## CHINA HUARONG ENERGY COMPANY LIMITED 中國華榮能源股份有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

Stock Code 股份代號: 01101

### 2023 ANNUAL REPORT 年報





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### CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

主席報告書



#### CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

#### 主席報告書



Dear Shareholders,

I would like to thank you for your long term trust and support of Huarong Energy. On behalf of the Huarong Energy Board, I am pleased to present our results for the year ended 31 December 2023.

In 2023, the international situation was uncertain and fluctuated, with the impact of the geopolitical turmoil of the Russia-Ukraine conflict and the Israeli-Palestinian conflict, as well as the impact of high interest rates due to the Fed's interest rate hike, which resulted in a precarious global economy due to a slowdown in the growth of demand, weakened upstream investment, and the expansion of debt. Crude oil and its downstream products, as the most important commodities, also experienced macroeconomic pressures, risks of supply disruptions and constraints from expectations of falling demand.

At the same time, the Group's oil extraction segment has been, to a certain extent, troubled with the recurrence of the COVID-19 pandemic and under the impact of the crude oil export ban by Kyrgyzstan and the war between Russia and Ukraine.

Looking forward, the prospects for the oilfield development in Kyrgyzstan remain positive with the increasing demand for fossil fuels in the global market, particularly in developing countries in Central Asia, and the expected stabilization of oil and gas prices. However, the economy and energy market in Kyrgyzstan may be also subjected to uncertainties from factors, such as geopolitical conflicts, high inflation and high interest rate pressures, which may affect the situation of oilfield development and operation. Therefore, for the management of the Group, it is necessary to pay close attention to market dynamics and technological development trends in order to formulate reasonable strategies and plans to cope with challenges and opportunities in the future.

In terms of the oil storage segment of the Group, the management believes that China's economy will continue to rebound and support the growth of oil demand, and that China's oil demand will rise steadily. As a storage enterprise of oil, we need to seize the market opportunities, improve our storage services, enhance our core competitiveness and seek development amidst opportunities and challenges.

致各位股東:

本人謹此感謝各位長期以來對華榮能源的 信任及支持,並代表華榮能源董事會欣然 呈列截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年 度的業績。

二零二三年,國際形勢波譎雲詭,俄烏衝 突、巴以衝突的地緣動盪以及美聯儲加息 導致高利率衝擊等影響,需求增速放緩 上游投資減弱,而債務擴大,全球經濟風 雨飄搖。作為最重要的大宗商品的原油及 其下游產品同樣經歷了來自宏觀經濟的壓 力,供應中斷的風險和需求下降預期的制 約。

與此同時,隨著新冠肺炎疫情反覆、受吉爾吉斯原油出口禁令和俄、烏戰爭影響, 給集團石油開採板塊造成了一定的困擾。

對於集團油儲板塊,管理層認為中國經濟 持續回升向好支撐石油需求增長,中國石 油需求將穩中有升。作為倉儲企業需抓住 市場機遇,提高倉儲服務水平,提升核心 競爭力,在機遇與挑戰中尋求發展。

## **→**

#### **CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT**

主席報告書

#### **Acknowledgements**

I would like to take this opportunity to express my sincere gratitude to the Directors and the employees for their dedicated and concerted effort, and to our shareholders and all creditors and relevant institutions for their patience and ardent support to the Group.

#### 致謝

本人謹藉此機會衷心感激董事及僱員的熱 誠及共同努力,亦感謝我們股東及所有債 權人及有關機構對本集團的耐心及熱心支 持。

Niu Jianmin

Chairman

*主席* 牛建民

管理層討論與分析





管理層討論與分析

#### **Business Review**

Under tough industrial market in China and escalation of geopolitical tensions, the Group's revenue decreased to RMB82.6 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 (the "Year"), compared to revenue of approximately RMB102.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2022 (the "Comparative Year"). The Group generated a gross profit of RMB31.5 million (for the Comparative Year: RMB45.8 million) from the oil exploration business, as well as the oil storage business.

Loss attributable to the equity holders of the Company was approximately RMB526.4 million for the Year, while loss attributable to the equity holders of the Company was RMB682.7 million for the Comparative Year.

The decrease of loss attributable to equity holders of the Company was mainly driven by the stabilization of currency exchange fluctuation. The Group recorded a net foreign exchange loss of RMB125.5 million during the Year, which was mainly caused by the significant appreciation of borrowings denominated in USD and Hong Kong dollar. This is compared with a foreign exchange loss of the Group of RMB332.4 million for the Comparative Year.

#### **Disposal and Relevant Guarantee**

On 9 October 2018, the Company entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement (the "Agreement") to dispose of the core assets and liabilities of its shipbuilding, offshore engineering, engineering machinery and marine engine building segments (the "Shipbuilding and Engineering Businesses", together with the holding company of the Shipbuilding and Engineering Businesses, referred to as the "Disposal Group") with an independent third party, Unique Orient Limited (the "Purchaser") (the "Disposal"). The Disposal constituted a very substantial disposal for the Company under the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"). An extraordinary general meeting of the Company was held on 13 December 2018 in which the Disposal was approved by the shareholders.

The Company signed the second supplemental agreement on 3 March 2019 regarding the Disposal, pursuant to which (1) the transfer of the sale share of Able Diligent Limited (the "Sale Share"), the holding company of Disposal Group, to the Purchaser shall take place on or before 31 March 2019; (2) the Purchaser agreed to procure the release or discharge of the relevant guarantees provided by the Company in respect of borrowings owed by the Disposal Group (the "Relevant Guarantees"); and (3) the Purchaser agreed to execute a share charge over the Sale Share in favour of the Company.

#### 業務回顧

在中國嚴峻的工業市場及地緣政治緊張局勢升級的情况下,本集團於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度(「本年度」)錄得的收益減少至人民幣82.6百萬元,而截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度(「可比年度」)的收益約為人民幣102.8百萬元。本集團主要自石油勘探業務以及油儲業務產生毛利潤人民幣31.5百萬元(於可比年度:人民幣45.8百萬元)。

本公司權益持有人於本年度應佔虧損約為 人民幣526.4百萬元,而本公司權益持有人 於可比年度應佔虧損為人民幣682.7百萬 元。

本公司權益持有人應佔虧損減少主要由於 匯兑波動趨於穩定所致。本集團於本年度 錄得外匯虧損淨額人民幣125.5百萬元,主 要由於以美元及港元計值的借款出現大幅 升值所致。相較之下,本集團於可比年度 則錄得外匯虧損人民幣332.4百萬元。

#### 出售事項及相關擔保

於二零一八年十月九日,本公司已與獨立第三方東唯有限公司(「買方」)訂立有條件買賣協議(「協議」),以出售造船、海洋工程機械及動力工程板塊(「造船及工程業務控股公司造船及工程業務控股公司出售集團」)的核心資產及負債(「出售集團」)的核心資產及負債(「出售上市規則」),出售事項構成二十元規則(「上市規則」),出售事項一份上市規則(「上市規則」),出售事項一份上十二月十三日舉行股東特別大會,其中出售事項已獲股東批准。

本公司於二零一九年三月三日就出售事項簽訂第二份補充協議,據此(1)出售集團之控股公司Able Diligent Limited將於二零一九年三月三十一日或之前向買方轉讓銷售股份(「銷售股份」);(2)買方同意促成免除或解除本公司就出售集團借款所提供的相關擔保(「相關擔保」);及(3)買方同意以本公司為受益人就銷售股份訂立股份質押。

#### 管理層討論與分析



The Disposal was completed on 10 March 2019 (the "Disposal Day") when the Sale Share was transferred to the Purchaser. All the assets and liabilities associated with the Disposal, except the financial guarantee contract as mentioned hereafter, were derecognized on the Disposal Day. The Company signed the third, fourth, fifth and sixth supplemental agreements on 29 August 2019, 30 October 2019, 25 March 2021 and 25 March 2022, respectively. According to the latest supplemental agreements, the Purchaser will procure the release or discharge of the Relevant Guarantees and complete the relevant registration in due course.

The Group and the Purchaser have been working closely to procure the release or discharge of all remaining Relevant Guarantees in full and it was agreed that all debts owing by the Disposal Group will be assigned to the Purchaser when the Relevant Guarantees have been released or discharged in full and the relevant registrations have been completed.

Despite there has been no Relevant Guarantees discharged in the Year, the Company has taken the following actions in respect of the release and discharge of the Relevant Guarantees since the Disposal Day:

- the Company has ongoing discussions with the Purchaser on a regular basis regarding the status and progress of the release or discharge of the Relevant Guarantees;
- (ii) the Company, together with the Purchaser, has been actively negotiating with the relevant banks and lenders to release or discharge the Relevant Guarantees; and
- (iii) the Company is also maintaining its relationship with the banks and the lenders of the Disposal Group so that no action will be taken by them to demand immediate repayment of its outstanding borrowings under the Relevant Guarantees.

出售事項已於二零一九年三月十日(「出售日」)完成,銷售股份已轉讓予買方。與出售事項有關的所有資產及負債(下文所提述的財務擔保合約除外)均於出售日終止也。本公司分別於二零一九年八月二十年一日、二零一九年十月三十日、二零二十五日及二零二二年三月二十五日及二零二二年三月二十五日立第三份、第五份及第六份减充。根據最新補充協議,買方將促成和協致解除相關擔保,並於適當時候完成相關登記。

本集團及買方一直就促成全部免除或解除 所有餘下的相關擔保緊密合作及同意當相 關擔保全部免除或解除及相關登記手續 完成時,出售集團之所有債務將由買方承 擔。

儘管於本年度並無解除相關擔保,本公司 自出售日起已就免除及解除相關擔保採取 以下行動:

- (i) 本公司定期與買方就免除或解除相關 擔保的狀況和進度進行持續討論:
- (ii) 本公司與買方一直積極與相關銀行及 貸款人磋商,以免除或解除相關擔保: 及
- [iii] 本公司亦維持其與銀行及出售集團的 貸款人的關係,以確保彼等不會採取 行動要求即時償還相關擔保項下的未 償還借款。

#### 管理層討論與分析

The Company and/or the Purchaser (as appropriate) have prepared and submitted discharging proposals to the relevant banks and lenders since 2018, with an initial goal of discharging the Relevant Guarantees in batches by 2020. However, despite that the above actions had been taken by the Company and the Purchaser, the Relevant Guarantees could not be fully discharged in the period from 2020 to 2023 because of (1) the ongoing distraction and suspension of business caused by the novel coronavirus pneumonia (the "COVID-19") throughout 2020, 2021 and 2022; (2) outbreaks of more contagious COVID-19 variants and lockdown in major cities in Mainland China in 2022; and (3) the fact that the discharging process of banks was time-consuming and procedurally and administratively complicated, particularly given that each bank or lender would have its own internal review procedures as well as approval hierarchy. As the discharging progressed further, additional time was required for the relevant banks and lenders to conduct their internal risk assessment in respect of the discharging proposals. As the Company is only in the capacity as the guarantor of the Relevant Guarantees, the Company may not always be in the position to negotiate with the relevant banks and lenders concerning certain financial conditions or obligations which would be imposed on the Purchaser. Such discussions could only be initiated by the Purchaser, and the Company would not have control over the relevant progress and timing.

本公司及/或買方(視情況而定)自二零一八 年起已編製並向相關銀行及貸款人提交解 除擔保建議,初步目標為於二零二零年前 分批解除相關擔保。然而,儘管本公司及 買方已採取上述行動,但相關擔保未能於 二零二零年至二零二三年期間全部解除, 乃因為[1]新型冠狀病毒肺炎(「COVID-19」)於 二零二零年、二零二一年及二零二二年持 續影響業務運作及導致停業;[2]中國大陸 主要城市於二零二二年爆發更具傳染性的 COVID-19變種並導致封鎖;及[3]銀行的解除 過程耗時,並且在程序及管理上很複雜, 特別是各銀行或貸款人有其自身的內部審 查程序和審批層級。隨著解除擔保工作的 進一步推進,相關銀行及貸款人需要更多 時間就解除擔保建議進行內部風險評估。 由於本公司僅作為相關擔保的擔保人,本 公司未必總能與相關銀行及貸款人就若干 財務狀況或將會對買方施加的責任進行磋 商。該等討論只能由買方發起,而本公司 將無法控制相關進度和時間。

Nonetheless, both the Company and the Purchaser are committed to procuring the full discharge of the Relevant Guarantees by 2024.

儘管如此,本公司及買方均致力於促使相 關擔保在二零二四年以內全部解除。

As at the date of this report, the latest status of the Relevant Guarantees (classified by the Company as Relevant Guarantees A to D for ease of reference) and the expected time for discharging are summarised as follows:

於本報告日期,相關擔保(本公司將其分類 為相關擔保A至D,以便參考)的最新狀態 及預期解除時間概述如下:

			Expected Time
Relevant Guarantees	2023 Interim Status	Current Status	of Discharge 預期解除
相關擔保	二零二三年中期狀態	當前狀態	時間
Relevant	Relevant Guarantee A discharged	_	_
Guarantees A	in full on 30 September 2020.		
相關擔保A	相關擔保A已於二零二零年九月	_	_
	三十日全部解除。		

#### 管理層討論與分析



			<b>Expected Time</b>
Relevant Guarantees	2023 Interim Status	Current Status	of Discharge 預期解除
相關擔保	二零二三年中期狀態	當前狀態	時間
Relevant Guarantees B	The discharging proposal was approved by the relevant	The relevant bank is remaining at the finalization stage.	By the end of 2024
相關擔保B	division by the end of 2020. 相關部門已於二零二零年年末 前批准解除擔保建議。	相關銀行正處於最後整理階段。	於二零二四年年 末以前
	The relevant bank has completed the disposal provision process. 相關銀行已完成處置準備工作。		
Relevant	Relevant Guarantee C discharged in full on 30 June 2020.	_	_
Guarantees C 相關擔保C	相關擔保C已於二零二零年六月 三十日全部解除。	_	_
Relevant Guarantees D	The relevant bank has transferred the creditor's right to an independent financial institution in December 2021. The transferee has commenced the guarantor	The Purchaser is negotiating a debt restructuring deal with the relevant financial institutions. The relevant financial leasing company has finalized the preparatory	By the end of 2024
相關擔保D	discharging process. 相關銀行已於二零二一年十二 月將債權轉讓予一家獨立金 融機構。受讓人已開始擔保 人解除程序。	measures for discharging. 買方正與相關金融機構磋商債 務重組交易。相關金融租賃 公司已落實解除的準備措 施。	於二零二四年年 末以前

As at 31 December 2023 and the date of this report, the Relevant Guarantees provided by the Company to the Disposal Group in the process of being discharged or released amounted to RMB6,021.8 million (31 December 2022: RMB5,827.9 million), inclusive of principals and interests. In consideration of such financial guarantees, the Group recognized financial guarantee contracts of RMB5,036.9 million (31 December 2022: RMB4,873.0 million) which will be released upon the releasing or discharging of these Relevant Guarantees.

Details of the Disposal were disclosed in note 18 of the 2019 annual report, and the announcements of the Company dated 9 October 2018, 15 November 2018, 25 December 2018, 4 March 2019, 11 March 2019, and the circular of the Company dated 23 November 2018.

於二零二三年十二月三十一日及本報告日期,本公司向出售集團提供在解除或免除過程中的相關擔保(包括本金及利息),金額為人民幣6,021.8百萬元(二零二二年十二月三十一日:人民幣5,827.9百萬元)。作為該等財務擔保的代價,本集團確認財務擔保合約人民幣5,036.9百萬元(二零二二年十二月三十一日:人民幣4,873.0百萬元),將於免除或解除該等相關擔保後免除。

出售事項的詳情披露於二零一九年年報附註18、本公司日期為二零一八年十月九日、二零一八年十一月十五日、二零一八年十二月二十五日、二零一九年三月四日及二零一九年三月十一日之公告以及本公司日期為二零一八年十一月二十三日之通函。

#### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### 管理層討論與分析

#### **Debt Restructuring**

Together with the Disposal, the Group has also conducted the following measures to optimize its debt structure with an aim to ease the financial burden of the Group. The lenders have been supportive in general to the Group and the overall situation has been improved over the years.

#### (a) Repayment of a secured loan

The secured loan was secured by certain assets of the Disposal Group, and the Group has bundled the settlement of the loan in together with Relevant Guarantees D. This loan was a secured bank loan and has been transferred to an independent financial institution in December 2021.

It is the intention of the Company to repay such secured loan by utilizing the US dollar facility entered with a shareholder of the Company (the "Shareholder") in 2018 (the "Facility"). The Facility has a total amount of USD250 million. It is an interest-free and unsecured facility with a maturity date of 31 December 2025. The Company expects to utilise the Facility to repay the outstanding secured loan in batches and all such repayments shall be made by the end of 2024. Based on the best knowledge and information available to the Company after discussions with the Shareholder, the Shareholder is committed to providing the Facility required by the Company to settle the outstanding secured loan in full in 2024.

#### (b) Extension of maturity date of promissory notes

As at 31 December 2023, the Company had outstanding promissory notes of RMB2.4 billion (31 December 2022: RMB2.4 billion).

The Company has been in continuous discussions and negotiations with the promissory noteholders with the objective of obtaining their agreements to extend the overdue liabilities during the Year. The management of the Company has taken a proactive approach and had numerous discussions with all the promissory noteholders regarding the extension of maturity dates of the promissory notes. By 31 December 2023, the maturity date of promissory notes with aggregate principal amount of RMB1,144.3 million were successfully extended to December 2025.

#### 債務重組

進行出售事項的同時,本集團亦已實施以下優化債務結構的措施,旨在減輕本集團的財務負擔。貸款人對本集團表示支持, 且整體情況近年來已有所改善。

#### (a) 償還有抵押貸款

有抵押貸款以出售集團的若干資產作抵押,本集團已將清償貸款與相關擔保D一同捆綁。該貸款為有抵押銀行貸款並已於二零二一年十二月轉讓予一家獨立金融機構。

#### (b) 延長承兑票據到期日

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本公司 未償還承兑票據為人民幣24億元(二 零二二年十二月三十一日:人民幣24億 元)。

本公司於本年度一直與承兑票據持有人進行持續討論及磋商,以期取得其同意延長逾期負債。本公司管理層已採取積極做法並與所有承兑票據持有人就延長承兑票據到期日進行多次計論。於二零二三年十二月三十一日前,本金總額為人民幣1,144.3百萬元的承兑票據之到期日已成功延長至二零二五年十二月。

管理層討論與分析



Despite the remaining noteholders have not yet granted the final consents to the Company for extending the maturity of the remaining liabilities, the Company has been proactively negotiating the extension of the maturity dates of the promissory notes with these noteholders. These negotiations were not finalized as at 31 December 2023 as certain commercial terms remain in discussion and finalization.

The Company is currently working out a plan to settle the outstanding promissory notes, which would depend on the Company's financial performance and upcoming discussions with the financial institutions on refinancing. As at the date of this report, no definite settlement terms have been reached by the Company with any relevant parties in this regard. The management of the Company has been actively following up on the status and progress of the above matters and has been continuously monitoring the relevant progress and development through regular meetings.

These aforesaid debt-restructuring actions are devised to align with the Disposal to improve the overall financial position of the Group. The Group expects that the completion of the Disposal and the successful release or discharge of Relevant Guarantees shall have a positive impact on the extension of maturity date, and settlement of promissory notes.

#### **Obtaining Financial Resources**

To further improve the Group's financing position for its future development, the Group has continued to utilise certain financing arrangements during the Year, mainly being the Facility entered with a shareholder in 2018. This Facility has a total amount of USD250.0 million. It is an interest-free and unsecured facility with an initial maturity date of 31 December 2025. Up to 31 December 2023, the Company had utilised approximately USD120.0 million, mainly for the oilfield development, repayment of remaining debts and general working capital.

儘管餘下票據持有人尚未就延長餘下 負債到期日向本公司授出最終同意, 本公司一直就延長承兑票據到期日積 極與該等票據持有人進行磋商。有關 磋商於二零二三年十二月三十一日尚 未定案,乃由於若干商業條款仍待討 論及定案。

本公司目前正在制定償還尚未償還承 兑票據的計劃,該計劃將視乎本公司 的財務表現及與金融機構就再融資即 將進行的討論而定。截至本報告日期, 本公司尚未就此與任何相關方達成期 確的償還條款。本公司管理層一直積 極跟進上述事項的狀況及進度,並 過例會持續監控相關進展和發展。

上述債務重組措施之目標為改善本集團的整體財務狀況,與出售事項的目標一致。本集團預期完成出售事項以及成功免除或解除相關擔保將為承兑票據的到期日延長及結清帶來正面影響。

#### 獲取財政資源

為進一步改善本集團就其未來發展之融資情況,本集團於本年度繼續動用若干融資安排,主要為於二零一八年與一名股東京立之融資。融資總額為250.0百萬美元,為免息及無抵押,且初步到期日為二零二三年十二月三十一日。直至二零二三年十二月三十一日,本公司已動用約120.0百萬天,主要用於油田開發、償還剩餘債務及一般營運資金。

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The Company also expects to continue to utilise the Facility for its repayment of debts, its capital expenditure on the Company's Energy Business and for general working capital purpose. The combination of geopolitical turmoil and concerns about oil output levels in major producing countries contributed to the decline in crude oil futures by over 10% in 2023. These factors underscore the complexity and volatility inherent in the global oil market. Due to the present economic uncertainty, it is expected that expenditures in Energy Business would only start to be resumed by the Group by 2026, the earliest. The management of the Group is taking a prudent approach to manage the capital expenditure of the Energy Business and will continue to monitor the development of the oil market in making any capital expenditure decisions.

The Company and the Shareholder are engaged in ongoing discussions as to the provision of further financial assistance by the Shareholder to the Company, which is still preliminary and subject to further discussion. If any such plan is materialised, the Company will make announcement accordingly.

#### **Energy Exploration and Production**

The Group acquired 60% interest in the project involving five oilfields zones located in the Fergana Valley of the Republic of Kyrgyzstan [the "Kyrgyzstan Project"], which marked a breakthrough of the Group into the energy exploration and production industry in 2014.

Under the agreements entered into with the national oil company of Kyrgyzstan, KыргызжерНефтегаз ["Kyrgyzjer Neftegaz" Limited Liability Company), a subsidiary of the Company was granted rights to cooperate with the national oil company of Kyrgyzstan in the operation of the five oilfields zones, namely, Maili-Su IV, Eastern Izbaskent, Izbaskent, Changyrtash and Chigirchik. The first three oilfields zones are located at the northeastern part of the Fergana Valley while the latter two are located at the Southeastern part of Fergana Valley. The total area covered by these five fields is approximately 545 square kilometers.

On the exploration front, the Group has drilled a total of 81 wells across the five oilfields zones, including 76 in exploration, 2 currently being construction-in-progress and 3 being abandoned. The Group has also held a number of appraisal wells for exploration and development. As at 31 December 2023, 76 wells were at production (2022: 73 wells).

本公司與該股東已就該股東向本公司提供 進一步財務援助進行持續討論,該討論仍 屬初步,有待進一步討論。如任何有關計 劃實現,本公司將相應作出公告。

#### 能源勘探及生產

本集團收購位於吉爾吉斯共和國費爾幹納盆地五個油田區塊之項目(「**吉爾吉斯項目**」) 60%權益,標誌著本集團於二零一四年於 能源勘探及生產行業的突破。

根據與吉爾吉斯國家石油公司簽訂的協議,本公司附屬公司KыргызжерHeфтегаз(「吉爾吉斯大陸油氣」有限公司\*)獲授與吉爾吉斯國家石油公司合作經營五個油田區塊的權利,即馬里蘇IV、東伊斯巴克特、羌格爾塔什及奇克爾中納盆地東斯巴克特、羌格爾塔什及奇克克地市三個油田區塊位於費爾幹納盆地東南部。該等五個油田區塊總覆蓋面積約達545平方公里。

在勘探方面,本集團於五個油田區塊合共 鑽井81座,包括76座在產井、2座正在建設 中及3座已廢棄。本集團亦擁有多個用於勘 探及開發的評價井。於二零二三年十二月 三十一日,76座油井處於生產中(二零二二 年:73座油井)。

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For the Year, the Kyrgyzstan Project recorded sales of 124,200 barrels (bbl) (2022: 124,790 bbl) of light crude oil. Revenue from the Energy Business was approximately RMB37.9 million for the Year, decreasing by approximately 28.2% from RMB52.7 million for the Comparative Year.

The decrease of revenue in 2023 was primarily driven by the decline in local oil prices.

In the first half of 2023, due to the slow decline in inflation levels in Europe and the United States, continued interest rate hikes by the Federal Reserve and the European Central Bank leading to negative feedback on the economy, the probability of an economic recession increased. Particularly in March, a crisis erupted in the banking industry in Europe and the United States, causing international crude oil prices to also experience wide fluctuations and declines. In the second half of 2023, driven by tight supply and strong demand, oil prices rose from July to September. However, with the anticipation of a Federal Reserve interest rate hike in September and increased pressure on the economy from the high-interest rate environment, market expectations for demand began to decline, and international oil prices also fell accordingly.

Furthermore, the local market in Kyrgyzstan was impacted by the Russia-Ukraine war, with restricted Russian oil exports resulting in large quantities of crude oil being imported into Kyrgyzstan at low prices. Consequently, the overall decline in local oil prices in Kyrgyzstan was greater than the decline in international oil prices.

In response to the changing and complex market of refined products, the management of the Group decided to postpone the capital expenditures plan and strictly implement companywide cost-saving measures, with an aim to maintain its financial position while protecting value in a volatile market environment. The Group has been implementing a new oil well development method which had been proved to improve and achieve a better production efficiency in the oil well-drilling operation. The Group remains positive with the business model in long term.

The management of the Group is committed to maintaining its liquidity and will manage its business through this unprecedented market cycle.

於本年度,吉爾吉斯項目錄得銷售輕質原油124,200桶(二零二二年:124,790桶)。能源業務於本年度錄得收益約為人民幣37.9百萬元,較可比年度人民幣52.7百萬元減少約28.2%。

二零二三年的收益减少主要是由於當地油 價下跌所致。

此外,吉爾吉斯當地市場受俄烏戰爭的影響,俄羅斯石油出口受到限制,導致大量原油以低價進口至吉爾吉斯。因此,吉爾吉斯當地石油價格的總體跌幅大於國際石油價格的跌幅。

為應對不斷變化的複雜成品油市場,本集團管理層決定推遲資本開支計劃並嚴格實施全公司的成本節約措施,旨在維持財務狀況的同時,亦能在動盪市場環境中保值。本集團已實施新的油井開發方式,其已獲證實於油井鑽井作業方面有所改進,並提高生產效率。長遠而言,本集團對該業務模式仍持積極態度。

本集團管理層致力於保持其流動性,並 將在這個前所未有的市場週期中管理其業 發。

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#### Oil Storage

The Group has acquired approximately 50.46% of the equity interest of Nantong Zhuosheng Petrochemical Co., Ltd. ("Nantong Zhuosheng"). Nantong Zhuosheng is principally engaged in provision of tank storage and associated services for fuel oil and its related products in the PRC. It has (i) 37 storage tanks with total volume of 242,000 cubic meters; (ii) land and buildings with land area of 412,120 square meters and gross floor area of 6,156.27 square meters, respectively; (iii) certain shoreline rights; and (iv) a bare land with total area of 33,334.19 square meters.

Nantong Zhuosheng possesses the facility, capacity and expertise in the provision of oil storage services. The Board believes that the Group can accumulate sufficient experience in the operation and management in this area, and further expand its business presence within the oil sector after acquiring Nantong Zhuosheng. This acquisition also reflected the Group's strategy of investing in oil-and-gas-related storage and logistic projects, which would enable the Group to expand its energy business vertically.

For the Year, Nantong Zhuosheng has generated revenue of RMB44.7 million and a net profit of RMB1.9 million.

#### Proved and Probable Oil Reserve and Estimates

A competent person's report was prepared in September 2018 in accordance with Petroleum Resources Management System (PRMS) to estimate the oil resources and reserves as of 30 June 2018. The following table sets out the revised estimates of the Group's reserves as at 31 December 2023 by using the abovementioned report as the basis:

#### 油儲

本集團已收購南通焯晟石油化工有限公司(「南通焯晟」)約50.46%股權。南通焯晟主要於中國從事為燃油與其相關產品提供儲存缸及相關服務。其擁有(i)總容量為242,000立方米的37個儲油罐:(ii)土地面積及建築面積分別為412,120平方米及6,156.27平方米的土地及樓字:(iii)若干岸線權;及(iv)總面積為33,334.19平方米的一幅空地。

南通焯晟於提供油儲服務方面擁有設備、能力及專業知識。董事會認為,於收購內通焯晟後,本集團可於該領域積累豐富的營運及管理經驗,並進一步擴大其於領域的業務。收購事項亦反映了本集團於油氣相關倉儲及物流項目的投資策略,令本集團能垂直擴大其能源業務。

於本年度,南通焯晟已產生收益人民幣44.7 百萬元以及淨利潤人民幣1.9百萬元。

#### 經證實及概略石油儲量和估算

於二零一八年九月,根據以石油資源管理制度(PRMS)編製的合資格人士報告,對截至二零一八年六月三十日的石油資源及儲量進行了估算。下表載列截至二零二三年十二月三十一日本集團基於上述報告之經修訂儲量估算:

Unit: million tonnes 單位 : 百萬噸		Proved 證實	Proved plus probable 證實加概略
Maili-Su IV	馬里蘇Ⅳ	13.6	18.17
East Izbaskent	東伊斯巴克特	5.10	8.15
Izbaskent	伊斯巴克特	4.95	5.04
Total reserves as at 30 June 2018	截至二零一八年六月三十日之總		
(the basis date)	儲量(基準日期)	23.65	31.36
Less: production during second half	減:二零一八年下半年之產量		
of 2018		0.02	0.02
Less: production during 2019	減:二零一九年之產量	0.04	0.04
Less: production during 2020	減:二零二零年之產量	0.03	0.03
Less: production during 2021	減:二零二一年之產量	0.04	0.04
Less: production during 2022	減:二零二二年之產量	0.03	0.03
Less: production during 2023	減:二零二三年之產量	0.04	0.04
Total estimated reserves as at	截至二零二三年十二月三十一日		
31 December 2023	之總估計儲量	23.45	31.16

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#### **Financial Review**

The Group's operating results for the Year were primarily contributed by the Company and its subsidiaries engaged in the energy exploration and production, as well as the oil storage.

#### Revenue

For the Year, the Group recorded a revenue of approximately RMB82.6 million (for the Comparative Year: approximately RMB102.8 million). The decrease in revenue was primarily attributable to (1) a decrease of approximately 28.2% in revenue from the energy exploration and production section as compared to that of RMB52.7 million for the Comparative Year due to the decline in crude oil prices in Kyrgyzstan; and (2) a slight decline of oil storage revenue by approximately 4.4% to RMB44.7 million under tough industrial market in China.

#### Cost of Sales

For the Year, the Group's cost of sales decreased by approximately 10.4% to RMB51.1 million (for the Comparative Year: RMB57.1 million), which was in line with the decrease of revenue.

#### Other Gains — Net

For the Year, the Group's other gains — net was approximately RMB54,000 (for the Comparative Year: RMB11.4 million), and the movement was mainly due to the decline of net foreign currency exchange gain associated with working capital for the Year.

#### **Net Finance Costs**

Net finance costs for the Year decreased by approximately 33.3% to RMB347.8 million (for the Comparative Year: RMB521.6 million). The reduction was primarily attributable to the relatively modest fluctuations in the exchange rates of the USD and Hong Kong Dollar.

#### 財務回顧

於本年度,本集團之經營業績主要來自本 公司及其附屬公司,其從事能源勘探及生 產,以及油儲。

#### 收益

於本年度,本集團錄得收益約人民幣82.6百萬元(於可比年度:約人民幣102.8百萬元)。 收益減少主要由於[1]吉爾吉斯原油價格下 跌致使能源勘探及生產板塊的收益較可比 年度的人民幣52.7百萬元減少約28.2%;及 [2]在中國嚴峻的工業市場下,油儲收益小幅下降約4.4%至人民幣44.7百萬元。

#### 銷售成本

於本年度,本集團的銷售成本減少約10.4%至人民幣51.1百萬元(於可比年度:人民幣57.1百萬元),與收益減少變動一致。

#### 其他收益 - 淨額

於本年度,本集團的其他收益 — 淨額約為 人民幣54,000元(於可比年度:人民幣11.4百 萬元),有關變動主要是由於本年度與營運 資金有關的外匯收益淨額減少所致。

#### 融資成本淨額

於本年度,融資成本淨額減少約33.3%至人 民幣347.8百萬元(於可比年度:人民幣521.6 百萬元),該減少主要由於美元及港元的 匯率波動相對適度。

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#### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

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#### **Total Comprehensive Loss for the Year**

During the Year, the Group recorded total comprehensive loss of approximately RMB510.4 million (for the Comparative Year: RMB617.2 million), of which total comprehensive loss attributable to the equity holders of the Company was approximately RMB519.6 million (for the Comparative Year: RMB626.7 million). The decline of the total comprehensive loss for the Year was mainly driven by the decrease in foreign exchange loss. The Group recorded a net foreign exchange loss of RMB125.5 million during the Year, which was mainly due to the appreciation of borrowings denominated in USD and Hong Kong Dollars. This is compared with a foreign exchange loss of the Group of RMB332.4 million for the Comparative Year.

#### Liquidity and Going Concern

The Group recorded a net loss of RMB525.1 million (for the Comparative Year: RMB670.9 million) and had an operating cash inflow of RMB7.0 million (for the Comparative Year: RMB21.9 million) for the Year. As at 31 December 2023, the Group had a deficit of RMB9,020.7 million (2022: RMB8,510.3 million) and the Group's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by RMB8,108.9 million (2022: RMB7,532.7 million). The Group maintained cash and cash equivalents of RMB2.1 million (2022: RMB14.6 million) as at 31 December 2023.

As at 31 December 2023, borrowings of the Group, amounted to RMB3,934.7 million, out of which RMB1,569.1 million were overdue. As at 31 December 2023, overdue interest payables amounted to RMB907.0 million (2022: RMB675.6 million). Certain borrowings of the Group contain cross-default terms, causing borrowings of the Group of RMB8.6 million at 31 December 2023 to become immediately repayable.

A series of plans and measures have been taken to mitigate liquidity pressure and to improve the financial position of the Group. In order to enhance the liquidity and improve the financial position of the Group, the Group has restructured its operations, refinancing its debts and proactively liaising with relevant financial institutions to discharge the Relevant Guarantees.

Details regarding uncertainties on the going concern of the Group and the respective plans and measures are set out in the section headed "Going Concern Basis" in Note 2.1(b) to the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

#### 本年度全面虧損總額

於本年度,本集團錄得全面虧損總額約人 民幣510.4百萬元(於可比年度:人民幣617.2 百萬元),其中本公司權益持有人應佔全面 虧損總額約為人民幣519.6百萬元(於可b年度:人民幣626.7百萬元)。本年度全面虧損 總額沙主要由外匯虧損淨額人民幣125.5 總額減少主要由於延虧損淨額人民幣125.5 百萬元,主要由於以美元及港元計值的 款升值所致。相較之下,本集團於可比年 度則錄得外匯虧損人民幣332.4百萬元。

#### 流動資金及可持續經營

於本年度,本集團錄得淨虧損人民幣525.1 百萬元(於可比年度:人民幣670.9百萬元)及經營現金流入人民幣7.0百萬元(於可比年度:人民幣21.9百萬元)。於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團虧絀為人民幣9,020.7百萬元(二零二二年:人民幣8,510.3百萬元),且本集團的流動負債超過其流動資產人民幣8,108.9百萬元(二零二三年:人民幣7,532.7百萬元)。於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團維持現金及現金等價物人民幣2.1百萬元(二零二二年:人民幣14.6百萬元)。

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團借款 為人民幣3,934.7百萬元,當中人民幣1,569.1 百萬元已逾期。於二零二三年十二月三十一 日,逾期應付利息為人民幣907.0百萬元(二 零二二年:人民幣675.6百萬元)。本集團的 若干借款含交叉違約條款,導致本集團借 款人民幣8.6百萬元須於二零二三年十二月 三十一日立即償還。

我們已採取一系列計劃及措施減輕流動資金壓力,改善本集團財務狀況。為增加本集團的流動資金及改善財務狀況,本集團重組其運營及再融資債務,以及積極與有關金融機構協商解除相關擔保。

有關本集團可持續經營的不確定性及相關 計劃與措施的詳情,載列於綜合財務報表 附註之附註2.1(b) 「持續經營基準」一節。

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#### **Borrowings**

The Group's short-term borrowings increased by RMB164.6 million from RMB1,534.3 million as at 31 December 2022 to RMB1,698.9 million as at 31 December 2023, and the Group's long-term borrowings increased by RMB59.7 million from RMB2,295.5 million as at 31 December 2022 to RMB2,235.8 million as at 31 December 2023.

As at 31 December 2023, our total borrowings were RMB3,934.7 million (as at 31 December 2022: RMB3,829.8 million), of which RMB124.1 million (approximately 3.2%) was denominated in RMB (as at 31 December 2022: RMB116.0 million (approximately 3.0%)) and the remaining RMB3,810.6 million (approximately 96.8%) was denominated in other currencies such as USD and HKD (as at 31 December 2022: RMB3,713.8 million (approximately 97.0%)). Approximately 91.3% of the borrowings bear interests at fixed rate (as at 31 December 2022: approximately 91.3%).

#### **Significant Investments**

Save as disclosed in this report, the Group did not have any other significant investments during the Year.

#### Material Acquisition and Disposal of Subsidiaries

The Group did not undertake material acquisitions or disposals of subsidiaries during the Year.

### Future Plans for Material Investments and Capital Assets

As at 31 December 2023, the Group did not have other plans for material investments and capital assets.

#### Foreign Exchange Risks

The Group incurred net foreign exchange loss of approximately RMB125.5 million (for the Comparative Year: RMB332.4 million) due to the fluctuation of RMB against USD and HKD during the Year, which resulted in exchange loss on certain USD-denominated and HKD-denominated liabilities, such as trade and other payables and borrowings of the Group.

#### **Capital Expenditure**

For the Year, our capital expenditure was approximately RMB8.1 million (for the Comparative Year: RMB13.8 million), which was mainly used in the oil storage and trading segment.

#### 借款

本集團的短期借款由二零二二年十二月三十一日的人民幣1,534.3百萬元增加人民幣164.6百萬元至二零二三年十二月三十一日的人民幣1,698.9百萬元,而本集團的長期借款由二零二二年十二月三十一日的人民幣2,295.5百萬元增加人民幣59.7百萬元至二零二三年十二月三十一日的人民幣2,235.8百萬元。

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,我們的借款總額為人民幣3,934.7百萬元(於二零二二年十二月三十一日:人民幣3,829.8百萬元),其中人民幣124.1百萬元(約3.2%)以人民幣計值(於二零二二年十二月三十一日:人民幣116.0百萬元(約3.0%)),而餘下人民幣3,810.6百萬元(約96.8%)則以其他貨幣(如美元及港元)計值(於二零二二年十二月三十一日:人民幣3,713.8百萬元(約97.0%))。約91.3%的借款以固定利率計息(於二零二二年十二月三十一日:約91.3%)。

#### 重大投資

除本報告所披露外,本集團於本年度並無 任何其他重大投資。

#### 附屬公司的重大收購及出售

本集團於本年度並無進行任何重大收購或 出售附屬公司。

#### 未來重大投資及資本資產計劃

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團並無其他重大投資及資本資產計劃。

#### 外匯風險

於本年度,本集團產生外匯虧損淨額約人 民幣125.5百萬元(於可比年度:人民幣332.4 百萬元),乃由於於本年度人民幣兑美元及 港元的波動,導致本集團應付賬款及其他 應付款項及借款等若干以美元及港元計值 的負債產生匯兑虧損。

#### 資本開支

於本年度,我們的資本開支約為人民幣8.1 百萬元(於可比年度:人民幣13.8百萬元), 主要用於油儲及貿易板塊。

#### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### 管理層討論與分析

#### **Gearing Ratio**

Our gearing ratio (measured by total borrowings divided by the sum of total borrowings and total deficit) decreased from approximately 81.8% as at 31 December 2022 to approximately 77.4% as at 31 December 2023. Affected by the total comprehensive loss of RMB510.4 million for the year ended 31 December 2023, the total deficit was increased to approximately RMB9,020.7 million as at 31 December 2023 (as at 31 December 2022: RMB8,510.3 million).

#### **Contingent Liabilities**

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had contingent liabilities of RMB985.0 million (as at 31 December 2022: RMB955.0 million), which was resulted from certain Relevant Guarantee provided by the Company to the Disposal Group that did not meet the recognition criteria for Financial Guarantee Contracts.

#### **Credit Assessment and Risk Management**

Credit risk is managed on a group basis. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, outstanding trade and other receivables. As at 31 December 2023, the Group had cash and cash equivalents of approximately RMB2.1 million (as at 31 December 2022: RMB14.6 million), of which approximately RMB1.2 million (approximately 55.1%) was denominated in RMB and the remaining RMB0.9 million (approximately 44.9%) was denominated in USD, HKD and other currencies. The Group does not use any financial instruments for hedging purposes.

All of the Group's cash and bank balances, short-term and long-term bank deposits were placed with reputable banks which the management believes are of high creditworthiness and without significant credit risk.

The Group carries out customer credit checks prior to entering into sales contract with customers. The Group offers credit lines after evaluating the customer's credit profiles, financial conditions, past experiences and other factors.

#### 資本負債比率

我們的資本負債比率(根據總借款除以總借款與總虧絀之和計算)從二零二二年十二月三十一日約81.8%減少至二零二三年十二月三十一日約77.4%。受截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度的全面虧損總額約人民幣510.4百萬元影響,於二零二三年十二月三十一日的總虧絀增加至約人民幣9,020.7百萬元(於二零二二年十二月三十一日:人民幣8,510.3百萬元)。

#### 或然負債

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團有或然負債人民幣985.0百萬元(於二零二二年十二月三十一日:人民幣955.0百萬元),乃由於本公司向出售集團提供若干相關擔保所致,而該擔保不符合財務擔保合約的確認標準。

#### 信貸評估及風險管理

信貸風險乃按集團基準管理。信貸風險來自現金及現金等價物、未償還應收賬款及其他應收款項。於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團的現金及現金等價物約為人民幣2.1百萬元(於二零二二年十二月三十一日:人民幣14.6百萬元),其中約人民幣1.2百萬元(約55.1%)以人民幣計值,餘下人民幣0.9百萬元(約44.9%)以美元、港元及其他貨幣計值。本集團並無使用任何金融工具作對沖用途。

本集團所有現金及銀行結餘、短期及長期 銀行存款均存置於有良好信譽的銀行,管 理層認為該等銀行具有高信貸資質且無重 大信貸風險。

本集團與客戶訂立銷售合約前審核客戶信貸狀況。本集團會先評估客戶信用資質、 財務狀況、過往經驗及其他因素,然後授 予信貸限額。

管理層討論與分析



#### **Human Resources**

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had approximately 143 employees (as at 31 December 2022: approximately 149 employees). Total staff costs (including directors' emoluments) for the Group were approximately RMB26.2 million for the Year (for the Comparative Year: approximately RMB23.4 million). The principal elements of remuneration package includes basic salary and other benefits, contribution to pension schemes, discretionary bonus and/or share options granted under an approved share option scheme. Such remuneration should reflect work complexity, time commitment, responsibility and performance with a view of attracting, motivating and retaining high performing individuals.

### Additional Information on Auditors' Modified Opinions

The Board wishes to draw the attention of the shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders") to the section headed "Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion" as contained in the Independent Auditor's Report dated 27 March 2024 issued by the Company's auditors, Crowe (HK) CPA Limited, now contained in pages 91 to 94 of this annual report. On the basis set out therein, our auditors do not express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023.

As explained in the "Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion", the auditors' disclaimer of opinion were principally caused by the multiple uncertainties relating to going concern.

As set out in Note 2.1(b) of this report, the directors of the Company have been undertaking a number of measures to mitigate the liquidity pressure, to improve its financial position, to refinance its operation and to restructure its debts. Despite that the auditors could not obtain sufficient evidence regarding the going concern of the Group, the Group's overall financial position for the year ended 31 December 2023 had improved comparing to that of 2022. With all the measures mentioned above (refer to the "Business Review" section of "Management Discussion and Analysis"), we are expecting the Group's overall financial position to be further improved in the year to come.

#### 人力資源

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團有約 143名員工(於二零二二年十二月三十一日 約149名員工)。於本年度,本集團的總 成本(包括董事薪酬)約為人民幣26.2百萬元 元(於可比年度:約人民幣23.4百萬元)。 金組合的主要項目包括基本薪金及其他 報已獲批准的購股權計劃授出的購收 據時酬金應反映個人工作的複雜性、 數 的投入、責任和工作表現,以吸引、 動 和續聘高績效表現的人才。

#### 關於核數師經修訂意見的額外資 料

董事會謹此提請本公司股東(「**股東**」)垂注 本公司核數師國富浩華(香港)會計師事 務所有限公司出具日期為二零二四年三月 二十七日的獨立核數師報告(現載於本年 報第91至94頁)所載的「導致無法表示意見 的基礎」一節。根據當中所載的基礎,我 們的核數師對本集團截至二零二三年十二 月三十一日止年度的綜合財務報表不發表 意見。

誠如「導致無法表示意見的基礎」所闡釋, 核數師之無法表示意見乃主要由於有關持 續經營的多項不確定事項所致。

誠如本報告附註2.1(b)所載,本公司董事一直採取多項措施,以減緩流動性壓力,政善其財務狀況,同時對其運營進行再關資及重組債務。儘管核數師無法獲得關於本集團持續經營的足夠證據,本集團執續經營的足夠證據,本集團執續經營的足夠證據,本度連盟財務狀況較二零二二年已改善。憑藉以前有措施(請參閱「管理層討論與分析」的整號所有措施(請參閱「管理層討論與分析」的整號別務狀況將於來年有進一步的改善。

#### 管理層討論與分析

The Board and audit committee agreed with the views of the management and the auditors regarding the uncertainties relating to going concern. There is no disagreement by the Board, the management nor the audit committee with the position taken by the Company's auditors regarding the disclaimer of opinion.

The Directors will continue to use their best efforts to protect and uphold the Company's best interest, including ongoing negotiation with various lenders over the debt restructuring arrangements. The Group, the Directors and the management are proactively to resolve matters relating to disclaimer of opinion in the coming years.

董事會及審核委員會同意管理層及核數師關於持續經營有關的不確定事項的意見。 董事會、管理層及審核委員會對本公司核 數師就無法表示意見採取的立場並無異 議。

董事將繼續竭力保障及維護本公司的最佳 利益,包括與各貸款人就債務重組安排持 續磋商。本集團、董事及管理層將於未來 年度積極解決有關無法表示意見之事項。

#### **DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT**

### 董事及高級管理層



#### **Board of Directors**

The Board, which oversees the Company's operations through several committees, has ultimate responsibility for the administration of the affairs of the Company. The Board consists of six Directors, three of whom are executive Directors, and three of whom are independent non-executive Directors.

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. NIU Jianmin

Chairman of the Board and Executive Director

Mr. Niu Jianmin, aged 57, is an executive Director and the Chairman of the Board. Mr. Niu was appointed as an executive Director on 1 March 2020. He is the chairman of our finance and investment committee, a member of our corporate governance committee and nomination committee. Mr. Niu is the president of КыргызжерНефтегаз (Kyrgyzier Neftegaz Limited Liability Company), an indirect non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, since March 2018. He is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Group. Mr. Niu was graduated from the Russian major of Kunlun Vocational College in Xinjiang [新疆昆侖職業大 學) in 1991 and graduated from the Russian language and literature of Tashkent Normal University (塔什干師範大學) in 1995. In 2018, he entered the Kyrgyz Humanities University [吉爾吉斯人文大學] and studied for a master's degree in economic management. Mr. Niu has over 30 years of experience in oil and energy industry. Prior to joining the Company, he served as the deputy general manager of Xinjiang Yaxin International Economic and Trade Co., Ltd. (新疆 亞鑫國際經貿股份有限公司) from 1991 to 2002. He was also the general manager of Xinjiang Lishida Aluminum International Trade Co., Ltd. [新疆力士達鋁業國貿公司] from 2002 to 2009. From 2009 to 2018, he was employed in several oil and energy related companies, mainly responsible for acquisition, exploration and development of Kazakhstan oilfield projects.

#### 董事會

董事會通過若干委員會監督本公司運營, 承擔本公司事務管理的最終責任。董事會 由六名董事組成,其中包括三名執行董事 及三名獨立非執行董事。

#### 執行董事

牛建民先生

董事會主席及執行董事

牛建民先生,57歲,為本公司執行董事及董 事會主席。牛先生於二零二零年三月一日獲 委任為執行董事。彼為財務投資委員會主席 及企業管治委員會及提名委員會成員。牛先 生於二零一八年三月起擔任本公司間接非全 資附屬公司Кыргызжер Нефтегаз (吉爾吉斯大陸油氣有限公司\*)的總裁及彼 亦為本集團若干附屬公司之董事。牛先生於 一九九一年畢業於新疆昆侖職業大學俄語專 業,於一九九五年畢業於塔什干師範大學俄 羅斯語言文學,二零一八年進入吉爾吉斯人 文大學就讀經濟管理學碩士學位。牛先生於 石油及能源行業擁有超過三十年的經驗。加 入本公司之前,牛先生曾於一九九一年至二 零零二年就任新疆亞鑫國際經貿股份有限公 司副總經理;於二零零二年至二零零九年仟 職新疆力士達鋁業國貿公司總經理;自二零 零九年至二零一八年分別就任於多個石油及 能源相關公司,主要負責哈薩克斯坦油田項 目收購及勘探開發。

#### **DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT**

#### 董事及高級管理層

Mr. HONG Liang

Executive Director, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Operating Officer

Mr. Hong Liang, aged 52, is an executive Director, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Operating Officer of the Company, Mr. Hong joined the Group in 2006 and was appointed as an executive Director on 24 October 2010. He is a member of our finance and investment committee. He is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Group. Mr. Hong is primarily responsible for investment and financing, capital as well as cost and budget management. Mr. Hong obtained his bachelor's degree in accounting from Shanghai University (上海大學) in 1994. He obtained the Master of Executive Professional Accountancy (EMPAcc) from Shanghai National Accounting Institute and The Chinese University of Hong Kong in August 2010. He also completed the Rongsheng Global Leaders Program of the Wharton School of the University of Pennsylvania in October 2011. Mr. Hong has over 20 years of experience in corporate finance and strategic investment gained from his service at investment banks. Mr. Hong worked at Shenyin and Wanguo Securities (申銀萬國證券公司) as an assistant manager of division two of the Shanghai investment banking department from 1994 to 1997, the deputy general manager of the Shanghai investment banking division of CITIC Securities Limited (中信證券有限責任 公司), the general manager of the investment banking division of United Securities Company Limited (聯合證券股份公司) from 1998 to 1999, the deputy manager of the investment banking division of CITIC Securities Limited (中信證券股份公司) from 1999 to 2002, the general manager of the investment and development division of Shanghai Sunglow Investment Co., Ltd. (上海陽光投資集團有 限公司) from 2002 to 2004, and the deputy general manager of the strategic investment division of Shanghai Dasheng Holdings Limited [上海大盛資產公司] from 2004 to 2005.

