

Oi Wah Pawnshop Credit Holdings Limited

靄華押業信貸控股有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司) Stock Code 股份代號:01319

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ANNUAL REPORT年 2024報

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Company Information 公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Chan Chart Man (陳策文) Mr. Chan Kai Ho Edward (陳啟豪) *(Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)* Ms. Chan Mei Fong (陳美芳) Ms. Chan Ying Yu (陳英瑜)

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Chan Kai Kow Macksion (陳啟球) Mr. Ng Siu Hong (伍紹康)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Dr. Leung Shiu Ki Albert (梁兆棋) Dr. Yip Ngai (葉毅) Mr. Lam On Tai (林安泰)

BOARD COMMITTEES

Audit Committee

Dr. Yip Ngai (葉毅) *(Chairman)* Dr. Leung Shiu Ki Albert (梁兆棋) Mr. Lam On Tai (林安泰)

Remuneration Committee

Mr. Lam On Tai (林安泰) *(Chairman)* Mr. Chan Kai Ho Edward (陳啟豪) Dr. Leung Shiu Ki Albert (梁兆棋)

Nomination Committee

Dr. Leung Shiu Ki Albert (梁兆棋) *(Chairman)* Mr. Chan Kai Ho Edward (陳啟豪) Mr. Lam On Tai (林安泰)

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Cheng Yiu Hang (鄭耀衡) HKICPA

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Chan Kai Ho Edward (陳啟豪) Ms. Chan Ying Yu (陳英瑜)

REGISTERED OFFICE

Windward 3, Regatta Office Park P.O. Box 1350 Grand Cayman, KY1-1108 Cayman Islands

董事會

<mark>執行董事</mark> 陳策文先生 陳啟豪先生*(主席兼行政總裁)* 陳美芳女士 陳英瑜女士

非執行董事

陳啟球先生 伍紹康先生

獨立非執行董事

梁兆棋博士 葉毅博士 林安泰先生

董事委員會

審核委員會

葉毅博士(*主席)* 梁兆棋博士 林安泰先生

薪酬委員會

林安泰先生(*主席)* 陳啟豪先生 梁兆棋博士

提名委員會

梁兆棋博士*(主席)* 陳啟豪先生 林安泰先生

公司秘書

鄭耀衡先生 HKICPA

授權代表

陳啟豪先生 陳英瑜女士

註冊辦事處

Windward 3, Regatta Office Park P.O. Box 1350 Grand Cayman, KY1-1108 Cayman Islands

Company Information 公司資料

HEADQUARTERS AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Rooms 2302–2303 Kwan Chart Tower No. 6 Tonnochy Road, Wanchai Hong Kong

STOCK CODE

01319

CAYMAN ISLANDS SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Estera Trust (Cayman) Ltd. Windward 3, Regatta Office Park P.O. Box 1350 Grand Cayman KY1-1108 Cayman Islands

HONG KONG SHARE REGISTRAR

Boardroom Share Registrars (HK) Limited 2103B, 21/F, 148 Electric Road North Point Hong Kong

AUDITORS

SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor

LEGAL ADVISERS

As to Hong Kong law: P. C. Woo & Co.

As to Cayman Islands law: Appleby

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

CMB Wing Lung Bank Limited The Bank of East Asia, Limited Fubon Bank (Hong Kong) Limited O-Bank Co., Ltd, Hong Kong Branch

COMPANY WEBSITE

www.pawnshop.com.hk

香港總部及主要營業地點

香港 灣仔杜老誌道6號 羣策大廈 2302-2303室

股份代號

01319

開曼群島股份過戶登記處

Estera Trust (Cayman) Ltd. Windward 3, Regatta Office Park P.O. Box 1350 Grand Cayman KY1-1108 Cayman Islands

香港股份過戶登記處

寶德隆證券登記有限公司 香港 北角 電氣道148號21樓2103B室

核數師

信永中和(香港)會計師事務所有限公司 註冊公眾利益實體核數師

法律顧問

香港法律方面: 胡百全律師事務所

開曼群島法律方面:

Appleby

主要往來銀行

招商永隆銀行有限公司 東亞銀行有限公司 富邦銀行(香港)有限公司 王道商業銀行股份有限公司香港分行

公司網站

www.pawnshop.com.hk

Financial Highlight 財務摘要

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

- Revenue increased by 8.1% to approximately HK\$179.3 million
- Revenue from mortgage loan receivables increased by 9.0% to approximately HK\$99.7 million
- Profit attributable to the equity shareholders increased by 0.3% to approximately HK\$86.4 million
- Net profit margin decreased by 3.7 percentage points to 48.2%
- Basic earnings per share is HK4.5 cents
- Gross pawn loan receivables increased by 4.3% to approximately HK\$180.5 million
- Gross mortgage loan receivables increased by 2.0% to approximately HK\$769.5 million

BUSINESS PERFORMANCE

- Total amount of new pawn loans granted decreased by 15.2% to approximately HK\$819.0 million
- Average amount of pawn loans granted decreased by 22.4% to approximately HK\$10,500 per transaction
- Number of new pawn loans (larger than HK\$100,000) granted decreased by 1.4% to 715 cases
- Total amount of new mortgage loans granted decreased by 42.8% to approximately HK\$341.2 million
- Average amount of mortgage loans granted decreased by 33.6% to approximately HK\$3.9 million
- Number of new mortgage loans granted decreased by 13.9% to 87 cases
- Net interest margin for pawn loans increased by 0.1 percentage points to 37.7%
- Net interest margin for mortgage loans increased by 1.0 percentage points to 11.5%
- As at 29 February 2024, the average loan-to-value ratio of the mortgage loan portfolio was kept at around 54.1%

財務表現

- 收益增加8.1%至約179,300,000港元
- 應收按揭抵押貸款之收益增加9.0%至約 99,700,000港元
- 權益股東應佔溢利增加0.3%至約86,400,000港 元
- 每股基本盈利為4.5港仙
- 應收典當貸款總額增加4.3%至約180,500,000
 港元
- 應收按揭抵押貸款總額增加2.0%至約 769,500,000港元

業務表現

- 已發放新典當貸款總額減少15.2%至約
 819,000,000港元
- 已發放典當貸款平均金額減少22.4%至每筆交 易約10,500港元
- 已發放新典當貸款(大於100,000港元)數目減
 少1.4%至715項
- 已發放新按揭抵押貸款總額減少42.8%至約 341,200,000港元
- 已發放按揭抵押貸款平均金額減少33.6%至約 3,900,000港元
- 已發放新按揭抵押貸款數目減少13.9%至87項
- 典當貸款之淨息差增加0.1個百分點至37.7%
- 按揭抵押貸款之淨息差增加1.0個百分點至 11.5%
- 於二零二四年二月二十九日,按揭抵押貸款組合 之平均貸款對估值比率維維持在54.1%上下

		2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年	2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
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Profitability data (HK\$'000)	盈利能力數據(千港元)					
Revenue from pawn loan	典當貸款業務之收益					
business	曲墨伐韦之利百					
 Interest income from pawn 	- 典當貸款之利息	0.477	1 4 4 1 1	10.001	0 171	10 212
loans – Interest income from pawn	收入 - 按公平值計入損益	9,477	14,411	10,081	8,171	10,213
loan receivables at fair value						
through profit or loss	利息收入	63,367	56,693	50,131	48,002	54,264
- Gain on disposal of	- 出售經收回資產之	05,507	50,095	50,151	40,002	54,204
repossessed assets	- 山台紅秋回貢座之 - 收益	6,715	3,205	9,093	8,024	7,266
16003563560 035613	12.Ⅲ	0,715	5,205		0,024	7,200
Total revenue from pawn loan	典當貸款業務之總收益					
business	六由東州未加之祕牧皿	79,559	74,309	69,305	64,197	71,743
business		10,000	74,505	05,505	0-1,157	
Revenue from mortgage loan	按揭抵押貸款業務之收益					
business						
 Interest income from 	- 按揭抵押貸款					
mortgage loans	之利息收入	99,748	91,532	82,672	118,571	152,216
Total revenue	總收益	179,307	165,841	151,977	182,768	223,959
Operating profit	經營溢利	109,412	112,500	98,082	133,005	166,649
Profit attributable to equity	權益股東應佔溢利					
shareholders		86,447	86,107	71,671	93,144	107,383
Earnings per share – basic	每股盈利 – 基本(港仙)					
(HK cents)		4.5	4.5	3.7	4.8	5.5
Profitability ratios (%)	盈利比率(%)					
Operating profit margin	經營溢利率	61.0	67.8	64.5	72.8	74.4
Net profit margin	純利率	48.2	51.9	47.2	51.0	47.9
Effective tax rate (Note 1)	實際税率(附註1)	16.3	16.2	16.3	16.9	16.3
Return on total assets (Note 2)	資產總額回報(附註2)	7.3	7.5	6.2	7.6	7.5
Return on shareholders' equity	股東權益回報(附註2)		1.5	0.2	7.0	7.5
(Note 3)		8.0	8.4	7.3	9.8	12.0
Net interest margin (Note 4)	淨息差(附註4)	16.4	15.6	15.0	13.7	13.1
– pawn loans	- 典當貸款	37.7	37.6	38.7	40.2	41.0
– mortgage loans	- 按揭抵押貸款	11.5	10.5	9.9	10.0	9.5

Note 1 Effective income tax rate is equal to the current tax divided by the profit before taxation for the respective year

Note 2 Return on total assets is calculated by dividing profit for the year by the total assets as at the respective year

- Note 3 Return on equity is calculated by dividing profit for the year by the total equity as at the respective year
- Note 4 Net interest margin during the year refers to our interest income in respect of our pawn loans and mortgage loans less the respective finance costs, divided by the average of month-end gross loan receivables balances of the corresponding loans during the year
- 附註1 實際所得税率等於各年度之即期税項除以除税前 溢利

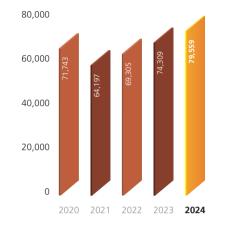
附註2 資產總額回報乃按年內溢利除以各年度的資產總 額計算

附註3 權益回報乃按年內溢利除以各年度之權益總額計 算

附註4 年內之淨息差指本集團有關典當貸款及按揭抵押 貸款之利息收入減相關融資成本,除以年內相關貸 款之月終應收貸款結餘總額平均數

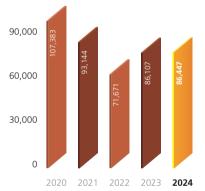
		2024	2023		2021	2020
		二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二二年	二零二一年	二零二零年
Operating ratios (as a	經營比率(佔收益					
percentage of revenue) (%)	百分比) (%)					
Staff costs	員工成本	17.7	17.8	19.4	15.9	13.6
Rental expenses plus	租金開支另加使用權					
depreciation of right-of-use	資產折舊					
assets		6.8	7.7	8.7	7.2	5.9
Advertising and promotions	廣告及宣傳	1.4	1.4	1.8	1.7	1.8
Assets and liabilities data	資產及負債數據					
(HK\$'000)	(千港元)					
Non-current assets	非流動資產	57,076	88,253	62,407	63,993	143,074
Current assets	流動資產	1,131,630	1,065,317	1,093,407	1,155,499	1,285,273
Current liabilities	流動負債	101,811	89,815	122,515	178,866	356,662
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	7,213	33,710	50,388	91,773	176,366
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備	1,079,682	1,030,045	982,911	948,853	895,319
Gross loan receivables - principal	應收貸款總額 – 本金	949,978	927,595	890,322	934,097	1,279,143
– Gross pawn loan receivables	- 應收典當貸款總額	180,479	173,104	164,026	132,901	141,815
– Gross mortgage loan	- 應收按揭抵押貸款					
receivables	總額	769,499	754,491	726,296	801,196	1,137,328
Assets and working capital	資產及營運資金數據					
data						
Current ratios (Note 5)	流動比率(附註5)	11.1	11.9	8.9	6.5	3.6
Gearing ratios (%) (Note 6)	借貸比率(%)(附註6)	7.7	9.3	15.0	26.2	55.2
Net assets value per share (HK\$)						
(Note 7)	(附註7)	0.560	0.534	0.510	0.491	0.462
Note 5 Current ratio is calcula liabilities as at the respe	ted by dividing current as	sets by current	附註5	充動比率乃按各年 ^資	末之流動資產除	以流動負債計
	ed by dividing total borrowi	nas (summation	-	₹ 昔貸比率乃按各年⋾	ま う ぬ 供 貸 (銀 4	〒貸款乃透古、
-	rdrafts, obligations under	-		agは中方及る「ク 融資租賃承擔、其他		
	n immediate holding com			1發行債務證券之編		
	al equity as at the respectiv					
	are is calculated by dividin	-	附註7 每	导股資產淨值乃按:	各年末的資產淨	額除以股份總

Total revenue from pawn loan business 典當貸款業務之總收益

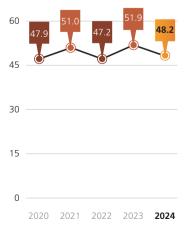


Profit attributable to equity shareholders 權益股東應佔溢利

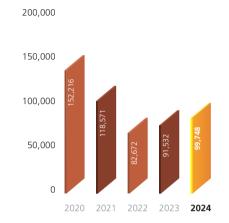
120,000



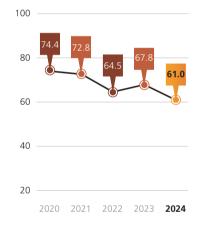
Net profit margin 純利率



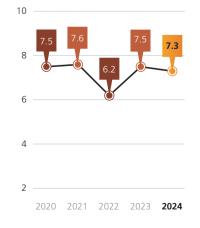
Revenue from mortgage loan business 按揭抵押貸款業務之收益



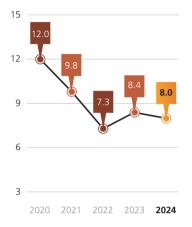
Operating profit margin 經營溢利率



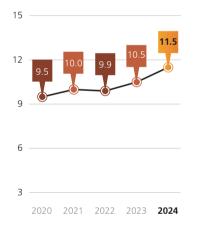
Return on total assets 資產總額回報



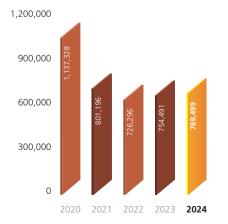
Return on shareholders' equity 股東權益回報



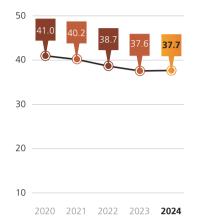
Net interest margin - mortgage loans 淨息差一按揭抵押貸款



Gross mortgage loan receivables 應收按揭抵押貸款總額

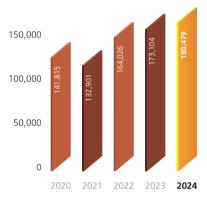


Net interest margin - pawn loans 淨息差一典當貸款

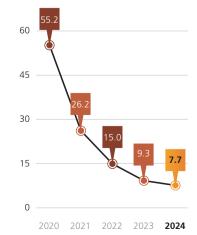


Gross pawn loan receivables 應收典當貸款總額

200,000



Gearing ratios (%) 借貸比率(%)



Chairman Statement 主席報告

On behalf of the board of directors (the "**Board**") of Oi Wah Pawnshop Credit Holdings Limited (the "**Company**" or "**our Company**"), and its subsidiaries (together with the Company collectively referred to as the "**Group**" or "**our Group**"), I am delighted to present the annual report of the Group for the year ended 29 February 2024 ("**FY2024**").

During the reporting year, Hong Kong and the global economy have gradually rebounded from the trough. However, the pace of economic recovery is hindered by various factors, including tightening of monetary policy and geopolitical tensions. Additionally, the second-hand luxury market remained active, leading to the great performance of pawn business and contributed to profit growth for the year.

With the resumption of business activities after Covid-19, the Hong Kong Government has put in effort into organising different world-class mega events to attract visitors and to boost market activities. The Group is pleased to see a more durable economic revival that drives enterprises' growth, which in turn will increase the overall loan demand in the future.

To capture the post-pandemic opportunities, we got a head start and launched a premier service center at East Tsim Sha Tsui MTR Station of Tuen Ma Line. This is a significant milestone as it is the Group's first location in an MTR station. The service center complemented with our newly developed pawn loan mobile application. Along with the new venture, we are dedicated to providing customers with a streamlined one-stop loan solutions, signifying a ground breaking shift in the conventional pawnbroking landscape.

Moreover, we established a limited partnership fund with PACM Group (Holdings) Limited ("PACM Group") and subscribed for the interests to expand our loan portfolio overseas in March 2024. We target to create stable returns in the volatile market through achieving a resilient and diversified portfolio. We believe that this strategic offshore expansion will contribute to the next phase of the Group's growth and enhance shareholder value in the long term.

On behalf of the Board, I would like to express my heartfelt gratitude to our management team and employees for their continuing commitment and effort towards the growth of the Group. I also wish to express sincere thanks to the support of our customers and shareholders, as well as the hard work and dedication of the team during the challenging time, which helps us maintain a sustainable performance. As the economy gradually recovers, we will continue to seize opportunities by innovations, and deliver sustainable growth for our shareholders.

Chan Kai Ho, Edward *Chairman and Executive Director*

27 May 2024

本人謹代表靄華押業信貸控股有限公司(「本公司」) 及其附屬公司(連同本公司統稱「本集團」)董事會 (「董事會」)欣然提呈本集團截至二零二四年二月 二十九日止年度(「**二零二四年財政年度**」)之年報。

於報告年度,香港及全球經濟已從低谷逐漸回升。然 而,貨幣政策收緊、地緣政治局勢緊張等各種因素阻 礙了經濟復甦的步伐。此外,二手奢侈品市場持續活 躍,致使典當業務表現出色,為本年度的溢利增長作 出貢獻。

隨著2019冠狀病毒病過後商業活動的恢復,香港政府 致力於舉辦各種世界級大型盛事,以吸引遊客並推動 市場活動。本集團樂見經濟復甦更加持久,推動企業 發展,進而增加未來整體的貸款需求。

為了把握疫情過後的機遇,我們搶佔先機,在屯馬線 尖東港鐵站開設立了一間高級服務中心。此乃本集團 首次進駐港鐵站,具有重要的里程碑意義。該服務中 心與我們新開發的典當貸款流動應用程式相輔相成。 透過此項新企劃,我們致力為客戶提供精簡的一站式 貸款解決方案,印證著傳統典當業格局的突破性變 革。

此外,於二零二四年三月,我們攜手PACM Group (Holdings) Limited (「PACM Group」)設立有限合夥 基金並認購基金權益,以拓張我們的海外貸款組合。 我們旨在通過靈活及多元化的投資組合,在波動的市 場中創造穩定的回報。我們相信此戰略性境外擴張將 有助於推動本集團的下一階段增長,長遠提升股東價 值。

本人謹代表董事會衷心感謝管理層團隊及僱員為本集 團發展竭誠投入、努力不懈。我亦衷心感謝客戶及股 東的支持,以及團隊在充滿挑戰的時期所付出的辛勤 努力和竭力奉獻,協助我們維持可持續表現。隨著經 濟逐步復甦,我們將繼續通過創新把握機遇,為股東 帶來可持續增長。

主席兼執行董事 **陳啟豪**

二零二四年五月二十七日



BUSINESS REVIEW

Oi Wah Pawnshop Credit Holdings Limited (the "Company" or "our Company"), and its subsidiaries (together with the Company collectively referred to as the "Group" or "our Group") is a financing service provider in Hong Kong operating under the brand name of "Oi Wah", principally engaged in providing secured financing, including mortgage loans and pawn loans.

