 及任何有關累計外幣換算儲備之間的差額。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 综合財務報表附註

标 ロ 別 が 代 衣 凹 正 For the year ended 31 December 2022

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 2.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (a) Consolidation (Continued)

Intra-group transactions, balances and unrealised profits are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in subsidiaries not attributable, directly or indirectly, to the Company. Noncontrolling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position and consolidated statement of changes in equity within equity. Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as an allocation of profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between the non-controlling interests and owners of the Company.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Changes in the Company's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions (i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners). The carrying amounts of the controlling and noncontrolling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to the owners of the Company.

In the Company's statement of financial position, an investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment loss, unless the investment is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale).

#### 2.3 主要會計政策(續)

(a) 綜合賬目(續)

集團內部之交易、結餘及未變現溢利均予以對 銷。除非交易證明所轉讓資產出現減值,否則 未變現虧損亦予以對銷。附屬公司的會計政策 已於需要時作出調整,以確保與本集團所採納 的政策一致。

非控股權益指並非由本公司直接或間接應佔附 屬公司之權益。非控股權益在綜合財務狀況 表及綜合權益變動表的權益項目中列示。非控 股權益在綜合損益表及其他全面收益表呈列 為本公司非控股股東及擁有人之年內損益及全 面收益總額分配。

溢利或虧損及其他全面收益的各組成部分歸 屬予本公司擁有人及非控股股東,即使導致非 控股權益結餘出現虧黜。

本公司於一間附屬公司之擁有權權益發生變動 並未導致失去控制權,則按權益交易入賬(即 與擁有人以其擁有人的身份進行的交易)。控 股及非控股權益之賬面值經調整以反映其於 附屬公司相關權益之變動。非控股權益被調 整之金額與已付或已收代價公平值之間之任何 差額須直接於權益內確認並歸屬於本公司擁有 人。

於本公司財務狀況表內,於附屬公司之投資按 成本減任何減值虧損列賬,惟分類為持作出售 (或計入持作出售的出售組別中)則除外。

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

**For the year ended 31 December 2022** 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 2.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (b) Business combinations and goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred is measured at the acquisition date fair value which is the sum of the acquisition date fair values of assets transferred by the Group, liabilities assumed by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. For each business combination, the Group elects whether to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of net assets in the event of liquidation at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of noncontrolling interests are measured at fair value. Acquisitionrelated costs are expensed as incurred.

The Group determines that it has acquired a business when the acquired set of activities and assets includes an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create outputs.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts of the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the previously held equity interest is remeasured at its acquisition date fair value and any resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability is measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured and subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred, the amount recognised for non-controlling interests and any fair value of the Group's previously held equity interests in the acquiree over the identifiable net assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the sum of this consideration and other items is lower than the fair value of the net assets acquired, the difference is, after reassessment, recognised in profit or loss as a gain on bargain purchase.

#### 2.3 主要會計政策 (續)

- (b)業務合併及商譽
  - 業務合併使用收購法入賬。所轉讓的代價以 收購日期的公平值計量,該公平值為本集團所 轉讓的資產、本集團對被收購方前擁有人承擔 的負債及本集團為換取控制被收購方的權力 所發行的股本權益於收購日期的公平值總和。 於各業務合併中,本集團選擇按公平值或阿布 於被收購方可識別淨資產的應佔比例,計量於 被收購方的非控股權益,即於被收購方中賦予 持有人在清盤時按比例分佔淨資產的現有所有 權權益。非控股權益的所有其他部分按公平值 計量。收購相關成本於產生時列為開支。

當所收購的一組活動及資產包括一項資源投入 及一項實質過程,而兩者對創造產出的能力有 重大貢獻時,本集團認為其已收購一項業務。

當本集團收購一項業務時,會根據合約條款、 經濟環境及於收購日期的相關情況評估所承 擔的金融資產及負債,以作出適當的分類及指 定用途。其中包括分離被收購方主合約中的嵌 入式衍生工具。

倘業務合併分階段完成,則先前所持股本權益 會按收購日期的公平值重新計量,而任何所產 生的收益或虧損將於損益內確認。

收購方擬轉讓的任何或然代價於收購日期按公 平值確認。分類為資產或負債的或然代價按公 平值計量,公平值變動則於損益內確認。分 類為權益的或然代價毋須重新計量,其後結算 在權益中入賬。

商譽初步按成本計量,即已轉讓代價、就非控 股權益確認的數額及本集團先前持有的被收 購方股本權益的任何公平值的總和,超逾所 收購可識別淨資產及所承擔負債的差額。倘 此代價與其他項目的總和低於所收購淨資產的 公平值,則於重新評估後,其差額於損益確認 為議價收購收益。

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

**For the year ended 31 December 2022** 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 2.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (b) Business combinations and goodwill (Continued)

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. The Group performs its annual impairment test of goodwill as at 31 December. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the Group are assigned to those units or groups of units.

Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

Where goodwill has been allocated to a cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on the disposal. Goodwill disposed of in these circumstances is measured based on the relative value of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

#### (c) Associate

Associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of an entity but is not control or joint control over those policies. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible, including potential voting rights held by other entities, are considered when assessing whether the Group has significant influence. In assessing whether a potential voting right contributes to significant influence, the holder's intention and financial ability to exercise or convert that right is not considered.

#### 2.3 主要會計政策 (續)

- (b) 業務合併及商譽(續)
  - 於初始確認後, 商譽按成本減任何累計減值 虧損計算。商譽須每年進行減值測試, 倘發生 事件或情況轉變顯示賬面值或有減值, 則會更 頻密地進行測試。本集團於十二月三十一日進 行其年度商譽減值測試。為進行減值測試, 因 業務合併所收購的商譽會自收購日期起分配至 預期會因合併協同作用而受惠的每個本集團 現金產生單位, 或現金產生單位組合, 而不論 本集團其他資產或負債是否獲分配至該等單 位或單位組合。

評定減值時須評估有關商譽的現金產生單位 (現金產生單位組合)的可收回金額。倘現金產 生單位(現金產生單位組合)的可收回金額低於 賬面值,則確認減值虧損。有關商譽的已確認 減值虧損不會於隨後期間撥回。

倘商譽被分配予現金產生單位(現金產生單位 組合),且該單位業務的一部分被出售,則於釐 定該出售的收益或虧損時,將與所售業務相關 的商譽納入該業務的賬面值。在該等情況下, 所售商譽根據所售業務與現金產生單位保留 部分的相對價值計量。

(c) 聯營公司

聯營公司為本集團對其有重大影響力之實體。 重大影響力指擁有參與實體的財務及營運政 策釐定而非控制或共同控制該等政策的權力。 在評估本集團是否擁有重大影響力時,會一 併考慮所持有的可行使或可轉換之潛在投票 權(包括其他實體持有之潛在投票權)的存在及 影響。於評估潛在投票權是否產生重大影響 時,不會考慮持有人行使或轉移該權利之意向 及財政能力。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 2.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (c) Associate (Continued)

Investment in an associate is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements by the equity method and is initially recognised at cost. Identifiable assets and liabilities of the associate in an acquisition are measured at their fair values at the acquisition date. The excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the associate's identifiable assets and liabilities is recorded as goodwill. The goodwill is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is tested for impairment together with the investment at the end of each reporting period when there is objective evidence that the investment is impaired. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of acquisition is recognised in consolidated statement of profit or loss.

The Group assesses whether there is an objective evidence that the interest in an associate may be impaired. When any objective evidence exists, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised is not allocated to any asset, including goodwill, that forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

The Group's share of an associate's post-acquisition profits or losses and other comprehensive income is recognised in consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate), the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate. If the associate subsequently reports profits, the Group resumes recognising its share of those profits only after its share of the profits equals the share of losses not recognised.

#### 2.3 主要會計政策(續)

- (c) 聯營公司(續)
  - 於一間聯營公司之投資以權益法在綜合財務 報表中入賬,初步按成本確認。於一項收購中 之聯營公司的可識別資產及負債於收購日期按 公平值計量。投資成本超過本集團應佔聯營 公司的可識別資產及負債之公平淨值的部分, 會按商譽入賬。商譽計入投資之賬面值內,當 有客觀證據顯示投資出現減值時,本集團會於 各報告期結束時,將商譽連同投資一併進行減 值測試。本集團應佔可識別資產及負債的公平 淨值超過收購成本的金額,於綜合損益表內 確認。

本集團評估是否有客觀證據表明在聯營公司 的權益可能受到損害。當存在任何客觀證據 時,根據香港會計準則第36號的規定,將投資 的全部賬面價值(包括商譽)作為一項資產進行 減值測試,將其可收回金額(使用價值與公允 價值減去處置成本兩者中較高者)與其賬面價 值進行比較。確認的任何減值損失不分配給 構成投資賬面價值一部分的任何資產,包括商 譽。該減值虧損的任何撥回會根據香港會計 準則第36號確認,以使投資的可收回金額其後 增加。

本集團應佔聯營公司之收購後損益及其他全 面收益於綜合損益及其他全面收益表中確認。 當本集團應佔聯營公司虧損等同或超過其於 聯營公司權益(包括實際上組成本集團於該聯 營公司部分投資淨額的任何長遠利益),本集 團將不確認進一步虧損,除非本集團已代表聯 營公司承擔責任或支付款項。倘聯營公司其後 錄得溢利,則本集團僅可在其應佔溢利足夠彌 補其未確認的應佔虧損後方會恢復確認其應 佔的溢利。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 2.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (c) Associate (Continued)

The gain or loss on the disposal of an associate that results in a loss of significant influence represents the difference between (i) the fair value of the consideration of the sale plus the fair value of any investment retained in that associate and (ii) the Group's entire carrying amount of that associate (including goodwill) and any related accumulated foreign currency translation reserve. If an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture, the Group continues to apply the equity method and does not remeasure the retained interest.

Unrealised profits on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interests in the associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

#### (d) Foreign currency translation

#### (i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency on initial recognition using the exchange rates prevailing on the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the end of each reporting period. Gains and losses resulting from this translation policy are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. The transaction date is the date on which the company initially recognise such non-monetary assets or liabilities. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates at the dates when the fair values are determined.

#### 2.3 主要會計政策(續)

(c) 聯營公司(續)

出售聯營公司(在導致失去重大影響力的情況下)的收益或虧損是指(i)出售代價的公平值加 上對該聯營公司餘下投資的公平值與(ii)本集 團應佔該聯營公司之全部賬面值(包括商譽)及 任何相關累積外幣換算儲備之差額。倘於一 家聯營公司之投資變成於一家合營企業之投 資,則本集團繼續應用權益法,且不重新計量 保留權益。

本集團與其聯營公司間交易之未變現溢利按本 集團於聯營公司的權益比例撇銷。未變現虧 損亦予以抵銷,惟該交易有證據顯示已轉讓資 產出現減值則除外。聯營公司的會計政策在 有需要之處已作出修訂,以確保與本集團採納 的政策一致。

#### (d) 外幣換算

(i) 功能及呈列貨幣

本集團各實體之財務報表所載項目乃採用 實體營運所在主要經濟環境之貨幣(「功能 貨幣」)計量。綜合財務報表以港元(「港元」) 呈列,港元為本公司之功能及呈列貨幣。

外幣交易於初步確認時按交易日期之當前 匯率換算為功能貨幣。以外幣計值之貨幣 資產及負債均按各報告期末之匯率換算。 此換算政策引致的收益及虧損於損益確 認。

以外幣的歷史成本計量的非貨幣資產及 負債乃使用於交易日期適用的外幣匯率換 算。交易日期為本公司初始確認該等非貨 幣資產或負債之日期。以公平值計量的非 貨幣項目使用釐定公平值之日的匯率換 算。

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 2.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (d) Foreign currency translation (Continued)

(ii) Transactions and balances in each entity's financial statements

When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in other comprehensive income, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income. When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

#### (iii) Translation on consolidation

The results and financial position of all the Group entities that have a functional currency different from the Company's presentation currency are translated into the Company's presentation currency as follows:

- Assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- Income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates for the period (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the exchange rates on the transaction dates); and
- All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the foreign currency translation reserve.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of monetary items that form part of the net investment in foreign entities and of borrowings are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the foreign currency translation reserve. When a foreign operation is sold, such exchange differences are reclassified to consolidated profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

- 2.3 主要會計政策(續)
  - (d) 外幣換算(續)
    - (ii) 各實體財務報表之交易及結餘

當非貨幣項目之收益或虧損於其他全面收 益確認時,該收益或虧損之任何匯兑部份 於其他全面收益確認。當非貨幣項目之收 益或虧損於損益內確認時,該收益或虧損 之任何匯兑部份於損益內確認。

#### (iii) 綜合賬目之換算

所有功能貨幣有別於本公司的呈列貨幣之 本集團實體之業績及財務狀況均按以下方 式換算為本公司的呈列貨幣:

- 一 於各財務狀況表呈列的資產及負債乃
   按有關財務狀況表日期之收市匯率換
   算:
- 收入及開支乃按期間的平均匯率換算 (除非該平均匯率並非交易日期當前匯 率之累積影響之合理近似值,在該情 況下,收入及開支按交易日期之匯率 換算);及
- 所有由此產生的匯兑差額在其他全面 收益中確認,並在其他全面收益中累 計,並在外幣折算儲備中累計。

於綜合入賬時,換算組成海外實體投資淨 額及借貸部分的貨幣項目所產生之匯兑差 額於其他全面收益中確認並於外幣換算儲 備中累計。於出售海外業務時,該等匯兑 差額會於綜合損益確認為出售收益或虧損 的一部分。

收購海外實體產生之商譽及公平值調整乃 作為該海外實體的資產及負債處理,並按 收市匯率換算。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

### 2.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (e) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost, less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised in profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated at rates sufficient to write off their cost less their residual values over the estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The principal annual rates are as follows:

Buildings	Over the term of the lease but not
	exceeding 20 years
Leasehold	Over the term of the lease but not
improvements	exceeding 20 years
Office equipment	3 to 5 years
Motor vehicles	3 to 5 years
Plant, machinery and	5 to 10 years
equipment	
Furniture and fixtures	3 to 10 years
Bearer plants	N/A

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss on derecognition of property, plant and equipment is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset, and is recognised in profit or loss.

### 2.3 主要會計政策(續)

- (e) 物業<sup>、</sup>廠房及設備
  - 物業、廠房及設備於綜合財務狀況表內按成 本減其後累計折舊及其後累積減值虧損(如有) 列賬。

僅於有關項目的未來經濟利益很可能流入本集 團而該項目成本能可靠計量時,後續成本方會 計入資產賬面值中,或確認為個別資產(倘合 適)。所有其他維修及保養於產生期間於損益 內確認。

物業、廠房及設備之折舊,以直線法在估計可 使用年期內按足以撇銷其成本減其剩餘價值 之比率計算。主要年率如下:

樓宇	按租期
	但不超過 <b>20</b> 年
租賃物業裝修	按租期
	但不超過 <b>20</b> 年
辦公室設備	3至5年
汽車	3至5年
廠房、機械及設備	5至10年
傢俬及固定裝置 生產性植物	<b>3</b> 至10年 不適用

剩餘價值、可使用年期及折舊方法於各報告期 末予以檢討,並作出調整(倘合適),在預期的 基礎上考慮任何估計變更的影響。

物業、廠房及設備項目於出售或預期持續使用 資產將不會產生未來經濟利益時終止確認。終 止確認物業、廠房及設備所產生的任何收益或 虧損,乃按出售所得款項淨額與相關資產賬面 值之差額釐定,並於損益內確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

### 2.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (f) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Inventories are determined using the first-in, firstout basis. Costs comprise all costs of purchase and, where applicable, cost of conversion and other costs that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business. less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any writedown of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories are recognised in the profit or loss in the period of write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories recognised as an increment in the amount of inventories and recognised in the profit or loss in the period in which the reversal occurs.

### 2.3 主要會計政策 (續)

### (f) 存貨

存貨按成本及可變現淨值兩者的較低者列賬。 存貨採用先進先出法確定。成本包括購買成本 及(倘適用)加工成本及將存貨運往現存地點及 變成現狀所產生之其他成本。可變現淨值為日 常業務過程中的售價減去估計完工成本及進 行銷售所需之估計成本。存貨出售時,該等存 貨的賬面值於有關收益確認期間確認為開支。 存貨撇減至可變現淨值的金額及全部存貨虧 損於撇減或產生虧損的期間確認為損益。撥 回任何存貨撇減的金額確認為存貨的增項及 於撥回期間於損益確認。

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### 2.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (g) Biological assets

Biological assets are measured at fair value less costs to sell. Costs to sell include the incremental selling costs, estimated costs of packing and transport to the market but exclude finance costs.

The blueberry trees, fig trees and Dendrobium officinale Kimura et Migo are bearer plants and are therefore presented and accounted for as property, plant and equipment. However, the fresh fruit bunches growing on the trees is accounted for as biological assets until the point of harvest. Harvested fresh fruit bunches are transferred to inventory at fair value less costs to sell when harvested.

Changes in fair value of fresh fruit bunches on trees are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Farming costs such as labour costs, fertilisers and transportation charges are capitalised as part of biological assets.

The fair value of growing fresh fruit bunches is determined using a discounted cash flow model based on the expected yield by plantation size, the market price after allowing for harvesting costs, contributory asset charges for the land and trees owned by the entity and other costs yet to be incurred in getting the fruit bunches to maturity.

# (h) Recognition and derecognition of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position when the Group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

### 2.3 主要會計政策(續)

### (g) 生物資產

生物資產以公平值減銷售成本計量。銷售成 本包括遞增銷售成本、包裝及運送至市場之估 計成本,但不包括融資成本。

藍莓樹、無花果樹及鐵皮石斛均為生產性植物,故按物業、廠房及設備呈列及入賬。然而,樹上所生長的新鮮果實於收穫時入賬列作 生物資產。所收穫的新鮮果實於收穫時按公 平值減銷售成本轉撥為存貨。

樹上新鮮果實的公平值變動於綜合損益表中 確認。

種植成本(如勞工成本、化肥及運輸費用)資本 化為生物資產的一部分。

生長期的新鮮果實公平值基於按種植規模劃 分的預期收益率、經考慮收割成本後的市價、 實體所擁有的土地及樹木的資產貢獻費用及 果實成熟過程中尚未產生的其他成本,使用貼 現現金流量模式釐定。

### (h) 確認及終止確認金融工具

當本集團成為工具合約條文之一方時,會在綜 合財務狀況表內確認金融資產及金融負債。

金融資產及金融負債初步按公平值計量。收 購或發行金融資產及金融負債(按公平值計入 損益「公平值計入損益」的金融資產及金融負債 除外)而直接應佔的交易成本乃於初步確認時 計入金融資產或金融負債之公平值或自金融資 產或金融負債的公平值內扣除(如適用)。收購 按公平值計入損益的金融資產或金融負債直 接應佔的交易成本直接於損益中確認。

綜合財務報表附註

**For the year ended 31 December 2022** 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

### 2.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# (h) Recognition and derecognition of financial instruments (Continued)

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the company or the counterparty.

### (i) Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace. All recognised financial assets are measured subsequently in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

### 2.3 主要會計政策(續)

### (h) 確認及終止確認金融工具(續)

僅自資產收取現金流量之合約權利屆滿時,或 本集團向另一實體轉讓金融資產所有權絕大部 分風險及回報時,本集團方會終止確認金融資 產。倘本集團概無轉讓亦無保留所有權之絕大 部分風險及回報並繼續控制所轉讓資產,則 本集團確認其在資產中的保留權益,並就可能 須支付的金額確認相關負債。倘本集團保留已 轉讓金融資產所有權的絕大部分風險及回報, 則本集團繼續確認金融資產,並就已收取之 所得款項確認有抵押借貸。

本集團於及僅於本集團之責任獲解除、取消或 屆滿時取消確認金融負債。取消確認金融負債 之賬面值與已付及應付代價(包括已轉讓非現 金資產或所承擔負債)之差額於損益內確認。

當現時存在一項可依法強制執行的權利可抵銷 已確認金額,且亦有意以淨額結算或同時變現 資產及償付債務,則金融資產及負債均可予抵 銷,並於資產負債表內呈報淨額。法定可強制 執行權利不得以發生未來事件為條件,且必須 可在日常業務過程中及本公司或對手方違約、 無力償債或破產時強制執行。

### (i) 金融資產

所有以常規方式購入或出售之金融資產均按買 賣日期基準確認及終止確認。以常規方式購入 或出售指須於市場規定或慣例所訂時限內交 付資產之金融資產購入或出售。所有已確認金 融資產其後完全按攤銷成本或公平值計量,視 乎金融資產的分類而定。

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### 2.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (i) Financial assets (Continued)

### Debt investments

Debt investments held by the Group are classified into one of the following measurement categories:

(i) Amortised cost, if the investment is held for the collection of contractual cash flows which represent solely payments of principal and interest. Interest income from the investment is calculated using the effective interest method.

Fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") — recycling, if the contractual cash flows of the investment comprise solely payments of principal and interest and the investment is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both the collection of contractual cash flows and sale. Changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income, except for the recognition in profit or loss of expected credit losses, interest income (calculated using the effective interest method) and foreign exchange gains and losses. When the investment is derecognised, the amount accumulated in other comprehensive income is recycled from equity to profit or loss.

 (ii) FVTPL if the investment does not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI (recycling). Changes in the fair value of the investment (including interest) are recognised in profit or loss.

### Equity investments

An investment in equity securities is classified as FVTPL unless the equity investment is not held for trading purposes and on initial recognition of the investment the Group makes an election to designate the investment at FVTOCI (non-recycling) such that subsequent changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income. Such elections are made on an instrument-by-instrument basis, but may only be made if the investment meets the definition of equity from the issuer's perspective. Where such an election is made, the amount accumulated in other comprehensive income remains in the fair value reserve (non-recycling) until the investment is disposed of. At the time of disposal, the amount accumulated in the fair value reserve (non-recycling) is transferred to retained earnings. It is not recycled through profit or loss. Dividends from an investment in equity securities, irrespective of whether classified as at FVTPL or FVTOCI, are recognised in profit or loss as other income.

### 2.3 主要會計政策(續)

(i) 金融資產(續)

### 債務投資

本集團持有的債務投資分類為以下其中一個計 量類別:

(i) 攤銷成本(如投資乃純粹為收取本金及利息付款的合約現金流量而持有)。投資的利息收入乃使用實際利率法計算。

按公平值計入其他全面收益(「公平值計入 其他全面收益」)一可撥回(如投資合約現 金流量僅包括本金及利息付款,且投資於 以通過收取合約現金流量及出售實現目標 的業務模式持有)。公平值變動於其他全 面收益確認,惟預期信貸虧損、利息收入 (使用實際利率法計算)及匯兑收益及虧損 於損益確認。當投資終止確認時,於其他 全面收益累計的金額由權益重新撥回損 益。

(ii) 按公平值計入損益(倘投資不符合按攤銷 成本或按公平值計入其他全面收益(可撥 回)的標準)。投資公平值變動(包括利息) 於損益確認。

### 股本投資

於股本證券之投資分類為按公平值計入損益, 除非股本投資並非持作買賣,且初步確認投資 時本公司選擇將投資指定為透過按公平值計入 其他全面收益計量(不可撥回),令公平值的後 續變動於其他全面收益確認。該選擇乃根據 逐項工具基準作出,惟僅可在投資從發行人角 度而言符合權益的定義時作出。倘作出該選 擇,其他全面收益累計的金額仍然保留在公平 值儲備(不可撥回)中,直至投資被出售為止。 出售時,於公平值儲備累計的金額(不可撥回) 轉入保留盈利,不透過損益重新撥回。來自於 股本證券之投資的股息(不論分類為按公平值 計入損益或按公平值計入其他全面收益)於損 益確認為其他收益。

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### 2.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (j) Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

### 2.3 主要會計政策 (續)

- (j) 公平值計量
  - 公平值是於計量日市場參與者於有秩序交易中 出售資產可收取或轉讓負債須支付的價格。公 平值計量以假設出售資產或轉讓負債的交易於 資產或負債的主要市場中進行為基礎,或倘並 無主要市場,則於資產或負債的最有利市場進 行。主要或最有利市場必須為可讓本集團參與 的市場。對資產或負債定價時,資產或負債的 公平值以市場參與者使用的假設計量,並假設 市場參與者以其最佳經濟利益行事。

非金融資產的公平值計量計及市場參與者對使 用資產的最高或最佳使用價值或將其出售予另 一名將使用資產的最高或最佳使用價值的市 場參與者而產生經濟利益的能力。

本集團按情況並於出現可計量公平值的足夠 資訊情況下使用適合的估值技術,以盡量使用 有關可觀察輸入數據並盡量避免使用不可觀 察輸入數據。

於財務報表中計量或披露公平值的所有資產及 負債於公平值層級中分類(如下所述)。分類根 據對整體公平值計量而言屬重大的最低層輸 入數據:

- 第一層級 根據已識別資產和負債於活躍市場中所報 未調整價格
- 第二層級 根據對公平值計量有重大影響之最低輸入 數據可直接或間接被觀察之估值方法
- 第三層級 根據對不可觀察之公平值計量有重大影響 之最低輸入數據之估值方法

就於財務報表中按經常基準確認的資產及負 債而言,本集團於各報告期末會重新評估分類 方法(根據對整體公平值計量而言屬重大的最 低層輸入數據),以釐定轉撥是否已於各層級 之間發生。

标 ロ 別 が 代 衣 凹 正 For the year ended 31 December 2022

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### 2.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (k) Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised when the Group has unconditional right to receive consideration. A right to receive consideration is unconditional if only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due. If revenue has been recognised before the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration, the amount is presented as a contract asset.