洪樑先生

執行董事、首席執行官及首席營運官

洪樑先生,52歲,為本公司的執行董事、 首席執行官及首席營運官。洪先生於二零 零六年加入本集團,並於二零一零年十月 二十四日獲委任為執行董事。彼亦為財務 及投資委員會成員。彼亦為本集團若干附 屬公司之董事。洪先生主要負責投融資、 資金及成本預算管理。洪先生於一九九四 年獲上海大學會計學學士學位,於二零一 零年八月獲得上海國家會計學院與香港中 文大學的高級財會人員專業會計碩士學位。 彼亦於二零一一年十月完成賓夕法尼亞大 學沃頓商學院的熔盛全球領袖課程。洪先 生曾在投資銀行工作,在企業融資及策略 融資方面累積超過二十年經驗。洪先生曾 自一九九四年至一九九七年擔任申銀萬國 證券公司上海投資銀行部門第二部副經 理、中信證券有限責任公司上海投資銀行 部的副總經理、自一九九八年至一九九九 年擔任聯合證券股份公司投資銀行部總經 理、自一九九九年至二零零二年擔任中信 證券股份公司投資銀行部副經理、自二零 零二年至二零零四年擔任上海陽光投資集 團有限公司投資發展部總經理及自二零零 四年至二零零五年擔任上海大盛資產公司 策略投資部副總經理。

#### **DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT**

董事及高級管理層



Ms. ZHU Wen Hua

Executive Director

Ms. Zhu Wen Hua, aged 55, is an executive Director. Ms. Zhu was appointed as an executive Director on 31 December 2013. She is a member of our nomination committee. She has served as vice-chairman of Rongsheng Heavy Industries since May 2015. She served as an assistant supervisor of the supervisory audit department and a supervisor of the bidding control department of Rongsheng Heavy Industries, a subsidiary of the Company, since 2009 and January 2012 respectively. She also has served as an assistant to the president of Rongsheng Heavy Industries since October 2013. Since March 2014, she has served as vice-president of Rongsheng Heavy Industries, as well as head of the cost control department and director of the bidding office. She is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Ms. Zhu graduated from the Graduate School of the Shanghai University (上海大學研究 生部) in May 2010 studying a professional postgraduate course in Management Science & Engineering. She also completed the Rongsheng Global Leaders Program of the Wharton School of the University of Pennsylvania in June 2012.

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. WANG Jin Lian

Independent Non-executive Director

Mr. Wang Jin Lian, aged 78, is an independent non-executive Director. He was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 31 July 2013. He is the chairman of our corporate governance committee and nomination committee and a member of our audit committee, finance and investment committee and remuneration committee. He was the secretary general of China Association of the National Shipbuilding Industry from May 2006 to August 2015. Mr. Wang has over 40 years of experience in shipbuilding industry. He previously held various senior positions, including deputy director general of the international bureau of China State Shipbuilding Corporation (中國船舶工業總公司), director general of the planning and development department of China State Shipbuilding Corporation (中國船舶工業集團公司), vice chairman of Shanghai Waigaogiao Shipbuilding Co., Ltd. (上海外高 橋造船有限公司) and vice chairman of Hudong Heavy Machinery Co., Ltd. (滬東重機股份有限公司). Mr. Wang holds the senior engineer (researcher level) qualification in China. He graduated from Beijing Institute of Aeronautics (currently named as Beihang University] (北京航空學院,現為北京航空航天大學) in 1969.

朱文花女士

執行董事

朱文花女士,55歲,為執行董事。朱女士 於二零一三年十二月三十一日獲委任為執行 董事,彼亦為提名委員會成員。彼於二零 一五年五月起擔任熔盛重工副董事長。彼 曾於二零零九年起出任熔盛重工的監察審 計部副主任,及於二零一二年一月起擔任 熔盛重工招標管控部主任,並於二零一三 年十月起擔任熔盛重工的總裁助理。彼於 二零一四年三月起擔任熔盛重工副總裁, 兼任成本管控部部長及招標辦公室主任。 彼亦為本公司若干附屬公司之董事。朱女 士於二零一零年五月畢業於中國上海大學 研究生部,學習管理科學與工程專業研究 生課程。彼亦於二零一二年六月完成賓夕 法尼亞大學沃頓商學院的熔盛全球領袖課 程。

#### 獨立非執行董事

王錦連先生

獨立非執行董事

#### **DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT**

#### 董事及高級管理層

Ms. ZHOU Zhan

Independent Non-executive Director

Ms. Zhou Zhan, aged 62, is an independent non-executive Director. She was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 21 May 2014. She is the chairman of our audit committee and remuneration committee and a member of our finance and investment committee and nomination committee. She is currently a partner at Beijing Promise Certified Public Accountants General Partnership [北京京重信會計師事務所]. She participated in founding Sino-Reality Certified Public Accountants [華實會計師事務所] in 1997, where she served as a partner from 1997 to 2013. Ms. Zhou has more than 30 years of experience in auditing, accounting and taxation. Ms. Zhou holds Certified Public Accountant and Certified Public Tax Advisor qualifications in the PRC. She graduated from Zhongnan University of Economics and Law [中南財經政法大學] with a bachelor's degree in economics in 1983.

#### Mr. LAM Cheung Mau

Independent Non-executive Director

Mr. Lam Cheung Mau, aged 67, is an independent non-executive Director. Mr. Lam was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 18 November 2015. He is a member of our audit committee and corporate governance committee. Mr. Lam has over 30 years of experience in the auditing and finance. He previously held various positions, as officers in the audit department of Hua Chiao Commercial Bank, in the corporate planning and budgeting division of the finance department of Bank of China [Hong Kong] and was an audit manager of Han's Laser Technology Industry Group Co., Ltd. Mr. Lam graduated in 1982 from the accounting division of Xiamen University (夏門大學) with a bachelor's degree in economics.

#### 周展女士

獨立非執行董事

#### 林長茂先生

獨立非執行董事

林長茂先生,67歲,為獨立非執行董事。 林先生於二零一五年十一月十八日獲委 為獨立非執行董事。彼為審核委員會及 業管治委員會成員。林先生於審計及 行業擁有逾三十年的經驗。林先生先國 天養 職華僑商業銀行稽核(審計)部及中國 (香港)財務部企業規劃預算處主任及 (香港)財務部企業規劃預算處主任及 市大族激光科技股份有限公司審計 理。林先生於一九八二年於廈門大學 專業畢業,獲授經濟學學士學位。

#### **DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT**

董事及高級管理層



#### **Company Secretary**

Ms. LEUNG Yin Fai

Ms. Leung Yin Fai, aged 59, was appointed as the Group's company secretary on 27 July 2018. Ms. Leung has been a director of K E Corporate Services Limited (a company secretarial services provider) since April 2016, the managing director of K E Management & Consultancy (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. since August 2015 and an independent non-executive director of Lotus Horizon Holdings Limited (Hong Kong Stock Code: 6063) since March 2020. Ms. Leung was a director of KCS Hong Kong Limited from August 2008 to October 2014 and an independent non-executive director of Green leader Holdings Group Limited (Hong Kong Stock Code: 0061) from April 2014 to January 2020.

Ms. Leung was admitted as a fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants (currently known as Chartered Association of Certified Accountants) in the United Kingdom in July 1995. Ms. Leung was also admitted as a fellow member of the CPA Australia in May 2004 and is currently a member of HKICPA. Ms. Leung obtained a master's degree in commerce from the University of New South Wales, Australia in November 2002.

#### 公司秘書

梁燕輝女士

梁燕輝女士,59歲,於二零一八年七月二十七日獲委任為本集團公司秘書。 一十七日獲委任為本集團公司於凱事有四月一直為東方凱事有四月一直為東方凱事東自二零一五年八月為K E管理諮詢上月為 B 至一五年八月為K E管理諮詢上月為 B 至二零种股有限公司(香港股份代號:6063)之獨立非執行董事及從二零一四年四月至二零股集團有限公司(香港股集團有限公司(香港股集團有限公司)之獨立非執行董事。

梁女士於一九九五年七月獲得英國特許註冊會計師公會(現為特許註冊會計師公會)的會員資格。梁女士亦於二零零四年五月獲得澳大利亞註冊會計師協會會員資格,現為香港會計師公會會員。梁女士於二零零二年十一月獲得澳大利亞新南威爾士大學商學碩士學位。



#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

### 董事會報告

The Directors are pleased to submit this report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023.

董事欣然呈報本報告連同本集團截至二零 二三年十二月三十一日止年度的經審核綜 合財務報表。

## Principal Activities and Analysis of Operations

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out in note 32 on pages 206 to 208 to the financial statements.

Details of the analysis of the Group's turnover and contribution to gross profit for the year, by operating segments, are set out in Note 5 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **Business Review**

A fair review of the business of the Group as required pursuant to Schedule 5 to the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong), comprising analysis of the Group performance during the year, description of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group, particulars of important events affecting the Group that have occurred since the end of the financial year 2023 as well as indication of likely future development in the business of the Group are set out in the sections headed "Chairman's Statement", "Management Discussion and Analysis" and "Corporate Governance Report" contained in this annual report.

The financial risk management objectives and policies of the Group are set out in Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements. An analysis of the Group's performance using financial key performance indicators is shown in the section headed "Five-Year Financial Summary" of this annual report.

#### Results

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and consolidated statement of comprehensive income on pages 97 to 98 of this annual report respectively.

#### 主要業務及營運分析

本公司的主要業務為投資控股。其主要附屬公司的業務載列於財務報表第206至208 頁附註32。

本集團按經營板塊的營業額及年度毛利潤 貢獻分析詳情載列於綜合財務報表附註5。

#### 業務回顧

按公司條例(香港法例第622章)附表5指定本集團業務之中肯審視,其中包括本集團於年內之表現分析、本集團所面對主要風險及不明朗因素之描述、自二零二三年財政年度終結後發生並對本集團有影響之重大事項,以及本集團日後可能出現之業務發展,均載於本年報之「主席報告書」、「管理層討論與分析」及「企業管治報告」之章節內。

本集團之金融風險管理目標及政策載於綜合財務報表附註3。運用財務關鍵表現指標對本集團表現之分析載於本年報之「五年財務概要」之章節中。

#### 業績

本集團截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度的年度業績載列於本年報第97至98頁綜合損益表及綜合全面收益表。

#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告



#### **Dividend Policy and Dividends**

The Directors did not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2023 (2022: Nil).

The Company's ability to pay dividends depends on, among other things, the Group's current and future operations, liquidity position and capital requirements. The payment of dividends by the Company is also subject to compliance with any restrictions under the Laws of the Cayman Islands, the memorandum and articles of association of the Company and any applicable laws, rules and regulations. The Board will review the dividend policy from time to time and may exercise at its absolute and sole discretion to update, amend, and/or modify the policy at any time as it deems fit and necessary. There is no assurance that dividends will be paid in any particular amount for any specific period.

#### Closure of Register of Members

The register of members of the Company will be closed from Wednesday, 5 June 2024 to Tuesday, 11 June 2024, both days inclusive, during which no transfers will be registered, for the purpose of ascertaining shareholders' entitlement to attend and vote at the 2024 AGM. In order to be eligible to attend and vote at the 2024 AGM, all transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged for registration with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited at Shops 1712–1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on Tuesday, 4 June 2024.

#### **Share Capital**

Details of the movements in the share capital of the Company are set out in Note 13 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### Distributable Reserves

As at 31 December 2023, no reserves of the Company available for distribution to shareholders (2022: Nil).

#### 股息政策及股息

董事不建議派付截至二零二三年十二月 三十一日止年度末期股息(二零二二年: 無)。

本公司派付股息之能力取決於(其中包括)本集團現時及未來營運、流動資金狀況及衛連等情況。本公司股息的派付大及遵守開曼群島法律、本公司組織、規則以及任何適用法例、時檢別以及任何適用法例、時檢別計劃,並在其認為合適及必要的情別下該時全權酌情更新、修訂及/或時間,本公司概不能保證於任何特定金額之股息。

#### 暫停股份過戶登記

#### 股本

本公司股本的變動詳情載列於綜合財務報 表附註13。

#### 可供分派儲備

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本公司概無 可供分派予股東的儲備(二零二二年:無)。

#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

#### 董事會報告

#### **Financial Summary**

A summary of the results for the year ended and of the assets and liabilities of the Group as at 31 December 2023 and for the previous four financial years are set out in the Five-Year Financial Summary section on page 214 of this annual report.

#### **Pre-Emptive Rights**

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Articles of Association or the relevant laws of the Cayman Islands which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis.

## Purchase, Sale or Redemption of the Company's Listed Securities

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 December 2023.

#### **Share Option Schemes**

The Company conditionally approved and adopted a share option scheme [the "Scheme"] on 24 October 2010 and was expired on 23 October 2020. Under the Scheme, the Company granted share options on 30 April 2012, the validity period of the share options was effective for 10 years and expired on 30 April 2022.

During the Period, the Company did not adopt any new share option scheme and no share were granted, exercised, lapsed or cancelled pursuant to the Scheme.

#### **Subsidiaries**

Details of the Company's subsidiaries as at 31 December 2023 are set out in Note 32 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### 財務概要

本集團截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度以及之前四個財政年度的業績及資產負債概要載列於本年報第214頁五年財務概要一節。

#### 優先購買權

本公司的細則或相關開曼群島法律概無優 先購買權條文規定要求本公司須按比例發 行新股份。

#### 購買、出售或贖回本公司 的上市證券

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司及其任何附屬公司均無購買、出售或 贖回任何本公司上市證券。

#### 購股權計劃

本公司於二零一零年十月二十四日有條件批准及採納一項購股權計劃(「**購股權計劃**」)及其於二零二零年十月二十三日屆滿。根據購股權計劃,本公司於二零一二年四月三十日授出購股權,該等購股權的有效期為十年及於二零二二年四月三十日屆滿。

於本期間,本公司並無採納任何新購股權 計劃及並無股份根據購股權計劃獲授出、 行使、失效或註銷。

#### 附屬公司

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本公司附屬 公司詳情載列於綜合財務報表附註32。

#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

董事會報告



#### **Connected Transactions**

#### **Exempt Connected Transactions**

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Company entered into certain related party transactions which also constitute fully exempt connected transaction under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules, details of which are set out below:

During the year ended 31 December 2023, Mr. Zhang Zhi Rong (a Shareholder of the Company) and/or entities controlled by him or his close family members, agreed to provide security-free and interest-free loan facilities to the Group for working capital purposes for an aggregate amount up to RMB1,774,450,000.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, directors and shareholders of the Company or entities controlled by them provided guarantees and security in respect of certain bank borrowings and refund guarantees of the Group.

As the above financial assistance was provided by connected persons for the benefit of the Company on normal commercial terms (or better to the Company) and no security over the assets of the Group is granted in respect of the financial assistance, the financial assistance constitutes connected transactions of the Company exempt from reporting, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements pursuant to Rule 14A.90 of the Listing Rules.

#### **Related Party Transactions**

Details of the material related party transactions undertaken by the Group in the normal course of business are set out in Note 31 to the consolidated financial statements. Those related party transactions which constituted connected transactions/continuing connected transactions under the Listing Rules are set out in the section headed "Connected Transactions" above, and the Company has complied with the applicable requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

#### 關連交易

#### 獲豁免關連交易

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司訂立若干關聯方交易,該等交易亦構成上市規則第14A章項下獲全面豁免之關連交易,詳情如下:

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司股東張志熔先生及/或由其或其家屬控制的實體同意向本集團提供用於運營資金的無抵押免息貸款,合計金額最多人民幣1,774,450,000元。

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司董事及股東或受其控制的實體為本集 團若干銀行借款和退款擔保提供擔保及抵押。

由於上述關連人士提供的財務支持,乃為本公司利益按照一般商業條款(或更有利於本公司)作出,而且並無以本集團資產就財務支持作出抵押。根據上市規則第14A.90條,有關財務支持構成本公司之關連交易,其可豁免遵守申報、公告及獨立股東批准的規定。

#### 關聯方交易

本集團於日常業務中進行的重大關聯方交易詳情載列於綜合財務報表附註31。該等構成上市規則項下之關連交易/持續關連交易的關聯方交易載列於上文「關連交易」一節,及本公司已遵守上市規則第14A章的適用規定。

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#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

#### 董事會報告

#### **Major Customers and Suppliers**

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group had no purchases from major suppliers since the operations and capital expenditure of the Group were minimal. The three largest customers of the Group together accounted for approximately 41.7% of the Group's total turnover of the year, which the largest customer accounted for of approximately 20.4%. During the year ended 31 December 2023, none of the Directors or any of their associates, or any shareholders of the Company (which to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital), had any interest in any of the Group's five largest suppliers or customers.

#### **Directors**

Directors of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2023 and up to the date of this report are as follows:

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Niu Jianmin (Chairman)
Mr. Hong Liang (Chief Executive Officer and
Chief Operating Officer)
Ms. Zhu Wen Hua

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Wang Jin Lian Ms. Zhou Zhan Mr. Lam Cheung Mau

Mr. Niu Jianmin and Mr. Lam Cheung Mau are due to retire from the Board by rotation at the 2024 AGM in accordance with Article 16.18 of the Articles of Association.

The biographical details of the Directors and senior management of the Company as at the date of this Report are set out in the Directors and Senior Management section on pages 21 to 25 of this annual report.

#### 主要客戶及供應商

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,由於本集團的經營及資本開支處於相當低的水平,所以本集團並無向主要供應商進行採購。本集團的三個最大的客戶共協強本集團本年度總營業額約41.7%,其中最大的客戶佔約20.4%。截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司董事或彼年二年十二日中年度,本公司任何股東並無不發行股本5%以上的本公司任何股東並無有本集團五大供應商或客戶的任何權益。

#### 董事

於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度 及直至本報告日期,本公司董事如下:

#### 執行董事

牛建民先生(主席) 洪樑先生(首席執行官及首席營運官)

朱文花女士

#### 獨立非執行董事

王錦連先生 周展女士 林長茂先生

根據細則第16.18條,牛建民先生及林長茂 先生將於二零二四年股東週年大會上輪席 退任。

本公司董事及高級管理層截至本報告日期 的履歷詳情載列於本年報第21至25頁董事 及高級管理層一節。

### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告



#### **Directors' Service Contracts**

During the year ended 31 December 2023, none of the Directors had entered into a service contract with the Group which was not determinable within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

#### Directors' Material Interests in Transactions, Arrangements and Contracts that are Significant in Relation to the Company's Business

Save for the contracts described under the section headed "Connected Transactions" above, no contracts of significance (as defined in Appendix 16 to the Listing Rules) or arrangements in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or its holding company or a subsidiary of the Company or its holding company was a party and in which a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year ended 31 December 2023.

### Directors' Interests in Competing Business

As at 31 December 2023, none of the Directors were interested in any business apart from the Group's businesses which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with businesses of the Group.

#### 董事的服務合約

於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度, 概無董事與本集團訂立不得於一年內免 付賠償(法定賠償除外)予以終止的服務合 約。

### 董事於與本公司業務有關之交易、安排及合約中 之重大權益

除上文「關連交易」一節所述合約外,本公司或其控股公司或本公司附屬公司或其控股公司或本公司附屬公司或其控股公司並無訂立任何有關本集團業務的重大合約(定義見上市規則附錄十六)或安排,及董事直接或間接擁有重大權益且於年終或截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度期間內任何時間有效的重大合約或安排。

#### 董事於競爭業務的權益

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,除本集團 的業務外,概無董事於與本集團業務構成 或可能構成直接或間接競爭的業務中擁有 權益。

#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告

# Directors' and Chief Executive's Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures of the Company or Any Specified Undertaking of the Company

As at 31 December 2023, no Director, supervisor or chief executive of the Company had any interest or short position in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including those taken or deemed as their interests or short positions in accordance with such provisions of the SFO), or which were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or which were required, pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code"), to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

董事及最高行政人員於本公司或本公司之任何特定 業務之股份、相關股份及 債權證中的權益及淡倉

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本公司各董 事、監事及最高行政人員概無在本 其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期 任何根據證券及期貨條例(「據證券及期 條例」)第XV部第7和第8分部須根 條例」)第XV部第7和第8分部須根 據一 及聯交所的權益或淡倉(包括根據 類貨條例的該等條文被當作或規 類貨條例的該等條文被當作及期 質條 類貨條須登記於該條所指登記冊的 證 為的標準守則(「標準守則」) 別 及聯交所的權益或淡倉。



## Substantial Shareholders' Interests in the Share Capital of the Company

As at 31 December 2023, the interests of substantial shareholders (other than the Directors or chief executive of the Company) in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

#### 主要股東於本公司股本的 權益

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,主要股東 (本公司董事或最高行政人員除外)於本公 司股份或相關股份中擁有須登記於根據證 券及期貨條例第336條規定存置登記冊的 權益如下:

Name of sustantial shareholders	Number of shares and derivatives interested 擁有權益的股份及	Percentage of issued share capital 佔已發行股本
主要股東名稱	衍生工具數目	百分比
China Mingsheng Banking Corp. Ltd. <sup>1</sup>	7,006,000,000	146.86%
中國民生銀行股份有限公司1		
Ms. Yu Gelin <sup>2</sup>	1,420,120,000	29.77%
于戈林女士2		
Ms. Silver Anna <sup>2</sup>	1,150,000,000	24.11%
Silver Anna女士 <sup>2</sup>		
Ms. Lau Wing Yi <sup>2</sup>	1,150,000,000	24.11%
劉穎儀女士2		
Action Phoenix Limited <sup>2</sup>	1,150,000,000	24.11%
Mr. Zhang Zhi Rong³	388,301,031	8.14%
張志熔先生 <sup>3</sup>		
Fine Profit Enterprises Limited <sup>3</sup>	388,301,031	8.14%
好利企業有限公司3		
Mr. Mei Liang <sup>4</sup>	348,000,000	7.29%
梅靚先生4		
Top Acton Limited <sup>4</sup>	348,000,000	7.29%
China Development Bank	342,000,000	7.17%
國家開發銀行		
Mr. Wang Ping <sup>5</sup>	288,659,794	6.05%
王平先生5		
Kingwin Victory Investment Limited <sup>5</sup>	288,659,794	6.05%
宏易勝利投資有限公司⁵		
Castle Giant Investments Limited <sup>2</sup>	270,120,000	5.66%

#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

#### 董事會報告

Notes:

- This interest represents the interests directly held by Minsheng Bank (Shanghai) and Minsheng Bank (Suzhou) in the 6,639,880,000 underlying shares and 366,120,000 underlying shares of the Company respectively in relation to the Subscription Convertible Preference Shares issued by the Company. Both Minsheng Bank (Shanghai) and Minsheng Bank (Suzhou) are branches of China Minsheng Banking Corp. Ltd.. As such, Minsheng Bank (Shanghai) and Minsheng Bank (Suzhou) will also not be regarded as a public Shareholder in the event that Minsheng Bank (Shanghai) and Minsheng Bank (Suzhou), individually or in aggregate, hold 10% or more of the issued share capital of the Company upon conversion of the Subscription Convertible Preference Shares. Minsheng Bank (Shanghai) and Minsheng Bank (Suzhou) may be subject to the obligations to make a general offer under the Takeovers Code in the event that they, individually or in aggregate, hold 30% or more of the issued share capital of the Company upon conversion of the Subscription Convertible Preference Shares. Pursuant to the Company's Amendments and Restatement of Memorandum and Articles of Association, if the issue of ordinary Shares following the exercise by a holder of the Convertible Preference Shares of the conversion rights would result in the Company not meeting the Public Float Requirement immediately after the conversion, then the conversion and the number of ordinary Shares to be issued pursuant to such conversion shall be restricted to the maximum number of ordinary Shares issuable by the Company which would not in the reasonable opinion of the Company result in a breach of the Public Float Requirement.
- These represent the same interests of Action Phoenix Limited and Castle Giant Investments Limited. Each of Action Phoenix Limited and Castle Giant Investments Limited is 100% directly beneficially owned by Ms. Yu Gelin.
  - Ms. Lau Wing Yi and Ms. Anna Silver were appointed as the joint and several Liquidators of Action Phoenix Limited under an Order of the Eastern Caribbean Supreme Court in the High Court of Justice Territory of the British Virgin Islands Commercial Division dated 10 July 2023.
- 3. This represents the same interest of Fine Profit Enterprises Limited ("Fine Profit") and Wealth Consult Limited ("Wealth Consult") of 21,744,800 shares. Wealth Consult is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Fine Profit, of which is wholly owned by Mr. Zhang Zhi Rong. Mr. Zhang Zhi Rong was therefore deemed to have an interest in the shares in which Fine Profit was interested.
- Top Acton Limited is wholly-owned by Mr. Mei Liang. This represents the same interest of Top Acton Limited.
- Kingwin Victory Investments Limited is wholly-owned by Mr. Wang Ping. This presents the same interest of Kingwin Victory Investment Limited.
- These percentages have been compiled based on the total number of issued shares of the Company of 4,770,491,507 as at 31 December 2023 and rounded to two decimal places. All interest stated above represent long positions.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2023, the Company had not been notified of any persons (other than the Directors or chief executive of the Company) who had an interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO.

附註:

- 該權益指民生銀行(上海)及民生銀行(蘇州)分 別就與本公司所發行供認購可轉換優先股有關 之本公司6,639,880,000股及366,120,000股相關股 份所直接持有之權益。民生銀行(上海)及民生 銀行(蘇州)均為中國民生銀行股份有限公司的 分行。因此,倘民生銀行(上海)及民生銀行(蘇 州)個別或合共持有供認購可轉換優先股獲兑 换時本公司10%或以上已發行股本,則民生銀行 (上海)及民生銀行(蘇州)亦不會被視為公眾股 東。倘民生銀行(上海)及民生銀行(蘇州)個別 或合共持有供認購可轉換優先股獲兑換時本公 司30%或以上已發行股本,則彼等須根據收購守 則履行全面要約義務。根據本公司修訂及重列 組織章程大綱及細則,倘可轉換優先股持有人 行使換股權後發行普通股將會導致緊隨兑換後 本公司不符合公眾持股量規定,則兑換及根據 該兑換而將發行的普通股數目應限於在合理認 為本公司不會導致違反公眾持股量規定的情況 下本公司可發行普通股的最大數目。
- 2. 該等權益指Action Phoenix Limited及Castle Giant Investments Limited之相同權益。Action Phoenix Limited及Castle Giant Investments Limited由于戈 林女士直接全資持有。
  - 根據日期為二零二三年七月十日的英屬處女群島 領地東加勒比最高法院商事法庭的命令,劉穎 儀女士及Anna Silver女士獲委任為Action Phoenix Limited的共同及各別清盤人。
- 3. 該權益指好利企業有限公司(「**好利**」)及Wealth Consult Limited (「**Wealth Consult**」)於21,744,800 股股份中之相同權益。Wealth Consult為好利之全資附屬公司,好利由張志熔先生全資擁有。因此,張志熔先生被視作擁有好利所持股份之權益。
- Top Acton Limited為由梅靚先生全資擁有。該權 益指Top Acton Limited之相同權益。
- 宏易勝利投資有限公司為由王平先生全資擁有 之公司。該權益指宏易勝利投資有限公司之相 同權益。
- 6. 該等百分比乃按照本公司於二零二三年十二月 三十一日的全部已發行股份總數4,770,491,507股 計算,並湊整至兩個小數位。上述所有權益均 屬好倉。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本公司未獲知會有任何人士(本公司董事或最高行政人員除外)擁有本公司股份或相關股份根據證券及期貨條例第336條規定存置的登記冊記載的權益或淡倉。

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告



#### **Public Float**

As far as the Company is aware, as at the date of this report, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float with more than 25% of the issued shares of the Company being held by the public.

## **Management Contracts**

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year ended 31 December 2023.

# **Compliance with Laws and Regulations**

Compliance procedures are in place to ensure adherence to applicable laws, rules and regulations in particular, those have significant impact to the Group. Any changes in the applicable laws, rules and regulations are brought to the attention of relevant employees from time to time. As far as the Company is aware, it has complied in material respects with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operation of the Company.

# Environmental Policies and Performance

Our commitment to protect the environment is well reflected by our continuous efforts in promoting green measures and awareness in our daily business operations. We encourage environmental protection and comply with environmental regulation and promotes awareness towards environmental protection to the employees. In the course of its daily operations, the Group adheres to the principle of recycling and reducing. It implements green office practices such as double-sided printing and copying, promoting using recycled paper and reducing energy consumption by switching off idle lightings and electrical appliances. The Group will review its environmental practices from time to time and will consider implementing further eco-friendly measures and practices in the operations of the Group's businesses to enhance environmental sustainability.

Further details of the Group's environmental policies and performance are set out in the "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" on pages 63 to 90 of this annual report.

# 公眾持股量

就本公司所知,於本報告日期,本公司已 維持足夠的公眾持股量,公眾持有本公司 已發行股份的25%以上。

# 管理合約

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司概無就全部或任何部份重大業務的管理及行政事務訂立或存有任何管理合約。

# 遵守法律和法規

本集團已制定合規程序,以確保遵守(尤其是)對其產生重大影響之適用法律、規則及法規。相關員工會不時獲知悉適用法律、規則及法規之任何變動。就本公司所知,其已於各重大方面遵守對本公司業務及營運有重大影響之相關法律及規例。

# 環保政策及表現

有關本集團環保政策及表現的進一步詳情 載列於本年報第63至90頁「環境、社會及管 治報告」內。

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### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告

# Relationship with Customers and Suppliers

The Group has been maintaining friendly negotiation with its customers and suppliers to develop long-term relationships. Further details in relation to the major customers and suppliers identified during the Period are disclosed in the paragraph headed "Major Customers and Suppliers" in this report and in the "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" of this annual report.

#### Tax Relief

The Company is not aware of any relief from taxation available to the shareholders of the Company by reason of their holdings in the shares of the Company.

### **Corporate Governance**

Principal corporate governance practices adopted by the Company are set out in the Corporate Governance Report section on pages 38 to 62 of this annual report.

## **Permitted Indemnity Provisions**

The Articles of Association provides that every Director or other officer of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities incurred or sustained by him as a Director or other officer of the Company in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his favour, or in which he is acquitted. In addition, the Company has maintained appropriate directors and officers liability insurance in respect of the relevant legal actions against the Directors.

# 與客戶及供應商之關係

本集團致力與客戶及供應商保持友善協商,從而建立長遠的合作關係。有關本期間內已物色主要客戶之進一步詳情已於本報告「主要客戶及供應商」一段以及本年報「環境、社會及管治報告」中披露。

## 税務減免

本公司概不知悉任何因本公司股東持有本 公司股份而享有的税務減免。

# 企業管治

本公司採納的主要企業管治常規載列於本 年報第38至62頁企業管治報告一節。

# 獲准許的彌償條文

根據細則規定,本公司各董事或其他高級 人員對於其在任何民事或刑事法律訴訟中 作為本公司董事或其他高級人員出庭抗辯 而得直或獲釋所產生或所致的損失和債 務,則有權從本公司資產中獲得彌償。此 外,本公司已就董事面對有關法律訴訟安 排適當的董事及高級人員責任保險。

### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告



#### **Auditor**

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 have been audited by Crowe (HK) CPA Limited, who will retire at the conclusion of the 2024 AGM. Crowe (HK) CPA Limited, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-appointment. A resolution for re-appointment of Crowe (HK) CPA Limited as the auditor of the Company will be proposed at the 2024 AGM.

# Directors' Responsibilities for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the results and cash flows for that period. In preparing these consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023, the Directors have selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently, made judgments and estimates that are prudent and reasonable, and have prepared the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis. The Directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the financial position of the Group.

On behalf of the Board

Niu Jianmin

Chairman

Hong Kong, 27 March 2024

# 核數師

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度的綜合財務報表已由國富浩華(香港)會計師事務所有限公司審核,其將於二零二四年股東週年大會結束時退任。國富浩華(香港)會計師事務所有限公司將合資格並將膺選連任。續聘國富浩華(香港)會計師事務所有限公司的決議案將於二零二四年股東週年大會上提呈。

# 董事對綜合財務報表的 責任

代表董事會

*主席* 牛建民

香港,二零二四年三月二十七日



# 企業管治報告

The Board and the management of the Company strictly adhere to the principles of good corporate governance, which is vital to prudent management and the enhancement of shareholder value. These principles emphasise transparency, accountability and independence. Set out below are those principles of corporate governance adopted by the Company.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Company complied with the applicable code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "Code") contained in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules.

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司遵守上市規則附錄C1企業管治守則(「**守則**」)所載的適用守則條文。

本公司董事會及管理層堅守良好的企業管治原則,此舉對穩健管理及提升股東價值

至關重要。該等原則重視透明度、問責性

及獨立性。下文載列本公司所採納的企業

## **Corporate Culture**

The Company is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries (together with its subsidiaries, the "Group") are principally engaged in energy exploration and production in the Republic of Kyrgyzstan ("Kyrgyzstan"), and oil storage and trading businesses in the People's Republic of China ("PRC"). The Group continues to explore opportunities to enhance shareholder returns and to create and sustain long-term value for the Group's values.

The Board has developed the following values and ensures that they are embedded in the Company.

**Purpose:** The Group generates long-term returns for shareholders, focusing on maintaining recurring and sustainable cash flows with liquidity and flexibility. In addition, the Group manages revenue and gross margin growth, cost control, capital strength and investment rigorously.

**Value:** The Group is committed to green production, reducing emissions and recycling waste.

**Strategy:** The Group strives to provide high-quality and reliable products and services, and to create value for stakeholders through sustainable growth and development.

# 企業文化

管治原則。

本公司為一間投資控股公司,其附屬公司 (連同附屬公司統稱「本集團」)之主要業務 為於吉爾吉斯共和國(「吉爾吉斯」)從事能 源勘探及生產,以及在中華人民共和國(「中 國」)從事油儲及貿易業務。本集團不斷發 掘提升股東回報之機遇,並為本集團之目 標創造及保持長遠價值。

董事會已制定下列價值觀,並確保該等價值觀貫穿於本公司:

目的:本集團為股東帶來長期回報,專注於維持具有流動性及靈活性之經常性及可持續現金流量。此外,本集團對收益及毛利率增長、成本控制、資本實力及投資進行嚴格管理。

**價值:**本集團堅持綠色生產,減少排放, 實現廢棄物迴圈再生。

策略:本集團努力提供高質素及可靠的產品及服務,並透過可持續增長及持續發展 為利益相關者創造價值。

企業管治報告



#### The Board

#### **Board Composition**

The Board currently comprises three executive Directors, namely Mr. Niu Jianmin (Chairman), Mr. Hong Liang (Chief Executive Officer and Chief Operating Officer), and Ms. Zhu Wen Hua, and three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Wang Jin Lian, Ms. Zhou Zhan and Mr. Lam Cheung Mau. The Board considers this composition to be balanced, and reinforces a strong independent review and monitoring function on overall management practices.

Full details of changes in the Board during the year and up to the date of this report are provided in the "Report of the Directors" on pages 26 to 37 of this annual report.

The Directors' biographical details are set out in the Directors and Senior Management section on pages 21 to 25 of this annual report.

#### Roles and Responsibilities of the Board

The Board is responsible for formulating the overall strategies as well as reviewing the operation and financial performance of the Group. The Board is responsible for considering and deciding on matters covering the Group's overall strategies, major acquisitions and disposals, annual and interim results, approving Directors' appointments to the Board, major capital transactions and other significant operational and financial matters.

Our independent non-executive Directors offer diverse industry expertise, serve the important functions of advising the management on strategies, ensuring that the Board fulfils high standards of financial and other mandatory reporting requirements as well as providing adequate checks and balances for safeguarding the interests of shareholders and the Company as a whole.

# 董事會

#### 董事會成員

董事會現由三名執行董事即牛建民先生(主席)、洪樑先生(首席執行官及首席營運官)及朱文花女士,以及三名獨立非執行董事即王錦連先生、周展女士及林長茂先生組成。董事會認為這個組合權力平衡,能加強對整體管理運作的獨立審查及監督。

年內及截至本報告日期,董事會變動之全部詳情載於本年報第26至37頁的「董事會報告」內。

董事簡歷詳情載於本年報第21至25頁董事 及高級管理層一節。

#### 董事會角色及責任

董事會負責制定整體策略,並檢討本集團營運及財務表現。董事會負責審議本集團整體策略、重大收購及出售、年度及中期業績、批准委任董事加入董事會、重大資本交易及其他重大營運及財務事宜,以及進行有關方面的決策。

本集團獨立非執行董事具備不同行業的專業知識,負責履行的重要職務包括向管理層提供策略方面的建議,並確保董事會在達致高水平財務及其他強制申報規定的同時,具備充分權力制衡,以保障股東及本公司整體利益。

# **→**

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

#### 企業管治報告

#### **Delegation to Management**

Day-to-day operational responsibilities are specifically delegated by the Board to the management. Major responsibilities include:

- execution of business and operational strategies and initiatives adopted by the Board;
- preparation of reports and accounts for the Board's approval before publication;
- adoption of the remuneration policy approved by the Board;
- implementation of internal control and risk management procedures; and
- compliance with relevant statutory requirements, rules and regulations.

# Mechanism to ensure independent views and input

The Board has established different ways to ensure independent views and input from Directors. The Board reviews the implementation and effectiveness of such mechanism on an annual basis to ensure that independent views and input are available to the Board.

The mechanism is disclosed below:

#### (i) Composition

The Board ensures the appointment of at least three independent non-executive Directors and at least one-third of its members being independent non-executive Directors with at least one independent non-executive Director possessing appropriate professional qualifications, or accounting or related financial management expertise.

#### (ii) Independence Assessment

The nomination committee assess the independence, qualification and time commitment of a candidate who is nominated to be a new independent non-executive Director before an appointment. On an annual basis, all independent non-executive Directors are required to confirm in writing their compliance of independence requirements pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

#### 轉授於管理層

董事會特別指派管理層履行日常營運職務, 其中主要職務包括:

- 執行董事會所採納之業務及營運策略及方針;
- 編製報告及賬目,以供董事會在對外 公佈前審批;
- 採納董事會批准之薪酬政策;
- 推行內部監控及風險管理程序;及
- 遵守相關法定規定、規則及法規。

#### 確保獨立觀點和意見的機制

董事會已經建立了不同的方式來確保董事的獨立觀點和意見。董事會每年檢討該機制的實施情況及成效,以確保董事會可以獲得獨立的意見和意見。

#### 該機制披露如下:

#### (i) 組成

董事會確保委任至少三名獨立非執行 董事,且至少三分之一的董事會成員 為獨立非執行董事,其中至少一名獨 立非執行董事具備適當的專業資格、 會計或相關財務管理專業知識。

#### (ii) 獨立性評估

提名委員會在任命前評估被提名為新獨立非執行董事的候選人的獨立性、 資格和時間承諾。根據上市規則第3.13 條,所有獨立非執行董事均須每年書 面確認其遵守獨立性規定。

#### 企業管治報告



#### (iii) Board Decision Making

The Directors (including INEDs), upon reasonable request, may seek independent professional advice at the Company's expense.

#### (iv) Independent non-executive Directors meeting

The Chairman of the Board meets with all independent non-executive Directors annually without the presence of the other executive Directors and management of the Company.

#### **Board Practices**

The Board holds at least four regular meetings annually at, approximately quarterly intervals to discuss the Group's business development, operations and financial performance. Notice of at least 14 days is given to all Directors for all regular Board meetings. All regular Board meetings adhere to a formal agenda in which a schedule of matters is addressed to the Board and the Directors are invited to include matters of special concerns for discussion in the agenda. The agenda and accompanying board papers are then sent in full to all Directors at least 3 days in advance or within reasonable time prior to the relevant Board meetings.

All Directors have access to the Board papers and all related materials and are provided with adequate information by the management to enable the Board to make informed decisions on the matters to be discussed. Directors should declare any conflict of interest in a matter to be considered by the Board which the Board has determined to be material, the matter should be dealt by a physical Board meeting rather a written resolution. The minutes of the Board meetings have sufficient details of the matters discussed at Board meetings which are prepared and kept by the Company Secretary and are opened for inspection by any Director. The Directors are free to access to the management for enquiries about further information, when required, and the Directors can obtain independent professional advice at the Company's expense.

# Attendance Records of Directors and Board Committee Members

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Board held four regular Board meetings and one general meeting. The agendas and accompanying board papers are given to all Directors in a timely manner. The Chairman of the Board shall ensure the Directors being properly briefed on issues arising at those Board meetings.

#### (iii) 董事會決策

董事(包括獨立非執行董事)可在合理 要求下尋求獨立專業意見,費用由本 公司承擔。

#### (iv) 獨立非執行董事會議

董事會主席每年在沒有其他執行董事 和本公司管理層出席的情況下與全體 獨立非執行董事會面。

#### 董事會常規

#### 董事及董事委員會成員出席記錄

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,董事會舉行了四次董事會定期會議及一次股東大會。會議議程及隨附的董事會文件已適時給予全體董事。董事會主席確保全體董事適當知悉董事會會議上商討之事項。



### 企業管治報告

Apart from the regular Board meetings, the Chairman of the Board also held a meeting with all independent non-executive Directors, without the presence of the other executive Directors.

除定期舉行董事會會議外,董事會主席亦 在並無其他執行董事出席的情況下與全體 獨立非執行董事舉行會議。

Continuous

	Meetings Attended/Held 出席會議次數/會議舉行次數 Corporate Annual Audit Governance Nomination Remuneration General					Trainings	
Name of Directors	Board	Committee	Committee 企業管治	Committee	Committee	Meeting 股東	(Notes) 培訓類別
董事姓名	董事會	審核委員會	委員會	提名委員會	薪酬委員會	週年大會	(附註)
Executive Directors							
執行董事	, Luca		- /-		. /-		
Mr. Niu Jianmin (Chairman)	4/4 <sup>(C)</sup>	-	2/2	-	1/1	1/1	А
牛建民先生(主席)	4/4					1/1	А
Mr. Hong Liang 洪樑先生	4/4	_	-	_	_	1/1	A
Ms. Zhu Wen Hua	4/4	_	_	1/1	_	1/1	Д
朱文花女士	4) 4			1,1		171	,
Independent non-executive Directors							
獨立非執行董事							
Mr. Wang Jin Lian	4/4	5/5*	2/2(c)	1/1(0	1/1	1/1	Д
王錦連先生							
Ms. Zhou Zhan	4/4	5/5 <sup>(c)</sup>	-	1/1(0	1/1(0)	1/1	Д
周展女士	, 1,	E /=	0.10				
Mr. Lam Cheung Mau 林長茂先生	4/4	5/5	2/2	-	-	1/1	Δ

Notes:

\* Chairmen of the Board and the Board Committees are indicated by (C).

Notes relating to attendance records of training:

A Reading and online studying.

附註:

· 董事會及董事委員會主席以(C)表示。

有關培訓的出席記錄附註:

A 研讀及網上學習。

#### 企業管治報告



#### **Continuous Professional Development**

Code Provision C.1.4 of the Code stipulates that all directors should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. The Group also makes available continuous professional development to the Directors at the expense of the Company and to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Company arranged Directors to join an online training on (1) Trading arrangements for corporate actions; and (2) Share schemes to enhance their capacities to carry out directors' duties.

Beside, every newly appointed Director will receive comprehensive, formal and tailored induction package from the Company's external legal advisor ensuring that he/she has a proper understanding of the Company's operation, business, the relevant laws and regulations, the Listing Rules and governance policies. The company secretary also provides the updates on latest development and changes in the Listing Rules and other relevant legal and regulatory requirements to the Board from time to time.

# Independence of Independent Non-executive Directors

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Board at all times met the requirements of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of independent non-executive Director, whereby at least one of whom possesses appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise.

The Board has received from each independent non-executive Director a written annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and is satisfied with the independence of all the independent non-executive Directors.

Each independent non-executive Director is required to inform the Company as soon as practicable if there is any change that may affect his/her independence.

#### 持續專業發展

守則之守則條文C.1.4規定,所有董事均須 參加持續專業發展,以擴闊及更新董事的 知識及技能。本集團亦使董事可參與持續 專業發展,費用由本公司承擔,並確保彼 等繼續在掌握全面資訊及切合所需的情況 下向董事會作出貢獻。

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司就[1]公司行動涉及的交易安排;及[2]股份計劃安排董事參與網上培訓,以增強其履行董事職責的能力。

此外,每名新委任董事均會獲本公司外聘 法律顧問提供全面、正式及專屬的入職培 訓,確保其對本公司之運作、業務、相關 法律及法規、上市規則及管治政策有確切 了解。公司秘書亦會不時提醒董事會關於 上市規則及其他相關法律及監管規定之更 新、最新發展及變動。

#### 獨立非執行董事之獨立性

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度, 董事會一直符合有關委任獨立非執行董事 的上市規則要求,據此至少一名獨立非執 行董事具備適當的專業資格或具有會計或 相關財務管理之專業知識。

根據上市規則第3.13條,董事會已接獲各獨立非執行董事就其獨立性呈交之年度書面確認,亦信納全體獨立非執行董事之獨立性。

倘出現任何可能影響他/她的獨立性的轉變,各獨立非執行董事須在可行情況下盡 快知會本公司。

#### 企業管治報告

#### **Appointment and Re-election of Directors**

The procedures for appointing and re-electing directors are set out in the Articles of Association. The Board is responsible for selecting and recommending candidates for directorship, taking into consideration factors such as appropriate professional knowledge and industry experience, personal ethics, integrity and personal skills.

Under the Articles of Association, one-third of the Directors must retire, and if eligible, may be subject to re-election at each annual general meeting. Furthermore, any Director appointed to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board should hold office until the first general meeting of the Company after his appointment and shall be subject to re-election at such meeting.

To further reinforce accountability, any further re-appointment of an independent non-executive Director who has served the Company's Board for more than nine years will be subject to separate resolution to be approved by the shareholders of the Company.

In accordance with the Articles of Association, Mr. Niu Jianmin and Mr. Lam Cheung Mau will retire by rotation at the 2024 AGM. All retiring Directors, being eligible, has offered themselves for reelection as Directors at the 2024 AGM.

Each of the executive Directors entered into renewed service contracts with the Company for a term of three years commencing on 24 October 2022.

Each of the independent non-executive directors is appointed for a specific term, subject to re-election, which will run until the conclusion of the third annual general meeting from the date of their last re-election and in accordance with the Company's Articles of Association.

#### **Directors' Interests in Shares**

Details of Directors' interests in the Shares are set out in the "Report of the Directors" section on page 32 of this annual report.

#### 委任及重選董事

委任及重選董事的程序載於細則。董事會 負責甄選及推薦董事人選,考慮因素包括 合適專業知識及行業經驗、個人操守、誠 信及個人才能等。

根據細則,三分之一的董事必須於每屆股 東週年大會上輪席退任,惟若合乎資格可 重選連任。此外,為填補臨時空缺或作為 董事會增補而委任之任何董事僅應任職至 其獲委任後本公司之首個股東大會為止, 並於該大會上膺選連任。

為進一步加強問責性,再度委任於本公司 董事會服務超過九年的獨立非執行董事, 將須以獨立決議案方式提呈本公司股東批 准。

根據細則,牛建民先生及林長茂先生將於 二零二四年股東週年大會上輪值退任董事 一職。所有退任董事合資格並願意於二零 二四年股東週年大會上膺選連任。

各執行董事已與本公司訂立自二零二二年 十月二十四日起計為期三年的重續服務合 約。

每位獨立非執行董事乃按特定任期委任及 可膺選連任,任期由上次重選當日起計至 第三個股東週年大會結束時為止,並需根 據本公司公司細則之規定。

#### 董事的股份權益

有關董事的股份權益詳情載於本年報第32 頁的「董事會報告」內。

企業管治報告



#### **Directors' Securities Transactions**

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions on terms no less than the required standards of the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules (the "Model Code"). Having made specific enquiry of the directors of the Company, all directors confirmed that they complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code and the Company's code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions for the year ended 31 December 2023.

#### **Directors' Liability Insurance and Indemnity**

The Company has arranged for appropriate liability insurance to indemnify its Directors for their liabilities arising out of corporate activities undertaken for the Company. During the year ended 31 December 2023, no claim was made against the Directors.

#### **Board Committees**

The Board has established an audit committee (the "Audit Committee"), a remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee"), a nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee"), a corporate governance committee (the "Corporate Governance Committee") and a finance and investment committee (the "Finance and Investment Committee") with defined terms of reference. Details and reports of the committees are set out below.

#### **Audit Committee**

The Audit Committee was established to review the Group's financial reporting, risk management and internal control systems and make relevant recommendations to the Board. The Audit Committee comprises of three members: Ms. Zhou Zhan, being chairman of the Audit Committee, Mr. Wang Jin Lian and Mr. Lam Cheung Mau, all of whom are independent non-executive Directors. Ms. Zhou Zhan, as the chairman of the Audit Committee, possesses appropriate professional qualifications, accounting or related financial management expertise as required under the Listing Rules.

#### 董事進行的證券交易

本公司已採納一套有關董事進行證券交易之行為守則,該守則之嚴格程度不低於上市規則附錄C3所載上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)之規定標準。經本公司董事作出特定查詢後,全體董事確認,於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,彼等一直遵守標準守則所載之規定標準及本公司有關董事進行證券交易之行為守則。

#### 董事責任保險及彌償保證

本公司已安排適當的責任保險,以就董事 因本公司各種企業活動所產生之責任提供 彌償保證。截至二零二三年十二月三十一 日止年度期間內,概無董事遭索償。

#### 董事委員會

董事會已成立審核委員會(「審核委員會」)、 薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」)、提名委員會 (「提名委員會」)、企業管治委員會(「企業管 治委員會」)以及財務及投資委員會(「財務 及投資委員會」),並已界定其職權範圍。 各委員會之詳情及報告載列如下。

#### 審核委員會

審核委員會的成立乃為審查本集團的財務申報、風險管理及內部監控,並向董事會提出相關建議。審核委員會由三名成員成,分別為周展女士(即審核委員會主席)、王錦連先生及林長茂先生,彼等均為獨主,執行董事。審核委員會主席周展女士具構上市規則規定的適當專業資格、會計或相關財務管理專業知識。

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#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

#### 企業管治報告

Pursuant to the terms of reference of the Audit Committee, the main duties of the Audit Committee are to audit and supervise the financial reporting procedures of the Group, consider the appointment, re-appointment and remuneration of the auditor and any matters related to the removal and resignation of the auditor. In addition, the Audit Committee is responsible for examining and inspecting the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems, including conducting reviews, on a regular basis, in respect of the risk management and internal control over various corporate structures and business procedures, and considering their potential risks and imminence, so as to ensure the effectiveness of the Company's business operations and to achieve its corporate objectives and strategies. The scope of such reviews covers finance, operations, compliance and regulations.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Audit Committee held five meetings. The following is a summary of the work of the Audit Committee during the year:

- reviewed and made recommendations for the Board's approval of the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022;
- reviewed and made recommendations for the Board's approval the Group's interim condensed consolidated financial information for the six months ended 30 June 2023;
- reviewed and made recommendations for the Board's approval the re-appointment of the external auditor;
- reviewed the external auditor's remuneration and terms of engagement;
- reviewed the reports from the external auditor;
- reviewed the annual audit plan;
- reviewed the risk management and internal control systems of the Group;
- review of the reports from the internal auditor; and
- reviewed the effectiveness of the internal audit function.

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度, 審核委員會舉行了五次會議。年內審核委 員會進行之工作之概要如下:

- 檢討及建議董事會批准本集團截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度之綜合財務報表;
- 檢討及建議董事會批准本集團截至二零二三年六月三十日止六個月內之中期簡明綜合財務資料;
- 檢討及建議董事會續聘外聘核數師;
- 檢討外聘核數師之酬金及委聘條款;
- 審議外聘核數師之報告;
- 審議年度審核規劃;
- 檢討本集團之內部監控及風險管理系統;
- 審議內部審核師之報告;及
- 檢討內部審核功能之有效性。

企業管治報告



The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 have been reviewed and approved by the Audit Committee, and the Audit Committee is of the opinion that such financial statements comply with the applicable accounting standards, the Listing Rules and all other applicable legal requirements. The Audit Committee therefore recommended the Board's approval of the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023.

審核委員會已審閱及批准本集團截至二零 二三年十二月三十一日止年度的綜合財務 報表,及審核委會員認為該財務報表符合 適用的會計準則、上市規則及所有其他適 用法律規定。審核委員會因此建議董事會 批准本集團截至二零二三年十二月三十一 日止年度的綜合財務報表。

#### **Remuneration Committee**

The Remuneration Committee was established on 24 October 2010 and has been delegated with the responsibility of determining the remuneration policy and structure for all Directors and senior management, reviewing and approving matters relating to share schemes under Chapter 17 of Listing Rules and the specific remuneration packages of all Directors and making recommendations to the Board regarding the remuneration of independent non-executive Directors. The Remuneration Committee comprises three members: Ms. Zhou Zhan (an independent non-executive Director) being the chairman of the Remuneration Committee, Mr. Niu Jianmin (Chairman of the Board and an executive Director) and Mr. Wang Jin Lian (an independent non-executive Director).