MORTGAGE LOAN BUSINESS

For the year ended 29 February 2024 ("FY2024"), the economy has started to recover gradually, resulting in a moderate demand for loans. The revenue from the mortgage loan business increased from approximately HK\$91.5 million for the year ended 28 February 2023 ("FY2023") to HK\$99.7 million, representing an increase of 9.0% or HK\$8.2 million. Revenue generated from the mortgage loan business accounted for approximately 55.6% of the Group's total revenue during the year. The gross mortgage loan receivables was approximately HK\$769.5 million as at 29 February 2024. During the year, net interest margin of the mortgage loan business increased to 11.5% (FY2023: 10.5%).

業務回顧

靄華押業信貸控股有限公司(「**本公司**」)及其附屬公 司(連同本公司統稱「本集團」)為以「靄華」品牌名 稱在香港經營之融資服務供應商,主要從事提供有抵 押融資(包括按揭抵押貸款及典當貸款)業務。

按揭抵押貸款業務

截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度(「二零二四年 **財政年度**」),經濟活動開始逐步復甦,導致貸款需 求放緩。按揭抵押貸款業務的收益由截至二零二三 年二月二十八日止年度(「二零二三年財政年度」) 的約91,500,000港元增加9.0%或8,200,000港元至 99,700,000港元。按揭抵押貸款業務產生的收益佔本 集團年內總收益約55.6%。於二零二四年二月二十九 日,應收按揭抵押貸款總額約為769,500,000港元。年 內,按揭抵押貸款業務的淨息差增加至11.5%(二零 二三年財政年度:10.5%)。

In FY2024, the Group has continued to maintain a prudent approach when granting loans, underpinned by a focus on building a resilient loan portfolio amid the uncertain environment brought about by the pandemic. We are of the view that maintaining a cautious underwriting stance and healthy loan portfolio will position the Group well for the economic recovery and eventual normalization ahead. During the year, the average loan-to-value ratio for first mortgage was approximately 54.1%, while average overall loan-to-value ratio for subordinary mortgage was approximately 52.7%, of which, average loan-to-value ratio of subordinary mortgage that the Group participate in was approximately 16.3%.

PAWN LOAN BUSINESS

During FY2024, the revenue from the pawn loan business increased from HK\$74.3 million to HK\$79.6 million, representing an increase of 7.1% or HK\$5.3 million. The pawn loan receivables amount increased by 4.3% or HK\$7.4 million from approximately HK\$173.1 million as at 28 February 2023 to HK\$180.5 million as at 29 February 2024. The increase was mainly attributed to the increase in gold price and an active second-hand luxury market, especially for watches.

During the year, the Group continued to channel resources to advertising and promotion to enhance the Group's brand exposure. Together with the effect of opening a new premium service center in East Tsim Sha Tsui MTR station in October 2023, these effort has generated demand for one-to-one pawn loan appointment services for pawn loans.

INDUSTRY OVERVIEW

With the negative impacts, including the global monetary policy tightening cycle and the geopolitical tensions, global economic growth has slowed down. Although the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region has proposed measures to adjust the demand of local residential properties, there has been limited effect on stimulating transactions in the local residential property market; the residential property prices in Hong Kong have continuously declined by 6.8% in 2023. We will continue to monitor property price trends and capture any potential opportunities to maximize the returns for investors and shareholders. 於二零二四年財政年度,本集團於發放貸款時繼續採 取審慎嚴謹之策略,並在疫情帶來的不確定環境中專 注於建立有彈性的貸款組合。我們認為,保持審慎的 承保立場及健康的貸款組合將使本集團為經濟復甦及 未來的最終正常化做好準備。年內,第一按揭之平均 貸款對估值比率約為54.1%,而次級按揭之平均整體 貸款對估值比率則約為52.7%,其中本集團經手之次 級按揭之平均貸款對估值比率約為16.3%。

典當貸款業務

於二零二四年財政年度,典當貸款業務的收益由 74,300,000港元增加7.1%或5,300,000港元至 79,600,000港元。應收典當貸款由二零二三年 二月二十八日的約173,100,000港元增加4.3% 或7,400,000港元至二零二四年二月二十九日的 180,500,000港元。增長主要歸因於黃金價格上升及 二手奢侈品市場活躍,手錶尤甚。

年內,本集團繼續投放資源於廣告及宣傳以提升本集 團之品牌曝光度,加上在二零二三年十月於港鐵尖東 站開設新尊貴服務中心的影響,成功帶動對典當貸款 之一對一典當貸款預約服務需求。

行業回顧

在全球貨幣政策緊縮週期及地緣政治緊張局勢等負面 影響下,全球經濟增長放緩。儘管香港特別行政區政 府提出調整本地住宅物業需求的措施,但對刺激本地 住宅物業市場成交的作用甚微;香港住宅物業價格於 二零二三年持續下跌6.8%。我們將繼續監察樓價走 勢,捕捉任何潛在機會,為投資者和股東帶來最大回 報。

The instability in U.S. and European banking and geopolitics has led to the rise in the risk aversion sentiments among investors. Gold price has been relatively volatile at high levels, and has hit a record high during the year. In addition, the market expects an interest-reducing cycle from the Federal Reserve System of the United States ("**the Feds**") soon. We believe that gold prices are likely to remain strong. As long as there is no significant drop in near term, we expect that there will be limited effect on our business.

During the year, the market for pre-owned timepieces has been continuously buoyant and served as a catalyst for customers to utilize our pawn loans as a funding channel, thereby contributing to the growth of our pawn loan business. Moving forward, with our prestigious customer experience, we are dedicated to maintaining our leading position as the pawn loan provider of choice for a comprehensive range of flexible financing options.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue

Our Group's revenue increased from approximately HK\$165.8 million for FY2023 to approximately HK\$179.3 million for FY2024, representing an increase of approximately HK\$13.5 million or 8.1%. The increase was attributable to the increase in our interest income from mortgage business by approximately HK\$8.2 million or 9.0% from approximately HK\$91.5 million in FY2023 to approximately HK\$99.7 million in FY2024 and the increase in our revenue from pawn loan business by approximately HK\$5.3 million or 7.1% from approximately HK\$74.3 million in FY2023 to approximately HK\$79.6 million in FY2024.

Mortgage loan business

The increase in our interest income from mortgage business was mainly due to the average month end balance for the gross mortgage loans receivables for the year increased from approximately HK\$791.2 million in FY2023 to approximately HK\$821.9 million in FY2024 with total new mortgage loans granted of approximately HK\$341.2 million during FY2024 (FY2023: approximately HK\$596.5 million).

美國及歐洲的銀行及地緣政治的不穩定加劇投資者的 避險情緒。金價處於相對波動的高位,並於年內創下 新高。此外,市場預期美國聯邦儲備局(「**聯儲局**」)即 將進入減息週期。我們相信金價或保持強勢。只要短 期內沒有大幅下跌,預計對我們業務的影響不大。

年內,二手鐘錶市場持續暢旺並成為客戶利用我們的 典當貸款作為融資渠道的催化劑,從而促進我們的 典當貸款分部的增長。展望未來,憑藉卓著的客戶體 驗,我們致力保持我們作為典當貸款的首選供應商的 領導地位,提供全面靈活的融資方案。

財務回顧

收益

本集團收益由二零二三年財政年度約165,800,000港 元增加約13,500,000港元或8.1%至二零二四年財政 年度約179,300,000港元。該增幅乃由於按揭抵押業 務之利息收入由二零二三年財政年度約91,500,000 港元增加約8,200,000港元或9.0%至二零二四年財 政年度約99,700,000港元,以及典當貸款業務所得 收益由二零二三年財政年度約74,300,000港元增加 約5,300,000港元或7.1%至二零二四年財政年度約 79,600,000港元。

按揭抵押貸款業務

本集團按揭抵押業務所得利息收入增加主要由於年內 之應收按揭抵押貸款總額平均月終結餘由二零二三年 財政年度約791,200,000港元增加至二零二四年財政 年度約821,900,000港元,二零二四年財政年度已發 放新按揭抵押貸款總額則約為341,200,000港元(二 零二三年財政年度:約596,500,000港元)。

Pawn loan business

The increase in our pawn loan business was due to the increase in our interest income earned on our pawn loan receivables by approximately HK\$1.8 million or 2.5% from approximately HK\$71.1 million in FY2023 to approximately HK\$72.9 million in FY2024, together with the increase in revenue from disposal of repossessed assets by approximately HK\$3.5 million.

The increase in our interest income earned on our pawn loan receivables was mainly attributable to the average month end balance for the gross pawn loans receivables for the year increased from approximately HK\$186.2 million in FY2023 to approximately HK\$190.6 million in FY2024.

Revenue from disposal of repossessed assets represents the gain/ (loss) of the Group as we sold the repossessed assets in the event of default in repayment of our pawn loans. The increase in our gain on disposal of repossessed assets in FY2024 was mainly due to (i) the sudden significant drop of the price of brand watches in July and August 2022 while no such event happened during FY2024, and (ii) the increase in the gold price per ounce from around US\$1,800 in March 2023 to around US\$2,050 in January 2024. Since every pawn loan has a loan term of four lunar months, the revenue increased with the appreciation of gold price and the stabilization in the price of brand watches during FY2024 and thus the increase in gain on disposal of repossessed assets in FY2024 was recorded.

Other income, gains or losses

Other income increased from approximately HK\$3.7 million in FY2023 to approximately HK\$4.7 million in FY2024, representing an increase of approximately HK\$1.0 million or 27.0%, which was mainly due to (i) the increase in rental income of approximately HK\$1.2 million and (ii) the increase in bank interest income by approximately HK\$1.3 million; netting off with the decrease in the receipt of a one-off subsidy from the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region under the Anti-Epidemic Fund for relieving financial burden of the businesses of approximately HK\$0.9 million in FY2023 while no such income was received in FY2024 and the decrease in COVID-19-related rent concession by approximately HK\$0.8 million in FY2023 while no such income was received in FY2024.

典當貸款業務

本集團典當貸款業務增加乃由於本集團應收典當貸款 所得利息收入由二零二三年財政年度約71,100,000港 元增加約1,800,000港元或2.5%至二零二四年財政年 度約72,900,000港元,並連同出售經收回資產之收益 增加約3,500,000港元。

應收典當貸款所得利息收入增加乃主要歸因於年內應 收典當貸款總額的平均月終結餘由二零二三年財政年 度約186,200,000港元增加至二零二四年財政年度約 190,600,000港元。

出售經收回資產之收益指本集團於典當貸款出現拖欠 還款之情況時出售經收回資產之收益/(虧損)。二 零二四年財政年度出售經收回資產之收益增加乃主要 由於(i)品牌手錶價格於二零二二年七月及八月大幅下 降,而於二零二四年財政年度並無出現有關事件,及 (ii)每盎司金價由二零二三年三月的約1,800美元增加 至二零二四年一月的約2,050美元。由於每項典當貸 款之貸款期限為四個農曆月,而隨著二零二四年財政 年度金價升值及品牌手錶價格穩定,收益有所增加, 故本集團於二零二四年財政年度錄得出售經收回資產 收益增加。

其他收入、收益或虧損

其他收入由二零二三年財政年度約3,700,000港元 增加約1,000,000港元或27.0%至二零二四年財政年 度約4,700,000港元,乃主要由於(i)租金收入增加約 1,200,000港元及(ii)銀行利息收入增加約1,300,000港 元;惟被於二零二三年財政年度從香港特別行政區政 府收到的抗疫基金下用於減輕企業財務負擔的一次性 補貼減少約900,000港元,而於二零二四年財政年度 並無收到有關收入,及於二零二三年財政年度與2019 冠狀病毒病相關的租金優惠減少約800,000港元,而 於二零二四年財政年度並無收到有關收入所抵銷。

Operating expenses

Operating expenses increased by approximately HK\$2.4 million or 4.2% from approximately HK\$57.1 million in FY2023 to approximately HK\$59.5 million in FY2024.

During FY2024, staff costs increased by approximately HK\$2.1 million or 7.1% from approximately HK\$29.6 million in FY2023 to approximately HK\$31.7 million in FY2024. The increase was mainly contributed by (i) the increase in the salaries and other benefits to staff of approximately HK\$1.3 million, and (ii) the increase in directors' remuneration of approximately HK\$0.9 million.

According to HKFRS 16, all operating lease with contract terms of more than 1 year should be treated as finance lease. Thus, the contractual liabilities for the rental agreements are discounted and recognised as finance lease assets. Rental expenses and depreciation for right-to-use assets slightly decreased by approximately HK\$0.6 million or 4.7% from approximately HK\$12.7 million in FY2023 to approximately HK\$12.1 million in FY2024. The decrease was mainly due to the closure of one of our pawnshops in Tai Po in April 2023, netting off with opening a new premium service center in East Tsim Sha Tsui MTR Station in October 2023.

Apart from staff costs, rental expenses and depreciation for right-to-use assets as mention above, other operating expenses increased by approximately HK\$0.9 million or 6.1% from approximately HK\$14.8 million in FY2023 to approximately HK\$15.7 million in FY2024. This was mainly due to the increase in legal and professional fees by approximately HK\$0.8 million.

Finance costs

During the year, the finance costs decreased by approximately HK\$3.7 million or 37.8% from approximately HK\$9.8 million in FY2023 to approximately HK\$6.1 million in FY2024. It was mainly due to the decrease in debt securities issued in FY2024.

Impairment losses recognised on loan receivables

The impairment losses recognised on loan receivables of approximately HK\$15.1 million in FY2024 were measured based on the requirement under HKFRS 9.

經營開支

經營開支由二零二三年財政年度約57,100,000港元增加約2,400,000港元或4.2%至二零二四年財政年度約59,500,000港元。

於二零二四年財政年度,員工成本由二零二三年財政 年度約29,600,000港元增加約2,100,000港元或7.1% 至二零二四年財政年度約31,700,000港元。該增幅乃 主要歸因於(i)員工薪金及其他福利增加約1,300,000 港元,及(ii)董事酬金增加約900,000港元。

根據香港財務報告準則第16號,所有合約期超過一 年的經營租賃應被視為融資租賃。因此,租賃協議 之合約負債獲貼現並確認為融資租賃資產。使用權 資產之租金開支及折舊由二零二三年財政年度的約 12,700,000港元略減約600,000港元或4.7%至二零 二四年財政年度約12,100,000港元。該減幅主要由於 我們於大埔其中一家典當行於二零二三年四月關閉, 並由在二零二三年十月於港鐵尖東站新開張的尊貴服 務中心所抵銷。

除了上述員工成本、租金開支及使用權資產折舊,其 他經營開支由二零二三年財政年度約14,800,000港元 增加約900,000港元或6.1%至二零二四年財政年度約 15,700,000港元。此乃主要由於法律及專業費用增加 約800,000港元所致。

融資成本

於年內,融資成本由二零二三年財政年度約 9,800,000港元減少約3,700,000港元或37.8%至二零 二四年財政年度約6,100,000港元。此乃主要由於二 零二四年財政年度的已發行債務證券減少。

就應收貸款確認之減值虧損

二零二四年財政年度就應收貸款確認之減值虧損約為 15,100,000港元,乃基於香港財務報告準則第9號項 下之規定計量。

The impairment losses recognised on pawn loan receivables by approximately HK\$4.8 million in FY2024 represented an impairment made on four pawn loan agreements where the management considered there was an increased likelihood of the value of the collaterals of these four loans not being able to fully cover the underlying outstanding loan amount and interest. Among these four pawn loans, one of them had been fully written-off during FY2024.

The impairment losses recognised on mortgage receivables by approximately HK\$10.3 million in FY2024 represented the impairment made on several first mortgage loans and a subordinated mortgage loan. All these mortgage loans are defaulted loans and the management had taken legal actions on the respective borrowers.

For the subordinated mortgage loan case, the borrower had been bankrupt during FY2024 and the management considered there was an increased likelihood of the value of the collaterals of the subordinated mortgage loan not being able to fully cover the underlying outstanding loan amount and interest. The impairment losses recognised on this subordinated mortgage loan was approximately HK\$2.4 million.

In respect of the first mortgage loans mentioned, although the sale proceeds from the secured properties under defaulted first mortgage loans from previous financial years were higher than their respective fall sales price* during FY2024 such that the principals with interests of such loans had been fully recovered from the sales proceeds, for FY2024's impairment assessment, the management has decided to take a more prudent approach where the assessment was made by comparing the fall sales price* (instead of the fair value) of the secured properties under defaulted first mortgage loans with the principal plus interest on those defaulted mortgage loans. Thus, an impairment of approximately HK\$7.9 million was recognised during FY2024.

* Fall sales price means the open bid price for the property(ies) to be sold under auction.

No impairment losses on loan receivables was recorded in FY2023.