Trade and other receivables are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less allowance for credit losses.

### (I) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents represent cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and shortterm highly liquid investments which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of change in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents are assessed for ECL.

### (m) Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument under HKFRSs. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. The accounting policies adopted for specific financial liabilities and equity instruments are set out below.

### (n) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

### 2.3 主要會計政策 (續)

### (k)貿易及其他應收賬款

當本集團可無條件收取代價時,確認貿易及其 他應收賬款。僅當支付到期代價需耗時一段時 間時,方可無條件收取代價。若收益於本集團 可無條件收取代價之前確認,則該金額呈列為 合約資產。

貿易及其他應收賬款使用實際利率法,按攤銷 成本減預期虧損撥備列賬。

### (I) 現金及現金等值

就現金流量表而言,現金及現金等值指銀行存 款及手頭現金、銀行及其他金融機構的活期存 款及短期高流通量投資,而該等投資可隨時 兑換成可知數額的現金,且其價值變動風險僅 屬輕微,於收購之日起三個月之內。須按要求 償還及構成本集團現金管理一部份的銀行透 支,亦列入現金及現金等值之一部分。現金及 現金等值進行預期信貸虧損評估。

### (m) 金融負債及股本工具

由集團實體發行之金融負債及股本工具根據合約安排之內容及香港財務報告準則項下金融負 債及股本工具之定義分類為金融負債或權益。 股本工具乃任何證明本集團經扣減所有負債後 之資產剩餘權益的合約。就特定金融負債及 股本工具採納之會計政策載於下文。

(n) 借款

借款初步按公平值扣除所產生的交易成本確 認,且隨後使用實際利率法按攤銷成本計量。

除非本集團可無條件延遲償付負債至報告期後 至少十二個月,否則借款分類為流動負債。

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### 2.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (o) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

### (p) Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidence a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

### (q) Leases

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is conveyed where the customer has both the right to direct the use of the identified asset and to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from that use.

### (i) The Group as a lessee

Where the contract contains lease component(s) and non-lease component(s), the Group has elected not to separate non-lease components and accounts for each lease component and any associated non-lease components as a single lease component for all leases.

At the lease commencement date, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability, except for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets which, for the Group are primarily laptops and office furniture. When the Group enters into a lease in respect of a low-value asset, the Group decides whether to capitalise the lease on a lease-by-lease basis. The lease payments associated with those leases which are not capitalised are recognised as an expense on a systematic basis over the lease term.

### 2.3 主要會計政策(續)

(o) 貿易及其他應付賬款

貿易及其他應付賬款使用實際利率法初步按其 公平值確認,隨後按攤銷成本計量,除非貼現 影響不屬重大,則按成本入賬。

### (p) 股本工具

股本工具乃指證明於實體資產經扣除其所有負 債後之剩餘權益之任何合約。本公司所發行之 股本工具乃按所收取之所得款項(經扣除直接 發行成本)入賬。

### (q) 租賃

本集團於合約開始時評估合約是否為或包含租 賃。倘合約為換取代價而給予在一段時間內控 制已識別資產使用的權利,則該合約為租賃或 包含租賃。當客戶既有權主導已識別資產的使 用又可從該使用中獲得絕大部分經濟利益時, 即表示控制權已轉移。

### (i) 本集團作為承租人

倘合約包含租賃部分及非租賃部分,本集 團已選擇不區分非租賃部分,並將各租賃 部分及任何相關非租賃部分入賬,列為所 有租賃的單一租賃部分。

於租賃開始日期,本集團確認使用權資產 和租賃負債,惟租賃期為12個月或更短的 短期租賃和低價值資產(就本集團而言,主 要為手提電腦及辦公設備)的租賃除外。 當本集團就低價值資產訂立租賃時,本集 團按每項租賃情況決定是否將租賃資本 化。與該等不作資本化租賃相關的租賃付 款在租賃期內有系統地確認為開支。

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### 2.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (q) Leases (Continued)

### (i) The Group as a lessee (Continued)

Where the lease is capitalised, the lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, using a relevant incremental borrowing rate. Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the lease liability. After initial recognition, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost and interest expense is calculated using the effective interest method.

Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are not included in the measurement of the lease liability and hence are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Group:

- where possible, uses recent third-party financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third party financing was received,
- uses a build-up approach that starts with a risk-free interest rate adjusted for credit risk for leases held by the Group, which does not have recent third-party financing, and
- makes adjustments specific to the lease, such as term, country, currency and security.

If a readily observable amortising loan rate is available to the individual lessee (through recent financing or market data) which has a similar payment profile to the lease, then the group entities use that rate as a starting point to determine the incremental borrowing rate.

### 2.3 主要會計政策(續)

- (q) 租賃(續)
  - (i) 本集團作為承租人(續)

當租賃已資本化,租賃負債初步按租期應 付租賃付款現值確認,並按租賃中所隱含 的利率貼現,或倘該利率不能輕易釐定, 則以相關遞增借款利率貼現。計量租賃負 債包括本集團認為合理肯定可延續之租賃 付款。租賃付款於初步確認後,租賃負債 按攤銷成本計量,而利息開支則採用實際 利率法計量。

租賃負債的計量並不包括不依賴指數或利 率的可變租賃付款,因此可變租賃付款於 其產生的會計期間在損益中扣除。

確定增量借款利率,本集團應:

- 在可能的情況下,以承租人最近收到
   的第三方融資為起點,並進行調整以
   反映融資條件自收到第三方融資後的
   變化;
- 對於近期未獲得第三方融資的本集團 持有的租賃,採用以無風險利率為起 點的累加法,並按照租賃的信用風險 進行調整;
- 針對租賃做出特定調整,如租賃期、 國家、貨幣及抵押。

若個別承租人可獲得可隨時觀察到的攤銷 貸款利率(通過最近的融資或市場數據), 且其付款情況與租賃相似,則本集團實體 以該利率作為釐定遞增借款利率的起點。

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### 2.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (q) Leases (Continued)

### (i) The Group as a lessee (Continued)

The right-of-use asset recognised when a lease is capitalised is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability plus any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, and any initial direct costs incurred. Where applicable, the cost of the right-of-use assets also includes an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, discounted to their present value, less any lease incentives received. The right-of-use asset is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Right-of-use assets in which the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the underlying leased assets at the end of the lease term are depreciated from commencement date to the end of the useful life. Otherwise, right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

Refundable rental deposits paid are accounted under HKFRS 9 and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments and included in the cost of right-of-use assets.

The lease liability is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, or there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or there is a change arising from the reassessment of whether the Group will be reasonably certain to exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

### 2.3 主要會計政策(續)

### (q) 租賃(續)

(i) 本集團作為承租人(續)

租賃資本化時確認的使用權資產首次按成 本計量,包括租賃負債初始金額加開始日 期當日或之前作出的任何租金,以及所引 致的任何初始直接成本。如適用,使用權 資產成本也包括在相關資產所在地拆除相 關資產或恢復相關資產的估計成本,折現 至其現值,減任何已收租賃獎勵。使用權 資產其後按成本減累計折舊和減值損失列 賬。

本集團已合理地確定可於租期結束時取得 相關租賃資產所有權之使用權資產由開始 日期起至可使用年期結束止計提折舊。在 其他情況下,使用權資產按直線法於其估 計可使用年期及租期(以較短者為準)內計 提折舊。

已支付的可退回租賃按金是根據香港財 務報告準則第9號入賬並按公平值初步計 量。於初步確認時的公平值調整視作額外 租賃付款,並計入使用權資產的成本內。

當指標或利率變動導致未來租金有變,或 本集團根據剩餘價值保證估計預期應付的 金額有變,或重新評審本集團是否合理確 定行使購買、延期或終止選擇權有變,將 對租賃負債予以重新計量。當租賃負債按 此方式重新計量,則對使用權資產的賬面 值作出相應調整,或如使用權資產的賬面 值被調低至零,則將有關調整計入損益。

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**For the year ended 31 December 2022** 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

### 2.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (q) Leases (Continued)

### (ii) The Group as a lessor

When the Group acts as a lessor, it determines at lease inception whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of an underlying assets to the lessee. If this is not the case, the lease is classified as an operating lease.

### (r) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when control over a product or service is transferred to the customer, at the amount of promised consideration to which the Group is expected to be entitled, excluding those amounts collected on behalf of third parties. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

Revenue from the sale of agricultural produce, including trading of seafood and meat products, is recognised when control of the goods has transferred, being when the goods has been dispatched to the customer's specific location (delivery). Following delivery, the customer has full discretion over the manner of distribution and price to sell the goods, has the primary responsibility when on selling the goods and bears the risks of obsolescence and loss in relation to the goods. A receivable is recognised by the Group when the goods is delivered to the customer as this represents the point in time at which the right to consideration becomes unconditional, as only the passage of time is required before payment is due.

### 2.3 主要會計政策(續)

- (q) 租賃(續)
  - (i) 本集團作為承租人(續)

當本集團作為出租人時,在租賃開始時確 定各項租賃為融資租賃還是經營租賃。倘 租賃將與相關資產所有權有關的絕大部分 風險及回報轉移予承租人,則其分類為融 資租賃,否則分類為經營租賃。

### (r) 收益確認

收益於產品或服務之控制權轉讓予客戶時方會 確認,金額為本集團預期可收取之已承諾代 價,且不包括代表第三方收取之金額。收益不 包括增值税及其他銷售税,且會扣除任何交易 折扣。

銷售農產品(包括海產及肉製品交易)之收益於 貨品控制權轉讓時(即貨品已派送至客戶指定 地點(倘交付))確認。於交付後,客戶對銷售貨 品的分派方式及價格擁有全權酌情權,且主要 負責出售貨品並承擔貨品相關的貨物滯銷風險 及虧損。本集團於貨品交付予客戶時確認應收 賬款,此乃由於僅需時間流逝便可收取到期款 項,而收取代價的權利於此時成為無條件。

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### 2.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (r) Revenue recognition (Continued)

Commission and brokerage income, such as the arrangement of the acquisition of shares or other securities, are recognised on completion of the underlying transaction.

### (s) Employee benefits

### (i) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave and long service leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave and long service leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of the reporting period. Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

### (ii) Pension obligations

The Group contributes to defined contribution retirement schemes which are available to all employees. Contributions to the schemes by the Group and employees are calculated as a percentage of employees' basic salaries. The retirement benefit scheme cost charged to profit or loss represents contributions payable by the Group to the funds.

### (iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised at the earlier of the dates when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits, and when the Group recognises restructuring costs and involves the payment of termination benefits.

### 2.3 主要會計政策 (續)

(r) 收益確認(續)

佣金及經紀收入(如收購股份或其他證券的安 排)於完成相關交易時確認。

### (s) 僱員福利

(i) 僱員應享假期

僱員的年假及長期服務假期之權利於僱員 應享有關假期時確認。截至報告期末因僱 員所提供的服務而產生的年假及長期服務 假期的估計負債,予以計提撥備。僱員的 病假及產假於僱員休假時方會確認。

### (ii) 養老金責任

本集團向為全體僱員而設之定額供款退休 計劃作出供款。本集團及僱員對計劃作出 的供款乃按僱員的基本薪金之特定比率計 算。自損益扣除的退休福利計劃成本乃指 本集團應付該等基金的供款。

### (iii) 離職福利

當本集團無法撤回該等福利之要約時或當 本集團確認重組成本及涉及支付離職福利 時(以較早者為準)方會確認離職福利。

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### 2.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (t) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

To the extent that funds are borrowed generally and used for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset, the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation is determined by applying a capitalisation rate to the expenditures on that asset. The capitalisation rate is the weighted average of the borrowing costs applicable to the borrowings of the Group that are outstanding during the period, other than borrowings made specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

### 2.3 主要會計政策 (續)

### (t) 借款成本

因收購、建設或生產合資格資產(需要一段長時間方能達致其擬定用途或出售者)而直接產 生之借款成本乃資本化為該等資產之成本一部 分,直至該等資產大致上可準備用作其擬定用 途或出售時為止。等待將特定借款用於撥付合 資格資產開支時將其臨時投資所產生的投資 收入自合資格資本化的借款成本中扣除。

就於一般情況借入之資金及用作取得合資格 資產而言,合資格資本化之借款成本金額乃按 用於該資產之開支資本化比率計算。資本化比 率為適用於本集團該期間內尚未償還借款(不 包括就取得合資格資產而借入之特定借款)之 加權平均借款成本。

所有其他借款成本均於產生期間於損益確認。

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### 2.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (u) Government grants

A government grant is recognised when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to it and that the grant will be received.

Government grants that become receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

Government grants relating to the purchase of assets are recorded as deferred income and recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the useful lives of the related assets.

### (v) Taxation

Income tax represents the sum of the current tax and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit recognised in profit or loss because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses or unused tax credits can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

### 2.3 主要會計政策(續)

### (u) 政府補助

政府補助於可合理確保本集團會遵守政府補助 所附帶的條件且會收到補貼後方會確認。

用作補償本集團已產生開支或虧損或為本集 團提供即時財務資助(而無未來相關成本)的應 收政府補助,在應收期間於損益確認。

於購買資產有關的政府補助入賬列作遞延收 入,並於相關資產的可使用年期內按直線法於 損益中確認。

### (v)税項

所得税指即期税項及遞延税項之總和。

即期應付税項乃根據年內應課税溢利計算。應 課税溢利與於損益內確認之溢利不同,此乃由 於其不包括其他年度之應課税或可予扣税之收 入或開支項目,亦不包括毋須課税或不可扣税 之項目。本集團有關即期税項之負債乃採用於 報告期末已實施或實質上已實施之税率計算。

遞延税項按綜合財務報表內資產及負債之賬 面值與計算應課税溢利採用之相應税基之差 額確認入賬。遞延税項負債一般按所有應課 税暫時差額確認入賬,而遞延税項資產則會 在可能有應課税溢利可供抵銷可予扣減暫時差 額、未動用税項虧損或未動用税項抵免時確 認入賬。倘暫時差額乃因商譽或初步確認一項 既不影響應課税溢利亦不影響會計溢利之交易 (業務合併除外)中之其他資產及負債而產生, 則不會確認有關資產及負債。

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### 2.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (v) Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

The measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for leasing transactions in which the Group recognises the right-ofuse assets and the related lease liabilities, the Group first determines whether the tax deductions are attributable to the right-of-use assets or the lease liabilities.

For leasing transactions in which the tax deductions are attributable to the lease liabilities, the Group applies HKAS 12 requirements to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities separately. Temporary differences relating to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are not recognised at initial recognition and over the lease terms due to application of the initial recognition exemption.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

#### 2.3 主要會計政策(續)

#### (v) 税項(續)

遞延税項負債乃按於附屬公司之投資而產生 之應課税暫時差額確認,惟倘本集團可控制暫 時差額之撥回並預期該暫時差額將不會在可見 將來撥回者除外。

遞延税項資產之賬面值乃於各報告期末進行 檢討,並於不可能有充裕之應課税溢利可用於 所有或部分將予收回之資產時調減。

遞延税項乃根據於報告期末已實施或實質上 已實施之税率,按預期在負債償還或資產變現 期間適用之税率計算。遞延税項乃於損益內確 認,惟倘遞延税項與於其他全面收益或直接 於權益確認之項目相關,在此情況下遞延税項 亦會在其他全面收益或直接於權益內確認。

遞延税項負債及資產的計量反映本集團於報 告期末,預期將要收回或償還其資產及負債賬 面值的方式產生的税務後果。

為計量本集團確認使用權資產及相關租賃負債 的租賃交易遞延所得税,本集團首先確定税款 扣除額是歸屬於使用權資產還是租賃負債。

對於税項扣除應歸因於租賃負債的租賃交易, 本集團分別對使用權資產及租賃負債採用香港 會計準則第12號的要求。與使用權資產及租賃 負債相關的暫時性差異在初始確認時以及在租 賃期內由於適用初始確認豁免而不予確認。

當有合法執行權利將即期税項資產與即期税項 負債抵銷,且與同一税務機關徵收之所得税有 關且本集團擬按淨額基準結算其即期税項資 產及負債時,則遞延税項資產及負債可互相對 銷。

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### 2.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (w) Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date for indications of impairment and where an asset is impaired, it is written down as an expense through the consolidated statement of profit or loss to its estimated recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. If this is the case, recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Recoverable amount is the higher of value in use and the fair value less costs of disposal of the individual asset or the cash-generating unit.

Value in use is the present value of the estimated future cash flows of the asset/cash-generating unit. Present values are computed using pre-tax discount rates that reflect the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset/cash-generating unit whose impairment is being measured.

Impairment losses for cash-generating units are allocated first against the goodwill of the unit and then pro rata amongst the other assets of the cash-generating unit. Subsequent increases in the recoverable amount caused by changes in estimates are credited to profit or loss to the extent that they reverse the impairment.

### (x) Impairment of financial assets

### Impairment under ECL model

The Group recognises a loss allowance for ECL on financial assets which are subject to impairment under HKFRS 9 (including trade and other receivables, loan receivables and bank balances). The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial instrument.

### 2.3 主要會計政策(續)

### (w) 非金融資產減值

於各報告日期就減值跡象對非金融資產之賬 面值進行檢討,倘資產已減值,則透過綜合損 益表列為開支撇減至其估計可收回金額。可收 回金額乃就個別資產釐定,除非該資產不會產 生大致上獨立於其他資產或資產組合的現金 流入。在此情況下,可收回金額按資產所屬之 現金產生單位釐定。可收回金額為個別資產 或現金產生單位之使用價值與其公平值減出 售成本的較高者。

使用價值為資產/現金產生單位的估計未來 現金流量之現值。現值按反映貨幣時間價值及 計量減值之資產/現金產生單位之特定風險 之税前貼現率計算。

現金產生單位之減值虧損首先就該單位之商譽 進行分配,然後按比例在現金產生單位的其他 資產間進行分配。因估計轉變而引致其後可收 回金額的增加以撥回減值為限計入損益。

## (x) 金融資產減值

### 根據預期信貸虧損模式的減值

本集團就根據香港財務報告準則第9號須受減 值規限的金融資產(包括貿易及其他應收賬款、 應收貸款及銀行結餘)確認預期信貸虧損的虧 損撥備。預期信貸虧損金額於各報告日期更 新,以反映自初步確認各金融工具以來的信貸 風險變動。

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### 2.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (x) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

### Impairment under ECL model (Continued)

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for trade receivables and measures the lifetime ECL for portfolios of trade receivables that share similar economic risk characteristics. The ECL on these assets are estimated using an analysis of assets by risk level of customers and apply a probability-weighted estimate of the credit losses within the relevant risk type. The probabilityweighted estimates of the credit losses is determined based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date, including time value of money where appropriate.

For all other financial instruments, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12-month ECL ("12m ECL"), unless when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition instead of on evidence of a financial asset being credit-impaired at the reporting date or an actual default occurring since initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12m ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

### 2.3 主要會計政策 (續)

(x) 金融資產減值(續)

### 根據預期信貸虧損模式的減值(續)

本集團一直就貿易應收賬款確認全期預期信 貸虧損,並就具有相似經濟風險特徵之貿易應 收賬款組合計量全期預期信貸虧損。該等資 產的預期信貸虧損乃根據按客戶風險水平進 行的資產分析進行估計,並採用相關風險類 型內信貸虧損的概率加權估計。信貸虧損的 概率加權估計乃基於本集團的過往信貸虧損經 驗釐定,並就債務人之特有因素、整體經濟狀 況以及於報告日期對現行及預測狀況發展方向 之評估(包括金錢時間值(如適用))作出調整。

就所有其他金融工具而言,本集團計量相等於 12個月預期信貸虧損「12個月預期信貸虧損」) 的虧損撥備,除非信貸風險自初步確認以來一 直大幅上升,則本集團確認全期預期信貸虧 損。評估應否確認全期預期信貸虧損乃視乎 自初步確認以來出現違約的可能或風險是否大 幅增加,而非金融資產於報告日期出現信貸減 值或自初步確認以來出現實際違約之證據而進 行。

全期預期信貸虧損指於金融工具的預期可使 用年期內因所有可能違約事件而產生的預期信 貸虧損。相反,12個月預期信貸虧損指預期因 報告日期後12個月內可能發生的金融工具的違 約事件而產生的全期預期信貸虧損中的一部 分。

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### 2.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (x) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

### Impairment under ECL model (Continued)

#### Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forwardlooking information that is available without undue cost or effort. Forward-looking information considered includes the future prospects of the industries in which the Group's debtors operate, obtained from financial analysts and governmental bodies, as well as consideration of various external sources of actual and forecast economic information that relate to the Group's core operations.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk for a particular financial instrument;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor;
- significant increases in credit risk on other financial instruments of the same debtor; and
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

### 2.3 主要會計政策 (續)

**(x)** 金融資產減值(續)

### 根據預期信貸虧損模式的減值(續)

信貸風險大幅上升

評估金融工具的信貸風險自初步確認以來有否 大幅上升時,本集團會比較於報告日期及於初 步確認日期的金融工具發生違約的風險。於進 行評估時,本集團認為,本集團會考慮合理可 靠的定量及定性資料,包括過往經驗及在毋 需付出不必要的成本或努力即可獲得的前瞻性 資料。所考慮的前瞻性資料包括自金融分析師 及政府機構獲取之有關本集團債務人經營所 在行業的未來前景,以及考慮獲取與本集團核 心業務相關的實際及預期經濟資料的各種外 部來源。

具體而言,評估信貸風險自初步確認以來有否 大幅上升時會考慮以下資料:

- 金融工具外部(如適用)或內部信貸評級的 實際或預期顯著惡化;
- 特定金融工具的信貸風險的外部市場指標 顯著惡化;
- 業務、財務或經濟狀況的現存或預計不利
   變動,預期會導致債務人履行其債務責任
   的能力大幅下降;
- 債務人經營業績的實際或預期顯著惡化;
- 同一債務人的其他金融工具的信貸風險大 幅增加;及
- 債務人的監管、經濟或技術環境實際或預 期出現重大不利變動而導致債務人履行其 債務責任的能力大幅下降。

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### 2.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (x) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

### Impairment under ECL model (Continued)

### Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrate otherwise.

Despite the foregoing, the Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date.

A financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk if (i) the financial instrument has a low risk of default (i.e. no default history); (ii) the borrower has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term; and (iii) adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations. The Group considers a financial instrument to have low credit risk when it has internal or external credit rating of "investment grade" as per globally understood definition.

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

### Definition of default

The Group considers the following as constituting an event of default for internal credit risk management purposes as historical experience indicates that receivables that meet either of the following criteria are generally not recoverable:

 when there is a breach of financial covenants by the counterparty; or

- 2.3 主要會計政策(續)
  - (x) 金融資產減值(續)

### 根據預期信貸虧損模式的減值(續)

信貸風險大幅上升(續)

不論上述評估的結果如何,本集團假設當合約 付款超逾30天時,金融資產的信貸風險自初 步確認以來已大幅增加,除非本集團有合理有 據的資料顯示並非如此則作別論。

儘管如此,本集團假設倘金融工具於報告日期 釐定為信貸風險偏低,則金融工具的信貸風 險自初步確認以來並無大幅增加。

倘(i)金融工具的違約風險較低(即無違約記錄); (ii)借款人具有於短期內履行其合約現金流量責 任的強勁實力;及(iii)經濟及業務狀況的長期不 利變動或會但未必會削弱借款人履行其合約現 金流量責任的能力,則釐定金融工具的信貸風 險偏低。當金融工具具有環球公認內部或外部 「投資級別」信貸評級,則本集團認為金融工具 的信貸風險偏低。

本集團定期監察用以確定信貸風險曾否顯著增 加的標準的成效,並於適當時候作出修訂,從 而確保有關標準能夠於款項逾期前確定信貸 風險顯著增加。

### 違約的定義

由於過往經驗表明,符合以下任何一項標準的 應收賬款一般不可收回,故本集團認為就內部 信貸風險管理而言,下列情況構成違約事件:

— 對手方違反財務契諾;或

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### 2.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (x) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

### Impairment under ECL model (Continued)

### Definition of default (Continued)

 information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above analysis, the Group also considers that default has occurred when the instrument is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

### Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the counterparty;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- the lender(s) of the counterparty, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the counterparty's financial difficulty, having granted to the counterparty a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;
- it is becoming probable that the counterparty will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

- 2.3 主要會計政策 (續)
  - (x) 金融資產減值(續)

## 根據預期信貸虧損模式的減值(續)

- 違約的定義(續)
- 內部產生或獲取自外部來源的資料表明債
   務人不太可能向其債權人(包括本集團)全額
   償付(未計及本集團持有的任何抵押品)。

不論上述分析結果如何,倘工具逾期超過90 日,則本集團亦認為發生違約事件,除非本集 團有能説明更寬鬆的違約標準更為合適的合 理可靠資料,則作別論。

### 信貸減值金融資產

倘發生對金融資產的估計未來現金流量有不 利影響的一項或多項違約事件,則該金融資產 出現信貸減值。金融資產出現信貸減值的證 據包括有關下列事件的可觀察數據:

- 發行人或對手方出現重大財務困難;
- 一違反合約,如違約或逾期事件;
- 對手方的貸款人因有關對手方財務困難的
   經濟或合約原因向對手方授出貸款人將不
   會另作考慮的特權:
- 一 對手方可能面臨破產或進行其他財務重 組;或
- 因財務困難而導致金融資產而從活躍市場 消失。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

### 2.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (x) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

### Impairment under ECL model (Continued)

#### Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, e.g. when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or in the case of trade and loan receivables, when the amounts are past due over two years, whichever is earlier. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. Any recoveries made are recognised directly in profit or loss.

### Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward looking information as described above. As for the exposure at default, for financial assets, this is represented by the assets' gross carrying amount at the end of each reporting period.

For financial assets, the ECL is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

Where lifetime ECL is measured to cater for cases where evidence of significant increase in credit risk at the individual instrument level may not yet be available. The financial instruments are grouped on the following basis:

- Nature of financial instruments;
- Past-due status;
- Nature, size and industry of debtors; and
- External credit ratings where available.

### 2.3 主要會計政策 (續)

(x) 金融資產減值(續)

### **根據預期信貸虧損模式的減值(續)** 撇銷政策

當有資料顯示對手方有嚴重財政困難,且並無 收回可能性(例如對手方遭清盤或已進入破產 程序),或當有關金額逾期超過兩年(就貿易應 收賬款及應收貸款而言)(以較早者為準),本集 團會撇銷有關的金融資產。對於已撇銷的金 融資產仍然會執行本集團的收回程序,如有需 要亦會考慮法律意見。任何收回的金額會直接 在損益確認。

### 計量及確認預期信貸虧損

計量預期信貸虧損為違約概率、違約損失率 程度(即倘發生違約的損失程度)及違約風險的 函數。違約概率及違約損失率程度的評估根 據經上文所述前瞻性資料調整的歷史數據作 出。金融資產的違約風險乃由資產於各報告期 末的總賬面值表示。

金融資產的預期信貸虧損估計為根據合約應 付本集團的所有合約現金流量與本集團預期將 收取的所有現金流量之間的差額,並按原實際 利率貼現。

倘為應對可能未有獲得個別工具層面的信貸 風險大幅增加的情況而計量全期預期信貸虧 損,則金融工具按以下基準分組:

- 金融工具的性質;
- 逾期狀況;
- \_ 債務人的性質、規模及行業;及
- 外部信貸評級(如有)。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

### 2.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (x) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

### Impairment under ECL model (Continued)

### Measurement and recognition of ECL (Continued)

The grouping is regularly reviewed by management to ensure the constituents of each group continue to share similar credit risk characteristics.

If the Group has measured the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to lifetime ECL in the previous reporting period, but determines at the current reporting date that the conditions for lifetime ECL are no longer met, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12m ECL at the current reporting date, except for assets for which simplified approach was used.

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in the profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

### (y) Discontinued operations

A discontinued operation is a component of the Group (i.e. the operations and cash flows of which can be clearly distinguished from the rest of the Group) that either has been disposed of, or is classified as held for sale, and which represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, or is part of a single co-ordinated plan to dispose of a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, or is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale.

Classification as a discontinued operation occurs upon disposal or when the component meets the criteria to be classified as held for sale in accordance with HKFRS 5, if earlier. It also occurs when the component is abandoned.

### 2.3 主要會計政策 (續)

### (x) 金融資產減值(續)

### 根據預期信貸虧損模式的減值(續)

*計量及確認預期信貸虧損(續)* 管理層定期審閱分組,以確保各組別的組成部 分繼續擁有類似的信貸風險特徵。

倘本集團於之前報告期按相等於全期預期信 貸虧損之金額計量金融工具的虧損撥備,但 於當前報告日期確定不再符合全期預期信貸 虧損之條件,則本集團於當前報告日期按相等 於12個月預期信貸虧損的金額計量虧損撥備, 惟採用簡化法之資產除外。

本集團於損益確認所有金融工具的減值收益 或虧損,並透過虧損撥備賬相應調整其賬面 值,惟按公平值計入其他全面收益計量之債務 工具投資除外,其虧損撥備於其他全面收益中 確認並於投資重估儲備中累計而不會減少財 務狀況表中金融資產之賬面值。

### (y) 終止經營

終止經營為已被處置或劃歸為持有待售之本集 團組成部分,即其經營業務及現金流量可與本 集團之其他部分清楚區分,且其代表一項單獨 主要業務線或經營地區,或為單一協調計劃處 置一項單獨主要業務線或經營地區之部分,或 為收購專門帶有轉售目的之附屬公司。

於處置或根據國際財務報告準則第5號組成部 分符合劃歸為持有待售之標準時(以較早者為 準),劃歸為終止經營情況發生。該情況亦於 組成部分被終止或將被終止時發生。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

### 2.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (y) Discontinued operations (Continued)

When an operation is classified as discontinued, a single amount is presented in the statement of profit or loss, which comprises:

- The post-tax profit or loss of the discontinued operation; and
- The post-tax gain or loss recognised on the measurement to fair value less costs to sell, or on the disposal, of the assets or disposal group constituting the discontinued operation.

### (z) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditures expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or nonoccurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow is remote.

### 2.3 主要會計政策(續)

**(y)** 終止經營(續)

當經營被劃歸為終止時,則於損益表呈列單一 金額,其包括:

- 終止經營之除税後損益;及
- 計量構成終止經營之資產或處置組合之公 允價值減處置費用或處置該等資產或組合
   時確認之除税後收益或虧損。

### (z) 撥備及或然負債

當本集團因已發生的事件須承擔現有法定或 推定責任,而解除責任有可能導致經濟利益流 出,並可作出可靠估計的情況下,須對該等時 間或金額不確定之負債確認撥備。倘金錢時 間價值重大,則撥備之金額乃按預期用於解 除該責任之支出之現值列賬。

倘需要流出經濟利益的機會不大,或金額無法 可靠估計,則責任乃披露為或然負債,除非經 濟利益流出之可能性極低則另作別論。潛在責 任,即是否存在將取決於日後是否會發生一宗 或多宗事件,除非流出之可能性極低,否則該 等負債亦披露為或然負債。

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### 2.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (aa) Related parties

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the Group.

- (A) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
  - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Company or of a parent of the Company.
- (B) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
  - (i) The entity and the Company are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
  - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
  - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
  - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
  - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group. If the Group is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the Group.
  - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (A).
  - (vii) A person identified in (A)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

### 2.3 主要會計政策 (續)

### (aa)關連方

關連方乃與本集團有關連之人士或實體。

- (A) 倘屬以下人士,即該人士或該人士家庭近 親成員與本集團有關連:
  - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團;
  - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響;或
  - (iii) 為本公司或本公司母公司的主要管理 層成員。
- (B) 倘符合下列任何條件,即實體與本集團有 關連:
  - (i) 該實體與本公司屬同一集團之成員公司(即各母公司、附屬公司及同系附屬公司彼此間有關連)。
  - (ii) 一間實體為另一實體的聯營公司或合營企業(或另一實體為成員公司之集團旗下成員公司之聯營公司或合營企業)。
  - (iii) 兩間實體均為同一第三方的合營企業。
  - (iv) 一間實體為第三方實體的合營企業, 而另一實體為該第三方實體的聯營公 司。
  - (v) 實體為本集團或與本集團有關連之實 體就僱員福利設立的離職福利計劃。 倘本集團本身便是該計劃,提供資助 的僱主亦與本集團有關連。
  - (vi) 寘體受(A)所識別人士控制或共同控制。
  - (vii) 於附註(A)(i)所識別人士對實體有重大 影響力或屬該實體(或該實體的母公 司)主要管理層成員。

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For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

### 2.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (aa) Related parties (Continued)

- (B) (Continued)
  - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Company or to a parent of the Company.

### (ab)Share-based payments

The Company operates a share option scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Employees (including directors) of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share-based payments, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments ("equity-settled transactions").

The cost of equity-settled transactions with employees for grants after 7 November 2002 is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by an external valuer using a binomial model, further details of which are given in note 31 to the financial statements.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised in employee benefit expense, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at the end of each reporting period until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The charge or credit to the statement of profit or loss for a period represents the movement in the cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period.

Service and non-market performance conditions are not taken into account when determining the grant date fair value of awards, but the likelihood of the conditions being met is assessed as part of the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. Market performance conditions are reflected within the grant date fair value. Any other conditions attached to an award, but without an associated service requirement, are considered to be non-vesting conditions. Non-vesting conditions are reflected in the fair value of an award and lead to an immediate expensing of an award unless there are also service and/or performance conditions.

### 2.3 主要會計政策 (續)

### (aa) 關連方(續)

- **(B)**(續)
  - (viii) 該實體,或其所屬集團之任何成員, 向本公司或本公司之母公司提供主要 管理層服務。

### (ab)以股份為基礎的付款

本公司實施購股權計劃,目的乃為本集團業務 成功作出貢獻的合資格參與者提供激勵及獎 勵。本集團僱員(包括董事)通過以股份為基礎 的付款的形式取得薪酬,據此僱員提供服務 作為權益工具的代價(「以股本結算的交易」)。

就於二零零二年十一月七日後授出的購股權而 言,與僱員的以股本結算的交易成本乃參考授 出日期的公平值計量。公平值乃由外部估值師 採用二項式模型釐定,有關進一步詳情載於財 務報表附註31。

在滿足表現及/或服務條件之期間,於僱員福 利開支確認以股本結算的交易成本連同權益 之相應升幅。在各報告期末至歸屬日期就以股 本結算的交易確認之累計開支反映歸屬期屆 滿之程度及本集團對最終歸屬之權益工具數量 的最佳估計。於期內損益表扣除或計入之金額 指於期初及期末確認之累計開支變動。

釐定獎勵之授出日公平值並不考慮服務及非市 場表現條件,惟能達成條件之可能性則被評定 為將最終歸屬為本集團權益工具數目之最佳估 計之一部分。市場表現條件將反映在授出日之 公平值。附帶於獎勵中但並無相關服務要求之 其他任何條件皆視為非歸屬條件。非歸屬條 件反映於獎勵之公平值,除非同時具服務及/ 或表現條件,否則獎勵即時支銷。

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### 2.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### (ab)Share-based payments (Continued)

For awards that do not ultimately vest because non-market performance and/or service conditions have not been met, no expense is recognised. Where awards include a market or non-vesting condition, the transactions are treated as vesting irrespective of whether the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied.

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. In addition, an expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payments, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately. This includes any award where non-vesting conditions within the control of either the Group or the employee are not met. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and is designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of earnings per share.

### (ac) Events after the reporting period

Events after the reporting period that provide additional information about the Group's position at the end of the reporting period or those that indicate the going concern assumption is not appropriate are adjusting events and are reflected in the consolidated financial statements. Events after the reporting period that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements when material.

### 2.3 主要會計政策(續)

### (ab)以股份為基礎的付款(續)

因未能達至非市場表現及/或服務條件,而導 致最終並無歸屬之獎勵並不會確認支銷,惟包 括一項市場或非歸屬條件之獎勵,無論市場或 非歸屬條件是否達成,其均會被視為已歸屬, 前提是所有其他表現及/或服務條件須已達 成。

當股本結算獎勵之條款修改時,倘符合有關獎 勵之原有條款,最低開支按條款並無修改來 確認。此外,就增加以股份為基礎的付款之公 平值總額或對僱員有利之修改而言,按修改日 期之計算確認開支。

當股本結算獎勵註銷時,會視作已於註銷當日 歸屬,而該獎勵尚未確認之任何開支會即時確 認。其中包括未能符合本集團或僱員控制的非 歸屬條件的任何獎勵。然而,倘有一項新獎勵 替代註銷之獎勵,並指定為授出當日之替代獎 勵,則該項註銷及新獎勵會如上段所述被視 為原有獎勵之修改處理。

計算每股盈利時,未行使購股權之攤薄影響反 映為額外股份攤薄。

### (ac)報告期後事項

為本集團於報告期末狀況提供額外資料或顯 示持續經營假設並不適合之報告期後事件均屬 於調整事項,於綜合財務報表內反映。並非屬 調整事件之報告期後事件如屬重大,則於綜合 財務報表附註中披露。

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### 3. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES

### Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

In the process of applying the accounting policies, the directors have made the following judgements that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements (apart from those involving estimations, which are dealt with below).

### (a) Principal versus agent consideration (principal)

The Group engaged in growing, processing and trading of agricultural, seafood and meat produce. The Group concluded that it acts as the principal for such transactions as it controls the specified good before such good is transferred to the customer after taking into consideration indicators such as the Group is primarily responsible for fulfilling the promise to provide the goods. The Group has inventory risk and identified material which satisfy the requirement of customers, performing quality check, etc. for such transactions. When the Group satisfies the performance obligation, the Group recognises trading revenue in the gross amount of consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled as specified in the contracts.

#### (b) Significant increase in credit risk

ECL are measured as an allowance equal to 12m ECL for stage 1 assets, or lifetime ECL for stage 2 or stage 3 assets. An asset moves to stage 2 when its credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. HKFRS 9 does not define what constitutes a significant increase in credit risk. In assessing whether the credit risk of an asset has significantly increased the Group takes into account qualitative and quantitative reasonable and supportable forward looking information.

### Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below. 3. 重要判斷及主要估計

#### 應用會計政策的重要判斷

於應用會計政策過程中,董事已作出以下對綜合 財務報表中所確認金額具有重大影響的判斷(在下 文處理涉及估計的判斷除外)。

### (a) 主事人與代理人之考慮(主事人)

本集團於「農業及肉製品業務」分部從事種植、 加工及買賣農產品、海產及肉製品。本集團 認為,考慮到本集團主要負責履行提供商品之 承諾等指標,於有關商品轉移至客戶前,本集 團對其擁有控制權,因此本集團為有關交易之 主事人。本集團承擔存貨風險,並確認符合客 戶要求之材料,對有關交易進行品質檢查等事 項。倘本集團滿足履約義務,本集團將於合約 規定本集團預計有權獲得的代價總額中確認貿 易收入。

### (b) 信貸風險大幅上升

預期信貸虧損就第1階段資產按相等於12個月 預期信貸虧損的撥備計量,或就第2階段或第 3階段資產按全期預期信貸虧損的撥備計量。 資產在其信貸風險自初步確認以來顯著增加 時轉入第2階段。香港財務報告準則第9號並無 界定構成信貸風險顯著增加的因素。於評估資 產的信貸風險是否顯著增加時,本集團會考慮 定性及定量的合理且有依據的前瞻性資料。

### 估計不確定因素主要來源

以下為報告期末有關未來主要假設及估計不確定 因素的其他主要來源。該等假設及來源具有導致 對下一財政年度的資產及負債的賬面值作出大幅調 整的重大風險。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 3. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES (Continued)

### Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

#### (a) Impairment of trade and other receivables

The management of the Group estimates the amount of impairment loss for ECL on trade and other receivables based on the credit risk of trade and other receivables. The amount of the impairment loss based on ECL model is measured as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition. Where the future cash flows are less than expected, or being revised downward due to changes in facts and circumstances, a material impairment loss may arise.

As at 31 December 2022, the carrying amount of trade and other receivables were approximately HK\$745,649,000 (2021: HK\$517,929,000).

# *(b) Impairment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets*

Property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets are stated at costs less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. In determining whether an asset is impaired, the Group has to exercise judgment and make estimation, particularly in assessing: (1) whether an event has occurred or any indicators that may affect the asset value; (2) whether the carrying value of an asset can be supported by the recoverable amount, in the case of value in use, the net present value of future cash flows which are estimated based upon the continued use of the asset; and (3) the appropriate key assumptions to be applied in estimating the recoverable amounts including cash flow projections and an appropriate discount rate. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset (including right-of-use assets), the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the assets belongs. Changing the assumptions and estimates, including the discount rates or the growth rate in the cash flow projections, could materially affect the net present value used in the impairment test.

The carrying amount of property, plant and equipment and rightof-use assets as at 31 December 2022 were approximately HK\$35,646,000 (2021: HK\$52,809,000) and HK\$7,678,000 (2021: HK\$31,058,000) respectively.

### 3. 重要判斷及主要估計(續)

### 估計不確定因素主要來源(續)

### (a) 貿易及其他應收賬款減值

本集團管理層根據貿易及其他應收賬款的信 貸風險估計貿易及其他應收賬款的預期信貸 虧損的減值虧損金額。基於預期信貸虧損模 式的減值虧損金額乃根據合約中應付本集團 之所有合約現金流量及本集團預計收取的所有 現金流量(以初步確認時釐定之實際利率貼現) 之差額估計。倘未來現金流量低於預期,或 因事實及情況變動導致向下調整,則可能會產 生重大減值虧損。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,貿易及其他應 收賬款的賬面值分別約為745,649,000港元(二 零二一年:517,929,000港元)。

### (b) 物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產減值

物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產乃按成本 減累計折舊及減值(如有)入賬。於釐定資產是 否減值時,本集團須行使判斷及作出估計,特 別是於評估:(1)有否發生可能影響資產價值之 事件或任何跡象:(2)資產賬面值是否能夠以可 收回金額(如為使用價值)支持,即按照持續使 用資產估計的未來現金流量的淨現值;及(3)估 計可收回金額時採用之適當主要假設(包括現 金流量預測及適當貼現率)。當無法估計單項 資產(包括使用權資產)的可收回金額時,本集 團會估計資產所屬之現金產生單元的可收回金 額。改變假設及估計(包括現金流量預測中之 貼現率或增長率)可能對減值測試中使用之現 值淨額產生重大影響。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,物業、廠房 及設備以及使用權資產的賬面值分別約為 35,646,000港元(二零二一年:52,809,000港元) 及7,678,000港元(二零二一年:31,058,000港 元)。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 3. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES (Continued)

#### Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

#### (c) Impairment of inventories

The Group makes provision for inventories based on an assessment of the net realisable value of inventories. Allowances are applied to inventories where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the net realisable value is lower than the cost of inventories. The identification of slow-moving stock and obsolete inventories requires the use of judgement and estimates on the conditions and usefulness of the inventories.

The carrying amount of inventories as at 31 December 2022 were approximately HK\$18,842,000 (2021: HK\$22,965,000).

### 4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: foreign exchange risk, credit risk, interest rate risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. The Board reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

### (a) Foreign exchange risk

The Group has minimal exposure to foreign currency risk as most of the business transactions, assets and liabilities of the Group's entities are principally denominated in their respective functional currencies.

The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy in respect of foreign currency transactions, assets and liabilities. The Group will monitor its foreign currency exposure closely and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

### 3. 重要判斷及主要估計(續)

### 估計不確定因素主要來源(續)

### (c) 存貨減值

本集團根據對存貨可變現淨值的評估計提存 貨撥備。倘有事件或環境變化顯示存貨可變 現淨值低於存貨成本,則須對存貨計提撥備。 認定滯銷及陳舊存貨須對存貨狀況及是否可 用進行判斷及估計。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,存貨賬面值約 為18,842,000港元(二零二一年:22,965,000港 元)。

### 4. 財務風險因素

本集團之業務使其須面對多種財務風險:外匯風 險、信貸風險、利率風險及流動資金風險。本集團 之整體風險管理計劃集中於金融市場之不可預測 性,並務求盡量減低可能對本集團財務表現構成之 不利影響。董事會檢討及議定管理各項風險的政 策,其概述如下。

### (a) 外匯風險

由於本集團實體的大部分業務交易、資產及負 債主要以其各自的功能貨幣計值,故本集團面 對的外幣風險甚微。

本集團現時並無有關外幣交易、資產及負債的 外幣對沖政策。本集團將會密切監察其外幣風 險,並會在有需要時考慮對沖重大外幣風險。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

### (b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Group is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade and other receivables and loan receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions. The Group's exposure to credit risk arising from pledged bank deposits and bank balances are limited because the counterparties are banks and financial institutions with high credit-rating assigned by international credit-rating agencies, for which the Group considers to have low credit risk.

The Group does not provide any financial guarantees which would expose the Group to credit risk.

The carrying amounts of trade and other receivables, loan receivables, pledged bank deposits and bank balances included in the statement of financial position represents the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to the Group's financial assets.

4. 財務風險因素 (續)

### (b) 信貸風險

信貸風險乃指因對手方將不會履行金融工具或 客戶合約項下的責任而導致財務損失的風險。 本集團面對來自其經營活動(主要為貿易及其 他應收賬款及應收貸款)及融資活動(包括銀行 及金融機構存款)的信貸風險。由於對手方均 為獲國際信貸評級機構給予高信貸評級的銀 行及金融機構,本集團認為信貸風險甚低,因 此本集團來自已抵押銀行存款及銀行結餘的 信貸風險有限。

本集團並無提供任何可能使本集團面臨信貸 風險的財務擔保。

計入財務狀況表之貿易及其他應收賬款、應收 貸款、已抵押銀行存款及銀行結餘之賬面值乃 本集團面臨有關本集團金融資產的最大信貸 風險。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

### (b) Credit risk (Continued)

The Group's current credit risk grading framework comprises the following categories:

### 4. 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

本集團當前之信貸風險評級框架包括以下各 類:

Internal credit rating 內部信貸評級	Description 説明	Basis of recognising ECL 確認預期信貸虧損之基準	
		Trade receivables	Other receivables/
		貿易應收款項	loan receivables 其他應收款項/應收 貸款
Low risk	The counterparty has a low risk of default and does not have any past-due amounts	Lifetime ECL	12-month ECL
低風險	交易對方之違約風險低・且並無任何逾期款項	全期預期信貸虧損	12個月預期信貸虧損
Watch list 觀察名單	Debtor frequently repays after due dates but usually settle in full 債務人頻繁逾期還款但通常悉數結清	Lifetime ECL 全期預期信貸虧損	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損
Doubtful	There have been significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition through information developed internally or external resources	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL — not credit impaired
呆賬	根據內部生成資料或外部資料,信貸風險自初始確認以來 顯著增加	全期預期信貸虧損	全期預期信貸虧損— 無信貸減值
Loss	There is a evidence indicating the asset is credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL — credit impaired
虧損	有證據顯示資產出現信貸減值	全期預期信貸虧損	全期預期信貸虧損— 信貸減值
Write-off	There is evidence indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and the Group has no realistic prospect of recovery	Amount is written off	Amount is written off
撇銷	有證據顯示債務人陷入嚴重財務困難且本集團現實無收回 款項之可能	撇銷款項	撇銷款項

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

### (b) Credit risk (Continued)

### 4. 財務風險因素(續)

### (b) 信貸風險(續)

The table below detail the credit risk exposures of the Group's financial assets which are subject to ECL assessments:

下表顯示本集團金融資產之信貸風險詳情,須 根據預期信貸虧損評估:

				2022 二零二二年 Gross carrying amount 總賬面值	2021 二零二一年 Gross carrying amount 總賬面值
	Notes	Basis of recognising ECL	Internal credit rating 內部信貸	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	附註	確認預期信貸虧損之基準	評級	千港元	千港元
Financial assets at amortised cost: 按攤銷成本計量之金融資產:					
Other non-current assets	19	12-month ECL (not credit-impaired and assessed individually)	Low risk	-	775
其他非流動資產	19	12個月預期信貸虧損(無信貸減值及個別評估)	低風險		
<b>Trade and bills receivables</b> 貿易應收賬款	21 21	Lifetime ECL 全期預期信貸虧損	<b>Low risk</b> 低風險	385,916	429,979
	21 21	Lifetime ECL 全期預期信貸虧損	Loss 虧損	36,253	_
	21	土别识别临其胤识	<i>惟</i> 〕 (只		
Other receivables	21	12-month ECL (not credit-impaired and assessed individually)	Low risk	331,391	77,351
其他應收賬款	21	12個月預期信貸虧損(無信貸減值及個別評估) Lifetime ECL (credit-impaired and assessed individually) 全期預期信貸虧損(信貸減值及個別評估)	低風險 Loss 虧損	119	8,139
Deposits	21	12-month ECL (not credit-impaired and assessed individually)	Low risk	44,657	30,530
按金	21	12個月預期信貸虧損(無信貸減值及個別評估)	低風險		
Loan receivables	22	12-month ECL (not credit-impaired and assessed individually)	Low risk	-	12,995
應收貸款	22	12個月預期信貸虧損(無信貸減值及個別評估)	低風險 Watch list		220 225
		Lifetime ECL (not credit-impaired and assessed individually)	Water ist	_	320,325
		全期預期信貸虧損(無信貸減值及個別評估)	觀察名單		
Pledged bank balances	23	12-month ECL (not credit-impaired and assessed individually)	Low risk	64,539	77,756
已抵押銀行結餘	23	12個月預期信貸虧損(無信貸減值及個別評估)	低風險		
Bank balances	23	12-month ECL (not credit-impaired and assessed individually)	Low risk	9,288	142,823
銀行結餘	23	12個月預期信貸虧損(無信貸減值及個別評估)	低風險		

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

### (b) Credit risk (Continued)

### Other non-current assets

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's other non-current assets represent deposits placed with the exchanges and clearing houses in relation to the Group's securities brokerage business. The Group's exposure to credit risk arising from such deposits is limited because the counterparties are organisation with high credit-rating assigned by international crediting-rating agencies.