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Remuneration Committee held one meeting. The following is a summary of the work of the Remuneration Committee during the year:

- annual review of the remuneration packages of the Directors and senior management of the Company, and
- reviewed and made recommendations to the Board the directors' fee for Independent Non-executive Directors.

The particulars regarding Directors' remuneration and the five highest paid employees as required to be disclosed pursuant to Appendix 16 to the Listing Rules are set out in Notes 20 and 25 to the consolidated financial statements.

Pursuant to Code provision E.1.5 of the Code, the remuneration of the members of the senior management by band for the year ended 31 December 2023 is set out below:

#### 薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會於二零一零年十月二十四日成立,負責釐定全體董事及高級管理層的薪酬政策及架構,以及檢討並批准上市規第17章所述有關股份計劃事宜及全體董事之特定薪酬組合並就獨立非執行董事會提出建議。薪酬委員會由三名酬向董事會提出建議。薪酬委員會主席周展女士(獨立非執行董事)及王錦連先生(獨立非執行董事)。

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度, 薪酬委員會舉行了一次會議。薪酬委員會 於年內的工作概要如下:

- 就董事及本公司高級管理層的薪酬待 遇進行年度檢討;及
- 審閱及就獨立非執行董事之董事袍金 向董事會提供建議。

根據上市規則附錄十六規定須予披露之有關董事薪酬及最高薪酬的五位僱員的詳細資料載於綜合財務報表附註20及25。

根據守則之守則條文E.1.5,截至二零二三 年十二月三十一日止年度,高級管理層成 員之薪酬等級載列如下:

Remuneration bands (RMB) 薪酬等級(人民幣元) Number of person 人員數目

Below 1,000,000 少於1,000,000 1

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#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

#### 企業管治報告

#### **Remuneration Policy**

The remuneration of directors are recommended by the remuneration committee of the Company and approved by the Board, based on prevailing market conditions and with reference to other companies of a similar size, business nature and scope as the Company. In addition, the Company may grant share options to eligible directors and employees as incentives for their contributions to the Group.

The primary goal of our policy for remuneration packages is to ensure that Directors are fairly rewarded and they receive appropriate incentives to maintain high standards of performance.

The principal elements of the Directors' remuneration package include:

- basic salary and other benefits;
- contribution to pension schemes;
- discretionary bonus; and
- share options granted under an approved option scheme.

Details of the Directors' emoluments, the five highest-paid individuals and senior management of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out in Notes 20 and 25, respectively, to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **Nomination Committee**

The Nomination Committee was established on 1 April 2012 with written terms of reference. The Nomination Committee comprises of three members, namely Mr. Wang Jin Lian (an independent non-executive Director) being the chairman of the Nomination Committee, Ms. Zhu Wen Hua (an executive Director) and Ms. Zhou Zhan (an independent non-executive Director).

The key duties of the Nomination Committee are as follows:

- (a) to review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board at least annually and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy;
- (b) to identify individuals suitably qualified to become members of the Board and select, or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of, individuals nominated for directorships;

#### 酬金政策

董事酬金乃根據當時市場情況及參考規模、業務性質及範疇相若的其他公司,由本公司薪酬委員會推薦並由董事會批准。此外,本公司或會向合資格董事及僱員授出 購股權,作為彼等對本集團貢獻的獎勵。

本集團薪酬組合政策主要旨在確保董事獲 得公平報酬並適當激勵董事保持高水準表 現。

董事酬金組合的主要項目包括:

- 基本薪金及其他福利;
- 退休余計劃供款;
- 酌情花紅;及
- 根據已獲批准的購股權計劃授出的 購股權。

於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團董事酬金、五位最高薪酬人士及高級管理層詳情分別載於綜合財務報表附註 20及25。

#### 提名委員會

提名委員會成立於二零一二年四月一日,並以書面形式劃定其職權範圍。提名委員會由三名成員組成,分別為提名委員會主席王錦連先生(獨立非執行董事)、朱文花女士(執行董事)及周展女士(獨立非執行董事)。

提名委員會之主要職責如下:

- [a] 每年最少一次檢討董事會之架構、人數及組成(包括技能、知識及經驗方面),並就任何擬作出之變動向董事會提出建議以配合本公司之公司策略;
- [b] 物色具備合適資格可擔任董事會成員 之人士,並挑選提名有關人士出任董 事或就此向董事會提供意見;

#### 企業管治報告



- (c) to assess the independence of independent non-executive Directors;
- (c) 評核獨立非執行董事之獨立性;
- (d) to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of directors and succession planning for directors, in particular the chairman and the chief executive; and
- [d] 就董事委任或重新委任以及董事(尤 其是主席及最高行政人員)繼任計劃 向董事會提出建議:及
- (e) to review the policy, procedures and criteria for the nomination of directors.
- (e) 檢討董事提名的政策、程序及標準。

The Nomination Committee is to ensure that the Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the requirements of the Company's business. To ensure changes to the Board composition can be managed without undue disruption, a formal, considered and transparent procedure is in place for selection, appointment and re-appointment of Directors, as well as plans in place for orderly succession (if considered necessary), including periodical review of such plans.

提名委員會確保董事會按照本公司業務而 具備適當所需技巧、經驗及多樣的觀點內 角度。為確保董事會組成人員的變動不式 帶來不適當的干擾,本公司應設有正委 經審慎考慮並具透明度的董事甄選 經審實新委任程序,並設定有秩序的董事 任計劃(如認為有需要),包括定期檢討此 類計劃。

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Nomination Committee held one meeting. The following is a summary of the work of the Nomination Committee during the year:

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度, 提名委員會舉行一次會議。年內提名委員 會進行之工作之概要如下:

- reviewed on the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board; and
- 舉行會議以(其中包括)審議董事會之 架構、人數及組成(包括技能、知識及 經驗);及
- assessed the independence of each of the independent non-executive Directors.
- 評核各獨立非執行董事之獨立性。

#### **Nomination Procedures and Criteria**

#### 提名程序及準則

The appointment of a new Director (to be an additional Director or fill a casual vacancy as and when it arises) or any re-appointment of Directors is a matter for decision by the Board upon the recommendation of the proposed candidate by the Nomination Committee. The criteria to be applied in considering whether a candidate is qualified shall be his or her ability to devote sufficient time and attention to the affairs of the Company and contribute to the diversity of the Board as well as the effective carrying out by the Board of the responsibilities. Further details of the selection criteria and the procedure are set out in the terms of reference of the Nomination Committee which are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

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#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

#### 企業管治報告

A shareholder may at any general meeting nominate a candidate for directorship if, within the 7 days commencing the day after the despatch of the notice of such general meeting, such shareholder (being entitled to attend and vote at such general meeting and not being the candidate) gives to the company secretary a written notice of his/her intention to propose such candidate for election and also a written notice signed by such candidate of his/her willingness to be elected.

Other than the nomination of directors by shareholders, at present, candidates for directorship may be nominated by the Chief Executive Officer of the Company, who will provide the Nomination Committee with notice of such nomination once a candidate has been identified.

The Nomination Committee is responsible for making recommendations to the Board with respect to the nomination of candidates for directorship by making reference to the Company's Board Diversity Policy, which was adopted by the Board on 26 March 2013 and various aspects of the candidate, including (but not limited to) his/her education background, professional experience, experience in the relevant industry and past directorships. In particular, for candidates to be independent non-executive directors, the Nomination Committee assesses his/her independence under Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. Then, the Nomination Committee will make its recommendations to the Board for consideration and approval.

#### **Board Diversity Policy**

The Board Diversity Policy was adopted by the Company pursuant to the resolutions passed at a Board meeting held on 26 March 2013. The Company sees increasing diversity at the Board level as an essential element in supporting the attainment of its strategic objectives and its sustainable development. The Board reviews the implementation and effectiveness of the Company's Board Diversity Policy annually. In designing the Board's composition, the nomination and the board appointments during the year ended 31 December 2023 were made after considering the board diversity in a number of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service.

The Board emphasis on diversity (including gender diversity) across all levels of the Group. As at the date of this annual report, the Board comprises six Directors, two of whom are female, it stands at 33.3%. The Board considers that gender diversity on the Board has been achieved. Further details on the gender ratio of the Group and initiatives taken to improve gender diversity across the workforce (including senior management), together with relevant data, can be found in the "Environmental, Social and Governance Report", which sets out on pages 63 to 90.

倘股東於寄發股東大會通知起計7日內向公司秘書提交有關其有意建議人選參選董事的書面通知且有關候選人已簽署有關書面通知表示其願意參選,則有關股東(其有權出席有關股東大會並於會上投票及並非為候選人)可於有關股東大會上提名候選人參選。

除由股東提名董事外,現時董事候選人可由本公司首席執行官提名,本公司首席執行官於確定候選人後將即時向提名委員會提供有關提名通知。

提名委員會負責參考董事會於二零一三年 三月二十六日採納的本公司董事會是供 政策就提名董事候選人,包括(但不 議,以及多方面考慮候選人,包括(但不限 於)其學歷背景、專業經驗、於相關行業限 經驗及過往曾擔任的董事職位。特別就會 立非執行董事候選人而言,提名委員會 根據上市規則第3.13條評核其獨立性, 後提名委員會將向董事會提供建議以作考 慮及批准。

#### 董事會多元化政策

董事會非常重視本集團各個層面的多元化(包括性別多元化)。截至本年度報告發佈之日,董事會由六名董事組成,其中兩名是女性,佔比為33.3%。董事會認為董事會的性別多元化已經實現。有關本集團性別比例的更多詳情,以及為改善全體員工(包括高級管理層)的性別多元化而採取的措施以及相關資料,請參閱載於第63至90頁的「環境、社會及管治報告」。

#### 企業管治報告



#### **Corporate Governance Committee**

The Corporate Governance Committee was established on 1 April 2012 with written terms of reference. The Corporate Governance Committee comprises of three members, namely Mr. Wang Jin Lian (an independent non-executive Director) being the chairman of the Corporate Governance Committee, Mr. Niu Jianmin (Chairman of the Board and an executive Director), and Mr. Lam Cheung Mau (an independent non-executive Director).

The key duties of the Corporate Governance Committee are as follows:

- (a) to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance;
- (b) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
- (c) to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (d) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and directors; and
- (e) to review the Company's compliance with the Code on Corporate Governance Practices (Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules) and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Corporate Governance Committee held two meetings. The meetings were held:

- reviewed the compliance with the Code and the relevant disclosure in the draft 2022 Annual Report and the draft 2023 interim report; and
- reviewed the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management.

#### 企業管治委員會

企業管治委員會成立於二零一二年四月一日,並以書面形式劃定其職權範圍。企業管治委員會由三名成員組成,分別為企業管治委員會主席王錦連先生(獨立非執行董事)、牛建民先生(董事會主席兼執行董事)及林長茂先生(獨立非執行董事)。

企業管治委員會之主要職責如下:

- [a] 制定及檢討本公司的企業管治政策及 常規;
- (b) 檢討及監察董事及高級管理層的培訓 及持續專業發展;
- [c] 制定、檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律 及監管規定方面的政策及常規:
- [d] 檢討及監察僱員及董事的操守準則及 合規手冊(如有);及
- [e] 檢討本公司遵守上市規則附錄C1所載 的企業管治常規守則及在企業管治報 告內的披露。

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度, 企業管治委員會舉行兩次會議。會議舉行 乃為:

- 檢討守則的遵守情況及二零二二年年度報告及二零二三年中期報告草案內的相關披露;及
- 檢討董事及高級管理層的培訓及持續 專業發展。

#### 企業管治報告

#### **Finance and Investment Committee**

The Finance and Investment Committee was established on 1 April 2012 with written terms of reference. The Finance and Investment Committee comprises of four members, namely Mr. Niu Jianmin (Chairman of the Board and an executive Director) being the chairman of the Finance and Investment Committee, Mr. Hong Liang (an executive Director), Mr. Wang Jin Lian (an independent non-executive Director) and Ms. Zhou Zhan (an independent non-executive Director).

The key responsibilities of the Finance and Investment Committee are as follows:

- (a) to develop and review the Company's investment policies, financial strategies and objectives and make recommendations to the Board;
- (b) to consider, evaluate and review major project investments, acquisitions and disposals of the Group and to make recommendations to the Board;
- (c) to conduct post-investment evaluations on investment projects of the Group;
- (d) to arrange and approve banking facilities, loans, financial instruments, guarantees and indemnities of the Group;
- (e) to approve the opening and cancellation of bank or securities accounts of the Group and to approve the authorised signatories and mode of operations of the accounts;
- (f) to oversee the overall management of all the risks of the Group, including, without limitation, the financial and operational risks by setting and formulating risk management policies and strategies; and
- (g) to review and assess the adequacy and effectiveness and risk management policies and framework in identifying, measuring, monitoring and controlling risks.

#### 財務及投資委員會

財務及投資委員會成立於二零一二年四月 一日,並以書面形式劃定其職權範圍。財 務及投資委員會由四名成員組成,分別為 財務及投資委員會主席牛建民先生(董事會 主席兼執行董事)、洪樑先生(執行董事)、 王錦連先生(獨立非執行董事)及周展女士 (獨立非執行董事)。

財務及投資委員會之主要職責如下:

- (a) 制定及檢討公司的投資政策、財務策略及目標,並向董事會提供意見;
- [b] 考慮、評估及檢討本集團主要項目投資、收購及出售,並就此向董事會提供意見;
- [c] 就本集團投資項目開展投資後進行評估;
- [d] 安排及批准本集團的銀行融資、借貸、金融工具、擔保及彌償保證;
- [e] 批准本集團銀行或證券戶口之開戶及 取消,並批准其戶口之授權簽署及運 作模式;
- [f] 設定及規劃風險管理政策及策略以監督本集團的風險的全面管理,包括但不限於財務及運營風險;及
- (g) 檢討及評估風險管理政策及架構是否 足夠及有效發現、估量、監察及控制 風險。

#### 企業管治報告



#### Risk Management and Internal Control

The Board places great importance on internal controls and is responsible for the risk management and internal control systems and reviewing the effectiveness of those risk management and internal control annually. The Company has provided directors training materials, which contain, amongst other things, inside information regulatory requirements, prepared by the Company's external legal advisor in order to ensure the Company is compliance with regulatory requirements.

The risk management and internal control systems are designed to manage the risk of failure to achieve corporate objectives and to protect the Group's assets and information. It aims to provide reasonable assurance against material misstatements, losses, damages or fraud and to manage rather than eliminate risks of failure in operations systems. The Board has delegated the design, implementation and ongoing assessment of risk management and internal control systems to the management, while the Board, through its Audit Committee, oversees and reviews the adequacy and effectiveness of relevant financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management procedures in place. Qualified personnel of the Group maintain and monitor these systems of controls on an ongoing basis.

The Board reviewed the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems, including financial, operational and compliance control and risk management systems. The Board acknowledges that it is responsible for the risk management and internal control systems and reviewing their effectiveness. Such systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. The Board reviewed the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems semi-annually through the Audit Committee. During the year ended 31 December 2023, no irregularity or material weakness was noted within any function or process. The Audit Committee is satisfied that the risk management and internal control systems had functioned effectively as intended.

The Company had established internal audit function and regularly carries out reviews on the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control in order to ensure that they are able to meet and deal with the dynamic and ever changing business environment.

The Board considers the risk management and internal control systems are effective and adequate for the Group as a whole. The Board further considers that there was no issue relating to the material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions of the Group.

#### 風險管理及內部監控

董事會非常重視內部控制,並負責風險管理及內部監控系統及每年評估這些風險管理及內部監控的成效。本公司已為董事提供由本公司外聘法律顧問起草載有(其中包括)內幕消息監管規定的培訓材料,以確保本公司遵守相關的監管規定。

本公司有設立內部審核功能並定期對風險 管理及內部監控的有效性進行審閱,確保 其能夠符合及應對靈活多變的經營環境。

董事會認為,風險管理及內部監控系統對本集團整體而言屬有效及充足。董事會並認為,本集團在財務、營運及合規監控以及風險管理職能各方面未有任何重大監控問題。

#### 企業管治報告

In addition, the Board and/or its committees have also reviewed the adequacy of the Company's resources, staff's qualifications and experience, training programmes and the related budgets in the Company's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions

**Inside Information** 

The Company has established a disclosure committee to oversee disclosure of inside information in accordance with a policy on disclosure of inside information (the "Disclosure Policy"). The Disclosure Policy sets out the procedures and internal controls for handling and dissemination of inside information in a timely manner and in such a way so as not to place any person in a privileged dealing position and to allow sufficient time for the market to price the listed securities of the Company with the latest available information of the Company.

All directors and employees of the Company must comply with the Disclosure Policy which provides guidelines to the directors, senior officers and other relevant employees of the Group to ensure proper safeguards in place to prevent the Company from breaching the statutory disclosure requirements of inside information. The Disclosure Policy also includes appropriate internal control and reporting systems to identify and assess potential inside information and relevant steps to be taken.

The Disclosure Policy also stipulates that dissemination of inside information of the Company shall be conducted by publication of the relevant information on the websites of Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited and the Company, according to the requirements of the SFO and the Listing Rules.

# **Company Secretary**

Ms. Leung Yin Fai is the Company Secretary of the Company and responsible for advising the Board on corporate governance matters and ensuring that the Board policy and procedures, and the applicable laws, rules and regulations are followed. All Directors have access to the advice and services of the company secretary to ensure that the Board procedures and all applicable laws are followed. Moreover, the company secretary is responsible for facilitating communications among Directors as well as with management.

此外,董事會及/或其委員會亦審閱本公 司的資源、員工資歷及經驗、培訓項目, 以及本公司會計、內部審核及財務報告功 能相關預算之足夠性。

#### 內幕消息

本公司設有披露委員會,以根據內幕消息 披露管理規定(「披露規定」)監督內幕消息 披露。披露規定載列有關處理及發佈內幕 消息之程序及內部監控,使內幕消息得以 適時處理及發佈,並不會導致任何人士在 本公司上市證券交易上處於佔優地位,亦 讓市場在得悉本公司最新可得資料的情況 下,有充足時間定出本公司上市證券之價 格。

本公司所有董事及僱員必須遵守披露規定。 該規定為本集團董事、高級人員及其他 相關僱員提供指引,確保設有適當措施, 以預防本公司違反法定的內幕消息披露規 定。披露規定亦載有適當的內部監控及匯 報制度,以識別及評估潛在的內幕消息及 採取相關行動。

根據證券及期貨條例及上市規則規定,披 露規定亦規範本公司內幕消息之發佈方法 乃於香港交易及結算所有限公司及本公司 網站內刊載相關消息。

# 公司秘書

梁燕輝女士為本公司公司秘書及負責就企 業管治事宜向董事會提供意見並確保遵守 董事會政策及程序、適用法例、規則及規 例。所有董事均可獲得公司秘書的建議及 服務以確保董事會遵守議事程序及所有適 用法律。此外,公司秘書負責促進董事之 間以及管理層之間的溝通。

企業管治報告



The Company engages an external service provider, Ms. Leung Yin Fai, as its company secretary. Mr. Hong Liang, executive director of the Company, is the primary contact person whom Ms. Leung Yin Fai can contact. During the year ended 31 December 2023, the company secretary has undertaken more than 15 hours of relevant professional training.

# External Auditor and Auditor's Remuneration

The Company has engaged Crowe (HK) CPA Limited as its external auditor. The aggregate remuneration in respect of services provided by external auditor for the year ended 31 December 2023 was approximately HKD3.0 million (2022: HKD3.0 million), which represents annual audit services.

# Directors' Responsibility for Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Responsibility

All Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2023 and of ensuring that the preparation of the consolidated financial statements of the Company is in accordance with the applicable standards and requirements.

The statement of the auditor about their reporting responsibilities on the consolidated financial statements of the Group is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 91 to 94 of this annual report.

# Going Concern and Mitigation Measures

As set out in Note 2.1(b) to the consolidated financial statements, as at 31 December 2023, the Group had a total deficit of RMB9,020,675,000 and the Group's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by RMB8,108,929,000. The Group maintained cash and cash equivalents of RMB2,143,000 as at 31 December 2023.

本公司已委聘外部服務提供者梁燕輝女士作為公司秘書。本公司執行董事洪樑先生為梁燕輝女士可聯絡的主要聯絡人士。截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,公司秘書已進行了超過15小時的相關專業培訓。

# 外聘核數師及核數師酬 金

本公司已委聘國富浩華(香港)會計師事務 所有限公司為外聘核數師。截至二零二三 年十二月三十一日止年度,外聘核數師就 其提供之服務收取酬金合共約3.0百萬港元 (二零二二年:3.0百萬港元),為年度審計 服務費用。

# 董事對綜合財務報表的 責任及核數師責任

所有董事知悉彼等負責編製本公司截至二 零二三年十二月三十一日止年度的綜合財 務報表,並確保根據適用標準及規定編製 本公司綜合財務報表。

有關核數師對本集團綜合財務報表申報責任的陳述載於本年報第91至94頁的獨立核 數師報告內。

# 持續經營及應對措施

誠如綜合財務報表附註2.1(b)所載,於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團總虧絀為人民幣9,020,675,000元,而本集團流動負債超出其流動資產人民幣8,108,929,000元。於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團維持現金及現金等價物人民幣2,143,000元。

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#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

#### 企業管治報告

On 9 October 2018, the Group entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement to dispose of the core assets and liabilities of shipbuilding, offshore engineering, engineering machinery and marine engine building segments (the "Shipbuilding Business", together with the holding company of the Shipbuilding Business referred to as the "Disposal Group") with an independent third party. Pursuant to certain supplemental agreements signed with Unique Orient Limited (the "Purchaser"), an independent third party, the sale shares of Able Diligent Limited, the holding company of the Disposal Group, was transferred to the Purchaser on 10 March 2019. As at 31 December 2023, Relevant Guarantees provided by the Company to the banks and lenders of the Disposal Group, inclusive of principals and interest, amounted to RMB5,036,883,000. The Group has considered and recognised the corresponding impact of such financial guarantee contracts as at 31 December 2023.

During the year, the Group's operation was focused primarily on the energy exploration and production segment (the "Energy Business"), and oil storage and trading segment (the "Oil Storage Business"), the development of which has however been limited due to market conditions and availability of funds for investing in exploration and drilling of wells. As at 31 December 2023, borrowings of the Group, amounted to RMB3,934,716,000, out of which RMB1,569,065,000 were overdue. As at 31 December 2023, overdue interest payables of the Group amounted to RMB907,037,000. Certain borrowings of the Group contain cross-default terms, causing borrowings of RMB8,618,000 as at 31 December 2023 to become immediately repayable. The Group had cash and cash equivalents of RMB2,143,000 as at 31 December 2023.

These conditions, together with others described in Note 2.1(b) to the consolidated financial statements, indicate the existence of multiple uncertainties which may cast significant doubt over the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

以上事項,連同綜合財務報表附註2.1(b)所述的其他事項,表明可能導致本集團的持續經營能力產生重大疑慮的事項或情況存在各種不確定性。

#### 企業管治報告



In view of such circumstances, the directors of the Company have, during the year and up to the date of the approval of these consolidated financial statements, taken the following measures to mitigate the liquidity pressure and to improve the financial position of the Group, to refinance its operation and to restructure its debts: 鑒於上述情況,本公司董事於本年度及截至批准該等綜合財務報表日期已採取以下措施,以減緩流動性壓力,並改善本集團財務狀況,同時對其營運進行再融資及重組債務:

本集團一直積極與相關銀行及出售

集團的借款人磋商,以免除或解

除相關擔保。自出售日期起直至二

- The Group has been actively negotiating with the relevant banks and lenders of the Disposal Group to release or discharge the Relevant Guarantees. Since the date of the disposal till 31 December 2023, guarantees of RMB2,210,636,000 had been discharged while guarantees of RMB5,036,883,000 are expected to be released in year 2024 and RMB984,955,000 that did not meet the recognition criteria for financial guarantee contracts are disclosed as contingent liabilities.
- 零二三年十二月三十一日,人民幣 2,210,636,000元之擔保已解除,而人民 幣5,036,883,000元之擔保預期將於二零 二四年解除及不滿足財務擔保合約確 認標準的人民幣984,955,000元作為或 然負債予以披露。
- ii) The Group has also been actively negotiating with the relevant financial institution and certain promissory note holders regarding the borrowings of RMB1,569,065,000 to take the following actions:
- ii) 本集團亦一直積極就借款人民幣 1,569,065,000元與相關金融機構及若干 承兑票據持有人磋商,以採取以下行 動:
- (a) During the current year, the maturity date of promissory notes with aggregate principal amount of RMB1,144,342,000 was successfully extended to December 2025. As at 31 December 2023, outstanding promissory notes amounting to RMB1,179,111,000 were not extended nor repaid upon the scheduled repayment dates and thus became overdue, and RMB8,618,000 became immediately repayable pursuant to the cross-default terms under the relevant loan agreements. The Company is in the process of negotiating with these promissory note holders for further arrangements, including the extension of maturity dates and obtaining waiver from the lender for the due payment pursuant to the relevant cross-default terms.
- (b) As at 31 December 2023, the Group had other borrowing of RMB47,555,000 which was overdue. The Group is in the process of negotiating with the relevant lender for extension of repayment and renewal of such borrowing.
- (b) 於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本 集團的其他借款人民幣47,555,000 元已逾期。本集團正與相關借款 人磋商就相關借款予以延長還款 及續期。
- (c) As at 31 December 2023, the Group had secured borrowing of RMB342,399,000 which was overdue. The Group is in the process of negotiating with the relevant financial institution for extension of repayment and renewal of such borrowing.
- (c) 於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團的有抵押借款人民幣342,399,000元已逾期。本集團正與相關金融機構磋商就相關借款予以延長還款及續期。

#### 企業管治報告

- iii) As at 31 December 2023, the Group has drawn down USD119,951,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB851,390,000) in total from the loan facility, provided by entity controlled by Mr. Zhang Zhi Rong, who agreed to provide a loan facility up to USD250,000,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB1,774,450,000) to the Group for the funding of the oilfield operations of the energy exploration and production segment. As at 31 December 2023, the carrying amount is RMB760,755,000 and it is payable by 31 December 2025.
- iv) The Group has focused on its operations in development of the energy exploration and production segment. During the current year, a number of wells were in production in the Republic of Kyrgyzstan ("Kyrgyzstan").

Management expects to realise an increase of oil output through further development and expansion of this segment, thereby generating steady operating cash flows.

As at 31 December 2023, the Group has drawn down RMB5,725,000 in total from the loan facility, provided by an entity controlled by a close family member of Mr. Zhang Zhi Rong, who agreed to provide a loan facility up to RMB40,000,000 to the Group for the funding in respect of the energy exploration and production segment. In addition, the Group also entered into a cooperative framework agreement during the year ended 31 December 2018 with an independent third party who agreed to provide materials for the exploration and production of crude oil with an aggregate amount up to USD500,000,000, in exchange for an option to purchase up to 70% of the total crude oil produced by the Group at 92% to 95% of the market price as a form of repayment until all the liabilities are repaid. Such facility has not been utilised up to 31 December 2023.

- iii)於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團已從由張志熔先生控制的實體提供之貸款融資合共提取119,951,000美元(相當於約人民幣851,390,000元),該實體同意向本集團提供不多於250,000,000美元(相當於約人民幣1,774,450,000元)的貸款融資,為本集團能源勘探及生產板塊的油田經營提供資金。於二零二三年十二月三十一日,賬面值為人民幣760,755,000元並須於二零二五年十二月三十一日之前支付。
- iv] 本集團專注發展能源勘探及生產板 塊。於本年度,在吉爾吉斯共和國 (「**吉爾吉斯**」)已有數口油井在生產。

管理層預計透過進一步發展及拓展該 板塊令石油產量提升,從而帶來穩定 的經營現金流。

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團 已從由張志熔先生的一名近親控制的 實體提供之貸款融資提取合共人民幣 5,725,000元,該實體同意向本集團提 供不多於人民幣40,000,000元的貸款融 資,為本集團能源勘探及生產板塊提 供資金。此外,截至二零一八年十二 月三十一日止年度,本集團亦與一名 獨立第三方訂立合作框架協議,該獨 立第三方同意提供原油勘探及生產材 料總額高達500,000,000美元,以交換 可按市場價格的92%至95%購買本集 團原油生產總量最多70%的期權作為 償還方式,直至償還所有負債。直至 二零二三年十二月三十一日,該融資 尚未動用。

#### 企業管治報告



The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, the validity of which depends on the outcome of these measures, which are subject to multiple uncertainties, including (i) whether the Group is able to obtain the agreement from the banks and lenders to release or discharge fully the Company's guarantees for the borrowings owed by the Disposal Group; (ii) whether the Group is able to convince the banks and lenders not to demand for repayment of the outstanding loans of the Disposal Group before the completion of the full release of the Company's guarantees; (iii) whether the Group is able to negotiate with all existing promissory note holders to make further arrangements including extension of the maturity dates; (iv) whether the Group is able to negotiate with the relevant financial institution and lenders for the renewal or extension for repayment for the borrowings; (v) whether the Group is able to obtain waivers from the relevant promissory note holders for the due payment in relation to those notes that have cross-default terms and extend the repayment dates when they fall due; (vi) whether the Group can successfully implement a business plan for its Energy Business and Oil Storage Business to generate cash inflows; and (vii) whether the Group can obtain additional sources of financing, including those to finance the Energy Business and draw down from the various facilities made available to the Group by entities controlled by Mr. Zhang Zhi Rong and a close family member of Mr. Zhang Zhi Rong, during the year as and when needed.

綜合財務報表在持續經營的基礎上編製。 該編製基礎是基於上述改善措施實施的結 果,而該等措施的實施結果取決於多項不 確定事項,包括[i]本集團是否能夠取得銀 行及貸方的同意,以全部釋放或解除本公 司對出售集團所欠借款的擔保;(ii)本集團 是否能夠於本公司擔保全部解除完成前説 服銀行及貸方不要求償還出售集團的未償 還貸款;(iii)本集團能否與現有全部承兑票 據持有人磋商以作進一步安排,包括延長 到期日; (iv)本集團能否與有關金融機構及 貸方磋商重續或延期償還借款;[v]本集團 能否就與具有交叉違約條款及於到期時延 長還款日期的該等票據有關的到期付款從 相關承兑票據持有人獲取豁免; [vi]本集團 能否為其能源業務及油儲業務成功執行業 務計劃以產生現金流;及[vii]本集團能否取 得額外融資來源,包括為其能源業務提供 資金的融資來源,以及動用由張志熔先生 及張志熔先生家屬所控制的實體於年內及 有需要時向本集團所提供多項融資。

Should the Group fail to achieve the above-mentioned plans and measures, it might not be able to continue to operate as a going concern, and adjustments would have to be made to write down the carrying value of the Group's assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for any further liabilities which might arise, and to reclassify non-current assets and non-current liabilities as current assets and current liabilities. The effect of these adjustments has not been reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

如本集團無法達成上述計劃及措施,其未必能在持續經營的基礎上繼續經營,並須作出調整,將本集團的資產賬面值撇減至其可收回金額,以為未來可能出現的任何其他負債撥備,同時將非流動資產及非流動負債重新分類為流動資產及流動負債。該等調整的影響尚未反映於綜合財務報表。

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# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

# Disclaimer of Opinion Issued by the Independent Auditor

As a result of the matters discussed in the section headed "Going Concern and Mitigation Measures", the Group's financial conditions, together with the other matters as described in note 2.1(b) to the consolidated financial statements, indicate the existence of multiple uncertainties which may cast significant doubt about the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, the Company's auditor does not express an opinion on the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023. The Independent Auditor's Report is contained in pages 91 to 94 of this annual report.

As set out in note 2.1(b) to the consolidated financial statements as contained in this annual report, the Directors of the Company have been undertaking a number of measures to improve the Group's liquidity and financial position, to refinance its operations and to restructure its debts.

The Board and Audit Committee agreed with the views of the management and the auditor regarding the multiple uncertainties relating to going concern. There is no disagreement by the Board, the management nor the Audit Committee with the position taken by the Company's auditor regarding the disclaimer of opinion.

The Directors will continue to use their best efforts to protect and uphold the Company's best interest, including ongoing negotiation with the relevant banks and lenders for the Relevant Guarantees, renewal and extension of the Group's borrowings and development of the energy exploration and production. The Group, the Directors and the management will be proactive to resolve matters relating to the disclaimer of opinion throughout the coming years.

# Shareholders' Rights

Under the Articles of Association, in addition to regular Board meetings, Directors of the Company, on the written requisition of any one or more shareholders of the Company holding not less than 10% of the paid-up capital of the Company which carry voting rights, shall convene an extraordinary general meeting to address specific issues of the Company.

The requisition must (i) specify the objects of the meeting, the name of the requisitionist(s), their contact details and the number of ordinary shares in the Company held by them, (ii) be signed by the requisitionist(s) and (iii) be deposited at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong.

# 獨立核數師出具的無法 表示意見

基於「持續經營及應對措施」一節所述之事項,本集團的財務狀況,以及綜合財務報表附註2.1(b)所述的其他事宜,顯示存在多項不確定性,可能對本集團能否持續經營業務構成重大疑問,本集團核數師無法就截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度的綜合財務報表發表意見。獨立核數師報告現載於本年報第91至94頁。

誠如本年報所載的綜合財務報表附註2.1(b) 所載,本公司董事一直採取多項措施,以 改善本集團的流動性及財務狀況,為其業 務再融資並重組其債務。

董事會及審核委員會同意管理層及核數師關於持續經營有關的多種不確定事項的看法。董事會、管理層及審核委員會對本公司核數師就無法表示意見採取的立場並無異議。

董事將繼續竭力保障及維護本公司的最佳 利益,包括與相關銀行和貸款人就相關擔 保、本集團借款的重續和延期以及能源勘 探和生產的發展進行持續談判。本集團、 董事及管理層於未來財政年度將積極解決 有關無法表示意見之事項。

# 股東權利

根據細則,除董事會定期會議外,在持有不少於本公司帶有投票權之繳足股本10%的一名或以上本公司股東書面要求下,本公司董事須召開股東特別大會處理本公司的特定議題。

請求書必須[i]明確説明大會的主旨、請求 人士名稱、彼等的聯絡資料及其持有本公 司普通股的數目、[ii]由請求人簽署及[ii]繳 存於本公司香港主要營業地點。

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The Directors must, within 21 days from the date of the deposit of the requisition, proceed to convene an extraordinary general meeting to be held within a further 21 days. If the Directors fail to convene the extraordinary general meeting as aforesaid, the requisitionist(s), or any of them representing more than one-half of the total voting rights of all of them, may themselves convene the meeting. Any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the date of the deposit of the requisition, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to them by the Company.

在請求書繳存日期起計21天內,董事必須安排於其後21天內召開一次股東特別中,該等請求人文所述召開股東東特別的一次。如董事未能如上文所述召開股中半時,該等請求人可自行召開會議,而本公司領域等會議,而本公司會議致使,其自行召開會議而產生的合理開支。

# Shareholders' Enquiries to the Board

Shareholders may at any time send their enquiries and concerns to the Board in writing through the Investor Relations Department whose contact details are as follows:

#### **Investor Relations Department**

China Huarong Energy Company Limited Room 807H, 8/F, Cornell Centre, 50 Wing Tai Road, Chai Wan, Hong Kong

Email: cosec@huarongenergy.com Tel no.: +852 3100 0490

Fax no.: +852 2180 7880

The Investor Relations Department will forward the shareholders' enquiries and concerns to the Board and/or the relevant Board committees and answer any shareholders' questions (where applicable and appropriate).

# Shareholders' Meetings

The Company regards the AGM as an important event as it provides an invaluable opportunity for the Board to communicate with the shareholders of the Company. All shareholders are given at least 20 clear business days' prior notice to attend the AGM. During the AGM, the Directors are available to answer questions which shareholders may have. Poll results are published on the websites of Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited and the Company in a timely manner.

All shareholders of the Company have the right to be informed and participate in material matters of the Company as prescribed by laws and the Articles of Association.

# 股東向董事會進行查詢

股東可於任何時間以書面方式透過投資者 關係部向董事會提出查詢及表達意見。投 資者關係部的聯絡資料如下:

#### 投資者關係部

中國華榮能源股份有限公司香港柴灣 永泰道50號

港利中心8樓807H室

電郵:cosec@huarongenergy.com

電話: +852 3100 0490 傳真: +852 2180 7880

投資者關係部將向董事會及/或相關董事 委員會轉交股東的查詢及意見,並在適當 情況下回覆股東提問。

# 股東大會

本公司將股東週年大會視為重要事件,因 其提供寶貴機會讓董事會與本公司股東 通。全體股東最少於足20個營業日前得悉 有關出席股東週年大會之通知。於股東週 年大會舉行期間,董事將即場回應股東 提問。投票結果將適時分別登載於香港 易及結算所有限公司及本公司網站內。

本公司所有股東均擁有法例及細則所規 定的關於本公司重大事項的知情權及參與 權。

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#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

企業管治報告

#### **Investor Relations**

The Group is committed to regular and proactive communication with its shareholders. It has adopted a policy of disclosing clear, adequate and relevant information to its shareholders in a timely manner through various channels. This policy is regular reviewed to ensure its effectiveness.

The Board considers that the Company has effectively communicated with Shareholders during the year. The Board communicates with its shareholders and investors through various channels. The Board members meet and communicate with shareholders and investors at annual general meetings and other general meetings.

Investor Relations Department responds in a timely manner to letters and telephone enquiries from shareholders and investors of the Company. An email contact cosec@huarongenergy.com is available to shareholders and investors of the Company.

The Company's website (http://www.huarongenergy.com.hk) facilitates effective communications with shareholders, investors and other stakeholders of the Company by making up-to-date information relating to the Group's business developments, operations, financial information, corporate governance practices and other information available electronically and on a timely basis.

# **Changes in Constitutional Documents**

At the annual general meeting held on 8 June 2023, a special resolution was passed by the Shareholders to amend and restate the then existing second amended and restated memorandum and articles of association of the Company in order to (i) bring the memorandum and articles of association of the Company in line with the relevant requirements of the applicable laws of the Cayman Islands and the Listing Rules; and (ii) make certain housekeeping improvements. The third amended and restated memorandum and articles of association of the Company are available for viewing on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange. Save as disclosed above, there was no other amendment made to the constitutional documents of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2023.

# 投資者關係

本集團致力與其股東進行定期及主動的溝 通。其已採納政策,透過多種渠道及時向 其股東清晰及充足地披露有關資料。本集 團定期檢討該政策,以確保其有效。

董事會認為本公司於本年度與股東進行了 有效溝通。董事會透過各種渠道與股東及 投資者進行溝通。董事會成員參加股東週 年大會和其他股東大會,以與股東及投資 者會面與溝涌。

投資者關係部門一直適時回覆本公司股東及投資者的函件及電話查詢。本公司股東及投資者可通過電郵cosec@huarongenergy.com與本公司聯絡。

本公司的網站(http://www.huarongenergy.com.hk) 提供有關本集團的業務發展、經營、財務 資料、企業管治常規的最新資訊及以電子 方式適時提供其他資料,有效促進本公司 與其股東、投資者及其他持份者之間的溝 通。

# 組織章程文件變動





#### **Overview**

China Huarong Energy Company Limited (the "Group" or "we") is principally engaged in energy exploration and production businesses in the Republic of Kyrgyzstan (the "Kyrgyzstan"), and oil storage business in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"). We were granted rights to conduct the energy exploration and production businesses by holding 60% interests in the projects involving five oilfields located in the Fergana Valley of Kyrgyzstan. Besides, we hold 50.46% of the equity interest of Nantong Zhuosheng Petrochemical Co., Ltd. for the provision of oil storage and trading businesses. This Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") Report (the "Report") summarizes the ESG initiatives, plans and performances of the Group in 2023, and demonstrates our on-going commitment towards sustainable development.

## **About this Report**

This Report has been prepared in compliance with the requirement under the "ESG Reporting Guide" set out in the Appendix C2 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, for the period from 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 (the "Reporting Period"). The reporting boundary of this Report covers the Group's energy exploration and production businesses in Kyrgyzstan, and oil storage and trading businesses in the PRC. Key Performance Indicators ("KPIs") that need to be revealed compulsorily as required by the "ESG Reporting Guide" are all addressed in the "Environmental Sustainability" and "Social Sustainability" sections of this Report. Alongside with the reporting principles of the "ESG Reporting Guide", this Report also discloses the related laws and regulations that have been complied.

### 概覽

中國華榮能源股份有限公司(「本集團」或 **我們**」)主要業務為於吉爾吉斯共和國(「**中國**」)從事能源勘探及生產,以及事能源勘探及生產,以及 華人民共和國(「**中國**」)從事油儲等, 們透過持有位於吉爾吉斯費預權納 個油田項目的60%權益,獲授透過特有位於吉爾 個油田項目的60%權益, 獲別持有位於古爾 大學人民共和國(「中國」)。 "大學人民共和國(「中國」)。 "大學人民共和國(「中國」)。 "大學人民共和國(「中國」)。 "大學人民共和國(「中國」)。 "大學人民共和國(「中國」)。 "大學人民共和國(「中國」)。 "大學人民共和國(「中國」)。 "大學人民共和國(「中國」)。 "大學人民共和國(「「本集團」 "大學」)。 "大學」, "大學, "大學」, "大學, "大

# 關於本報告

本報告遵循香港聯合交易所有限公司主板上市規則附錄C2所載《ESG報告指引》的規定而編製,時間為二零二三年一月一日至二零二三年十二月三十一日(「**匯報期間**」)。 本報告的報告範圍涵蓋本集團在吉爾的能源勘探及生產業務,及在中國的語語, 及貿易業務。《ESG報告指引》要求報制揭 了環境可持續發展」和「社會可持續發展」和「社會可持續發展」和「社會可持續發展」部 「環境可持續發展」和「社會可持續發展」部 分全部闡述。除《ESG報告指引》的報告原則外,本報告還披露了已遵守的相關法律法規。

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#### **ENVIRONMENTAL. SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT**

環境、社會及管治報告

# **Stakeholders Engagement**

Stakeholders refer to the groups and individuals materially influencing or being influenced by the Group's businesses. The Group's stakeholders include governments, regulatory authorities, shareholders, investors, directors, employees, customers, suppliers and general public. Effective communications with stakeholders are essential for enhancing our sustainability strategies and understanding the ESG topics which are material to stakeholders. Thus we could address stakeholders' concerns timely and prepare this Report in accordance with those ESG topics that our stakeholders consider important. During the Reporting Period, our communication activities with stakeholders include:

# 持份者參與

持份者是指對本集團業務產生重大影響或受影響的團體和個人。本集團的持份者包括政府、監管機構、股東、投資與時期,不可以與應應的有效溝通對於加強我們的可持續與分數,和理解對持份者重要的ESG議開重要。因此,我們可以及時解決時份不可以及認為重要的ESG關編注製本報告。於匯報期間,我們與持份者溝通的活動包括:

Stakeholders 持份者	Communication Activities 溝通活動		
Governments and Regulatory Authorities 政府及監管機構	Face-to-Face Meetings 面對面訪談		
以別及監官機構	田 到 田 訓 談		
Shareholders and Investors	Annual General Meeting		
	Interim and Annual Reports		
	Listing Compliance Announcements		
	Investor Meetings		
	Corporate Website		
股東及投資者	股東週年大會		
	中期及年度報告		
	上市合規公告		
	投資者會議		
	企業網站		
Directors	Board Meetings		
董事	董事會會議		
_ ,	_ , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Employees	Employee Trainings		
	Employee Exchange Meetings		
員工	員工培訓		
	員工交流座談會		
Customers	Customer Interviews		
oustorner's	On-site Visits		
	Customer Service Hotlines and Electronic Mailbox		
	Corporate Website		
客戶	客戶訪談		
	現場參觀		
	客戶服務熱線和電郵		
	企業網站		

環境、社會及管治報告



Stakeholders 持份者	Communication Activities 溝通活動	
Suppliers	Supplier Meetings	
	On-site Inspections and Visits	
供應商	供應商會議	
	現場檢查及考察	
Media and General Public	Management Media Interviews	
	Corporate Website	
媒體及公眾	管理層媒體訪談	
	企業網站	

The Group welcomes stakeholders' opinion and feedback on this Report. Readers are welcomed to share their views with us at cosec@huarongenergy.com.

本集團樂意傾聽持份者對本報告的意見和反饋。歡迎讀者透過cosec@huarongenergy.com與我們分享意見。

## **Materiality Assessment**

ESG risks are unique for each company and highly depend on the company's specific business model. In order to understand the ESG topics that the Group's stakeholders are most concerned, we have appointed an independent sustainability consultant to conduct an ESG materiality assessment. The Group invited stakeholders to select particularly important options among a series of ESG topics related to the Group's businesses. Finally we formulated the materiality assessment matrix set out below. This scientific materiality assessment helps the Group to identify the ESG topics that are required to be prioritized and formulates our ESG strategies accordingly.

## 重要性評估

ESG風險對於每家企業來説都是獨特的,並且很大程度上取決於企業的特定業務模式。為了解本集團持份者最關注的ESG 題,我們委託獨立可持續發展顧問進行ESG 重要性評估。本集團邀請持份者從一系列與本集團業務相關的ESG議題中,選購制定下文所對重要性評估矩陣。這項科學的重要性評估有助於本集團確定需要優先考慮的ESG主題,並相應地制定我們的ESG策略。

# 環境、社會及管治報告

# Sustainability Materiality Assessment 可持續發展重要性評估



Importance to the Group's Development 對本集團發展的重要性



Environmental Impacts 環境影響



Operating Practices 營運操作



Employment and Labour Practices 僱傭及勞工



Community 社區

1		Greenhouse gas emissions	溫室氣體的排放
2		Climate changes	應對氣候變化
3		Use of energies	能源使用
4		Water consumption and sewage treatment	用水和污水處理
5		Land use, pollution and restoration	土地使用、污染和恢復
6		Solid waste treatment	固體廢物處理
7		Use of raw/packaging materials	使用其他原材料/包裝材料
8		Mitigation measures to protect environment and natural	保護環境和自然資源的緩解措施
		resources	
9		Composition of employees	多元化僱傭
10		Employee remuneration and benefits	僱員薪酬和福利
11		Employee occupational health and safety	僱員職業健康與安全
12		Employee development and training	僱員發展及培訓
13		Prevention of child labor and forced labor	防止僱用童工和強制勞工
14		Responsible procurement	負責任採購
15		Management of suppliers' sustainability works	對供應商的可持續發展工作管理
16		Product quality management	產品質量管理
17		Impact on the environment of products	產品對自然環境之影響
18		Customers satisfaction about products	客戶對產品滿意度
19		Marketing and promotional strategies of products	產品營銷和推廣策略
20		Protection of intellectual property rights	保護知識產權
21		Protection of customer's information and privacy	保護客戶資料和私隱
22		Prevention of bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering	防止賄賂、勒索、欺詐和洗黑錢
23		Anti-corruption policies and whistle-blowing procedures	反貪污政策及舉報流程
24		Corporate governance	企業管治
25	*	Support for local community	支持本地社區發展
26	*	Public welfare and charity	社會公益和慈善活動

環境、社會及管治報告



From the materiality assessment matrix, the Group has identified the following five ESG topics which are most relevant to our operations: 按照重要性評估矩陣,本集團已確定以下 五項與我們運營最相關的ESG議題:

- 3. Use of energies
- 4. Water consumption and sewage treatment
- 16. Product quality management
- 21. Protection of customer information and privacy
- 24. Corporate governance

#### **Board Inclusiveness**

The Board of Directors (the "Board") of the Group is the highest governing body responsible for the formulation of our ESG strategies. The Board regularly integrates our sustainability targets into the businesses, identifies and manages our sustainability risks, and provides improvement recommendations. Under the Board, there are dedicated representatives from each business segment of the Group to be responsible for the Group's ESG matters. For enhancing our ESG data collection and analysis, we have appointed an independent sustainability consultant to provide strategic advices on our future sustainability development.

#### **Board Statement**

The Board is ultimately responsible and accountable for the Group's ESG strategies and disclosures, and fully committed to integrating the ESG initiatives into business operations. The Board guides the management and monitoring of ESG matters that have been identified as relevant to the Group. To ensure the effective implementation of the Group's ESG strategies, the Board requires the related senior management to report the Group's ESG performance regularly. The Board reviews the list of material ESG issues and risks identified by the senior management, and ensures appropriate risk mitigation measures have been taken. All ESG disclosures, strategies and targets in this Report have been reviewed and approved by the Board.

- 3. 能源使用
- 4. 用水和污水處理
- 16. 產品品質管制
- 21. 保護客戶資料和私隱
- 24. 企業管治

## 董事會參與

本集團董事會(「董事會」)是負責制定我們ESG策略的最高管治機構。董事會定期將我們的可持續發展目標融入業務中,識別和管理我們的可持續發展風險,並提供改進建議。董事會下本集團各業務板塊設有專職代表,負責本集團的ESG事宜。為加強ESG資料收集和分析,我們聘請了獨立的可持續發展顧問,為我們未來的可持續發展提供策略建議。

# 董事會聲明

董事會對本集團的ESG策略和披露負責並承擔最終責任,並致力於將ESG舉措團縣務運作。董事會指導已確定與本集團關的ESG事項的管理和監控。為要求明團ESG策略有效實施,董事會要求明匯報本集團ESG表現問題的重大ESG問題的重大ESG問題的重大ESG問題所有ESG披露、策略及目標的已經董事會審閱及批准。

# **→**

#### ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

環境、社會及管治報告

# **Environmental Sustainability**

#### **Emissions**

The Group's core crude oil exploration and production businesses consume certain amount of natural resources, which directly impact the environment and generate greenhouse gases ("GHG"). Thus we firmly adhere the green production principle and strive to enhance crude oil extraction efficiency. We discharge pollutants in strict compliance with the statutory requirements and standards of Kyrgyzstan, and ensure all our emissions within legal limits. Our environmental protection engineers regularly inspect the crude oil extraction sites to identify the high environmental safety risk processes. They are required to report the Group's environmental protection works quarterly to avoid major accidents that may damage the environment. In addition, there are external consultants to monitor the entire production process and provide professional advices. The State Inspection for Environmental and Technical Safety of the Kyrgyzstan conducts annual inspections of the Group and provides inspection reports. During the Reporting Period, the State Inspection for Environmental and Technical Safety of Kyrgyzstan issued an environmental protection non-violation certificate to the Group, which means our emissions were within the national limits.

For the oil storage and trading businesses, the environmental management department is responsible for arranging dedicated personnel for environmental protection related matters. We have implemented pollution prevention measures and closely monitored the environmental conditions surrounding the production sites. Pollutant purification initiatives such as sewage treatment stations, and oil and gas collection devices are placed to reduce the pollutants in wastes. Besides, we regularly introduce waste sources and treatment methods, and emergency responses to environmental pollution accidents to employees to enhance their environmental awareness and adaptability.

## 環境可持續發展

#### 排放

本集團的核心原油勘探及生產業務消耗一 定數量的自然資源,直接影響環境並產生 溫室氣體(「GHG」)。因此,我們堅持綠色生 產原則,致力提高原油開採效益。我們嚴 格依照吉爾吉斯法定要求和標準排放污染 物,確保我們所有排放在法定限度內。我 們的環保工程師定期檢查原油開採現場, 識別高環境安全風險工序。他們需要每季 報告本集團環保工作狀況,避免發生破壞 環境的重大事故。此外,還有外部顧問監 控整個生產流程並提供專業建議。吉爾吉 斯國家安全環保監督局對本集團進行年度 檢查並出具檢查結論書。於匯報期間,吉 爾吉斯國家安全環保監督局向本集團頒發 了環保無違規證書,證明我們的排放均在 國家標準範圍內。

油儲及貿易業務方面,環境管理部門負責 安排專人負責環保相關事宜。我們實施問實 污染防控措施,並密切監測生產場地 的環境狀況。實施污染物淨化措施如設 污水處理站、油氣回收裝置,以知內 物中的污染物。此外,我們定期向員工 紹廢物來源和治理方法,及環境污染 應急處置辦法,提升其環保意識及應變能 力。

環境、社會及管治報告



During the Reporting Period, the Group generated 5.85kg of Nitrogen Oxides, 0.80kg of Sulphur Oxides and 0.43kg of Particulate Matter. The total GHG emission for the Group was 1,587.0tonnes  $CO_2e$  for the same period.