於二零二四年財政年度,就應收典當貸款確認之減值 虧損約為4,800,000港元,乃指對四份典當貸款協議 所作之減值,管理層認為該四份貸款抵押品之價值未 能悉數抵償相關未償還貸款金額及利息的可能性有所 增加。於該四份典當貸款中,有一份已於二零二四年 財政年度悉數撇銷。

於二零二四年財政年度,就應收按揭抵押貸款確認之 減值虧損約為10,300,000港元,乃指對若干份第一按 揭抵押貸款及一份次級按揭抵押貸款所作之減值。所 有該等按揭抵押貸款均屬違約貸款,管理層已對相關 借款人採取法律行動。

就次級按揭抵押貸款而言,借款人已於二零二四年財 政年度破產,管理層認為次級按揭抵押貸款抵押品之 價值未能悉數抵償相關未償還貸款金額及利息的可能 性有所增加。就此次級按揭抵押貸款確認之減值虧損 約為2,400,000港元。

就上述第一按揭抵押貸款而言,儘管於過往財政年度 的已違約第一按揭抵押貸款項下之抵押物業的銷售所 得款項高於其各自於二零二四年財政年度的開始拍賣 價格*,因而該等貸款本金連同利息已從銷售所得款 項中悉數收回,但管理層已決定對二零二四年財政年 度的減值評估持更審慎的方式,而評估乃通過比較該 等違約第一按揭貸款項下之抵押物業的開始拍賣價格 *(而非公平值)及違約按揭抵押貸款的本金和利息 來進行。因此,二零二四年財政年度確認之減值約為 7,900,000港元。

*開始拍賣價格指將予拍賣出售之物業的第一口公開 競投價。

於二零二三年財政年度概無錄得應收貸款減值虧損。

Income tax expenses

Our Group's effective tax rate remained relatively stable at approximately 16.2% in FY2023 as compared to approximately 16.3% in FY2024. No material fluctuation was noted.

Profit and total comprehensive income for the year

Our Group's profit for FY2024 increased to approximately HK\$86.4 million from approximately HK\$86.1 million in FY2023, representing an increase of approximately HK\$0.3 million or 0.3%. The increase was mainly attributable to (i) the increase in revenue by approximately HK\$13.5 million, and (ii) the decrease in finance costs amounted to approximately HK\$3.7 million, netting off with the increase in other operating expenses and impairment losses or loss receivables amounted to approximately HK\$2.4 million and approximately HK\$15.1 million respectively.

Liquidity and financial resources

The Group adopts a prudent funding and treasury policy and maintained a healthy financial position during FY2024. During FY2024, the Group's operational and capital requirements were financed principally through retained earnings, bank loans and overdrafts, loans from the immediate holding company, other loans and debt securities issued. All borrowings of the Group are denominated at HKD.

As at 29 February 2024, all outstanding interest-bearing bank loans and overdrafts were repayable in one year and bore interest at variable rates. The bank loans and overdrafts were secured by (i) a sub-mortgage charge on certain loan receivables of a subsidiary of the Company; (ii) the aggregate principal amount of the mortgage loan receivables of a subsidiary; and/or (iii) a corporate guarantee executed by the Company. During FY2024, the Group had fulfilled all the financial covenants, if any, under the Group's banking facilities.

As at 29 February 2024, the loans from immediately holding company were repayable in one year and bore interest at 5% per annum. The loans were secured by a corporate guarantee executed by the Company.

As at 29 February 2024, the debt securities issued bore interest at 6% to 7% and were repayable in one year.

所得税開支

本集團之實際税率保持相對平穩,於二零二三年財政 年度約為16.2%而二零二四年財政年度約為16.3%。 概無錄得重大波動。

年內溢利及全面收入總額

本集團於二零二四年財政年度之溢利由二零二三年 財政年度約86,100,000港元增加約300,000港元或 0.3%至約86,400,000港元。該增幅乃主要歸因於(i) 收益增加約13,500,000港元,及(ii)融資成本減少約 3,700,000港元,經扣除其他營運開支及應收貸款之 減值虧損分別增加約2,400,000港元及約15,100,000 港元。

流動資金及財務資源

於二零二四年財政年度,本集團採納審慎的融資及庫 務政策,並維持穩健的財務狀況。於二零二四年財政 年度,本集團的營運及資本需求主要透過保留盈利、 銀行貸款及透支、直屬控股公司貸款、其他貸款及已 發行債務證券撥付資金。本集團所有借貸均以港元計 值。

於二零二四年二月二十九日,所有未償還計息銀行貸 款及透支須於一年內償還,並按浮動利率計息。銀行 貸款及透支以(i)本公司一間附屬公司若干應收貸款的 次級按揭押記;(ii)附屬公司的應收按揭抵押貸款的本 金總額;及/或(iii)本公司簽立的公司擔保作抵押。於 二零二四年財政年度,本集團已履行本集團銀行融資 項下之所有財務契諾(如有)。

於二零二四年二月二十九日,來自直接控股公司之貸 款須於一年內償還及按年利率5%計息。有關貸款由 本公司簽立的公司擔保作抵押。

於二零二四年二月二十九日,已發行債務證券按6% 至7%的利率計息,且須於一年內償還。

Based on the Group's current and anticipated levels of operation, the Group's future operations and capital requirements will be mainly financed through bank loans and overdrafts, loans from the immediate holding company, other loans, retained earnings and share capital. There were no significant commitments for capital expenditure as at 29 February 2024.

As at 29 February 2024, cash and cash equivalents (net of bank overdraft) amounted to approximately HK\$170.6 million, representing a net increase of approximately HK\$8.2 million as compared to the position as at 28 February 2023. The increase was attributable to the following items:

按照本集團目前及預期營運水平,本集團之日後營運 及資本規定將主要透過銀行貸款及透支、直屬控股公 司之貸款、其他貸款、保留盈利及股本撥付資金。於 二零二四年二月二十九日,概無重大資本開支承擔。

於二零二四年二月二十九日,現金及現金等價物(經 扣除銀行透支)約為170,600,000港元,較二零二三年 二月二十八日淨增加約8,200,000港元。該增幅乃歸 因於下列各項:

		For the year	For the year
		ended 29	ended 28
		February 2024	February 2023
		截至	截至
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		二月二十九日	二月二十八日
		止年度	止年度
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Net cash generated from operating activities	經營業務所得現金淨額	72,079	73,096
Payment for acquisition of assets	收購資產之款項	-	(9,495)
Payments for the purchase of plant and	購買廠房及設備之款項		
equipment		(1,785)	(317)
Repayments of debt securities	債務證券之還款	(12,000)	(50,000)
Net repayments of bank loans	銀行貸款之還款淨額	-	(2,000)
Payments for repurchase of shares	購回股份之款項	-	(423)
Dividend paid	已付股息	(36,810)	(38,550)
Finance costs paid	已付融資成本	(5,406)	(9,074)
Government subsidy received	已收政府補貼	-	888
Other net outflow	其他流出淨額	(7,865)	(8,368)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash	現金及現金等價物增加(減少)		
equivalents	淨額	8,213	(44,243)

Pledge of assets

資產抵押

As at 29 February 2024, the Group had pledged its mortgage loan receivables with net book value of approximately HK\$335.7 million (28 February 2023: approximately HK\$312.3 million) for the purpose of obtaining facilities from banks and other independent third parties.

於二零二四年二月二十九日,本集團已抵押其賬面 淨值約為335,700,000港元(二零二三年二月二十八 日:約312,300,000港元)之應收按揭抵押貸款,以獲 取銀行及其他獨立第三方融資。

Contingent liabilities

There were no significant contingent liabilities for the Group as at 29 February 2024.

或然負債

於二零二四年二月二十九日,本集團並無任何重大或 然負債。

Key financial ratios	主要財務比率
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		As at	As at
		29 February	28 February
		2024	2023
		於二零二四年	於二零二三年
		二月二十九日	二月二十八日
Current ratio ⁽¹⁾	流動比率(1)	11.1x	11.9x
Gearing ratio ⁽²⁾	借貸比率(2)	7.7%	9.3%

		For the	For the
		year ended	year ended
		29 February	28 February
		2024	2023
		截至	截至
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		二月二十九日	二月二十八日
		止年度	止年度
Return on total assets ⁽³⁾	資產總額回報 ⁽³⁾	7.3%	7.5%
Return on equity ⁽⁴⁾	權益回報(4)	8.0%	8.4%
Net profit margin ⁽⁵⁾	純利率(5)	48.2%	51.9%
Net interest margin ⁽⁶⁾	淨息差®	16.4%	15.6%
– pawn loan services	一典當貸款服務	37.7%	37.6%
– mortgage loan services	- 按揭抵押貸款服務	11.5%	10.5%

附註:

- (1) Current ratio is calculated by dividing current assets by current liabilities as at the respective year end.
- (2) Gearing ratio is calculated by dividing total borrowings (summation of bank loans and overdrafts, loans from the immediate holding company, other loans and debt securities issued) by total equity as at the respective year end.
- (3) Return on total assets is calculated by dividing profit for the year by the total assets as at the respective year end.
- (4) Return on equity is calculated by dividing profit for the year by the total equity as at the respective year end.
- (5) Net profit margin is calculated by dividing profit for the year by the turnover for the respective year.

(1) 流動比率乃按各年末之流動資產除以流動負債計算。

(2) 借貸比率乃按各年末之總借貸(銀行貸款及透支、直 屬控股公司之貸款、其他貸款及已發行債務證券之總 額)除以權益總額計算。

- (3) 資產總額回報乃按年內溢利除以各年末的資產總額計 算。
- (4) 權益回報乃按年內溢利除以各年末之權益總額計算。

(5) 純利率乃按年內溢利除以各年度之營業額計算。

Notes:

(6) Net interest margin during the year refers to our interest income in respect of our pawn loans and mortgage loans less the respective finance costs, divided by the average of month-end gross loan receivables balances of the corresponding loans during the year.

Current ratio

Our Group's current ratio slightly decreased from approximately 11.9 times as at 28 February 2023 to approximately 11.1 times as at 29 February 2024. No material fluctuation was noted.

Gearing ratio

Our Group's gearing ratio decreased from approximately 9.3% as at 28 February 2023 to approximately 7.7% as at 29 February 2024, which was mainly triggered by the decrease in debt securities issued which were amounted to approximately HK\$12.0 million.

Return on total assets, return on equity, and net profit margin

Our return on total assets, return on equity, and net profit margin decreased from approximately 7.5%, 8.4% and 51.9% in FY2023 to 7.3%, 8.0% and 48.2% in FY2024 respectively, which was mainly due to the impairment losses recognised on loan receivables by approximately HK\$15.1 million in FY2024.

Net interest margin

There was an increase in our net interest margin from approximately 15.6% in FY2023 to approximately 16.4% in FY2024. The reason for such an increase was mainly due to the decrease in finance costs by approximately HK\$3.7 million during FY2024.

(6) 年內之淨息差指年內本集團有關典當貸款及按揭抵押 貸款之利息收入減相關融資成本,除以相關貸款之月 終應收貸款結餘總額平均數。

流動比率

本集團流動比率由二零二三年二月二十八日約11.9倍 輕微下跌至二零二四年二月二十九日約11.1倍。並無 發現重大波動。

借貸比率

本集團借貸比率由二零二三年二月二十八日約9.3% 下降至二零二四年二月二十九日約7.7%,乃主要由於 已發行債務證券有所減少,為數約12,000,000港元。

資產總額回報、權益回報及純利率

我們的資產總額回報、權益回報及純利率由二零二三 年財政年度的約7.5%、8.4%及51.9%分別減少至二 零二四年財政年度的7.3%、8.0%及48.2%,主要由 於二零二四年財政年度就應收貸款確認減值虧損約 15,100,000港元。

淨息差

淨息差由二零二三年財政年度的約15.6%上升至二零 二四年財政年度的約16.4%。上升的原因主要為融資 成本於二零二四年財政年度減少約3,700,000港元。

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Group's operations, financial conditions, profits and growth prospects are affected by a number of risks and uncertainties as outlined below. These factors are not exhaustive and there may be other risks in addition to those shown below which are not known to the Group or which may not be material now but could become material in the future.

Financial risk

Financial risk factors include credit risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk and fair value risk. As a money lender in Hong Kong providing pawn loan and mortgage loan financings to corporations or private individuals which are secured with collaterals, credit risk is regarded as the prime risk of the Group.

Mortgage business

For mortgage business, the Group generates revenue from interest received from the provision of loans to corporate and private individual customers, who are mainly small and medium enterprises with needs in their business turnover. The Group's principal loan products for mortgage business are (i) first mortgage loans, which are secured by the first mortgage on the borrowers' real estates; and (ii) subordinated mortgage loans, which are secured by mortgages subordinated to the first mortgages charged on the borrowers' pledged properties. The Group mainly offers mortgage loan financings which are secured against real estate assets located in Hong Kong which include residential, commercial and industrial real estate assets. Usually, the term of our mortgage loans are twelve months.

The Group has a credit policy in place and the exposures to credit risk are monitored on an ongoing basis. Approval for loan applications, together with the loan amount and corresponding interest rate, are determined based on a number of factors including, amongst others, the credit history and profile of the applicant, the property type, profile and valuation of the proposed property to be mortgaged and the prevailing market conditions. In the majority of the cases, the Group grants loan with a loan-to value ratio of no more than 70% at the date of grant. As at 29 February 2024, the overall weighted average loan-to-value ratio of the Group's loan portfolio is managed at around 54.1%.

主要風險及不確定因素

本集團的經營、財務狀況、溢利及增長前景受下文所 列多項風險及不確定因素所影響。該等因素並非詳盡 無遺,除下文所列者外,仍有其他本集團尚未知悉或 目前並不重大但日後可能成為重大的其他風險。

財務風險

財務風險因素包括信貸風險、利率風險、流動資金風 險及公平值風險。作為香港的一家貸款人,我們向企 業及個人提供以抵押物作抵押的典當貸款及按揭貸款 融資,信貸風險被視為本集團的首要風險。

按揭業務

就按揭業務而言,本集團自向公司及個人客戶(主要 為有業務周轉需要的中小型企業)提供貸款所得利息 產生收入。本集團按揭業務的主要貸款產品為(i)物業 一按貸款,以借款人的一按物業作抵押;及(ii)物業二 按貸款,以借款人已作第一抵押的二按物業作抵押。 本集團主要提供以位於香港的物業資產作抵押的按揭 貸款融資,包括住宅、商用及工業物業資產。我們批 出按揭貸款的期限通常為十二個月。

本集團已制訂信貸政策,並持續監察信貸風險。貸款 申請的審批以及貸款金額及相應利率由我們根據多項 因素決定,包括(其中包括)申請人的信貸記錄及概 況、建議將予抵押物業的物業類型、概況及估值以及 當時市況。在大多數情況下,本集團授予貸款的貸款 對估值比率不超過授出日期的70%。於二零二四年二 月二十九日,本集團貸款組合的整體加權平均貸款對 估值比率維持於約54.1%。

The Group also establishes standard procedures and the mortgage department is responsible for ongoing monitoring of loan recoverability, which includes the repayment status and a quarterly review on the market value of the underlying collateral, and loan collection. During FY2024, approximately HK\$10.3 million of the impairment losses recognised on mortgage receivables was made. It was mainly represented the impairment made on several first mortgage loans and a subordinated mortgage loan. All these mortgage loans are defaulted loans and the management had taken legal actions on the respective borrowers. For details, please refer to the section headed "Financial Review" under Management Discussion and Analysis.

Pawn loan business

For pawn loan business, the Group generates revenue from (i) interest received from the provision of loans to corporate and private individual customers, and (ii) if the loan is defaulted, the potential gain/loss on the disposal of the respective collaterals from the defaulted loan. The major category of collaterals we received in pawn loan business are gold and jewelries, diamond, brand watches and consumer electronic products.

The Group establishes internal guidelines for the pawnshop staff for granting each pawn loan. Customer identification, evaluation of ownership of the collaterals and the valuation of the collaterals are the major factors we consider before we grant our pawn loan. The Group usually grants loans with a loan-to-value ratio ranging from 50% to 85%, depending on the type of collateral and the valuation made at the point of granting the loan. In addition, approval is required to be obtained from management if the loan amount is greater than HK\$60,000 for each single transaction.

The Group has a wide and diversify customer base. For mortgage loan business, loan size of each loan ranges from approximately HK\$0.2 million to approximately HK\$50.0 million during FY2024. For pawn loan business, each pawn loan size ranges from approximately HK\$50 to approximately HK\$7,700,000 during FY2024. As at 29 February 2024, our loan portfolio was diversified and approximately 4.8% (As at 28 February 2023: 5.5%) and 19.0% (As at 28 February 2023: 18.9%) of the total gross loan receivables was due from the Group's largest customer (in respect of the principle of the loan) and the five largest customers (in respect of the principle of the loan) respectively.

Further information on the internal control and risk management measures in relation to credit risk and other aforesaid financial risk factors of the Group are elaborated in Note 26 "Financial risk management and fair value" to the consolidated financial statements of this annual report. 本集團亦設立標準程序,而按揭部門負責監察貸款可 收回性,包括每年還款狀況及對相關抵押品的市值進 行季度審閱以及追討欠款。於二零二四年財政年度, 就應收按揭貸款確認的減值虧損約為10,300,000港 元。這主要是幾筆第一按揭貸款及一筆次級按揭貸款 的減值。所有該等按揭貸款均為拖欠貸款,管理層已 對相關借款人採取法律行動。詳情請參閱管理層討論 及分析內「財務回顧」一節。

典當貸款業務

就典當貸款業務而言,本集團自(i)向公司及個人客戶 提供貸款所得利息;及(ii)倘貸款違約,則出售有關違 約貸款各自的抵押物的潛在收益/虧損中產生收入。 我們在典當貸款業務中收到的主要抵押物類別為黃金 及珠寶、鑽石、品牌手錶及消費電子產品。

本集團為典當行員工制訂發放每筆典當貸款的內部指 引。我們發放典當貸款前,會考慮客戶身份的識別、 抵押物所有權的評估及抵押物的估值等主要因素。 本集團發放貸款時,通常會根據抵押物的類型,設定 50%-85%的貸款比例,並在發放貸款時進行估價。此 外,倘每筆交易的貸款金額超過60,000港元,則須獲 得管理層的批准。

本集團擁有廣泛及多元的客戶基礎。就按揭貸款業務 而言,於二零二四財政年度,各項貸款的貸款數額介 乎約200,000港元至約50,000,000港元。就典當貸款 業務而言,於二零二四年財政年度,各項典當貸款金 額介乎約50港元至約7,700,000港元。於二零二四年 二月二十九日,我們具有多元化的貸款組合,貸款總 額分別約4.8%(於二零二三年二月二十八日:5.5%) 及19.0%(於二零二三年二月二十八日:18.9%)為 本集團最大客戶(就貸款本金而言)及五大客戶(就 貸款本金而言)所欠付。

有關本集團信貸風險及其他上述財務風險因素的內部 控制及風險管理措施的更多資料,於本年報綜合財務 報表附註26「財務風險管理及公平值」中闡述。

Operational risk

Operational risk is defined as the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, human and system errors or from external events. Responsibility for managing operational risks basically rests with every function at departmental levels. Key functions in the Group are guided by their standard operating procedures, limits of authority and reporting framework. Management will identify and assess key operational exposures regularly so that appropriate risk response can be taken.