### Trade receivables

The Group has policies in place to ensure that sales are made to customers with an appropriate credit history. The credit quality of the counterparties in respect of trade receivables is assessed by taking into account their financial position, credit history and other factors. Given the constant repayment history, the directors are of the opinion that the risk of default by these counterparties is low.

The Group has limited concentration of credit risk as it has a large number of customers.

Customer credit risk is managed by each business unit subject to the Group's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Individual credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount. These evaluations focus on the customer's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customer as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customer operates. Trade receivable are generally due within 60 days from the date of billing. Debtors with balances that are more than 1 month past due are requested to settle all outstanding balances before any further credit is granted. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from customers.

The Group measures loss allowances for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs. As the Group's historical credit loss experience does not indicate significantly different loss patterns for different customer segments, the loss allowance based on past due status is not further distinguished between the Group's different customer bases.

- 4. 財務風險因素(續)
  - (b) 信貸風險(續)
    其他非流動資產

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團之其他 非流動資產指就本集團證券經紀業務存放於 交易所及結算所之按金。由於對手方均為獲國 際信貸評級機構給予高信貸評級的機構,因 此本集團來自按金的信貸風險有限。

### 貿易應收賬款

本集團已製定政策以確保向具有良好信貸記 錄之客戶進行銷售。有關貿易應收賬款之交易 對手的信貸質素在通過考慮其財務狀況、信貸 記錄及其他因素進行評估。鑑於持續還款記錄,董事認為該等交易對手違約之風險較低。

由於本集團擁有大量客戶,因此集中信貸風險 有限。

客戶信貸風險由各業務單位管理,並按照本集 團既定之客戶信貸風險管理政策、程序及監 控所規限。本集團會對所有要求超過若干信貸 金額之客戶進行個別信貸評估。該等評估集 中於客戶過往於賬項到期時之還款記錄及目前 之還款能力,並考慮客戶之特定資料以及有關 客戶所營運經濟環境之資料。貿易應收賬款一 般自發票日期起計60天內到期。結欠逾期一個 月以上之債務人會被要求在授予任何進一步信 貸前清還所有未償還結餘。本集團一般不會向 客戶收取抵押品。

本集團以等同全期預期信貸虧損之金額計量 貿易應收賬款之虧損撥備。由於本集團過往之 信貸虧損經驗並無顯示不同客戶分部之虧損模 式存有重大差異,因此基於逾期狀況的虧損 撥備並沒有進一步區分本集團不同客戶群。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

### (b) Credit risk (Continued)

### Trade receivables (Continued)

### 4. 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續) *貿易應收賬款(續)* 

The following table provides information about the Group's exposure to credit risk and ECLs for trade and bills receivables as at the end of the reporting period:

下表提供於報告期末本集團就貿易應收賬款 所面臨之信貸風險及預期信貸虧損之資料:

		<b>2022</b> 二零二二年			
		Expected loss rate 預期虧損率 % %	Gross carrying amount 總賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 HK\$'000 千港元	Carrying amount 總賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元
Bills receivables	應收票據	0%	10,519		10,519
Trade receivables Current (not past due) Less than 60 days past	貿易應收賬款 即期(未逾期) 逾期少於 <b>60</b> 天	0.71%	238,101	(1,696)	236,405
due		1.39%	64,457	(894)	63,563
Over 60 days past due Credit impaired	逾期 <b>60</b> 天以上 信貸減值	13.55% 100%	72,839 36,253	(9,871) (36,253)	62,968 —
			422,169	(48,714)	373,455

		2021 二零二一年			
		Expected	Expected Gross carrying Loss (		
		loss rate	amount	allowance	amount
		預期虧損率	總賬面值	虧損撥備	總賬面值
		%	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		%	千港元	千港元	千港元
Trade receivables Current (not past due)	貿易應收賬款 即期(未逾期)	0.34%	90.758	(309)	90,449
Less than 60 days past	逾期少於60天	0.0170	00,100	(000)	00,110
due		1.04%	94,992	(986)	94,006
Over 60 days past due	逾期60天以上	6.45%	244,229	(15,762)	228,467
			429,979	(17,057)	412,922

Expected loss rates are based on background and ageing of the receivables. These rates are adjusted to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historic data has been collected, current conditions and the Group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables. 預期虧損率乃按應收賬款之背景及賬齡計算。 該等比率乃經調整,以反映收集歷史數據期間 的經濟狀況、目前狀況以及本集團對應收款項 之預期年期期間經濟狀況之看法的差異。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

### (b) Credit risk (Continued)

### Other receivables and deposits

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date by considering the probability of default. Expected credit losses are estimated by applying general approach with reference to the historical loss record of the Group. The loss rate is adjusted to reflect the current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions, as appropriate.

The following table provides information about the Group's exposure to credit risk and ECLs for other receivables as at 31 December 2022:

- 4. 財務風險因素 (續)
  - (b) 信貸風險(續) *其他應收賬款及按金*

減值分析於各報告日經考慮違約之可能性後進 行。預期信貸虧損乃參考本集團過往虧損記 錄應用一般方法估計。虧損率經調整以反映 當前狀況及預測未來經濟狀況(如適用)。

下表載列有關本集團於二零二二年十二月三十一 日就其他應收賬款所面臨之信貸風險及預期 信貸虧損之資料:

		<b>2022</b> 二零二二年		
		Gross carrying amount 總賬面值 HK\$'000	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 HK\$'000	Net carrying amount 賬面淨值 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
12-month ECL, not credit impaired	12個月預期信貸虧損, 無信貸減值	331,391	(2,321)	329,070
Lifetime ECL, credit impaired	全期預期信貸虧損, 信貸減值	119	(119)	
		331,510	(2,440)	329,070

		<b>2021</b> 二零二一年		
		Gross carrying	Loss	Net carrying
		amount	allowance	amount
		總賬面值	虧損撥備	賬面淨值
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
12-month ECL, not credit impaired	12個月預期信貸虧損,			
	無信貸減值	77,351	(874)	76,477
Lifetime ECL, credit impaired	全期預期信貸虧損,			
	信貸減值	8,139	(8,139)	
		85,490	(9,013)	76,477
Approximately HK\$8,000,000 (2021:	Nil) of other receivables	於截至二零	二二年十二月三十	一日止年度,

Approximately HK\$8,000,000 (2021: Nil) of other receivables transferred from lifetime ECL to 12-month ECL during the year ended 31 December 2022.

於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,其他應收賬款約8,000,000港元(二零二一年:無)從終身預期信貸虧損轉至12個月預期信貸虧損。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

### (b) Credit risk (Continued)

### Other receivables and deposits (Continued)

The following table provides information about the Group's exposure to credit risk and ECLs for deposits as at 31 December 2022:

### 4. 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

### 其他應收賬款及按金(續)

下表載列有關本集團於二零二二年十二月三十一 日就按金所面臨之信貸風險及預期信貸虧損 之資料:

		<b>2022</b> 二零二二年		
		Gross carrying amount	Loss allowance	Net carrying amount 賬面淨值 HK\$'000
		總賬面值	虧損撥備	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	千港元
12-month ECL, not credit impaired	12個月預期信貸虧損,			
	無信貸減值	44,657	(1,533)	43,124
			<b>2021</b> 二零二一年	
		Gross carrying	Loss	Net carrying
		amount	allowance	amoun
		總賬面值	虧損撥備	賬面淨值
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
12-month ECL, not credit impaired	<b>12</b> 個月預期信貸虧損,			
	無信貸減值	30,530	(2,000)	28,530
Loan receivables		應收貸款		
The Group has adopted internal contro	ol procedures to mitigate	本集團已採	納內部監控程式,	通過評估借款。

The Group has adopted internal control procedures to mitigate credit risk by evaluation of creditability of the borrowers, including reviewing the properties owned by the borrowers and performing searches for their individual indebtedness records. The Group held no collateral for the loans receivables.

本集團已採納內部監控程式,通過評估借款人 之信用度(包括審查借款人所擁有之物業及搜 尋彼等之個人債務記錄)來減低信貸風險。本 集團並無就應收貸款持有抵押品。

#### 綜合財務報表附註

**For the year ended 31 December 2022** 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (b) Credit risk (Continued)

#### Loan receivables (Continued)

Management has overall responsibility for the Group's credit policies and oversees the credit quality of the Group's loan portfolio. In addition, management reviews the recoverable amount of loan receivables individually at each reporting date to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. The determination of ECL on loan receivables involve a number of key parameters and assumptions, including the classification of loss stages, estimation of probability of default, loss given default, adjustments for forward-looking information and other adjusting factors.

The credit quality classification of loan receivables and the respective ECL amounts are set out in the table below:

#### 4. 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續) *應收貸款(續)* 

> 管理層全面負責本集團之信貸政策,並監督本 集團貸款組合之信貸質素。此外,管理層於各 報告日期個別審閱應收貸款之可收回金額,以 確保就不可收回金額作出足夠減值虧損。釐定 應收貸款之預期信貸虧損涉及若干關鍵參數 及假設,包括虧損階段分類、違約慨率估計、 違約損失率情度、對前瞻性資料之調整及其他 調整因素。

> 應收貸款之信用質量分類及相關的預期信用 虧損金額載列於下表:

		Stage 1 12-month ECL	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL — not credit impaired 第2階段	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL — credit impaired 第3階段	Total
		第1階段	全期預期	全期預期	
		12個月預期	信貸虧損—	信貸虧損—	
		信貸虧損	無信貸減值	信貸減值	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
As at 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月 三十一日				
Gross carrying amount	■ <b>□</b> □ <b>□</b> ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■	12,995	320,325	_	333,320
Weighted average expected loss rate	加權平均預期虧損率	1.92%	9.56%	N/A不適用	N/A不適用
Loss allowance	虧損撥備	(250)	(30,619)	_	(30,869)

The Group's money lending business was disposed of during the year ended 31 December 2022. As at 31 December 2022, the balance of loan receivables is nil. 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本公 司之放債業務已出售。於二零二二年十二月 三十一日,應收貸款結餘為零。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (c) Interest rate risk

The Group's loan receivables, convertible bonds, bonds, promissory notes and bank and other borrowings bear interests at fixed interest rates and therefore are subject to fair value interest rate risks.

The Group's exposure to cash flow interest-rate risk arises from its bank deposits. These bank deposits bear interests at floating rates varied with the then prevailing market condition.

Except as stated above, the Group does not have other significant interest-bearing assets and liabilities at the end of reporting period, its income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates.

#### (d) Liquidity risk

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

The maturity analysis based on contractual undiscounted cash flows of the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities is as follows:

#### 4. 財務風險因素 (續)

#### (c) 利率風險

本集團之應收貸款、可換股債券、債券、承兑 票據以及銀行及其他借款按固定利率計息,故 須承受公允值利率風險。

本集團面對之現金流利率風險主要來自其銀行 存款。該等銀行存款按根據當時市場狀況變 動之浮動利率計息。

除上文所述者外,於報告期末本集團並無任何 其他重大計息資產及負債,其收入及經營現金 流量大致上獨立於市場利率變動。

#### (d) 流動資金風險

本集團之政策是定期監控現時及預期流動資 金需要,以確保維持足夠現金儲備,從而滿足 短期及長期之流動資金需要。

根據本集團非衍生金融負債之合約未貼現現金 流量作出之到期情況分析如下:

			Between		
		Less than	1 and	Between 2	Over
		1 year	2 years	and 5 years	5 years
		按要求及			
		一年以內	一至兩年	兩至五年	五年以上
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年				
	十二月三十一日				
Bank and other	銀行及其他借款				
borrowings		250,429	_	7,975	_
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付賬款	360,152	_	_	_
Promissory notes	承兑票據	16,339	_	_	_
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	6,015	3,897	5,375	—

### 綜合財務報表附註

4.

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

ANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)			財務風險因素 (續) (d) 流動資金風險 (續)		
		On demand and	Between		
		less than	1 and	Between 2	Over
		1 year	2 years	and 5 years	5 years
		按要求及			
		一年以內	一至兩年	兩至五年	五年以上
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年				
	十二月三十一日				
Bank and other	銀行及其他借款				
borrowings		299,790	—	_	
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付賬款	502,392	_	_	
Promissory notes	承兑票據	16,339	_	_	
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	15,523	8,658	25,693	2,845

#### (e) Categories of financial instruments at 31 December

#### (e) 於十二月三十一日金融工具之類別

		<b>2022</b> 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Financial assets:	金融資產:		
Financial assets at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計量之金融資產	819,488	1,041,752
Financial liabilities:	金融負債:		
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計量之金融負債	626,647	813,320

#### (f) Fair values

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities as reflected in the consolidated statement of financial position approximate their respective fair values.

#### (f) 公平值

綜合財務狀況表反映之本集團金融資產及金 融負債之賬面值與其各自之公平值相若。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 5. SEGMENT INFORMATION

As further disclosed in notes 12 and 33(c) to the consolidated financial statements for the disposals of the Group's business of money lending and securities brokerage which classified as discontinued operations during the year ended 31 December 2022. The Directors have determined that the Group has only one operating and reportable segment, being agricultural and meat business.

Information reported to the most senior executive management, being the chief operating decision maker, for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses only on revenue analysis by nature of revenue and geographical location of customers.

Since this is the only one operating segment of the Group, no segment information is presented other than entity-wide disclosures.

The segment information reported in note 5 does not include any amounts for the discontinued operations, which are described in more details in note 12.

#### (i) Geographical information

Over 90% of the Group's non-current assets and revenue are located and generated in the PRC. Accordingly, no further geographical information of non-current assets and revenue was disclosed.

#### (ii) Information about major customers

The Group's customer base included two (2021: one) customer(s) with whom transactions have exceed 10% of its revenue during the years is set out below:

#### **5.** 分部資料

有關本集團出售放債及證券經紀業務(分類為截至 二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度的終止經營業務) 於綜合財務報表附註12及33(c)中進一步披露。董事 確定本集團僅有一個經營及可呈報分部,即農業及 肉製品業務。

為分配資源和評估分部業績而向最高行政管理層 (即主要經營決策者)報告的資料僅側重於按收入 性質及客戶地理位置進行的收入分析。

由於此為本集團唯一一個經營分部,除實體層面 披露外,並無呈列分部資料。

於附註5列報的分部資料不包括任何終止經營業務 款項,更多詳情於附註12中闡述。

#### (i) 地區資料

本集團超過90%的非流動資產及收入位於中國 並於中國產生。因此,並無披露非流動資產及 收益的進一步地區資料。

#### (ii) 有關主要客戶之資料

年內,本集團的客戶基礎包括兩名(二零二一 年:一名)與其交易額超過其收入**10%**的客戶, 詳情如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Re-presented) 〔經重列〕
Customer A	客戶A		N/A*
		285,536	不適用*
Customer B	客戶B	108,783	<b>N/A*</b> 不適用*
Customer C	客戶C	N/A*	
		不適用*	58,849

\* The revenue of such customer is not disclosed as the revenue individually did not account for 10% or more of the Group's revenue during the Reporting Period. \* 由於有關客戶於報告期間的單獨收益未佔本集 團收益的10%或以上,故未披露其收益。

### 綜合財務報表附註

**For the year ended 31 December 2022** 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

An analysis of revenue is as follows:

#### 6. REVENUE

6. 收益

收益之分析如下:

7 其他收入及收益

202	<b>2</b> 2021
	F 二零二一年
HK\$'00	<b>0</b> HK\$'000
千港	〒 千港元
	(Re-presented)
	(經重列)

Continuing operations	持續經營業務
Revenue from contracts with customers	香港財務報告準則第15號範圍內與
within the scope of HKFRS 15	客戶簽訂的合約收入
Recognised at point in time:	於某一時點確認:
Sale of agricultural, seafood and	銷售農產品、海產及肉製品
meat produce	

#### 7. OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

OTHER INCOME AND GAINS	1.	共间状八及权量	
		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
			(Re-presented)
			(經重列)
Continuing operations	持續經營業務		
Amortisation of government grants (note)	政府補助攤銷(附註)	2,589	1,768
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	1,939	58
Gains on disposals of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備的收益		
plant and equipment		265	_
Gains on early termination of lease	提早終止租賃的收益	3,844	_
Other interest income	其他利息收入	611	74
Rental income	租金收入	_	19
Services income	服務收入	1,217	1,332
Sundry income	雜項收入	393	430
		10,858	3,681

Note: It represents the receipt of government grants for the construction of property, plant and equipment, which is amortised to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the relevant assets.

*附註:* 它表示收到的用於建造物業、廠房及設備的政 府補助,在相關資產的估計使用壽命內按直線 法攤銷為損益。

999,356

522,625

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 8. FINANCE COSTS

#### **8.** 融資成本

		2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
			(Re-presented) (經重列)
Continuing operations	來自持續經營業務		
Interest expenses on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息開支	1,655	4,491
Interest expenses on bonds	債券利息開支	—	778
Interest expenses on bank and other	銀行及其他借款利息開支		
borrowings		10,244	1,309
Interest expenses on bills payables	應付票據利息開支	1,486	4,108
		13,385	10,686

#### 9. LOSS BEFORE TAXATION

#### 9. 除税前虧損

Loss before taxation from continuing operations is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

#### 除税前來自持續經營業務虧損經扣除/(計入)下列 各項後得出:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Re-presented) (經重列)
Staff costs (including directors' emoluments)	員工成本(包括董事酬金)		
Salaries and allowances	薪金及津貼	9,437	15,271
Retirement benefit costs	退休福利成本	795	943
Share-based payment expenses	以股份支付開支	15,616	_
Total staff costs	員工成本總額	25,848	16,214
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金	650	660
Cost of inventories recognised as an expense	確認為開支之存貨成本	944,347	470,138
Depreciation:	折舊:		
— on owned assets	— 所擁有資產	9,453	6,859
— on right-of-use assets	— 使用權資產	5,129	10,293
Property, plant and equipment written off	物業、廠房及設備撤銷	15,742	_
Loss on modification of other receivables	修改其他應付賬款虧損	8,254	_
Foreign exchange losses, net	匯兑虧損淨額	9	16
(Reversal of impairment losses)/impairment	其他應收賬款減值虧損		
losses on other receivables		(6,570)	793
Impairment losses/(reversal of impairment losses)	貿易應收賬款減值虧損/(減值虧損撥回)		
on trade receivables		32,161	(1,460)
Impairment losses on deposits	按金減值虧損	(1,582)	
Equity-settled share-based payment	股本結算之以股份支付		
Directors	董事	6,933	_
Employees	僱員	8,683	_
Total equity-settled share-based payment	股本結算之以股份支付總額	15,616	_

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### **10. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS AND INTERESTS**

(a) Details of directors' emoluments are as follows: For the year ended 31 December 2022

- (a) 董事酬金之詳情如下:
  - 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

		Director's emoluments for services as directors of the Company 作為本公司	w		ts in connection nent of the affairs r and the Group	
		董事服務的		有關本	公司及	
		董事酬金		本集團事務管	理的其他酬金	
				Retirement		
				benefits	Share-based	
			Salaries and	scheme	payment	
		Fee	allowances	contributions	expenses	Tota
				退休福利	以股份	(± )
		袍金	薪金及津貼	計劃供款	支付開支	總計
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		1 /8 /0	千港元		千港元	千港元
Executive directors	執行董事					
Mr. LIN Yuhao <i>(Note 3)</i>	林裕豪先生( <i>附註3</i> )	_	1,920	18	6,929	8,867
Non-executive	非執行董事					
directors						
Ms. HAN Xiuhong	韓秀紅女士 <i>(附註<b>4</b>)</i>					
(Note 4)		_	230	48	4	282
Independent non- executive directors	獨立非執行董事					
Mr. LI Shaohua	李邵華先生	65	_	_	_	65
Ms. ZHU Rouxiang	朱柔香女士	65	_	_	_	65
Ms. LI Yang	李楊女士	65	_	_	_	65
		195	2,150	66	6,933	9,344

<sup>10.</sup> 董事酬金及權益

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 10. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS AND INTERESTS (Continued)

(a) Details of directors' emoluments are as follows: (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2021

10. 董事酬金及權益 (續)

(a) 董事酬金之詳情如下: (續)

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

		Director's emoluments for services as directors of the Company 作為本公司 董事服務的 董事酬金	Other emoluments in connection with the management of the affair of the Company and the Group 有關本公司及 本集團事務管理的其他酬金		affairs Group
			Salaries and	Retirement benefits scheme	
		Fee	allowances	contributions 退休褔利	Total
		袍金	薪金及津貼	計劃供款	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Executive directors	執行董事				
Mr. LIN Yupa <i>(Note 1)</i>	林裕帕先生 <i>(附註1)</i>	—	187	9	196
Ms. DIAO Jing (Note 2)	刁敬女士( <i>附註2</i> )	—	450	9	459
Mr. LIN Yuhao <i>(Note 3)</i>	林裕豪先生( <i>附註3)</i>	—	408	4	412
Non-executive directors	非執行董事				
Mr. LIN Yuhao <i>(Note 3)</i>	林裕豪先生( <i>附註3)</i>	_	963	14	977
Ms. HAN Xiuhong (Note 4)	韓秀紅女士( <i>附註4</i> )	—	39	5	44
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事				
Mr. LI Shaohua	李邵華先生	120	_	_	120
Ms. ZHU Rouxiang	朱柔香女士	120	_	_	120
Ms. LI Yang	李楊女士	120			120
		360	2,047	41	2,448

#### Note:

1.

- Mr. LIN Yupa retired as an executive Director on 22 June 2021.
- 2. Ms. DIAO Jing retired as an executive Director on 22 June 2021.

 Mr. LIN Yuhao, chief executive officer of the Company, was re-designated from non-executive Director to executive Director on 15 October 2021.

4. Ms. HAN Xiuhong was appointed as a non-executive Director on 15 October 2021.

#### 附註:

- 林裕帕先生於二零二一年六月二十二日退任執 行董事。
- 刁敬女士於二零二一年六月二十二日退任執行 董事。
- 本公司首席執行官林裕豪先生於二零二一年十 月十五日從非執行董事調任為執行董事。
- 韓秀紅女士於二零二一年十月十五日獲委任為 非執行董事。

綜合財務報表附註

**For the year ended 31 December 2022** 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 10. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS AND INTERESTS (Continued)

(a) Details of directors' emoluments are as follows: (Continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2022, there was no discretionary cash bonus paid or payables to the Directors (2021: Nil).

For both years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, no Director has waived or agreed to waive any emoluments.