於匯報期間,本集團產生氮氧化物5.85千克、硫氧化物0.80千克及夥粒0.43千克。同期,本集團所產生的GHG總量為1,587.0噸二氧化碳當量。

Table 1: Various Emissions in 2023

表1:二零二三年各類排放物排放量

Gases 氣體	Unit 單位	Amount 排放量
Nitrogen Oxide (NO <sub>x</sub> ) 氮氧化物	kg 千克	5.85
Sulphur Oxides (SO <sub>x</sub> ) 硫氧化物	kg 千克	0.80
Particulate Matter 夥粒	kg 千克	0.43

Table 2: Various GHG Emissions in 2023

表2:二零二三年各類別GHG排放量

Intensity\*

			(Unit/RMB1 million
KPIs	Unit	Amount	Revenue) 密度*
KPIs	單位	排放量	(單位/每百萬 人民幣收入)
Scope 1 (Direct Emissions) 第一類(直接排放)	Tonnes of CO₂e 噸,二氧化碳當量	129.2	1.56
Scope 2 (Indirect Emissions) 第二類(間接排放)	Tonnes of CO₂e 噸,二氧化碳當量	1,455.5	17.62
Scope 3 (Other Indirect Emissions) 第三類(其他間接排放)	Tonnes of CO₂e 噸,二氧化碳當量	2.3	0.03
Total 總計	Tonnes of CO₂e 噸,二氧化碳當量	1,587.0	19.21

<sup>\*</sup>Note: Intensity was calculated by dividing the Group's revenue of RMB82.6 million in 2023.

<sup>\*</sup>註:密度以二零二三年本集團收入人民幣82.6百萬元計算。

# **→**

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL. SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT**

#### 環境、社會及管治報告

Hazardous wastes may be generated during the crude oil exploration and production, possibility from the leakage of crude oil or sewage. There are strict measures for the Group to monitor the oil pipelines and various equipment in the production sites to avoid crude oil leakage. Our production sites are equipped with sewage tanks and anti-seepage cloth, and oil booms and oil-absorbing felts are installed at the pier to prevent harmful wastes from seeping into the soil. Qualified outsourcing companies are responsible for the safe treatment of sewage to ensure within legal discharge standards. Hazardous wastes will be transported to the central collection points for centralized treatment, stored in sealed oil tanks and then processed by qualified outsourcing companies.

For oil storage and trading businesses, our production sites, equipment, safety protection, fire protection, life-saving and environmental protection equipment all meet the safety requirements of relevant laws. We conduct regular inspection and maintenance on all equipment, and configure sufficient anti-pollution emergency equipment, such as oil booms and oil skimmers.

The non-hazardous wastes generated by the Group are mainly daily operation wastes in production sites and offices, such as plastics, paper, and domestic garbages. All employees are required to reduce waste generation, purchase durable and environmental-friendly products in daily operations. The Group follows the "3R" (Reduce, Reuse, Recycle) waste management principle to properly handle and dispose wastes. Recycle bins are placed in production sites and offices to collect and classify wastes. Classified wastes will be sent to recycling centers for disposal by professional sanitation service companies. We acknowledge the importance of reducing wastes from sources. The Group has basically accomplished paperless office by encouraging employees to use electronic documents and utilize electronic communications. We also promote reusing old office equipment and changing the habit of throwing away immediately after use. Meals in our staff canteens are well planned to reduce food wastes.

油儲及貿易業務方面,我們的生產場地、 設備、安全防護、消防、救生和環保設備 均符合相關法例的安全要求。我們對所有 設備進行定期檢查和維護,並配置足夠的 防污應急器材,如圍油欄及收油機。

環境、社會及管治報告



Table 3: Non-Hazardous Waste in 2023

表3:二零二三年無害廢棄物排放量

Waste	Major Item	Unit	Amount	Intensity* (Unit/RMB1 million Revenue) 密度* (單位/每百萬
廢棄物	主要種類	單位	排放量	人民幣收入)
Non-Hazardous Waste	Office Daily Solid Wastes	tonnes	17.8	0.22
無害廢棄物	辦 公室日常 固體 廢物	噸		

<sup>\*</sup>Note: Intensity was calculated by dividing the Group's revenue of RMB82.6 million in 2023.

#### **Use of Resources**

To mitigate the indirect GHG emissions, the Group adopts various measures to reduce the procurement and usage of various resources in daily operations. During the Reporting Period, the main resources consumed by the Group were electricity, water, diesel, gasoline and paper. The Group does not consume packaging materials in daily operations.

Table 4: Usage of Various Resources in 2023

#### 資源使用

為減少GHG的間接排放,本集團採取多項措施減少日常營運中各種資源的採購和使用。於匯報期間,本集團消耗的主要資源為電、水、柴油、汽油及紙張。本集團在日常經營中不消耗包裝材料。

表4:二零二三年各類資源使用量

			(Unit/RMB1 million
Resources	Unit	Amount	Revenue) 密度* (單位/每百萬
資源使用	單位	用量	人民幣收入)
Electricity	kWh ('000)	4,046	48.98
電	千瓦時('000)		
Water	$m^3$	1,710	20.70
水	立方米		
Diesel	liter	5,000	60.53
柴油	公升		
Gasoline	liter	49,173	595.32
汽油	公升		
Paper	kg	485	5.87
紙張	千克		

\*Note: Intensity was calculated by dividing the Group's revenue of RMB82.6 million in 2023.

\*註:密度以二零二三年本集團收入人民幣82.6百萬元 計算。

Intensity\*

<sup>\*</sup>註:密度以二零二三年本集團收入人民幣82.6百萬元計算。

### 環境、社會及管治報告

#### Electricity

The Group's use of electricity was mainly from the production sites and daily operations in offices. We always remind our staff to reduce electricity consumption. Energy saving and environmental-friendly equipment and office supplies have been used in operations. Following are the electricity saving measures implemented by the Group:

- ✓ Use of LED lightings;
- ✓ Display "Turn off the lights after work" signs in prominent places in production sites and offices;
- ✓ Encourage employees to use less air conditioning and maintain indoor air temperature at 25 degree Celsius;
- ✓ Check the status of all electrical appliances everyday to prevent people from leaving without turning off electrical appliances;
- ✓ Hire maintenance specialists to repair and clean the air-conditioning system regularly;
- ✓ Purchase electrical appliances with energy efficiency labels

#### Water

The Group's water consumption mainly came from the production sites and daily operations in offices. As water is a precious resource that is indispensable to our society, we adopt the following measures on water conservation:

- Cut off unnecessary water usage from the sources, and regularly review the water consumptions in production sites and offices:
- Post "Water Conservation" signs in prominent places in production sites and offices;
- Remind employees to turn off the tap after use and stop water supply during non-office hours;
- Develop water recycling measures, and properly recycle and reuse water;
- Repair or replace water facilities immediately if water leakage is found.

#### 電

本集團的用電主要來自生產場地及辦公室日常作業。我們時刻提醒員工節省用電,營運中使用節能及環境友善設備和辦公用品。以下為本集團實施的節電措施:

- ✔ 使用LED照明;
- ✓ 在生產場地及辦公室的顯眼位置 張貼「請於放工後關燈」標誌;
- ✓ 鼓勵員工減少使用空調,並保持 室內空氣溫度在攝氏25度;
- ✓ 每天檢查所有電器的狀態,防止 人員未關電器就離開的情況出 現;
- ✔ 聘請維修專員定期對空調系統進 行維修和清潔;
- ✓ 選購獲得能源效益標籤的電器。

#### 水

本集團的用水量主要來自生產場地及 辦公室日常作業。由於水是我們社會 不可或缺的寶貴資源,我們採取以下 節約用水措施:

- ✔ 從源頭切斷不必要用水,定期檢 視生產場地及辦公室的用水情 況;
- ✓ 於生產場地及辦公室當眼處張貼 「節約用水」標示;
- ✓ 提醒員工用後緊閉水龍頭,並在 非辦公時間停止供水;
- ✔ 開拓循環用水的措施,妥善回收及再利用水;
- ✓ 若發現漏水情況,立即維修或更 換用水設施。

環境、社會及管治報告



#### Gasoline and Diesel

The Group's use of gasoline and diesel were mainly from the business vehicles in our daily operations. We implemented following measures to reduce gasoline and diesel consumption:

- ✓ Use of low emission gasoline and diesel;
- ✓ Purchase electric vehicles or low-fuel consumption vehicles;
- ✓ Advocate shared use of business vehicles in business activities;
- Require employees to use public transportations for non-critical business activities;
- ✓ Encourage employees to conduct video and audio conferences to replace on-site meetings and reduce business travels.

#### Paper

The Group's paper usage mainly came from production sites and daily operations in offices. We advocate paperless office and information automation, and following are our measures to reduce paper consumption:

- ✓ Procure environmental-friendly paper;
- ✓ Set double-sided printing as printers' default setting;
- ✓ Recycle of used paper;
- ✓ Utilize email, intranet and scanners to transmit or store documents electronically;
- ✓ Use of electronic means to promote the Group's products to reduce paper promotional materials.

#### **Environmental and Natural Resources**

Apart from the emissions and resource consumptions discussed above, the Group's operations did not have other direct and material impact on the environment and natural resources.

#### • 汽油及柴油

本集團的汽油及柴油的使用主要來自 我們日常營運的公務車輛。我們對減 少汽油及柴油耗用採取了以下措施:

- ✔ 使用低排放的汽油及柴油;
- ✔ 選購電動車或低油耗車輛;
- ✔ 提倡在公務活動中合乘公務車;
- ✓ 要求員工非緊急公務時乘坐公共 交通工具;
- ✓ 鼓勵員工採用視頻及電話會議替 代實體會議,減少商務出差。

#### • 紙張

本集團的紙張使用主要來自生產場地 及辦公室日常作業。我們提倡無紙化 辦公及信息自動化。以下為我們減少 紙張消耗的措施:

- ✔ 採購環境友善紙張;
- ✓ 將雙面列印設定為印表機的默認 設定;
- ✔ 循環使用紙張;
- ✓ 利用電子郵件、內部網絡和掃瞄 器以電子方式傳輸或儲存檔案;
- ✓ 以電子方式推廣本集團產品,減少紙本宣傳品。

#### 環境及天然資源

除上述討論的排放及資源使用外,本集團 的營運對環境和天然資源沒有其他直接而 重大的影響。

## 環境、社會及管治報告

### **Climate Change**

The Group recognizes climate change is one of the greatest risks confronting humanity, in particular extreme weather is threatening our community and business operations. It is vital to understand our corporate role in addressing climate change threats, which could impact the Group in terms of both its business profitability and long-term resilience. During the Reporting Period, we maintained our vigilance in monitoring and addressing climate-related concerns that are pertinent to our business. We have identified the following physical and transitional risks, included them in the monitoring list and formulated corresponding mitigation actions.

#### 氣候變化

本集團意識到氣候變化是人類面臨的最大風險之一,特別是極端天氣正在威脅我們的社區和商業營運。了解在應對氣候的化上我們的企業角色至關重要,這可能響本集團的業務盈利能力和警惕,監測間,我們保持轉物,與大應理與我們業務相關的氣候相關問題,將其內別出以下實體和過渡風險,將其納入監測清單並制定相應的緩解措施。

Climate	Risks
<b>怎候周</b>	

#### Mitigation Actions 緩解措施

氣候風險		緩解措施 ————————————————————————————————————
Physical Risk	Extreme weather caused by climate change may lead to various natural disasters such as hurricane, flooding, wildfire and etc., which will affect the normal business operations and supply of raw materials.	<ul> <li>✓ Develop emergency response measures to maintain normal business operations.</li> <li>✓ Commit to adopting environmental-friendly and low-carbon operating measures to reduce GHG emissions.</li> <li>✓ Increase the use of environmental-friendly raw materials and reduce</li> </ul>
實體風險	✔ 氣候變化引起的極端天氣可能引發各種自然災害,如颶風、水災、山火等,從而影響業務正常運作及原材料供應。	dependence on a single supplier.  I 制定維持業務正常運作的緊急應變措施。  I 致力採取環境友善及低碳運營措施,減少GHG排放。  I 增加使用環境友善原材料,減少對單一供應商的依賴。
Transition Risk	✓ More stringent policies and disclosure requirements for corporate sustainability by various governments and regulatory authorities.	<ul> <li>✓ Conduct regular review and analyses of sustainability regulations and disclosure requirements in each business location.</li> <li>✓ Appoint independent sustainability consultant to enhance ESG disclosure and data collection.</li> </ul>
過渡風險	✓ 各國政府及監管機構實行更嚴格 的企業可持續發展政策和披露要 求。	disclosure and data collection.  ✓ 定期審視和分析各業務地點的可持續發展法規及披露要求。 ✓ 聘請獨立可持續發展顧問,加強ESG披露和資料收集。

環境、社會及管治報告



Looking ahead, the Group will continue to closely monitor the environmental protection policies and regulatory trends in Kyrgyzstan, the PRC and worldwide. We shall invest in corresponding environmental protection measures timely to enhance the Group's sustainability performance. 展望未來,本集團會持續密切留意吉爾吉斯、中國及全球的環保政策及監管趨勢。 我們將適時投資相應的環保建設,提升本 集團的可持續發展的表現。

#### **Sustainability Targets**

In 2021, the Group has set sustainability targets of the GHG emission intensity, non-hazardous waste generated intensity and the intensity of use of various resources will be maintained stable for the next three to five years. During the Reporting Period, the targets could not be achieved due to decrease in the Group's revenue. We will regularly review the sustainability targets and adopt the measures stated in this Report to achieve the targets.

## **Social Sustainability**

#### **Employment**

The Group firmly believes that talents are the cornerstone of our continuous business growth. We highly value talents and consider talents are our valuable assets. Thus we are eager to provide all employees a fair, open, safe and healthy working platform. The Human Resources Department is responsible for the implementation of the Group's recruitment, dismissal and welfare policies, which are strictly in accordance with the relevant employment laws and regulations of Kyrgyzstan and the PRC. In Kyrgyzstan, we actively promote localization which does not only to satisfy the local employee ratio requirement, but also to provide employment opportunities for local citizens. The main focuses of the Group's employment policy are employees' diversity and inclusion as our employees are from different countries and races. We treat all employees equally in terms of recruitment, employment, compensation, training, promotion, dismissal and retirement, regardless of gender, race, age, disability, family status, marital status, sexual orientation, religious belief, nationality or any other factors unrelated to work. There is zero-tolerance of discrimination within the Group and disciplinary actions would be taken if any non-compliance of the equal opportunities is found. We respect the rights and interests of female employees. They are entitled to have fair opportunities for employment and promotion. Allowances for the International Women's Day has been provided and special festival activities were held.

#### 可持續發展目標

於二零二一年,本集團制定了未來三至五年的GHG排放密度、無害廢棄物產生密度及各類資源使用密度保持平穩的可持續發展目標。於匯報期間,由於本集團收入下降,導致目標未能達到。我們將定期檢討可持續發展目標,及採取本報告展述內的措施達致目標。

## 社會可持續發展

#### 僱傭

本集團堅信人才是我們業務持續成長的 基石。我們高度重視人才,認為人才是我 們的寶貴資產。因此,我們積極為所有員 工提供一個公平、公開、安全、健康的工 作平台。人力資源部負責執行本集團的招 聘、解僱及福利政策,嚴格按照吉爾吉斯 和中國相關勞動法律法規執行。在吉爾吉 斯,我們積極推動本地化,不僅為滿足當 地員工比例要求,也為當地民眾提供就業 機會。因為我們的員工來自不同國家和種 族,本集團僱傭政策的主要焦點是員工的 多元化和包容性。我們在招聘、僱用、薪 資、培訓、晉升、解僱和退休相同對待所 有員工,無論性別、種族、年齡、殘疾、 家庭狀況、婚姻狀況、性取向、宗教信 仰、國籍或任何其他與工作無關的因素。 本集團對歧視採取零容忍態度,如發現任 何不遵守平等機會的行為,我們將採取紀 律處分。我們尊重女性員工的權益。她們 有權享有公平的就業和晉升機會,並於國 際三八婦女節發放津貼及舉辦特色節慶活 動。

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### **ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT**

## 環境、社會及管治報告

The Group is committed to attracting outstanding talents, and our recruitment process is open and fair. The Human Resources Department prepares annual recruitment plans at the beginning of the year based on business development needs. Recruitment strictly adheres with the legal requirements in each business location. Job applicants are selected only based on their performance, personal attributes, job experiences and career aspirations. Labour contracts are signed in accordance with equality, voluntariness and mutual negotiations. We provide "Employee Handbook" to all staff, especially the Chinese-Russian bilingual "Employee Handbook" for employees in Kyrgyzstan to protect their rights. Pre-employment trainings are provided for the newly joined staff. They are trained and mentored by experienced employees in production sites. The Group fully complies with the statutory minimum wage requirement in each business location, and also pays social insurance and pensions for all employees. Employees' working hours and rest periods are set in accordance with the laws. In addition to statutory paid leaves, employees are also entitled to sick leave, maternity leave, marriage leave and compassionate leave.

本集團致力吸引優秀人才,而我們的招募 過程公開、公平。人力資源部按業務發展 需要,於年初制定年度招募計劃。招聘嚴 格遵守各業務地點的法律要求,僅根據求 職者的表現、個人特質、工作經驗和職業 抱負來選擇。勞動合約依照平等自願、協 商及一致的原則簽訂。我們向全體員工提供 《員工手冊》,特別為吉爾吉斯員工提供中俄 雙語《員工手冊》,保障員工權益。對新入 職員工提供上崗前培訓。他們接受生產場 地經驗豐富的員工的培訓和指導。本集團 全面恪守各業務地點法定最低工資要求, 並為所有員工繳納社會保險和退休金。員 工的工作時間和休息時間依法規定。除法 定有薪假期外,員工還享有病假、產假、 婚假和喪葬假。

The Group conducts quarterly and annual employee performance appraisals to evaluate employees' performance. It is also the reference for promotion and salary adjustment to retain outstanding staff. Our priority is to promote internal well-performed and high-potential employees. Staff promotions and salary adjustments are only based on their performance, capabilities and professional ethics. There is a clear dismissal system under the "Employee Handbook". The Group will only dismiss employees reasonably and in accordance with the laws in of each business location. Any unfair or unreasonable dismissal is strictly prohibited.

本集團按季度及年度進行員工績效考核, 評估員工的工作表現,這也是升職、 調整的參考,以保留優秀員工。我們的的 要任務是提拔內部表現良好和高潛力的員 工。員工的晉升和薪資調整僅基於他們的 表現、能力和專業道德。《員工手冊》中有 號別的辭退制度。本集團只會合理及根據 各業務地點的法律解僱員工,嚴禁任何不 公平或不合理的解僱行為。

As of 31 December 2023, the total number of employees within the reporting boundary of this Report was 142. All employees are full-time staff. During the Reporting Period, 20 employees left the Group.

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團於本報告匯報範圍內的員工數目為142人。全部為全職員工。於匯報期間,離職員工有20人。

環境、社會及管治報告



Table 5: Employees by Category as of 31 December 2023

表5:二零二三年十二月三十一日員工分類

Male 男性		Female 女性	
<u> カロ</u>		文圧	
121		21	
Kyrgyzstan		PRC	
吉爾吉斯		中國	
49		93	
30years old or below 30歲或以下	31–40 years old 31–40歲	41–50 years old 41–50歲	51 years old or above 51歲或以上
23	41	45	33
Senior Management 高級管理層	Middle Mana 中級管理層		neral Staff 设員工
6	12	124	
Table 6: Employee Tur	nover by Category in 2	023 表6:二零	二三年離職員工分類
Male		Female	
男性		女性	
16		4	
16		4	
16 <b>Kyrgyzstan</b>		4 PRC	
Kyrgyzstan 吉爾吉斯		PRC 中國	
Kyrgyzstan		PRC	
Kyrgyzstan 吉爾吉斯 17	31–40 years old	PRC 中國	51 years old or above
Kyrgyzstan 吉爾吉斯	31–40 years old 31–40歲	PRC 中國	51 years old or above 51歲或以上
Kyrgyzstan 吉爾吉斯 17 <b>30</b> years old or below	_	PRC 中國 3 41–50 years old	

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#### **ENVIRONMENTAL. SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT**

### 環境、社會及管治報告

During the Reporting Period, the Group was in full compliance with relevant employment laws and regulations regarding remuneration, dismissal, recruitment, promotion, working hours, holidays, equal opportunities, diversity, anti-discrimination, welfares and etc

於匯報期間,本集團完全恪守就有關薪酬、 解僱、招聘、晉升、工作時間、假期、平 等機會、多元化、反歧視、福利等僱傭相 關法律法規。

#### **Occupational Health and Safety**

The crude oil exploration and production businesses involves handful of processes with potential occupational health and safety risks. Thus employees' health and safety is always on the top of our agenda, and we strive to provide healthy and safe workplaces. We strictly abide by the laws and regulations related to occupational health and safety in each business location. The Safety Committee is responsible for the Group's occupational health and safety matters, which covers labour protection, equipment safety, workplace conditions, personnel training and business knowledge inspection. In Kyrgyzstan, the full-time safety engineers conduct daily supervision and rectification according to local laws. They are required to report the safety situation of production sites every quarter. The leaders of production and engineering departments are required to conduct daily inspection with the focus on checking high-risk points, and closely monitoring oil pipelines and related equipment. Once a safety problem is found, on-site education must be carried out immediately, as well as timely rectification. We provide safety protective equipment especially for dangerous types of work. The Group's disaster response code provides all employees the clear safety process guidelines and contingency measures.

Fire is the most risky incident faced by the Group. We formulated various fire emergency measures, and strictly prohibiting employees from smoking and lighting fires in production sites. Electrical hazard signs are posted at appropriate locations to remind employees to pay attention to fire safety. We unified the identification signs of dangerous goods, and standardized the use and storage of flammable and explosive items. We placed escape route maps in prominent places in offices, and equipped with emergency medical kits and fire-fighting equipment. It is strictly forbidden for any items to occupy the emergency exit passages. We regularly inspect the fire-fighting facilities to ensure that they are not damaged or expired, and arrange fire drills periodically. The Group has agreements with the fire brigades in each business location to carry out joint emergency response to accidents.

## 職業健康與安全

原油勘探和生產業務涉及不少潛在的職業 健康與安全風險的工序。因此,員工的健 康和安全是我們的首要選項,我們努力提 供健康和安全的工作場所。我們嚴格遵守 各業務地點有關職業健康與安全的法律 法規。安全委員會負責本集團的職業健康 與安全事務,內容涵蓋勞工保護、設備安 全、工作場所條件、人員培訓和業務知識 檢查。在吉爾吉斯,專職安全工程師根據 當地法律進行日常監督和整改,每季報告 牛產場地安全。牛產和工程部門負責人需 要做好日常檢查,重點檢查高風險點,嚴 密監控輸油管及相關設備。一旦發現安全 問題,必須立即進行現場教育,並及時整 改。我們特別針對危險類型的工作提供安 全防護設備。本集團的災難應變準則為所 有員工提供了明確的安全流程指南和緊急 措施。

環境、社會及管治報告



All frontline production employees are equipped with work clothes, shoes, safety helmets and fire extinguishers. Employees are required to provide physical examination certificates before on boarding. We will also conduct physical examinations for employees every year thereafter. If any abnormal situation is found, appropriate work arrangements and medical follow-ups will be made. Insurances are purchased for employees. We conduct quarterly safety and health trainings for employees. The Human Resources Department holds regular discussions with employees to take care of their mental health and help them to relieve work pressure. In any unfortunate event of casualty accidents, the Group will provide immediate assistance to the injured employees. The Safety Committee will also investigate each accident to prevent recurrence

During the Reporting Period, the Group did not violate any relevant laws and regulations regarding occupational health and safety. For the past three years, the Group has not recorded any work-related fatalities and loss of working days due to work injury.

#### **Development and Training**

On-the-job training is vital to employees' career development. Enhancing employees' knowledge and skills will promote the competitiveness of the Group. The Group's employee training system consists of three parts: pre-job trainings for new employees, on-the-job trainings and self-improvement trainings for existing employees. Employees must obtained relevant professional qualifications or vocational training certificates before on board. The Human Resources Department is responsible for enhancing the skills of employees and assisting them to pass the professional qualification assessments in each business location. Regular staff trainings are arranged based on employees' positions, roles, career goals and needs. For instance, we arranged all employees to participate the safety trainings and each department conducted its own business trainings. The Group provides examination leave to encourage employees to acquire professional qualifications in their spare time. We are fully responsible for employees' internal training costs and partially responsible for employees to join those external trainings that may help to accomplish the Group's business needs or personal development.

於匯報期間,本集團沒有違反任何職業健 康與安全相關的法律法規。過去三年,本 集團並無錄得任何工作死亡或因工業意外 受傷而損失工作日數。

#### 發展與培訓



### 環境、社會及管治報告

During the Reporting Period, the Group organized 2,104 hours of training for the entire staff, which represented an average of 14.8 hours of training per employee.

於匯報期間,本集團為全體員工提供了 2,104小時培訓,平均每名員工參加了14.8小 時培訓。

Table 7: Employee Training Hours by Category in 2023

表**7**:二零二三年按員工類別劃分的 培訓時間

		Senior Management 高級管理層	Middle Management 中級管理層	General Staff 一般員工	Total 合共
Number of Training Hours	培訓時間(小時)	180	132	1,792	2,104
Number of Employees	員工數目(人)	6	12	124	142
Average Training Hours per Employee	每名員工平均培訓				
	時間(小時)	30.0	11.0	14.5	14.8

		Male 男性	Female 女性
Number of Training Hours Number of Employees	培訓時間(小時)	1,678 121	426 21
Average Training Hours per Employee	每名員工平均培訓時間(小時)	13.9	20.3

#### **Labour Standard**

The Group is fully aware that child labour and forced labour violate basic human rights. We strictly abide the laws and regulations in each business location, and implement strict measures to prevent child labour and forced labour. During the recruitment, we require the applicants to present their personal identification documents including identity cards, academic certificates, employment records, military service certificates, medical reports and etc., to ensure that the age and other personal information provided are correct and can be legally employed. Working hours and rest time of employees are according to the laws and regulations. Employees who work overtime are only on voluntary basis. For any overtime works during the peak season, we provide extra vacations for compensation to ensure sufficient rest of the staff. The Group will issue warnings and even dismissal if there is any violation of laws and regulations related to child labour and forced labour.

During the Reporting Period, the Group was not in violation of any laws and regulations related to the prevention of child labour and forced labour.

### 勞工準則

於匯報期間,本集團在防止童工或強迫勞動方面,並無違反任何相關法律法規。

環境、社會及管治報告



### **Supply Chain Management**

While the Group strongly supports sustainable development, we also expect our suppliers to fulfill the same social responsibilities. Thus we closely monitor the ESG performance of the entire supply chain. The Group's "Administrative Measures for Tendering and Bidding" stipulates that the supplier selection process shall be conducted in open, fair and transparent manner. All suppliers will be given equal opportunities and at least three potential suppliers must be approached. Our Bidding Committee strictly follows the "Administrative Measures for Tendering and Bidding" to evaluate all potential suppliers, including their prices, service scopes, financial status, environmental awareness, occupational health and safety, loyalty and etc. Environmental-friendly suppliers are given selection priority. We have taken every step to avoid corruption or bribery in the procurement process. Suppliers are required to declare their interests to avoid conflicts or transfer of interests. Our contracts with suppliers specify the suppliers' obligations. Suppliers are bound to perform in accordance with the contracts by the deposit system. After the cooperation is confirmed, suppliers must prevent any possible adverse environmental impacts from their operations and production processes. We engaged independent supervisory agencies to conduct annual inspections on suppliers' safety, environmental protection, labour protection and etc. Based on the inspection reports, we may require suppliers for rectifications and warnings will be given to those unqualified suppliers.

During the Reporting Period, there were 187 suppliers for the Group within the reporting boundary of this Report, including 5 from Kyrgyzstan and 182 from the PRC.

#### **Product Responsibility**

Provision of high-quality products to customers is the key to gain their long-term trust and support. The Group's product quality assurance system ensures that our products satisfy customers demand and fulfill the legal requirements in each business location. We regularly review the product quality to identify the problems and timely ratify the deficiencies. For unqualified products, we will evaluate with the industry experts and prepare written reports to improve quality. We provide work-flow and product knowledge trainings to our sales representatives, and ensure they would not make any false publicity. All external product publicities must be approved by the management before being released.

The Group's complaint handling system and procedures ensure customer complaints will be handled timely. Customers can submit feedback and complaints through our service hotlines, emails and surveys. We will arrange appropriate staff to handle the complaints based on their content. Follow up actions and remedial measures will be prepared in the shortest possible time.

#### 供應鏈管理

本集團大力支持可持續發展的同時,也期 望供應商能履行同樣的社會責任。因此, 我們密切監控整個供應鏈的ESG表現。本 集團的《招投標管理辦法》規定供應商甄 選過程要公開、公平及透明。所有供應商 享有平等的機會,並且必須接觸至少三個 潛在供應商。我們的招標委員會嚴格依照 《招投標管理辦法》對所有潛在供應商進 行評估,包括其價格、服務範圍、財務狀 況、環保意識、職業健康與安全、忠誠度 等,優先選擇環境友善供應商。我們已採 取一切措施避免採購過程中出現貪污或賄 賂。供應商必須申報其利益,以避免利益 衝突或利益輸送。我們與供應商的合約列 明供應商的責任,以保證金制度約束供應 商履行合同。在確定合作後,供應商必須 防止其營運和生產過程對環境可能產生的 負面影響。我們聘請了獨立監管機構對供 應商的安全、環保、員工保護等進行年度 檢查。根據檢查報告,我們可以要求供應 商進行整改,及對不合格的供應商將給予 警告。

於匯報期間,本報告的報告範圍內與本集 團合作的供應商共有187家,其中5家來自 吉爾吉斯及182家來自中國。

#### 產品責任

本集團的投訴處理制度和程序確保客戶投訴得到及時處理。客戶可以透過我們的服務熱線、電子郵箱和意見調查提交回饋和投訴。我們將按投訴內容安排相應人員處理,將在最短的時間內準備好後續行動和補救措施。

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#### **ENVIRONMENTAL. SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT**

### 環境、社會及管治報告

The Group recognizes the importance of protecting intellectual property rights. We established management systems for handling matters related to patent and intellectual property rights, which intellectual property rights are protected through receiving or registering patents. The Group refuses to provide or use any products or services that violate copyrights or intellectual property rights. We only procure genuine products, and all software and information used are legally licensed.

The Group ensures that necessary steps and measures have been taken to preserve the confidentiality and data of customers and suppliers. Before we collect customer and supplier information, we have to obtain their signed personal information collection consent statements. The purposes of data collection are clearly stated in the statement and the data could only be used for the stated purposes at the time of collection. The right to access and use customer and supplier data is limited to relevant departments and employees. We always remind all employees of the Group's requirements for handling customer and supplier data and privacy. Employees are required to sign confidentiality agreement, which agreed not to disclose and improperly use customer and supplier data.

During the Reporting Period, the Group did not violate any laws and regulations regarding the product responsibility, intellectual property rights and data privacy. The Group also did not have any products sold being recalled and received complaints.

#### **Anti-Corruption**

The Group believes that integrity is the foundation for maintaining corporate competitive advantage and there is zero-tolerance of any form of corruption. We strictly comply with the laws and regulations related to anti-corruption in each business location. Employees are required to sign the "Integrity Practice Commitment", which prohibits employees in participation of any bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering activities. They are not allowed to accept funds or gifts from customers and suppliers, and they must complete the interest declaration when necessary. In addition, the Group will introduce our anti-corruption policy to suppliers before signing contracts and suppliers are required to sign the "Integrity Agreement for Tendering and Bidding". We regularly arrange business ethics and anti-corruption trainings for our directors and employees. During the Reporting Period, the Group organized a total of 96 hours of trainings related to anti-corruption for directors and employees. The Group will handle any corruption case seriously and employees who violated the laws will be handed over to the judiciaries.

本集團意識到保護知識產權的重要性。我們建立了處理專利和知識產權相關事務的管理制度,透過接收或註冊專利來保護知識產權。本集團拒絕提供或使用任何侵犯版權或知識產權的產品或服務。我們只採購正版產品,所有使用的軟件和信息均具有合法許可。

於匯報期間,本集團未有違反任何有關產品責任、知識產權及資料私隱的法律法規。本集團亦沒有任何已售產品需要回收或接獲投訴。

#### 反貪污

環境、社會及管治報告



The Group's independent Internal Audit Department formulated our internal audit regulations. Internal auditors are responsible for our internal audit supervision and internal risk control system establishment. Management regularly reviews the reports of internal audit, and organizes special meetings to implement relevant improvement suggestions and prevent corruption risks.

本集團獨立運作的內部審計部制定了我們的內部審計規章。內部審計員負責我們的內部審計監督及內部風險控制體系建設。 管理層定期審閱內部審核報告,組織專題 會議落實相關改善建議,防範貪污風險。

The Group's whistle-blowing system allows whistle-blowers to report any suspected misconducts to the Audit Committee under the Board through dedicated email. The Audit Committee will investigate those suspected misconducts confidentially and reports the misconduct cases to the Board at least once a year. Immediate corrective actions will be taken once any violation of regulations is found

本集團的舉報制度容許舉報人透過專用電子郵箱向董事會之下審核委員會舉報任何涉嫌不當行為。審核委員會將對涉嫌不當行為進行保密調查,並向董事會每年報告至少一次不當行為案件。一旦發現任何違規行為,將立即採取糾正措施。

During the Reporting Period, the Group did not receive any corruption lawsuits against the Group or its employees. Meanwhile, the Group and its employees were not in violation of any of the relevant laws and regulations in relation to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering.

於匯報期間,本集團未收到任何針對本集 團及其員工的貪污訴訟。同時,本集團及 其員工未有違反任何有關賄賂、勒索、欺 詐和洗黑錢任何相關法律法規。

#### **Community Investment**

## 社區投入

The Group's ongoing business development is closely tied to the well-being of the communities where we serve. Thus we are keen to contribute in constructing a cohesive and caring society in each business location. We highly value the importance of participating in community services and are committed to leveraging our resources to contribute the society. We pay special attention to fostering employees' awareness of social responsibility and encourage them to voluntary participate in charity events to build cohesion relationships with the local community of each business location.

本集團持續的業務發展與我們所服務的社區的福祉密切相關。因此,我們熱家院與 每個業務地點建立一個有凝聚力和關懷的 社會做出貢獻。我們高度重視參與社區服 務的重要性,並致力於利用我們的資」 社會做出貢獻。我們特別著重培養員工的 社會責任意識,鼓勵他們自願參與公益系 動,與每個業務地點的當地社區建立凝聚 關係。

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## ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

環境、社會及管治報告

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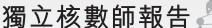


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## **ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT**

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## TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF CHINA HUARONG ENERGY COMPANY LIMITED

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

## **Disclaimer of Opinion**

We were engaged to audit the consolidated financial statements of China Huarong Energy Company Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") set out on pages 95 to 213, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023, the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and the notes to the consolidated financial statements, which include material accounting policy information.

We do not express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements of the Group. Because of the potential interaction of the multiple uncertainties and their possible cumulative effect on the consolidated financial statements as described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion section of our report, it is not possible for us to form an opinion on these consolidated financial statements. In all other respects, in our opinion, the consolidated financial statements have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

# Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion Multiple Uncertainties Relating to Going Concern

As set out in Note 2.1(b) to the consolidated financial statements, as at 31 December 2023, the Group had a total deficit of RMB9,020,675,000 and the Group's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by RMB8,108,929,000. The Group maintained cash and cash equivalents of RMB2,143,000 as at 31 December 2023.

On 9 October 2018, the Group entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement to dispose of the core assets and liabilities of shipbuilding, offshore engineering, engineering machinery and marine engine building segments (the "Shipbuilding Business", together with the holding company of the Shipbuilding Business referred to as the "Disposal Group") with Unique Orient Limited (the "Purchaser"), an independent third party. Pursuant to certain supplemental agreements signed with the Purchaser, the sale shares of Able Diligent Limited, the holding company of the Disposal Group, was transferred to the Purchaser on 10 March 2019. As at 31 December 2023, financial guarantees provided by the Company to the banks and lenders of the Disposal Group, inclusive of principals and interest, amounted to RMB5,036,883,000. The Group has considered the impact and recognised financial guarantee contract of the same amount as at 31 December 2023.

致中國華榮能源股份有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

## 無法表示意見

我們已獲委聘審計列載於第95至213頁中國華榮能源股份有限公司(「貴公司」)及其其屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表包括於二零二三年十二月三十一日的綜計別表、截至該日止年度的綜合損益表、綜合全面收益表、綜合權益變動表於。 包括重大會計政策資料。

我們不對 貴集團的綜合財務報表發表意見。由於多個不確定性的潛在相互作用及其對綜合財務報表的可能累加影響,如我們報告「導致無法表示意見的基礎」一節所述,我們無法對該等綜合財務報表發表意見。有關所有其他方面,我們認為綜合財務報表已按照香港公司條例的披露規定妥善編製。

## **導致無法表示意見的基礎** 與持續經營相關的多項不確定事項

誠如綜合財務報表附註2.1(b)所載,於二零 二三年十二月三十一日, 貴集團總虧絀為 人民幣9,020,675,000元,而 貴集團流動負 債超出其流動資產人民幣8,108,929,000元。 於二零二三年十二月三十一日, 貴集團維 持現金及現金等價物人民幣2,143,000元。



## 獨立核數師報告

During the year, the Group's operation was focused primarily on the energy exploration and production segment (the "Energy Business"), and oil storage and trading segment (the "Oil Storage Business"), the development of which has however been limited due to market conditions and availability of funds for investing in exploration and drilling of wells. As at 31 December 2023, borrowings of the Group, amounted to RMB3,934,716,000, out of which RMB1,569,065,000 were overdue. As at 31 December 2023, overdue interest payables of the Group amounted to RMB907,037,000. Certain borrowings of the Group contain cross-default terms, causing borrowings of RMB8,618,000 as at 31 December 2023 as immediately repayable. The Group had cash and cash equivalents of RMB2,143,000 as at 31 December 2023.

The directors of the Company have been undertaking a number of measures to improve the Group's liquidity and financial position, to refinance its operations and to restructure its debts which are set out in Note 2.1(b) to the consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, the validity of which depends on the outcome of these measures, which are subject to multiple uncertainties, including (i) whether the Group is able to obtain the agreement from the banks and lenders to release or discharge fully the Company's guarantees for the borrowings owed by the Disposal Group; (ii) whether the Group is able to convince the banks and lenders not to demand for repayment of the outstanding loans of the Disposal Group before the completion of the full release of the Company's guarantees; (iii) whether the Group is able to negotiate with all existing promissory note holders to make further arrangements including extension of the maturity dates; (iv) whether the Group is able to negotiate with the relevant financial institution and lender for the renewal or extension for repayment for the borrowings; (v) whether the Group is able to obtain waivers from the relevant promissory note holders for the due payment in relation to those notes that have cross-default terms and extend the repayment dates when they fall due; (vi) whether the Group can successfully implement a business plan for its Energy Business and Oil Storage Business to generate cash inflows; and (vii) whether the Group can obtain additional sources of financing, including those to finance the Energy Business and draw down from the various facilities made available to the Group by entities controlled by Mr. Zhang Zhi Rong and a close family member of Mr. Zhang Zhi Rong, during the year as and when needed.

These conditions, together with others described in Note 2.1(b) to the consolidated financial statements, indicate the existence of multiple uncertainties which may cast significant doubt over the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

年內, 貴集團的業務主要專注於能源勘 探及生產板塊(「能源業務」)以及油儲業務」) ,然而由於勘探為 持投資的市況及可用資金,有關業務之一日, 貴集團的借款為人民幣3,934,716,000 元,當中人民幣1,569,065,000元已逾集。 二三年十二月三十一日, 宣期的若干借款含交叉違約條款,導 中人民幣8,618,000元。於二零二三年十二月 並則於二零二三年十二月三十一日, 貴集團的規金及現金等價物 為人民幣8,618,000元。於二零二三年十個 大民幣8,618,000元。於二零二三年十個 為人民幣8,618,000元。於二零二三年十個 為人民幣8,618,000元。

貴公司董事一直採取多項措施改善 貴集 團的流動性及財務狀況,為其營運再融資 及重組其債務(詳情載於綜合財務報表附 註2.1(b))。綜合財務報表在持續經營的基 礎上編製。該編製基礎是基於上述改善 措施實施的結果,而該等措施的實施結果 取決於多項不確定事項,包括[] 貴集團 是否能夠取得銀行及貸方的同意,以全部 釋放或解除 貴公司對出售集團所欠借款 的擔保;(ii) 貴集團是否能夠於 貴公司擔 保全部解除完成前説服銀行及貸方不要求 償還出售集團的未償還貸款;(iii) 貴集團 能否與現有全部承兑票據持有人磋商以作 進一步安排,包括延長到期日; (iv) 貴集 團能否與有關金融機構及貸方磋商重續或 延期償還借款;[v] 貴集團能否就與具有 交叉違約條款及於到期時延長還款日期的 該等票據有關的到期付款從相關承兑票據 持有人獲取豁免; [vi] 貴集團能否為其能 源業務及油儲業務成功執行業務計劃以產 生現金流;及[vii] 貴集團能否取得額外融 資來源,包括為其能源業務提供資金的融 資來源,以及動用由張志熔先生及張志熔 先生家屬所控制的實體於年內及有需要時 向 貴集團所提供多項融資。

以上事項,連同綜合財務報表附註2.1(b)所述的其他事項,表明可能導致 貴集團的持續經營能力產生重大疑慮的事項或情況存在各種不確定性。



## 獨立核數師報告

As a result of the above-mentioned multiple uncertainties, the potential interaction of these uncertainties, and the possible cumulative effect thereof, we were unable to form an opinion as to whether the going concern basis of preparation is appropriate.

Should the Group fail to achieve the above-mentioned plans and measures, it might not be able to continue to operate as a going concern, and adjustments would have to be made to write down the carrying value of the Group's assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for any further liabilities which might arise, and to reclassify non-current assets and non-current liabilities as current assets and current liabilities. The effect of these adjustments has not been reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

## Responsibilities of Directors and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

由於上述多個不確定性、該等不確定性的 潛在相互作用及其可能的累加影響,因此 我們無法就按持續經營基準編製是否適當 發表意見。

如 貴集團無法達成上述計劃及措施,其未必能在持續經營的基礎上繼續經營,並必須作出調整,將 貴集團的資產賬面值調整至其可收回金額,以為進一步可能出現的負債撥備,同時將非流動資產及流動負債重新分類為流動資產及流動負債。該等調整的影響尚未反映於綜合財務報表中。

## 董事及治理層對綜合財 務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據國際財務報告準則 及香港公司條例的披露規定擬備真實而中 肯的綜合財務報表,並對其認為為使綜合 財務報表的擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而 導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部控制負 責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

治理層須負責監督 貴集團的財務報告過程。



## 獨立核數師報告

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our responsibility is to conduct an audit of the Group's consolidated financial statements in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and to issue an auditor's report. We report solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. However, because of the matters described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion section of our report, it is not possible for us to form an opinion on these consolidated financial statements due to the potential interaction of the multiple uncertainties and their possible cumulative effect on the consolidated financial statements.

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("**the Code**"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code

## 核數師就審核綜合財務 報表承擔的責任

我們負責按照香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會))頒佈的香港審計準則,對 貴集的綜合財務報表進行審計,並出體)數時報告。我們僅向 閣下(作為整體)報告。我們僅向 閣下(作為整體)報告,除此之外本報告別無其他目的人士會體,和學不可承擔任何責任。然而一節所披露的人士等項人。 無法表多個不確定性的潛不相互作用於本語的形數不確定性的潛不相對的人類,對能綜合財務報表的可能累加影響,對能無法就該等綜合財務報表發表意見。

根據香港會計師公會的專業會計師的會計師道德守則(「**守則**」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已履行守則中的其他道德責任。

#### Crowe (HK) CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 27 March 2024

#### Chung Wai Chuen, Alfred

Practising Certificate Number: P05444

國富浩華(香港)會計師事務所有限公司 執業會計師

香港,二零二四年三月二十七日

#### 鍾偉全

執業證書編號: P05444

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION



# **綜合財務狀況表** As at 31 December 2023 於二零二三年十二月三十一日

Total deficit	總虧絀		(9,020,675)	(8,510,31
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		194,948	185,70
			(9,215,623)	(8,696,01
Accumulated losses	累計虧損		(22,847,345)	(22,320,91
Other reserves	其他儲備	15	135,583	128,76
Share premium	股份溢價	13	8,374,605	8,374,60
Convertible preference shares	可轉換優先股	13	3,100,000	3,100,00
Ordinary shares	普通股	13	2,021,534	2,021,53
the Company's equity holders	應佔資本及儲備			
Capital and reserves attributable to				
DEFICIT	<b>虧絀</b>			
Total assets	總資產		1,405,130	1,421,56
			25,460	45,90
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	12	2,143	14,58
deposits	預付款項及按金	11(b)	12,734	20,93
Other receivables, prepayments and	其他應收款項、			
Trade receivables	應收賬款	11(a)	7,608	5,40
nventories	存貨	10	2,975	4,98
Current assets	流動資產			
			1,379,670	1,375,66
Prepayments	預付款項	11(b)	17,083	13,38
Goodwill	商譽	8	33,347	33,34
Intangible assets	無形資產	8	774,290	753,66
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	7	200,941	207,20
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	6	354,009	368,06
ASSETS Non-current assets	資產 非流動資產			
		113 H.	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	7 (24.15-17)
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千万
		Notes	— <del>▼</del> — — ⊤ RMB'000	— <del>~</del> — — − =
			2023 二零二三年	202 二零二二 <sup>4</sup>



## **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

## 綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2023 於二零二三年十二月三十一日

			2023	2022
		N.L.	二零二三年	二零二二年
		Notes 附註	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
		四 註	人氏帝十九	人氏帝十九
LIABILITIES	負債			
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Borrowings	借款	17	2,235,814	2,295,485
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	18	55,602	57,807
			2,291,416	2,353,292
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付款項	16	1,398,604	1,171,323
Borrowings	借款	17	1,698,902	1,534,292
Financial guarantee contracts	財務擔保合約	29	5,036,883	4,872,966
			8,134,389	7,578,581
			0,134,367	7,376,361
Total liabilities	總負債		10,425,805	9,931,873
Total deficit and liabilities	總虧絀及負債		1,405,130	1,421,562

The above consolidated statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

以上綜合財務狀況表應與隨附附註一併參關。

The consolidated financial statements on pages 95 to 213 were approved by the Board of Directors on 27 March 2024 and signed on its behalf by

第95至213頁的綜合財務報表經董事會於二 零二四年三月二十七日批准並由下列人士 代表董事會簽署

Niu Jianmin 牛建民 Director 董事 Hong Liang 洪樑 Director 董事

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS



**綜合損益表**Year Ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2023 二零二三年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue	收益	5	82,622	102,845
Cost of sales	銷售成本	19	(51,129)	(57,067)
Gross profit	毛利潤		31,493	45,778
Other income	其他收入		58	2,807
Selling and marketing expenses	銷售及市場推廣開支	19	(2,600)	(1,409)
General and administrative expenses	一般及行政費用	19	(40,814)	(40,394)
Other gains — net	其他收益 - 淨額	21	54	11,364
Operating (loss)/profit	經營(虧損)/利潤		(11,809)	18,146
Net finance costs	融資成本淨額	22	(347,786)	(521,556)
Change in provision for financial guarantee contracts	財務擔保合約的撥備變動	29	(163,917)	[163,917]
Loss before income tax	除所得税前虧損		(523,512)	(667,327)
Income tax expense	所得税開支	23	(1,608)	(3,557)
Net loss for the year	年度虧損淨額		(525,120)	(670,884)
Loss attributable to: Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests	應佔虧損: 本公司權益持有人 非控股權益		(526,427) 1,307	(682,741) 11,857
			(525,120)	(670,884)

The above consolidated statement of profit or loss should be read in 以上綜合損益表應與隨附附註一併參閱。 conjunction with the accompanying notes.



## **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

# **綜合全面收益表** Year Ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

			2023	2022
		Notes	二零二三年 RMB'000	二零二二年 RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Loss for the year	年度虧損		(525,120)	(670,884)
Other comprehensive income for the year:	年度其他全面收益:			
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss	可能重新分類至損益 之項目			
<ul> <li>Exchange difference on translation of foreign</li> </ul>	<ul><li> 換算海外營運產生的</li><li> 匯兑差異</li></ul>			
operations			14,756	53,687
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	除税後年度其他全面 收益		14,756	53,687
- in the year, net or tax	<u>у ш</u>		1-1,7-00	00,007
Total comprehensive loss for the year	年度全面虧損總額		(510,364)	(617,197)
			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(2.11)1117
Total comprehensive loss attributable to:	應佔全面虧損總額:			
Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司權益持有人 非控股權益		(519,611) 9,247	(626,660) 9,463
			(510,364)	(617,197)
			2023	2022
			二零二三年 RMB	二零二二年 RMB
			人民幣元	人民幣元
Loss per share	每股虧損			
— Basic/diluted	- 基本/難薄	26	(0.04)	(0.06)

The above consolidated statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

以上綜合全面收益表應與隨附附註一併參 関。

## **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**



# **綜合權益變動表** Year Ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

#### Attributable to equity holders of the Company

				本公司權益	持有人應佔				
			Convertible					Non-	
		Ordinary	preference	Share	Other	Accumulated		controlling	Total
		shares	shares 可轉換	premium	reserves	losses	Total	interests	Deficit
		普通股	優先股	股份溢價	其他儲備	累計虧損	總計	非控股權益	總虧絀
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		(Note 13)	(Note 13)	(Note 13)	(Note 15)				
		(附註13)	(附註13)	(附註13)	(附註15)				
Balance at 1 January 2023	於二零二三年								
	一月一日的結餘 	2,021,534	3,100,000	8,374,605	128,767	(22,320,918)	(8,696,012)	185,701	(8,510,311)
(Loss)/profit for the year	年度(虧損)/利潤	_	_	_	_	(526,427)	(526,427)	1,307	(525,120)
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收益								
Exchange difference on translation of	換算海外營運的								
foreign operations	匯兑差異	_	_	_	6,816	_	6,816	7,940	14,756
	5 ÷ 3 T								
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	年度全面 收益/(虧損)總額				6,816	(526,427)	(519,611)	9,247	(510,364)
Balance at 31 December 2023	於二零二三年								
	十二月三十一日的	0.004.504	0.400.000	0.00/ /05	405 500	(00.0/0.0/5)	(0.045 (00)	40/0/0	(0.000 (85)
	a 結餘	2,021,534	3,100,000	8,374,605	135,583	(22,847,345)	(9,215,623)	194,948	(9,020,675)



## **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

# **綜合權益變動表** Year Ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

Attributable to equity holders of the Company 木公司雄公坛右人確佔

				4公可罹益	≦					
			Convertible					Non-		
		Ordinary	preference	Share	Other	Accumulated		controlling	Total	
		shares	shares 可轉換	premium	reserves	losses	Total	interests	Deficit	
		普通股 RMB'000	優先股 RMB'000	股份溢價 RMB'000	其他儲備 RMB'000	累計虧損 RMB'000	總計 RMB'000	非控股權益 RMB'000	總虧絀 RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
		(Note 13)	(Note 13)	(Note 13)	(Note 15)	7 (241) 1 70	7(201) 170	7(201) 170	7 ( 2011) 1 70	
		(附註13)	(附註13)	(附註13)	(附註15)					
								-		-
Balance at 1 January 2022	於二零二二年									
	一月一日的結餘	2,021,534	3,100,000	8,374,605	85,449	[21,650,940]	[8,069,352]	176,238	[7,893,114]	
										-
(Loss)/profit for the year	年度(虧損)/利潤	-	-	-	-	[682,741]	(682,741)	11,857	[670,884]	
Other comprehensive income/(loss)	其他全面收益/ (虧損)									
Exchange difference on translation of	換算海外營運的匯兑									
foreign operations	差異	_	_	_	56,081	_	56,081	[2,394]	53,687	_
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	年度全面									
for the year	收益/(虧損)總額 				56,081	[682,741]	[626,660]	9,463	[617,197]	_
Transactions with equity holders in	與身為擁有人之權益									
their capacity as owners	持有人的交易									
Lapse of employee share options	僱員購股權失效	_	-	_	[12,763]	12,763	_	_	_	
										_
Balance at 31 December 2022	於二零二二年									
	十二月三十一日的									
	結餘	2,021,534	3,100,000	8,374,605	128,767	[22,320,918]	(8,696,012)	185,701	(8,510,311)	

The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

以上綜合權益變動表應與隨附附註一併參 関。

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 综合現金流量表 Year Ended 31 December 2023 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度



		Notes 附註	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cash flows from operating	來自經營活動的現金流			
activities Cash generated from operations Income taxes paid	經營所得現金 已付所得税	28	10,850 (3,813)	30,538 (8,634)
Net cash generated from operating activities	經營活動所得現金淨額		7,037	21,904
activities			7,037	21,704
Cash flows from investing activities	來自投資活動的現金流			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	購買物業、廠房及設備		(8,067)	(13,829)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant	出售物業、廠房及 設備所得款項			
equipment	以用加付款均			66
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用現金淨額		(8,067)	(13,763)
Cash flows from financing activities	來自融資活動的現金流			
Proceeds from other borrowings and advances	其他借款及墊款所得款項		1 /20	0.107
Repayment of other borrowings	償還其他借款		1,439 (13,129)	8,134 (29,340)
Net cash used in financing activities	融資活動所用現金淨額		(11,690)	(21,206)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物 減少淨額		(12,720)	(13,065)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	年初現金及現金等價物		14,583	23,883
Exchange difference on cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物的 匯兑差異		280	3,765
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	年終現金及現金等價物	12	2,143	14,583

The above consolidated statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

以上綜合現金流量表應與隨附附註一併參 関。



## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 綜合財務報表附註

### 1 General information

China Huarong Energy Company Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 3 February 2010 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands. Its registered address is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1–1111, Cayman Islands.