Market risk

Performance of the Group's business will be affected by various market factors in Hong Kong, including but not limited to economic conditions, valuation of the luxury goods and the overall property market conditions in Hong Kong. A downturn in (i) the economy, (ii) value of luxury goods, and/or (iii) property market in Hong Kong may result not only in a decline in the number of real estate and luxury goods transactions, which may limit the growth of the Group's pawn and mortgage loan portfolio, but also a decline in the value of the underlying coallaterals in respect of the Group's pawn and mortgage loan portfolio or result in loss on disposal if the pawn loan default.

For mortgage business, the Group has implemented policies to carry out continuous monitoring of the property market and the collateral value of the underlying mortgage loan portfolio so that appropriate risk response can be taken.

For pawn loan business, except for the internal guidelines for granting the loan, monthly review and discussion between management and pawnshop staff are made in order to ensure everyone are kept updated on the trend of the luxury goods in the market in order to mitigate the potential risks exposure.

Risk management

The Group has established and maintained sufficient risk management procedures to identify and control various types of risk within the organisation and the external environment with active management participation and effective internal control procedures in the best interest of the Group and its shareholders. Details of its risk management system are elaborated on pages 38 to 64 under section "Corporate Governance Report" of this annual report.

操作風險

操作風險是指由不完善或不起效用的內控程序、人員 及系統失誤或外部事件導致損失的風險。管理操作風 險的責任基本落於各部門級別的職能單位。本集團的 主要職能單位設有標準操作程序、權限及匯報架構作 為指引。管理層會定期識別及評估主要操作風險以便 採取適當的風險應對措施。

市場風險

本集團業務表現受香港多個市場因素影響,包括但不限於經濟狀況、奢侈品的估值及香港整體樓市狀況。 (i)香港經濟:(ii)奢侈品的價值;及/或(iii)樓市低迷不 僅會導致房地產及奢侈品交易量減少,限制本集團典 當及按揭貸款組合的發展,亦會致使有關本集團典當 及按揭貸款的相關抵押物之價值下降,進而可能加大 本集團按揭貸款組合的減值風險或在典當貸款違約的 情況下引致出售虧損。

就按揭業務而言,本集團已採取政策持續監控樓市和 相關按揭貸款組合的抵押物價值,以應對相應風險。

有關典當貸款業務,除發放貸款的內部指引外,管理 層及典當行員工之間每月都會進行審閱及討論,以確 保每個人均能了解市場上奢侈品的最新趨勢,以減少 潛在的風險。

風險管理

本集團已建立及保持足夠風險管理程序,輔以管理層 之積極參與及有效之內部監控程序,以找出及控制公 司內部及外圍環境現存之多種風險,符合本集團及其 股東之最佳利益。有關風險管理系統的詳情於本年報 第38至64頁的「企業管治報告」一節闡述。

HUMAN RESOURCES

As at 29 February 2024, our Group had a total of 50 staff (28 February 2023: 50). Total staff costs (including Directors' emoluments) were approximately HK\$31.7 million for FY2024 (FY2023: approximately HK\$29.6 million). Remuneration is determined with reference to market conditions and the performance, qualifications and experience of each individual employee. Bonus based on individual performance will be paid to employees as recognition of and reward for their contributions. Other benefits mainly include contributions to statutory mandatory provident fund scheme to our Group's employees in Hong Kong.

RELATIONSHIP WITH KEY STAKEHOLDERS

The Company understands the importance of maintaining a good relationship with its employees, customers and other stakeholders to meet its immediate and long-term goals. The Company will continue to ensure effective communication and maintain good relationship with each of its key stakeholders.

During FY2024, there was no material and significant dispute between the Company and its employees, customers and/or other stakeholders.

MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS

Our Group did not engage in any material acquisitions or disposals during FY2024.

FOREIGN CURRENCY EXPOSURE

The business activities of the Group were denominated in HKD. The Directors did not consider the Group was exposed to any significant foreign exchange risks during FY2024. As the impact from foreign exchange exposure was minimal, the Directors were of the view that no hedging against foreign currency exposure was necessary. In view of the operational needs, the Group will continue to monitor the foreign currency exposure from time to time and take necessary actions to minimise the exchange related risks.

FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS AND CAPITAL ASSETS

Save as disclosed in this annual report, the Group does not have any present plans for material investments and capital assets.

人力資源

於二零二四年二月二十九日,本集團共有50名員 工(二零二三年二月二十八日:50名)。二零二四 年財政年度之員工成本總額(包括董事酬金)約 為31,700,000港元(二零二三年財政年度:約 29,600,000港元)。薪酬乃經參考市場狀況以及各個 別僱員之表現、資格及經驗後釐定。本集團將根據僱 員之個人表現向其發放花紅,作為對彼等所作貢獻之 認可及獎勵。其他福利主要包括為本集團之香港僱員 作出法定強制性公積金計劃之供款。

與主要持份者之關係

本公司明白與其僱員、客戶及其他持份者保持良好關 係以達致中長期目標的重要性。本公司將繼續確保與 各主要持份者維持有效溝通和保持良好關係。

於二零二四年財政年度,本公司與其僱員、客戶及/ 或其他持份者之間並無發生重大糾紛。

重大收購及出售

於二零二四年財政年度,本集團並無進行任何重大收 購或出售。

外匯風險

本集團的業務活動以港元計值。董事認為,於二零 二四年財政年度,本集團並無承受任何重大外匯風 險。由於外匯風險的影響極微,故董事認為毋須為外 匯風險作出對沖。鑑於營運需要,本集團將繼續不時 監察外匯風險,並採取必要行動以降低匯兑相關風 險。

重大投資及資本資產之未來計劃

除本年報所披露者外,本集團現時並無任何重大投資 及資本資產之計劃。

PROSPECTS

Looking ahead, the global economy is expected to recover with a slow and steady pace. Amidst looming uncertainties, including US presidential election results and the timing of the Feds' rate adjustments, we remain cautious about the local economy outlook.

With the launch of a new premium service center at East Tsim Sha Tsui MTR Station and cutting-edge mobile app, clients will be able to obtain preliminary collateral evaluation and loan valuation, as well as to apply for loan with increased convenience. By providing an efficient and streamlined one-stop loan solution, catering to the evolving needs of clients, the Group is dedicated to enhance customer experience and expand our potential customer base. We will continue to integrate new technologies into the pawn sector to modernize the industry, in order to maintain our strong industry leading position.

As the market has digested the deferral of Fed's interest-reducing cycle, the Directors believe that there will be limited impact on the Hong Kong property market. Property prices have been adjusting from historical high to a relatively reasonable level, thereby lowering the business risk. To grasp expansion opportunities, the Group strategically partnered with PACM Group (Holdings) Limited to establish a limited partnership fund (the "**Fund**") which marks our entry into the real estate private credit institutional investment management sector. For details of the Fund, please refer to the Company's announcement dated 12 March 2024 and 17 April 2024. We will remain cautious about the property market and prudently manage investment business to reduce the impact of market volatility and maximize the returns of investors and shareholders.

前景

展望未來,全球經濟預期以緩慢而穩定的步伐復甦。 在美國總統大選結果和聯邦利率調整的時間等不確定 因素迫近之下,我們對本地經濟前景保持謹慎。

憑藉於港鐵尖東站新開業的尊貴服務中心及先進的 流動應用程式,客戶將可獲得初步的抵押品評估及貸 款估價等資訊,以及申請貸款時更為方便。本集團通 過提供高效、精簡的一站式貸款解決方案,滿足客戶 不斷變化的需求,致力提升客戶體驗及擴大潛在客戶 群。我們將持續將新技術及典當業互相結合,使行業 現代化,以維持我們在行業的領先地位。

由於市場已消化聯儲局延遲減息週期的消息,董事相 信這對香港物業市場的影響甚微。樓價已從歷史高位 調整至相對合理水平,因而降低經營風險。為把握擴 張機遇,本集團與PACM Group (Holdings) Limited開 展戰略合作以設立有限合夥基金(「該基金」),其標 誌著我們進入房地產私人信貸機構投資管理領域。有 關該基金的詳情,請參閱本公司日期為二零二四年三 月十二日及二零二四年四月十七日的公告。我們將對 物業市場保持謹慎的態度,審慎管理投資業務以降低 市場波動的影響,為投資者及股東帶來最大的回報。 The Board is pleased to submit this report of the Directors together with the audited financial statements of the Group for the year ended 29 February 2024.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of the Group are providing secured financing business in Hong Kong, including pawn loans and mortgage loans.

FINANCIAL RESULTS

The results of the Group for the year ended 29 February 2024 and the state of the Company's and the Group's affairs as at that date are set out in the consolidated financial statements on pages 76 to 172 of this annual report.

CASH FLOW POSITION

The cash flow position of the Group for the year ended 29 February 2024 is set out and analysed in the consolidated statement of cash flows set out on pages 80 to 81 of this annual report.

DIVIDEND

At our Board meeting held on Monday, 27 May 2024 (the "**Board Meeting**"), our Directors recommended the payment of a final dividend (the "**Final Dividend**") of HK0.76 cents per ordinary share, together with the interim dividend of HK1.04 cents per share declared and paid during FY2024, represent 40.1% of the profit attributable to the shareholders ("**Shareholders**") for FY2024.

The Final Dividend is subject to approval by the Shareholders at the AGM and will be paid on Wednesday, 21 August 2024 to the Shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of our Company at the close of business on Thursday, 8 August 2024. 董事會欣然提呈本董事會報告連同本集團截至二零 二四年二月二十九日止年度之經審核財務報表。

Report of the Directors

董事會報告

主要業務

本公司為一間投資控股公司。本集團之主要業務為於 香港提供有抵押融資(包括典當貸款及按揭抵押貸 款)業務。

財務業績

本集團截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度之業績以 及本公司及本集團於該日之事務狀況載於本年報第76 至172頁之綜合財務報表。

現金流量狀況

本集團截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度之現金流 量狀況及分析載於本年報第80至81頁之綜合現金流量 表。

股息

於二零二四年五月二十七日(星期一)舉行之董事 會會議(「董事會會議」)上,董事建議派付末期股 息(「末期股息」)每股普通股0.76港仙,連同於二零 二四年財政年度宣派及派付之中期股息每股1.04港 仙佔二零二四年財政年度股東(「股東」)應佔溢利之 40.1%。

末期股息須待股東於股東週年大會上批准後方可作 實,並將於二零二四年八月二十一日(星期三)派付予 於二零二四年八月八日(星期四)營業時間結束時名 列本公司股東名冊之股東。

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

In order to determine the identity of our Shareholders who are entitled to attend and vote at the AGM, all duly completed transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with our Company's Hong Kong branch share registrar, Boardroom Share Registrars (HK) Limited at 2103B, 21/ F., 148 Electric Road, North Point, Hong Kong, no later than 4:30 p.m. on Thursday, 25 July 2024. The register of members of our Company will be closed from Friday, 26 July 2024 to Wednesday, 31 July 2024, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares will be registered.

In order to establish the identity of the Shareholders of our Company who are entitled to the Final Dividend, all duly completed transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with our Company's Hong Kong branch share registrar, Boardroom Share Registrars (HK) Limited at 2103B, 21/F, 148 Electric Road, North Point, Hong Kong, no later than 4:30 p.m. on Monday, 5 August 2024. The register of members of our Company will be closed from Tuesday, 6 August 2024 to Thursday, 8 August 2024, both days inclusive, during which no transfer of shares will be registered.

FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results, assets and liabilities of the Group for the past five financial years is set out on pages 5 to 8 of this annual report.

TRANSFER TO RESERVES

Profit attributable to shareholders, before dividends, of HK\$86.4 million (2023: HK\$86.1 million) has been transferred to reserves.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 29 February 2024, the aggregate amount of the distributable reserves of the Company was approximately HK\$290.3 million (2023: approximately HK\$316.9 million).

Movements in the reserves of the Group during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity and note 25 to the consolidated financial statements.

PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements of plant and equipment of the Group for the year ended 29 February 2024 are set out in note 13 to the consolidated financial statements.

暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

為確定有權出席股東週年大會並於會上投票之股東身 份,所有已正式填妥之過戶表格連同有關股票,最遲 必須於二零二四年七月二十五日(星期四)下午四時 三十分前送達本公司之香港股份過戶登記分處寶德 隆證券登記有限公司,地址為香港北角電氣道148號 21樓2103B室。本公司將於二零二四年七月二十六日 (星期五)至二零二四年七月三十一日(星期三)(首 尾兩日包括在內)暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續,期間 將不會辦理股份過戶登記手續。

為確定有權獲派末期股息之本公司股東身份,所有已 正式填妥之過戶表格連同有關股票,最遲必須於二零 二四年八月五日(星期一)下午四時三十分前送達本 公司之香港股份過戶登記分處寶德隆證券登記有限公 司,地址為香港北角電氣道148號21樓2103B室。本 公司將於二零二四年八月六日(星期二)至二零二四 年八月八日(星期四)(首尾兩日包括在內)暫停辦理 股份過戶登記手續,期間將不會辦理股份過戶登記手續。

五年財務概要

本集團於過去五個財政年度之業績、資產及負債概要 載於本年報第5至8頁。

轉撥至儲備

扣除股息前股東應佔溢利86,400,000港元(二零二三年:86,100,000港元)已轉撥至儲備。

可分派儲備

於二零二四年二月二十九日,本公司之可分派儲備總額為約290,300,000港元(二零二三年:約316,900,000港元)。

本集團之年內儲備變動情況載於綜合權益變動表及綜 合財務報表附註25內。

廠房及設備

本集團截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度之廠房及 設備變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註13。

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the movements in Company's share capital for the year ended 29 February 2024 are set out in note 25(c) to the consolidated financial statements.

DIRECTORS

The Directors who held office during the year ended 29 February 2024 and up to the date of this annual report are:

Executive Directors:

Mr. Chan Kai Ho Edward (*Chairman and Chief Executive Officer*) Mr. Chan Chart Man ("**Mr. Chan**") Ms. Chan Mei Fong Ms. Chan Ying Yu

Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Chan Kai Kow Macksion Mr. Ng Siu Hong

Independent non-executive Directors:

Mr. Lam On Tai Dr. Leung Shiu Ki Albert Dr. Yip Ngai

Pursuant to Article 108 of the articles of association of the Company ("Articles of Association") and code provision B.2.2 of the Corporate Governance Code set out in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules, one-third of the Directors will retire by rotation at the annual general meeting of the Company and will be eligible for re-election at that meeting. Accordingly, Mr. Chan, Ms. Chan Mei Fong and Dr. Leung Shiu Ki Albert will retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

Details of the Directors standing for re-election at the AGM are set out in the circular sent to the Shareholders of the Company together with this annual report.

The Company has received, from each of the independent nonexecutive Directors, an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all of the independent non-executive Directors are independent.

股本

本公司截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度之股本變 動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註25(c)。

董事

於截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度及截至本年報 日期止在任之董事如下:

執行董事:

陳啟豪先生(*主席兼行政總裁)* 陳策文先生(「**陳先生**」) 陳美芳女士 陳英瑜女士

非執行董事:

陳啟球先生 伍紹康先生

獨立非執行董事:

林安泰先生 梁兆棋博士 葉毅博士

根據本公司組織章程細則(「組織章程細則」)第108 條及上市規則附錄C1所載企業管治守則之守則條文 第B.2.2,三分之一董事將於本公司股東週年大會上輪 值退任並合資格於大會上重選連任。因此,陳先生、 陳美芳女士及梁兆棋博士將於應屆股東週年大會上退 任,並符合資格及願意重選連任。

於股東週年大會上接受重選之董事之詳情載於連同本 年報一併寄發予本公司股東之通函。

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13 條發出之年度獨立性確認書。本公司認為所有獨立非 執行董事均為獨立人士。

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 29 February 2024, so far as is known to the Directors or chief executives of the Company, the following persons other than a Director or chief executive of the Company had an interest or a short position in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "**SFO**"):

主要股東於股份及相關股份之權益及 淡倉

於二零二四年二月二十九日,據董事或本公司主要行政人員所知,誠如本公司根據證券及期貨條例(「證券 及期貨條例」)第336條須予存置之登記冊所記錄,以 下人士(董事或本公司主要行政人員除外)於本公司 股份及相關股份中擁有權益或淡倉:

		Number of	Approximate percentage of shareholding
Name of Shareholder	Capacity	ordinary shares	(Note 2) 概約持股百分比
股東名稱/姓名	身份	普通股數目	(附註2)
Kwan Lik Holding Limited (Note 1) (附註1)	Beneficial interest 實益權益	1,347,247,024	69.91
Kwan Lik (BVI) Limited (Note 1)(附註1)	Interest in a controlled corporation 於受控法團之權益	1,347,247,024	69.91
TMF (Cayman) Limited <i>(Note 1)(附註1)</i> <i>(Note 3)(附註3)</i>	Trustee 受託人	1,347,247,024	69.91
Ms. Chan Nga Yu <i>(Note 3)</i> 陳雅瑜女士 <i>(附註3)</i>	Discretionary trust interests 酌情信託權益	1,347,247,024	69.91
	Interest held jointly with another person 與他人共同持有之權益	53,477,564	2.77
Ms. Mui Hang Sin <i>(Note 3)</i> 梅杏仙女士 <i>(附註3)</i>	Discretionary trust interests 酌情信託權益	1,347,247,024	69.91
	Interest held jointly with another person 與他人共同持有之權益	53,477,564	2.77
Great Roc Capital Limited (Note 4) (附註4)	Beneficial interest 實益權益	190,706,029	9.87
Mr. Yan Kam Cheong <i>(Note 4)</i> 殷鑑昌先生 <i>(附註4)</i>	Interest in a controlled corporation 於受控法團之權益	190,706,029	9.87

Notes:

- 1. The 1,347,247,024 shares is held by Kwan Lik Holding Limited, which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Kwan Lik (BVI) Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of TMF (Cayman) Limited.
- 2. There were 1,927,236,406 shares of the Company in issue as at 29 February 2024.
- 3. These 1,400,724,588 shares were owned by a discretionary trust whose trustee, TMF (Cayman) Limited, indirectly owns the entire issued share capital of Kwan Lik Holding Limited. Ms. Chan Nga Yu, Ms. Mui Hang Sin, Mr. Chan Kai Ho Edward, Mr. Chan, Ms. Chan Mei Fong, Ms. Chan Ying Yu and Mr. Chan Kai Kow Macksion are the discretionary beneficiaries of the trust.
- 4. Great Roc Capital Limited is wholly-owned by Mr. Yan Kam Cheong who is the substantial Shareholder of the Company.