#### (b) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year include one (2021: two) Director(s) whose emoluments were disclosed above. The emoluments of the remaining four (2021: three) individuals during the years are as follows:

#### 10. 董事酬金及權益(續)

#### (a) 董事酬金之詳情如下: (續)

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度期間, 並無向董事支付或應付酌情釐定現金花紅(二 零二一年:零)。

截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一日 止兩個年度,概無董事放棄或同意放棄任何酬 金。

#### (b) 五名最高薪人士

年內,本集團五名最高薪人士當中有一名(二 零二一年:兩名)為董事,彼等之薪酬於上文披 露。其餘四名(二零二一年:三名)人士之薪酬 如下:

		2022 — — — — —	
		二零二二年 HK\$'000	二零二一年 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
	甘 +	22.4	4 007
Basis salaries and allowances	基本薪金及津貼	634	1,987
Retirement benefits scheme contributions	退休福利計劃供款	95	54
Share-based payment expenses	以股份支付開支	8,558	
		9,287	2,041

### 綜合財務報表附註

**For the year ended 31 December 2022** 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 10. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS AND INTERESTS (Continued)

#### (b) Five highest paid individuals (Continued)

#### 10. 董事酬金及權益(續)

#### (b) 五名最高薪人士(續)

The emoluments of the four (2021: three) individuals with highest emoluments are within the following bands:

該四名(二零二一年:三名)最高薪人士之薪酬 介乎下列範圍:

		2022 二零二二年 Number of individuals 人數	2021 二零二一年 Number of individuals 人數
Nil – HK\$1,000,000	零 – 1.000.000港元	_	3
HK\$1,500,001 – HK\$2,000,000	1,500,001港元 – 2,000,000港元	1	_
HK\$2,000,001 – HK\$2,500,000	<b>2,000,001</b> 港元 – 2,500,000港元	2	_
HK\$2,500,001 – HK\$3,000,000	<b>2,500,001</b> 港元 – 3,000,000港元	1	—

During both years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the five highest paid individuals, including Directors, as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

# (c) Directors' material interests in transaction, arrangement or contract

No significant transaction, arrangement and contract in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company and the director's connected party had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year. 於截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一 日止兩個年度內,本集團並無支付任何酬金予 五名最高薪人士(包括董事),作為促使加入本 集團或於加入本集團時之獎勵或作為離職補 償。

#### (c) 董事於交易、安排或合約的重大權益

於年結日或本年度內任何時間,並無本公司董 事及董事之關連人士在本公司所訂立對本集團 業務而言屬重大的交易、安排及合約中直接或 間接擁有任何重大權益。

For the year ended 31 December 2022

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### **11. INCOME TAX EXPENSE**

#### **11.** 所得税開支

Income tax relating to continuing operations has been recognised in profit or loss as following:

有關持續經營之所得税已於損益中確認如下:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
			(Re-presented)
			(經重列)
EIT in the PRC	中國企業所得税		
Provision for the year	本年度撥備	6,805	—

The tax rate applicable to the Company and the Group's Hong Kong subsidiaries was 16.5% (2021: 16.5%) during the reporting period.

On 21 March 2018, the Hong Kong Legislative Council passed The Inland Revenue (Amendment) (No. 7) Bill 2017 (the "Bill") which introduced the two-tiered profits tax rates regime. The Bill was signed into law on 28 March 2018 and was gazetted on the following day. Under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime, the first HK\$2 million of profits of the qualifying group entity will be taxed at 8.25%, and profits above HK\$2 million will be taxed at 16.5%. The profits of group entities not qualifying for the two-tiered profits tax rates regime will continue to be taxed at a flat rate of 16.5%.

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax was provided as the Group's subsidiaries in Hong Kong did not have any assessable profit arising from Hong Kong during the reporting period (2021: Nil).

Provision for Enterprise Income Tax ("EIT") in the PRC was provided at the rates applicable to the subsidiaries in the PRC on the income for statutory reporting purpose, adjusted for income and expense items which are not assessable or deductible for income tax purposes based on existing PRC income tax regulations, practices and interpretations thereof.

According to the PRC tax law and its interpretation rules (the "PRC tax law"), enterprises engaged in qualifying agricultural business are eligible for full EIT exemption or half reduction of EIT on profits derived from such business. The Group's PRC subsidiaries engaged in qualifying agricultural business, which includes growing, processing and selling of vegetables, are thus entitled to full exemption of EIT.

於報告期間,本公司及本集團之香港附屬公司適用 之税率為16.5%(二零二一年:16.5%)。

於二零一八年三月二十一日,香港立法會通過《二 零一七年税務(修訂)(第7號)條例草案》(「條例草 案」),引入利得税兩級制。條例草案於二零一八 年三月二十八日經簽署成為法律,並於翌日刊憲。 根據利得税兩級制,合資格集團實體首2,000,000 港元的溢利將按8.25%的税率繳納税項,而超過 2,000,000港元的溢利將按16.5%的税率繳納税項。 不符合利得税兩級制的集團實體將繼續按16.5% 的劃一税率繳納税項。

由於本集團的香港附屬公司於報告期間並無於香 港產生任何應課税利潤(二零二一年:無),因此毋 須就香港利得税作出撥備。

中國企業所得税(「企業所得税」)撥備乃按於中國之 附屬公司適用之税率,以就法定申報而言之收入作 出撥備,並遵照中國現行所得税規例、慣例及詮 釋,就所得税而毋須課税或不可扣税之收支項目作 出調整。

根據中國税法及其詮釋規則(「中國税法」),從事合 資格農業業務的企業可就該等業務所產生溢利完 全豁免或減半繳納企業所得税。因此,本集團從 事合資格農業業務(包括種植、加工及銷售蔬菜)的 中國附屬公司可完全豁免繳納企業所得税。

### 綜合財務報表附註

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#### 11. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Continued)

#### 11. 所得税開支 (續)

Reconciliation between income tax expense and the product of the Group's loss before tax at applicable tax rate is set out below:

所得税開支與本集團按適用税率計算之除税前虧 損之對賬如下:

		<b>2022</b> 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
			(Re-presented)
			(經重列)
Loss before taxation (from continuing operations)	除税前虧損(來自持續經營)	(53,266)	(5,839)
Tax at the domestic tax rate of 16.5%	按本地税率 <b>16.5%</b> (二零二零年: <b>16.5%</b> )		
(2020: 16.5%)	計算的税項	(8,789)	(964)
Tax effect of non-taxable income	毋須課税收入之税務影響	(285)	(548)
Tax effect of non-deductible expenses	不可扣税開支之税務影響	7,381	2,033
Tax effect of unrecognised tax losses	未確認税務虧損之税務影響淨額	2,949	3,551
Tax effect of utilisation of tax losses not	動用之前未確認的税項虧損		
previously recognised	之税務影響	(1,680)	(4,340)
Tax effect of temporary differences not	未確認暫時差額的税務影響		
recognised		4,924	_
Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries	附屬公司不同税率的影響	2,305	268
Income tax expense for the year	本年度所得税開支	6,805	_

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has unused tax losses of approximately HK\$119,289,000 (2021: HK\$114,214,000). No deferred tax asset in respect of tax losses have been recognised as at 31 December 2022 and 2021, as management consider it is unlikely that future taxable profits against which the losses can be utilised will be available in the foreseeable future with certainty in the relevant tax jurisdiction and entity. The unrecognised tax losses will expire in 2027.

Under the PRC tax law on EIT, a withholding tax is imposed on dividends declared in respect of profits earned by PRC subsidiaries from 1 January 2008 onwards.

As at 31 December 2022, deferred taxation amounted to approximately HK\$41,523,000 (2021: HK\$17,136,000) had not been provided in the consolidated financial statements in respect of temporary difference attributable to profits earned by the Group's PRC subsidiaries since 1 January 2008 as the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

於報告期末,本集團有未使用税項虧損約 119,289,000港元(二零二一年:114,214,000港元)。 於二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一日,概無 就税項虧損確認遞延税項資產,因為管理層認為 在有關税務司法權區及實體不大可能肯定有未來 應課税溢利可供動用税項虧損。未確認税項虧損 將於二零二七年到期。

根據中國企業所得税法,就中國附屬公司於二零零 八年一月一日以後賺取的溢利宣派的股息徵收預扣 税。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,由於本集團能控制 撥回暫時性差額的時間及該等暫時性差額很可能 不會於可見將來撥回,故並無就本集團中國附屬公 司自二零零八年一月一日起賺取的溢利應佔暫時性 差額於綜合財務報表內計提遞延税項撥備合共約 41,523,000港元(二零二一年:17,136,000港元)。

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#### **12. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS**

During the year, the Group entered into several sale and purchase agreements to dispose of (i) Trade Zone Global Limited and its subsidiaries ("Trade Zone Group"), (ii) Robust Canton Limited and its subsidiaries ("Robust Canton Group") and (iii) Shenzhen Taihengfeng Technology Company Limited and its subsidiaries ("Taihengfeng Group"), which carried out all of the Group's money lending business and securities brokerage business. Details of the assets and liabilities disposed of, and the calculation of the profit or loss on disposals, are disclosed in note 33(c).

#### 12. 終止經營

年內,本集團訂立出售協議,出售商域環球有限公司及其附屬公司(「商域集團」)、粵盛有限公司及其 附屬公司(「粵盛集團」)及深圳市泰恒豐科技有限公司及其附屬公司(「泰恒豐集團」),該等公司經營本 集團所有放債業務及證券經紀業務。出售資產和 負債的詳情以及出售損益的計算方法在附註 33(c) 中披露。

	2022	2021
	二零二二年 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	二零二一年 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元
來自終止業務之年度溢利:		
收入	35.039	39,654
銷售及提供服務成本	(1,244)	(1,913)
毛利	33,795	37,741
其他收入及收益	45,100	1,063
行政開支	(56,518)	(22,347)
	(672)	(674)
	—	(18)
	2,000	26,250
財務成本	(82)	(152)
除税前溢利	23,623	41,863
所得税開支	(5,766)	(5,407)
	17,857	36,456
出售經營業務之收益(附註 <b>33(c)</b> )	82,283	
來自終止經營之年度溢利		
(本公司擁有人應佔)	100,140	36,456
來自已終止經營業務之年度溢利 包括以下各項:		
折舊	1,689	951
核數師酬金	90	90
<b>來自終止經營之現金流:</b> 本白經營活動之現全法 》/(法中)溪額		
不日 莊 呂 伯 刧 と 坑 亚 加 八/ ( 加 山 / 庁 롅	2 224	(3,974)
來白投資活動之現金流出淨麵	•	(5,974)
來自融資活動之現金流出淨額	(148)	(877)
現金流入/(流出)淨額	475	(4,910)
	<ul> <li>收入 銷售及提供服務成本</li> <li>毛利</li> <li>其他收入及收益</li> <li>行政開支</li> <li>應收貸款之減值虧損</li> <li>其他應收賬款之減值虧損</li> <li>撥回按金及預付款項之減值虧損</li> <li>財務成本</li> <li>除税前溢利</li> <li>所得税開支</li> <li>出售經營業務之收益(附註33(c))</li> <li>來自終止經營之年度溢利 (本公司擁有人應佔)</li> <li>來自已終止經營業務之年度溢利 包括以下各項:</li> <li>折舊</li> <li>核數師酬金</li> <li>來自終止經營之現金流:</li> <li>來自經營活動之現金流出淨額</li> </ul>	二零二年       HK\$'000         井港元         來自終止業務之年度溢利:         收入       35,039         銷售及提供服務成本       (1,244)         毛利       33,795         其他收入及收益       45,100         行政開支       (56,518)         應收貸款之滅值虧損       (672)         其他應收賬款之滅值虧損       (672)         其他應收長款之滅值虧損       (672)         其他應收服款之滅值虧損       (672)         其他應收服款之滅值虧損       (672)         其他應收日款       (56,518)         應收貸款之滅值虧損       (672)         其他應收日款       23,623         所得税開支       (5,766)         17,857       14         出售經營業務之收益(附註33(c))       82,283         來自終止經營之年度溢利       (0,140         來自終止經營之年度溢利       100,140         來自終止經營之只要溢利       90         來自終止經營之現金流:       1,689         核數師酬金       90         來自經營之現金流:       2,324         來自經營之現金流:       2,324         來自經營活動之現金流出淨額       (145)         來自融資活動之現金流出淨額       (145)         來自融資活動之現金流出淨額       (145)

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#### **13. DIVIDENDS**

The Board does not recommend the payment of any dividend for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 to the holders of both ordinary shares and preference shares of the Company.

#### 14. EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE

#### From continuing and discontinued operations

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share is based on the following:

The calculation of basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share is based on the Group's profit attributable to the owners of the Company of approximately HK\$41,037,000 (2021: loss of HK\$35,711,000) for the year ended 31 December 2022.

The weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of calculating basic and diluted earnings per share is adjusted as follows:

#### 13. 股息

董事會不建議就截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二 月三十一日止年度期間向本公司普通股及優先股股 東派付任何股息。

#### 14. 每股盈利/(虧損)

#### 來自持續及已終止經營業務

計算每股基本及攤薄盈利乃基於以下各項:

每股基本/攤薄盈利/(虧損)乃根據截至二零二二 年十二月三十一日止年度期間本公司擁有人應佔 本集團溢利約41,037,000港元(二零二一年:虧損 35,711,000港元)計算。

計算每股基本及攤薄盈利的普通股加權平均數乃 經調整如下:

		2022	2021
Number of shares	股份數目	二零二二年	二零二一年
	1 答句明甘木 ひりん		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for			
the purpose of calculating basic earnings per	普通股加權平均數		
share		379,257,038	349,026,696
Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares arising	轉換優先股產生的攤薄潛在		
from conversion of preference shares	普通股影響	15,150	15,150
Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares arising	本公司發行購股權產生的		
from share options issued by the Company	攤薄潛在普通股影響	10,310,671	2,459,875
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for	計算每股攤薄盈利的		
the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per	普通股加權平均數		
share		389,582,859	351,501,721

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 14. EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE (Continued)

#### From continuing operations

#### 14. 每股盈利/(虧損)(續)

來自持續經營業務

The calculation of the basic loss per share from continuing operations is based on the following:

來自持續經營業務之每股基本虧損乃根據以下計 算:

		<b>2022</b> 二零二二年 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss	虧損		
Earnings for the purpose of calculating basic earnings per share	用以計算每股基本盈利的盈利	41,037	35,711
Profit for the year from discontinued operations	來自已終止經營業務的年度溢利	(100,140)	(36,456)
Loss for the purpose of calculating basic loss per share from	用以計算每股來自持續經營業務的基本 虧損的盈利		
continuing operations		(59,103)	(745)

The weighted average numbers of ordinary shares used as denominators in calculating the basic earnings per share are the same.

The computation of diluted loss per share from continuing operations did not assume the conversion of the Company's preference shares and share options outstanding since their assumed exercise would result in a decease in loss per share.

#### From discontinued operations

Basic earnings per share from the discontinued operations is HK26.4 cents per share (2021: HK10.45 cents per share) and diluted earnings per share from the discontinued operations is HK25.7 cents per share (2021: HK10.37 cents per share), based on the profit for the year from discontinued operations attributable to the owners of the Company of approximately HK\$100,140,000 (2021: approximately HK\$36,456,000) and the denominators used are the same as those detailed above for both basic and diluted earnings per share for the continuing and discontinued operations.

計算每股基本盈利時,用作分母的普通股加權平 均數乃相同。

於計算來自持續經營業務之每股攤薄虧損時並無 假設轉換本公司優先股及尚未行使購股權,因假 設轉換將導致每股虧損減少。

#### 來自終止經營業務

來自終止經營業務的每股基本盈利為每股26.4港仙 (二零二一年:每股10.45港仙)及來自終止經營業務 的每股攤薄盈利為每股25.7港仙(二零二一年:每 股10.37港仙),本公司擁有人應佔來自終止經營業 務的年度溢利約100,140,000港元(二零二一年:約 36,456,000港元)及所用之分母與上文有關每股基 本及攤薄盈利詳述者相同。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

#### 15. 物業 · 廠房及設備

		<b>Buildings</b> 樓宇 HK\$'000 千港元	Leasehold improvements 租賃 物業裝修 HK\$'000 千港元	Office equipment 辦公室 設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Motor vehicles 汽車 HK\$'000 千港元	Plant, machinery and equipment 廠房、機械及 設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Furniture and fixtures 傢私及 固定裝置 HK\$'000 千港元	Bearer plants 生產性 植物 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost	成本								
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	24,814	11,635	4,838	3,588	129,431	1,835	15,427	191,568
Additions	添置	_	11,334	14	-	5,977	_	695	18,020
Disposals	出售	-	-	-	(16)	_	_	_	(16)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	679	415	68	81	3,635	31	433	5,342
At 31 December 2021 and 1 January 2022	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日及 二零二二年一月一日	25,493	23,384	4,920	3,653	139,043	1,866	16,555	214,914
Additions	添置	_	11,777	79	_	75	_	_	11,931
Disposals	出售	-	-	-	(618)	-	-	-	(618)
Disposals of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司	_	(2,153)	(1,236)	_	_	(407)	_	(3,796)
Write off	撇銷	_	(_,,	(., <b></b>	_	_	()	(15,742)	(15,742)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	(2,006)	(1,958)	(201)	(239)	(10,949)	(89)	(813)	(16,255)
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年								
	/////////////////////////////////////	23,487	31,050	3,562	2,796	128,169	1,370	_	190,434

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

#### 15. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

		<b>Buildings</b> 樓宇 HK\$'000 千港元	Leasehold improvements 租賃 物業裝修 HK\$'000 千港元	Office equipment 辦公室 設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Motor vehicles 汽車 HK\$'000 千港元	Plant, machinery and equipment 廠房、機械及 設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Furniture and fixtures 傢私及 固定裝 HK\$'000 千港元	Bearer plants 生產性 植物 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	累計折舊及減值								
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	20,833	7,821	4,358	3,440	112,502	1,514	_	150,468
Charge for the year	年內支出	1,410	903	184	83	4,916	105	-	7,601
Disposals Exchange realignment	出售 匯兑調整	 592	 145	 58	(16) 78	 3,155	24	_	(16) 4,052
At 31 December 2021 and 1 January 2022	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日及 二零二二年一月一日	22,835	8,869	4,600	3,585	120,573	1,643	_	162,105
Charge for the year Disposals Disposals of	年內支出 出售 出售附屬公司	1,362 —	2,259 —	146 —	64 (618)	5,544 —	99 —		9,474 (618)
subsidiaries		_	(2,029)	(1,220)	-	-	(407)	_	(3,656)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	(1,838)	(523)	(180)	(235)	(9,665)	(76)	_	(12,517)
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年 十二月三十一日	22,359	8,576	3,346	2,796	116,452	1,259	_	154,788
Carrying amount At 31 December 2022	賬面值 於二零二二年								
At 31 December 2021	<b>十二月三十一日</b> 於二零二一年	1,128	22,474	216	-	11,717	111	-	35,646
ALST December 2021	<i>於</i> ~ 十二月三十一日	2,658	14,515	320	68	18,470	223	16,555	52,809

During the year, a fully depreciated buildings were pledged to secure banking facilities granted to the Group as disclosed in note 26 to the consolidated financial statements. 年內,完全折舊之樓宇作為本集團獲授銀行信貸 之抵押(如綜合財務報表附註26所披露)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

#### Impairment losses recognised in the current year

During the year, the Group had appointed an independent professional valuer, Ravia Global Appraisal Advisory Limited, to assess the recoverable amounts of the Group's property, plant and equipment, in particular of those employed in the Agricultural and Meat Business segment, and no impairment loss (2021: Nil) was recognised. The recoverable amount has been determined based on a value-in-use calculation using cash flow projections based on financial budgets covering a five-year period approved by senior management. The discount rate applied to cash flow projections is 17.09% (2021: 17.2%) per annum. The growth rate used to extrapolate the cash flows of the group of cash-generating units beyond the five-year period is 2.06% (2021: 2%) per annum which based on past performance and its expectations in relation to market development. Other key assumptions for the value-inuse calculations relate to the estimation of cash inflows/outflows which include budgeted revenue estimated cost of goods sold and expenses, such estimation is based on the past performance. Senior management believed that any reasonably possible change in any of these assumptions would not cause the aggregate carrying amount to exceed the aggregate recoverable amount.

#### 15. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

#### 於本年度確認之減值虧損

年內,本集團已委任獨立專業估值師瑞豐環球評估 諮詢有限公司,評估本集團物業、廠房及設備之可 收回金額,尤其是農業及肉製品業務分部中所使 用之該等金額,並無確認減值虧損(二零二一年: 無)。可收回金額乃按照使用價值計算釐定,使用 價值計算乃根據高級管理層批准之五年期財政預 算作出之現金流量預測得出。現金流量預測所應 用的折現率為每年17.09%(二零二一年:17.2%)。用 於推算五年期以外之現金產生單位組別之現金流量 的增長率為每年2.06%(二零二一年:2%),乃根據 過往表現及其對市場發展的預期得出。使用價值 計算的其他主要假設涉及估計現金流入/流出(包 括預算收益及毛利),有關估計建基於過往表現。 高級管理層認為,任何該等假設的任何合理可能 變動不會導致總賬面值超過總可收回金額。

#### 16. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

#### 16. 使用權資產

		Leasehold land 租賃土地 HK\$'000 千港元	Leased properties 租賃物業 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	17,816	11,247	29,063
Additions	添置	10,844	911	11,755
Depreciation	折舊	(5,552)	(4,950)	(10,502)
Exchange realignment	匯兑差額	171	571	742
At 31 December 2021 and	於二零二一年十二月三十一日及			
1 January 2022	二零二二年一月一日	23,279	7,779	31,058
Additions	添置	_	1,715	1,715
Depreciation	折舊	(2,386)	(4,412)	(6,798)
Termination	終止	(15,537)	—	(15,537)
Disposals of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司	—	(1,101)	(1,101)
Exchange realignment	匯兑差額	(904)	(755)	(1,659)
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年			
	十二月三十一日	4,452	3,226	7,678

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 16. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (Continued)

Lease liabilities of approximately HK\$12,911,000 (2021: HK\$42,542,000) were recognised with related right-of-use assets of approximately HK\$7,678,000 (2021: HK\$31,058,000) as at 31 December 2022. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants other than the security interests in the leased assets that are held by the lessor. Leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

#### 16. 使用權資產(續)

於二零二二年十二月三十一日租賃負債約12,911,000 港元(二零二一年:42,542,000港元)獲確認,而 相關使用權資產約為7,678,000港元(二零二一年: 31,058,000港元)。除出租人所持租賃資產中的擔 保權益外,租賃協議不構成任何契諾。租賃資產 不得用於借款擔保。

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Gains on early termination Depreciation expenses on right-of-use assets Interest expense on lease liabilities (included in	提前終止之收益 使用權資產折舊費用 租賃負債利息開支(已計入融資成本)	3,844 6,798	10,502
finance costs)		1,655	4,643

Details of total cash outflow for leases is set out in note 33(b).

For both years, the Group leased leasehold land and properties for its operations. Lease contracts were entered into for fixed term of 2 years to 26 years. Lease terms were negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. In determining the lease term and assessing the length of the noncancellable period, the Group applies the definition of a contract and determines the period for which the contract is enforceable.

In addition, the Group owns several leased properties where are primarily for office buildings. The Group is the registered owner of these property interests, including the underlying leasehold land. Lump sum payments were made upfront to acquire these property interests. The leasehold land components of these owned properties are presented separately only if the payments made can be allocated reliably. 租賃現金流出總量詳情見附註33(b)。

於這兩個年度,本集團租用租賃土地及物業用於經營。租賃合約期限固定,為2年至26年不等。租賃條款乃在個別基礎上協商,並包含各種不同的條款及條件。釐定租賃條件及評估不可撤銷期間的時長時,本集團採用合約的定義,並且釐定可強制執行合約的期間。

另外,本集團擁有若干租賃物業,主要用於辦公 樓。本集團為該等物業權益(含有關租賃土地)的註 冊所有者取得該等物業權益前,已一次性付清有關 款項。該等自有物業之租賃土地部分僅於能夠可 靠分配支付款項時單獨呈列。

### 綜合財務報表附註

**For the year ended 31 December 2022** 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 17. GOODWILL

17. 商譽	ł
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		<b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元
Cost	成本	
At 1 January 2021, 31 December 2021, and	於二零二一年一月一日、二零二一年十二月三十一日及	
1 January 2022		84,467
Diseased of exclusive	비住╙룡고ㅋ	(00.040)
Disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司	(80,912)
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	3,555
Accumulated impairment	累計減值	
At 1 January 2021, 31 December 2021 and	於二零二一年一月一日、二零二一年十二月三十一日及	
1 January 2022	二零二二年一月一日	83,010
Dispession of subsidiaries	山生따르고크	(90.042)
Disposals of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司	(80,912)
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	2,098
Carrying amount	賬面值	
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	1,457
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	1,457

Goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated, at acquisition, to the cash-generating unit ("CGU") that is expected to benefit from that business combination. Before recognition of impairment losses, the carrying amount of goodwill had been allocated to Modern Excellence Limited ("Modern Excellence"), Shenzhen Cypress Jade Wisdom Agricultural Company Limited\* (深 圳從玉智慧農業集團有限公司) ("Cypress Jade Wisdom"), Shenzhen Cypress Jade Cross-border E-commerce Co. Ltd.\* (深圳市從玉 跨境電商有限公司) ("Cypress Jade Cross-border E-commerce"), Shenzhen Tuoke E-commerce Company Limited\* (深圳市駝客電 子商務有限公司) ("Tuoke E-commerce"), being allocated to the agricultural and meat business segment; and Shenzhen Taihengfeng Technology Company Limited ("Taihengfeng"), being allocated to the money lending business segment. 業務合併中收購之商譽於收購時分配至預期將受 惠於業務合併之現金產生單位(「現金產生單位」)。 於確認減值虧損之前,商譽之賬面值已分配至本 公司之附屬公司時卓有限公司(「時卓」)、深圳從玉 智慧農業集團有限公司(「從玉智慧」)、深圳市從玉 跨境電商有限公司(「從玉跨境電商」)、深圳市駝客 電子商務有限公司(「駝客電子商務」)(被列入在農業 及肉製品業務分部)及深圳市泰恒豐科技有限公司 (「泰恒豐」)(被列入在放債業務分部)。

### 綜合財務報表附註

**For the year ended 31 December 2022** 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 17. GOODWILL (Continued)

17. 商譽 (續)

2022	2021
=零二二年	二零二一年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
13	13
258	258
1,186	1,186
4 457	1,457
-	258

#### Modern Excellence

Impairment on goodwill in relation to the acquisition of Modern Excellence, amounted to approximately HK\$2,098,000 was fully provided in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013.