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of the subsidiaries are set out in Note 32 to the consolidated financial statement.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB"), unless otherwise stated.

## 2 Material Accounting Policy Information

The material accounting policy information applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation

#### (a) Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs"). The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except as modified by the material accounting policy information stated below.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group's material accounting policy information.

Except as described below, the material accounting policy information adopted are consistent with all the year's presented rules unless otherwise stated.

## 1 一般資料

中國華榮能源股份有限公司(「本公司」)於二零一零年二月三日根據開曼群島公司法在開曼群島註冊成立為獲豁免有限公司。本公司的註冊地址為Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111, Cayman Islands。

本公司為投資控股公司。附屬公司主 要活動載於綜合財務報表附註32。

除非另行訂明,否則綜合財務報表以 人民幣(「**人民幣**」)列報。

## 2 重大會計政策資料

編製該等綜合財務報表時應用的重大 會計政策資料載列如下。除非另有指 明,有關政策已貫徹應用於所呈列的 所有年度。

#### 2.1 編製基準

#### (a) 合規聲明

本公司綜合財務報表乃按國際財務報告準則(「國際財務報告準則」)編製。該綜合財務報表乃按歷史成本法編製,惟就下文所述重大會計政策資料所作出的調整除外。

按照國際財務報告準則編製綜合財務報表需要運用若干重大會計估計,亦要求管理層在應用本集團的重大會計政策資料時作出判斷。

除下述者外,除非另行訂明,所採納的重大會計政策 資料與各個年度所呈報規則 一致。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



## 綜合財務報表附註

## 2 Material Accounting Policy Information (Continued)

## 2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

(b) Going concern basis

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had a total deficit of RMB9,020,675,000 and the Group's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by RMB8,108,929,000. The Group maintained cash and cash equivalents of RMB2,143,000 as at 31 December 2023.

On 9 October 2018, the Company entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement with Unique Orient Limited (the "Purchaser"), an independent third party, to dispose of the core assets and liabilities of shipbuilding, offshore engineering, engineering machinery and marine engine building segment (the "Shipbuilding Business") together with the holding company of the Shipbuilding Business (the "Disposal Group") at a consideration of HKD1 (the "Transaction"). There were certain conditions precedent pursuant to the Transaction, which included, but not limited to, the successful issuance of certain convertible preference Shares ("CPS") to certain bank creditors of the subsidiaries of the Disposal Group, and the release or discharge of the relevant guarantees provided by the Company in respect of the debts of the Shipbuilding and Engineering Businesses (the "Relevant Guarantees"). The conditional sale and purchase agreement and the issuance of CPS were approved by the shareholders of the Company and CPS were issued in December 2018.

On 3 March 2019, supplemental agreements were signed with the Purchaser, such that (1) the transfer of the sale shares of Able Diligent Limited, the holding company of the Disposal Group, to the Purchaser should take place on or before 31 August 2019; (2) the Purchaser agreed to procure the release or discharge of the Relevant Guarantees; and (3) the Purchaser agreed to execute a share charge over the sale shares in favour of the Company. On 10 March 2019, the Group transferred the sale shares of Able Diligent Limited to the Purchaser.

## 2 重大會計政策資料(續)

## 2.1 編製基準(續) (b) 持續經營基準

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團總虧絀為人民幣9,020,675,000元,而本集團流動負債超過流動資產人民幣8,108,929,000元。於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團維持現金及現金等價物人民幣2,143,000元。

於二零一八年十月九日,本 公司已與獨立第三方東唯有 限公司(「買方」)訂立有條件 買賣協議,以1港元的代價出 售造船、海洋工程、工程機 械及動力工程板塊(「造船業 務」, 連同造船業務控股公司 統稱為[出售集團])的核心資 產及負債(「該交易」)。根據 該交易有若干先決條件,包 括但不限於成功向出售集團 附屬公司的若干銀行債權人 發行若干可轉換優先股(「可 轉換優先股」),以及免除或 解除本公司就造船及工程 業務的債務提供的相關擔保 (「相關擔保」)。有條件買賣 協議及可轉換優先股之發行 已獲本公司股東批准,而可 轉換優先股已於二零一八年 十二月發行。

於二零一九年三月三日,與 買方簽訂補充協議,司Able Diligent Limited 向買方無團之控股公司 Able 到售股份於二零一九行;[2] 前售股份於二零一九行;[2] 方同意促成免除或解意以 一日意促成免除或同意以 關擔保;及[3]買方同意股份質押。於二縣以 公司之股份質押。於黑縣 Able Diligent Limited 的 轉讓予買方。



# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

## 2 Material Accounting Policy Information (Continued)

### 2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

#### (b) Going concern basis (Continued)

On 30 October 2019, a supplemental agreement was signed with the Purchaser, such that the share charge over the sale shares of Able Diligent Limited in favour of the Company executed by the Purchaser was replaced by a deed of indemnity provided by the Purchaser.

As at 31 December 2023, Relevant Guarantees provided by the Company to the banks and lenders of the Disposal Group, inclusive of principals and interest, amounted to RMB5,036,883,000. The Group has considered and recognised the corresponding impact of such financial guarantee contracts as at 31 December 2023.

As at 31 December 2023, borrowings of the Group amounted to RMB3,934,716,000, out of which RMB1,569,065,000 were overdue, while borrowings of the Group amounting to RMB8,618,000 contained cross-default terms as at 31 December 2023 and became immediately repayable. Total overdue interest payables of the Group amounted to RMB907,037,000. These borrowings are further explained below:

(i) The Group had promissory notes with an aggregate principal amount of RMB2,447,565,000 outstanding as at 31 December 2023, out of which approximately RMB263,226,000, RMB11,817,000 and RMB904,068,000 (totalling RMB1,179,111,000) had been overdue since 2020, 2021 and 2022 respectively. The outstanding promissory notes amounting to RMB8,618,000 became immediately repayable pursuant to the cross-default terms under the relevant loan agreements;

## 2 重大會計政策資料(續)

### 2.1 編製基準(續)

#### (b) 持續經營基準(續)

於二零一九年十月三十日,與 買方簽訂補充協議,以致買 方以本公司為受益人就Able Diligent Limited的銷售股份訂 立的股份質押由買方提供的 彌僧契據代替。

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本公司向銀行及出售集團借款人提供的相關擔保(包括本金及利息)為人民幣5,036,883,000元。本集團已考慮並於二零二三年十二月三十一日確認該等財務擔保合約的相應影響。

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團的借款為人民幣 3,934,716,000元,其中人民幣 1,569,065,000元已逾期,而公 二零二三年十二月三十一日 集團借款人民幣8,618,000元 含交叉違約條款,並須立即 償還。本集團的逾期應付利 息總額為人民幣907,037,000 元。該等借款於下文進一步 詳述:

於二零二三年十二月 三十一日,本集團持 有本金總額為人民幣 2,447,565,000元的未償 還承兑票據,其中約人 民 幣263,226,000元、人 民幣11,817,000元及人民 幣904,068,000元(總計 人 民 幣1,179,111,000元) 分別自二零二零年、二 零二一年及二零二二年 起已逾期。未償還承兑 票據人民幣8,618,000元 根據相關貸款協議項下 的交叉違約條款須立即 償還;

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



## 綜合財務報表附註

# 2 Material Accounting Policy Information (Continued)

## 2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued) (b) Going concern basis (Continued)

- (ii) The Group had other borrowings with an aggregate principal amount of RMB1,144,752,000 outstanding as at 31 December 2023, out of which approximately RMB47,555,000 had been overdue since 2020;
- (iii) The Group had secured borrowings of RMB342,399,000 which was overdue in accordance with the repayment date of the agreement as at 31 December 2023.

The above conditions indicate the existence of multiple uncertainties, which may cast significant doubt upon the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

In view of such circumstances, the directors of the Company have, during the current year and up to the date of the approval of these consolidated financial statements, taken the following measures to mitigate the liquidity pressure and to improve the financial position of the Group, to refinance its operation and to restructure its debts:

ii) The Group has been actively negotiating with the relevant banks and lenders of the Disposal Group to release or discharge the Relevant Guarantees. Since the date of the disposal till 31 December 2023, guarantees of RMB2,210,636,000 had been discharged while guarantees of RMB5,036,883,000 are expected to be released in year 2024 and RMB984,955,000 that did not meet the recognition criteria for financial guarantee contracts are disclosed as contingent liabilities.

## 2 重大會計政策資料(續)

## 2.1 編製基準(續) **(b)** 持續經營基準(續)

- (ii) 於二零二三年十二月 三十一日,本集團擁 有本金總額為人民幣 1,144,752,000元的未償 還其他借款,其中約人 民幣47,555,000元已自二 零二零年起逾期;及
- (iii) 本集團有抵押借款為 人民幣342,399,000元, 根據協議的還款日期, 該借款已於二零二三年 十二月三十一日逾期。

上述狀況表明存在多個不確 定性,可能對本集團的持續 經營能力產生重大疑慮。

鑒於上述情況,本公司董事 於本年度及截至批准該等綜 合財務報表日期已採取以下 措施,以減緩流動性壓力, 並改善本集團財務狀況,同 時對其營運進行再融資及重 組債務:



# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

# 2 Material Accounting Policy Information (Continued)

## 2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued) (b) Going concern basis (Continued)

- i) The Group has also been actively negotiating with the relevant financial institution and certain promissory note holders regarding the borrowings of RMB1,569,065,000 to take the following actions:
  - (a) During the current year, the maturity date of promissory notes with aggregate principal amount of RMB1,144,342,000 was successfully extended to December 2025. As at 31 December 2023, outstanding promissory notes amounting to RMB1,179,111,000 were not extended nor repaid upon the scheduled repayment dates and thus became overdue, and RMB8,618,000 became immediately repayable pursuant to the cross-default terms under the relevant loan agreements. The Company is in the process of negotiating with these promissory note holders for further arrangements, including the extension of maturity dates and obtaining waiver from the lender for the due payment pursuant to the relevant cross-default terms.
  - (b) As at 31 December 2023, the Group had other borrowing of RMB47,555,000 which was overdue. The Group is in the process of negotiating with the relevant lender for extension of repayment and renewal of such borrowing.

## 2 重大會計政策資料(續)

## 2.1 編製基準(續) (b) 持續經營基準(續)

- ii) 本集團亦一直積極就借 款 人 民 幣1,569,065,000 元與相關金融機構及 若干承兑票據持有人磋 商,以採取以下行動:
  - (a) 於本年度,本金 總額為人民幣 1,144,342,000元 的 承兑票據之到期日 已成功延長至二零 二五年十二月。於 二零二三年十二月 三十一日,未償還 承兑票據金額人民 幣1,179,111,000元 並 未延期亦未按既定 還款日期償還,因 此已逾期,而人民 幣8,618,000元按相 關貸款協議項下交 叉違約條款須立即 償還。本公司正與 該等承兑票據持有 人磋商以作進一步 安排,包括延長到 期日,並根據相關 交叉違約條款就到 期付款向借款人獲 取豁免。
  - (b) 於二零二三年十二 月三十一日,本本 月三十一日,款 題的其他借款元 逾期。本集 逾期。本集 超關借款予以 超關借款予以 還款及續期。



## 綜合財務報表附註

# 2 Material Accounting Policy Information (Continued)

- 2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

  (b) Going concern basis (Continued)
  - ii) (Continued)
    - (c) As at 31 December 2023, the Group had secured borrowing of RMB342,399,000 which was overdue. The Group is in the process of negotiating with the relevant financial institution for extension of repayment and renewal of such borrowing.
  - iii) As at 31 December 2023, the Group has drawn down USD119,951,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB851,390,000) in total from the loan facility, provided by entity controlled by Mr. Zhang Zhi Rong, who agreed to provide a loan facility up to USD250,000,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB1,774,450,000) to the Group for the funding of the oilfield operations of the energy exploration and production segment. As at 31 December 2023, the carrying amount is RMB760,755,000 and it is payable by 31 December 2025.

iv) The Group has focused on its operations in development of the energy exploration and production segment. During the current year, a number of wells were in production in the Republic of Kyrgyzstan ("Kyrgyzstan"). Management expects to realise an increase of oil output through further development and expansion of this segment, thereby generating steady operating cash flows.

## 2 重大會計政策資料(續)

- 2.1 編製基準(續) (b) 持續經營基準(續)
  - ii) (續)
    - (c) 於二零二三年十二 月三十一日,本款 月三十一日,供 期的有抵押借款 民幣342,399,000元 已逾期。本集 長 與相關金融機構 可就相關借款 延 長還款及續期。
  - iii)於二零二三年十二月 三十一日,本集團已 從由張志熔先生控制 的實體訂立之貸款融 資合共提取119,951,000 美元(相當於約人民 幣851.390.000元), 該 實體同意向本集團提 供 不 多 於250,000,000 美元(相當於約人民幣 1,774,450,000元)的貸款 融資,為本集團能源勘 探及生產板塊的油田 經營提供資金。於二 零二三年十二月三十一 日,賬面值為人民幣 760,755,000元並須於二 零二五年十二月三十一 日之前支付。



# 2 Material Accounting Policy Information (Continued)

# 2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued) (b) Going concern basis (Continued)

iv) (Continued)

As at 31 December 2023, the Group has drawn down RMB5,725,000 in total from the loan facility, provided by an entity controlled by a close family member of Mr. Zhang Zhi Rong, who agreed to provide a loan facility up to RMB40,000,000 to the Group for the funding in respect of the energy exploration and production segment. In addition, the Group also entered into a cooperative framework agreement during the year ended 31 December 2018 with an independent third party who agreed to provide materials for the exploration and production of crude oil with an aggregate amount up to USD500,000,000, in exchange for an option to purchase up to 70% of the total crude oil produced by the Group at 92% to 95% of the market price as a form of repayment until all the liabilities are repaid. Such facility has not been utilised up to 31 December 2023.

v) The Group has further expanded its business presence within the oil sector through the acquisition of Nantong Zhuosheng Petrochemical Co., Ld ("Nantong Zhuosheng") which completed in January 2021. Nantong Zhuosheng possesses the facility, capacity and expertise in the provision of oil storage services. The management expects that this aquisition shall reflect the Group's strategy of investing in oil-and-gas-related storage and logistic projects, which shall enable the Group to expand its energy business vertically.

## 2 重大會計政策資料(續)

# 2.1 編製基準(續) (b) 持續經營基準(續)

iv) (續)

於二零二三年十二月 三十一日,本集團從張 志熔先生的一名近親控 制的實體訂立之貸款 融資提取合共人民幣 5,725,000元,該實體同 意向本集團提供不多於 人 民 幣40,000,000元 的 貸款融資,為本集團的 能源勘探及生產板塊提 供資金。此外,截至二 零一八年十二月三十一 日 上 年 度 , 本 集 團 亦 與 一名獨立第三方訂立合 作框架協議,該獨立第 三方同意提供原油勘探 及生產材料總額高達 500,000,000美元,以交 換可按市場價格的92% 至95%購買本集團原油 生產總量最多70%的期 權作為償還方式,直至 償還所有負債。直至二 零二三年十二月三十一 日,該融資尚未動用。



## 綜合財務報表附註

# 2 Material Accounting Policy Information (Continued)

## 2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

## (b) Going concern basis (Continued)

The directors have reviewed the Group's cash flow projections prepared by management that covered a period of not less than twelve months from 31 December 2023. They are of the opinion that, taking into account the above-mentioned plans and measures, the Group will have sufficient working capital to finance its operations and to meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due within the next twelve months from the date of the Group's statement of financial position. Accordingly, the directors are satisfied that it is appropriate to prepare the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis. Notwithstanding the above, multiple uncertainties exist as to whether management of the Company will be able to achieve its plans and measures as described above. Whether the Group will be able to continue as a going concern would depend upon the Group's ability to generate adequate financing and operating cash flows through the successful fulfillment of the following plans:

- obtaining the agreement from the banks and lenders to release or discharge the Relevant Guarantees for the borrowings owed by the Disposal Group;
- ii) convincing the banks and lenders not to demand for repayment of the outstanding loans of the Disposal Group before the completion of the release of the Relevant Guarantees:
- iii) negotiating with all existing promissory note holders of outstanding principals of RMB2,447,565,000 together with accrued interests thereon for further arrangements including extension of the maturity dates;
- iv) negotiating with the relevant lender for the renewal or extension for repayments for the other borrowing of RMB47,555,000 that was overdue as at 31 December 2023;

## 2 重大會計政策資料(續)

## 2.1 編製基準(續)

#### (b) 持續經營基準(續)

董事已審閱管理層編製的 涵蓋自二零二三年十二月 三十一日起至少十二個月的 本集團的現金流量預測。彼 等認為,考慮到上述計劃及 措施,本集團將有充足的營 運資金為其業務經營提供 資金,並能履行自本集團財 務狀況表日期起計未來十二 個月內到期的財務義務。因 此,董事相信,以持續經營 的基礎編製綜合財務報表屬 恰當。儘管如此,本公司管 理層能否如上文所述達成其 計劃及措施存有多項不確定 性。本集團日後能否以持續 經營基礎繼續經營,將視乎 本集團能否成功達成以下計 劃,獲得充足的融資及經營 現金流量:

- i) 向銀行及借款人取得同意,免除或解除本公司就出售集團所結欠借款 作出的相關擔保:
- ii) 説服銀行及借款人於相 關擔保免除完成前不要 求償還出售集團的未償 環貸款:
- iii) 與未償還本金人民幣 2,447,565,000元(連同其 應計利息)的所有現有 承兑票據持有人磋商, 以作進一步安排,包括 延長到期日;
- iv) 就於二零二三年十二月 三十一日已逾期的其他 借款人民幣47,555,000元 與有關借款人磋商重續 或延長還款:



# 2 Material Accounting Policy Information (Continued)

# 2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued) (b) Going concern basis (Continued)

- v) negotiating with the relevant financial institution for the renewal or extension for repayment for the borrowing of RMB342,399,000 that was overdue as at 31 December 2023:
- vi) obtaining waiver's from the relevant promissory note holders for the due payment in relation to those notes that have cross default terms and extend the repayment dates when they fall due;
- vii) implementing a business plan for its energy exploration and production segment, as well as the oil storage and trading segment to generate cash inflows; and
- viii) obtaining additional sources of financing other than those mentioned above, including those to finance the energy exploration and production segment, and the successful drawdown of the various facilities made available to the Group by entities controlled by Mr. Zhang Zhi Rong and a close family member of Mr. Zhang Zhi Rong, as described in management's plan above, as and when needed.

Should the Group fail to achieve the abovementioned plans and measures, it might not be able to continue to operate as a going concern, and adjustments would have to be made to write down the carrying value of the Group's assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for any further liabilities which might arise, and to reclassify non-current assets and non-current liabilities as current assets and current liabilities. The effect of these adjustments has not been reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

## 2 重大會計政策資料(續)

# 2.1 編製基準(續) (b) 持續經營基準(續)

- v) 就於二零二三年十二月 三十一日已逾期的借款 人民幣342,399,000元與 有關金融機構磋商重續 或延長還款:
- vil 就與具有交叉違約條款 及於到期時延長還款日 期的該等票據有關的到 期付款從相關承兑票據 持有人獲取豁免:
- viil 為其能源勘探及生產板 塊以及油儲及貿易板塊 執行業務計劃以產生現 金流入:及



## 綜合財務報表附註

## 2 Material Accounting Policy Information (Continued)

## 2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

## (c) New and amended standards, improvements and interpretation adopted by the Group

The Group has applied the following standards and amendments for the first time for their annual reporting period commencing on 1 January 2023:

IFRS 17 and related Insurance Contracts amendments

Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2

Disclosure of Accounting **Policies** 

Amendments to IAS 8

Definition of Accounting Estimates

Amendments to **IAS 12** 

Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction

Amendments to **IAS 12** 

International Tax Reform — Pillar Two Model Rules

Except as described below, the application of the new and amendments to IFRSs and guidance from HKICPA in the current year did not have any impact on the amounts recognised in prior periods and are not expected to significantly affect the current or future periods.

## 重大會計政策資料(續)

### 2.1 編製基準(續)

(c) 本集團採納的新訂及經 修訂準則、改進及詮釋

> 本集團已就其自二零二三年 一月一日開始的年度報告期 間首次應用以下準則及修

國際財務報告 保險合約

準則第17 號及相關 修訂本

國際會計準則 會計政策之 第1號及國 披露

際財務報 告準則實 務公告第 2號(修訂

本)

國際會計準則 會計估計之 定義 第8號(修

訂本)

國際會計準則 與單一交易產

第12號(修 生的資產 訂本) 和負債相 關的遞延

税項

國際會計準則 國際税收改 第12號(修 革一支柱

> 訂本) 二示範規 則

除下文所述外,於本年度應 用新訂及經修訂國際財務報 告準則以及香港會計師公會 的指引對過往期間確認的金 額並無任何影響,且預期不 會對當前或未來期間產生重 大影響。



# 2 Material Accounting Policy Information (Continued)

## 2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

## (c) New and amended standards, improvements and interpretation adopted by the Group (Continued)

Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2 Disclosure of Accounting Policies

IAS 1 is amended to replace all instances of the term "significant accounting policies" with "material accounting policy information". Accounting policy information is material if, when considered together with other information included in an entity's financial statements, it can reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements.

The amendments also clarify that accounting policy information may be material because of the nature of the related transactions, other events or conditions, even if the amounts are immaterial. However, not all accounting policy information relating to material transactions, other events or conditions is itself material. If an entity chooses to disclose immaterial accounting policy information, such information must not obscure material accounting policy information.

IFRS Practice Statement 2 Making Materiality Judgements (the "Practice Statement") is also amended to illustrate how an entity applies the "four-step materiality process" to accounting policy disclosures and to judge whether information about an accounting policy is material to its financial statements. Guidance and examples are added to the Practice Statement.

The Group has revisited the accounting policy information it has been disclosing and considered it is consistent with the amendments and removing or reducing the immaterial accounting policies such that immaterial policy information does not obscure the material information.

## 2 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 2.1 編製基準(續)

(c) 本集團採納的新訂及經 修訂準則、改進及詮釋 (續)

> 本集團已重新審閱其一直以來披露的會計政策資料,並認為其與該修訂本的規定一致並刪減非重大會計政策,因此非重大政策資料不會遮蓋重大資料。



## 綜合財務報表附註

# 2 Material Accounting Policy Information (Continued)

- 2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)
  - (c) New and amended standards, improvements and interpretation adopted by the Group (Continued)

Amendments to IAS 12 Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction

The amendments narrow the scope of the initial recognition exemption of deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets in paragraphs 15 and 24 of IAS 12 "Income Taxes" ("IAS 12") such that it does not apply to transactions that give rise to equal and offsetting temporary differences on initial recognition.

Prior to the adoption of Amendments to IAS 12, for leasing transactions in which the tax deductions are attributable to the lease liabilities, the Group previously applied IAS 12 requirements to the leasing transaction as a whole. Temporary differences relating to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are assessed on a net basis.

Upon the application of the amendments, the Group recognises a deferred tax asset (to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilised) and a deferred tax liability for all deductible and taxable temporary differences associated with the right-of-use assets and the lease liabilities.

Based on the management's assessment, the application of the amendments has had no material impact on the Group's financial position and performance because the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities as a result of the adoption of Amendments to IAS 12 qualify for offset under paragraph 74 of IAS 12. There was also no material impact on the opening balances as at 1 January 2022 as a result of the change.

## 2 重大會計政策資料(續)

- 2.1 編製基準(續)
  - (c) 本集團採納的新訂及經 修訂準則、改進及詮釋 (續)

國際會計準則第12號(修訂 本)與單一交易產生的資產和 負債相關的遞延税項

該修訂本收窄國際會計準則第12號「所得稅」(「國際會計準則第12號」)第15段及24段所述遞延稅項負債及遞稅項資產初始確認豁免的稅項資產初始確認豁免的稅項資產不再適用於在初報實認時產生相等及可扣稅暫時差額的交易。

於採納國際會計準則第12號(修訂本)前,就稅項知類所,就稅項知為人租賃之租賃之租赁之租赁。本集團先前將體應不數第12號規定整體應實資數。有關使差額接受易。有關時差額按資額基準進行評估。

應用該修訂本後,本集團就與使用權資產及租賃負債相關的所有可扣減及應課稅頭時差額確認遞延稅項資稅。 暫時差額確認遞延稅項強強產 (倘應課稅利潤很可能被用稅 抵銷且可扣減暫時差異可被 動用時)及遞延稅項負債。



# 2 Material Accounting Policy Information (Continued)

- 2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)
  - (c) New and amended standards, improvements and interpretation adopted by the Group (Continued)

HKICPA guidance on the accounting implications of the abolition of the MPF-LSP offsetting mechanism (the "Abolition")

As disclosed in note 20(c), the Hong Kong Employment and Retirement Schemes Legislation (Offsetting Arrangement) (Amendment) Ordinance 2022 [the "Amendment Ordinance"] was gazetted in June 2022 and will take effect on 1 May 2025 (the "Transition Date"). The Amendment Ordinance has two effects: (i) the accrued benefits derived from an employer's mandatory MPF contributions can no longer be used to offset long service payment ("LSP") in respect of the employment period after the Transition Date (post-transition LSP); and (ii) the last month's salary immediately preceding the Transition Date (instead of the date of termination of employment) is used to calculate the portion of LSP in respect of the employment period before the Transition Date (pre-transition LSP).

In July 2023, the HKICPA published "Accounting implications of the abolition of the MPF-LSP offsetting mechanism in Hong Kong" that provides accounting guidance for the accounting for the impact arising from the Abolition.

## 2 重大會計政策資料(續)

- 2.1 編製基準(續)
  - (c) 本集團採納的新訂及經 修訂準則、改進及詮釋 (續)

就取消強積金與長期服務金 對沖機制的會計影響的香港 會計師公會指引(「**取消**」)

誠如附註20[c]所披露,二零 二二年僱傭及退休計劃法例 (抵銷安排)(修訂)條例(「修 訂條例1)於二零二二年六月 在憲報刊登並於二零二五 年五月一日(「過渡日期」)生 效。修訂條例具有兩方面的 影響:[i]僱主強制性強積金 供款的累算權益不能再用於 抵銷過渡日期後受僱期的長 期服務金(「長期服務金」)(過 渡後長期服務金);及[ii]計算 過渡日期前受僱期的長期服 務金部分時,會採用緊接過 渡日期(而非終止僱傭日期) 前最後一個月的工資(過渡 前長期服務金)。

於二零二三年七月,香港會計師公會發佈「香港取消強制性公積金與長期服務金對沖機制的會計影響」,就取消產生的影響提供會計處理指引。



## 綜合財務報表附註

# 2 Material Accounting Policy Information (Continued)

- 2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)
  - (c) New and amended standards, improvements and interpretation adopted by the Group (Continued)

HKICPA guidance on the accounting implications of the abolition of the MPF-LSP offsetting mechanism (the "**Abolition**") [Continued]

The HKICPA guidance illustrates that an entity may account for the accrued benefits arising from its MPF contributions that have been vested with an employee and which would be used to offset the employee's LSP benefits (offsetable accrued benefits) as a deemed contribution by the employee towards the LSP in accordance with paragraph 93(a) of HKAS 19 "Employee Benefits" ("HKAS 19"), which is consistent with IAS 19 "Employee Benefits". However, upon the enactment of the Amendment Ordinance, the accrued benefits derived from mandatory employer MPF contributions cannot be used to offset an employee's post-transition LSP obligation so that an entity can no longer apply the practical expedient of recognising the deemed contribution as a reduction of service cost under paragraph 93(b) of HKAS 19. Accordingly, it resulted a catch-up adjustment for past service cost, in accordance with paragraph 94(a) of HKAS 19, and a corresponding increase in the LSP obligation since the MPF-LSP offsetting mechanism was not contemplated in the original LSP legislation.

To reflect the Abolition, the Group has considered this change in accounting policy in connection with its LSP liability and has applied the above HKICPA guidance retrospectively. Such change in accounting policy did not have any material impact on the consolidated financial statements for the current and prior period.

## 2 重大會計政策資料(續)

- 2.1 編製基準(續)
  - (c) 本集團採納的新訂及經 修訂準則、改進及詮釋 (續)

就取消強積金與長期服務金 對沖機制的會計影響的香 港會計師公會指引(「**取消**」) (續)

香港會計師公會的指引説 明,實體可根據與國際會計 準則第19號[僱員福利]一致 的香港會計準則第19號[僱 員福利 (「香港會計準則第19 號」) 第93(a) 段,將歸屬僱員 並可用以抵銷僱員長期服務 金權益的強積金供款所產生 的累算權益(可抵銷累算權 益),列作僱員對長期服務金 的視作供款。然而,在修訂 條例制定後,僱主強制性強 積金供款的累算權益不能再 用於抵銷僱員的過渡後長期 服務金責任,因此實體不能 再採用香港會計準則第19號 第93(b)段的實際權宜做法, 將視作供款確認為服務成 本的扣減。因此,根據香港 會計準則第19號第94(a)段, 過往服務成本須作出追補調 整,而長期服務金責任亦會 相應增加,因為原來的長期 服務金法例並未考慮強積金 與長期服務金的對沖機制。



# 2 Material Accounting Policy Information (Continued)

### 2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

## (d) Issued but not yet effective International Financial Reporting Standards

Standards, amendments and interpretations that have been issued but not yet effective for the financial year beginning on 1 January 2023 and not been early adopted by the Group as of the reporting period are as follows:

Amendments to Classification of Liabilities as IAS 1 Current or Non-current

and Non-current Liabilities

with Covenants<sup>1</sup>

Amendments to Supplier Finance
IAS 7 and IFRS 7 Arrangements<sup>1</sup>

Amendments to Lease Liability in a Sale and IFRS 16 Leaseback<sup>1</sup>

Amendments to Lack of Exchangeability<sup>2</sup>

IAS 21

Amendments to Sale or Contribution of Assets
IFRS 10 and between an Investor and its
IAS 28

Associate or Joint Venture<sup>3</sup>

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025
- 3 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined

The Group has already commenced an assessment of the impact of the new or revised standards that have been issued but either not yet effective for the financial year beginning on 1 January 2023 or not been early adopted by the Group which are relevant to the Group's operation. The Group believes that the application of amendments to IFRSs, amendments to IASs and the new interpretations is unlikely to have a material impact on the Group's statement of financial position and performance as well as disclosure in the future.

## 2 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 2.1 編製基準(續)

## (d) 已頒佈但尚未生效的國際財務報告準則

已頒佈但於二零二三年一月一日開始的財政年度尚未生效且本集團於報告期間並未提早採納的準則、修訂及詮釋如下:

國際會計準則第1號 負債分類為流動負

(修訂本) 債或非流動負

債及附帶契諾 的非流動負債<sup>1</sup>

國際會計準則第7 供應商融資安排1

號及國際財務 報告準則第7號 (修訂本)

國際財務報告準 售後回租中的租賃

則第16號(修訂 負債1

國際會計準則第21 缺乏可兑換性2

號

國際財務報告準則 投資者與其聯營公 第10號及國際會 司或合營企業 計準則第28號 之間的資產出 售或出資<sup>3</sup>

- 於二零二四年一月一日或之後 開始的年度期間生效
- <sup>2</sup> 於二零二五年一月一日或之後 開始的年度期間生效
- 於擬釐定日期或之後開始的年度期間生效



## 綜合財務報表附註

## 2 Material Accounting Policy

## Information (Continued)

## 2.2 Principles of consolidation and equity accounting

#### (a) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for business combinations by the Group (refer to Note 2.3).

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of financial position respectively.

## 2 主要會計政策(續)

## 2.2 綜合入賬及權益會計 法原則

#### (a) 附屬公司

附控結具有回能的即控控日制綜別屬權實籍實關人事。 通所或揮該權本制制全權實體內方的體,或體險指響對附移合的。 通所或揮該該屬至入日本實若過得權實等實公本賬期團會,業報具於團於取人時,以與於國際,人,與政學,

本集團採用收購會計法 將業務合併入賬(參見 附註2.3)。

業績內之非控股權益及 附屬公司權益分別獨立 呈列於綜合損益表、綜合 合全面收益表、綜合權 益變動表及綜合財務狀 況表。



## 綜合財務報表附註

## 2 Principal accounting policies

(Continued)

## 2.2 Principles of consolidation and equity accounting (Continued)

#### (b) Changes in ownership interests

The Group treats transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in a loss of control as transactions with equity owners of the Group. A change in ownership interest results in an adjustment between the carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests to reflect their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount of the adjustment to non-controlling interests and any consideration paid or received is recognised in a separate reserve within equity attributable to owners of the Company.

When the Group ceases to consolidate or equity account for an investment because of a loss of control, joint control or significant influence, any retained interest in the entity is remeasured to its fair value with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. This fair value becomes the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, a joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as specified/permitted by applicable IFRSs.

## 2 主要會計政策(續)

## 2.2 綜合入賬及權益會計法原 則(續)

#### (b) 擁有權權益變動

倘本集團因喪失控制權、共 同控制權或重大影響力而終 l 就投資綜合入賬或按權益 入賬,其於該實體之任何保 留權益按其公允值重新計 量,而賬面值變動則於損益 內確認。就隨後入賬列作於 聯營公司、合營企業或金融 資產之保留權益而言,公允 值成為初步賬面值。此外, 先前於其他全面收益內確認 與該實體有關的任何金額按 猶如本集團已直接出售有關 資產或負債之方式入賬。這 可能代表先前在其他全面收 益內確認之金額重新分類至 損益或轉撥至適用國際財務 報告準則所指/准許之另一 權益類別。



## 綜合財務報表附註

## 2 Principal accounting policies

#### (Continued)

#### 2.3 Business combinations

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for all business combinations, regardless of whether equity instruments or other assets are acquired. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary comprises the:

- (i) fair values of the assets transferred
- (ii) liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquired business
- (iii) equity interests issued by the Group
- (iv) fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, and
- (v) fair value of any pre-existing equity interest in the subsidiary

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are, with limited exceptions, measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. The Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquired entity on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquired entity's net identifiable assets.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

The excess of the consideration transferred, amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquired entity, and acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquired entity over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If those amounts are less than the fair value of the net identifiable assets of the business acquired, the difference is recognised directly in profit or loss as a bargain purchase.

Contingent consideration is classified either as an equity or a financial liability. Amounts classified as a financial liability are subsequently remeasured to fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

## 2 主要會計政策(續)

### 2.3 業務合併

本集團採用收購會計法將所有業 務合併入賬,而不論收購權益工 具或其他資產。收購附屬公司之 已轉讓代價為:

- [i] 所轉讓資產之公允值
- (ii) 所收購業務先前擁有人產生 之負債
- (iii) 本集團發行之股權
- [iv] 或然代價安排產生之任何資 產或負債之公允值,及
- [v] 於附屬公司任何已存在權益 之公允值

收購相關成本於產生時支銷。

或然代價歸類為權益或金融負債。歸類為金融負債的金額其後 重新計量至公允值,公允值變動 於損益確認。



## 綜合財務報表附註

## 2 Principal accounting policies

#### (Continued)

#### 2.3 Business combinations (Continued)

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date. Any gains or losses arising from such remeasurement are recognised in profit or loss.

#### 2.4 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Executive Directors of the Company who make strategic decisions.

## 2.5 Foreign currency translation

### (a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates [the "functional currency"]. The consolidated financial statements are presented in RMB, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

#### (b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss. They are deferred in equity if they relate to qualifying cash flow hedges and qualifying net investment hedges or are attributable to part of the net investment in a foreign operation.

## 2 主要會計政策(續)

## 2.3 業務合併(續)

倘業務合併分階段完成,收購方 過往於收購對象所持股權於收購 日期的賬面值重新計量至收購日 期的公允值。該項重新計量所產 生的任何收益或虧損於損益確 認。

## 2.4 板塊報告

經營板塊的報告方式與主要經營 決策者獲提供的內部報告的方 式一致。本公司的執行董事被視 為作出策略決定的主要經營決策 者,負責分配資源及評估經營板 塊業績。

## 2.5 外幣換算

#### (a) 功能及呈列貨幣

本集團各公司的財務報表所 載項目以各實體經營所在的 主要經濟環境的貨幣(「功能 貨幣」)計量。綜合財務報表 乃以人民幣呈列,人民幣器 本公司的功能貨幣及本集團 的呈列貨幣。

### (b) 交易及結餘



## 綜合財務報表附註

## 2 Principal accounting policies

(Continued)

## 2.5 Foreign currency translation (Continued)

## (b) Transactions and balances (Continued)

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings are presented in profit or loss within "finance income" or "finance costs". All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in profit or loss within "other gains — net".

Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets and liabilities are recognised as part of the fair value gain or loss.

#### (c) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- (ii) income and expenses for each statement of profit or loss are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the rate on the dates of the transactions); and
- (iii) all resulting exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign operations, and of borrowings are recognised in other comprehensive income.

## 2 主要會計政策(續)

#### 2.5 外幣換算(續)

#### (b) 交易及結餘(續)

有關借款的外匯收益及虧損於損益中的「融資收益」或「融資成本」內呈列。所有其他外匯收益及虧損於損益中的「其他收益 — 淨額」呈列。

非貨幣金融資產及負債之匯 兑差異確認為公允值收益或 虧損之一部分。

#### (c) 集團公司

功能貨幣有別於呈列貨幣的 所有集團公司(該等公司概無 擁有嚴重通貨膨脹經濟的貨 幣)的業績及財務狀況均按 以下方式換算為呈列貨幣:

- (i) 於財務狀況表呈列的資 產及負債乃按有關財務 狀況表日期的收市匯率 換算:
- (ii) 各損益表內的收支乃按 平均匯率換算(除非該 平均匯率並非在有關率 易日期當日通行匯之 積影響的合理估計內 積影響的合理估計支按 關交易日期當日匯率換 算):及
- (iii) 所有因而產生的匯兑差 異在損益內確認。

在綜合入賬時,換算海外業 務的淨投資,以及換算借款 所產生的匯兑差異於其他全 面收益確認。



## 2 Principal accounting policies

#### (Continued)

## 2.6 Oil properties

The successful efforts method of accounting is used for oil exploration and production activities. Costs are accumulated on a field-by-field basis. All costs for development wells, support equipment and facilities, and proved mineral interests in oil properties are capitalised within construction in progress under property, plant and equipment. Geological and geophysical costs are expensed when incurred. Costs directly associated with an exploration well, and exploration and property leasehold acquisition costs, are capitalised within construction in progress until the determination of reserves is evaluated. If it is determined that commercial discovery has not been achieved, these costs are charged to profit or loss.

Once commercial reserves are found, construction in progress relevant to oil properties are tested for impairment, or whenever facts and circumstances indicate impairment. No depreciation and depletion is charged during the exploration and evaluation phase. When development is completed on a specific field, it is transferred to oil properties.

An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the exploration and evaluation assets' carrying amount exceeds their recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of the exploration and evaluation assets' fair value less costs of disposal and their value in use.

Oil properties are depreciated using the units-of-production method. Unit-of-production rates are based on proved developed reserves, which are oil reserves estimated to be recovered from existing facilities using current operating methods. Oil volumes are considered to be part of production once they have been measured through meters at custody transfer or sales transaction points at the outlet valve on the field storage tank.

## 2 主要會計政策(續)

## 2.6 石油物業

一旦發現可作商業用途之儲量, 或當事實及情況顯示出現減值, 則有關石油物業的在建工程會進 行減值測試。於勘探及評估期間 無須扣除折舊及折耗。當特定油 田完成開發時,其將轉撥為石油 物業。

當勘探及評估資產賬面值高於可 收回金額時,須將差額確認為減 值虧損。可收回金額為勘探及評 估資產公允值扣除出售成本與使 用價值之較高者。

石油物業按單位生產法折舊。單位生產率乃基於已探明經開發儲備,即以目前經營方法估計自現有設施收回的石油儲備。當同內 量透過交接或儲存缸的出口閱銷售交易點計量時,即被視為生產的一部分。



## 綜合財務報表附註

## 2 Principal accounting policies

#### (Continued)

### 2.6 Oil properties (Continued)

Proven oil properties are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows.

## 2.7 Property, plant and equipment

The Group's buildings, including buildings under construction, are stated at revalued amount. All other property, plant and equipment, except for construction in progress, are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition and construction of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged in profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

## 2 主要會計政策(續)

## 2.6 石油物業(續)

倘出現事件或情況變動顯示可能 無法收回其賬面值,則探應所 高於可收回金額時,須產賬 認為減值虧損。可以 重之公允值減出售 值之較高者。就評估減 值之較高者。就評估減 值之較高者。就 資產乃按可個別 最低級別分組。

#### 2.7 物業、廠房及設備

本集團的樓宇(包括在建樓宇)按 重估金額列賬。所有其他物業、 廠房及設備(在建工程除外)按歷 史成本減累計折舊及累計減值虧 損列賬。歷史成本包括收購及建 設該等項目之直接開支。

期後成本只有在與該項目有關的未來經濟利益很有可能流可量內成本能被可靠到量時,方計入在資產的賬面值別內方計入在資產(視情別可實別。被替代部分的賬面值別別資。所有其他維修及保養在產生的財政期間內於損益扣除。



## 2 Principal accounting policies

#### (Continued)

## 2.7 Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Except for oil properties, the depreciation of which is calculated using the unit-of-production method, depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their costs to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Building and structure 樓宇及結構 Machinery and equipment 機器及設備 Computer equipment 電腦設備 Office equipment 辦公設備 Motor vehicles 車輛

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting period. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Plant and equipment under construction or pending installation are stated at cost less impairment losses, if any. No depreciation is made on assets under construction in progress until such time as the relevant assets are completed and available for their intended use.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the profit or loss.

## 2 主要會計政策(續)

## 2.7 物業、廠房及設備(續)

除石油物業(其折舊乃採用單位 生產法計算)外,折舊採用以下 的估計可使用年期將成本按直線 法分攤至剩餘價值計算:

> 20 years 二十年 10 years 十年 3-5 years 三至五年 5 years 五年 4-10 years 四至十年

資產的剩餘價值及可使用年期在各報告期間進行檢討,及在適當情況下調整。倘資產的賬面值高於其估計可收回金額,其賬面值即時撇減至可收回金額。

正在興建或尚待安裝的廠房及設備按成本減減值虧損(如有)列 賬。相關資產完成並可用作擬定 用途前,在建工程資產不會作出 折舊。

出售盈虧通過比較所得款項與賬面值而釐定,並在損益內確認。



## 綜合財務報表附註

## 2 Principal accounting policies

(Continued)

## 2.8 Intangible assets

#### Co-operation Rights

The Co-operation Rights represent rights to cooperate with the national oil company of Kyrgyzstan in the operation of the five oil fields zones ("Co-operation Rights"). The Co-operation Rights are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses. The Co-operation Rights are amortised using the unit-of-production method. Unit-of-production rates are based on proved reserves, which are oil reserves estimated to be recovered from existing facilities using current operating methods. Oil volumes are considered to be part of production once they have been measured through meters at custody transfer or sales transaction points at the outlet valve on the field storage tank.

Other intangible assets that are acquired by the Group are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation (where the estimated useful life is finite) and impairment losses (see note 2.11).

Amortisation of intangible assets with finite useful lives is charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the assets' estimated useful lives. The software with finite useful lives are amortised from the date they are available for use and their estimated useful lives is one year. Both the period and method of amortisation are reviewed annually.

Intangible assets are not amortised while their useful lives are assessed to be indefinite. Any conclusion that the useful life of an intangible asset is indefinite is reviewed annually to determine whether events and circumstances continue to support the indefinite useful life assessment for that asset. If they do not, the change in the useful life assessment from indefinite to finite is accounted for prospectively from the date of change and in accordance with the policy for amortisation of intangible assets with finite lives as set out above.

## 2 主要會計政策(續)

## 2.8 無形資產

#### 合作經營權

由本集團購入的其他無形資產按 成本減去累計攤銷(當估計可使 用年期有限)及減值虧損(見附註 2.11)列賬。

具有有限使用年期之無形資產的 攤銷是於資產估計可使用年期內 以直線法在損益中扣除。具有 限使用年期之軟件由可供用有當 日起攤銷,其估計可使用年期為 一年。攤銷期限及方法乃每年進 行審閱。



## 2 Principal accounting policies

#### (Continued)

#### 2.9 Goodwill

Goodwill is measured as described in note 8. Goodwill is not amortised but it is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired, and is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Gains and losses on the disposal of an entity include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to the entity sold.

Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units for the purpose of impairment testing. The allocation is made to those cash-generating units or groups of cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the business combination in which the goodwill arose. The units or groups of units are identified at the lowest level at which goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes.

## 2.10 Investments and other financial assets (i) Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income ("OCI") or through profit or loss), and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or OCI. For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, this will depend on whether the Group has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income ("**FVOCI**").

The Group reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

## 2 主要會計政策(續)

## 2.9 商譽

商譽乃按附註8所述予以計量。商譽乃按附註8所述予以計量。商譽不予以攤銷,但每年就減值 行測試,或倘有事件或情況變 顯示可能出現減值,則進行則 類密的測試,並以成實體的以 值虧損包括與出售實體有關的商譽 賬面值。

商譽乃分配至現金產生單位,以進行減值測試。該等現金產生單位或現金產生單位組別預期將從產生商譽的業務合併中獲益,因此獲分配商譽。各單位或單位組別就商譽監控作內部管理用途識別為最低層次。

## 2.10 投資及其他金融資產 (i) 分類

本集團將其金融資產按以下 計量類別分類:

- 隨後將按公允值計量 (計入其他全面收益(「其 他全面收益」)或計入損 益):及
- 將按攤銷成本計量。

該分類取決於實體管理金融 資產及現金流量合約期之業 務模式。

僅當管理該等資產之業務模 式發生變動時,本集團對債 務投資進行重新分類。



## 綜合財務報表附註

## 2 Principal accounting policies

(Continued)

## 2.10 Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

#### (ii) Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

#### (iii) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss ("FVPL"), transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVPL are expensed in profit or loss.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

#### Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There is one measurement category into which the group classifies its debt instruments:

 Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in profit or loss and presented in "other gains — net" together with foreign exchange gains and losses.

## 2 主要會計政策(續)

## 2.10 投資及其他金融資產(續)

### (ii) 確認及終止確認

## (iii) 計量

初始確認時,本集團按金融資產之公允值加(倘並非透過損益按公允值計量」)之金融資益按公允值計量」)之金融資產)直接歸屬於金融資產融資產與大金融資產。透過資產。 按公允值計量之金融資產。 按公允值計量之金融資產之交易成本於損益列作開支。

在確定具有嵌入衍生工具的金融資產的現金流量是否僅為支付本金及利息時,需從金融資產的整體進行考慮。

#### 債務工具

債務工具之後續計量取決 於本集團管理資產之業務模 式及有關資產之現金流量特 徵。本集團將其債務工具分 類為一個計量類別:

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## 2 Principal accounting policies

#### (Continued)

## 2.10 Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

#### (iii) Measurement (Continued)

Equity instruments

The Group subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Group's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in OCI, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends from such investments is recognised in profit or loss as other income when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

Change in the fair value of financial assets at FVPL are recognised in "other gains — net" in the statement of profit or loss as applicable. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

### (iv) Impairment

The Group assesses on a forward-looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its debt instruments carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables, the Group applies the simplified approach permitted by IFRS 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables, see Note 3.1(b) for further details.

## 2 主要會計政策(續)

### 2.10 投資及其他金融資產(續)

#### (iii) 計量(續)

#### 權益工具

#### (iv) 減值

本集團按前瞻性原則,對按 攤銷成本列賬的債務工具相 關的預期信貸虧損進行評 估。所採用的減值方法取決 於信貸風險是否大幅增加。

就應收賬款而言,本集團採用國際財務報告準則第9號允許的簡化方法,其中規定全期預期虧損須自首次確認應收款項時確認,進一步詳情見附註3.1(b)。



## 綜合財務報表附註

## 2 Principal accounting policies

#### (Continued)

### 2.11 Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life, for example, goodwill or intangible assets not ready for use are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (a CGU). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

#### 2.12 Inventories

Crude oil inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs of inventories represent relevant production costs and are determined on a weighted average basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

#### 2.13 Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for goods sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection of trade and other receivables is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade receivables are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional unless they contain significant financing components, when they are recognised at fair value. The Group holds the trade receivables with the objective to collect the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. See Note 3.1(b) for a description of the Group's impairment policies.

## 2 主要會計政策(續)

## 2.11 非金融資產減值

## 2.12 存貨

原油存貨按成本與可變現淨值兩 者中的較低者列示。存貨成本指 相關的生產成本,並按加權平均 基礎釐定。可變現淨值為日常業 務過程中減去估計完成成本及估 計銷售所需費用的估計售價。

## 2.13 應收賬款及其他應收款項

應收賬款為在日常業務過程中就已售商品或提供服務而應收客戶的款項。如預期在一年或以內(如仍在正常經營週期中,則可在較長時間內)收回應收賬款及其他應收款項會分類為流動資產,可則以非流動資產呈列。

應收賬款按無條件代價金額初始確認,除非其包括重大融資成分時,則按公允值確認。本集團持有以收取合約現金流為目的實際收賬款,因此其後其乃使用實際和率法按攤銷成本計量。有關本集團減值政策,詳見附註3.1(b)。



## 綜合財務報表附註

## 2 Principal accounting policies

#### (Continued)

#### 2.14 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in bank and deposits held at call with banks.

## 2.15 Share capital

#### (i) Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares and non-redeemable preference shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

## (ii) Convertible preference shares

Non-redeemable convertible preference shares issued by the Company that contain the conversion option components are classified as equity on initial recognition in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of an equity instrument. The conversion option allows the holder of the non-redeemable convertible preference shares to convert the convertible preference shares into a fixed number of the Company's own ordinary shares and therefore the whole instrument is classified as an equity instrument.

The convertible preference shares are initially recognised at their par value in share capital. The difference between the par value of the issued convertible preference shares and its fair value is recognised in share premium.