附註:

- Kwan Lik Holding Limited持有1,347,247,024股股份。 Kwan Lik Holding Limited為Kwan Lik (BVI) Limited 之全資附屬公司,而Kwan Lik (BVI) Limited則為TMF (Cayman) Limited之全資附屬公司。
- 於二零二四年二月二十九日,本公司已發行 1,927,236,406股股份。
- 3. 該1,400,724,588股股份由一項酌情信託擁有,而該信 託之受託人TMF (Cayman) Limited間接擁有Kwan Lik Holding Limited之全部已發行股本。陳雅瑜女士、梅 杏仙女士、陳啟豪先生、陳先生、陳美芳女士、陳英瑜 女士及陳啟球先生為該信託之酌情受益人。
- Great Roc Capital Limited由殷鑑昌先生全資擁有,而 殷鑑昌先生為本公司之主要股東。

Save as disclosed herein, as at 29 February 2024, there was no other person so far known to the Directors or chief executives of the Company, other than the Directors or chief executives of the Company as having an interest or a short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register, whose record is required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 29 February 2024, the interests and short positions of each Director and chief executive of the Company and their respective associates in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which he was taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or were required pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO to be entered in the register referred to therein; or were required pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange, are set out below:

Interest in the shares of the Company

除本節所披露者外,於二零二四年二月二十九日,據 董事或本公司主要行政人員所知,按本公司根據證券 及期貨條例第336條須予存置之登記冊所記錄,並無 其他人士(董事或本公司主要行政人員除外)於本公 司股份或相關股份中擁有權益或淡倉。

董事於股份及相關股份之權益及淡倉

於二零二四年二月二十九日,各董事及本公司主要行 政人員以及彼等各自之聯繫人於本公司或任何相聯法 團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)之股份、相關股 份及債券中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及第 8分部須知會本公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉(包括根 據證券及期貨條例有關條文彼被當作或視為擁有之權 益及淡倉);或根據證券及期貨條例第352條須載入該 條所指登記冊內之權益及淡倉;或根據上市公司董事 進行證券交易之標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所之權 益及淡倉載列如下:

Approximate

於本公司股份之權益

Name of Director	Nature of interest	Number of ordinary shares	percentage of shareholding <i>(Note 2)</i> 概約持股百分比
董事姓名	權益性質	普通股數目	(附註2)
Mr. Chan Kai Ho Edward <i>(Note 1)</i> 陳啟豪先生 <i>(附註1)</i>	Discretionary trust interests 酌情信託權益	1,347,247,024	69.91
	Beneficial interest 實益權益	53,477,564	2.77
Mr. Chan <i>(Note 1)</i> 陳先生 <i>(附註1)</i>	Discretionary trust interests 酌情信託權益	1,347,247,024	69.91
	Interest held jointly with another person 與他人共同持有之權益	53,477,564	2.77
Ms. Chan Mei Fong <i>(Note 1)</i> 陳美芳女士(<i>附註1)</i>	Discretionary trust interests 酌情信託權益	1,347,247,024	69.91
	Interest held jointly with another person 與他人共同持有之權益	53,477,564	2.77
Ms. Chan Ying Yu <i>(Note 1)</i> 陳英瑜女士 <i>(附註1)</i>	Discretionary trust interests 酌情信託權益	1,347,247,024	69.91
	Interest held jointly with another person 與他人共同持有之權益	53,477,564	2.77

Notes:

- These 1,400,724,588 shares were owned by a discretionary trust whose trustee, TMF (Cayman) Limited, indirectly owns the entire issued share capital of Kwan Lik Holding Limited. Ms. Chan Nga Yu, Ms. Mui Hang Sin, Mr. Chan Kai Ho Edward, Mr. Chan, Ms. Chan Mei Fong, Ms. Chan Ying Yu and Mr. Chan Kai Kow Macksion are the discretionary beneficiaries of the trust.
- 2. There were 1,927,236,406 shares of the Company in issue as at 29 February 2024.

Save as disclosed above, as at 29 February 2024, none of the Directors and chief executives of the Company or their respective associates had any interests and short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which he was taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or were required pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO to be entered in the register referred to therein; or were required pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

DIRECTORS' RIGHT TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed above, at no time during the year ended 29 February 2024 was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate; and none of the Directors, or their spouses or children under the age of 18, had any right to subscribe for the securities of the Company, or had exercised any such right during the year.

CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS' INTEREST IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Save as disclosed in the section "Continuing Connected Transactions" below, no other contracts of significance between the Group or any of its subsidiaries and any controlling shareholder or any of its subsidiaries subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

There were also no contracts of significance for the provision of services to the Group or any of its subsidiaries by any controlling shareholder or any of its subsidiaries subsisting at the end of the year or at any time during the year. 附註:

- 該1,400,724,588股股份由一項酌情信託擁有,而該信 託之受託人TMF (Cayman) Limited間接擁有Kwan Lik Holding Limited之全部已發行股本。陳雅瑜女士、梅 杏仙女士、陳啟豪先生、陳先生、陳美芳女士、陳英瑜 女士及陳啟球先生為該信託之酌情受益人。
- 於二零二四年二月二十九日,本公司已發行 1,927,236,406股股份。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二四年二月二十九日,董 事及本公司主要行政人員或彼等各自之聯繫人概無於 本公司或任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV 部)之股份、相關股份及債券中擁有根據證券及期貨 條例第XV部第7及第8分部須知會本公司及聯交所之 任何權益及淡倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例有關條文 彼被當作或視為擁有之權益及淡倉);或根據證券及 期貨條例第352條須載入該條所指登記冊內之任何權 益及淡倉;或根據上市公司董事進行證券交易之標準 守則須知會本公司及聯交所之任何權益及淡倉。

董事購買股份或債券之權利

除上文所披露者外,截至二零二四年二月二十九日止 年度內任何時間,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無訂立 任何安排,致令董事可藉購買本公司或任何其他法人 團體之股份或債券而獲益;亦概無董事或彼等之配偶 或18歲以下子女擁有任何可認購本公司證券之權利, 或已於年內行使任何該等權利。

控股股東於重大合約的權益

除下文「持續關連交易」一節所披露者外,於年末或 年內任何時間本集團或其任何附屬公司與任何控股股 東或其任何附屬公司之間並無存續其他重大合約。

於年末或年內任何時間亦無存續由任何控股股東或其 任何附屬公司向本集團或其任何附屬公司提供服務的 重大合約。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed in the section "Continuing Connected Transactions" below, no other transactions, arrangements and contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries or associates was a party and in which any director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

During the year under review, no Director has interests in any business which directly or indirectly competes, or is likely to compete with the business of the Group.

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The Board has the general power of determining the Directors' remuneration, subject to authorisation of the Shareholders at the annual general meeting each year. The remuneration of the executive Directors is subject to review by the remuneration committee, and their remuneration is determined with reference including but not limited to salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities of the Directors. As for the non-executive Directors and the independent non-executive Directors, their remuneration is determined by the Board upon recommendation from the remuneration committee. Details of the emoluments of the Directors are set out in note 10 and the five highest paid individuals are set out in note 11 to the consolidated financial statements.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Each of the executive Directors entered into a service agreement with the Company for a term of three years and shall continue thereafter unless terminated in accordance with the terms of the service agreements.

Each of the non-executive Directors and independent nonexecutive Directors entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for a term of three years and shall continue thereafter unless terminated in accordance with the terms of the letters of appointment.

Saved as disclosed herein, no Director proposed for re-election at the AGM has a service contract with members of the Group that is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

董事於交易、安排及合約之權益

除下文「持續關連交易」一節所披露者外,概無本公 司或其任何附屬公司或聯營公司所訂立而本公司任何 董事於當中直接或間接擁有重大權益且對本集團業務 而言屬重大之其他交易、安排及合約於年末或年內任 何時間仍然生效。

董事於競爭業務之權益

於回顧年度,董事概無在與本集團業務直接或間接構 成競爭或可能構成競爭之任何業務中擁有權益。

董事薪酬

根據股東每年於股東週年大會之授權,董事會擁有一 般權力釐定董事薪酬。執行董事之薪酬須由薪酬委員 會審閱,而彼等之薪酬乃經參考(包括但不限於)可資 比較公司所付薪酬以及董事所付出之時間及職責而釐 定。就非執行董事及獨立非執行董事而言,彼等之薪 酬乃由董事會按照薪酬委員會之推薦意見而釐定。董 事及五名最高薪酬人士之薪酬詳情分別載於綜合財務 報表附註10及附註11。

董事之服務合約

各執行董事已與本公司訂立服務協議,為期三年,其 後將繼續有效,直至根據服務協議之條款予以終止為 止。

各非執行董事及獨立非執行董事已與本公司訂立委任 書,為期三年,其後將繼續有效,直至根據委任書之 條款予以終止為止。

除本節所披露者外,建議於股東週年大會上重選連任 之董事概無與本集團成員公司訂立任何本集團不可於 一年內終止而毋須作出賠償(法定賠償除外)之服務 合約。

MANAGEMENT CONTRACT

Other than the Directors' service contracts and letters of appointment, no contract concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the Company's business were entered into or existed during the year.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's securities during FY2024.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Articles of Association or the laws of the Cayman Islands which oblige the Company to offer new shares on a prorata basis to existing Shareholders.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The information in respect of the revenue from rendering of services attributable to the major customers of the Group during the financial year is as follows:

管理合約

除董事的服務合約及委聘函外,年內概無訂立或存在 任何有關本公司全部或任何部分業務的管理及行政的 合約。

購買、出售或贖回本公司之上市證券

本公司或其任何附屬公司於二零二四年財政年度概無 購買、出售或贖回本公司之任何證券。

優先購買權

本公司組織章程細則或開曼群島法例均無訂明有關本 公司必須按現有股東之持股比例向彼等提呈發售新股 份之優先購買權規定。

主要客戶及供應商

於本財政年度,有關本集團主要客戶應佔提供服務所 得收益的資料如下:

		2024 二零二四年
The largest customer	最大客戶	5.3%
Five largest customers in aggregate	五大客戶總計	24.0%

At no time during the year ended 29 February 2024 had the Directors, their associates or any shareholder of the Company (to the best of the knowledge of the Directors, owns more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any interest in these major customers.

The Group had no supplier due to its nature of principle business activities.

PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, as at 27 May 2024, the Company maintains the prescribed percentage of public float under the Listing Rules. 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度,董事、彼等之 聯繫人或本公司任何股東(據董事所深知,擁有本公 司已發行股本5%以上)概無於該等主要客戶中擁有任 何權益。

因主要業務之性質使然,本集團並無供應商。

公眾持股量

基於本公司所得公開資料及據董事所知,於二零二四 年五月二十七日,本公司保持上市規則所規定之公眾 持股量百分比。

NON-COMPETITION UNDERTAKING

Kwan Lik Holding Limited, Mr. Chan Kai Ho Edward, Mr. Chan, Ms. Chan Ying Yu, Ms. Chan Mei Fong, Ms. Chan Nga Yu and Ms. Mui Hang Sin entered into a deed of non-competition (the "**Deed of Non-competition**") in favour of the Company on 21 February 2013 pursuant to which they have undertaken to the Company (for itself and for the benefit of its subsidiaries) that it or he or she would not, and would procure that its or his or her associates (other than any member of our Group) would not, directly or indirectly, carry on, participate or be interested or engaged in or acquire or hold (in each case whether as a shareholder, partner, principal, agent, director, employee or otherwise) any business which is or may be in competition with the current businesses of the Group during the restricted period.

Ms. Chan Nga Yu, Ms. Mui Hang Sin, Mr. Chan Kai Ho Edward, Mr. Chan, Ms. Chan Mei Fong, Ms. Chan Ying Yu and Mr. Chan Kai Kow Macksion are the beneficiaries of a discretionary trust whose trustee, TMF (Cayman) Limited, indirectly owns the entire issued share capital of Kwan Lik Holding Limited, the controlling shareholder of the Company.

An annual confirmation has been received from each of the parties to the Deed of Non-competition on compliance with each of their respective undertaking thereunder.

The independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the compliance with the Deed of Non-competition by the parties to the Deed of Non-competition and confirmed that the Deed of Non-competition is fully complied with and duly enforced during the year ended 29 February 2024 and up to the date of this report.

不競爭承諾

Kwan Lik Holding Limited、陳啟豪先生、陳先生、陳 英瑜女士、陳美芳女士、陳雅瑜女士及梅杏仙女士已 於二零一三年二月二十一日以本公司為受益人訂立不 競爭契據(「**不競爭契據**」),據此,彼等已向本公司 承諾(為其本身及為其附屬公司之利益)於受限制期 間內,其不會並促使其聯繫人(本集團任何成員公司 除外)不會直接或間接經營、參與或於其中擁有權益 或從事或收購或持有(於各情況下不論以股東、合夥 人、主事人、代理、董事、僱員或其他身份)任何與本 集團目前業務構成或可能構成競爭之業務。

一項酌情信託之受託人為TMF (Cayman) Limited,其 間接擁有本公司控股股東Kwan Lik Holding Limited 之全部已發行股本。陳雅瑜女士、梅杏仙女士、陳啟 豪先生、陳先生、陳美芳女士、陳英瑜女士及陳啟球 先生為該信託之受益人。

本公司已接獲各不競爭契據訂約方就遵守彼等各自在 該契據中之承諾發出之年度確認書。

獨立非執行董事已審視不競爭契據訂約方遵守不競 爭契據之情況,並確認彼等於截至二零二四年二月 二十九日止年度及截至本報告日期止已全面遵守及妥 善執行不競爭契據。

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

The following transactions of the Group constituted continuing connected transactions (the "Continuing Connected Transactions") for the Group for the year ended 29 February 2024:

Tenancy agreements

- On 12 June 2023, for the purpose of operating one of our (j) pawnshops, Hing Wah Pawnshop Credit Limited ("Hing Wah HK"), an indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company entered into a tenancy agreement ("Hing Wah **Tenancy Agreement**") with Kwan Chart (Holding) Company Limited ("Kwan Chart Holding"), which is indirectly whollyowned by a family trust (the "Chan Family Trust") of Mr. Chan (an executive Director), the beneficiaries of which were Mr. Chan and his family members. Pursuant to the Hing Wah Tenancy Agreement, Kwan Chart Holding shall lease a premises to Hing Wah HK for a term of one year from 8 June 2023 to 7 June 2024 at a monthly rent of HK\$80,000 and pay a monthly management fee of HK\$3,300. During the contract period, the management fee may be increased by a maximum of 30% (up to HK\$4,290) if and only if the respective management fee payable by Kwan Chart Holding increases.
- (ii) On 12 June 2023, for the purpose of operating one of our pawnshops, Wai Wah Pawnshop Credit Limited ("Wai Wah HK"), an indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company entered into a tenancy agreement ("Wai Wah Tenancy Agreement") with Mr. Chan, an executive Director. Pursuant to the Wai Wah Tenancy Agreement, Mr. Chan shall lease a premises to Wai Wah HK for a term of one year from 8 June 2023 to 7 June 2024 at a monthly rent of HK\$90,000.
- (iii) On 12 June 2023, for the purpose of operating our head office, Oi Wah Pawnshop Credit Limited ("Oi Wah HK") entered into a tenancy agreement ("Oi Wah Tenancy Agreement") with Kwan Chart Estate Company Limited ("Kwan Chart Estate"), which is indirectly wholly owned by Chan Family Trust. Pursuant to the Oi Wah Tenancy Agreement, Kwan Chart Estate shall lease a premises to Oi Wah HK for a term of one year from 31 May 2023 to 30 May 2024 at a monthly rent of HK\$52,000.

持續關連交易

截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度,本集團下列交易構成本集團之持續關連交易(「持續關連交易」):

租賃協議

- (i) 於二零二三年六月十二日,為經營本集團一間 典當店,本公司間接全資附屬公司興華押業信 貸有限公司(「興華香港」)與羣策集團有限公 司(「羣策集團」,由陳先生(執行董事)的家族 信託(「陳氏家族信託」)間接全資擁有,該家族 信託的受益人為陳先生及其家族成員)訂立一份 租賃協議(「興華租賃協議」)。根據興華租賃協 議,羣策集團將一項物業租賃予興華香港,租期 由二零二三年六月八日至二零二四年六月七日 為期一年,每月租金為80,000港元,並支付每月 管理費3,300港元。於合約期內,只有在羣策集 團應付的相關管理費增加時,才可將管理費上調 最多30%(最高為4,290港元)。
- (ii) 於二零二三年六月十二日,為經營本集團一間典 當店,本公司間接全資附屬公司偉華押業信貸有 限公司(「**偉華香港**」)與執行董事陳先生訂立一 份租賃協議(「**偉華租賃協議**」)。根據偉華租賃 協議,陳先生將一項物業租賃予偉華香港,租期 由二零二三年六月八日至二零二四年六月七日 為期一年,每月租金為90,000港元。
- (iii) 於二零二三年六月十二日,為經營本集團之總辦 事處,靄華押業信貸有限公司(「**靄華香港**」)與 群策置業有限公司(「**群策置業**」,由陳氏家族信 託間接全資擁有)訂立一份租賃協議(「**靄華租 賃協議**」)。根據靄華租賃協議,群策置業將一 項物業租賃予靄華香港,租期由二零二三年五月 三十一日至二零二四年五月三十日為期一年,每 月租金為52,000港元。

(iv) On 30 January 2024, for the purpose of operating one of our pawnshops, Oi Wah HK entered into a tenancy agreement ("Full Honour Tenancy Agreement") with Full Honour Corporation Limited ("Full Honour"), which is indirectly wholly-owned by Kwan Lik Trust whose trustee, TMF (Cayman) Limited, was a substantial Shareholder. Kwan Lik Trust was a discretionary trust and the objects of which included Mr. Chan, Ms. Mui Hang Sin (a substantial Shareholder), Mr. Chan Kai Ho Edward (executive Director and substantial Shareholder), Ms. Chan Mei Fong (executive Director and substantial Shareholder), Ms. Chan Ying Yu (executive Director and substantial Shareholder), Mr. Chan Kai Kow Macksion (non-executive Director and substantial Shareholder) and Ms. Chan Nga Yu (an executive director of Oi Wah HK and substantial Shareholder). Pursuant to the Full Honour Tenancy Agreement, Full Honour shall lease a premises to Oi Wah HK for a term of one year from 1 February 2024 to 31 January 2025 at a monthly rent of HK\$70,000 with a one-month rent-free period from 1 February 2024 to 29 February 2024.