#### Taihengfeng

As at 31 December 2019, goodwill in relation to the acquisition of Taihengfeng, amounted to approximately HK\$80,912,000 was fully impaired. Taihengfeng was disposed of during the year ended 31 December 2022.

#### **Cypress Jade Wisdom**

On 7 June 2020, the Company through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Shenzhen Cypress Jade Food Holdings Limited (formerly known as Shenzhen Cypress Jade Food Trading Company Limited\*) (深 圳市從玉食品貿易有限公司), entered into an agreement with its associate, Shenzhen Qianhai Jinlin Technology Services Company Limited (formerly known as Shenzhen Qianhai Gelin Internet Financial Services Company Limited)\* (深圳市前海錦林科技服務 有限公司) ("GLQH") for the acquisition of 100% interests of Cypress Jade Wisdom with no consideration. The acquisition of Cypress Jade Wisdom was completed on 7 June 2020.

#### 時卓

與收購時卓有關的商譽減值約為2,098,000港元, 已於截至二零一三年十二月三十一日止年度期間之 綜合財務報表內悉數撥備。

#### 泰恒豐

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,有關收購泰恆豐之 商譽約80,912,000港元已悉數減值。泰恒豐於截至 二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度出售。

#### 從玉智慧

於二零二零年六月七日,本公司通過其全資附屬公 司深圳市從玉食品集團有限公司(前稱深圳市從玉 食品貿易有限公司)與其聯營公司深圳市前海錦林 科技服務有限公司(前稱為深圳市前海格林易貸互 聯網服務有限公司)(「GLQH」)簽訂了一份協議,以 無代價收購從玉智慧的全部權益。收購從玉智慧 於二零二零年六月七日完成。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 17. GOODWILL (Continued)

#### Cypress Jade Cross-border E-commerce

On 12 June 2020, the Company through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Cypress Jade Wisdom, entered into an agreement with third parties for the acquisition of 100% interests of Cypress Jade Cross-border E-commerce. The consideration was satisfied by cash of approximately HK\$237,000. Cypress Jade Cross-border E-commerce was established in the PRC and principally engaged in online sale business in Shenzhen. The acquisition of Cypress Jade Cross-border E-commerce was completed on 19 June 2020. As a result of the acquisition, the Group is provided with a prime opportunity to enter into the online sale business in Shenzhen, the PRC, and thus diversify the revenue stream of the Group.

#### **Tuoke E-commerce**

On 2 December 2020, the Company through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Cypress Jade Wisdom, entered into an agreement with third parties for the acquisition of 55% interests of Tuoke E-commerce. The consideration was satisfied by cash of approximately HK\$1.

Tuoke E-commerce was established in the PRC and principally engaged in agricultural trading business in Shenzhen. The acquisition of Tuoke E-commerce was completed on 2 December 2020. As a result of the acquisition, the Group will increase the market share in agricultural trading business in Shenzhen, the PRC, and thus diversify the revenue stream of the Group. With reference to the result of the recoverable amount assessment of the Group's agricultural and meat business segment, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that there is no material impairment against the net carrying amount of goodwill as at 31 December 2022 (2021: nil).

#### 17. 商譽 (續)

#### 從玉跨境電商

於二零二零年六月十二日,本公司通過其全資附屬 公司從玉智慧與第三方簽訂了一份協議,收購從玉 跨境電商的全部權益。以現金約237,000港元為代 價。從玉跨境電商在中國成立,主要於深圳從事在 線銷售業務。收購從玉跨境電商於二零二零年六月 十九日完成。由於此次收購,本集團將獲得在中國 深圳開展在線銷售業務的絕佳機會,因而使本集 團的收益來源多樣化。

#### 駝客電子商務

於二零二零年十二月二日,本公司通過其全資附屬 公司從玉智慧與第三方訂立一份協議,收購駝客電 子商務55%的權益。以現金約1港元為代價。

駝客電子商務在中國成立,主要於深圳從事農產品 貿易業務。收購駝客電子商務於二零二零年十二月 二日完成。由於此次收購,本集團將增加在中國深 圳的農產品貿易業務的市場份額,因而使本集團 的收益來源多樣化。根據本集團農業及肉製品業 務分部可收回金額評估結果,本公司董事認為,商 譽於二零二二年十二月三十一日之賬面淨值並無出 現重大減值(二零二一年:無)。

## 綜合財務報表附註

**For the year ended 31 December 2022** 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### **18. INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE**

#### 18. 於一間聯營公司之投資

2022	2021
ニマニニキ	二零二一年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	; 千港元

Unlisted investments	非上市投資成本	305	

Investment in an associate represents investment in unlisted equity securities, details of Group's associate at 31 December 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

於一間聯營公司之投資指於非上市權益證券之投 資,有關於二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一 日本集團聯營公司之詳情如下:

			Percentage of	
	Place of	Registered/paid up	ownership held by	Principal activities and place
Name	establishment	capital	the Company	of operation
			本公司持有的	
名稱	成立地點	註冊/實繳股本	所有權百分比	主要業務及經營地點
Shenzhen Congyu Wanxing Technology	PRC	RMB10,000,000/	2022: Indirect 40%	Investment holding/PRC
Agriculture Co., Ltd		RMB270,000	2021: N/A	
深圳市從玉萬興科技農業有限公司	中國	人民幣10,000,000元/	二零二二年:	投資控股/中國
		人民幣 <b>270,000</b> 元	間接40%	
			二零二一年:不適用	
Jiamusi Congyu Modern Agriculture Co.,	PRC	RMB10,000,000/	2022: Indirect 40%	Inactive/PRC
Ltd		RMB270,000	2021: N/A	
佳木斯從玉現代農業有限公司	中國	人民幣10,000,000元/	二零二二年:	不活躍/中國
		人民幣 <b>270,000</b> 元	間接40%	
			二零二一年 : 不適用	
Shenzhen Qianhai Jinlin Technology	PRC	RMB100,000,000/	2022: N/A	Internet Financing service/
Service Company Limited		RMB100,000,000	2021: Indirect 25%	PRC
("Shenzhen Qianhai")				
深圳市前海錦林科技服務有限公司	中國	人民幣100,000,000元/	二零二二年 : 不適用	互聯網融資服務/中國
(「深圳前海」)		人民幣100,000,000元	二零二一年:	
			間接25%	

The Group has not recognised loss for the year amounting to approximately HK\$183,000 for the Shenzhen Qianhai for the year ended 31 December 2021. As at 31 December 2021, the accumulated losses not recognised were approximately HK\$1,334,000. Shenzhen Qianhai has been disposed of during the year ended 31 December 2022 together with the disposal of Robust Canton Group which is disclosed in note 33(c) to the consolidated financial statements. 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團並 未就深圳前海確認虧損約183,000港元。於二零二一 年十二月三十一日,未確認累計虧損為約1,334,000 港元。深圳前海於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日 止年度連同綜合財務報表附註33(c)中披露的粤盛 集團的出售事項一併被出售。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### **19. OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS**

#### 19. 其他非流動資產

			2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
			<b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Statutory deposit with exchanges and houses	d clearing 於交易所及結算所的	的法定存款	_	775
). INVENTORIES		<b>20.</b> 存貨		
			2022	2021
			二零二二年	二零二一年
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元
Agricultural materials (note 1)	農用物資 <i>(附註1</i> )		1,002	1,216
Consumables	消耗品		168	715
Merchandise <i>(note 2)</i>	商品 <i>(附註2)</i>		17,672	21,034
			18,842	22,965
At the end of the Reporting Period stated at the lower of cost and net rea	•	於報告期末, 較低者列賬。	本集團之存貨按成本	及可變現淨值之
During the years ended 31 December for inventories was provided for obso			一年及二零二二年十 陳舊存貨計提存貨搭	
Note:		附註:		
<ol> <li>Agricultural materials mainly include processing materials not yet utilised</li> </ol>		. ,	主要包括於報告期末尚; 及加工材料。	未利用之種子、(
(2) Merchandise mainly includes tea lea	ves frozen food and eggs	(0)	司托太祥、冷浦合品及家	准定 。

(2) Merchandise mainly includes tea leaves, frozen food and eggs.

(2) 商品主要包括茶葉、冷凍食品及雞蛋。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### **21. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES**

#### 21. 貿易及其他應收賬款

			<b>2022</b> 二零二二年	<b>2021</b> 二零二一年
		Notes	— <i></i>	_ 令_     + HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Bills receivables	應收票據		10,519	
Trade receivables arising from trading of agricultural,	買賣農產品、海產及肉製品			
seafood and meat produce	產生之貿易應收賬款		411,650	429,971
Less: accumulated impairment	減:累計減值		(48,714)	(17,057)
Total trade receivables	貿易應收賬款總額	(a)	362,936	412,914
Accounts receivable arising from dealing in securities	買賣證券產生之應收賬項			
— Margin clients and broker receivables	頁頁證分產生之應收服項 — 保證金客戶及經紀商應收賬款	(b)	_	8
	一休园並各广汉程糺问愿收版队	(D)		0
Total bills and trade receivables	票據及貿易應收賬項總額		373,455	412,922
Other receivables	其他應收賬款	(C)	331,510	85,490
Less: accumulated impairment	減:累計減值		(2,440)	(9,013)
Total other receivables	其他應收賬款總額		329,070	76,477
Deposits and prepayments	按金及預付款項	(d)	294,986	201,015
Less: accumulated impairment	減:累計減值	(4)	(1,533)	(2,000)
Total deposits and prepayments	按金及預付款項總額		293,453	199,015
			995,978	688,414
Less: current portion	減:即期部分		(880,299)	(688,414)
Non-current portion	非即期部分		115,679	

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 21. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

#### 21. 貿易及其他應收賬款(續)

- (a) The average credit period on sales of agricultural, seafood and meat produce is 60 days. At the end of year 2022, the ageing analysis of trade receivables, based on the invoice date and net of impairment losses, is as follows:
- (a) 銷售農產品、海產及肉製品平均信貸期為60 日。於二零二二年度末,按發票日期呈列之貿 易應收賬款(扣除減值虧損)之賬齡分析如下:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
0 – 60 days	0至60日	236,405	90,449
61 – 120 days	61至120日	63,563	94,006
Over 120 days	<b>120</b> 日以上	62,968	228,467
		362,936	412,922

The movements in impairment on trade receivables are as follows:

貿易應收賬款之減值變動如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
		1,2,0	17070
At 1 January	於一月一日	17,057	18,473
Impairment loss recognised	已確認之減值虧損	32,161	
Reversal of impairment loss	減值虧損撥回	_	(1,460)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	(504)	44
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	48,714	17,057

**For the year ended 31 December 2022** 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 21. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

(b) The normal settlement terms of accounts receivable from cash clients and clearing houses are within two days after the respective trade dates.

Accounts receivable from cash clients arising from the securities brokerage business are repayable on demand subsequent to the respective settlement dates. No ageing analysis is disclosed as the ageing analysis does not give additional value in view of the nature of these accounts receivable.

Margin clients are required to pledge securities collateral to the Group in order to obtain credit facilities for securities trading. The amount of credit facilities granted to them is determined by discounted value accepted by the Group.

The Group strictly monitors outstanding accounts receivable in order to minimise the credit risk. The management reviews the accounts receivable regularly to ensure that the listed stocks held by the Group on clients' behalf is able to offset their debts owed to the Group.

The Group's Securities Brokerage Business was disposed of during the year ended 31 December 2022.

- 21. 貿易及其他應收賬款(續)
  - (b) 來自現金客戶及結算所之應收賬項的正常結算 期為各交易日後兩日內。

源自證券經紀業務之現金客戶應收賬項須於各 結算日後於要求時償還。由於賬齡分析就該等 應收賬項的性質而言,並不能提供額外價值, 故此賬齡分析並未披露。

為取得證券買賣的信貸融資,保證金客戶須將 證券抵押品抵押予本集團。授予彼等的信貸融 資金額由本集團接受的貼現金額釐定。

本集團對未償還應收賬項採取嚴謹監控措施, 以將信貸風險減至最低。管理層定期覆核應 收賬項,確保本集團代客戶持有的上市股票足 以抵銷其結欠本集團的負債。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團之證券經紀業務已出售。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 21. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

(c) Other receivables included amounts due from Taihengfeng Group of approximately RMB235,578,000 and remaining consideration receivables of approximately RMB54,575,000.

The movements in impairment on other receivables are as follows:

#### 21. 貿易及其他應收賬款(續)

(c) 其他應收賬款包括應收泰恒豐集團款項約人 民幣235,578,000元及餘下應收代價約人民幣 54,575,000元。

其他應收賬款之減值變動如下:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
At 1 January	於一月一日	9,013	8,200
Impairment losses recognised	已確認之減值虧損	1,430	811
Reversal of impairment losses	減值虧損撥回	(8,000)	_
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	(3)	2
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	2,440	9,013

(d) Deposits and prepayments are related to payments to suppliers for purchase of goods which was not yet delivered to the Group. The Group pays deposits upon acceptance of orders by suppliers on a case-by-case basis and before receipts of goods. Purchase is recognised when goods are received.

Included in impairment amounted to approximately HK\$28,250,000 as at 1 January 2021, being deposits of acquiring properties from Elite One International Holdings Limited was fully impaired in previous year out of which HK\$2,000,000 (2021: 26,250,000) has been recovered.

The movements in impairment on deposits are as follows:

(d) 按金及預付款項乃與向供應商支付尚未交付予本集團的商品採購。本集團於供應商接納訂單時按個別基準並於收取商品前支付按金。當收到商品時確認購買。

計入二零二一年一月一日約28,250,000港元的 減值,即收購卓傑國際控股有限公司的物業於 過往年度完全減值,其中2,000,000港元(二零 二一年:26,250,000港元)已收回。

按金及預付款項之減值變動如下:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
At 1 January	於一月一日	2,000	28,250
Reversal of impairment losses	減值虧損撥回	(2,000)	(26,250)
Impairment losses recognised	已確認之減值虧損	1,582	_
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	(49)	_
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	1,533	2,000

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#### 22. LOAN RECEIVABLES

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's loan receivables (including interest receivables) arose from money lending business. Loan receivables beared interest at rates at 12%, and with credit periods, mutually agreed between the contracting parties. Each customer has a credit limit. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly and handled closely by senior management.

#### 22. 應收貸款

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團之應收貸款 (包括應收利息)源自放債業務。應收貸款按12%之 利率計息,而信貸期由訂約雙方議定。每名客戶設 有信貸上限。高級管理人員會定期檢討及親自處 理逾期結餘。

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Carrying amount of receivables based on scheduled repayment dates set out in the	按貸款協議所載之償還款項時間表 應收款賬面值		
loan agreements Within one year	一年內	_	302,451
Less: current portion	減:即期部分		(302,451)
Non-current portion	非即期部分	_	

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's loan receivables, which arise from Money Lending Business, are denominated in RMB with gross amount of approximately HK\$333,320,000.

Loan receivables were unsecured, interest-bearing and are repayable with fixed terms agreed with the customers. The maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of loan receivables at each of the reporting dates is the carrying value of the loan receivables mentioned above.

The Group's Money Lending Business was disposed of during the year ended 31 December 2022.

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團的應收貸款 來自於放債業務以港元及人民幣計值的總金額約 333,320,000港元。

貸款為無抵押、計息並須於與客戶議定的固定期 限內償還。於各報告日期所面臨的最大信貸風險 為上文所述應收貸款的賬面值。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團之 放債業務已出售。

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#### 22. LOAN RECEIVABLES (Continued)

#### 22. 應收貸款 (續)

A maturity profile of the loan receivables at the end of the years ended 31 December 2021, based on the maturity date, net of impairment losses, is as follows:

根據到期日,應收貸款(扣除減值虧損)於截至二零 二一年十二月三十一日止年度末的到期情況如下:

		<b>2022</b> 二零二二年	<b>2021</b> 二零二一年
		— < — — ' HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Receivable:	應收:		
Within 3 months	三個月內	_	176,782
3 months to 1 year	三個月至一年	_	125,669
			302,451

The movements in impairment on loan receivables are as follows:

應收貸款減值變動如下:

		<b>2022</b> 二零二二年	<b>2021</b> 二零二一年
		— <del>-</del>	— ऱ —
		千港元	千港元
At 1 January	於一月一日	30,869	30,195
Impairment loss recognised	已確認之減值虧損	672	674
Disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司	(31,541)	
As 31 December	於十二月三十一日	_	30,869

### 綜合財務報表附註

**For the year ended 31 December 2022** 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 23. PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS AND BANK AND CASH BALANCES

23. 已抵押銀行存款及銀行結餘及現金

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Bank balances	銀行結餘	9,288	142,823
Cash on hand	手頭現金	12	18
		9,300	142,841
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	64,539	77,756
		73,839	220,597
The Group's pledged bank deposits banks to secure bills payable of the of the consolidated financial statements	Group as set out in note 24(a) to	本集團已抵押銀行存款指抵押予釒 本集團應付票據之抵押(如綜合財務 所披露)。	

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's bank balance consists of trust accounts held for customers under the Group's securities brokerage business amounted to approximately HK\$132,739,000.

At the end of the Reporting Period, the bank balances and cash of the Group are denominated in the following currencies: 於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團銀行結餘包 括本集團證券經紀業務項下為客戶持有的信託賬 戶約132,739,000港元。

於報告期末,本集團之銀行結餘及現金以下列貨幣 計值:

		<b>2022</b> 二零二二年 HK\$'000	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
HK\$	港元	995	141,082
RMB	人民幣	72,844	79,515
		73,839	220,597

Conversion of RMB into foreign currencies is subject to the PRC's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations. The Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct exchange business. 人民幣兑換外幣受中國外匯管理條例及結匯、售匯 及付匯管理規定的規限。本集團獲准通過經授權 經營外匯業務的銀行將人民幣兑換為其他貨幣。

### 綜合財務報表附註

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#### 24. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

#### 24 留易及甘他確付賬款

RADE AND OTHER PAYABLES	<b>24.</b> 貿易及其他應付賬款				
		2022		2021	
			Notes 附註	二零二二年 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	二零二一年 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元
ills payables	應付票據		(a)	70,060	169,59
rade payables arising from trading of agricultural and meat produce	買賣農產品、海產及肉製品 貿易應付賬款	產生之	(b)	110,464	124,84
				180,524	294,43
accounts payable arising from dealing in securities	買賣證券產生之應付賬項				
— Cash clients — Clearing houses	— 現金客戶 — 結算所			=	133,46
otal accounts payable	應付賬項總額		(C)		133,47
ccruals and other payables	應計提費用及其他應付賬款	7		179,628	74,49
a) As at 31 December 2022, the Group's	s bills payable are secured	(a)		<b>360,152</b> 年十二月三十一日	502,393 ,本集團應付
a) As at 31 December 2022, the Group's by the followings: (i) Pledged bank deposits of the approximately HK\$64,539,000 (2	he Group amounted to	(a)	據乃由以下 (i) 本集團	年十二月三十一日	<sup>,</sup> 本集團應付 64,539,000港
by the followings: (i) Pledged bank deposits of th	he Group amounted to 2021: HK\$77,756,000); and ed by Mr. Lin Yuhao, an	(a)	<ul> <li>據乃由以下</li> <li>(i) 本集團 (二零二</li> <li>(ii) 由執行:</li> </ul>	年十二月三十一日 作擔保: 已抵押銀行存款約	<ul> <li>本集團應付</li> <li>64,539,000港</li> <li>6元);及</li> <li>股東林裕豪先</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>by the followings:</li> <li>(i) Pledged bank deposits of the approximately HK\$64,539,000 (2)</li> <li>(ii) Pledged bank deposits provide executive director and substational subst</li></ul>	he Group amounted to 2021: HK\$77,756,000); and ed by Mr. Lin Yuhao, an antial shareholder of the of agricultural and meat ints outstanding for trade dit period of 30 days. The nd bills payables based on		<ul> <li>據乃由以下</li> <li>(i) 本集團 (二零二</li> <li>(ii) 由執行 提供的</li> <li>買款主要包括</li> <li>為30日。於</li> </ul>	年十二月三十一日 作擔保: 已抵押銀行存款約 一年: <b>77,756,000</b> 港 董事及本公司主要图	<ul> <li>本集團應付</li> <li>64,539,000港</li> <li>64,539,000</li> <li>74,539,000</li> <li>74,539,000&lt;</li></ul>
<ul> <li>by the followings:</li> <li>(i) Pledged bank deposits of the approximately HK\$64,539,000 (2)</li> <li>(ii) Pledged bank deposits provide executive director and substate Company.</li> <li>b) Trade payables arising from trading produce principally comprise amoun purchases and have an average creating analysis of trade payables arising from trade payables arising from trade payables are ageing analysis of trade payables are approximately and the payables are approximately and the payables are approximately for the payables are ap</li></ul>	he Group amounted to 2021: HK\$77,756,000); and ed by Mr. Lin Yuhao, an antial shareholder of the of agricultural and meat ints outstanding for trade dit period of 30 days. The nd bills payables based on		<ul> <li>據乃由以下</li> <li>(i) 本集團 (二零二</li> <li>(ii) 由執行 提供的</li> <li>買款主要包括</li> <li>為30日。於</li> </ul>	年十二月三十一日 作擔保: 已抵押銀行存款約 一年: <b>77,756,000</b> 港 董事及本公司主要開 已抵押銀行存款約 、海產及肉製品產: 報告期末按發票目	<ul> <li>本集團應付</li> <li>64,539,000港</li> <li>64,539,000</li> <li>75,539,000</li> <li>75,539,000&lt;</li></ul>

124,840

110,464

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 24. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (Continued)

(c) The normal settlement terms of accounts payable to cash clients and clearing houses are two days after the trade date.

No ageing analysis is disclosed as in the opinion of the Directors, the ageing analysis does not give additional value in view of the nature of this business.

It is the Group's practice to satisfy all the requests for payments immediately within the credit period. All accounts payable are non-interest bearing.

As at 31 December 2021, accounts payable to clients also include those payables placed in trust accounts with authorised institutions of approximately HK\$133,470,000.

#### **25. PROMISSORY NOTES**

On 24 September 2015, the Company issued unsecured promissory notes with principal value of HK\$100,000,000 to an executive Director, namely Mr. Lin Yuhao (HK\$99,990,000) ("PN1") and a former Director, Mr. Lin Yupa (HK\$10,000) ("PN2") (appointed as an executive Director on 18 April 2019 and retired on 22 June 2021). PN1 and PN2 bear interest at 3% per annum and matured on 23 September 2018.

On 31 March 2016, the Company early redeemed PN1 with the principal amount of HK\$75,000,000 by way of issuing 719,696,958 ordinary shares of the Company at the subscription price of HK\$0.099 per share and all interest accrued were agreed to be waived. Subsequently, Mr. Lin Yuhao transferred HK\$10,000,000 principal amount of PN1 to Mr. Lin Yupa ("PN3").

The Company entered into several extension agreements with Mr. Lin Yuhao, to extend the maturity date of PN1 from 23 September 2018 to 31 July 2023, free of interest during the extension period. As at 31 December 2022, the carrying amount of PN1 was approximately HK\$16,339,000 (2021: HK\$16,339,000).

The Company entered into several extension agreements with Mr. Lin Yupa to extend the maturity date of PN2 and PN3 from 23 September 2018 to 31 July 2020. The maturity date of PN2 and PN3 had not been extended since 31 July 2020. Accordingly, PN2 and PN3 were reclassified to other borrowings.