## 2.16 Trade and other payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade and other payables are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

## 2 主要會計政策(續)

## 2.14 現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物包括銀行現金 及存放在銀行的活期存款。

#### 2.15 股本

#### (i) 普通股

普通股及不可贖回的優先股 被分類為權益。

發行新股份直接衍生的增量 成本於權益列示為自所得款 項(扣除税項)扣減。

## (ii) 可轉換優先股

可轉換優先股初始按其面值 於股本確認。已發行可轉換 優先股面值與其公允值的差 額於股份溢價確認。

#### 2.16 應付賬款及其他應付款項

應付賬款為在日常業務過程中就向供應商購買的商品或服務付款的責任。如付款在一年或以內(如仍在正常經營週期中,則可在較長時間內)到期,應付賬款及其他應付款項會分類為流動負債呈列。

應付賬款及其他應付款項初步以 公允值確認,隨後使用實際利率 法按攤銷成本計量。



## 綜合財務報表附註

## 2 Principal accounting policies

#### (Continued)

### 2.17 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facilities will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

#### 2.18 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

## 2 主要會計政策(續)

### 2.17 借款

借款初步按公允值扣除已產生的 交易成本確認。借款其後按攤銷 成本計賬,而所得款項(扣除交易 成本)與贖回價值的任何差額則 以實際利息法於借款期間在損益 中確認。

借款分類為流動負債,除非本集 團擁有將負債結清限期推遲至報 告期末後至少12個月的無條件權 利。

#### 2.18 撥 備

撥備於出現下列情況時確認:本 集團由於過往事件而須負上現時 法律或建設責任:可能需要自資 源撥付以履行責任:且該金額已 作出可靠估計。未來經營虧損並 無確認撥備。

當有若干類似責任時,可能須就責任類別整體釐定付款作出現金流出。即使同類責任包括之任何一個項目之現金流出金額較小,仍須確認撥備。

撥備採用税前利率按照預期需結 算有關責任的支出現值計量, 利率反映當時市場對金錢時間值 和有關責任固有風險的評估。隨 著時間過去而增加的撥備確認為 利息費用。



## 2 Principal accounting policies

#### (Continued)

#### 2.19 Current and deferred income tax

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

#### (a) Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of each reporting period in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

#### (b) Deferred income tax

Inside basis differences

Deferred income tax is recognised, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss and do not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of each reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

## 2 主要會計政策(續)

#### 2.19 即期及遞延所得税

期內所得稅開支或抵免指根據各司法權區的適用所得稅率按即期應課稅收入應付的稅項,並經暫時差額及未動用稅項虧損應佔的遞延稅項資產與負債變動調整。

## (a) 即期所得税

#### (b) 遞延所得税

內在基準差異

遞延所得税採用負債法核 算,就資產和負債的税基與 資產和負債在綜合財務報表 的賬面值之間產生的暫時性 差額予以確認。然而,若遞 延税項負債來自對商譽的初 始確認,則不予確認。若遞 延所得税來自在交易(不包括 企業合併)中對資產或負債的 初始確認,而在交易時不影 響會計損益也不影響應課税 損益且不會產生相等的應課 税及可扣減暫時性差額,則 不予列賬。遞延所得税採用 在各報告期末前已頒佈或實 質頒佈、並預期在遞延所得 税資產變現或遞延所得稅負 債結算時適用的税率(及法 律)而釐定。

遞延所得稅資產以可能出現 未來應課稅利潤,並可用於 與暫時性差額互相抵銷為限 予以確認。



## 綜合財務報表附註

## 2 Principal accounting policies

(Continued)

## 2.19 Current and deferred income tax (Continued) (b) Deferred income tax (Continued)

Outside basis differences

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except for deferred income tax liability where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

#### (c) Offsetting

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

## 2.20 Employee benefits

## (a) Short-term obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, annual leave and accumulating sick leave that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the consolidated statement of financial position.

## 2 主要會計政策(續)

## 2.19 即期及遞延所得税(續)

## **(b)** 遞延所得税(續)

外在基準差異

遞延所得税按本集團投資附屬公司所產生的暫時性類 額計提撥備,惟倘本集團时 以控制暫時性差額的本轉回時間,且該暫時性差額在可時 見將來有可能不會轉回時, 則遞延所得稅負債除外。

#### (c) 抵銷

#### 2.20 僱員福利

#### (a) 短期責任

工資及薪金責任(包括預期 在僱員提供相關服務期末後 12個月內悉數結算之非貨別 福利、年假及累計病假的 就直至被認並按預期於 時支付之金額計量 於綜合財務狀況表內 即期僱員福利責任。



## 綜合財務報表附註

## 2 Principal accounting policies

(Continued)

## 2.20 Employee benefits (Continued)

## (b) Pension and employee social security and benefits obligations

The group companies in the PRC and Kyrgyzstan participate in defined contribution retirement plans and other employee social security plans, including pension, medical, other welfare benefits, organised and administered by the relevant governmental authorities for employees in the PRC and Kyrgyzstan. The Group contributes to these plans based on certain percentages of the total salary of employees, subject to a certain ceiling, as stipulated by the relevant regulations.

The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

## (c) Bonus plan

The Group recognises a provision for bonus when contractually obliged or when there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

## 2 主要會計政策(續)

## 2.20 僱員福利(續)

## (b) 退休金及僱員社會保障 及福利責任

作出供款後,本集團概無進一步供款責任。該等供款會 於到期支付時確認為僱員福 利開支。可提供現金退還或 扣減未來付款之預付供款會 確認為資產。

### (c) 花紅計劃

本集團在有合約責任或已形成推定責任的過往做法時確認花紅撥備。



## 綜合財務報表附註

## 2 Principal accounting policies

#### (Continued)

### 2.21 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue from sale of goods of the Group was primarily generated from production and sales of oil, oil storage and trading.

Revenue are recognised when or as the control of the goods is transferred to the customer, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the product. Delivery occurs when the product have been transported to the specified location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, the acceptance provisions have lapsed, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

Revenue from the production and sales of oil are recognised at a point in time when the customer picks up the oil products from the Group, as such the control of the goods is transferred to the customer. The Group does not provide shipment of oil products to customers at any specified location. The performance obligation is completely fulfilled upon the pick-up and the Group then has the right to invoice and recognises the revenue for the oil sold.

## 2 主要會計政策(續)

## 2.21 收益確認

收益包括於本集團之日常業務活動中銷售貨品的已收或應收代價之公允值。本集團銷售貨品的收益主要來自石油生產及銷售、油儲及貿易。



## 2 Principal accounting policies

#### (Continued)

#### 2.21 Revenue recognition (Continued)

Revenue from oil storage is recognised in equal instalments over the periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the use of the leased asset. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as income in the accounting period in which they are earned.

Revenue from trading is generated from the trading of bulk commodities domestically and is recognised at a point in time, on the passing of control of goods to the customer in accordance with shipping terms.

#### 2.22 Government grants

Government grants are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position initially when there is reasonable assurance that they will be received and that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them. Grants that compensate the Group for expenses incurred are recognised as income in profit or loss on a systematic basis in the same periods in which the expenses are incurred. Grants that compensate the Group for the cost of an asset are deducted from the carrying amount of the asset and consequently are effectively recognised in profit or loss over the useful life of the asset by way of reduced depreciation expense.

#### 2.23 Interest income

Interest income on financial assets at amortised cost calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss as part of other income.

Interest income is presented as finance income where it is earned from financial assets that are held for cash management purposes. Any other interest income is included in other income.

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for financial assets that subsequently become credit-impaired. For credit-impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (after deduction of the loss allowance).

## 2 主要會計政策(續)

## 2.21 收益確認(續)

來自油儲的收益於租賃期間內以 等額分期確認,惟替代基準更能 代表使用租賃資產所產生的利益 模式除外。並不倚賴指數或利率 的可變租賃付款確認為其於會計 期間所賺收入。

貿易收益來自國內大宗商品的交 易及於根據付運條款貨品的控制 權將轉移予客戶的時間點確認。

#### 2.22 政府補助

#### 2.23 利息收入

以實際利率法按攤銷成本計量的 金融資產利息收入,乃於綜合損 益表確認為其他收入的一部分。

倘利息收入來自為現金管理目的 而持有金融資產,利息收入會呈 列為融資收益。任何其他利息收 入計入其他收入。

利息收入乃將實際利率應用於金融資產之賬面總額計算得出,惟 其後成為信貸減值之金融資產 除外。對於信貸減值金融資產 而言,會向金融資產之賬面值淨 額(經扣除虧損撥備)應用實際利 率。



## 綜合財務報表附註

## 2 Principal accounting policies

#### (Continued)

### 2.24 Borrowing costs

General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation. All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

#### 2.25 Leases

Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group.

Contracts may contain both lease and non-lease components. The Group allocates the consideration in the contract to the lease and non-lease components based on their relative stand-alone prices. However, for leases of real estate for which the Group is a lessee, it has elected not to separate lease and non-lease components and instead accounts for these as a single lease component.

## 2 主要會計政策(續)

## 2.24借貸成本

收購、建設或生產合資格資產(需要大量時間才能作擬定用途或銷售的資產)直接衍生的一般及特定借貸成本,加入該等資產的成本內,直至資產大致上備妥供其擬定用途或銷售為止。

就特定借貸,因有待合資格資產的支出而臨時投資賺取的投資收入,應自合資格資本化的借貸成本中扣除。所有其他借貸成本在產生期內的損益中確認。

## 2.25 租賃

租賃於租賃資產可供本集團使用 當日確認為使用權資產及相應負 債。

合約可能包含租賃及非租賃組成 部分。本集團按照租賃及非租賃組成 的代價分配至租賃及非租賃及 成部分。然而,就本集團為 人的房地產租賃而言,其 展 租賃及非租賃組成部分入 租賃及非租賃組成部分 一租賃組成部分



## 2 Principal accounting policies

#### (Continued)

## 2.25 Leases (Continued)

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable;
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable by the Group under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising that option.

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Group, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

## 2 主要會計政策(續)

#### 2.25 租賃(續)

租賃產生的資產及負債初始以現 值基準計量。租賃負債包括下列 租賃付款的淨現值:

- 固定付款(包括實質上的固定付款),減去任何應收租賃
   優惠;
- 基於指數或利率的可變租賃 付款,採用於開始日期的指 數或利率初始計量;
- 本集團於剩餘價值擔保下預 計應付的金額;
- 倘本集團合理確定行使購買 選擇權,則為該選擇權的行 使價;及
- 倘租賃期反映本集團行使該 選擇權,則支付終止租賃的 罰款。

根據合理確定延續選擇權支付的租賃付款亦計入負債計量之內。

租賃付款使用租賃中隱含的利率進行貼現。倘無法輕易確定況),率(為本集團租賃的一般情況),則使用承租人的增量借款利率現的個別承租人在類似經濟環份條款、抵押及條件借質與使用權資產具有類似的利率。



## 綜合財務報表附註

## 2 Principal accounting policies

#### (Continued)

#### 2.25 Leases (Continued)

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Group:

- where possible, uses recent third party financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third party financing was received;
- uses a build-up approach that starts with a risk-free interest rate adjusted for credit risk for leases held by the Group, which does not have recent third party financing; and
- makes adjustments specific to the lease, e.g. term, country, currency and security.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received;
- any initial direct costs; and
- restoration costs.

## 2 主要會計政策(續)

#### 2.25 租賃(續)

為釐定增量借款利率,本集團:

- 在可能情況下,使用個別承租人最近獲得的第三方融資 為出發點作出調整,以反映 自獲得第三方融資以來融資 條件的變動;
- 使用累加法,首先就本集團 所持有租賃的信貸風險(最 近並無第三方融資)調整無 風險利率:及
- 進行特定於租約的調整, 例如期限、國家、貨幣及抵 押。

租賃付款於本金及融資成本之間 作出分配。融資成本在租賃期間 於損益扣除,藉以令各期間的負 債餘額的期間利率一致。

使用權資產按成本計量,包括以 下各項:

- 租賃負債的初始計量金額;
- 在開始日期或之前支付的任何租賃付款減去任何已收租賃優惠;
- 任何初始直接成本;及
- 修復費用。



## 2 Principal accounting policies

#### (Continued)

#### 2.25 Leases (Continued)

Right-of-use assets are recognised at the commencement date of the lease (that is the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease terms and the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Leasehold land 租用土地 Shoreline rights 岸線權

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Group by the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

Payments associated with short-term leases of equipment and vehicles and all leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less. Low-value assets comprise IT equipment and small items of office furniture.

## 2 主要會計政策(續)

### 2.25 租賃(續)

> 33 years 三十三年 33 years 三十三年

倘租用資產的所有權於租賃期末 轉移予本集團或成本反映購買選 擇權獲行使,則使用資產的估計 使用年限計算折舊。

與短期租賃設備及汽車以及低價值資產的所有租賃相關的付款以直線法於損益確認為開支。短期租賃為租賃期12個月或以下的租赁。低價值資產包括信息科技設備及小型辦公傢俱。



## 綜合財務報表附註

## 2 Principal accounting policies

#### (Continued)

## 2.26 Financial guarantees

Financial guarantee contracts are recognised as financial liabilities at the time the guarantees are issued. The liability is initially measured at fair value and subsequently at the higher of:

- the amount determined in accordance with the expected credit loss model under IFRS 9 Financial Instruments; and
- the amount initially recognised less, where appropriate, the cumulative amount of income recognised in accordance with the principles of IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers.

The fair value of financial guarantees is determined based on the present value of the difference in cash flows between the contractual payments required under the debt instrument and the payments that would be required without the guarantee, or the estimated amount that would be payable to a third party for assuming the obligations.

Where guarantees in relation to loans or other payables of associates are provided for no compensation, the fair values are accounted for as contributions and recognised as part of the cost of the investment.

## 2 主要會計政策(續)

## 2.26 財務擔保

於擔保人出具擔保的同時,財務 擔保合約確認為一項金融負債。 該負債初始以公允值計量,後續 按以下兩者中的較高者計量:

- 按國際財務報告準則第9號 金融工具準則中的預期信貸 虧損模式確定的金額:及
- 初始確認的金額減去(適用) 按國際財務報告準則第15號 來自客戶合約的收益確認準 則確認的累計收入。

財務擔保的公允值由基於債務工 具下要求的合約支付金額與無需 擔保的支付金額之間的現金流現 值差額,或估計將支付予第三方 承擔義務的金額釐定。

如與聯營公司的貸款或其他應付 款項有關的擔保是以免償方式提 供,公允值入賬為出資並確認為 投資成本部分。



## 綜合財務報表附註

## 2 Principal accounting policies

(Continued)

## 2.27 Earnings per share

## (i) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

- the profit attributable to owners of the Company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares
- by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year and excluding treasury shares.

#### (ii) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- the after-income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares; and
- the weighted average number of additional ordinary shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

## 3 Financial risk management

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange rate risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

## 2 主要會計政策(續)

#### 2.27 每股盈利

#### (i) 每股基本盈利

每股基本盈利按:

- 本公司擁有人應佔利潤,不包括除普通股外的服務股權之任何成本
- 除以於財政年度發行在 外的普通股加權平均數 (經年內已發行普通股 的花紅部分予以調整且 不包括庫存股)計算。

## (ii) 每股攤薄盈利

每股攤薄盈利調整釐定每股 基本盈利所使用的數據,以 計入:

- 有關潛在攤薄普通股的 利息及其他融資成本的 所得稅後影響;及
- 假設兑換所有潛在攤 薄普通股而發行在外的 額外普通股的加權平均 數。

## 3 財務風險管理

#### 3.1 財務風險因素

本集團的業務面臨多種財務風險:市場風險(包括外匯風險及利率風險)、信貸風險及流動資金風險。本集團的整體風險管理計劃專注於財務市場的不可預測因素,尋求盡量減低對本集團財務表現的潛在不利影響。



# 綜合財務報表附註

### 3 Financial risk management (Continued)

### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(a) Market risk

(i) Foreign exchange risk

The Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising primarily from the transactions in its Energy Business with asset denominated in US dollar ("USD") and borrowings denominated in USD and Hong Kong dollar ("HKD"). Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities which are denominated in a currency that is not the entity's functional currency.

Certain trade receivables, other receivables, deposits, cash and cash equivalents, trade and other payables and borrowings are denominated in USD and HKD which are also exposed to foreign exchange risk. Details of the Group's trade and other receivables, deposits, cash and cash equivalents, trade and other payables and borrowings denominated in foreign currencies are disclosed in Notes 11, 12, 16 and 17 respectively.

The Group's certain financial guarantees are denominated in RMB. For the entity operating in Kyrgyzstan, most of the transactions are denominated in their functional currency which is USD.

At 31 December 2023, if RMB had weakened/strengthened by 5% against the USD and HKD respectively with all other variables held constant, post-tax loss for the year would have been approximately RMB257,493,000 higher/lower (2022: RMB241,222,000), mainly as a result of foreign exchange differences on translation of USD and HKD denominated monetary assets and liabilities.

### 3 財務風險管理(續)

## 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(a) 市場風險

本集團面臨主要由其 能源業務交易中以美元 (「美元」)及借款中以美 元及港元(「港元」)列值 的資產產生的外匯風 險。以實體的功能貨幣

以外貨幣列值的日後商 業交易和已確認的資產 及負債亦會引致外匯風

險。

本集團的若干財務擔保 以人民幣計值。於吉爾 吉斯經營實體的大部份 交易以彼等的功能貨幣 (即美元)計值。



### 3 Financial risk management (Continued)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (a) Market risk (Continued)

(ii) Interest rate risk

The Group has no significant interest-bearing assets except for cash and cash equivalents with short maturities. Certain of the Group's short-term borrowings at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest-rate risk. Since all fixed-rate borrowings are current and at market interest rate, the directors are of the opinion that the fair value interest-rate risk is minimal. The Group analyses its interest rate exposure on a dynamic basis and will consider the interest rate exposure when enter into any financing, renewal of existing positions and alternative financing transactions.

At 31 December 2023, if interest rate had increased/decreased by 100 basis points with all other variables held constant, post-tax loss for the year would have been approximately RMB3,424,000 higher/lower (2022: RMB3.327.000).

#### (b) Credit risk

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, as well as credit exposures to outstanding trade receivables, other receivables and deposits. The carrying amounts of these balances represent the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to financial assets which are stated as follows:

## 3 財務風險管理(續)

# **3.1** 財務風險因素(續) **(a)** 市場風險(續)

### (ii) 利率風險

除及團本的面由為計利按風資及利期外息和無題期等重以借值固按認識分訂倉交期外息利定令率利定和整並有融險的,資率本風率場公本其任的時間,資率本風率場公本其任的時間,資率本風率場公本其任的時間,資率本風率。於率值團率融續慮

於二零二三年十二月 三十一日,倘利率上升 /下降100個基點,而 所有其他變量維持不 變,則年度除稅後民幣 3,424,000元(二零二二 年:人民幣3,327,000 元)。

### (b) 信貸風險

信貸風險來自現金及現金等 價物以及未償還應收患款 其他應收款項及按金。該 其他應收款項及按金。 結餘賬面值代表本集團所面 對與金融資產相關最大信貸 風險,載列如下:

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Trade, other receivables and	應收賬款、其他應收款項	11,799	10,807
deposits (Note 11)	及按金(附註11)		
Cash at banks (Note 12)	銀行存款(附註12)	1,933	13,774
Maximum exposure to credit risk	面臨的最大信貸風險	13,732	24,581



# 綜合財務報表附註

## 3 Financial risk management (Continued)

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (b) Credit risk (Continued)

The Group expects that there is no significant credit risk associated with cash at banks since they are deposited with credit worthy financial institutions. Management does not expect that there will be any significant losses from non-performance by these counterparties.

#### (i) Impairment of financial assets

The Group has financial assets that are subject to the expected credit loss model:

- trade receivables
- deposits and other receivables

While cash and cash equivalents are also subject to the impairment requirements of IFRS 9, the identified impairment loss was immaterial.

#### (ii) Trade receivables

The Group performs impairment assessment under Expected Credit Loss model on trade receivables individually or based on provision matrix. Except for credit-impaired trade receivables, the remaining trade receivables are grouped under a provision matrix based on shared credit risk characteristics.

The expected loss rates are based on the payment profiles of sales over a period of 12 months before 31 December 2023, and the corresponding historical credit losses experienced within this period. The historical loss rates are adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of the customers to settle the receivables. The Group has identified forecast economic conditions to be the most relevant factors, and accordingly adjusts the historical loss rates based on expected changes in these factors.

### 3 財務風險管理(續)

### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

### (b) 信貸風險(續)

本集團預計,由於銀行存款 存放在信譽良好的金融機構 中,因此與現金相關的信貸 風險不大。管理層預計不會 有該等交易對手違約而造成 任何重大損失。

#### (i) 金融資產減值

本集團有金融資產,須 遵守預期信貸虧損模 式:

- 應收賬款
- 按金及其他應收款 項

儘管現金及現金等價物亦須遵守國際財務報告 準則第9號的減值要求, 惟已確認的減值虧損並 不重大。

#### (ii) 應收賬款



### 3 Financial risk management (Continued)

### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (b) Credit risk (Continued)

(ii) Trade receivables (Continued)

Trade receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Indicators that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery include, amongst others, the failure of a debtor to engage in a repayment plan with the Group, and a failure to make contractual payments for a period of greater than 1 year past due.

Movement in the loss allowance in respect of trade receivables during the year is as follows:

### 3 財務風險管理(續)

### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

### (b) 信貸風險(續)

(ii) 應收賬款(續)

應收賬款於合理預期無法收回時撇銷。合理預期無法收回時撇銷。包括(其中包括)債務人無數人,以及無法就會與本集團達法就強制,以及無款作出的賬款作出的販款作出的財物。

年內應收賬款的虧損撥 備變動如下:

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Balance at 1 January Provision for impairment losses recognised during	於一月一日的結餘 年內確認的減值虧損 撥備	2,356	850
the year		3,110	1,506
Balance at 31 December	於十二月三十一日		0.054
	的結餘	5,466	2,356

Set out below is the information about the Group's exposure to credit risk and expected credit losses for trade receivables (non-credit impaired) using a provision matrix:

以下載列採用撥備矩陣計算的應收賬款(無信貸減值)的本集團信貸 風險敞口及預期信貸虧 損的資料:



# 綜合財務報表附註

## 3 Financial risk management (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

(ii) Trade receivables (Continued)

At 31 December 2023

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(ii) 應收賬款(續)

於二零二三年十二月

三十一日

Past due

渝期

			7022	741		
		0 to 30 days	31 to 60 days	61 to 90 days	Over 90 days	Total
		0至30日	31至60日	61至90日	90日以上	總計
Expected credit loss rate	預期信貸虧損率	1.47%	3.82%	3.98%	48%	
Gross carrying amount (RMB'000) Loss allowance	賬面總值 (人民幣千元) 虧損撥備	3,800	786	251	5,533	10,370
(RMB'000)	(人民幣千元)	(56)	(30)	(10)	(2,666)	(2,762)
		3,744	756	241	2,867	7,608

At 31 December 2022

於二零二二年十二月

三十一日

Past due

			狙	业期		
		0 to 30	31 to 60	61 to 90	Over 90	
		days	days	days	days	Total
		0至30日	31至60日	61至90日	90日以上	總計
Expected credit loss rate	預期信貸虧損率	1.88%	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	36%	
Gross carrying amount	賬面總值					
(RMB'000)	(人民幣千元)	2,909	_	_	3,999	6,908
Loss allowance	虧損撥備					
(RMB'000)	(人民幣千元)	(55)	_	_	(1,448)	(1,503)
		2,854	_	_	2,551	5,405



# 3 Financial risk management (Continued)

### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (b) Credit risk (Continued)

(ii) Trade receivables (Continued)

Set out below is the information about the credit risk Group's exposure to and expected credit loss for trade receivables (creditimpaired) using a provision matrix:

#### At 31 December 2023

### 3 財務風險管理(續)

### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(ii) 應收賬款(續)

以下載列採用撥備矩陣計算的應收賬款(已信貸減值)的本集團信貸 風險敞口及預期信貸虧 損的資料:

於 二 零 二 三 年 十 二 月 三十一日

Gross carrying amount (RMB'000) Loss allowance (RMB'000) 賬面總值(人民幣千元) 虧損撥備(人民幣千元) 2,704 (2,704)

At 31 December 2022

於 二 零 二 二 年 十 二 月 三十 一 日

Gross carrying amount (RMB'000) Loss allowance (RMB'000) 賬面總值(人民幣千元) 虧損撥備(人民幣千元) 853 (853)

For the remaining trade receivables, given the track record of regular repayment of trade receivables, the directors are of the opinion that the risk of default by these customers is not significant and does not expect any losses from non-performance by customers.

#### Other financial assets at amortised cost

For other financial assets at amortised cost, including deposits and other receivables, management considers that its credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition with reference to the counterparty historical default rate and current financial position. The impairment provision is determined based on the 12-month expected credit losses which is closed to zero.

### 以攤銷成本計量的其他 金融資產



# 綜合財務報表附註

## 3 Financial risk management (Continued)

### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

### (c) Liquidity risk

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had a deficit of RMB9,020,675,000 (2022: RMB8,510,311,000) and the Group's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by RMB8,108,929,000 (2022: RMB7,532,680,000). The Group maintained cash and cash equivalents of RMB2,143,000 (2022: RMB14,583,000) as at 31 December 2023.

As at 31 December 2023, borrowings of the Group, amounted to RMB3,934,716,000, out of which RMB1,569,065,000 were overdue, while borrowings of the Group amounting to RMB8,618,000 contained cross-default terms as at 31 December 2023 and become immediately repayable. Total overdue interest payables of the Group amounted to RMB907,037,000. These borrowings are further explained below:

i) The Group had promissory notes with an aggregate principal amount of RMB2,447,565,000 outstanding as at 31 December 2023, out of which approximately RMB263,226,000, RMB11,817,000 and RMB904,068,000 (totalling RMB1,179,111,000) had been overdue since 2020, 2021 and 2022 respectively. The outstanding promissory notes amounting to RMB8,618,000 became immediately repayable pursuant to the cross-default terms under the relevant loan agreements.

### 3 財務風險管理(續)

### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

### (c) 流動資金風險

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團的借款為人民民幣 3,934,716,000元,其中人民幣 1,569,065,000元已逾期,一日逾期十一日本集團借款人民幣8,618,000元含交叉違約條款,並期億還。本集團的逾減至 即償還。本集團的逾減至 即億總額為人民幣907,037,000元。該等借款於下文進一步詳述:

於二零二三年十二月 三十一日,本集團持 有本金總額為人民幣 2,447,565,000元的未償 還承兑票據,其中約人 民 幣263,226,000元、人 民幣11,817,000元及人民 幣904,068,000元(總 計 人民幣1,179,111,000元) 分別自二零二零年、二 零二一年及二零二二 年起已逾期。未償還 承兑票據金額人民幣 8,618,000元根據相關貸 款協議項下的交叉違約 條款須立即償還。



# 綜合財務報表附註

### 3 Financial risk management (Continued)

### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

### (c) Liquidity risk (Continued)

- ii) The Group had other borrowings with an aggregate principal amount of RMB1,144,752,000 outstanding as at 31 December 2023, out of which approximately RMB47,555,000 had been overdue since 2020; and
- iii) The Group had secured borrowings of RMB342,399,000, which was overdue in accordance with the repayment date of the agreement as at 31 December 2023.

The above conditions indicate the existence of multiple uncertainties, which may cast significant doubt upon the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. In view of such circumstances, the directors of the Company have, during the current year and up to the date of the approval of these consolidated financial statements, taken the following measures to mitigate the liquidity pressure and to improve the financial position of the Group, to refinance its operation and to restructure its debts:

i) The Group has been actively negotiating with the relevant banks and lenders of the Disposal Group to release or discharge the Relevant Guarantees. Since the date of disposal until 31 December 2023, guarantees of RMB2,210,636,000 had been discharged while guarantees of RMB5,036,883,000 are expected to be released in year 2024 and RMB984,955,000 that did not meet the recognition criteria for financial guarantee contracts are disclosed as contingent liabilities (Note 34).

### 3 財務風險管理(續)

### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

### (c) 流動資金風險(續)

- ii)於二零二三年十二月 三十一日,本集團擁 有本金總額為人民幣 1,144,752,000元的未償 還其他借款,其中約人 民幣47,555,000元已自二 零二零年起逾期;及
- iii)本集團有抵押借款人民 幣342,399,000元,根據 協議還款日期,該借款 已於二零二三年十二月 三十一日逾期。



# 綜合財務報表附註

# 3 Financial risk management (Continued)

### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

- (c) Liquidity risk (Continued)
  - i) The Group has also been actively negotiating with the relevant financial institution and certain promissory note holders regarding the borrowings of RMB1,569,065,000 to take the following actions:
    - (a) During the current year, the maturity date of promissory notes with aggregate principal amount of RMB1,144,342,000 was successfully extended to December 2025. As at 31 December 2023, the outstanding promissory notes amounting to RMB1,179,111,000 were not extended nor repaid upon the scheduled repayment dates and thus became overdue, and RMB8,618,000 became immediately repayable pursuant to the cross-default terms under the relevant loan agreements. The Company is in the process of negotiating with these promissory note holders for further arrangements, including the extension of maturity dates and obtaining waiver from the lender for the due payment pursuant to the relevant cross-default terms.
    - (b) As at 31 December 2023, the Group had other borrowing of RMB47,555,000 which was overdue. The Group is in the process of negotiating with the relevant lender for extension of repayment and renewal of such borrowing.
    - (c) As at 31 December 2023, the Group had secured borrowing of RMB342,399,000 which was overdue. The Group is in the process of negotiating with the relevant financial institution for extension of repayment and renewal of such borrowing.

- 3 財務風險管理(續) 3.1 財務風險因素(續)
  - (c) 流動資金風險(續)
    - ii)本集團亦一直積極就借 款人民幣1,569,065,000 元與相關金融機構及 若干承兑票據持有人磋 商,以採取以下行動:
      - [a] 於本年度,本金 總額為人民幣 1,144,342,000元 的 承兑票據到期日 成功延期至二零 二五年十二月。於 二零二三年十二月 三十一日,未償還 承兑票據金額人民 幣1,179,111,000元, 並未按計劃償還日 期延長或償還,因 此已逾期,而人民 幣8,618,000元按相 關貸款協議項下的 交叉違約條款須立 即償還。本公司下 與該等承兑票據持 有人磋商以作進一 步安排,包括延長 到期日,並根據相 關交叉違約條款就 到期付款向借款人 獲取豁免。
      - (b) 於二零二三年十二 月三十一日,人已 月三十一日款人已 團其他借款人已 期。本集團 關借款的還 關借款的還款期 續期進行磋商



## 3 Financial risk management (Continued)

### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (c) Liquidity risk (Continued)

- drawn down RMB370,118,000 from an entity controlled by a close family member of Mr. Zhang Zhi Rong. As at 31 December 2023, the carrying amount is RMB330,717,000 and it is repayable in December 2025.
- iv) As at 31 December 2023, the Group has drawn down USD119,951,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB851,390,000), in total from the loan facility, provided by an entity controlled by Mr. Zhang Zhi Rong, who agreed to provide a loan facility up to USD250,000,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB1,774,450,000) to the Group for the funding of the oilfield operation of the energy exploration and production segment. As at 31 December 2023, the carrying amount of this loan facility is RMB760,755,000 and it is payable by 31 December 2025.
- v) The Group has focused on its operations in development of the energy exploration and production segment. During the current year, a number of wells were in production in the Republic of Kyrgyzstan ("Kyrgyzstan"). Management expects to realise an increase of oil output through further development and expansion of this segment, thereby generating steady operating cash flows.

### 3 財務風險管理(續)

### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (c) 流動資金風險(續)

- iii)於二零二三年十二月 三十一日,本年集團 三十一日,生如親人於二十二月 張志熔 制的實體提取。於二年 日,展面值 330,717,000元,上 二零二五年十二月 還。
- iv】 於二零二三年十二月 三十一日,本集團從張 志熔先生所控制實體提 供的貸款融資提取合共 119,951,000美元(相當於 約人民幣851,390,000元), 該實體同意向本集團 提供不多於250,000,000 美元(相當於約人民幣 1,774,450,000元)的貸款融 資,為本集團能源勘探 及生產板塊的油田經營 提供資金。於二零二三 年十二月三十一日,該貸 款融資的賬面值為人民 幣760,755,000元並須於二 零二五年十二月三十一日 之前支付。



# 綜合財務報表附註

### 3 Financial risk management (Continued)

### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

### (c) Liquidity risk (Continued)

v) (Continued)

As of 31 December 2023, the Group has drawn down RMB5,725,000 in total from the loan facility provided by an entity controlled by a close family member of Mr. Zhang Zhi Rong, who agreed to provide a loan facility up to RMB40,000,000 to the Group for the funding in respect of the energy exploration and production segment.

In addition, the Group also entered into a co-operative framework agreement during the year ended 31 December 2018 with an independent third party who agreed to provide materials for the exploration and production of crude oil with an aggregate amount up to USD500,000,000,000, in exchange for an option to purchase up to 70% of the total crude oil produced by the Group at 92% to 95% of the market price as a form of repayment until all the liabilities are repaid. Such facility has not been utilised up to 31 December 2023.

### 3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(c) 流動資金風險(續)

v) (續)



### 3 Financial risk management (Continued)

### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

### (c) Liquidity risk (Continued)

v) (Continued)

The Group has further expanded its business presence within the oil sector through the acquisition of Nantong Zhuosheng which completed in January 2021. Nantong Zhuosheng possesses the facility, capacity and expertise in the provision of oil storage services. The management expects that this acquisition shall reflect the Group's strategy of investing in oil-and-gas-related storage and logistic projects, which shall enable the Group to extend its energy business vertically.

### 3 財務風險管理(續)

### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

### (c) 流動資金風險(續)

v) (續)

		Repayable on			
		demand/less	Between	More than	
		than 1 year	1 and 2 years	2 years	Total
		按要求			
		償還/一年內	一至兩年	兩年以上	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Group	本集團	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年				
	十二月三十一日				
Borrowings	借款	1,698,902	2,235,814	_	3,934,716
Financial guarantee	財務擔保合約				
contracts		5,036,883	_	_	5,036,883
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付				
excluding contract	款項(不包括合約負				
liabilities and other tax	債及其他税項相關應				
related payables	付款項)	1,381,356	_		1,381,356
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年				
	十二月三十一日				
Borrowings	借款	1,534,292	2,295,485	_	3,829,777
Financial guarantee	財務擔保合約				
contracts		4,872,966	_	_	4,872,966
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付				
excluding contract	款項(不包括合約負				
liabilities and other tax	債及其他税項相關應				
related payables	付款項)	1,149,413	_	_	1,149,413



# 綜合財務報表附註

### 3 Financial risk management (Continued)

### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (Continued)

Maturity Analysis — borrowings based on scheduled repayments

Certain borrowings contain a repayment on demand clause which can be exercised at the bank's sole discretion. Taking into account the Group's situation, arrangement and the transaction as described in Note 2.1(b), the directors do not consider that it is probable that the banks will exercise their discretion to immediate repayment. The analysis below shows the cash outflows based on the scheduled repayment. The amount includes interest payments computed using contractual rates. The directors believe that such borrowings will be repaid in accordance with the scheduled repayment dates set out in the loan agreements.

### 3 財務風險管理(續)

### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(c) 流動資金風險(續)

到期日分析 — 按計劃還款日 期之借款

		Less than 1 year 一年內 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Between 1 and 2 years 一至兩年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	More than 2 years 兩年以上 RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>Total</b> <b>總計</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年 十二月三十一日	2,605,939	2,235,814	_	4,841,753
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年 十二月三十一日	2,209,852	2,295,485	_	4,505,337



# 3 Financial risk management (Continued)

### 3.2 Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

The capital structure of the Group consists of shareholders' equity. Capital is managed so as to maximise the return to shareholders while maintaining a capital base to allow the Group to operate effectively in the marketplace and sustain future development of the business. This ratio is calculated as total liabilities divided by total assets.

The Group's total liabilities and total assets positions and debt-asset ratio at 31 December 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

# 3 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.2 資本管理

本集團資本管理的目標乃保障本 集團持續經營的能力,以為股東 提供回報並為其他利益相關方謀 取利益,同時維持最佳的資本結 構以減低資金成本。

為維持或調整資本結構,本集團 可能會調整支付予股東的股息金 額、向股東退回資本、發行新股 份或銷售資產以削減債務。

本集團的資本架構包括股東權益。資本受管理以將股東回報最大化並維持資本基礎以使本集團能夠在市場上有效經營及持續進行未來業務發展。該比率乃按總負債除以總資產計算。

本集團於二零二三年及二零二二 年十二月三十一日的總負債及總 資產狀況以及負債與資產比率如 下:

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Total liabilities	總負債	10,425,805	9,931,873
Total assets	總資產	1,405,130	1,421,562
Debt-asset ratio	負債與資產比率	7.42	6.99

#### 3.3 Fair value estimation

The director consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair value.

### 3.3 公允值估計

董事認為按攤銷成本於綜合財務 報表入賬的金融資產及金融負債 的賬面值與其公允值相若。



# 綜合財務報表附註

# 4 Critical accounting estimates, assumptions and judgement

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

# 4.1 Critical accounting estimates

### (a) Going concern

The Group prepares cash flow projections that cover a period of not less than twelve months from 31 December 2023. Taking into account the plans and measures as described in Note 2.1(b), the Group will have sufficient working capital to finance its operations and to meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due within the next twelve months from the date of the statement of financial position. The consolidated financial statements is prepared on a going concern basis.

Significant uncertainties exist as to whether management of the Company will be able to achieve its plans and measures as described in Note 2.1(b). Whether the Group will be able to continue as a going concern would depend upon the Group's ability to generate adequate financing and operating cash flows through the successful fulfilment of the plans as described in Note 2.1(b).

### 4 關鍵會計估計、假設及 判斷

估計及判斷會被持續評估,並以過往 經驗及其他因素為基礎進行評價,包 括在有關情況下對未來事件的合理預 期。

本集團就未來作出估計和假設。所得會計估計將難免偏離實際的相關業績。下文所述的估計和假設存在巨大 風險致使下一個財政年度的資產及負 債賬面值出現重大調整。

### 4.1 關鍵會計估計

### (a) 持續經營

本公司管理層能否達成附註 2.1(b)所述計劃及措施存 重大的不確定因素。本集 能否以持續經營基礎繼 營取決於本集團能否成功 於附註2.1(b)所述計劃從而獲 成附註2.1(b)所述計劃從而獲 得充足的融資及經營現金流 量。



# 4 Critical accounting estimates, assumptions and judgement

(Continued)

# 4.1 Critical accounting estimates (Continued) (b) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group follows the guidance of IAS 36 "Impairment of Assets" to determine when assets are impaired, which requires significant judgment. In making this judgment, the Group evaluates, among other factors, the duration and extent to which the recoverable amount of assets is less than their carrying balance, including factors such as the industry performance and changes in operational and financing cash flows. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest level for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (a CGU). The recoverable amount of the CGU has been determined based on value-in-use calculations or fair value less cost to sell, whichever is higher. These calculations require the use of estimates, including operating results, income and expenses of the business, future economic conditions on growth rates and future returns. Significant changes in the key assumptions on which the recoverable amount of the assets is based could significantly affect the Group's financial position and results of operations. Based on management's assessment, no impairment was recognised during the year ended 31 December 2023 (2022: Nil). Details of which have been disclosed in Note 8.

## 4 關鍵會計估計、假設及 判斷(續)

# **4.1** 關鍵會計估計(續) **(b)** 非金融資產減值

本集團遵從國際會計準則第 36號「資產減值」的指引,以 釐定資產減值(須作出重大 判斷)。在作出此項判斷時, 本集團評估(其中包括)資產 的可收回金額少於賬面餘額 的持續期間及程度,包括行 業表現以及營運及融資現金 流量變動等因素。就評估減 值而言,資產按可獨立識別 現金流量的最低水平分組(現 金產生單位)。現金產生單位 的可收回金額乃根據使用價 值或公允值減銷售成本(以較 高者為準)計算釐定。該等計 算須使用估計,包括經營業 績、業務的收入及開支、增 長率等未來經濟狀況及未來 回報。資產可收回金額所依 據的主要假設的重大變動可 能對本集團的財務狀況及經 營業績產生重大影響。根據 管理層的評估,於截至二零 二三年十二月三十一日止年 度內概無確認減值(二零二二 年:無)。有關詳情披露於附 註8。



綜合財務報表附註

# 4 Critical accounting estimates, assumptions and judgement

(Continued)

- 4.1 Critical accounting estimates (Continued)
  - (c) Useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment

The Group's management determines the estimated useful lives, and related depreciation expense for its property, plant and equipment. This estimate is based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives of property, plant and equipment of similar nature and functions. Management will increase the depreciation expense where useful lives are less than previously estimated lives. It will write-off or write-down technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold. Actual economic lives may differ from estimated useful lives. Periodic review could result in a change in depreciable lives and therefore depreciation expense in future periods.

### 4 關鍵會計估計、假設及 判斷(續)

- 4.1 關鍵會計估計(續)
  - (c) 物業、廠房及設備的可 使用年期及剩餘價值



# 4 Critical accounting estimates, assumptions and judgement

(Continued)

# 4.1 Critical accounting estimates (Continued) (d) Current income tax and deferred tax

The Group is subject to income taxes in numerous jurisdictions. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the current and deferred income tax assets and liabilities in the period in which such determination is made.

Deferred income tax assets relating to certain temporary differences and tax losses are recognised when management considers it is likely that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences or tax losses can be utilised. When the expectations are different from the original estimates, such differences will impact the recognition of deferred income tax assets and income tax charges in the period in which such estimates have been changed.

#### (e) Estimation of oil reserves

Estimation of oil reserves is a key element in the Group's investment decision-making process in energy exploration and production segment. It is also an important element in testing for impairment. Changes in proved oil reserves, particularly proved developed reserves, will affect unit-ofproduction depreciation, depletion and amortisation recorded in the Group's consolidated financial statements for property, plant and equipment and intangible assets related to oil production activities. A reduction in proved developed reserves will increase depreciation, depletion and amortisation charges. Proved reserve estimates are subject to revision, either upward or downward, based on new information, such as from drilling and production activities or from changes in economic factors, including product prices, contract terms or development plans.

## 4 關鍵會計估計、假設及 判斷(續)

### 4.1 關鍵會計估計(續)

### (d) 即期所得税及遞延税項

### (e) 石油儲量的估計

石油儲量的估計對本集團於 能源勘探及生產板塊的投 資決策過程至關重要,亦為 進行減值測試的重要因素。 探明石油儲量,尤其是探明 已開發儲量的變動將影響本 集團綜合財務報表就與石油 生產活動相關的物業、廠房 及設備以及無形資產所記錄 的單位產量折舊、損耗及攤 銷。探明已開發儲量的減少 將增加折舊、損耗及攤銷費 用。探明儲量估計乃按照鑽 探及生產活動的新資訊或產 品價格、合約期限或開發方 案等經濟因素變化而上下調 整。



# 綜合財務報表附註

# 4 Critical accounting estimates, assumptions and judgement

(Continued)

# 4.1 Critical accounting estimates (Continued) (f) Recognition of financial guarantees

The Group makes estimate on costs required to fulfil the relevant obligation of guarantee contracts when the guaranteed amount is claimed by the counterparty to the guarantee. Such estimation is based on the available information as at reporting date and is determined by the Group's practical experience, the default history, the collateral held and financial position of guaranteed assessed on an individual basis in the industry and taking into consideration of industry information and market data.

### 4.2 Critical accounting judgment

The Group applies (i) IFRS 3 to transactions and other events that meet the definition of a business combination within the scope of IFRS 3 and (ii) the principle of control defined in IFRS 10 in the preparation of consolidated financial statements. Judgement is required to (i) determine the fair values of the assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, the date of acquisition, and the purchase consideration, and on the allocation of the purchase consideration to the identifiable assets and liabilities; and (ii) assess whether the Group has obtained control over the subsidiaries.

### 5 Segment Information

Management has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the chief operating decision-maker that are used to make strategic decisions. These reports are prepared on the same basis as the consolidated financial statements.

The chief operating decision-maker is identified as the Executive Directors of the Company. The Executive Directors consider the business, performance from both a geographic and product perspective and has identified two reportable segments of its business:

- 1) Energy exploration and production: this segment derive its revenue from sales of crude oil in Kyrgyzstan;
- Oil storage and trading: this segment derive its revenue from a) renting its capacity in the provision of oil storage services; and b) trading the relevant commodities in China.

### 4 關鍵會計估計、假設及 判斷(續)

# **4.1** 關鍵會計估計(續) **(f)** 財務擔保確認

### 4.2 關鍵會計判斷

### 5 板塊資料

管理層根據由經主要營運決策者審閱 及用作策略決定的報告釐定經營板 塊。該等報告乃根據綜合財務報表相 同的基準編製。

主要營運決策者為本公司執行董事。 執行董事按地區及產品劃分業務及 績效,並確定其業務的兩個可呈報板 塊:

- 1) 能源勘探及生產:該板塊的收益 來自吉爾吉斯的原油銷售;
- 2] 油儲及貿易:該板塊的收益來自 a]出租其提供油儲服務的能力; 及b]於中國貿易相關商品。



# 綜合財務報表附註

### 5 Segment Information (Continued)

The Executive Directors assess the performance of the reportable segments based on a measure of revenue and gross profit. The segment information provided to the Executive Directors for the reportable segments for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

### 5 板塊資料(續)

執行董事根據收益及毛利計量評估可 呈報板塊的表現。截至二零二三年及 二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度, 就可呈報板塊向執行董事提供的板塊 資料如下:

		Energy exploration Oil Storage and trading and production 油儲及貿易 能源勘探及生產		oduction		otal 息計	
		2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年	二零二三年	二零二二年	二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Revenue	收益						
— Revenue from sales of crude oil	- 來自原油銷售的收益	_	_	37,874	52,735	37,874	52,735
— Revenue from trading	- 來自交易的收益	_	3,283	_	_	_	3,283
— Revenue from oil storage	-來自油儲的收益	44,748	46,827	_	_	44,748	46,827
C	板塊收益	// 7/0	E0 110	27.07/	E2 72E	02 /22	102.075
Segment revenue		44,748	50,110	37,874	52,735	82,622	102,845
Segment results	板塊業績	16,573	18,214	14,920	27,564	31,493	45,778
Selling and marketing expenses	銷售及市場推廣開支	(2,600)	(1,409)			(2,600)	(1,409)
General and administrative expenses	一般及行政費用	(10,532)	(10,844)	(16,508)	(14,619)	(40,814)	(40,394)
Other income	其他收益	58	2,772	-	-	58	2,807
Other gains — net	其他收益一淨額	_	45	1,173	9,700	54	11,364
Net finance costs	融資成本淨額	_	-	-	-	(347,786)	(521,556)
Change in provision for financial guarantee contracts	財務擔保合約的撥備變動					(163,917)	[163,917]
Profit/(loss) before income tax	除所得税前利潤/(虧損)	3,499	8,778	(415)	22,645	(523,512)	[667,327]
Segment assets	板塊資產	432,678	436,478	971,151	981,831	1,403,829	1,418,309
Unallocated	未分配	_	-	_	-	1,301	3,253
		-					
Total assets	總資產	432,678	436,478	971,151	981,831	1,405,130	1,421,562
Segment liabilities	板塊負債	212,524	104,992	346,576	356,199	559,100	461,191
Unallocated	未分配					9,866,705	9,470,682
Total liabilities	總負債	212,524	104,992	346,576	356,199	10,425,805	9,931,873
		1					
Other segment disclosures:	其他板塊披露:						
Depreciation	折舊	20,159	21,684	9,967	9,792	30,139	31,481
Amortisation	攤銷	158	154	1,120	1,105	1,278	1,259
Additions to non-current assets	添置非流動資產	5,084	2,766	2,983	11,058	8,067	13,829
Provision for impairment losses on trade	應收賬款減值虧損撥備						
receivables		1.851	1.506	1.259		3,110	1.506



# 綜合財務報表附註

## 5 Segment Information (Continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2023, revenue from the top customer of the Group amounted to RMB16,855,000 (2022: RMB35,467,000), representing 20.4% (2022: 34.5%) of the total revenue.

There are three (2022: two) individual customers contributed more than 10% revenue of the Group's revenue for the year ended 31 December 2023. The revenue of these customers during the year are RMB16,855,000, RMB8,950,000 and RMB8,672,000 (2022: RMB35,467,000 and RMB16,257,000) respectively.

Geographically, management considers that the operations of the energy exploration and production segment is located in Kyrgyzstan (sale of crude oil), and the oil storage and trading segment is in PRC, with revenue derived from different geographical locations, which is determined by the country in which the customer is located.

The Group's revenue is analysed as follows:

### 5 板塊資料(續)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,源自本集團最大客戶的收益達人民幣16,855,000元(二零二二年:人民幣35,467,000元),佔總收益的20.4%(二零二二年:34.5%)。

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,三名(二零二二年:兩名)個別客戶貢獻本集團收益超過10%。於本年度,該等客戶貢獻收益分別為人民幣16,855,000元、人民幣8,950,000元及人民幣8,672,000元(二零二二年:人民幣35,467,000元及人民幣16,257,000元)。

就地區而言,管理層認為能源勘探及 生產板塊位於吉爾吉斯(銷售原油), 而油儲及貿易板塊則位於中國,而收 入源自不同地區,來源按客戶的所在 國家釐定。

本集團的收益分析如下:

		2023 一画一一年	2022
		二零二三年 RMB'000	二零二二年 RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Kyrgyzstan	吉爾吉斯	37,874	52,735
PRC	中國	44,748	50,110
		82,622	102,845

Geographically, total assets and capital expenditures are allocated based on where the assets are located.