Annual review of the Continuing Connected Transactions

Although all the Continuing Connected Transactions are fully exempt from shareholders' approval, annual review and all disclosure requirements under Rule 14A.76 of the Listing Rules, these transactions have been reviewed by the independent nonexecutive Directors who have confirmed that the Continuing Connected Transactions have been entered into (i) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group; (ii) either on normal commercial terms or on terms no less favourable to the Group than terms available to (or from) independent third parties; and (iii) in accordance with the relevant agreements governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

Save as disclosed above, the significant related party transactions that did not constitute connected transactions under the Listing Rules made during the year were disclosed in note 28 to the consolidated financial statements.

TAX RELIEF AND EXEMPTION

The Directors are not aware of any tax relief and exemption available to the Shareholders by reason of their holding of the Company's securities.

Report of the Directors 董事會報告

於二零二四年一月三十日,為經營本集團一間 (iv) 典當店, 靄華香港與群鴻有限公司(「**群鴻**」, 由Kwan Lik Trust間接全資擁有,其受託人TMF (Cayman) Limited為主要股東)訂立一份租賃協 議(「群鴻租賃協議」)。Kwan Lik Trust為酌情 信託,其受益人包括陳先生、梅杏仙女士(主要 股東)、陳啟豪先生(執行董事兼主要股東)、陳 美芳女士(執行董事兼主要股東)、陳英瑜女士 (執行董事兼主要股東)、陳啟球先生(非執行 董事兼主要股東)及陳雅瑜女士(靄華香港執行 董事及主要股東)。根據群鴻租賃協議,群鴻將 一項物業租賃予靄華香港,租期由二零二四年二 月一日至二零二五年一月三十一日為期一年,每 月租金為70,000港元,並於二零二四年二月一 日至二零二四年二月二十九日享有一個月的免 和期。

持續關連交易之年度審閲

儘管所有持續關連交易均獲全面豁免遵守上市規則 第14A.76條項下之股東批准、年度審閱及所有披露規 定,惟獨立非執行董事已審閱該等交易,並確認持續 關連交易均已(i)於本集團一般及日常業務過程中;(ii) 按一般商業條款或對本集團而言不遜於向獨立第三方 提供(或獲獨立第三方提供)之條款;及(iii)根據規管 有關交易之相關協議按公平合理並符合本公司股東整 體利益之條款訂立。

除上文所披露者外,於年內進行但並不構成上市規則 項下關連交易之重大關連方交易於綜合財務報表附註 28披露。

税務寬減及豁免

董事並不知悉股東因持有本公司證券而享有任何税務 寬減或豁免。

Report of the Directors 董事會報告

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Appropriate Directors' liability insurance has been arranged to indemnify the Directors for liabilities arising out of corporate activities. The coverage and the sum insured under the policy are reviewed annually. Further, the Company's Articles of Association provide that Directors are entitled to be indemnified out of the Company's assets against claims from third parties in respect of certain liabilities.

The Company has taken out and maintained appropriate insurance cover in respect of potential legal actions against its Directors and officers.

BUSINESS REVIEW

Additional information of business review is set out on pages 10 to 24 under the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" of this annual report, which forms part of this report of the Directors.

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The Group continues to keep itself updated over the requirement of the relevant laws and regulations applicable to it to ensure compliance. To the best of the Directors' knowledge, information and belief after having made all reasonable enquiries, the Directors are not aware of any non-compliance in any material respect with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group's business and operations for the year ended 29 February 2024.

Details of the Company's compliance with the code provisions in the Corporate Governance Code contained in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules are set out in the corporate governance report of this report.

獲准許之彌償條文

本公司已為董事投購適當之董事責任保險,以就董事 因企業活動而招致的法律責任向彼等提供彌償。有關 保障範圍及投保金額會每年進行檢討。此外,本公司 組織章程細則規定,倘董事就若干法律責任遭第三方 提出申索,彼等有權自本公司資產中獲得彌償。

本公司已就有關其董事及高級人員的潛在法律訴訟投購及維持適當之保險。

業務回顧

業務回顧之其他資料載於本年報第10至24頁「管理層 討論及分析」一節,其構成本董事會報告之一部分。

遵守法律及法規

本集團繼續緊貼適用相關法律及法規規定的最新資 訊,以確保合規。據董事作出一切合理查詢後所深 知、全悉及確信,董事並不知悉截至二零二四年二月 二十九日止年度在任何重大方面有任何不遵守相關法 律及法規而對本集團業務及營運造成重大影響的情 況。

有關本公司遵守上市規則附錄C1所載企業管治守則 的守則條文的詳情,載於本報告的企業管治報告內。

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND 環境政策及表現 PERFORMANCE

The Group is committed to operate in compliance with the applicable environmental laws as well as protecting the environment by minimising the negative impact of the Group's existing business activities on the environment and complying with the applicable environmental laws and regulations.

The Company's compliance with the relevant provisions as set out in the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide in Appendix C2 of the Listing Rules for the year ended 29 February 2024 are set out in the environmental, social and governance report which is to be issued within four months after the end of the year ended 29 February 2024. The Group will provide the report to its Shareholders by electronic means.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

On 12 March 2024, the Group entered into the subscription agreement to subscribe for limited partnership interests in PACM OW Global Special Situation Fund II L.P., a Cayman Islands exempted limited partnership at the subscription amount of HK\$112 million. The General Manager of PACM OW Global Special Situation Fund II L.P. fund is PACM OW GP II Limited, which is an associate of the Group. For further information, please refer to the Company's announcements dated 12 March 2024 and 17 April 2024.

AUDITORS

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 29 February 2024 have been audited by SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited and a resolution will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to re-appoint SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited as auditor of the Company.

By order of the Board

Chan Kai Ho Edward Chairman

Hong Kong, 27 May 2024

本集團透過盡量減低現有業務對環境造成之負面影響 及遵守適用環保法律和法規,在營運時恪守適用環保 法規以及保護環境。

本公司於截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度遵守上 市規則附錄C2「環境、社會及管治報告指引|所載相 關條文的情況,載於環境、社會及管治報告內,該報 告將於截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度結束後 四個月內刊發。本集團將以電子方式向其股東提供報 告。

報告期後事項

於二零二四年三月十二日,本集團訂立認購協議, 認購於PACM OW Global Special Situation Fund II L.P.(為一間開曼群島獲豁免有限合夥公司)的有限合 夥權益,認購金額為112,000,000港元。PACM OW Global Special Situation Fund II L.P.的基金管理人為 PACM OW GP II Limited, 為本集團的一間聯營公司。 更多詳情,請參閱本公司日期為二零二四年三月十二 日及二零二四年四月十七日的公告。

核數師

本集團截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度之綜合財 務報表已由信永中和(香港)會計師事務所有限公司 審核,且本公司將於本公司應屆股東週年大會上提呈 一項決議案,以續聘信永中和(香港)會計師事務所有 限公司為本公司核數師。

承董事會命

主席 陳啟豪

香港, 二零二四年五月二十七日

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

The Board is pleased to present the corporate governance report of the Company for FY2024. The Company is committed to achieving and maintaining high standards of corporate governance consistent with the needs and requirements of its business and to enable the Shareholders to evaluate how the principles of corporate governance have been applied. The corporate governance principles of the Company emphasise a high quality Board, sound internal controls, and transparency and accountability to all Shareholders.

Our Company has adopted the code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "**Code Provisions**") contained in Part 2 of Appendix C1 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "**Listing Rules**").

Throughout FY2024, our Company complied with the Code Provisions, save for the deviation from Code Provision C.2.1 which is explained below.

Code Provision C.2.1 requires that the roles of the chairman and the chief executive to be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. Mr. Chan Kai Ho Edward ("Mr. Edward Chan"), an executive Director, currently holds both positions. Mr. Edward Chan has been the key leadership figure of our Group and has been primarily involved in the formulation of business strategies and determination of the overall direction of our Group. He has also been chiefly responsible for our Group's operations as he directly supervises other executive Directors and senior management of our Group. Taking into account the continuation of the implementation of our Group's business plans, our Directors (including the independent non-executive Directors) consider that Mr. Edward Chan is the best candidate for both positions and the present arrangements are beneficial and in the best interests of our Company and its shareholders (the "Shareholders" or "our Shareholders") as a whole.

The Directors will review our Company's corporate governance policies and compliance with the Code Provisions from time to time.

企業管治守則

董事會欣然提呈本公司二零二四年財政年度的企業管 治報告。本公司致力達致及維持高水平的企業管治, 符合其業務所需,讓股東可評估企業管治原則如何應 用。本公司的企業管治原則強調須設有高質素的董事 會、良好的內部監控,以及對全體股東具有透明度及 問責性。

本公司已採納載於香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市 規則(「上市規則」)附錄C1第2部之企業管治守則所 載之守則條文(「守則條文」)。

於整個二零二四年財政年度內,本公司已遵守守則 條文,惟偏離守則條文第C.2.1條者(於下文解釋)除 外。

守則條文第C.2.1條規定主席及行政總裁之角色應有 區分,且不應由同一人士兼任。執行董事陳啟豪先生 (「**陳啟豪先生**」)現時兼任該兩個職位。陳啟豪先生一 直為本集團之主要領導人,主要負責制訂本集團之業 務策略及釐定本集團之整體方針。由於彼直接監督其 他執行董事及本集團高級管理層,故彼亦一直為本集 團之最高營運負責人。考慮到實施本集團業務計劃之 連續性,董事(包括獨立非執行董事)認為,陳啟豪先 生為該兩個職位之最佳人選,而現行安排對本公司及 其股東(「**股東**」)整體有利,並符合彼等之整體最佳 利益。

董事將不時檢討本公司之企業管治政策及其遵守守則 條文之情況。

DIRECTORS

The Board

The Board, led by the chairman of the Company, is responsible for leadership and control of the Company and overseeing the Group's businesses, strategic decisions and performance. The Board has delegated to the senior management of the Company the authority and responsibility for the day-to-day management and operation of the Group. In addition, the Board has established Board committees and has delegated to these Board committees various responsibilities as set out in their respective terms of reference.

The Board reserved its decision for all major matters of the Company, including: approving and monitoring all policy matters, overall strategies and budgets, internal control and risk management systems, material transactions (in particular those that may involve conflict of interests), financial information, appointment of Directors and other significant financial and operational matters.

Daily management and administration functions are delegated to the management. The Board delegated various responsibilities to the senior management of the Company. These responsibilities include implementing decisions of the Board, directing and coordinating day-to-day operation and management of the Company in accordance with the management strategies and plans approved by the Board, formulating and monitoring the operation and production plans and budgets, and supervising and monitoring the control systems.

董事

董事會

董事會由本公司主席領導,負責領導及控制本公司並 監控本集團之業務、策略決策及表現。董事會授予本 公司高級管理層權力及責任進行本集團之日常管理及 營運。此外,董事會已成立董事委員會,並授予此等 董事委員會不同責任,詳情載於其各自之職權範圍。

董事會保留本公司所有重要事項之決策權,包括批准 及監察所有政策事宜、整體策略及預算、內部監控及 風險管理系統、重大交易(特別是可能會涉及利益衝 突之交易)、財務資料、委任董事及其他重要財務及營 運事宜。

管理層已獲指派負責日常管理及行政工作。董事會授 予本公司高級管理層各項責任,此等責任包括執行董 事會之決定;根據董事會批准之管理策略及計劃指示 及協調本公司之日常營運和管理;制訂及監察營運及 生產計劃及預算;以及監督和監察監控系統。

For the year ended 29 February 2024, the Board held six formal meetings. Attendance of individual Directors at the Board meeting for the year ended 29 February 2024 is as follows:

截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度,董事會已舉行 六次正式會議。截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年 度,個別董事出席董事會會議之情況如下:

News of Directory	ᄨᆂᄮᄼ	Board Meeting	Annual General Meeting
Name of Director	董事姓名	董事會會議	股東週年大會
Executive Directors:	執行董事:		
Mr. Edward Chan (Note 1)	陳啟豪先生 <i>(附註1)</i>		
(Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)	(主席兼行政總裁)	6/6	1/1
Mr. Chan Chart Man (Note 1)	陳策文先生 <i>(附註1)</i>	0/6	0/1
Ms. Chan Ying Yu (Note 1)	陳英瑜女士 <i>(附註1)</i>	6/6	1/1
Ms. Chan Mei Fong <i>(Note 1)</i>	陳美芳女士 <i>(附註1)</i>	6/6	1/1
Non-executive Directors:	非執行董事:		
Mr. Chan Kai Kow Macksion (Note 1)	陳啟球先生 <i>(附註1)</i>	4/6	1/1
Mr. Ng Siu Hong	伍紹康先生	3/6	1/1
Independent non-executive Directors:	獨立非執行董事:		
Dr. Leung Shiu Ki Albert	梁兆棋博士	4/6	1/1
Dr. Yip Ngai	葉毅博士	4/6	1/1
Mr. Lam On Tai	林安泰先生	4/6	1/1

Note:

 Mr. Edward Chan, Ms. Chan Ying Yu, Ms. Chan Mei Fong and Mr. Chan Kai Kow Macksion are siblings. Mr. Chan Chart Man is their father.

For the year ended 29 February 2024, apart from the meetings of the Board, consent/approval from the Board had also been obtained by written resolutions on a number of matters.

For the year ended 29 February 2024, one general meeting of the Company was held.

附註:

 陳啟豪先生、陳英瑜女士、陳美芳女士及陳啟球先生 為兄弟姐妹。陳策文先生為彼等之父親。

截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度,除董事會會議外,董事會亦已透過書面決議案同意/批准多項事項。

截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度,本公司已舉行 一次股東大會。

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Code Provision C.2.1 stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual.

Mr. Edward Chan, an executive Director, currently holds both the positions of chairman and chief executive officer. Mr. Edward Chan has been the key leadership figure of the Group, who has been primarily involved in formulation of business strategies and determination of the overall direction of the Group. He has also been chiefly responsible for the Group's operations as he directly supervises other executive Directors and senior management of the Group. Taking into account the continuation of the implementation of the Group's business plans, the Directors (including the independent non-executive Directors) consider that Mr. Edward Chan is the best candidate for both positions and the present arrangements are beneficial and in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

主席及行政總裁

守則條文第C.2.1條規定主席及行政總裁之角色應有 區分,且不應由同一人士兼任。

執行董事陳啟豪先生現時兼任主席及行政總裁職位。 陳啟豪先生一直為本集團之主要領導人,主要負責制 訂本集團之業務策略及釐定本集團之整體方針。由於 彼直接監督其他執行董事及本集團高級管理層,故彼 亦一直為本集團之最高營運負責人。考慮到實施本集 團業務計劃之連續性,董事(包括獨立非執行董事) 認為,陳啟豪先生為該兩個職位之最佳人選,而現行 安排對本公司及股東整體有利,並符合彼等之整體利 益。

Board Composition

Currently, the Board comprises nine Directors, including four executive Directors, two non-executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors. The current composition of the Board is as follows:

董事會之組成

董事會現時由九名董事組成,包括四名執行董事、二 名非執行董事及三名獨立非執行董事。董事會現時之 組成如下:

Membership of Board Committee(s) 董事委員會成員

Executive Directors: 執行董事: Mr. Edward Chan (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer) 陳啟豪先生(主席兼行政總裁)

Mr. Chan Chart Man 陳策文先生 Ms. Chan Ying Yu 陳英瑜女士 Ms. Chan Mei Fong 陳美芳女士

Non-executive Directors: 非執行董事: Mr. Chan Kai Kow Macksion 陳啟球先生 Mr. Ng Siu Hong 伍紹康先生

Independent non-executive Directors: 獨立非執行董事: Mr. Lam On Tai 林安泰先生

Dr. Leung Shiu Ki Albert 梁兆棋博士

Dr. Yip Ngai 葉毅博士 Member of Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會成員 Member of Nomination Committee 提名委員會成員

Chairman of Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會主席 Member of Audit Committee 審核委員會成員 Member of Nomination Committee 提名委員會成員 Chairman of Nomination Committee 提名委員會主席 Member of Audit Committee 審核委員會成員 Chairman of Audit Committee 薪酬委員會成員 Chairman of Audit Committee 審核委員會主席

Pursuant to Rule 3.10(1) of the Listing Rules, every board of directors of a listed issuer must include at least three independent non-executive directors. In addition, pursuant to Rules 3.10A and 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules, every listed issuer is required to have such number of independent non-executive directors representing at least one-third of the Board, and at least one of whom must have appropriate professional qualifications, or accounting or related financial management expertise. Dr. Leung Shiu Ki Albert was admitted as an associate of The Chartered Association of Certified Accountants (currently known as Association of Chartered Certified Accountants) in February 1987 and became an associate of the Hong Kong Society of Accountants (currently known as HKICPA) in September 1988.

The Company has received from each of the independent nonexecutive Directors an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Board has assessed the independence of all the independent non-executive Directors and considered that all the independent non-executive Directors are independent.

The biographies of the Directors are set out on pages 65 to 68 of this annual report. Save as disclosed on pages 65 to 68 of this annual report, the Board members do not have any family, financial or business relationship with each other.

The list of Directors has been published on the website of the Company and the website of the Stock Exchange, and is disclosed in all corporate communications issued by the Company pursuant to the Listing Rules from time to time.

MECHANISMS REGARDING INDEPENDENT VIEWS TO THE BOARD

The Company has established mechanisms as detailed below to ensure that a strong independent element on, and independent views and input are available to the Board.

(i) Composition of the Board and Board Committees

- The Board endeavours to ensure the appointment of at least three independent non-executive directors ("INEDs") and at least one-third of its members being INEDs (or such higher threshold as may be required by the Listing Rules from time to time).
- Apart from complying with the requirements prescribed by the Listing Rules as to the composition of certain Board committees, INEDs will be appointed to other Board committees as far as practicable to ensure independent views are available.

上市規則第3.10(1)條規定,每間上市發行人之董事會 必須包括至少三名獨立非執行董事。此外,上市規則 第3.10A及3.10(2)條規定,每間上市發行人之獨立非 執行董事必須佔董事會成員人數至少三分之一,以及 其中最少一名獨立非執行董事必須具備適當之專業資 格,或具備適當之會計或相關之財務管理專長。梁兆 棋博士於一九八七年二月獲接納為特許公認會計師公 會會員,並於一九八八年九月成為香港會計師公會會員。

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13 條發出之年度獨立身份確認書。董事會已評估全體獨 立非執行董事之獨立性,並認為全體獨立非執行董事 均為獨立人士。

董事履歷詳情載於本年報第65至68頁。除本年報第 65至68頁所披露者外,董事會成員之間概無存有任何 家屬、財務或業務關係。

董事名單已刊載於本公司及聯交所之網站上,亦會於 本公司不時按照上市規則刊發之所有公司通訊中披 露。

有關向董事會表達獨立觀點之機制

本公司已成立機制以確保董事會具備強大獨立元素, 且能得到獨立觀點及意見,詳情如下。

(i) 董事會及董事會委員會的組成

- 董事會致力確保委任最少三名獨立非執行
 董事(「獨立非執行董事」),且其最少三
 分之一成員為獨立非執行董事(或由上市
 規則不時要求的更高門檻)。
 - 除遵守上市規則所要求的組成若干董事會 委員會外,獨立非執行董事將於可行時獲 委任至其他董事會委員會,以確保能得到 獨立觀點。

(ii) Independence Assessment

 The Nomination Committee strictly adheres to the Group's nomination policy and the independence assessment criteria as set out in the Listing Rules with regards to the nomination and appointment of INEDs.