#### 24. 貿易及其他應付賬款(續)

(c) 應付現金客戶及結算所的賬項的正常結算期為 交易日後兩日。

根據董事意見,賬齡分析就該業務的性質而 言,並不能提供額外價值,故此賬齡分析並未 披露。

本集團慣常於信貸期內即時清償所有付款要 求。所有應付賬項均不計息。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,應付客戶賬項 亦包括存放在認可機構信託賬戶的應付賬項約 133,470,000港元。

#### 25. 承兑票據

於二零一五年九月二十四日,本公司發行本金額為 100,000,000港元的無抵押承兑票據予執行董事林 裕豪先生(99,990,000港元)(「承兑票據1」)及前董事 林裕帕先生(10,000港元)(「承兑票據2」)(於二零一九 年四月十八日獲委任為執行董事並於二零二一年六 月二十二日辭任)。承兑票據1及承兑票據2按年利 率3%計息,並於二零一八年九月二十三日到期。

於二零一六年三月三十一日,本公司透過按認購價 每股股份0.099港元發行719,696,958股本公司普通 股提早贖回本承兑票據1,本金金額75,000,000港 元,而所有應計利息已獲同意豁免。隨後,林裕豪 先生將本金額10,000,000港元的承兑票據1轉讓予 林裕帕先生(「承兑票據3」)。

本公司與林裕豪先生訂立若干份延期協議,將承 兑票據1之到期日自二零一八年九月二十三日延期至 二零二三年七月三十一日,延期期間免息。自二零 二零年七月二十一日後,承兑票據1的賬面值約為 16,339,000港元(二零二一年:16,339,000港元)。

本公司與林裕帕先生訂立若干份延期協議,將承 兑票據2及承兑票據3之到期日自二零一八年九月 二十三日延期至二零二零年七月三十一日。承兑票 據2及承兑票據3之到期日並無延長。因此,承兑票 據2及承兑票據3已分類為其他借款。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 25. PROMISSORY NOTES (Continued)

#### 25. 承兑票據(續)

The movements of promissory notes are as follows:

承兑票據之變動如下:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
At 1 January	於一月一日	16,339	27,250
Reclassified to other borrowings upon	於承兑票據到期時重新分類至其他借款	10,000	21,200
maturity of the PNs			(10,911)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	16,339	16,339
Less: current portion	減:即期部份	(16,339)	(16,339)
Non-current portion	非即期部分	_	_

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 26. 銀行及其他借款

		<b>2022</b> 一	2021 — — — —
		二零二二年 HK\$'000	二零二一年 HK\$'000
		千港元	<b>千港元</b>
			17876
Bank loans <i>(Note a)</i>	銀行貸款 <i>(附註<b>a</b>)</i>	237,465	63,674
Other loans (Note b)	其他貸款( <i>附註b</i> )	12,691	230,915
		250,156	294,589
Secured	有抵押	237,465	63,674
Unsecured	無抵押	12,691	230,915
Carrying amount	賬面值	250,156	294,589
		230,130	294,309
Repayable:	須償還:		
Within one year	一年內	243,387	294,589
In the second to fifth years	第二年至第五年	6,769	_

Notes:

附註:

(a) The bank loans bear interest at 7%-9% per annum.

(a) 銀行貸款按7%-9%的年利率計息。

(b) As at 31 December 2022, other loans of approximately HK\$10,911,000 (2021: HK\$1,463,000, HK\$212,424,000 and HK\$15,096,000) were provided by the director of certain subsidiaries of the Group, namely Mr. Lin Yupa (2021: Ms. Diao Jing, Mr. Lin Yuhao and Mr. Lin Yupa), are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand. The remaining balance of other loans are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

(b) 於二零二二年十二月三十一日,其他貸款約10,911,000 港元(二零二一年:1,463,000港元、212,424,000港元 及15,096,000港元)由本公司若干附屬公司之董事, 即林裕帕先生(二零二一年:刁敬女士、林裕豪先生 及林裕帕先生)提供,均為無抵押,無利息並須按要 求償還。其他貸款的餘額為無抵押、免息及須按要 求償還。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

26. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS (Continu	Jed)
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#### 26. 銀行及其他借款(續)

須償還銀行貸款如下:

(12,691)

\_

(230,915)

附註:(續)

(b) (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

#### **(b)** (續)

The bank loans are repayable as follows:

(shown under current liabilities)

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Within one year	一年內	230,696	63,674
More than two years, but not more than five years	1.1.5	6,769	
		007.405	00.074
Less: Amount due for settlement within 12 months	減:流動負債下 <b>12</b> 個月內到期付清之款	<b>237,465</b> 項	63,674
(shown under current liabilities)	···· //·······························	(230,696)	(63,674)
Amount due for settlement after 12 months	<b>12</b> 個月後到期付清之款項	6,769	_
The other loans are repayable as follows:	其	他貸款按以下方式償還:	
		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Within one year	一年內	12,691	230,915
Less: Amount due for settlement within 12 months	減:流動負債下 <b>12</b> 個月內到期付清之款	項	

Amount due for settlement after 12 months	12個月後到期付清之款項

标合财務和衣附社

i)

**For the year ended 31 December 2022** 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

### 26. BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS (Continued)

The Group's secured bank borrowings are secured by the followings:

### 26. 銀行及其他借款(續)

本集團已抵押銀行借款由以下作擔保:

- Properties owned by Mr. Lin Yuhao, an executive Director and the substantial shareholder of the Company; and
- ii) Corporate guarantee from related companies.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, movements of bank and other borrowings are as follows:

- i) 執行董事及本公司主要股東林裕豪先生擁有的 物業;及
- ii) 關聯公司的企業擔保。

於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,銀行及 其他借款之變動如下:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
At 1 January	於一月一日	294,589	208,653
Additions during the year	年內增加	291,812	116,963
Interest expenses	利息開支	10,244	1,309
Transferred from promissory notes	轉撥自承兑票據	_	10,911
Repayments and interest payment	年內還款及利息支付		
during the year		(321,790)	(48,086)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	(24,699)	4,839
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	250,156	294,589

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

### **27. LEASE LIABILITIES**

### 27. 租賃負債

		<b>Minimum lease</b> 最低租賃支	payments	resent value of minimum lease payments 最低租賃付款之現值		
		2022	2021	2022	2021	
		二零二二年 HK\$'000	二零二一年 HK\$'000	二零二二年 HK\$'000	二零二一年 HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	<b>千港元</b>	
Within one year	一年內	6,015	15,523	4,974	11,815	
In the second to fifth years, inclusive	第二年至第五年					
	(包括首尾兩年)	9,272	34,351	7,937	28,065	
After five years	五年以後		2,845		2,662	
		15,287	52,719	12,911	42,542	
Less: Future finance charges	減:日後財務支出	(2,376)	(10,177)	N/A	N/A	
		(_,)	(,)	不適用	不適用	
Present value of lease liabilities	租賃負債現值	12,911	42,542	12,911	42,542	
Less: Amount due for settlement	減:流動負債下 <b>12</b> 個月					
within 12 months (shown	內到期付清之					
under current liabilities)	款項			(4,974)	(11,815)	
Amount due for settlement after 12	<b>12</b> 個月後到期付清之					
months	款項			7,937	30,727	

The weighted average incremental borrowing rates applied to lease liabilities at 10% (2021: 10%) for the year ended 31 December 2022.

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度適用於租賃 負債的加權平均增量借款利率為10%(二零二一年: 10%)。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

### **28. DEFERRED INCOME**

28. 遞延收入

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
At 1 January	於一月一日	2,820	3,432
Addition	增加	12,369	1,135
Amortisation	攤 銷	(2,589)	(1,828)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	(350)	81
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	12,250	2,820
Less: within one year	減:一年內	(1,782)	(971)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	10,468	1,849

Deferred income represents the receipt of government grants for the construction of property, plant and equipment, which is amortised to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the relevant assets.

遞延收入指就建設物業、廠房及設備收到的政府 補助,其乃按直線法於相關資產的估計使用年期 攤銷至損益。

### **29. SHARE CAPITAL**

29. 股本

			<b>2022</b> 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
		Notes 附註	— <sub>₹</sub> — —	HK\$'000 千港元
Authorised:	法定:			
150,000,000,000 (2021: 150,000,000,000) ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each	150,000,000,000股(二零二一年: 150,000,000,000股)			
	每股面值0.01港元之普通股		1,500,000	1,500,000
10,000,000,000 (2021: 10,000,000,000)	<b>10,000,000,000</b> 股(二零二一年:			
preference shares of HK\$0.01 each	<b>10,000,000,000</b> 股) 每股面值 <b>0.01</b> 港元之優先股		100,000	100,000
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及繳足:			
379,257,038 (2021: 379,257,038) ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each	379,257,038股(二零二一年: 379,257,038股)每股面值0.01港元			
	之普通股		3,793	3,793
3,030,000 (2021: 3,030,000)	3,030,000股(二零二一年:3,030,000			
preference shares of HK\$0.01 each	股)每股面值0.01港元之優先股	(a)	30	30
Total amount	總額		3,823	3,823

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

### 29. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

29. 股本 (續)

			Number of shares 股份數目	Amount 金額
		Notes		HK\$'000
				千港元
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日		302,083,407	3,021
Issue of ordinary share under general	根據一般授權認購發行普通股			
mandate subscription		<i>(b)</i>	60,416,000	604
Issue of ordinary share under share	根據購股權計劃發行普通股			
option scheme		(C)	16,757,631	168
At 31 December 2021 and	於二零二一年十二月三十一日及			
1 January 2022 and 31 December 2022	二零二二年一月一日及			
	二零二二年十二月三十一日		379,257,038	3,793
Notes:		附註:		
(a) The preference shares, which are non-red HK\$0.01 each credited as fully paid up, w vendors as part of the considerations for during the year ended 31 December 2012. A	ere issued and allotted to the acquisitions occurred	<ul> <li>發行及配發</li> <li>三十一日止<sup>4</sup></li> </ul>	港元之不可贖回優先股 予賣方,作為於截至二 F度收購事項之部分代( ,一股優先股可於發行	零一二年十二月 賈。根據優先股

preference share policy, one preference share is eligible to convert into one new ordinary share (adjusted from 3,030,000 ordinary shares to 15,150 ordinary shares as a result of capital reorganisation effective on 25 June 2018 and 15 April 2019) any time no earlier than one year from the date of issue. The preference shares have no right to share in any surplus assets or profit and no voting rights. a) 每股面值0.01港元之不可贖回優先股已列賬為繳足, 發行及配發予賣方,作為於截至二零一二年十二月 三十一日止年度收購事項之部分代價。根據優先股 政策之條款,一股優先股可於發行日期起計一年後 任何日期轉換為一股新普通股(因於二零一八年六月 二十五日及二零一九年四月十五日生效之資本重組, 自3,030,000股普通股調整為15,150股普通股)。優先 股並無權利享有任何溢餘資產或溢利,亦無投票 權。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

### 29. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

#### Notes: (Continued)

- (b) The issuance of 60,416,000 ordinary shares as disclosed in the Company's circular dated 19 March 2021 in respect of connected transaction involving subscription of new shares (the "Subscription B") by Sino Richest under general mandate granted by the Shareholders on 15 June 2020. As Subscription B constituted a connected transaction, it was approved by the Shareholders at the Company's general meeting held on 8 April 2021. Subscription B was completed on 19 April 2021 under which 60,416,000 ordinary shares were duly allotted and issued as fully paid by the Company to Sino Richest at the subscription price of HK\$0.80 per subscription share. Details of the above were set out in the Company's announcements dated 20 January 2021, 8 April 2021 and 19 April 2021, and the Company's circular dated 19 March 2021.
- (c) During the year ended 31 December 2021, 16,757,631 share options were exercised to subscribe for 16,757,631 ordinary shares of the Company at the consideration of approximately HK\$29,493,000 of which approximately HK\$167,000 was credited to share capital and the balance of approximately HK\$29,325,000 was credited to the share premium account. Amount of approximately HK\$18,912,000 has been transferred from share options reserve to the share premium account in accordance with the accounting policy adopted by the Company.

The Group's capital management objectives are to ensure the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maximise the return to the Shareholders through the optimisation of debt and equity balance. The capital structure of the Group comprises all components of shareholders' equity.

The Group reviews the capital structure on a regular basis. As a part of this review, the Group monitors capital on the basis of net debt to adjusted equity ratio, the ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as "adjusted equity", as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position, plus net debt. The Group considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with issued share capital and may adjust the ratio through dividend payments, issuing new shares, raising new debt financing or selling assets to reduce existing debts. The net debt to adjusted equity ratio as at 31 December 2022 was 0.29 (2021: 0.21).

The only capital requirement imposed on the Group externally is that the Group must have a minimum public float of 25% of the total issued share capital of the Company in order to maintain its listing on the Stock Exchange. The Group receives monthly report from the share registrars on substantial share interests showing the non-public float, and such monthly report demonstrates the Group's continuous compliance with the 25% public float requirement from the date of its listing. As of 31 December 2022, approximately 29.81% (2021: 29.81%) of the shares were held by the public.

### **29.** 股本 (續)

附註:(續)

- (b) 本公司日期為二零二一年三月十九日之通函披露 60,416,000股普通股的發行,內容有關根據二零二零 年六月十五日股東授予的一般授權與Sino Richest包 括認購新股份的關連交易(「認購事項B」)。由於認購 事項B構成關連交易,其已於二零二一年四月八日之 本公司股東大會上獲股東批准,認購事項B已於二 零二一年四月十九日生效並完成,本公司以每股認購 股份0.80港元的認購價格,向Sino Richest正式配發 及發行60,416,000股普通股。有關認購事項B詳情載 於本公司日期為二零二一年一月二十日、二零二一年 四月八日及二零二一年四月十九日之公告,以及二零 二一年三月十九日之通函中。
- (c) 於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,16,757,631 份購股權已獲行使,以認購16,757,631股本公司普通 股,代價約為29,493,000港元,其中約167,000港元 進賬至股本,而餘額約29,325,000港元則進賬至股份 溢價賬。金額約18,912,000港元之款項已根據本公司 採納的會計政策由購股權儲備轉撥至股份溢價賬。

本集團的資金管理目標乃為透過優化債務及權益的平衡, 保障本集團能夠持續經營,同時為股東帶來最大回報。 本集團的資本架構由股東權益的所有元素組成。

本集團定期檢討資本架構。作為是次檢討的一部分,本 集團根據負債淨額與經調整股本比率(以負債淨額除以資 本總額計算)監控資本。負債淨額乃按借款總額減現金及 現金等值計算。資本總額即綜合財務狀況表所示「經調整 股本」加負債淨額。本集團考慮資本之成本及已發行股本 涉及之風險,並可藉支付股息、發行新股、籌募新債融 資或出售資產減少現有負債以調整比率。於二零二二年 十二月三十一日,負債淨額與經調整股本比率為0.29(二 零二一年:0.21)。

本集團的唯一外部資本要求為,如欲維持其在聯交所的 上市地位,本集團的公眾持股量最少為本公司已發行股本 的25%。本集團每月收到股份過戶登記處列明非公眾持 股量的重大股份權益的報告,有關月度報告顯示,本集團 自上市之日起一直符合25%的公眾持股量要求。截至二零 二二年十二月三十一日,約29.81%(二零二一年:29.81%) 股份乃由公眾持有。

**For the year ended 31 December 2022** 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

### **30. RESERVES**

#### (a) Group

The amounts of the Group's reserves and movements therein are presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and consolidated statement of changes in equity.

#### (b) Nature and purpose of reserves

#### (i) Share premium

Share premium represents premium arising from the issue of shares at a price in excess of their par value per share and is not distributable but may be applied in paying up unissued shares of the Company to be issued to the shareholders of the Company as fully paid bonus shares or in providing for the premiums payable on the repurchase of shares. The application of the share premium account is governed by the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda.

#### (ii) Contributed surplus

(a) The contributed surplus of the Group represents the difference between the aggregate of the nominal value of (i) the shares of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the Group reorganisation completed on 5 June 1998 (the "Group Reorganisation"); (ii) debt of approximately HK\$17,039,000 (the "Debt") due by the then shareholders, Mr. Kwok Man Yu and his spouse, Ms. Lam Yuk Ang, to Corasia International (BVI) Limited, the former holding company of the Group, and assumed by the Company under the Group Reorganisation, over the nominal value of the shares of the Company issued in exchange thereof; and (iii) the credit arising from the capital reductions of approximately HK\$112,950,000.

The contributed surplus of the Company arose as a result of the Group Reorganisation and represented the excess of the then combined net assets of the subsidiaries acquired, as reduced by the balance of the debt assumed by the Company pursuant to the capital reorganisation, over the nominal value of the shares of the Company issued in exchange thereof; and the credit arising from the capital reduction of approximately HK\$112,950,000.

### 30. 儲備

#### (a) 本集團

本集團儲備的金額及其變動於綜合損益及其他全面收益表以及綜合權益變動表內呈列。

### (b) 儲備之性質及目的

### (i) 股份溢價

股份溢價賬指按超出每股股份面值之價格 發行股份產生的溢價,屬不可分派,惟可 用於繳足將向本公司股東發行作為繳足股 款紅股之本公司未發行股份之股款,或於 購回股份時作為應付溢價。股份溢價賬之 應用受百慕達一九八一年公司法約束。

### (ii) 繳入盈餘

(a) 本集團之繳入盈餘為(i)本集團根據 於一九九八年六月五日完成重組(「集 團重組」)而收購的附屬公司股份之 面值:(ii)本公司根據集團重組而承 擔當時股東郭文雨先生及其配偶林 玉鶯女士結欠本集團之前控股公司 Corasia International (BVI) Limited之債 項約17,039,000港元(「該債項」),超 出本公司就此作交換而發行之股份面 值:及(iii)因削減股本產生之進賬額約 112,950,000港元之差額。

> 本公司之繳入盈餘乃因集團重組而產 生,為收購附屬公司當時之合併資產 淨值(減本公司根據股本重組而承擔 之債項餘額),超出本公司就此作交換 而發行之股份面值之數額:以及因削 減股本產生之進賬額約112,950,000港 元。

### 綜合財務報表附註

**For the year ended 31 December 2022** 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

### 30. RESERVES (Continued)

#### (b) Nature and purpose of reserves (Continued)

- (ii) Contributed surplus (Continued)
  - (b) The subsidiaries of the Group established in the PRC are required to transfer 10% of its profits after income tax determined in accordance with the accounting regulations in the PRC to the surplus reserve until the reserve balance reaches 50% of the respective registered capital of the PRC subsidiaries. Such reserve may be used to reduce any losses incurred or for capitalisation as paid-up capital of the PRC subsidiaries.

#### (iii) Foreign currency translation reserve

The foreign currency translation reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 2.3(d)(iii) to the consolidated financial statements.

#### (iv) Share option reserve

The share option reserve represents the fair value of the actual or estimated number of unexercised share options granted to employees and consultants of the Group recognised in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for equity-settled share-based payments in note 2.3(ab) to the consolidated financial statements.

### **31. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS**

A share option scheme (the "Scheme") was adopted pursuant to a resolution passed at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 6 June 2013 for the primary purpose of providing incentives or rewards to eligible participants. Under the Scheme, the Company may grant options to any participant of certain defined categories. Saved as determined by the directors and provided in the offer of the grant of the relevant option, there is no performance target requirement which must be achieved before the option can be exercised but the participant must remain in the categories upon exercise.

### 30. 儲備 (續)

- (b) 儲備之性質及目的(續)
  - (ii) 繳入盈餘(續)
    - (b) 本集團於中國成立之附屬公司須將根據中國會計規則釐定之除所得税後溢利10%轉撥至盈餘儲備,直至儲備結餘達到中國附屬公司各自之註冊資本之50%為止。該儲備可用作扣減任何產生之虧損或資本化為中國附屬公司之實繳股本。

#### (iii) 外幣換算儲備

外幣換算儲備包括換算海外業務財務報表 產生之所有匯兑差額。該儲備就綜合財務 報表附註2.3(d)(iii)所載的會計政策處理。

#### (iv) 購股權儲備

購股權儲備指就綜合財務報表附註2.3(ab) 所載股本結算之以股份支付採納之會計政 策所確認之授予本集團僱員及顧問之未行 使購股權之實際或估計數目之公平值。

### **31.** 以股份支付

根據於二零一三年六月六日舉行之本公司股東週年 大會上通過一項決議案,已採納一項購股權計劃 (「計劃」),主要目的是向合資格之參與者提供獎勵 或回饋。根據計劃,本公司可向若干界定類別的任 何參與者授出購股權。除董事另行釐定並於授出 有關購股權的要約指明外,行使購股權前毋須達 成任何指定表現目標,惟參與者行使購股權時必 須仍為指定類別參與者。

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### 31. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (Continued)

The total number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Scheme must not exceed 10% of the shares of the Company in issue as at the adoption date unless such limit is refreshed by resolutions of the shareholders of the Company subsequently. The total number of shares issued and to be issued upon the exercise of the options granted to a participant in any 12-month period must not exceed 1% of the shares of the Company in issue. Any further grant of options in excess of the individual limit must be subject to shareholders' approval.

The period within which the options must be exercised will be specified by the Company at the time of grant. This period must expire no later than 10 years from the relevant date of grant of the options. An offer of option shall remain open for acceptance by the participant of the Scheme (the "Grantee") to whom such offer is made for a period of thirty (30) days from the date on which the letter containing the offer of option is issued to the Grantee. An offer of option shall be deemed to have been accepted by a Grantee and the option to which the offer relates shall be deemed to have been granted and to have taken effect when the duplicate of the offer letter comprising acceptance of the offer of option duly signed by the Grantee, together with a payment in favour of the Company of HK\$1.00 (or its equivalent) by way of consideration for the grant thereof, is received by the Company.

Pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 22 June 2021, the share option mandate limit was refreshed pursuant to which the Company was authorised to grant share options to subscribe for up to a maximum number of 36,249,940 ordinary shares. As at 31 December 2022, the Company had utilised 100% of the existing share option mandate limit. The Scheme will remain in force until 6 June 2023, so the remaining life of the Scheme is approximately two months as at the date of this report.

The subscription price is determined by the Board in its absolute discretion which, in any event, shall be at least the higher of (a) the closing price of the shares on the offer date; (b) the average closing price of the shares for the five business days immediately preceding the offer date; and (c) the nominal value for the time being of each share.

### **31.** 以股份支付 (續)

根據計劃授出的購股權的相關股份總數不得超逾 本公司於採納日期已發行股份的10%,除非該限制 隨後透過本公司股東決議案作出更新。在任何12 個月期間內,個別參與者因行使已授出之購股權 而發行及將發行的股份總數不得超逾本公司已發 行股份的1%。授出任何超逾個別限額的購股權必 須先獲股東批准。

本公司將於授出購股權時指定必須行使購股權之 期間。此期間必須於相關購股權授出日期後不遲 於10年內屆滿。獲提呈計劃參與者(「承授人」)可於 向承授人發出載有要約之函件日期起計三十(30)日 內接納購股權要約。倘本公司接獲經承授人正式 簽署構成購股權要約接納之要約函件副本,連同 向本公司支付之款項1.00港元(或其等值)作為授出 代價,則購股權要約視為獲承授人接納,而提呈 有關購股權視為已授出及生效。

根據於二零二一年六月二十二日舉行之本公司股 東週年大會上通過之普通決議案,購股權授權限 額已獲更新,據此本公司獲授權授出可認購最多 36,249,940股普通股股份之購股權。截至二零二二 年十二月三十一日,本公司已動用現有購股權授權 限額的100%。計劃將持續有效至二零二三年六月 六日,因此計劃的剩餘期限於截至本報告日期為約 兩個月。

認購價格由董事會全權決定,惟有關價格無論如 何不得低於(a)要約日期的股份收市價;(b)緊接要 約日期前五個營業日的股份平均收市價;及(c)每股 股份當時的面值(以較高者為準)。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

### 31. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (Continued)

### 31. 以股份支付(續)

Details of specific categories of options are as follows:

購股權之具體類別的詳情如下:

Date of grant 授出日期	Exercise period 行使期	<b>Exercise price</b> 行使價 HK\$ 港元	Notes 附註
3/7/2015	3/7/2015–2/7/2025	99	(a)
二零一五年七月三日	二零一五年七月三日至二零二五年七月二日		1-9
22/7/2016	22/7/2016-21/7/2026	39.6	(b)
二零一六年七月二十二日	二零一六年七月二十二日至二零二六年七月二十一日		
20/9/2017	20/9/2017–19/9/2027	7.8	(C)
二零一七年九月二十日	二零一七年九月二十日至二零二七年九月十九日		
9/7/2018	9/7/2018-8/7/2028	1.804	(d)
二零一八年七月九日	二零一八年七月九日至二零二八年七月八日		
24/7/2019	24/7/2019–23/7/2029	1.144	
二零一九年七月二十四日	二零一九年七月二十四日至二零二九年七月二十三日		
15/9/2020	15/9/2020–14/9/2030	1.76	
二零二零年九月十五日	二零二零年九月十五日至二零三零年九月十四日		
16/12/2022	16/12/2022–15/12/2032	4.29	
二零二二年十二月十六日	二零二二年十二月十六日至二零三二年十二月十五日		

#### Notes:

As a result of the capital reorganisation effective on 25 April 2019, adjustments were made to the number of ordinary shares to be allotted and issued upon exercise of the subscription rights attaching to all these share options granted under the Scheme by the decrease of:

- (a) 51,729,550 ordinary shares to 2,586,477 ordinary shares and the exercise prices of the options were adjusted from HK\$4.95 per ordinary share to HK\$99 per ordinary share;
- (b) 68,815,976 ordinary shares to 3,440,798 ordinary shares and the exercise prices of the options were adjusted from HK\$1.98 per ordinary share to HK\$39.6 per ordinary share;
- (c) 96,090,156 ordinary shares to 4,804,507 ordinary shares and the exercise prices of the options were adjusted from HK\$0.39 per ordinary share to HK\$7.8 per ordinary share;
- (d) 112,178,756 ordinary shares to 5,608,937 ordinary shares and the exercise prices of the options were adjusted from HK\$0.0902 per ordinary share to HK\$1.804 per ordinary share.