Non-current assets (excluding intangible assets and goodwill) are analysed as follows:

就地區而言,資產及資本開支總額均 按資產所在位置分配。

非流動資產(不包括無形資產及商譽) 分析如下:

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Kyrgyzstan	吉爾吉斯	267,888	267,468
Hong Kong	香港	75	72
PRC	中國	304,070	321,105
			_
		572,033	588,645



# 6 Property, Plant and Equipment 6 物業、廠房及設備

Year ended 31 December 2023   電三平二年十二月			Construction in progress 在建工程 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Machinery and equipment 機械及設備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Oil properties 石油物業 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Building and Structure 樓宇及結構 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Computer equipment 電腦設備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Office equipment 辦公設備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Motor vehicles 車輛 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Opening net book amount 年初展画屏値 35,165 49,512 242,885 39,423 1,310 257 308 368,060 Additions 滞置 3,255 503 - 179 454 13 180 4,854 Disposals 出售 12,681 179 454 13 180 4,854 Transfer 標識 (6,156) 6,156 170 1 12,888 Transfer 標識 (6,156) 6,156 120 1228,875 Deregoration of subsidiaries 註對層度公司 - 15,5391 (9,965) (1,995) (1,997) (27) (1220) (1228,875 Deregoration of subsidiaries 註對層度公司 4 (4) (3.6) (69) (109) Exchange difference 厘尺差束 732 - 7,000 - 3 2 2 - 7,667 Closing net book amount 年末度画屏値 30,585 44,476 239,420 32,687 6,520 202 199 354,009 ACCUMULATED TO THE PROPRIES TO THE P	Year ended 31 December 2023									
Transfer	Additions	年初賬面淨值 添置	3,525		242,085 — —	179	454	13	180	4,854
Exchange difference 厘兑差異 732 — 7,030 — 3 2 — 7,767  Closing net book amount 年来概画浮值 30,585 44,476 239,420 32,407 6,520 202 199 354,009  At 31 December 2023	Transfer Depreciation	折舊	(6,156)	 (5,539) 	- (9,695) -	(6,995)	(1,399)	_ (27)	(220)	— (23,875)
At 31 December 2023	*		732	_	7,030	_				
三十一日   成本或信値   30,585   60,638   576,954   52,955   8,400   1,373   1,892   732,797   Accumulated depreciation and impairment loss   一   (16,162)   (337,534)   (20,348)   (1,880)   (1,171)   (1,693)   (378,788)   Net book amount   原画浮値   30,585   44,476   239,420   32,607   6,520   202   199   354,009   Net book amount   年初展画浮値   45,292   56,589   213,543   46,033   1,070   265   502   363,294   506,000   507   5	Closing net book amount	年末賬面淨值	30,585	44,476	239,420	32,607	6,520	202	199	354,009
Cost or valuation 成本或估值 30,585 60,638 576,954 52,955 8,400 1,373 1,892 732,797 Accumulated depreciation and impairment loss	At 31 December 2023									
Net book amount 賬面淨值 30,585 44,476 239,420 32,607 6,520 202 199 354,009  Year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月 三十一日止年度  Opening net book amount 年初賬面淨值 45,292 56,589 213,543 46,033 1,070 265 502 363,294 Additions 添置 11,481 547 — 358 646 42 — 13,074 Disposals 出售 — — — — — [108] — — — [108] Transfer 轉讓 (23,839) 426 23,413 — — — — — — — — — — — — Depreciation 折舊 — [8,050] [9,644] [6,968] [307] [55] [194] [25,218] Exchange difference 匯兑差異 2,231 — 14,773 — 9 5 — 17,018  Closing net book amount 年末賬面淨值 35,165 49,512 242,085 39,423 1,310 257 308 368,060  At 31 December 2022 於二零二二年十二月 三十一日	Accumulated depreciation and	成本或估值	30,585					,		
Year ended 31 December 2022       截至二零二二年十二月 三十一日止年度         Opening net book amount       年初脹面淨值       45,292       56,589       213,543       46,033       1,070       265       502       363,294         Additions       添置       11,481       547       —       358       646       42       —       13,074         Disposals       出售       —       —       —       —       [108]       —       —       —       [108]         Transfer       轉譲       [23,839]       426       23,413       —       17,018       —       —       17,018	impairment loss			(16,162)	(337,534)	(20,348)	(1,880)	(1,171)	(1,693)	(378,788)
三十一日止年度         Opening net book amount       年初賬面淨值       45,292       56,589       213,543       46,033       1,070       265       502       363,294         Additions       漆置       11,481       547       —       358       646       42       —       13,074         Disposals       出售       —       —       —       —       [108]       —       —       [108]         Transfer       轉讓       [23,839]       426       23,413       —       10,08       10,08       10,08       10,08       10,08       10,08       1,08       1,08       1,110	Net book amount	脹面淨值 ————————————————————————————————————	30,585	44,476	239,420	32,607	6,520	202	199	354,009
Additions 添置 11,481 547 — 358 646 42 — 13,074 Disposals 出售 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Year ended 31 December 2022									
Transfer 轉讓 (23,839) 426 23,413 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Additions	添置	11,481	547	-		646	42	-	13,074
Closing net book amount 年末賬面淨值 35,165 49,512 242,085 39,423 1,310 257 308 368,060  At 31 December 2022	Transfer Depreciation	轉讓 折舊	_		[9,644]		_ (307)	(55)	[194]	- (25,218)
三十一日         Cost or valuation       成本或估值       119,736       60,135       569,913       52,776       1,790       1,367       1,712       807,429         Accumulated depreciation and impairment loss       累計折舊及減值虧損       [84,571]       [10,623]       [327,828]       [13,353]       [480]       [1,110]       [1,404]       [439,369]	·			49,512		39,423				
Cost or valuation 成本或估值 119,736 60,135 569,913 52,776 1,790 1,367 1,712 807,429 Accumulated depreciation and 累計折舊及減值虧損 [84,571] [10,623] [327,828] [13,353] [480] [1,110] [1,404] [439,369]	At 31 December 2022									
	Accumulated depreciation and	成本或估值								



# 綜合財務報表附註

## 6 Property, Plant and Equipment

## 6 物業、廠房及設備(續)

#### (Continued)

Depreciation of the Group's property, plant and equipment has been recognised as follows:

本集團已確認的物業、廠房及設備折 舊如下:

	20232022二零二三年二零二二年RMB'000RMB'000人民幣千元人民幣千元
Cost of sales 銷售成本 General and administrative expenses 一般及行政費用	<b>23,013</b> 24,180 <b>862</b> 1,038
Charged to profit or loss 計入損益	<b>23,875</b> 25,218

Please refer to Note 8 for the impairment assessment associated with the property, plant and equipment, together with the related intangible assets.

有關物業、廠房及設備(連同相關無 形資產)之減值評估請參閱附註8。

The machinery and equipment and building and structure with carrying amount of RMB44,072,000 (2022: RMB47,543,000) have been pledged to a financial institution for the borrowing owed by the Disposal Group.

賬面值為人民幣44,072,000元(二零二二年:人民幣47,543,000元)的機器及設備以及樓宇及結構已就出售集團所欠的借款質押予金融機構。

## 7 Right-of-Use Assets

### 7 使用權資產

		Shoreline rights 岸線權 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Leasehold land 租用土地 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Year ended 31 December 2023	截至二零二三年十二月 三十一日止年度			
Opening net book amount Depreciation	年初賬面淨值 折舊	97,799 (2,873)	109,406 (3,391)	207,205 (6,264)
Closing net book amount	年末賬面淨值	94,926	106,015	200,941
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月 三十一日			
Cost or valuation Accumulated depreciation	成本或估值 累計折舊	103,500 (8,574)	115,818 (9,803)	219,318 (18,377)
Net book amount	- - - - -	94,926	106,015	200,941



### 7 Right-of-Use Assets (Continued)

### 7 使用權資產(續)

		Shoreline rights	Leasehold land	Total
		岸線權	租用土地	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Year ended 31 December 2022	截至二零二二年十二月 三十一日止年度			
Opening net book amount	年初賬面淨值	100,755	112,713	213,468
Depreciation	折舊	(2,956)	(3,307)	(6,263)
Closing net book amount	年末賬面淨值	97,799	109,406	207,205
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月 三十一日			
Cost or valuation	成本或估值	103,500	115,818	219,318
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(5,701)	(6,412)	(12,113)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	97,799	109,406	207,205

The Group has acquired shoreline rights and leasehold land through business combination in prior year. They are recognised at their fair value at the date of acquisition and are subsequently amortised on a straight-line based over their estimated useful lives.

本集團於過往年度透過業務合併收購 岸線權及租用土地。該等權利於收購 日期按其公允值確認並隨後按彼等估 計使用年限直線攤銷。

### Shoreline rights

The shoreline rights represent rights to occupy and use of 418 meters of the Yangtze River coastline and corresponding waters. Lump sum payments were made upfront to acquire the shoreline rights from the previous registered owner, and there are no ongoing payments to be made under the terms of the lease agreements. The shoreline rights are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The shoreline rights are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives of 33 years.

### 岸線權

岸線權指長江海岸線418米及相應海域的佔有及使用權。已預付一次性款項以自先前註冊所有者獲得岸線權,而概無根據租賃協議條款而須作出的持續付款。岸線權以成本減累計折舊及任何減值虧損列賬。岸線權按其估計使用年限三十三年以直線法折舊。



# 綜合財務報表附註

# 7 Right-of-Use Assets (continued) Leasehold land

The leasehold land relates to the land located in Mainland China which was acquired through a long-term agreement on land use rights. The Group is the registered owner of these property interests, including the whole or part of undivided share in the underlying land. Lump sum payments were made upfront to acquire these property interests from their previous registered owners, and there are no ongoing payments to be made under the terms of the land lease. The leasehold land is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The leasehold land is depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives of 33 years.

The shoreline rights and leasehold land with an aggregate carrying amount of RMB200,941,000 (2022: RMB207,205,000) have been pledged to a financial institution for the borrowings owed by the Disposal Group.

### 7 使用權資產(續) 租用土地

總賬面值為人民幣200,941,000元(二零二二年:人民幣207,205,000元)的岸線權及租用土地已就出售集團所欠借款質押予金融機構。



# 8 Intangible Assets and Goodwill

# 8 無形資產及商譽

		Co-operation rights 合作經營權 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Software 軟件 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Goodwill 商譽 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
For the year ended 31 December 2023	截至二零二三年 十二月三十一日止年度				
Opening net book amount Amortisation Exchange difference	年初賬面淨值 攤銷 匯兑差異	753,008 (1,120) 21,899	661 (158) —	33,347 — —	787,016 (1,278) 21,899
Closing net book amount	年末賬面淨值	773,787	503	33,347	807,637
At 31 December 2023  Cost  Accumulated amortisation and impairment losses	於二零二三年十二月 三十一日 成本 累計攤銷及減值虧損	1,732,222 (958,435)	1,180 (677)	33,347	1,766,749 (959,112)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	773,787	503	33,347	807,637
For the year ended 31 December 2022	截至二零二二年 十二月三十一日止年度	:			
Opening net book amount Additions Amortisation Exchange difference	年初賬面淨值 添置 攤銷 匯兑差異	694,528 — (1,105) 59,585	60 755 (154) —	33,347 — — —	727,935 755 (1,259) 59,585
Closing net book amount	年末賬面淨值	753,008	661	33,347	787,016
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年 十二月三十一日				
Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment losses	成本 累計攤銷及減值虧損	1,683,266 (930,258)	1,180 (519)	33,347	1,717,793 (930,777)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	753,008	661	33,347	787,016



# 綜合財務報表附註

### 8 Intangible Assets and Goodwill

#### (Continued)

The intangible assets include rights to cooperate with the national oil company of Kyrgyzstan in the operation of the five oil fields zones ("Co-operation Rights"). The Co-operation Rights are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses. As at 31 December 2023, 76 wells (2022: 73 wells) were at production. As a result, amortisation of RMB1,120,000 (2022: RMB1,105,000) has been charged to profit or loss during the year based on the units-of production method.

During the year ended 31 December 2018, the Group entered into a loan agreement with a related party who agreed to provide a loan facility up to RMB40,000,000 to the Group for the funding in respect of the energy exploration and production segment. As at 31 December 2023, the Group has drawn down RMB5,725,000 for exploration and drilling wells.

Management has reviewed the operational performance and considered the operation's sensitivity to a range of factors including commodity prices, capital expenditure and concluded that there is currently no further impairment or reversal of the previously recognised impairment.

### Impairment Assessment

At the end of each reporting period, the management of the Group performs impairment assessments on its assets. Each segment represents an individual cash generating unit ("CGU") in accordance with IAS 36 "Impairment of Assets".

The recoverable amounts of the CGUs have been determined based on value-in-use calculations or fair value less cost to sell, whichever is higher. The management of the Group's estimation of the recoverable amount of the each CGU is determined based on a value-in-use calculation, by using a discounted cash flow ("DCF") model, which requires various parameters and inputs, among which the projection of amount and timing of future capital expenditures to enable the exploration and development of new oil production wells is a critical input. This projection, nonetheless, hinges on the overall financial position of the Group.

### 8 無形資產及商譽(續)

無形資產包括與吉爾吉斯國家石油公司合作經營五個油田區的權利(「合作經營權」)。合作經營權以成本減累計攤銷及任何減值虧損入賬。於二零二三年十二月三十一日,76座油井(二零二二年:73座油井)已進入生產階段。因此,已於年內損益按單位生產法扣除攤銷人民幣1,120,000元(二零二二年:人民幣1,105,000元)。

截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團與一名關聯方訂立貸款協議,該名關聯方同意向本集團提供不多於人民幣40,000,000元的貸款融資,為本集團的能源勘探及生產板塊提供資金。於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團已就勘探及鑽井提取人民幣5,725,000元。

管理層已審閱經營表現並考慮了包括 商品價格、資本開支等一系列因素的 經營敏感性,並認為目前概無進一步 減值或撥回先前已確認減值。

#### 減值評估

於各報告期末,本集團管理層對其資產進行減值評估。根據國際會計準則第36號「資產減值」,各板塊均為一個單獨的現金產生單位(「現金產生單位」)。



### 8 Intangible Assets and Goodwill

#### (Continued)

### **Energy exploration and production segment**

When measuring the recoverable amount of the energy exploration and production segment, management mainly takes oil properties, construction-in-progress and Cooperation Rights into account.

The combination of geopolitical turmoil and concerns about oil output levels in major producing countries contributed to the decline in crude oil futures by over 10% in 2023. These factors underscore the complexity and volatility inherent in the global oil market. Due to the present economic uncertainty, it is expected that expenditures in Energy Business would only start to be resumed by the Group by 2026, the earliest.

With internal judgement of the international market environment, combined with the delay of the discharge of the Financial Guarantee, the management of the Group decided to keep the conservative parameters and inputs in the projection of the amount and timing of the capital expenditures to be invested in the energy exploration and production operation.

The management of the Group assumed that no further capital expenditure shall be invested in the energy exploration and production operation until 2026. Accordingly, the energy exploration and production operation will be relying on its own production and cash flow to sustain its operation over the next two to three years.

The calculation of value-in-use uses pre-tax (2022: pre-tax) cash flow forecast covering a period from year 2024 to year 2061 based on production plan for wells within the operating period granted under the Co-operation Rights. The impairment assessment is not prepared under the perpetual aspect, and the management of the Group determined 2061 as the operation terminal year.

### 8 無形資產及商譽(續)

### 能源勘探及生產板塊

於計量能源勘探及生產板塊的可收回 金額時,管理層主要計及石油物業、 在建工程及合作經營權。

地緣政治動盪及對主要產油國石油產量水平的擔憂導致二零二三年原油期貨下跌超過10%。該等因素突顯了全球石油市場固有的複雜性及波動性。由於現時的經濟不確定性,預計本集團在能源業務方面的開支最早將於二零二六年前開始恢復。

結合國際市場環境的內部判斷,加之 財務擔保延遲解除,本集團管理層決 定於預測將投入至能源勘探及生產業 務的資本開支的金額及時間時繼續採 用保守的參數及輸入值。

本集團管理層假設在二零二六年之前 不會向能源勘探及生產業務投放任何 其他資本開支。因此,能源勘探及生 產業務在未來兩年至三年內將依賴其 自身的生產及現金流量維持運營。

使用價值計算使用根據合作經營權項下授出的經營期間內的油井生產計劃作出的涵蓋二零二四年至二零六一年期間的稅前(二零二二年:稅前)現金流量預測。減值評估並非按永續方式編製,本集團管理層將二零六一年釐定為終止經營年度。



# 綜合財務報表附註

### 8 Intangible Assets and Goodwill

#### (Continued)

# **Energy exploration and production segment** (Continued)

In addition, the principal parameters used in determining the recoverable amount of the Group's assets include estimates of proved and unproved reserves, future commodity prices, as well as best estimate of development costs. The management of the Group has applied consistent estimation of proved and unproved reserves as of 2023 and 2022, which is reviewed and updated by professional valuers of Valtech Valuation Advisory Limited involving professional members of Society of Petroleum Engineers with over 30 years of experience in the petroleum industry in relation to the technical assessment of reservoir and evaluation oil and gas projects, in accordance with a competent person's report prepared in September 2018. The expected exploration volume by the end of 2061 is 23.45 million tonnes, which represented 99.9% of proved reserves as at 31 December 2023.

Among other things, the management also scrutinized other assumptions and updated them where appropriate, including estimated crude oil price as follows:

### 8 無形資產及商譽(續)

### 能源勘探及生產板塊(續)

除其他事項外,管理層亦已仔細審查 其他假設(包括預計原油價格)並對其 進行更新(倘適用),概述如下:

31 December

31 December

USD/Barrel		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
美元/桶		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
Forecast Year	預測年度		
2024	二零二四年	US\$45.80美元	US\$54.80美元
2025	二零二五年	US\$45.80美元	US\$52.90美元
2026	二零二六年	US\$45.80美元	US\$49.90美元
2027	二零二七年	US\$46.70美元	US\$50.90美元
2028	二零二八年	US\$47.70美元	US\$51.90美元
Post 2028	二零二八年後	US\$48.60美元	US\$53.00美元
		to 至US\$69.50美元	to至US\$75.00美元

The Group referred to the weighted average cost of capital of the oil and gas industry when determining the discount rate and made relevant adjustments according to specific risks in Kyrgyzstan. In 2023, the pre-tax discount rate adopted was 15.70% (2022: 16.51%).

於釐定貼現率時,本集團已參考油氣行業的加權平均資本成本,並根據吉爾吉斯的特定風險進行相應調整。於二零二三年,本集團採用的稅前貼現率為15.70%(二零二二年:16.51%)。



### 8 Intangible Assets and Goodwill

### (Continued)

### Oil storage and trading segment

Goodwill is allocated to the Group's oil storage and trading segment CGU. When measuring the recoverable amount of the oil storage and trading segment, management mainly takes machinery and equipment, building and structure, construction-in-progress, shoreline rights, leasehold land and goodwill into account.

The recoverable amount of CGU is determined based on DCF. The underlying inputs were in accordance with the financial budgets covering a five-year period approved by the board of directors of the Company. The free cashflow was predominantly based on revenue driven by the utilization of the storage facility, less the relevant operating costs. The Group has estimated the utilization of the storage facility range between 80-90%. The pre-tax discount rate applied to the cash flow projection was 15.20% (2022: 14.96%). Whilst the assessment was prepared under perpetual aspect, the growth rate used to extrapolate the cash flows beyond the five-year period was 2.2% (2022: 3.0%).

As a result of the above assessment, the recoverable amount of the CGU exceeds its carrying value, and the Group concluded that there was no impairment for the year ended 31 December 2023 (2022: Nil). The management also considered that any reasonable possible change in any of the assumptions would not cause the recoverable amount of the CGU below its carrying amount.

### 8 無形資產及商譽(續)

### 油儲及貿易板塊

商譽乃分配至本集團油儲及貿易板塊 現金產生單位。於計量油儲及貿易 板塊的可收回金額時,管理層主要計 及機器及設備、樓宇及結構、在建工 程、岸線權、租用土地及商譽。

現金產生單位的可收回金額乃根據貼現現金流量釐定。相關輸入值符算會批准的五年期財務存算儲實工。自由現金流量乃主要基於使用本質關於產生的收益減相關運營成本利關運營成本集團估計存儲設施的利益。 得出。本集團估計存儲設施的利用預於80%至90%之間。現金流量分於80%至90%之間。現金流量不可於15.20%(二零二二年:14.96%)。儘管該評估乃按現金流量的增長率為2.2%(二零二二年:3.0%)。

由於上述評估,現金產生單位的可收回金額超過其賬面值,故本集團認為,截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度並無減值(二零二二年:無)。管理層亦認為任何假設的任何合理可能變動將不會導致現金產生單位的可收回金額低於其賬面值。



# 綜合財務報表附註

# 9 Financial instruments by category 9

9 按類別劃分之金融工具

The following is an analysis of financial instruments by category:

以下為按類別劃分之金融工具分析:

Total

		總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Financial assets as per consolidated statement of financial position	綜合財務狀況表的金融資產	
As at 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日	
Trade receivables (Note 11(a))	應收賬款(附註11(a))	7,608
Other receivables and deposits (Note 11(b))	其他應收款項及按金(附註11(b))	4,191
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 12)	現金及現金等價物(附註12)	2,143
Total	總計	13,942
		Total
		總計
		RMB'000
		人民幣千元
Financial assets as per consolidated statement of financial position	綜合財務狀況表的金融資產	
As at 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	
Trade receivables (Note 11(a))	應收賬款(附註11(a))	5,405
Other receivables and deposits (Note 11(b))	其他應收款項及按金(附註11(b))	5,402
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 12)	現金及現金等價物(附註12)	14,583
Total	總計	25,390



# 9 Financial instruments by category 9 按類別劃分之金融工具

(Continued) (續)

Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元

Financial liabilities as per consolidated statement of financial position	綜合財務狀況表的金融負債	
As at 31 December 2023  Trade and other payables excluding contract liabilities and other tax-related payables (Note 16)	於二零二三年十二月三十一日 應付賬款及其他應付款項 (不包括合約負債及其他税項相關 應付款項)(附註16)	1,381,356
Borrowings (Note 17)	借款(附註17)	3,934,716
Financial guarantee contracts	財務擔保合約	5,036,883
Total	4卤 兰上	40.050.055
10101	總計	10,352,955
		10,352,955
As at 31 December 2022 Trade and other payables excluding contract liabilities and other tax-related payables (Note 16)	於二零二二年十二月三十一日 應付賬款及其他應付款項 (不包括合約負債及其他税項相關 應付款項)(附註16)	1,149,413
As at 31 December 2022 Trade and other payables excluding contract liabilities and other tax-related payables (Note 16)	於二零二二年十二月三十一日 應付賬款及其他應付款項 (不包括合約負債及其他税項相關	· · · · ·
As at 31 December 2022 Trade and other payables excluding contract liabilities and other tax-related payables	於二零二二年十二月三十一日 應付賬款及其他應付款項 (不包括合約負債及其他税項相關 應付款項)(附註16)	1,149,413
As at 31 December 2022 Trade and other payables excluding contract liabilities and other tax-related payables (Note 16) Borrowings (Note 17)	於二零二二年十二月三十一日 應付賬款及其他應付款項 (不包括合約負債及其他税項相關 應付款項)(附註16) 借款(附註17)	1,149,413 3,829,777

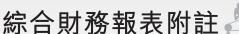
### 10 Inventories

### 10 存貨

		- 13 2 7	
		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Raw materials	原材料	626	1,025
Finished goods	成品	2,349	3,956
		2,975	4,981

The cost of inventories recognised as expense and included in cost of sales amounted to RMB3,856,000 for the year ended 31 December 2023 (2022: RMB9,492,000).

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,確認為開支及計入銷售成本的存貨成本為人民幣3,856,000元(二零二二年:人民幣9,492,000元)。





# 11 Trade receivables, other receivables and prepayments

### (a) Trade receivables

## 11 應收賬款、其他應收款 項及預付款項

### (a) 應收賬款

31 December

十二月三十一日20232022二零二三年二零二二年

 RMB'000
 RMB'000

 人民幣千元
 人民幣千元

 Trade receivables
 應收賬款
 13,074
 7,761

 Less: loss allowance
 減:虧損撥備
 (5,466)
 (2,356)

**7.608** 5.405

The Group normally grants credit terms to its customers up to 30 days to 90 days. The ageing analysis of the trade receivables, net of loss allowance, based on invoice date is as follows:

本集團一般向客戶授出最多30天至90天的信貸期。基於發票日期的應收賬款(扣除虧損撥備)的賬齡分析如下:

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
0 to 30 days	0至30天	2,357	2,443
31 to 60 days	31至60天	1,444	174
61 to 90 days	61至90天	786	_
Over 90 days	超過90天	3,021	2,788

**7.608** 5,405

As at 1 January 2022, trade receivables from contract with customers amounted to RMB11,924,000 (net of loss allowance of RMB850,000).

於二零二二年一月一日,來自客戶合約的應收賬款為人民幣11,924,000元(扣除虧損撥備人民幣850,000元)。

The Group does not hold any collateral as security.

本集團並無持有任何抵押品作為 抵押。

The carrying amounts of trade receivables approximate their fair values. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying amount of RMB7.608.000 (2022: RMB5.405.000).

應收賬款的賬面值與其公允值相若。於報告日期,最大信貸風險 承擔的賬面值為人民幣7,608,000元(二零二二年:人民幣5,405,000元)。

The carrying amounts of trade receivables are denominated in USD and RMB.

應收賬款的賬面值以美元及人民 幣計值。



# 11 Trade receivables, other receivables and prepayments (Continued)

### (b) Other receivables and prepayments

# 11 應收賬款、其他應收款項及預付款項(續)

(b) 其他應收款項及預付款項

31 Decen	nber
十二月三十	一日

		1 -/3 - 1	н
		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Other receivables	其他應收款項		
— Third parties	- 第三方	4,191	5,402
· ·			
Value-added tax receivable	應收增值税	7,562	7,503
Prepayments	預付款項		
— Third parties	- 第三方	18,064	21,407
		29,817	34,312
Analysed as:	分析為:		
Current	即期	12,734	20,932
Non-current prepayments	非即期預付款項	17,083	13,380
		29,817	34,312

The carrying amounts of other receivables approximate their fair values.

ting bles

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying amount of each class of receivables mentioned above.

The carrying amounts of other receivables and prepayments are denominated in the following

其他應收款項的賬面值與其公允 值相若。

於報告日期所面臨的最大信貸風 險為上述各類應收款項的賬面 值。

其他應收款項及預付款項的賬面值以下列貨幣計值:

#### 31 December

		十二月三十一日	
		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
RMB	人民幣	17,808	23,188
HKD	港元	81	12
USD	美元	11,928	11,112
		29,817	34,312

currencies:



# 綜合財務報表附註

### 12 Cash and cash equivalents

### 12 現金及現金等價物

31 December 十二月三十一日 2023 2022 二零二三年 二零二二年 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 Cash on hand 手頭現金 210 809 銀行存款 Cash at banks 1,933 13,774 Total cash and cash equivalents 現金及現金等價物總額 2,143 14.583 1,933 面臨的最大信貸風險 Maximum exposure to credit risk 13,774

Cash and cash equivalents are denominated in the following currencies:

現金及現金等價物以下列貨幣計值:

		31 December	
		十二月三十一日	
		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
RMB	人民幣	1,181	3,658
USD	美元	487	9,389
HKD	港元	106	87
Others	其他	369	1,449

Cash at banks are placed in major financial institutions located in Hong Kong, the PRC and Kyrgyzstan where there is no history of default.

The remittance of funds out of the PRC is subject to the rules and regulations of foreign exchange control promulgated by the PRC government.

銀行存款存放於並無違約記錄的香港、中國及吉爾吉斯的大型金融機 構。

14,583

2,143

將資金匯出中國須遵守中國政府頒佈 之外匯管制規則及法規。



# 13 Ordinary shares, preference shares and share premium

### 13 普通股、優先股及股份 溢價

	Number of ordinary shares 普通股數目	Nominal value of ordinary shares 普通級面值 HKD 港元	Equivalent nominal value of ordinary shares 普通股面值 等額股 RMB'0000 人民幣千元	Number of convertible preference shares 可轉換 優先聚數目	Nominal value of convertible preference shares 可轉換 優先殷面值 HKD 港元	Equivalent nominal value of convertible preference shares 可轉換等額股 RMB'0000 人民幣千元	Share premium 股份溢價 RME'000 人民幣千元	<b>Total</b> 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Authorised: 法定:  Ordinary shares of HKD0.5	月 二三年 毎股面 負股 4,770,491,507 一日、 月 二三年 毎股面	2,385,245,753		7,006,000,000	3,503,000,000	ΛΧΦ   /\	/ / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	
Issued:	月 二三年 毎股面 角股 4,770,491,507 一日、 月 二三年 毎股面	2,385,245,753	2,021,534	7,006,000,000	- 3,503,000,000	3,100,000	8,374,605	10,396,139 3,100,000

#### Note

(a) In December 2018, the Company issued a total of the 7,006,000,000 convertible preference shares with nominal value of HKD0.50 each, amounting to HKD3,503,000,000 (equivalent to RMB3,100,000,000) to a bank creditor to settle bank borrowings and interests totaling RMB3,100,000,000. The 7,006,000,000 convertible preference shares consisted of three classes, 2,330,000,000 of class A shares, 2,330,000,000 of class B shares and 2,346,000,000 of class C shares. Ordinary shares converted from convertible preference shares can be transferred without restriction, while the ordinary shares converted from class B and class C convertible preference shares will be subject to a lock-up period of six and twelve months, respectively.

Holders of the convertible preference shares are not entitled to the right to vote at any general meeting of the Company, yet they have the right to attend such meetings. They have the rights to receive any dividends pari passu to the holders of ordinary shares on the basis of the number of shares converted. Except for the mentioned, each convertible preference share shall have the same rights as each of the ordinary shares.

As at 31 December 2022 and 2023, no convertible preference shares had been converted into ordinary shares.

#### 附註:

(a) 於二零一八年十二月,本公司已向銀行債權人發行合共7,006,000,000股每股面值0.50港元的可轉換優先股,總額為3,503,000,000港元(相當於人民幣3,100,000,000股可轉換優先股由三類股份組成,即2,330,000,000股A類股份、2,330,000,000股B類股份及2,346,000,000股百無轉換別。轉換可轉換優先股的普通股可無轉讓限制,而自B類及C類可轉換優先股轉換的普通股分別有六個月和十二個月的禁售期。

可轉換優先股持有人無權於本公司任何股東大會投票,惟彼等有權出席該等大會。 彼等有權按照已轉換股份數目,與書通股 持有人享有同等地位收取任何股息。除上 持進者外東 這一個等權利。

於二零二二年及二零二三年十二月三十一日,概無可轉換優先股轉換為普通股。



# 綜合財務報表附註

# 14 Share-based payment — Group and Company

#### (a) Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme

Pursuant to a written resolution of the Shareholders dated 24 October 2010, selected employees were granted a total share options of 62,500,000 shares (the "Pre-IPO Share Options") under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme (the "Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme"). The exercise price per share under the Pre-IPO Share Options shall be equal to a 50% discount to the Offer Price (i.e. HKD4 per share, the exercise price of the outstanding share options granted was adjusted to HKD20 per consolidated share of HK0.50 each with effect from 29 March 2016). Each of the Pre-IPO Share Options has a 10-year exercisable period, from 19 November 2010 ("Old Grant Date"), and ending on the expiration of the tenth anniversary of the date of acceptance of the grant of options, on 26 October 2020. As at 31 December 2020, the number of outstanding share options granted was adjusted for the effect of share consolidation and no share options were vested and exercisable after the share consolidation adjustment. The Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme expired during the year ended 31 December 2020.

Commencing from the date on which trading in the shares of the Company first commenced on the Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, being 19 November 2010 ("Listing Date"), the expiry of first, second, third, and fourth anniversaries of the Listing Date, the relevant grantee might exercise options up to 20%, 40%, 60%, 80% and 100% respectively.

The fair value of the share options granted on 24 October 2010, determined using the binominal model (the "Model"), ranging from HKD4.38 to HKD5.17 per option. The significant inputs into the Model were the share price of HKD8 at the Listing Date, exercise price shown above, expected dividend yield rate of 1.32%, risk-free rate of 2.09%, an expected option life of ten years and expected volatility of 55.0%. The volatility measured was based on the average annualised standard deviations of the continuously compounded rates of return on the share prices of comparable companies with similar business operations.

### 14 以股份為基礎的支付 — 本集團及本公司

#### (a) 首次公開發售前購股權計 劃

根據日期為二零一零年十月二十四 日的股東書面決議案,特選僱員 獲授予首次公開發售前購股權計 劃(「首次公開發售前購股權計劃」) 項下合共62.500.000股股份的購股 權(「首次公開發售前購股權」)。 首次公開發售前購股權項下每 股股份的行使價較發售價折讓 50%(即每股4港元,自二零一六 年三月二十九日起已授出的未行 使購股權的行使價已調整為每股 面值0.50港元的每股合併股份20 港元)。每份首次公開發售前購股 權均有十年行使期,由二零一零 年十一月十九日(「舊授出日期」)起 至接納授出購股權第十週年當日 屆滿,即二零二零年十月二十六 日。於二零二零年十二月三十一 日,經股份合併調整後,未行使 購股權數目受股份合併影響而 調整及並無購股權已歸屬及可行 使。首次公開發售前購股權計劃 已於截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度屆滿。

由本公司股份開始於香港聯交所主板買賣當日,即二零一零年十一月十九日(「**上市日期**」)、上市日期第一、第二、第三及第四週年屆滿當日,有關承授人可能分別行使購股權的最多20%、40%、60%、80%及100%。

於二零一零年十月二十四日授出的購股權的公允值乃採用二項項模式(「模式」)釐定,每份購股權介乎4.38港元至5.17港元。模式的重要參數包括於上市日期股包息8港元、上述行使價、預期股息的之一,與一個人。 無風險利率2.09%、無風險利率2.09%、預期購股權年限十年及預期股份。 被幅乃根據經營類類條55.0%。 被幅乃根據經營類類後式回報率的平均年度標準偏差計量。



# 14 Share-based payment — Group and Company (Continued)

#### (b) Share Option Scheme

The Company conditionally approved and adopted a share option scheme on 24 October 2010 (the "Share Option Scheme"). The Share Option Scheme became unconditional on 19 November 2010 when the Company's shares were listed on the Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.

Pursuant to the written resolutions of the Directors dated 30 April 2012, selected employees were granted a total of 348,580,000 share options under the Share Option Scheme. The exercise price per share under the Share Option Scheme was HKD1.94 per share of HKD0.10 each (the exercise price of the outstanding share options granted was adjusted to HKD9.70 per consolidated share of HKD0.50 each with effect from 29 March 2016). No share option is exercisable prior to the first anniversary of 30 April 2012 (the "New Grant Date"). On each of the first, second, third, fourth and fifth anniversaries of the New Grant Date, a further 20% of the share options granted to the selected employees might be exercised, provided that no share option should be exercised after 30 April 2022. The Share Option Scheme expired during the year ended 31 December 2022.

The fair value of the share options granted on 30 April 2012, determined using the Model, ranged from HKD0.63 to HKD0.64 per option. The significant inputs into the Model were the share price of HKD1.94 at the New Grant Date, the exercise price shown above, expected dividend yield rate of 4.66%, risk-free rate of 1.14%, an expected option life of 10 years and expected volatility of 54.50%. The volatility measured was based on the average annualised standard deviations of the continuously compounded rates of return on the share prices of comparable companies with similar business operations.

# 14 以股份為基礎的支付 — 本集團及本公司 (續)

#### (b) 購股權計劃

本公司於二零一零年十月二十四日有條件批准及採納一項購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」)。購股權計劃於二零一零年十一月十九日本公司股份在香港聯交所主板上市起成為無條件。

根據日期為二零一二年四月三十 日的董事書面決議案,特選僱 員獲授予購股權計劃項下合共 348,580,000份購股權。購股權計 劃項下的每股行使價為每股面值 0.10港元的每股股份1.94港元(自 二零一六年三月二十九日起已授出 的未行使購股權的行使價已調整 為每股面值0.50港元的每股合併 股份9.70港元)。於二零一二年四 月三十日(「新授出日期」)起第一週 年前,概無購股權可予行使。由 新授出日期起第一、第二、第三、 第四及第五週年屆滿當日,獲授 購股權的特選僱員可能進一步行 使購股權的20%,惟二零二二年 四月三十日後不可行使購股權。 購股權計劃已於截至二零二二年 十二月三十一日止年度屆滿。

於二零一二年四月三十日授出的購股權的公允值乃採用模式產至0.64 每份購股權介乎0.63港元至0.64 港元。模式的重要參數包括元至於對稅出日期的股價1.94港元、在 按出日期的股價1.94港元、統分 使價、預期股息收益率4.66%、無 風險利率1.14%、預期購內。 國險利率1.14%、預期購內。 國際利率1.0年及預期波幅54.50%。 被軍的持續複式回報 股價的持續複式回報 度標準偏差計算。



# 綜合財務報表附註

# 14 Share-based payment — Group and Company (Continued) (b) Share Option Scheme (Continued)

# **14** 以股份為基礎的支付 — 本集團及本公司 (續)

(b) 購股權計劃(續)

		Average exercise price in HKD per share 每股港元	Number of share options
		平均行使價	<b>購股權數目</b> (thousands) (千份)
At 1 January 2022 Lapsed	於二零二二年一月一日 已失效	9.70 9.70	24,761 (24,761)
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	_	_

During the year ended 31 December 2022, no expense was recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for share options granted to directors and employees. No expense was recognised for the Pre-IPO Share Scheme or Share Option Scheme. The Group had no legal or constructive obligations to repurchase or settle the options in cash. In addition, the share options granted to certain directors and employees were lapsed during the year ended 31 December 2022, and respective share options reserve of RMB12,763,000 was transferred to the Group's accumulated losses.



#### 15 Other reserves

## 15 其他儲備

		Share based		
		payment	Translation	
		reserve	reserve	Total
		以股份為基礎 的支付儲備	匯兑儲備	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At 1 January 2022	於二零二二年一月一日	12,763	72,686	85,449
Exchange difference on translation	換算海外營運的匯兑差異		54.004	5/004
of foreign operations		(40 5 (0)	56,081	56,081
Lapse of employee share options	僱員購股權失效 ————————————————————————————————————	(12,763)	_	(12,763)
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年			
	十二月三十一日	_	128,767	128,767
At 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日	_	128,767	128,767
Exchange difference on translation	換算海外營運的匯兑差異			
of foreign operations		<b>-</b>	6,816	6,816
AL 04 D	→一兩一一左			
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年		405 500	105 500
	十二月三十一日	_	135,583	135,583

# 16 Trade and Other Payables

## 16 應付賬款及其他應付款 項

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		31 December	
		十二月三十一日	
		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Trade payables	應付賬款	257,581	265,185
Other payables	其他應付款項	207,001	200,.00
— Third parties	- 第三方	47,668	42,537
<ul><li>Related parties</li></ul>	- 關聯方	77,936	73,208
Contract liabilities (note a)	合約負債(附註a)	_	3,818
Receipt in advances (note b)	預收賬款(附註b)	26,489	26,184
Accrued expenses	應計開支		
Payroll and welfare	- 工資及福利	25,434	27,919
<ul><li>Interest</li></ul>	— 利息	907,037	675,560
— Custodian fee	- 託管費	26,521	26,521
— Others	- 其他	12,690	12,299
— Other tax-related payables	- 其他税務相關		
	應付款項	17,248	18,092
	- / l pp +/ pp   1/ / / - / / /		
Total trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付款項		
	總額	1,398,604	1,171,323



# 綜合財務報表附註

### 16 Trade and Other Payables (Continued)

# At 31 December 2023 and 2022, the ageing analysis of the trade payables based on invoice date were as follows:

### 16 應付賬款及其他應付款 項(續)

於二零二三年及二零二二年十二月 三十一日,基於發票日期的應付賬款 的賬齡分析如下:

		<b>31 December</b> 十二月三十一日	
		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		— <del>▼</del> —	— <del>₹</del> — — + RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
0–30 days	0至30天	2,165	1,037
31–60 days	31至60天	433	240
61–90 days	61至90天	244	502
Over 90 days	超過90天	254,739	263,406
	, _ , _ , _ ,		
		257,581	265,185
Notes:		附註:	
(a) Movements in contract liabilities:		(a) 合約負債變動:	
		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Balance at 1 January	於一月一日的結餘	3,818	7,682
Decrease in contract liabilities as a result of	年內確認收益導致的合約		
recognising revenue during the year	負債減少	_	(3,864)
Return to customer during the year	年內向客戶退款	(3,818)	
Balance at 31 December	於十二月三十一日的結餘	_	3,818

#### (b) Receipts in advance

Receipts in advance mainly included an amount of RMB25,650,000 received by Nantong Zhuosheng in relation to a sales agreement to dispose of certain machinery and equipment (the "Assets to be Disposed") to an independent third party. Since the Assets to be Disposed had been pledged by Nantong Zhuosheng to a financial institution for the borrowing owed by the Disposal Group, the Assets to be Disposed are not available for immediate sale and the transaction is not yet completed as at 31 December 2023 and 2022. As a result, the disposal proceeds received from the purchaser is included in receipts in advance as at 31 December 2023 and 2022.

#### (b) 預收賬款

預收賬款主要包括有關向獨立第三方出售若干機器及設備(「將出售資產」)的銷售協議而自南通焯晟收取的人民幣25,650,000元。由於將出售資產已由南通焯晟就其結欠出售集團的借款抵押予金融機構,因此將出售資產未能即時出售,而該交易於二零二三年及二零二二年十二月三十一日的預收賬款。



## 16 Trade and Other Payables (Continued)

## 16 應付賬款及其他應付款 項<sub>(續)</sub>

The carrying amount of trade and other payables are denominated in the following currencies:

應付賬款及其他應付款項的賬面值乃 以下列貨幣列值:

		31 December	
		十二月三十	一日
		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
RMB	人民幣	46,754	48,071
USD	美元	381,245	387,308
HKD	港元	970,605	735,944
		1,398,604	1,171,323

### 17 Borrowings

### 17 借款

Total borrowings	借款總額	3,934,716	3,829,777	
		1,698,902	1,534,292	
Other borrowings	其他借款	53,280	56,055	
Promissory notes	承兑票據	1,303,223	1,145,515	
a financial institution	7 V # 15	342,399	332,722	
Borrowings from	金融機構借款			
Current	即期			
		2,235,814	2,295,485	
,		· · ·		
Promissory notes	承兑票據	1,144,342	1,227,729	
Other borrowings	其他借款	1,091,472	1,067,756	
Non-current	非即期			
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	
		二零二三年	二零二二年	
		2023	2022	
		十二月三十一日		
		31 December		
Doi i ownigs				



# 綜合財務報表附註

### 17 Borrowings (Continued)

Borrowings amounting to RMB2,297,495,000 as at 31 December 2023 (2022: RMB2,232,112,000) were secured by guarantee from certain shareholders of the Company and the related parties and share capital of certain related parties.

As at 31 December 2023, borrowings of the Group amounted to RMB3,934,716,000 (2022: RMB3,829,777,000), out of which RMB1,569,065,000 (2022: RMB1,524,448,000) were overdue, while borrowings of the Group amounting to RMB8,618,000 triggered cross-default terms as at 31 December 2023 and 2022 and became immediately repayable. Total overdue interest payables of the Group amounted to RMB907,037,000 (2022: RMB675,560,000) as at 31 December 2023. As at the date of the approval of these consolidated financial statements, the Group has not obtained waivers to comply with these cross-default terms from the relevant lenders; nor have these lenders taken any action against the Group to demand immediate repayment.

The Group's borrowings are repayable as follows:

### 17 借款 (續)

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,借款人民幣2,297,495,000元(二零二二年:人民幣2,232,112,000元)由本公司若干股東及關聯方提供的擔保及若干關聯方的股本作抵押。

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團 的借款為人民幣3,934,716,000元(二零 二二年:人民幣3,829,777,000元),其中 人民幣1,569,065,000元(二零二二年:人 民幣1.524.448.000元)已逾期,而於二 零二三年及二零二二年十二月三十一日 本集團借款人民幣8,618,000元觸發交 叉 違 約 條款, 並 須 立 即 僧 還。 於 二零 二三年十二月三十一日,本集團的逾 期應付利息總額為人民幣907,037,000元 (二零二二年:人民幣675,560,000元)。 於該等綜合財務報表獲批准日期,本 集團尚未獲得相關借款人遵守這些交 叉違約條款之豁免;該等借款人並無 對本集團採取任何行動要求立即償還 款項。

本集團借款的還款時間如下:

		31 December	
		十二月三十	一日
		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Within 1 year	一年內	1,698,902	1,534,292
Between 1 and 2 years	一至二年	2,235,814	2,295,485
		3,934,716	3,829,777

The Group's borrowings repayable based on the scheduled repayment dates is the same as the above table.

The carrying amounts of the non-current borrowings approximate their fair values.

本集團借款的還款時間按計劃還款日 期與上表相同。

非即期借款的賬面值與其公允值相若。



## 17 Borrowings (Continued)

## 17 借款(續)

The carrying amounts of the borrowings are denominated in the following currencies:

借款的賬面值乃以下列貨幣計值:

		31 December	
		十二月三十	一日
		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
RMB	人民幣	124,112	115,993
HKD	港元	2,838,763	2,764,241
USD	美元	971,841	949,543
		3,934,716	3,829,777

The exposure of the Group's borrowings to interest-rate changes and the contractual repricing dates are as follows:

本集團借款面臨的利率變動及合約重 新定價日期風險如下:

		31 Decem	hor
		十二月三十	
		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
6 months or less	六個月或之內	1,574,790	1,524,448
6–12 months	六至十二個月	124,112	9,844
1-5 years	一至五年	2,235,814	2,295,485
		3,934,716	3,829,777



# 綜合財務報表附註

### 17 Borrowings (Continued)

### 17 借款(續)

The Group has the following undrawn borrowing facilities:

本集團有以下未提取借款融資:

31 December

十二月三十一日

2023

2022

二零二三年

二零二二年

**RMB'000** 

RMB'000

人民幣千元

人民幣千元

Expiring within one year Expiring beyond one year 一年內到期 一年後到期

957,335

928,668

957,335

928,668

The effective interest rates and details of borrowings at the date of the consolidated statement of financial position are as follows:

於綜合財務狀況表日期之實際利率及 借款詳情如下:

31 December

十二月三十一日

2023

二零二三年

2022 二零二二年

Borrowings from a financial

institution

Promissory notes 承兑票據

Other borrowings (excluding interest-free loans)

金融機構借款

其他借款

7.97%

7.97%

7.00%

7.00%

5.00%

5.00%

31 December

十二月三十一日

2023

2022

二零二三年 RMB'000 二零二二年

RMB'000

人民幣千元

人民幣千元

Gross debt — fixed interest rate

債務總額 - 固定利率 Gross debt - variable interest rate 債務總額 - 浮動利率

(不包括免息貸款)

3,592,317 342,399

3,497,055 332,722

#### Borrowings from a financial institution

Borrowings from a financial institution of RMB342,399,000 (2022: RMB332,722,000) is overdue and immediately repayable.

#### 金融機構借款

金融機構借款人民幣342,399,000元(二 零二二年:人民幣332,722,000元)已逾 期且應立即償還。



# 綜合財務報表附註

# 17 Borrowings (Continued) Other borrowings

Less: Non-current portion

# **17** 借款 (續) 其他借款

31 December 十二月三十一日

2023	2022
二零二三年	二零二二年
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元

Loans from an entity controlled by a close family member of Mr. Zhang Zhi Rong (Note i) Loan from an entity controlled by Mr. Zhang Zhi Rong (Notes ii and	來自張志熔先生一名近親 控制的實體的貸款 (附註i) 來自張志熔先生控制的 實體的貸款	330,717	328,427
iii) Loan from a third party (Note iv)	(附註ii及iii) 來自第三方的貸款	766,480	749,173
	(附註iv)	47,555	46,211
		1,144,752	1,123,811

減: 非即期部分

Current portion of other borrowings 其他借款之即期部分

**53,280** 56,055

(1,067,756)

#### Notes:

- (i) As at 31 December 2023, the Group has drawn down RMB370,118,000 (2022: RMB371,372,000) from an entity controlled by a close family member of Mr. Zhang Zhi Rong. As at 31 December 2023, the carrying amount is RMB330,717,000 (2022: RMB328,427,000) and it is repayable in December 2025.
- (iii) As at 31 December 2023, the Group has drawn down USD119,951,000 (2022: USD119,728,000) (equivalent to approximately RMB851,390,000), in total from the loan facility, provided by an entity controlled by Mr. Zhang Zhi Rong, who agreed to provide a loan facility up to USD250,000,000 (2022: same) (equivalent to approximately RMB1,774,450,000) to the Group for the funding of repayment of the secured bank loan, the oilfield exploration and operation, and the general working capital of the Group. As at 31 December 2023, the carrying amount of this loan facility is RMB760,755,000 (2022: RMB739,328,000) and it is payable by 31 December 2025.
- (iii) As of 31 December 2023, the Group has drawn down RMB5,725,000 (2022: RMB9,844,000) from the loan facility provided by an entity controlled by a close family member of Mr. Zhang Zhi Rong, who agreed to provide a loan facility up to RMB40,000,000 to the Group for the funding in respect of the energy exploration and production segment.
- (iv) During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Company has drawn down USD6,700,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB47,555,000 loan from an independent third party at 5% per annum and is overdue and immediately repayable (2022: USD6,700,000).

#### 附註:

(i) 於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團 從張志熔先生近親所控制的實體提取 人民幣370,118,000元(二零二二年:人民 幣371,372,000元)。於二零二三年十二月 三十一日,賬面值為人民幣330,717,000元 (二零二二年:人民幣328,427,000元),須於 二零二五年十二月償還。

(1,091,472)

- (ii) 於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團從張志熔先生所控制實體提供的貸款融資提取共119,951,000美元(二零二二年:119,728,000美元)(相當於約人民幣851,390,000元)・該實體同意向本集團提供不多於250,000,000美元(二零二二年:相同)(相當於約人民幣1,774,450,000元)的貸款融資,為償還有抵押銀行貸款、油田勘探及經營及本集團一般營運資金提供資金。於二零二三年十二月三十一日,該貸款融資賬面值為人民幣760,755,000元(二零二二年:人民幣739,328,000元)・須於二零二五年十二月三十一日之前償還。
- (iii) 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團已從張志熔先生近親所控制的實體提供的貸款融資提取人民幣5,725,000元(二零二二年:人民幣9,844,000元),該實體同意向本集團提供不多於人民幣40,000,000元的貸款融資,為本集團的能源勘探及生產板塊提供資金。
- (iv) 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司從一名獨立第三方提供的貸款提取6,700,000美元(相當於約人民幣47,555,000元),該貸款按年利率5%計息且已逾期及應立即償還(二零二二年:6,700,000美元)。



### 17 Borrowings (Continued) **Promissory Notes**

### 17 借款(續) 承兑票據

		RMB'000   人民幣千元
For the year ended 31 December 2022	截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止 年度	
Opening amount as at 1 January 2022	於二零二二年一月一日的期初金額	2,209,229
Repayment	還款	(2,444)
Imputed interest	估算利息	(8,119)
Exchange difference	匯兑差異	174,578
Closing amount as at 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日的 期末金額	2,373,244
For the year ended 31 December 2023	截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止 年度	
Opening amount as at 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日的期初金額	2,373,244
Imputed interest	估算利息	8,119
Exchange difference	匯兑差異	66,202
Closing amount as at 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日的	
	期末金額	2,447,565



#### 18 Deferred tax liabilities

## 18 遞延税項負債

The following are the deferred tax liabilities recognised and movements thereon during the year:

以下遞延税項負債於年內確認及變動:

		Fair value adjustments on acquisitions 收購事項 公允值調整 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日	57,807
Credited to profit or loss	計入損益	(2,205)
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日	55,602
		Fair value adjustments on acquisitions 收購事項 公允值調整 RMB'000 人民幣千元
		7 ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )
At 1 January 2022 Credited to profit or loss	於二零二二年一月一日 計入損益	60,013 (2,206)



# 綜合財務報表附註

## 19 Expenses by nature

## 19 按性質劃分的開支

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷(附註8)		
(Note 8)		1,278	1,259
Auditors' remuneration	核數師酬金		
— audit services	- 核數服務	2,944	2,604
Bank charges	銀行收費	83	34
Consultancy and professional fees	諮詢及專業費用	6,184	8,251
Cost directly associated with	與存貨直接相關的成本		
inventories		3,856	9,492
Depreciation of property, plant	物業、廠房及設備及		
and equipment and right-of-use	使用權資產折舊		
assets (Notes 6 and 7)	(附註6及7)	30,139	31,481
Employee benefits expenses	僱員福利開支	26,244	23,376
Insurance premiums	保險費	909	536
Provision for impairment losses	應收賬款減值虧損撥備		
on trade receivables		3,110	1,506
Other expenses	其他開支	19,796	20,331
Total cost of sales, selling and	銷售成本、銷售及市場		
marketing expenses, general	推廣開支、一般及		
and administrative expenses	行政費用總額	94,543	98,870

# 20 Employee benefits expenses (including directors' emoluments)

# 20 僱員福利開支(包括董事薪酬)

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Salaries and wages	薪金及工資	24,060	21,441
Social security costs	社會保障成本	2,151	1,868
Contribution to pension plans	退休金計劃供款	33	67
		26,244	23,376



# 20 Employee benefits expenses (including directors' emoluments)

#### (Continued)

#### (a) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 are five directors (2022: Five directors). The emoluments of the five directors (2022: Five directors) are reflected in the analysis presented in Note 25.

- **(b)** During the year ended 31 December 2023, no directors or the five highest paid individuals received any emoluments from the Group as an inducement to join, upon joining the Group, leave the Group or as compensation for loss of office (2022: Same).
- The Group provides retirement benefits to all eligible Hong Kong employees under the Mandatory Provident Fund ("MPF Scheme"). Under the MPF Scheme, the Group and its employees make monthly contributions to the MPF Scheme at 5% of the employees' salaries as defined under the Mandatory Provident Fund legislation. Contributions of both the Hong Kong subsidiaries and their employees are subject to a maximum of HK\$1,500 per month and thereafter contributions are voluntary and are not subject to any limitation. The MPF Scheme is administered by an independent trustee and its assets are held separately from those of the Group.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group had no forfeited contributions under the retirement benefits scheme utilised to reduce future contributions (2022: Same). As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, there was no forfeited contribution available to reduce the contributions payable in the future years.