(iii) Compensation

 No equity-based remuneration with performancerelated elements will be granted to INEDs as this may lead to bias in their decision-making and compromise their objectivity and independence.

(iv) Board Decision Making

- The Directors (including INEDs) upon reasonable request, may seek independent professional advice at the Company's expense, to assist the performance of their duties.
- The Directors (including INEDs) shall not vote or be counted in the quorum on any board resolution approving any contract or arrangement in which such Director has a conflict of interest.
- The chairmen of the Board shall at least annually hold meetings with the INEDs without the presence of other Directors to discuss major issues and any concerns.

The implementation and effectiveness of such mechanism was reviewed on an annual basis. The Board considers that such mechanism has been implemented properly and effectively during the Relevant Period.

Appointment, Re-election and Removal of Directors

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company, and each of the non-executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors has signed a letter of appointment with the Company. Such term is for an initial term of three years commencing from the Listing Date and is subject to the re-appointment of each of the Directors by the Company at an annual general meeting upon retirement.

The Articles of Association of the Company provide that any Director appointed by the Board (i) to fill a casual vacancy in the Board shall hold office only until the next following general meeting of the Company and shall be subject to re-election at such meeting; and (ii) as an addition to the Board shall hold office until the next annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election.

(ii) 獨立評估

提名委員會於提名及委任獨立非執行董事
 時嚴格遵守本集團的提名政策及載於上市
 規則的獨立評估準則。

(iii) 補償

 概不會向獨立非執行董事授予與表現相關 的股權薪酬,因其可能導致彼等之决策出 現偏差,並影響彼等之客觀性及獨立性。

(iv) 董事會決策

- 董事(包括獨立非執行董事)可按合理要
 求尋求獨立專業意見(費用由本公司支
 付),以協助其履行職責。
- 董事(包括獨立非執行董事)在批准與該
 董事存在利益衝突的任何合約或安排的任
 何董事會決議案中不得投票或被計入法定
 人數。
- 董事會主席應最少每年與獨立非執行董事 舉行一次沒有其他董事在場的會議,以討 論主要問題及任何關注事項。

該機制的實施及成效將每年審閱一次。董事會 認為已於相關期間適當及有效地實施該機制。

委任、重選及罷免董事

各執行董事已與本公司訂立服務合約,而各非執行董 事及獨立非執行董事已與本公司簽署委任書。初步任 期由上市日期起計為期三年,而各董事須於退任時在 股東週年大會上由本公司重新委任。

本公司組織章程細則規定,任何由董事會委任(i)以填 補董事會臨時空缺之董事任期僅至本公司下屆股東大 會,並須於該大會上接受重選;及(ii)作為新增成員加 入董事會之董事任期至本公司下屆股東週年大會時屆 滿,屆時將合資格接受重選。

In addition, every Director should be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. At every annual general meeting, one-third of the Directors for the time being, or if their number is not three or a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not less than one-third, shall retire from office by rotation according to Article 108(a) of the Articles of Association of the Company.

Non-executive Directors

Each of our non-executive Directors has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for a term of three years and shall continue thereafter unless terminated in accordance with the terms of the letters of appointment.

Responsibilities of Directors

All the Directors received an induction on appointment to ensure appropriate understanding of the business and operation of the Group and full awareness of director's responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and relevant regulatory requirements. The Directors will also be updated from time to time on the business development and operation plans of the Company.

The management, consisting of the executive Directors along with other senior management, is delegated with responsibilities for implementing the strategy and direction as adopted by the Board from time to time, and conducting the day-to-day operations of the Group. Executive Directors and senior management meet regularly to review the performance of the businesses of the Group as a whole, co-ordinate overall resources and make financial and operational decisions. The Board also gives clear directions as to their powers of management including circumstances where management should report back, and will review the delegation arrangements on a periodic basis to ensure that they remain appropriate to the needs of the Group.

All Directors shall ensure that they carry out duties in good faith, in compliance with applicable laws and regulations, and in the interests of the Company and its Shareholders at all times.

During the year, a meeting of the Chairman and the independent non-executive Directors without the presence of other executive Directors was held to discuss the matters that they wish to raise. 此外,各董事須至少每三年輪值退任一次。根據本公司組織章程細則第108(a)條,於每屆股東週年大會上,當時董事人數之三分之一(或當人數非三或三之倍數時,則最接近三分之一但不少於三分之一)須輪 值退任。

非執行董事

各非執行董事已與本公司訂立為期三年之委任書,期 滿後將繼續有效,除非根據委任書之條款予以終止。

董事之職責

全體董事於獲委任時均會接受就職介紹,確保彼等對 本集團業務及營運有適當瞭解,且充份明白其於上市 規則及有關監管規定項下之職責及責任。董事亦會不 時獲告知有關本公司業務發展及營運計劃之最新情 況。

管理層(包括執行董事)連同其他高級管理層獲委派 負責執行董事會不時採納的策略及指示並進行本集團 的日常營運。執行董事及高級管理層會定期會面,以 檢討本集團整體業務表現、調配整體資源及作出財務 及營運決定。董事會亦在彼等管理權力範圍內給予清 晰指示,包括管理人員應作報告的情況,亦會定期檢 討委派安排,以確保有關安排切合本集團的需要。

全體董事須確保秉誠履行職責,遵守適用法例及法 規,並於任何時候均以本公司及其股東的利益行事。

年內,主席與獨立非執行董事曾在其他執行董事避席 的情況下舉行一次會議,以討論彼等有意提出的事 宜。

In compliance with Code Provision C.1.4, the Company will arrange for, and provide funds for, all the Directors to participate in continuous professional development organised in the form of in-house training, seminars or other appropriate courses to keep them refresh of their knowledge, skill and understanding of the Group and its business or to update their skills and knowledge on the latest development or changes in the relevant statutes, the Listing Rules and corporate governance practices. The Company will also update the Directors of any material changes in the Listing Rules and corporate governance practices from time to time.

The individual training record of each Director received for the year ended 29 February 2024 is summarised below:

為遵守守則條文第C.1.4條,本公司將安排及撥資讓全 體董事參加持續專業發展,形式可為內部培訓、研討 會或其他適當之課程,使彼等可重溫其知識、技能及 對本集團及其業務之理解,或因應相關法規、上市規 則及企業管治常規之最新發展或變動向彼等提供相關 方面之最新技能及知識。本公司亦會不時向董事提供 有關上市規則及企業管治常規之任何重大變動之最新 資料。

截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度,各董事所接受 之個別培訓記錄概述如下:

Names of Directors 董事姓名	Attending or participating in seminars/conferences/ corporate events or reading regulatory updates/ journals relating to director's duties 出席或參加研討會/會議/企業活動或 閱讀有關董事職責之最新監管資訊/期刊
Executive Directors	
執行董事	
Mr. Edward Chan	
陳啟豪先生	\checkmark
Mr. Chan Chart Man	
陳策文先生 Ma Chan Xing Xin	V
Ms. Chan Ying Yu 陳英瑜女士	
Ms. Chan Mei Fong	v
陳美芳女士	\checkmark
Non-executive Directors	
非執行董事	
Mr. Chan Kai Kow Macksion	
陳啟球先生	\checkmark
Mr. Ng Siu Hong 伍紹康先生	,
[[] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []	
Independent non-executive Directors	
獨立非執行董事	
Dr. Leung Shiu Ki Albert	
梁兆棋博士	\checkmark
Dr. Yip Ngai 莊如甫上	,
葉毅博士 Mr. Lam On Tai	
Mr. Lam On Tal 林安泰先生	
m×w/L上	v

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the standard set out in Appendix C3 (Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers) (the "**Model Code**") to the Listing Rules, in relation to the dealings in securities of the Company by the Directors.

Having made specific enquiries with all Directors, each Director has confirmed that he/she has complied with the standard set out in the Model Code throughout the year ended 29 February 2024 and up to the date of this annual report.

BOARD COMMITTEES

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee of the Company was established on 19 February 2013 with effect from the Listing Date with specific written terms of reference in compliance with the Listing Rules. With the adoption of the board diversity policy (the "**Board Diversity Policy**") to comply with the Code Provisions, the terms of reference of the Nomination Committee were revised on 23 May 2014. According to the Board Diversity Policy, the Board should be composed of directors with diversed skills, knowledge, gender, age, cultural and educational background or professional experience. The Board will review such measurable objectives from time to time to ensure their appropriateness and assess the progress made towards achieving those objectives. The Nomination Committee considered the Board composition was in compliance with the Board Diversity Policy.

The existing members of the Nomination Committee include Dr. Leung Shiu Ki Albert and Mr. Lam On Tai, both are independent non-executive Directors, and Mr. Edward Chan, an executive Director. Dr. Leung Shiu Ki Albert is the chairman of the Nomination Committee.

The primary duties of the Nomination Committee include, amongst other things:

- to review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board at least annually and to make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the corporate strategy;
- to identify individuals suitably qualified to become members of the Board and select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorship;

董事進行證券交易

本公司已就董事買賣本公司證券採納上市規則附錄 C3(上市發行人董事進行證券交易之標準守則)(「標 準守則」)所載之標準。

經向全體董事作出特定查詢後,截至二零二四年二月 二十九日止年度及截至本年報日期止,各董事已確認 其一直遵守標準守則所載之標準。

董事委員會 提名委員會

本公司之提名委員會於二零一三年二月十九日成立, 自上市日期起生效,並根據上市規則制訂特定書面職 權範圍。由於採納董事會成員多元化政策(「**董事會成 員多元化政策**」)以遵守守則條文,提名委員會之職權 範圍已於二零一四年五月二十三日修訂。根據董事會 成員多元化政策,董事會應由不同技能、知識、性別、 年齡、文化及教育背景或專業經驗之董事組成。董事 會將不時檢討該等可計量目標,以確保其適當性及評 估達致該等目標所取得的進度。提名委員會認為董事 會之組成符合董事會成員多元化政策。

提名委員會現有成員包括梁兆棋博士及林安泰先生 (兩人均為獨立非執行董事)以及陳啟豪先生(執行董 事)。梁兆棋博士為提名委員會主席。

提名委員會的主要職責包括(其中包括):

- (i) 最少每年檢討董事會的架構、規模及組成(包括 技能、知識及經驗),並向董事會提出任何建議 變動的建議以配合我們的企業策略;
- (ii) 物色具備適當資格可擔任董事會成員的人士,並 挑選個別人士提名出任董事或就挑選向董事會 提出建議;

- (iii) to assess the independence of independent non-executive Directors; and
- (iv) to consider and make recommendations to the Board regarding the re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors, in particular the Chairman and the Chief Executive.

The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee are available on the website of the Company and the website of the Stock Exchange.

The Nomination Committee held one meeting during the reporting year. During the meeting, the Nomination Committee proposed to the Board to re-elect the retiring Directors, namely Mr. Chan Chart Man, Ms. Chan Mei Fong and Dr. Leung Shiu Xi Albert, at the forthcoming annual general meeting. The Nomination Committee reviewed the independence of the independent non-executive Directors and the structure, size and diversity of the Board. Please refer to the table below for the attendance record of the meetings of the Nomination Committee during the year ended 29 February 2024:

- (iii) 評核獨立非執行董事的獨立性;及
- (iv) 考慮續聘董事及董事(尤其是主席及總裁)繼任 計劃並就此向董事會提出建議。

提名委員會之職權範圍可於本公司網站及聯交所網站 上查閱。

提名委員會於報告年度內曾舉行一次會議。於會議, 提名委員會建議董事會於應屆股東週年大會上重選退 任董事陳策文先生、陳美芳女士及梁兆棋博士。提名 委員會已審閱獨立非執行董事之獨立性及董事會之架 構、規模及多元化。下表載列董事於截至二零二四年 二月二十九日止年度出席提名委員會會議之記錄:

Dire 董事	ectors		Attendance/ Number of Meetings held 出席/舉行會議次數
Dr. Leung Shiu Ki Albert <i>(Chairman of the Nomination Committee)</i> 梁兆棋博士 <i>(提名委員會主席)</i> Mr. Edward Chan 陳啟豪先生			1/1
Mr. Lam On Tai 林安泰先生			1/1
	ing FY2024, the Nomination Committee has performed the owing work:	於二 責:	ニ零ニ四年財政年度・提名委員會已履行下列職
1.	reviewed the structure, size and composition (including skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board;	1.	檢討董事會的架構、規模及組成(包括技能、知 識及經驗);
2.	discussed and recommended to the Board the re- appointment of Directors;	2.	討論並向董事會建議續聘董事:
3.	reviewed and assessed the independence of independent non-executive Directors of the Company; and	3.	審視及評核本公司獨立非執行董事的獨立性;及
4.	reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the diversity policy and nomination policy adopted.	4.	審視所採取的多元化政策及提名政策的實施及 成效。

NOMINATION POLICY

The Group has adopted a nomination policy (the "**Nomination Policy**") which specifies the procedures, process and criteria of the nomination of Directors.

Selection criteria for nomination and appointment of Directors

When making any recommendations in relation to the appointment of any proposed candidate to the Board or reappointment of any existing member(s) of the Board, the Nomination Committee shall consider, but without limitation, the following factors when evaluating the suitability of the proposed candidate:

- competence, experience, skills, expertise, education and professional qualifications, background and other personal attributes of the candidate that can best complement and expand the skill set and expertise of the Board as a whole;
- reputation for integrity;
- availability of the candidate, as to whether the candidate can devote sufficient time and effort to properly discharge his duties as a Director; and
- other factors as the Nomination Committee or the Board may deem relevant.

If the candidate is proposed to be appointed as an independent non-executive director, he or she must comply with the independence requirements under the Listing Rules. Such candidate shall be independent in judgment and character, and shall be able to act in the best interests of the Shareholders.

Nomination procedure and process

The Nomination Policy sets out the procedure and process in relation to the nomination of Directors as follows:

- members of the Nomination Committee or the Board shall identify, nominate and invite suitable candidates;
- the Nomination Committee shall determine the suitable candidate for appointment in accordance with the selection criteria set out in the Nomination Policy and the Board Diversity Policy;

提名政策

本集團已採納一項提名政策(「**提名政策**」),當中載 列提名董事之程序、過程及準則。

提名及委任董事之甄選準則

就委任任何建議候選人加入董事會或重新委任任何董 事會現有成員而作出任何推薦建議時,提名委員會應 考慮(但不限於)下列因素以評估建議候選人是否合 適:

- 最能補足及擴大董事會之整體技能及專業知識 之候選人能力、經驗、技能、專業知識、教育及 專業資格、背景及其他個人特質;
- 信譽;
- 候選人可工作之時間,即候選人能否投入足夠時 間及精力妥善履行其作為董事之職務;及
- 提名委員會或董事會可能認為相關之其他因素。

倘候選人獲建議委任為獨立非執行董事,其必須遵守 上市規則項下之獨立性規定。該候選人應為具有獨立 判斷力及個性之人士,並能以股東之最佳利益行事。

提名程序及過程

提名政策載列有關提名董事之程序及過程如下:

- 提名委員會或董事會成員將物色、提名及邀請合 適候選人;
- 提名委員會將根據提名政策及董事會成員多元
 化政策所載甄選準則釐定委任之合適候選人;

- in the context of re-appointment of retiring Directors, the Nomination Committee shall review and evaluate the candidate's overall performance and contributions, and make recommendations to the Board and/or Shareholders for consideration in respect of his/her re-election in general meetings; and
- for any individual that is nominated by a Shareholder for election as a director in the general meeting of the Company, the Nomination Committee and/or the Board shall evaluate such candidate with reference to the criteria stipulated above to determine whether such candidate is qualified for directorship.

The Nomination Policy is subject to review by the Board from time to time to ensure its effectiveness and compliance with good corporate governance practice and regulatory requirements.

DIVERSITY POLICY

The board diversity policy of the Company became effective in August 2013. When the Company designs the Board composition, it will consider the Board's diversity from a number of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service, perspectives and insights to be brought to the Board, skills and experience, and any other factors that the Board may consider relevant and applicable from time to time. All Board appointments will be based on merit, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, with due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

The Nomination Committee of the Board has set measurable objectives based on key areas including gender, age, cultural and educational background and professional experience to implement the board diversity policy. The Nomination Committee will review the board diversity policy as appropriate; and review the measurable objectives that the Board has set for implementing the board diversity policy, and the progress on achieving the objectives, to ensure its continued effectiveness from time to time.

The Board targets to achieve gender diversity on the Board, which shall not be lower than the Listing Rules' requirement. The Board is committed to further improving gender diversity as and when suitable Director candidates are identified. Currently, there are seven male and two female Board members, which meet the requirements under the Listing Rules. The Nomination Committee is of the view that the Board has the combination of diversity and balance and is suitable for the business of the Group.

- 於重新委任退任董事時,提名委員會將審視及評 估候選人之整體表現及貢獻,並就該候選人於股 東大會上重選向董事會及/或股東作出推薦建 議,以供其考慮;及
- 就任何獲股東提名於本公司股東大會上參選董
 事之個別人士而言,提名委員會及/或董事會將
 參照上文所訂準則評估該候選人,以釐定該候選
 人是否合資格擔任董事。

提名政策須經董事會不時檢討,以確保其行之有效以 及符合良好企業管治常規及監管要求。

多元化政策

本公司的董事會成員多元化政策於二零一三年八月生 效。本公司設定董事會成員組合時,將從多方面考慮 董事會的多元化,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化與 教育背景、種族、專業經驗、技能、知識及在任年期、 將帶給董事會的觀點與見解、技能與經驗,以及董事 會可能不時認為相關及適用的任何其他因素。所有董 事會委任的原則是用人唯才,按照客觀準則考慮候選 人,適當考慮董事會成員多元化的裨益。

董事會提名委員會已根據主要方面,包括性別、年 齡、文化與教育背景及專業經驗,設定可衡量目標, 以實施董事會成員多元化政策。提名委員會將不時適 當檢討董事會成員多元化政策,並審視董事會為實施 董事會成員多元化政策而設定的可衡量目標及達致目 標的進展,確保其行之有效。

董事會的目標是實現董事會性別多元化,不得低於上 市規則的要求。董事會致力物色合適的董事候選人, 同時進一步改善性別多元化。目前,董事會有七名男 性成員及兩名女性成員,符合上市規則的要求。提名 委員會認為,董事會兼具多元與均衡,切合本集團的 業務。

The Company implements a diversified employment policy. It provides women with equal employment opportunities, ensures equal pay for male and female employees for equal work, and provides women with gender-appropriate physical and mental health facilities and career development plans. As at 29 February 2024, the ratio of female employees of the Company was 20%.