附註:

由於股本重組於二零一九年四月二十五日生效,於根據計 劃授出之所有該等購股權所附帶之認購權獲行使後將予 配發及發行之普通股數目已透過下列方式調整:

- (a) 將普通股由51,729,550股減至2,586,477股,而購股權 之行使價則由每股普通股4.95港元調整至每股普通 股99港元;
- (b) 將普通股由68,815,976股減至3,440,798股,而購股權 之行使價則由每股普通股1.98港元調整至每股普通 股39.6港元;
- (c) 將普通股由96,090,156股減至4,804,507股,而購股權 之行使價則由每股普通股0.39港元調整至每股普通 股7.8港元;
- (d) 將普通股112,178,756股減至5,608,937股,而購股權 之行使價則由每股普通股0.0902港元調整至每股普 通股1.804港元。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

### 31. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (Continued)

### 31. 以股份支付 (續)

Movements in the number of share options outstanding and their related weighted average exercise prices are as follows:

尚未行使購股權數目及其相關加權平均行使價之 變動如下:

		N	umber of share option 購股權數目	S					
Name of category/ participant	Outstanding as at Granted during Exerci 1 January 2022 the year 於二零二二年		Exercised during the year	0 1 0 0		Date of granted	Exercise year	Adjusted exercise price	
類別/參與者名稱	一月一日 尚未行使	年內授出	年內行使	+=		授出日期	行使年度	經調整 行使價 <b>HK\$</b> 港元	
Directors 董事									
Lin Yuhao 林裕豪	-	3,624,994	-	-	3,624,994	<b>16/12/2022</b> 二零二二年十二月十六日	<b>16/12/2022 – 15/12/2032</b> 二零二二年十二月十六日至 二零三二年十二月十五日	4.29	
	2,840,000	-	-	-	2,840,000	<b>15/9/2020</b> 二零二零年九月十五日	15/9/2020 - 14/9/2030 二零二零年九月十五日至 二零三零年九月十四日	1.76	
	945,216	-	-	-	945,216	<b>24/7/2019</b> 二零一九年 七月二十四日	24/7/2019 - 23/7/2029 二零一九年七月二十四日至 二零二九年七月二十三日	1.144	
	79,932	-	-	-	79,932	9/7/2018 二零一八年 七月九日	-マーパー ビスートーロ 9/7/2018 - 8/7/2028 二零一八年七月九日至 二零二八年七月八日	1.804 <i>(Note 1)</i> <i>(附註1)</i>	
	480,400	-	-	-	480,400	20/9/2017 二零一七年 九月二十日	<b>20/9/2017 – 19/9/2027</b> 二零一七年九月二十日至	7.8 <i>(Note 1)</i> <i>(附註1)</i>	
	34,400	-	-	-	34,400	7.7月二十日 22/7/2016 二零一六年 七月二十二日	二零二七年九月十九日 22/7/2016 – 21/7/2026 二零一六年七月二十二日至 二零二六年七月二十一日	39.6 <i>(Note 1)</i> <i>(附註1)</i>	
Han Xiuhong 韓秀紅	-	2,000	-	-	2,000	<b>16/12/2022</b> 二零二二年十二月十六日	<b>16/12/2022 – 15/12/2032</b> 二零二二年十二月十六日至 二零三二年十二月十五日	4.29	
	4,379,948	3,626,994	-	-	8,006,942				

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

### 31. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (Continued)

31. 以股份支付 (續)

		N	umber of share option 購股權數目	ns		_		
Name of categ participant	ory/ Outstanding as a 1 January 202 於二零二二:	2 the year	Exercised during the year		Outstanding as at 31 December 2022 於二零二二年	Date of granted	Exercise year	Adjusted exercise price
類別/參與者1	一月一	Ĥ	年內行使	年內失效	十二月三十一日	授出日期	行使年度	經調整 行使價 <b>HK\$</b> 港元
Employees 員工								
貝⊥ In aggregate 總計		- 5,250,456	-	-	5,250,456	16/12/2022 二零二二年十二	16/12/2022 - 15/12/2032 月十六日 二零二二年十二月十六日至 二零三二年十二月十五日	4.29
In aggregate 總計	7,600,709	) –	-	-	7,600,709	<b>15/9/2020</b> 二零二零年九月	15/9/2020 - 14/9/2030	1.76
In aggregate 總計	945,216	· –	-	-	945,216	<b>24/7/2019</b> 二零一九年 七月二十四	<b>24/7/2019 – 23/7/2029</b> 二零一九年七月二十四日至	1.144
In aggregate 總計	631,000	) –	-	-	631,000	20/9/2017 二零一七年 九月二十日	ロ 20/9/2017 - 19/9/2027 二零一七年九月二十日至 二零二七年九月十九日	7.8 <i>(Note 1)</i> <i>(附註1)</i>
In aggregate 總計	552,998		-	112,298	440,700	22/7/2016 二零一六年 七月二十二	<b>22/7/2016 – 21/7/2026</b> 二零一六年七月二十二日至	39.6 <i>(Note 1)</i> <i>(附註1)</i>
In aggregate 總計	90,000	) –	-	50,000	40,000	3/7/2015 二零一五年 七月三日	1 二零二八年七月二十日 3/7/2015 - 2/7/2025 二零一五年七月三日至 二零二五年七月二日	99 <i>(Note 1)</i> <i>(附註1)</i>
	9,819,923	5,250,456	-	162,298	14,908,081			
Consultants 顧問 In aggregate 總計	1,778,647	, _	_	1,383,621	395,026	<b>3/7/2015</b> 二零一五年 七月三日	3/7/2015 – 2/7/2025 二零一五年七月三日至 二零二五年七月二日	99.000 <i>(Note 1)</i> <i>(附註1</i> )
	1,778,647	_	_	1,383,621	395,026	C/J=H		
	15,978,518	8,877,450	-	1,545,919	23,310,049			
:	The number of sha adjusted accordingl Company on 25 Jur	y, pursuant to th	ne capital reorga			年	據公司於二零一八年六月二- 四月二十五日的股本重組, 價格已相應調整。	
	The closing price of which the options w		-	ore the date o	on		份於緊接購股權授出日期前 元。	前之收市價為 <b>4.</b> 1
	There is no vestir granted to Directors			share optior	าร		予董事、僱員及顧問的未行 期。	「使購股權並無f

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### 31. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (Continued)

The options outstanding at 31 December 2022 had an exercise price ranging from HK\$1.144 to HK\$99 (2021: HK\$1.144 to HK\$99) and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 8.15 years (2021: 7.59 years).

The fair value of share options is determined at the date of grant using Binominal Option Pricing Model by an independent valuer and the following assumptions were used to calculate the fair value of share options:

### 31. 以股份支付 (續)

於二零二二年十二月三十一日尚未行使購股權之行 使價介乎1.144港元至99港元(二零二一年:1.144港 元至99港元),加權平均餘下合約期為8.15年(二零 二一年:7.59年)。

購股權之公平值乃由獨立估值師於授出日期以二項 式期權定價模型定價,而計算購股權之公平值時 採納了下列假設:

	16 December 2022	15 September 2020	24 July 2019	9 July 2018	20 September 2017	22 July 2016	3 July 2015
Grant date:	二零二二年	二零二零年	二零一九年	二零一八年	二零一七年	二零一六年	二零一五年
授出日期	十二月十六日	九月十五日	七月二十四日	七月九日	九月二十日	七月二十二日	七月三日
Fair value at measurement date	HK\$15,615,716	HK\$34,093,016	HK\$6,758,820	HK\$3,946,770	HK\$24,609,958	HK\$72,732,958	HK\$135,904,419
於計量日期之公平值	15,615,716港元	34,093,016港元	<b>6,758,820</b> 港元	<b>3,946,770</b> 港元	24,609,958港元	72,732,958港元	135,904,419港元
Closing price on date of grant	HK\$4.22	HK\$1.76	HK\$1.070	HK\$0.089	HK\$0.039	HK\$0.198	HK\$0.465
授出日之收市價	<b>4.22</b> 港元	<b>1.76</b> 港元	1.070港元	0.089港元	<b>0.039</b> 港元	<b>0.198</b> 港元	0.465港元
Exercise price	HHK\$4.29	HK\$1.76	HK\$1.144	HK\$0.0902	HK\$0.039	HK\$0.198	HK\$0.495
行使價	<b>4.29</b> 港元	<b>1.76</b> 港元	1.144港元	0.0902港元	<b>0.039</b> 港元	<b>0.198</b> 港元	<b>0.495</b> 港元
Expected volatility (expressed as weighted average Volatility used in the							
modeling under the Binominal Option Pricing Model)	116.979%	110.5%	108%	71%	62%	59%	65%
預期波幅(以二項式期權定價模式下建模所用之加權平均波幅列示)							
Option life (expressed as weighted average life used in the modeling under							
the Binominal Option Pricing Model)	10 years	10 years	10 years	10 years	10 years	10 years	10 years
購股權年期(以二項式期權定價模式下建模所用之加權平均年期列示)	十年	十年	十年	十年	十年	十年	十年
Expected dividends	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
預期股息							
Risk-free interest rate (based on exchange fund notes)	3.281%	0.744%	1.5%	2.1%	1.5%	1.01%	1.87%
無風險利率(按外匯基金票據計算)							

The values of options are subject to (i) subjectivity and uncertainty relating to the assumptions to which such values are subject; and (ii) limitation of the model used to estimate such values. The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility is indicative of future trends, which may not necessarily be the actual outcome.

購股權價值視乎(i)有關該等價值所涉及之假設的主 觀性及不明朗因素:及(ii)用作估計該等價值的模式 的限制。預期波幅乃假設過往波幅可反映未來趨 勢,但未必與實際結果相符。

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### **31. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (Continued)**

The equity-settled share-based payment charged to the profit or loss was approximately HK\$15,616,000 (2021: HK\$Nil) for the year ended 31 December 2022.

At the end of the Reporting Period, the Company has 23,310,049 (2021: 15,978,518) share options outstanding. The exercise in full of the outstanding share options would, under the present capital structure of the Company, result in the issue of 23,310,049 (2021: 15,978,518) additional ordinary shares of the Company and additional share capital of approximately HK\$233,000 (2021: HK\$160,000).

### **32. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS**

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had the following capital commitments for acquisition of property, plant and equipment:

### 31. 以股份支付 (續)

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度期間,於損益扣除之股本結算之以股份支付約為15,616,000港元(二零二一年:零港元)。

於報告期末,本公司有23,310,049份(二零二一年: 15,978,518份)尚未行使購股權。倘尚未行使購股 權獲悉數行使,根據本公司現有資本架構,將致使 額外發行23,310,049股(二零二一年:15,978,518股) 本公司普通股及增加股本約233,000港元(二零二一 年:160,000港元)。

### 32. 資本承擔

於報告期末,本集團就收購物業、廠房及設備有以 下資本承擔:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Contracted but not provided for:	已訂約但未撥備:		
Purchase/construction of property, plant and	購買/興建物業、廠房及設備		
equipment	满具/ 兴建彻末 M K K Q M	_	863

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# 33. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

# (a) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

The table set forth below is the detail changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

### 33. 綜合現金流量表附註

#### (a) 融資活動所產生負債的對賬

Intoract

下表載列本集團因融資活動產生之負債變動詳 情,包括現金及非現金變動。融資活動產生之 負債指在或將在本集團綜合現金流量表分類 為融資活動產生之現金流量的有關負債。

		353,470	(19,381)	1,715	(40,138)	11,899	(1,156)	(27,003)	279,406
Lease liabilities (Note 27)	租賃負債 <i>(附註<b>27</b>)</i>	42,542	(19,381)	1,715	(10,160)	1,655	(1,156)	(2,304)	12,911
Interest-bearing bank and other borrowings <i>(Note 26)</i>	計息銀行及其他借款 <i>(附註<b>26</b>)</i>	294,589	_	_	(29,978)	10,244	_	(24,699)	
Promissory notes (Note 25)	承兑票據 <i>(附註25)</i>	16,339	-	-	_	-	_	_	16,339
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		二零二二年 一月一日	終止	年內增加	現金流量 淨額	開支/融資 租賃支出	出售 附屬公司	匯兑調整	十二月 三十一日
			Termination	the year	net	charges 利息	subsidiaries	ubsidiaries realignment	
		1 January		Addition during	Cash flows,	expense/ finance lease	Disposals of	Exchange	31 December
						Interest			

			Transferred from	Addition		Interest expense/ finance	Transferred to interest- bearing bank		
		1 January	promissory	during	Cash flows,	lease	and other	Exchange	31 December
		2021	notes	the year	net	charges	borrowing	realignment	2021
						利息	轉撥至計息		二零二一年
		二零二一年	轉撥自		現金流量	開支/融資	銀行及		十二月
		一月一日	承兑票據	年內增加	淨額	租賃支出	其他借款	匯兑調整	三十一日
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Bonds	債券	36,119	-	-	(36,906)	778	-	9	_
Promissory notes (Note 25)	承兑票據 <i>(附註<b>25</b>)</i>	27,250	_	_	—	-	(10,911)	-	16,339
Interest-bearing bank and	計息銀行及其他借款								
other borrowings (Note 26)	(附註 <b>26</b> )	208,653	10,911	-	68,877	1,309	-	4,839	294,589
Lease liabilities (Note 27)	租賃負債 <i>(附註<b>27</b>)</i>	41,304	_	11,755	(16,217)	4,643	_	1,057	42,542
		313,326	10,911	11,755	15,754	6,730	(10,911)	5,905	353,470

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### 33. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

#### (b) Total cash outflow for leases

### 33. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

### (b) 租賃現金流出總額

Amounts included in the cash flow statements for leases comprise the following:

租賃現金流量表內金額包括以下各項:

		<b>2022</b> 二零二二年	<b>2021</b> 二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Within financing cash flows	融資現金流量內	10,160	16,217
These amounts relate to the following:		此等金額與以下各項有關:	
		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Lease rental paid	已付租金	10,160	16,217

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### 33. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF **CASH FLOWS (Continued)**

### (c) Disposal of subsidiaries

As referred to in note 12 to the consolidated financial statements, during the year, the Group discontinued its money lending business and securities brokerage business at the time of the disposals of Trade Zone Group, Robust Canton Group and Taihengfeng Group.

Net assets at the date of disposals were as follows:

### 33. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

### (c) 出售附屬公司

參閱綜合財務報表附註12,於年內,本集團於 出售商域集團、粵盛集團及泰恒豐集團時終止 其放債業務及證券經紀業務。

出售之日之資產淨值如下:

		HK\$'000
		千港元
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	140
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	1,101
Investment in an associate	於一家聯營公司之投資	1,101
Other non-current assets	其他非流動資產	730
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收賬款	5,104
Loan receivables	應收貸款	325,731
Bank and cash balances	銀行及現金結餘	6,582
Bank and cash balances — trust accounts	銀行及現金結餘 — 為客戶持有的信託賬戶	0,002
held for customers		510,308
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付賬款	(518,424)
Amounts due to the Group	應付本集團款項	(243,193)
Lease liabilities	相賃負債	(1,156)
Current tax liabilities	即期税項資產	(28,433)
-		
Net assets disposed of	已出售資產淨值	58,490
Release of foreign currency translation reserve	▪ 解除外幣匯兑儲備	10,160
Gain on disposals of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司收益	82,283
Total consideration	總代價	150,933
Net cash outflow arising on disposal:	出售產生的現金流出淨額:	
Cash consideration received	已收現金代價	96,358
Cash and cash equivalents disposed of	已出售的現金及現金等值	(6,582)
		89,776

綜合財務報表附註

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### 34. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

After the end of the reporting period, the Group has settled the claim with a former employee who has filed notice of discontinuance in the district court of Hong Kong. Please refer to the paragraph headed "Litigation" of the paragraph headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" of this annual report above for further details. Save as disclosed above, there was no material event undertaken by the Company or by the Group after the end of the Reporting Period and up to the date of this annual report.

### 35. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY

Details of the Group's principal subsidiaries at the end of the reporting period are set out as follows:

### 34. 報告期後事項

報告期末後,本集團清償一名前僱員的索償,其已 向香港地區法院提交終止通知。有關進一步詳情 請參閱本年報上文「管理層之論述及分析」一段中的 「訴訟」一節。除上文所披露者外,自報告期末直至 本年報日期,本公司或本集團概無發生重大事件。

### 35. 本公司主要附屬公司之詳情

本集團主要附屬公司於報告期末之詳情列載如下:

Name of company 公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ principal place of business 註冊成立/ 主要營運地點	Particular of paid- up capital/registered capital 實繳資本/ 註資本詳情	Percentage of ownership interest held by the Company 本公司所持擁有權 權益百分比 Directly Indirectly 直接 間接		Principal activities 主要業務
Jiangxi Anyi Congyu Agricultural Development Company Limited*#	PRC/PRC	Registered: RMB80,000,000 Paid up: RMB30,000,000	_	100	Growing, processing and selling vegetables and meat
江西安義從玉農業發展有限公司*≉	中國/中國	註冊: 人民幣 <b>80,000,000</b> 元 繳足: 人民幣 <b>30,000,000</b> 元	_	100	種植、加工及銷售蔬菜及肉類
Guangdong Cypress Jade Agricultural Group Company Limited*∆	PRC/PRC	Registered: RMB30,000,000 Paid up: RMB30,000,000	_	100	Processing and selling vegetables
廣東從玉農業集團有限公司┶	中國/中國	註冊: 人民幣 <b>30,000,000</b> 元 繳足: 人民幣 <b>30,000,000</b> 元	_	100	蔬菜加工及銷售
Ningxia Cypress Jade Agricultural Development Company Limited*∆	PRC/PRC	Registered: RMB10,000,000 Paid up: RMB10,000,000	_	100	Growing, processing and selling vegetables
寧夏從玉農業開發有限公司粒	中國/中國	註冊: 人民幣10,000,000元 繳足: 人民幣10,000,000元	_	100	蔬菜種植、加工及銷售

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### 35. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

### 35. 本公司主要附屬公司之詳情 (續)

Name of company 公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ principal place of business 註冊成立/ 主要營運地點	Particular of paid- up capital/registered capital 實繳資本/ 註資本詳情	Percentage of ownership interest held by the Company 本公司所持擁有權 權益百分比 Directly Indirectly 直接 間接		held y	Principal activities 主要業務	
		□ 貝 仲 計 旧			-		
Guangzhou Luyuan Agricultural Development Company Limited*	PRC/PRC	Registered: RMB10,000,000 Paid up: RMB10,000,000		-	100	Growing, processing and selling vegetables	
廣州綠源農業發展有限公司⁵△	中國/中國	註冊: 人民幣 <b>10,000,000</b> 元 繳足: 人民幣 <b>10,000,000</b> 元		_	100	蔬菜種植、加工及銷售	
Shenzhen Cypress Jade Food Holdings Limited	PRC/PRC	Registered: RMB100,000,000 Paid up: RMB910,000		_	100	Processing and selling vegetables, meat and seafood	
深圳市從玉食品集團有限公司	中國/中國	註冊: 人民幣100,000,000元 繳足: 人民幣910,000元		_	100	加工及銷售蔬菜、肉類及海產	
<b>Viva State Limited</b> 興國有限公司	BVI/Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	<b>US\$1</b> 1美元		_	100 100	Management services 管理服務	
Shenzhen Cypress Jade Cross-border E-commerce Co., Ltd*∆	PRC/PRC	Registered: RMB1,000,000 Paid up: RMB1,000,000		_	100	Online sale business	
深圳市從玉跨境電商有限公司┶	中國/中國	註冊: 人民幣1,000,000元 繳足: 人民幣1,000,000元		_	100	線上銷售業務	
Shenzhen Tuoke E-commerce Company Limited*∆	PRC/PRC	Registered: RMB6,000,000 Paid up: Nil		_	55	Agricultural trading business	
深圳市駝客電子商務有限公司粒	中國/中國	註冊: 人民幣6,000,000元 繳足: 無		_	55	農產品貿易業務	
* For identification purpose only			*	僅供參考			
# Registered as wholly-foreign-ow	ned enterprises under the	PRC law.	#	根據中國法律註冊為外商獨資企業。			
A Registered as limited liability companies under the PRC law.				根據中國法征	津註冊は	為有限公司。	

### 綜合財務報表附註

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### 36. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

### 36. 本公司之財務狀況表及儲備

RESERVES OF THE COMPANY		2022	2021
		二零二二年 HK\$'000	二零二一年 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產		
Investments in subsidiaries	於附屬公司的投資	44,571	266,202
Rights-of-use assets	使用權資產	_	456
Other receivables	其他應收賬款	115,679	
		160,250	266,658
Current assets	流動資產		
Other receivables	其他應收賬款	137,611	166
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	29	3
		137,640	169
Current liabilities	流動負債		
Other payables	其他應付賬款	11,022	9,855
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	6,916	
Promissory notes	承兑票據	16,339	16,339
Other borrowings	其他借款	10,911	47,817
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	—	478
		45,188	74,489
Net current liabilities	流動負債淨額	92,452	(74,320)
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債	252,702	192,338
Capital and reserves	股本及儲備		
Share capital	股本及儲備	3,823	3,823
Reserves	儲備	248,879	188,515
Total equity	總權益	252,702	192,338

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board on 31 March 2023.

經董事會於二零二三年三月三十一日批准及授權刊 發。

LIN Yuhao
林裕豪
Chairman
主席

### HAN Xiuhong 韓秀紅 Director 董事

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

### 36. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

### 36. 本公司之財務狀況表及儲備(續)

Movements in Company's rese	本公司儲備之變動						
			Share	Contributed	Share option	Accumulated	
		Share capital	premium	surplus	reserve	losses	Total
		股本	股份溢價	繳入盈餘	購股權儲備	累積虧損	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	3,051	1,007,639	85,146	149,102	(1,121,872)	123,066
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year	年度虧損及全面開支總額	_	_	_	_	(7,980)	(7,980)
Issue of shares under general mandate subscription	根據一般授權認購發行股份	604	47,155	_	_	_	47,759
Lapse of share options	購股權失效	_	_	_	(2,745)	2,745	_
Issue of shares under share option scheme	根據購股權計劃發行股份	168	48,237	_	(18,912)	_	29,493
Changes in equity for the year	年度權益變動	772	95,392	_	(21,657)	(5,235)	69,272
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	3,823	1,103,031	85,146	127,445	(1,127,107)	192,338
At 1 January 2022	於二零二二年一月一日	3,823	1,103,031	85,146	127,445	(1,127,107)	192,338
Profit and total comprehensive income for the	年度虧損及全面開支總額						
year		-	-	-	-	44,748	44,748
Recognition of share-based payments	確認以股份支付	-	-	-	15,616	_	15,616
Lapse of share options	購股權失效	_	-	-	(76,325)	76,325	_
Changes in equity for the year	年度權益變動	_	_	_	(60,709)	121,073	60,364
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	3,823	1,103,031	85,146	66,736	(1,006,034)	252,702

### FIVE YEAR SUMMARY 五年概要

A summary of the published results and assets and liabilities of the Group for the latest five financial years, as extracted from the audited financial statements and reclassified as appropriate, is set out below. This summary does not form part of the audited financial statements.

下列為本集團過去五個財政年度之已刊發業績及資產 與負債概要,此乃摘錄自經審核財務報表,並已適當地 重新分類。本概要並不構成經審核財務報表一部分。

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Re-presented) (經重列)	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Re-presented) (經重列)
Turnover Profit/(loss) for	營業額 年度溢利/	999,356	522,625	328,690	311,422	176,198
the year	(虧損)	40,069	30,617	(68,122)	(59,584)	(158,594)
Profit/(loss) Attributable to: Equity shareholders of the Company	溢利/(虧損) 應佔: 本公司權益股東	41,037	35.711	(68,089)	(59,582)	(158,594)
		41,037	55,711	(00,009)	(39,302)	(150,594)
Total assets	資產總額	1,133,745	1,320,526	843,788	638,659	454,030
Total liabilities	負債總額	(658,613)	(884,511)	(535,423)	(455,034)	(271,705)
Net assets	資產淨額	475,132	436,015	308,365	183,625	182,325

In the case of any inconsistency, the English text of this announcement shall prevail over the Chinese text.

本公佈的中英文版本如有任何差異,概以英文版本為 準。