# 20 僱員福利開支(包括董事薪酬)(續)

#### (a) 五位最高薪酬人士

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日 止年度,本集團五位最高薪酬人 士為五名董事(二零二二年:五名 董事)。該五名董事(二零二二年: 五名董事)的酬金於附註25之分析 中反映。

- (b) 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日 止年度,本集團概無為吸引董事 或五位最高薪酬人士加盟或在彼 等加盟或離開本集團時或以離職 補償為由向彼等支付任何酬金(二 零二二年:相同)。

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日 止年度,本集團概無根據用於減 少未來供款的退休福利計劃沒收 供款(二零二二年:相同)。於二零 二三年及二零二二年十二月三十一 日,概無可用於減少未來年度應 付供款的沒收供款。



# 綜合財務報表附註

# 20 Employee benefits expenses (including directors' emoluments)

(Continued)

#### (C) (Continued)

#### Long service payment obligations

Pursuant to the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance, the Group has the obligation to pay long service payment ("LSP") to qualifying employees in Hong Kong upon retirement, subject to a minimum of 5 years' employment period, based on the formula of "last monthly wages (before termination of employment)  $\times$  2/3  $\times$  years of service". Last monthly wage is capped at HK\$22,500 while the amount of long service payment shall not exceed HK\$390,000. This obligation is accounted for as a post — employment defined benefit plan. The Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance permits the withdrawal of accrued benefits derived from an employer's MPF contributions for the purpose of offsetting LSP payable to an employee under the Employment Ordinance. The LSP obligation, if any, is presented on a net basis.

The Employment and Retirement Schemes Legislation (Offsetting Arrangement) (Amendment) Ordinance 2022 (the "Amendment Ordinance") was gazetted in June 2022 and will take effect on 1 May 2025 (the "Transition Date"). Under the Amended Ordinance, accrued benefits derived from an employer's mandatory MPF contributions after the Transition Date can only be applied to offset the pre-Transition Date LSP obligation but no longer eligible to offset the post Transition Date LSP obligation. Furthermore, the LSP obligation before the Transition Date will be calculated based on the last monthly wages immediately preceding the Transition Date.

The Group has not accounted for the offsetting mechanism owing to immateriality and its abolition as disclosed in note 2.1(c).

# 20 僱員福利開支(包括董事薪酬)(續)

#### (c) (續)

#### 長期服務金責任

根據香港僱傭條例,本集團有責任在香港合資格僱員退休時員退休時員退休時員退休時員退休時受限於受僱期至少為5年,(長期服務金」),計終最一個月的工資上限為22,500港元長期服務金配費金額。此項責任作為制度。與期服務金。此項責任有數,過職公積金供款僱傭條例有數,與實施與實施。是期服務金。長期服務金。長期服務金。長期服務金。長期服務金。長期服務金。長期服務金。長期服務金。有)按淨額列報。

誠如附註2.1(c)所述,由於對沖機 制不重要且已取消,本集團未對 其進行會計處理。



### 21 Other gains — net

### 21 其他收益 — 淨額

		2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Net foreign exchange gain (Note 24)	外匯收益淨額(附註24)	2,891	11,322
(Loss)/gain on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及		
plant and equipment	設備的(虧損)/收益	(1,243)	42
Loss on deregistration of	註銷附屬公司的虧損		
subsidiaries (Note)	(附註)	(1,594)	
		54	11,364

Note: During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group deregistered the wholly-owned subsidiaries, 新疆華榮海嘉能源有限公司 Xinjiang Huarong Haija Energy Co., Ltd. ("Xinjiang Huarong") and 舟山殊榮石油化工有限公司 Zhoushan Shurong Petrochemical Co., Ltd. ("Zhoushan Shurong") that had been inactive. Upon the deregistration, the corresponding net assets (mainly included other receivables of RMB1,571,000) of Xinjiang Huarong amounted to RMB1,622,000 and net liabilities (mainly included accrued expenses of RMB31,000) of Zhoushan Shurong amounted to RMB28,000 were derecognised, the net impact of RMB1,594,000 was recognised in profit or loss.

附註: 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團註銷全資附屬公司新疆華榮海 嘉能源有限公司(「新疆華榮」)及舟山殊

暴能源有限公司([新疆華樂])及丹山殊榮 第石油化工有限公司([舟山殊榮]),彼 等並無業務活動。於註銷後,新疆華榮 的相應資產淨值(主要包括其他應收款 項人民幣1,571,000元)人民幣1,622,000元 及舟山殊榮的負債淨額(主要包括應計 開支人民幣31,000元)人民幣28,000元被 終止確認,淨影響人民幣1,594,000元於 損益內確認。

### 22 NET FINANCE COSTS

### 22 融資成本淨額

Net finance costs	融資成本淨額	347,786	521,556
Net foreign exchange loss (Note 24)	外匯虧損淨額(附註24)	128,378	343,702
(income)	淨額	468	(26,998)
Net imputed interest expense/	估算利息開支/(收入)		
<ul><li>Promissory notes</li></ul>	- 承兑票據	169,653	157,569
<ul><li>Borrowings</li></ul>	一借款	49,287	47,283
Interest expenses	利息開支		
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		2023	2022



# 綜合財務報表附註

#### 23 Income tax

Income tax expense of RMB1,608,000 (2022: RMB3,557,000) represents provision for EIT in the PRC for the year of RMB3,813,000 (2022: RMB5,763,000) net off by deferred tax credit of RMB2,205,000 (2022: RMB2,206,000).

No Hong Kong profits tax has been provided for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 as the Group had no assessable profit in Hong Kong. All PRC subsidiaries and Kyrgyzstan subsidiary are subject to EIT rates of 2.5%, 25% and 10%, respectively.

The tax on the Group's results before tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the weighted average tax rate applicable to results of the consolidated entities as follows:

#### 23 所得税

年內,所得稅開支人民幣1,608,000元 (二零二二年:人民幣3,557,000元)指就 中國企業所得稅人民幣3,813,000元(二 零二二年:人民幣5,763,000元)扣除遞 延稅項抵免人民幣2,205,000元(二零 二二年:人民幣2,206,000元)作出的撥 備。

由於本集團並無在香港產生應課税利潤,故於截至二零二三年及二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度並無就香港利得稅作出撥備。所有中國附屬公司及吉爾吉斯附屬公司須分別按2.5%、25%及10%的企業所得稅稅率繳稅。

本集團除稅前業績的稅項有別於採用 綜合實體業績所適用的加權平均稅率 產生的理論金額,如下所示:

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Loss before income tax	除所得税前虧損	(523,512)	(667,327)
Tax calculated at domestic tax rates	按有關公司溢利所適用的		
applicable to profit of respective	國內税率計算的税項		
companies		(89,610)	(111,144)
Income not subject to tax	毋須課税收入	_	(3,568)
Expenses not deductible for tax	不可扣税開支		
purposes		90,110	118,855
Effect of tax losses not recognised	未確認税項虧損的影響	1,108	(586)
		1,608	3,557

As at 31 December 2023, the Group has unused tax losses of approximately RMB545,498,000 (2022: approximately RMB538,808,000) available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax has been recognised in respect of such losses due to unpredictability of future profit streams. The tax losses in Hong Kong may carry forward indefinitely. The unrecognized tax losses in the PRC and Kyrgyzstan will expire from 2023 to 2027.

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團有未動用税項虧損約人民幣545,498,000元(二零二二年:約人民幣538,808,000元)可用於抵銷未來利潤來源難以預測,故並無就該等虧損確認遞延税項。香港的税項虧損可無限期結轉。中國及吉爾吉斯的未確認税項虧損將於二零二三年至二零二七年屆滿。



### 24 Net foreign exchange gains

### 24 外匯收益淨額

The exchange differences credited in the profit or loss are included as follows:

計入損益的匯兑差異如下:

20232022二零二三年二零二二年RMB'000RMB'000人民幣千元人民幣千元

Net foreign exchange gain taken to:納入的外匯收益淨額:Other gains — net [Note 21]其他收益一淨額(附註21)2,89111,322Finance costs [Note 22]融資成本(附註22)(128,378)[343,702]

**(125,487)** (332,380)

#### 25 Benefits and interest of directors

#### (a) Directors' emoluments

The emoluments of every director are set out below:

For the year ended 31 December 2023:

# 25 董事利益及權益

#### (a) 董事薪酬

每名董事薪酬載列如下:

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日 止年度:

Emoluments paid or payable in respect of a person's services as a director, whether of the Company or its subsidiary undertaking 就個人(不論是於本公司或其附屬公司)擔任董事職務已付或應付薪酬

林長茂	217							217
周展		-	-	-	-	-	-	217
		-	-	-	-	-	-	217
獨立非執行董事								
朱文花	-	1,200	-	-	46	-	-	1,246
洪樑[i]	-	715	-	-	138	-	_	853
牛建民()	_	1,549	_	_	56	_	_	1,605
- 麥 - 二午								
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	袍金		酌情花紅					總計
					現休福利計劃	就接幼苗重職務		
				机配位加油				
	Fee		bonuses	payment	benefit scheme	office as director		Total
			,					
		housing allowances,		value of	contribution to a	or receivable in	the Company or	
		Basic salaries,		Estimated money	Employer's	Emoluments paid	of the affairs of	
							the management	
							connection with	
							other services in	
	洪樑(1) 朱文花 獨立非執行董事 王錫連 周展	人民幣千元 零二三年 執行董事  中建民的 演校II 法校II	housing allowances, other allowance and benefit-in-kind 基本基金。住原津贴及 性原津贴及 概念 课物对益 课物对益 课价2000 人民幣千元	Housing allowances, other allowance and benefit-in-kind 基本薪金。位原津贴及 接触 實施 数据 数据 数据数据 数据数据数据数据数据数据数据数据数据数据数据数据数据数	Nousing allowances, other allowances, other allowance and bonuses   payment	housing allowances, other allowance and other allowance and payment   benefit scheme	Note	Basic salaries, housing allowances, other all





#### 25 Benefits and interest of directors

### 25 董事利益及權益(續)

(Continued)

#### (a) Directors' emoluments (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2022:

#### (a) 董事薪酬(續)

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日 止年度:

Emoluments paid or payable in respect of a person's services as a director, whether of the Company or its subsidiary undertaking 就個人(不論是於本公司或其附屬公司)擔任董事職房已付或應付薪酬

								Emoluments paid	
								or receivable in	
								respect of director's	
								other services in	
								connection with	
								the management	
			Basic salaries,		Estimated money	Employer's	Emoluments paid	of the affairs of	
			housing allowances,		value of	contribution to a	or receivable in	the Company or	
			other allowance and	Discretionary	share based	retirement	respect of accepting	its subsidiary	
		Fee	benefit-in-kind	bonuses	payment	benefit scheme	office as director	undertaking	Total
			基本薪金、					就管理本公司或	
			住房津貼、		以股份為基礎			其附屬公司事務的	
			其他津貼及		的支付	退休福利計劃	就接納董事職務	董事其他服務	
		袍金	實物利益	酌情花紅	估計金錢價值	的僱主供款	已付或應收薪酬	已付或應收薪酬	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	= -								
2022	二零二二年								
Executive directors	執行董事								
Niu Jianmin (i)	牛建民(1)	-	1,514	-	-	59	-	-	1,573
Hong Liang (i)	洪樑间	-	1,144	-	-	127	-	-	1,271
Zhu Wen Hua	朱文花	-	1,200	-	-	134	-	-	1,334
Chen Qiang (i)	陳強(i)	-	667	-	-	13	-	-	680
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事								
Wang Jin Lian	王錦連	208	_	-	-	-	-	_	208
Zhou Zhan	周展	208	_	-	-	-	-	_	208
Lam Cheung Mau	林長茂	208	_	-	-	-	-	_	208
Total emoluments	總薪配	624	4,525	_	_	333	_	_	5,482

#### Note:

(i) On 23 October 2022, Mr. Chen Qiang retired as the chairman of the Board, executive Director and chief executive officer, and the current executive Directors, Mr. Niu Jianmin and Mr. Hong Liang were appointed as the chairman of the Board and chief executive officer respectively.

#### 附註:

[i] 於二零二二年十月二十三日,陳強先 生退任董事會主席、執行董事和首 席執行官。現任執行董事牛建民先 生和洪樑先生分別獲委任為董事會 主席和首席執行官。



# 綜合財務報表附註

#### 25 Benefits and interest of directors

(Continued)

# (b) Directors' retirement benefits and termination benefits

None of the directors received or will receive any retirement benefits or termination benefits during the year (2022: Nil).

# (c) Consideration provided to third parties for making available directors' services

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Company did not pay consideration to any third parties for making available directors' services (2022: Nil).

# (d) Information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favour of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with such directors

There are no loans, quasi-loans and other dealing in favour of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with such directors (2022: Nil).

# (e) Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

No significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Group's business to which the Group was a party and in which a director of the Group had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year (2022: Nil).

#### 25 董事利益及權益(續)

#### (b) 董事的退休福利及終止僱 用福利

年內,概無董事曾或將獲得任何 退休福利或終止僱用福利(二零 二二年:無)。

#### (c) 就提供董事服務而向第三 方提供的代價

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日 止年度,本公司概無就提供董事 服務而向任何第三方支付的代價 (二零二二年:無)。

# (d) 以董事、受該等董事所控制的法團及該等董事的關連實體為受益人的貸款、 準貸款及其他交易資料

概無以董事、受該等董事所控制 的法團及該等董事的關連實體為 受益人的貸款、準貸款及其他交 易(二零二二年:無)。

#### (e) 董事在交易、安排或合約 之重大權益

本集團概無訂立與本集團業務有關,而本集團董事於此直接或間接擁有重大權益且於年末或年內任何時間存在之重大交易、安排及合約(二零二二年:無)。



# 綜合財務報表附註

### 26 Loss per share

#### (a) Basic loss per share

Basic loss per share is calculated by dividing the results attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

## 26 每股虧損

#### (a) 每股基本虧損

每股基本虧損的計算方法為將本 公司權益持有人應佔業績除以年 內已發行普通股的加權平均數。

2023	2022
二零二三年	二零二二年
RMB	RMB
人民幣元	人民幣元

#### (b) Diluted loss per share

Diluted loss per share for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 is equal to basic loss per share as there was no dilutive potential ordinary shares in issue.

# (c) Reconciliations of loss used in calculating loss per share

#### (b) 每股攤薄虧損

截至二零二三年及二零二二年十二 月三十一日止年度,每股攤薄虧 損與每股基本虧損相等,乃由於 並無已發行潛在攤薄普通股。

#### (c) 用以計算每股虧損之虧損 對賬

 2023
 2022

 二零二三年
 二零二二年

 RMB'000
 RMB'000

 人民幣千元
 人民幣千元

Basic and diluted loss per share 每股基本及攤薄虧損
Loss attributable to equity 本公司權益持有人
holders of the Company 應佔虧損 (526,427)

(682,741)



# 綜合財務報表附註

### 26 Loss per share (Continued)

# (d) Weighted average number of shares used as the denominator

### 26 每股虧損(續)

(d) 用作分母之加權平均股份 數目

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the denominator in calculating earnings per share	於計算每股盈利時用作分 母之普通股 加權平均數目	4,770,491,507	4,770,491,507
Adjustment for calculating earnings per share:  — Convertible preference	計算每股盈利的調整: - 可轉換優先股		
share		7,006,000,000	7,006,000,000
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the denominator in calculating	於計算每股盈利時用作 分母之普通股加權 平均數目		
earnings per share		11,776,491,507	11,776,491,507

#### 27 Dividends

# The Board has resolved not to declare for the payment of final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2023 (2022: Nil).

董事會已決議不派發截至二零二三年 十二月三十一日止年度之末期股息(二 零二二年:無)。

27 股息



# 綜合財務報表附註

2023

2022

# 28 Notes to the consolidated statement of cash flows

### 28 綜合現金流量表附註

(a) Cash generated from operations

#### (a) 經營所得現金

		_ = _ = = =	ZUZZ
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Loss before income tax	除所得税前虧損	(523,512)	(667,327)
Adjustments for:	對以下各項作出調整:		
<ul> <li>Loss on deregistration of</li> </ul>	- 註銷附屬公司的虧損	4.50/	
subsidiaries	/m T/ 次 文 株 △/ / 『/ → ~)	1,594	_
— Amortisation of intangible	-無形資產攤銷(附註8)	4.000	4.050
assets (Note 8)	LC ** (	1,278	1,259
— Depreciation (Notes 6 and 7)	-折舊(附註6及7)	30,139	31,481
<ul> <li>Provision for restoration cost</li> </ul>	- 恢復成本撥備	377	360
<ul> <li>Provision for impairment</li> </ul>	- 應收賬款減值虧損撥備		
losses on trade receivables		3,110	1,506
<ul> <li>Net imputed interest expense/</li> </ul>	- 估算利息開支/(收入)		
(income)(Note 22)	淨額(附註22)	468	(26,998)
<ul> <li>Interest expenses (Note 22)</li> </ul>	- 利息開支(附註22)	218,940	204,852
<ul><li>Loss/(gain) on disposal</li></ul>	- 出售物業、廠房及		
of property, plant and	設備的虧損/(收益)		
equipment	(附註21)		
(Note 21)		1,243	[42]
<ul> <li>Net foreign exchange gain</li> </ul>	- 外匯收益淨額	125,487	332,380
Change in provision for financial	財務擔保合約的撥備變動	122,121	,
guarantee contracts		163,917	163,917
Changes in working capital:	營運資金變動:	,,,,,,	100,717
— Inventories	- 存貨	2,006	(676)
— Trade receivables,	- r g - 應收賬款、其他應收款項	2,000	(070)
other receivables and	及預付款項 及預付款項		
	<u> </u>	2 200	10.070
prepayments	<b>萨</b>	2,298	12,940
— Trade and other payables	- 應付賬款及其他應付款項	(16,495)	(23,114)
Cash generated from operations	經營所得現金	10,850	30,538
Interest paid	已付利息	_	_
Income tax paid	已付所得税	(3,813)	(8,634)
Cash generated from operations	經營所得現金	7,037	21,904



### 28 Notes to the consolidated statement of cash flows (Continued)

#### (b) Net debt reconciliation

Movements in net debt for the years ended 31 December

### 28 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

#### (b) 債務淨額對賬

截至二零二二年及二零二三年十二 月三十一日止年度的債務淨額變 動:

			Other assets 其他資產	Liabilities fro activ 融資活	ities	
			Cash and bank	Borrowings and advances due within	Borrowings due after	
			balances 現金及	1 year 一年內到期	1 year 一年後到期	Total
			<b>銀行結餘</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>的借款及墊款</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>的借款</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>總計</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元
Ne	t debt as at 1 January 2022	於二零二二年				
0-	-l- fl	一月一日的債務淨額 現金流	23,883	(1,417,415)	(2,162,674)	(3,556,206)
	sh flow reign exchange movement	外匯變動	(13,065) 3,765	2,444 (119,321)	18,762 (178,571)	8,141 (294,127)
	ner non-cash movement	其他非現金變動(附註i)	3,703	(117,021)	(170,371)	(2/4,12/)
	Note i)	八日月初並又為(旧在)	_	_	26,998	26,998
					<u> </u>	
Ne	t debt as at 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月				
		三十一日的債務淨額	14,583	(1,534,292)	(2,295,485)	(3,815,194)
	sh flow	現金流	(12,720)	4,282	7,408	(1,030)
	reign exchange movement	外匯變動	280	(44,780)	(71,381)	(115,881)
	ner non-cash movement	其他非現金變動(附註ii)		(427, 442)	122 ///	(//0)
	Note ii)		<u>_</u>	(124,112)	123,644	(468)
Ne	t debt as at 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月 三十一日的債務淨額	2,143	(1,698,902)	(2,235,814)	(3,932,573)
			·			
Note	S:			附 註:		
(i)		s during 2022 mainly incluc due to imputed interest incom		要包	零二二年,其他 括免息貸款的指 少人民幣26,998,	主算利息收入導
(ii) Other non-cash movements during 2023 mainly include (i increase of RMB468,000 due to imputed interest expens interest-free loans; and (ii) reclassification of a promissory amounted to RMB124,112,000 from non-current to current.			e of	要包 導致 人民	零二三年,其他括(i)免息貸款的增加人民幣468 幣124,112,000元6 重新分類至流動	]推算利息開支 ,000元;及(ii)將 內承兑票據從非



# 綜合財務報表附註

### 29 Financial guarantee contracts

The Group has provided guarantees to certain financial institutions in the PRC in respect of borrowings owed by the Disposal Group (the "Relevant Guarantees"). Under these quarantee contracts, the Company is required to make payments to the financial institutions should the Disposal Group default on the borrowings and claims are made against the Group. As at 31 December 2023, the Relevant Guarantees provided by the Company to the Disposal Group that were still in the process of being discharged or released amounted to RMB6,021.8 million (31 December 2022: RMB5,827.9 million), inclusive of principals and interests. Out of this total amount, these Relevant Guarantees that met the recognition criteria of financial guarantee under IFRS 9 "Financial Instrument" was RMB5,036,883,000 (2022: RMB4,872,966,000). The Group has recognised financial guarantee contracts of RMB5,036,883,000 considering the maximum exposure according to the contractual obligation. Both the guarantee and provision shall be released upon the completion of the transfer and discharging of the Relevant Guarantees.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the change in provision for financial guarantee contracts of RMB163,917,000 (2022: RMB163,917,000) mainly represents the accrual of interest expenses on the outstanding guaranteed borrowings since the disposal day of the Disposal Group.

### **30 Capital Commitments**

There is no capital expenditure committed at the end of each reporting period but not yet incurred (2022: Nil).

### 29 財務擔保合約

本集團已就出售集團所欠的借款向 中國若干金融機構提供擔保(「相關 擔保1)。根據該等擔保合約,倘出售 集團拖欠借款,本公司須向金融機構 付款,且金融機構可向本集團提出索 賠。於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本 公司向出售集團提供人民幣6,021.8百萬 元(二零二二年十二月三十一日:人民 幣5.827.9百萬元)(包括本金及利息)的 相關擔保仍在解除或免除過程中。該 總額當中,金額為人民幣5,036,883,000 元(二零二二年:人民幣4,872,966,000 元)的相關擔保符合國際財務報告準 則第9號「金融工具 | 下的財務擔保確 認標準。本集團已根據合約義務考慮 以最高風險承擔確認財務擔保合約人 民幣5,036,883,000元。擔保及撥備應 在相關擔保的轉讓及解除完成後予以 解除。

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,財務擔保合約的撥備變動為人民幣163,917,000元(二零二二年:人民幣163,917,000元),主要指自出售集團之出售日起未償還擔保借款的應計利息開支。

### 30 資本承諾

於各報告期末並無已承諾但尚未產生的資本開支(二零二二年:無)。



### 31 Related party transactions

Fine Profit Enterprises Limited (a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands) ("Fine Profit") owned 9.43% of the issued shares of the Company as at 31 December 2023 (2022: 9.43%), before taking into account the additional shares issued upon conversion of various convertible instruments. Fine Profit was wholly-owned by Mr. Zhang as at 31 December 2023.

The directors of the Company are of the view that the following companies were related parties that had transactions or balances with the Group during the year:

### 31 關聯方交易

好利企業有限公司(於英屬處女群島註冊成立的公司)(「好利」)於二零二三年十二月三十一日,於計及兑換各種可換股工具時已發行的額外股份前擁有本公司9.43%已發行股份(二零二二年:9.43%)。好利於二零二三年十二月三十一日由張先生全資擁有。

本公司董事認為下列公司為於年內與 本集團進行交易或之間有結餘的關聯 方:

#### Name 姓名/名稱

Shanghai Ditong Construction (Group) Co., Ltd. 上海地通建設(集團)有限公司

Fine Profit Enterprises Limited 好利企業有限公司

Smart Frontier Limited

Shanghai Sunglow Investment (Group) Co., Ltd 上海陽光投資(集團)有限公司

Zhang Jiping 張繼平

New Continental Oil & Gas (HK) Co. Limited 新大陸油氣(香港)有限公司

Relationship with the Group 與本集團的關係

Entity controlled by a shareholder/close family member of Mr. Zhang

受一名股東/張先生近親所控制的實體

Entity ultimately controlled by Mr. Zhang 受張先生最終控制的實體

Entity controlled by a close family member of Mr. Zhang 受張先生近親所控制的實體

Entity controlled by a shareholder/close family member of Mr. Zhang 受一名股東/張先生近親所控制的實體

Director of a subsidiary 附屬公司董事

Shareholder 股東



# 綜合財務報表附註

### 31 Related party transactions (Continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group carried out the following transactions with the related parties:

#### (i) Year-end balances with related parties

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the balances are interest-free, unsecured and approximate their fair values. All these balances are repayable on demand.

#### 31 關聯方交易(續)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團與關聯方進行以下交易:

#### (i) 與關聯方的年末結餘

於二零二三年及二零二二年十二 月三十一日,結餘乃免息、無抵 押及與其公允值相若。所有該等 結餘均須於要求時償還。

 2023
 2022

 二零二三年
 二零二二年

 RMB'000
 RMB'000

 人民幣千元
 人民幣千元

Other payables — non-trade (Note 16):

其他應付款項 — 非貿易性質

(附註16):

A director of a subsidiaryA shareholder of a subsidiary

 59,932 18,004 55,683 17,525

Currentee by the chareholders and

# (ii) Guarantee by the shareholders and related parties

As at 31 December 2023, certain borrowings totaling RMB2,297,495,000 (2022: RMB2,232,112,000) are secured by guarantee from certain shareholder of related parties and the Company and share capital of certain related parties.

#### (iii) Borrowings from related parties

As at 31 December 2023, certain related parties provided security — free facilities up to USD250,000,000 (2022: USD250,000,000) and RMB40,000,000 (2022: RMB40,000,000) (totalling equivalent to approximately RMB1,814,450,000 (2022: RMB1,764,300,000) for use by the Group for working capital purposes.

#### (iv) Key management compensation

Key management includes directors. Details of key management compensation are disclosed in Note 25.

#### (ii) 股東及關聯方提供的擔保

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,若干借款合共人民幣 2,297,495,000元(二零二二年:人 民幣2,232,112,000元)由關聯方及 本公司若干股東提供的擔保及若 干關聯方的股本作抵押。

#### (iii) 關聯方的借款

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,若干關聯方提供無抵押融資不多於250,000,000美元(二零二二年:250,000,000美元)及人民幣40,000,000元(二零二二年:人民幣40,000,000元)(合共相當於約人民幣1,814,450,000元(二零二二年:人民幣1,764,300,000元)供本集團作營運資金用途。

#### (iv) 關鍵管理層薪酬

關鍵管理層包括董事。關鍵管理 層薪酬的詳情於附註25披露。



# 綜合財務報表附註

### 32 Particulars of principal subsidiaries

#### (a) As at 31 December 2023, the Company has direct and indirect interests in the following subsidiary:

### 32 主要附屬公司詳情

(a) 於二零二三年十二月三十一 日,本公司於以下附屬公 司擁有直接及間接權益:

Name	Place of incorporation/ establishment 註冊成立/	Date of incorporation/ establishment 註冊成立/	Type of legal entity	Principal activities and place of operation	Issued/paid- in capital 已發行/	Equity interest a to the Gro	
名稱	成立地點	成立日期	法定實體類型	去定實體類型 主要業務及營運地 <b>點</b>		本集團應任 <b>2023</b> 二零二三年	<b>5股權</b> 2022 二零二二年
Rongsheng Capital Limited#	Cayman Islands	14 Jul 2010	Limited liability	Investment holding;	HKD10	100%	100%
熔盛資本有限公司#	開曼群島	二零一零年七月十四日	company 有限公司	Hong Kong 投資控股;香港	10港元		
Ocean Sino Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands	18 Jan 2010	Limited liability	Investment holding;	USD1	100%	100%
	英屬處女群島	二零一零年一月十八日	company 有限公司	Hong Kong 投資控股;香港	1美元		
Capital Sign International	British Virgin Islands	26 Mar 2009	Limited liability	Investment holding; Hong Kong	USD1	100%	100%
Littiled	英屬處女群島	二零零九年三月 二十六日	company 有限公司	投資控股;香港	1美元		
Dragon Courage Investments Limited	British Virgin Islands	2 Apr 2009	Limited liability	Investment holding; Hong Kong	USD1	100%	100%
Littilled	英屬處女群島	二零零九年四月二日	company 有限公司	投資控股;香港	1美元		
Glory Source Limited	Hong Kong	25 Jan 2010	Limited liability	Dormant	HKD1	100%	100%
源鴻有限公司	香港	二零一零年一月 二十五日	company 有限公司	暫無營業	1港元		
World Profit Corporation Limited	Hong Kong	5 Feb 2010	Limited liability company	Dormant	HKD1	100%	100%
<b>善利有限公司</b>	香港	二零一零年二月五日	有限公司	暫無營業	1港元		
Radiant Business Global Limited	British Virgin Islands	3 Sep 2014	Limited liability company	Investment holding; Hong Kong	USD1	100%	100%
盛業環球有限公司	英屬處女群島	二零一四年九月三日	有限公司	投資控股;香港	1美元		
Кыргызжер Нефтегаз "Kyrgyzjer Neftegaz Limited Liability	Kyrgyzstan	13 Aug 2013	Limited liability company	Oil and gas exploration and production and sales of petroleum	KGS100,000	60%	60%
Company" 吉爾吉斯大陸油氣有限公司*	吉爾吉斯	二零一三年八月十三日	有限公司	product; Kyrgyzstan 石油及天然氣勘探及 生產以及石油產品銷 售;吉爾吉斯	吉爾吉斯索姆 100,000元		
Crown Winner Investment Limited	Hong Kong	8 Nov 2013	Limited liability	Investment holding;	HKD10,000	60%	60%
捷冠投資有限公司	香港	二零一三年十一月八日	company 有限公司	Hong Kong 投資控股;香港	10,000港元		
Central Point Worldwide Inc.	British Virgin Islands	19 Jun 2014	Limited liability	Investment holding;	USD100	60%	60%
	英屬處女群島	二零一四年六月十九日	company 有限公司	Hong Kong 投資控股;香港	100美元		



# 綜合財務報表附註

# 32 Particulars of principal subsidiaries

(a) As at 31 December 2023, the Company has direct and indirect interests in the following subsidiary:

### 32 主要附屬公司詳情

(a) 於二零二三年十二月三十一 日,本公司於以下附屬公 司擁有直接及間接權益:

Name	Place of incorporation/ establishment	Date of incorporation/ establishment	Type of legal entity	Principal activities and place of operation	Issued/paid- in capital	Equity interest to the G	
名稱	註冊成立/ 註冊成立/		主要業務及營運地點	已發行/ 繳足股本	本集團應佔股權 2023 二零二三年 二零二二年		
Greatest Time Limited	British Virgin Islands	28 Sep 2018	Limited liability	Investment holding;	USD50,000	100%	100%
	英屬處女群島	二零一八年九月 二十八日	company 有限公司	Australia 投資控股;澳洲	50,000美元		
Xinjiang Huarong <sup>a</sup>	PRC	4 May 2018	Limited liability	N/A	N/A	-	100%
新疆華榮。	中國	二零一八年五月四日	company 有限公司	不適用	不適用		
Archewell Enterprise (HK) Limited	Hong Kong	22 Jul 2019	Limited liability	Commodity trading; Hong Kong	HKD1	100%	100%
聯源企業(香港)有限公司	香港	二零一九年七月 二十二日	company 有限公司	商品交易;香港	1港元		
Shanghai Huijiu Energy	PRC	24 Jun 2019	Limited liability	Commodity trading;	USD100,000	100%	100%
Technology Limited 上海匯玖能源科技有限公司	中國	二零一九年六月 二十四日	company 有限公司	China 商品交易:中國	100,000美元		
Ocean Power International	Hong Kong	28 Jan 2010	Limited liability	Investment holding;	HKD1	100%	100%
Industrial Limited 海裕國際實業有限公司	香港	二零一零年一月 二十八日	company 有限公司	Hong Kong 投資控股;香港	1港元		
Ocean China Investments	Hong Kong	12 Jan 2018	Limited liability	Investment holding;	HKD1	100%	100%
Limited 海嘉投資有限公司	香港	二零一八年一月十二日	company 有限公司	Hong Kong 投資控股;香港	1港元		
Fancy Asia Limited	Hong Kong	21 Mar 2018	Limited liability	Investment holding;	HKD1	100%	100%
豐尚有限公司	香港	二零一八年三月 二十一日	company 有限公司	Hong Kong 投資控股;香港	1港元		
Shanghai Yunxiang	PRC	23 June 2020	Limited liability	Oil & Gas Trading	RMB5,000,000	100%	100%
Petrochemical Co., Ltd. 上海雲翔石化有限公司	中國	二零二零年六月 二十三日	company 有限公司	石油及天然氣貿易	人民幣 5,000,000元		
Zhoushan Shurong <sup>a</sup>	PRC	3 July 2020	Limited liability	N/A	N/A	-	100%
舟山殊榮。	中國	二零二零年七月三日	company 有限公司	不適用	不適用		



# 綜合財務報表附註

# 32 Particulars of principal subsidiaries

# (a) As at 31 December 2023, the Company has direct and indirect interests in the following subsidiary:

### 32 主要附屬公司詳情

(a) 於二零二三年十二月三十一 日,本公司於以下附屬公 司擁有直接及間接權益:

Name	Place of incorporation/ establishment 註冊成立/	Date of incorporation/ establishment 註冊成立/	Type of legal entity	Principal activities and place of operation	Issued/paid- in capital 已發行/	1 /	st attributable Group
名稱	成立地點	成立日期	法定實體類型	主要業務及營運地點	繳足股本	本集團》 2023	態 <b>佔股權</b> 2022
						二零二三年	
Nantong Glory Petrochemical Co., Ltd.	PRC	2 November 2020	Limited liability company	Oil & Gas wholesale and distribution; China	RMB50,000,000	100%	100%
南通榮耀石油化工有限公司	中國	二零二零年十一月二日		石油及天然氣批發及分 銷;中國	人民幣 50,000,000元		
Nantong Zhuosheng	PRC	8 May 2003	Limited liability company	Oil & Gas storage; China	RMB507,000,000	28.46% (note) (附註)	28.46% (note) (附註)
南通焯晟	中國	二零零三年五月八日	有限公司	石油及天然氣存儲; 中國	人民幣 507,000,000元	(II) HT.)	(11) (11)

- # Shares held directly by the Company
- \* For identification purpose only
- a The subsidiaries were deregistered during the year ended 31 December 2023.
- Note: According to the article of association of Nantong Zhuosheng and the agreement between all shareholders, the Group has 50.46% voting right in appointment of the board of directors upon the completion of the acquisition of Nantong Zhuosheng in January 2021 (the "Acquisition"), and has entitlement to 50.46% of any net profit made after the Acquisition.
- # 股份由本公司直接持有
- \* 僅供識別
- a 截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年 度,該等附屬公司均已註銷。

附註: 根據南通焯晟公司章程及與全體 股東之間的協議,於二零二一年 一月收購南通焯晟(「收購事項」) 完成後,本集團於委任董事會擁 有50.46%投票權,並享有任何收 購事項後淨利潤的50.46%。



# 綜合財務報表附註

## 32 Particulars of principal

### subsidiaries (Continued)

(b) Summarised financial information on each of the Group's subsidiaries with material non-controlling interests ("NCI")

The summarised financial information below represents amounts before intragroup eliminations.

#### (i) Kyrgyzjer Neftegaz Limited Liability Company

### 32 主要附屬公司詳情(續)

(b) 擁有重大非控股權益(「非 控股權益」)的本集團各附 屬公司的財務資料摘要

下列財務資料摘要為集團內對銷 前的金額。

#### (i) 吉爾吉斯大陸油氣有限 公司

		2023 二零二三年 RMB'000	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Current	流動		
Assets	資產	15,602	27,515
Liabilities	負債	(2,599,258)	(2,548,133)
		(_,_,,,,	(2,0 :0,:00)
Net current liabilities	流動負債淨額	(2,583,656)	(2,520,618)
Non-current	非流動		
Non carrent	)		
Assets	資產	955,549	1,067,327
Liabilities	負債	_	_
Net non-current assets	非流動資產淨值	955,549	1,067,327
Net liabilities	負債淨額	(1,628,107)	(1,453,291)
Revenue	收益	37,874	52,735
Profit for the year	年度溢利	610	21,522
Total comprehensive income	全面收入總額	18,859	19,062
Cash flows from operating	來自經營活動的現金流		
activities		(7,449)	12,890
Cash flows used in	投資活動所用現金流	(0.505)	(44.050)
investing activities	來自融資活動的現金流	(2,535)	(11,058)
Cash flows from financing activities	不日既貝 伯 男 門 况 並 ///	_	_
		·	
NCI%	非控股權益百分比	40.6%	40.6%
Profit allocated to NCI	分配至非控股權益溢利	248	8,738
Carrying amount of NCI	非控股權益賬面值	(17,073)	(17,321)



## 32 Particulars of principal

#### subsidiaries (Continued)

- (b) Summarised financial information on each of the Group's subsidiaries with material non-controlling interests ("NCI") (Continued)
  - (ii) Nantong Zhuosheng Petrochemical Co., Ltd.

### 32 主要附屬公司詳情(續)

- (b) 擁有重大非控股權益(「非 控股權益」)的本集團各 附屬公司的財務資料摘要
  - (ii) 南通焯晟石油化工有限 公司

		2023	2022
		二零二三年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	☆ 科		
Current	流動		
Assets	資產	90,220	75,566
Liabilities	負債	(34,994)	(36,874)
	7 1 1 2 1	V- 1,1 - 1,	(,,
Net current assets	流動資產淨值	EE 224	20 (02
	//10 2/3 2 < /IL / 3   IL	55,226	38,692
NI	北汝新		
Non-current	非流動		
Assets	資產	304,767	321,632
Liabilities	負債	(55,602)	(57,807)
Net non-current assets	非流動資產淨值	249,165	263,825
Net assets	資產淨值	304,391	302,517
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Revenue	收益	44,748	46,827
Profit for the year	年度利潤	1,875	5,110
Total comprehensive income	全面收益總額	1,875	5,110
Cash flows from operating activities	來自經營活動的現金流	3,306	2,833
Cash flows used in investing	投資活動所用現金流		
activities		(2,316)	(2,766)
Cash flows from financing activities	來自融資活動的現金流		_
NCI% (note)	非控股權益百分比		
D ()	(附註)	71.54%	71.54%
Profit allocated to NCI	分配至非控股權益	000	0.504
Carrying amount of NCI	利潤 非控股權益賬面值	929 212,530	2,531
Carrying amount of NCI	ナ 江 収 惟 盆 取 凹 追	212,530	211,601

#### Note

According to the article of association of Nantong Zhuosheng and the agreement between all shareholders, the Group has 50.46% voting right in appointment of the board of directors and entitlement to profit made post the Acquisition. As a result the NCI's voting right of 49.54% is different from that of the ownership interest above.

#### 附註:

根據南通焯晟公司章程及與全體股東之間的協議,本集團於委任董事會擁有50.46%投票權及享有收購事項後利潤。因此,非控股權益的49.54%投票權與上述擁有權權益不同。



# 綜合財務報表附註

# 33 Statement of financial position and reserve movement of the Company

#### Statement of financial position of the Company

### 33 本公司的財務狀況表及 儲備變動

本公司的財務狀況表

As at 31 December

於十二月三十一日

2023

2022

----:**零二三年** 二零

Total deficit	總虧絀	(9,323,968)	(8,812,680)
		. , , ,	
Accumulated losses (Note a)	累計虧損(附註 a)	(22,820,107)	(22,308,819)
Other reserves (Note a)	其他儲備(附註 a)	_	_
Share premium	股份溢價	8,374,605	8,374,605
Convertible preference shares	可轉換優先股	3,100,000	3,100,000
Ordinary shares	普通股	2,021,534	2,021,534
the Company's equity holders	資本及儲備		
Capital and reserves attributable to			
DEFICIT	虧絀		
Total assets	總資產	520,188	520,938
		7,000	10,430
		9,680	10,430
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	35	37
Amounts due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	8,573	9,352
Other receivables and prepayments	其他應收款項及預付款項	1,072	1,041
Current assets	流動資產		
Investments in subsidiaries	於附屬公司的投資	510,508	510,508
Non-current assets	非流動資產		
ASSETS	資產		
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		二零二三年	二零二二年



# 33 Statement of financial position and reserve movement of the

Company (Continued)

**Statement of financial position of the Company** (Continued)

### 33 本公司的財務狀況表及 儲備變動 (續)

本公司的財務狀況表(續)

As at 31 December

於十二月三十一日

2023

RMB'000 人民幣千元 RMB'000 人民幣千元

2022

LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities	負債 非流動負債		
Borrowings	借款	1,905,097	1,851,064
Current liabilities	流動負債		
Other payables	其他應付款項	992,193	753,935
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	340,918	331,205
Borrowings	借款	1,569,065	1,524,448
Financial guarantee contracts	財務擔保合約	5,036,883	4,872,966
Current liabilities	流動負債	7,939,059	7,482,544
Total liabilities	總負債	9,844,156	9,333,618
Total deficit and liabilities	總虧絀及負債	520,188	520,938

The Company's statement of financial position was approved by the Board of Directors on 27 March 2024 and signed on its behalf by 本公司的財務狀況表經董事會於 二零二四年三月二十七日批准並 由下列人士代表董事會簽署

Nin Jianmin 牛建民 Director 董事 Hong Liang 洪樑 Director 董事



# 綜合財務報表附註

# 33 Statement of financial position and reserve movement of the

#### Company (Continued)

Note (a)

Statement of financial position of the Company (Continued)

33 本公司的財務狀況表及 儲備變動 (續)

本公司的財務狀況表(續)

附註(a)

		Other reserves 其他儲備 Share-based	Accumulated	
		payment 以股份為基礎	losses	Total
		的支付	累計虧損	總計
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2022	於二零二二年一月一日	12,763	(21,630,513)	(21,617,750)
Loss and total comprehensive	年度虧損及全面虧損總額			
loss for the year Lapse of employee share options	僱員購股權失效	— (12,763)	(678,306) —	(678,306) (12,763)
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	_	(22,308,819)	(22,308,819)
Loss and total comprehensive loss for the year	年度虧損及全面虧損總額	_	(511,288)	(511,288)
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日	_	(22,820,107)	(22,820,107)

## **34 Contingent Liabilities**

As at 31 December 2023, we had contingent liabilities of RMB985.0 million (as at 31 December 2022: RMB955.0 million), which was resulted from financial guarantees provided by the Company to Disposal Group.

### 34或然負債

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,我們有或然負債人民幣985.0百萬元(於二零二二年十二月三十一日:人民幣955.0百萬元),此乃由於本公司向出售集團提供財務擔保所致。



# **FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

# 五年財務概要

#### **Consolidated results**

綜合業績

#### Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

			₽~ <u> </u>	-/-I HE	1 100	
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
		二零二三年	二零二二年	二零二一年	二零二零年	二零一九年
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
						(Restated)
						(重列)
Davisania	llh ¥	02 /22	100.075	01/77/	27,000	/7 7/7
Revenue	收益 (7.5-12)	82,622	102,845	316,774	34,800	47,747
Gross profit/(loss)	毛利潤/(虧損)	31,493	45,778	53,076	(6,427)	13,067
Operating (loss)/profit	經營(虧損)/利潤	(10,215)	18,146	22,094	(1,199,454)	(51,765)
Total comprehensive (loss)/	年度全面(虧損)/					
income for the year	收益總額	(510,364)	(617,197)	(193,978)	664,439	134,906
	<b>⇔</b> = \					
Attributable to:	歸屬於:					
Equity holders of the	本公司權益持有人					
Company		(519,611)	(626,660)	(202,816)	679,987	160,282
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	9,247	9,463	8,838	(15,548)	(25,376)

#### Consolidated assets and liabilities

綜合資產與負債

#### As at 31 December

			於	>十二月三十一日		
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
		二零二三年	二零二二年	二零二一年	二零二零年	二零一九年
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Total assets	總資產	1,405,130	1,421,562	1,381,709	1,005,933	2,348,984
Non-current assets	非流動資產	1,379,670	1,375,661	1,317,840	973,670	2,285,148
Current assets	流動資產	25,460	45,901	63,869	32,263	63,836
Total liabilities	總負債	10,425,805	9,931,873	9,274,823	8,904,999	10,912,489
	'	'				
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	2,291,416	2,353,292	2,222,687	1,449,322	937,125
Current liabilities	流動負債	8,134,389	7,578,581	7,052,136	7,455,677	9,975,364
Total deficit	總虧絀	9,020,675	(8,510,311)	(7,893,114)	(7,899,066)	(8,563,505)



"2024 AGM" 「二零二四年股東週年大會」	指	the annual general meeting of the Company to be held on Tuesday, 11 June 2024 本公司將於二零二四年六月十一日(星期二)舉行的股東週年大會
"Articles of Association" 「細則」	指	the third amended and restated articles of association of the Company, as amended from time to time 本公司經不時修訂的第三份經修訂及重訂的組織章程細則
"bbl" 「桶」	指	barrels 桶
"Board" 「董事會」	指	the board of Directors of our Company 本公司的董事會
"China" or "PRC" 「中國」	指	the People's Republic of China excluding, for the purposes of this annual report, Hong Kong, Macau and Taiwan中華人民共和國,就本年度報告而言,不包括香港、澳門及台灣
"Company", "our Company" or "Huarong Energy" 「公司」、「本公司」或「華榮能源」	指	China Huarong Energy Company Limited (中國華榮能源股份有限公司) [formerly known as China Rongsheng Heavy Industries Group Holdings Limited [中國熔盛重工集團控股有限公司]], a company incorporated as an exempted company with limited liability in the Cayman Islands on 3 February 2010中國華榮能源股份有限公司(前稱中國熔盛重工集團控股有限公司),一家於二零一零年二月三日在開曼群島註冊成立為獲豁免的有限公司
"Consolidated Share(s)" or "Share(s)" 「合併股份」或「股份」	指	ordinary share(s) of HKD0.50 each in the share capital of the Company upon the Share Consolidation becoming effective on 29 March 2016 股份合併於二零一六年三月二十九日生效後本公司股本中每股面值 0.50港元之普通股
"Director(s)" 「董事」	指	director(s) of our Company 本公司的董事
"Disposal Group" 「出售集團」	指	Able Diligent Limited together with its subsidiaries engaging in the Shipbuilding and Engineering Business Able Diligent Limited及其從事造船工程業務之附屬公司
"Group", "our Group", "we" or "us" 「集團」、「本集團」或「我們」	指	the Company and its subsidiaries or any of them or, where the context so requires, in respect of the period before the Company became the holding company of its present subsidiaries, the present subsidiaries of the Company 本公司及其附屬公司或其中任何一方,或倘文義所需,就本公司成為其現有附屬公司的控股公司之前期間而言,指本公司現有的附屬公司



### **GLOSSARY** 詞彙表

"HKD" 「港元」	指	Hong Kong dollars, the lawful currency of Hong Kong 香港法定貨幣港元
"Hong Kong" 「香港」	指	the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of China 中國香港特別行政區
"Hong Kong Stock Exchange" or "Stock Exchange" 「香港聯交所」或「聯交所」	指	The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited 香港聯合交易所有限公司
"Kyrgyzstan" or "Kyrgyz" 「吉爾吉斯斯坦」或「吉爾吉斯」	指	the Kyrgyz Rupublic (a Country in Central Asia) 吉爾吉斯共和國(中亞的一個國家)
"Listing" 「上市」	指	the listing of the ordinary shares of HKD0.10 each of the Company on the Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange 本公司每股面值0.10港元的普通股股份於香港聯交所主板上市
"Listing Date" 「上市日期」	指	19 November 2010, being the date on which the ordinary shares of HKD0.10 each of the Company are listed on the Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange 二零一零年十一月十九日,本公司每股面值0.10港元的普通股股份於香港聯交所主板上市日期
"Listing Rules" 「上市規則」	指	the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, as amended and supplemented from time to time 香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則,經不時修訂及補充
"RMB" or "Renminbi" 「人民幣」	指	the lawful currency of the PRC 中國法定貨幣
"SFO" 「證券及期貨條例」	指	the Securities and Futures Ordinance, Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong, as amended and supplemented from time to time 香港法例第571章證券及期貨條例(經不時修訂及補充)

# GLOSSARY 詞彙表

"Share Consolidation" 「股份合併」	指	with effect from 29 March 2016, the consolidation of every five issued and unissued shares of HKD0.10 each in the existing share capital of the Company into one Consolidated Share of HKD0.50 each 本公司現有股本中每五股每股面值0.10港元之已發行及未發行股份合併為一股每股面值0.50港元之合併股份,並於二零一六年三月二十九日起生效
"Share Option Scheme" 「購股權計劃」	指	the share option scheme we conditionally adopted pursuant to a resolution passed by our Shareholders on 24 October 2010 我們根據我們的股東於二零一零年十月二十四日通過的決議案有條件採納的購股權計劃
"USD" 「美元」	指	United States dollars, the lawful currency of the United States 美國法定貨幣美元



### INFORMATION FOR SHAREHOLDERS

# 股東資訊

#### **Listing Information**

Listing : Hong Kong Stock Exchange

Stock Code : 01101

#### **Principal Share Registrar and Transfer Agent**

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1–1111, Cayman Islands

#### **Branch Share Registrar in Hong Kong**

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Shops 1712–1716, 17th Floor,

Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong

Tel : (852) 2862-8628

Email : hkinfo@computershare.com.hk

#### **Registered Office**

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1–1111, Cayman Islands

#### **Principal Place of Business and Headquarters**

Room 807H, 8/F Cornell Centre 50 Wing Tai Road Chaiwan, Hong Kong

#### **Contact Enquiries**

Investor Relations

Tel : (852) 3100-0490

Email : cosec@huarongenergy.com Website : www.huarongenergy.com.hk

#### 上市資料

上市交易所 : 香港聯交所

股份代號 : 01101

#### 股份過戶登記總處

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1–1111, Cayman Islands

#### 香港股份過戶登記分處

香港中央證券登記有限公司

香港灣仔

皇后大道東183號

合和中心

17樓1712-1716室

電話 : (852) 2862-8628

電郵 : hkinfo@computershare.com.hk

#### 註冊辦事處

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1–1111, Cayman Islands

#### 主要營業地點及總部

香港柴灣 永泰道50號 港利中心 8樓807H室

#### 聯絡查詢

投資者關係

電話: (852) 3100-0490

電郵 : cosec@huarongenergy.com 網站 : www.huarongenergy.com.hk

## **CORPORATE INFORMATION**





#### **Executive Directors**

Niu Jianmin (Chairman)
HONG Liang (Chief Executive Officer and Chief Operating Officer)
ZHU Wen Hua

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

WANG Jin Lian ZHOU Zhan LAM Cheung Mau

#### **Audit Committee**

ZHOU Zhan (Chairman) WANG Jin Lian LAM Cheung Mau

#### **Corporate Governance Committee**

WANG Jin Lian (Chairman) Niu Jianmin LAM Cheung Mau

#### **Nomination Committee**

WANG Jin Lian (Chairman) ZHU Wen Hua ZHOU Zhan

#### **Remuneration Committee**

ZHOU Zhan (Chairman) Niu Jianmin WANG Jin Lian

#### **Finance and Investment Committee**

Niu Jianmin (Chairman) HONG Liang WANG Jin Lian ZHOU Zhan

#### **Company Secretary**

LEUNG Yin Fai

#### 執行董事

牛建民(主席) 洪樑(首席執行官兼首席營運官) 朱文花

#### 獨立非執行董事

王錦連 周展 林長茂

#### 審核委員會

周展(主席) 王錦連 林長茂

#### 企業管治委員會

王錦連(主席) 牛建民 林長茂

#### 提名委員會

王錦連(主席) 朱文花 周展

#### 薪酬委員會

周展(主席) 牛建民 王錦連

#### 財務及投資委員會

牛建民(主席) 洪樑 王錦連 周展

#### 公司秘書

梁燕輝

#### CORPORATE INFORMATION

#### 公司資料

#### **Auditor**

Crowe (HK) CPA Limited

Public Interest Entity Auditor registered in accordance with the Accounting and Financial Reporting Council Ordinance

#### **Company Website**

http://www.huarongenergy.com.hk

#### 核數師

國富浩華(香港)會計師事務所有限公司 於《會計及財務匯報局條例》下註冊之公眾 利益實體核數師

#### 公司網址

http://www.huarongenergy.com.hk

# CHINA HUARONG ENERGY COMPANY LIMITED

中國華榮能源股份有限公司