For further details about how the Company achieves gender diversity, please refer to the Company's 2024 Environmental, Social and Governance Report.

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee of the Company was established on 19 February 2013 with effect from the Listing Date with specific written terms of reference in compliance with the Listing Rules. The primary functions of the Remuneration Committee are to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of the Directors and senior management, determine on behalf of the Board specific remuneration packages and conditions of employment for the Directors and senior management, assess performance of the executive Directors and approve the terms of executive Directors' service contracts. The existing members of the Remuneration Committee include Mr. Lam On Tai and Dr. Leung Shiu Ki Albert, both are independent non-executive Directors, and Mr. Edward Chan, an executive Director. Mr. Lam On Tai is the chairman of the Remuneration Committee.

The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are available on the website of the Company and the website of the Stock Exchange.

The Remuneration Committee held one meeting during the reporting year. During the meeting, the Remuneration Committee reviewed the Directors' salaries and other allowances and the remuneration of the senior management and assessment system. Please refer to the table below for the attendance record of the meeting of the Remuneration Committee during the year ended 29 February 2024:

本公司已實施多元化僱傭政策。該政策為婦女提供 平等就業機會,確保男女僱員同工同酬,並為婦女提 供適合其性別的身心健康設施及職業發展計劃。於 二零二四年二月二十九日,本公司的女性僱員比例為 20%。

有關本公司如何達致性別多元化的進一步詳情,請參 関本公司的二零二四年環境、社會及管治報告。

薪酬委員會

本公司之薪酬委員會於二零一三年二月十九日成立, 自上市日期起生效,並根據上市規則制訂特定書面職 權範圍。薪酬委員會之主要職能為就董事及高級管理 層之薪酬向董事會提出推薦建議,代表董事會釐定有 關董事及高級管理層之具體薪酬待遇及聘用條件,評 估執行董事之表現以及批准執行董事服務合約之條 款。薪酬委員會現有成員包括林安泰先生及梁兆棋博 士(兩人均為獨立非執行董事)以及陳啟豪先生(執 行董事)。林安泰先生為薪酬委員會主席。

薪酬委員會之職權範圍可於本公司網站及聯交所網站 上查閱。

薪酬委員會於報告年度內曾舉行一次會議。薪酬委員 會於會上審閱董事薪酬及其他津貼以及高級管理層薪 酬及考核制度。下表載列董事於截至二零二四年二月 二十九日止年度出席薪酬委員會會議之記錄:

Directors 董事	Attendance/ Number of Meeting held 出席/舉行會議次數
Mr. Lam On Tai (Chairman of the Remuneration Committee)	
林安泰先生 (<i>薪酬委員會主席)</i>	1/1
陳啟豪先生 Dr. Leung Shiu Ki Albert	1/1
梁兆棋博士	1/1

During FY2024, the Remuneration Committee has performed the following work:

- reviewed and recommended to the Board on the remuneration packages of executive Directors and senior management based on their performance;
- 2. reviewed and recommended to the Board on the Group's remuneration policy;
- 3. reviewed and recommended to the Board the terms of letter of appointment of independent non-executive Directors; and
- 4. reviewed and recommended to the Board the level of remuneration for independent non-executive Directors and ensure that their level of remuneration are linked to their contribution in terms of time commitment and responsibilities undertaken.

Details of the Directors' remuneration are set out in Note 10 to the consolidated financial statements.

The remuneration payable to Directors will depend on the skills, knowledge, involvement in the Company's affairs and the performance of each Director, and to the profitability of the Company and prevailing market conditions during the year.

於二零二四年財政年度,薪酬委員會已執行以下工 作:

- 按執行董事及高級管理層之表現檢討其薪酬待 遇並就此向董事會提出建議;
- 檢討本集團薪酬政策並就此向董事會提出建 議;
- 檢討獨立非執行董事委任書條款並就此向董事 會提出建議;及
- 檢討獨立非執行董事的薪酬水平並就此向董事 會提出建議,以及確保彼等的薪酬水平與彼等在 時間投入及所承擔責任方面的貢獻掛鈎。

有關董事的薪酬詳情載於合併財務報表附註10。

應付董事的薪酬將取決於個別董事之才識、知識水平 及參與本公司事務之程度及表現,並參照年內本公司 之盈利狀況及市場環境。

REMUNERATION OF THE MEMBERS OF THE 高級管 SENIOR MANAGEMENT BY BAND

Pursuant to paragraph E.1.5 of the Code Provisions, the remuneration of the members of the senior management (as described under the section "Directors and Senior Management") by band for the year ended 29 February 2024 is set out as follows:

高級管理層成員按範圍劃分之薪酬

根據守則條文第E.1.5段,高級管理層成員(誠如「董 事及高級管理層」一節所闡述)截至二零四年二月 二十九日止年度按範圍劃分之薪酬載列如下:

		Number of
		individuals
Remuneration band	薪酬範圍	人數

HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000

1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee of the Company was established on 19 February 2013 with effect from the Listing Date with specific written terms of reference in compliance with the Listing Rules. The primary duties of the Audit Committee are, amongst other things, to review and supervise the financial reporting process and the internal control systems of the Group; to propose the appointment or removal of the external auditors and the effectiveness of the audit process; to discuss with the external auditor on the nature and scope of the audit work; to review and supervise the Group's financial controls, internal control and risk management systems and their implementation; and to review the arrangements for employees to raise concerns about financial reporting improprieties. The existing members of the Audit Committee comprise Dr. Yip Ngai, Dr. Leung Shiu Ki Albert and Mr. Lam On Tai, all of whom are independent non-executive Directors. Dr. Yip Ngai is the chairman of the Audit Committee.

This annual report has been reviewed by the Audit Committee.

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are available on the website of the Company and the website of the Stock Exchange.

審核委員會

本公司之審核委員會於二零一三年二月十九日成立, 自上市日期起生效,並根據上市規則制訂特定書面職 權範圍。審核委員會之主要職責為(其中包括)檢討及 監督本集團之財務報告過程及內部監控系統;建議委 任或罷免外聘核數師以及審計程序是否有效;與外聘 核數師討論審計工作的性質和範圍;審查及監督本集 團的財務監控、內部監控和風險管理系統及其實施情 況;及檢討僱員就財務匯報發生的不正當行為提出關 注的安排。審核委員會現有成員包括葉毅博士、梁兆 棋博士及林安泰先生(彼等均為獨立非執行董事)。葉 毅博士為審核委員會主席。

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本年報已由審核委員會審閱。

審核委員會之職權範圍可於本公司網站及聯交所網站 上查閱。

The Audit Committee held two meetings during the reporting year. During these meetings, the Audit Committee confirmed the appointment of SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited and fixed its remuneration, and reviewed the procedures of internal control of the Group. The Audit Committee was of the view that the procedures of internal control of the Group were effective. The Audit Committee also reviewed the interim and annual results of the Group for the financial year and the auditors' report prepared by the external auditors in relation to accounting matters and any material findings during the audit. The Audit Committee was of the opinion that such financial statements and report complied with the applicable accounting policy standards and requirements and that adequate disclosures have been made. Please refer to the table below for the attendance record of the meetings of the Audit Committee during the year ended 29 February 2024:

審核委員會於報告年度內曾舉行兩次會議。審核委員 會於會上確定信永中和(香港)會計師事務所有限公 司之委任及釐定其薪酬,並檢討本集團之內部監控程 序。審核委員會認為本集團內部監控程序行之有效。 審核委員會亦審閱本集團本財政年度之中期及年度業 績,以及由外聘核數師所編製有關會計事宜及於核數 過程中任何重大發現之核數師報告。審核委員會認為 有關財務報表及報告符合適用會計政策標準及規定, 並已作出足夠披露。下表載列董事於截至二零二四年 二月二十九日止年度出席審核委員會會議之記錄:

Directors 董事	Attendance/ Number of Meetings held 出席/舉行會議次數
Dr. Yip Ngai <i>(Chairman of the Audit Committee)</i> 葉毅博士 <i>(審核委員會主席)</i> Dr. Leung Shiu Ki Albert	2/2
梁兆棋博士 Mr. Lam On Tai	2/2
林安泰先生	2/2

Corporate Governance Function

The Board is responsible for, amongst other things, the development and review of the policies and practices on corporate governance of the Group and monitoring the compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, reviewing and monitoring the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management, and reviewing the corporate governance compliance with the Code Provisions and disclosure in the annual report.

During FY2024, the Board has performed the corporate governance duties in accordance with its terms of reference.

企業管治職能

董事會負責(其中包括)制訂及檢討本集團之企業管 治政策及常規,以及監察遵守法律及監管規定之情 況、檢討及監察董事及高級管理層之培訓及持續專業 發展,以及檢討企業管治是否符合守則條文及於年報 作出披露。

於二零二四年財政年度,董事會已根據其職權範圍履 行企業管治職責。

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

Financial Reporting

Financial results of the Group are announced in a timely manner in accordance with all statutory requirements, particularly the timeframe stipulated in Rules 13.49(1) and (6) of the Listing Rules.

All Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 29 February 2024. Currently, the Company's external auditors are SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited (the "**Auditors**").

For the year ended 29 February 2024, the fees paid or payable by the Company to the Auditors amounted to approximately HK\$1.0 million, which was all for audit services.

The statement of the Auditors about their reporting responsibilities on the consolidated financial statements of the Group is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 69 to 75 of this annual report.

Risk Management and Internal Controls

The Board recognizes its responsibility for maintaining an adequate and sound enterprise risk management and internal control system and through the Audit Committee and, if necessary, an external firm of qualified accountants to provide internal control services, conducts reviews on the effectiveness of these systems at least annually, covering material controls, including financial, operational, compliance and strategic risk control functions. The Board understands that such systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

During the year under review, the Board, through the Audit Committee, conducted annual review of both design and implementation effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group, covering all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls, with a view to ensuring that resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions are adequate. In this respect, the Audit Committee communicates any material issues identified to the Board.

問責及審核

財務報告

本集團之財務業績乃根據所有法定規定,尤其是上市 規則第13.49(1)及(6)條規定之時間表適時公佈。

全體董事確認,彼等有責任編製本集團截至二零二四 年二月二十九日止年度之綜合財務報表。本公司現時 之外聘核數師為信永中和(香港)會計師事務所有限 公司(「**核數師**」)。

截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度,本公司已付或 應付核數師之費用約為1,000,000港元,全數費用均 與核數服務有關。

核數師就彼等對本集團綜合財務報表應負之申報責任 所作出之聲明載於本年報第69至75頁之獨立核數師 報告。

風險管理及內部監控

董事會知悉其維持合適及穩健的企業風險管理及內 部監控系統的責任並透過審核委員會及(如需要)外 聘合資格會計師事務所提供內部監控服務,最少每年 檢討該等系統是否有效,有關檢討涵蓋重要的監控方 面,包括財務監控、營運監控、合規監控及策略風險 監控職能。董事會明白,該等系統旨在管理而非消除 未能達成業務目標的風險,而且只能就不會有重大的 錯誤陳述或損失作出合理而非絕對的保證。

於回顧年度,董事會透過審核委員會就本集團風險管 理及內部監控系統的設計及實施是否有效進行年度 檢討,有關檢討涵蓋所有重要的監控方面,包括財務 監控、營運監控及合規監控,以確保本集團在會計、 內部審核及財務匯報職能方面的資源、員工資歷及經 驗,以及員工所接受的培訓課程及有關預算是足夠 的。就此而言,審核委員會將任何辨認的重大議題傳 達給董事會。

During the year under review, the Company also appointed an independent professional consultancy firm, BT Corporate Governance Limited ("**BTCGL**") to:

- assist in identifying and assessing the risks of the Group through a series of workshops and interviews; and
- independently perform internal control review and assess effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems.

The results of the independent review and assessment were reported to the Audit Committee and the Board. Moreover, improvements in internal control and risk management measures as recommended by BTCGL to enhance the risk management and internal control systems of the Group and mitigate risks of the Group were adopted by the Board. Based on the findings and recommendations of BTCGL as well as the comment (if any) of the Audit Committee, the Board considered the internal control and risk management systems effective and adequate.

Our Enterprise Risk Management Framework

The Group reviewed its enterprise risk management framework during the year ended 29 February 2024. While the Board has the overall responsibility to ensure that sound and effective internal controls are maintained, management is responsible for designing and implementing an internal control system to manage all kinds of risks faced by the Group.

Through the risk identification and assessment processes, risks are identified, assessed, prioritized and allocated treatments. Our risk management framework follows the COSO Enterprise Risk Management – Integrated Framework, which allows the Board and management to manage the risks of the Group effectively. The Board receives regular reports through the Audit Committee that oversights risk management and internal audit functions. 於回顧年度,本公司亦委任一家獨立專業管理顧問公司哲慧企管專才有限公司(簡稱「**哲慧企管**」),以:

- 透過一系列工作坊和訪談,協助辨認及評估本集 團的風險;及
- 獨立執行內部監控檢討及評估本集團風險管理
 及內部監控系統是否有效。

獨立檢討及評估的結果已經向審核委員會及董事會報 告。此外,董事會已採納哲慧企管所推薦的內部監控 及風險管理措施改進,以提升本集團之風險管理及內 部監控系統以及減低本集團風險。根據哲慧企管的調 查結果及建議以及審核委員會的意見(如有),董事會 認為內部監控及風險管理系統有效和足夠。

本集團的企業風險管理框架

本集團於截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度內審閲 其企業風險管理框架。董事會整體負責確保維持健全 有效的內部監控,而管理層則負責設計和實施內部監 控系統,以管理本集團面臨的各種風險。

本集團透過風險辨認和評估過程去辨認風險、評估、 排序和分配處理方法。本集團的風險管理框架依循 COSO企業風險管理 – 整合框架,其讓董事會和管理 層可有效管理本集團的風險。審核委員會監督風險管 理和內部審核職能,而董事會則定期收到審核委員會 的報告。

Principal Risks

In the reporting year, the following principal risks of the Group were identified and classified into strategic risks, operational risks, financial risks and compliance risks.

主要風險

於報告年度,本集團辨認到以下主要風險,其分類為 策略風險、營運風險、財務風險及合規風險。

Risk Areas	Principal Risks
風險範圍	主要風險
Compliance Risks	No significant risk identified
合規風險	並無辨識重大風險
Operational Risks 營運風險	 (i) Risk of downturn of the real estate market in Hong Kong (ii) Default risk under the condition of economic downturn (i) 香港房地產市場低迷之風險 (ii) 經濟下行狀況下的違約風險
Financial Risks	Risk of cash shortage due to significant financial difficulty of the borrowers
財務風險	因借款人的重大財困而出現現金短缺的風險
Strategic Risk	No significant risk identified
策略風險	並無辨識重大風險

Our Risk Control Mechanism

本集團的風險監控機制

The Group adopts a "three-layer" corporate governance structure with operational management and controls performed by operations management, coupled with risk management monitoring carried out by the finance team and independent internal audit outsourced to and conducted by BTCGL. The Group maintains a risk register to keep track of all identified major risks of the Group. The risk register provides the Board, the Audit Committee, and management with a profile of its major risks and records management's action taken to mitigate the relevant risks. Each risk is evaluated at least annually based on its likelihood of occurrence and potential impact upon the Group. The risk register is updated by management as the risk owners with addition of new risks and/or removal of existing risks, if applicable, at least annually, after the annual risk evaluation has been performed. This review process can ensure that the Group proactively manages the risks faced by it in the sense that all risk related parties have access to the risk register and are aware of and alert to those risks in their area of responsibility so that they can take follow-up action in an efficient manner.

本集團採用「三層」企業管治架構,營運管理及控制 由營運管理層進行,風險管理監察由財務團隊進行, 而獨立內部審核則外判予哲慧企管及由其進行。本集 團維持風險登記冊,以追蹤本集團所有已辨認的主要 風險。風險登記冊為董事會、審核委員會和管理層提 供其主要風險的資料,並記錄管理層為減低相關風險 而採取的行動。每項風險最少每年根據其發生的可能 性和對本集團的潛在影響進行評估。風險登記冊由管 理層以風險擁有人身份更新,其最少每年在進行年度 風險評估後加入新風險及/或移除現有風險(如適 用)。該檢討過程可確保本集團主動管理其面臨的風 險,所有風險相關人士均可取覽風險登記冊,並知悉 及警覺到其責任範圍內的風險,以便其能夠有效率地 採取跟進行動。

The Group's risk management activities are performed by the management on an ongoing process. The effectiveness of the Group's risk management framework will be evaluated at least annually, and periodic management meetings are held to update the progress of risk monitoring efforts. The management is committed to ensure that risk management forms part of the daily business operation processes in order to align risk management with corporate goals in an effective manner.

The Directors have reviewed the need for an internal audit function and are of the view that in light of the size, nature and complexity of the business of the Group, it would be more cost effective to appoint external independent professionals to perform internal audit function for the Group in order to meet its needs.

The Company will continue to engage external independent professionals to review the Group's system of internal controls and risk management annually and further enhance the Group's internal control and risk management systems as appropriate.

The Group has established internal control procedures for the handling and dissemination of inside information in order to comply with Chapter 13 of the Listing Rules as well as Part XIVA of the SFO. The internal control mechanism includes information flow and reporting processes, confidentiality arrangements, disclosure procedures, and staff training arrangements, etc.

DELEGATION BY THE BOARD

In general, the Board oversees the Company's strategic development and determines the objectives, strategies and policies of the Group. The Board also monitors and controls operating and financial performance and sets appropriate policies for risk management in pursuit of the Group's strategic objectives. The Board delegates the implementation of strategies and day-to-day operation of the Group to the management.

ANTI-CORRUPTION

We are committed to conducting business in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations and the highest ethical standards. We promise to conduct our business with professionalism, honesty, and integrity in all business transactions and relationships and prohibit any activities that adversely affect the integrity and reputation of the Company. Creating a fair, transparent, and honest work and business environment is our goal. We have zero tolerance for bribery, extortion, and corruption. We require every loan transaction we make, as well as every Director, senior management and employee to comply with it. 本集團的風險管理活動由管理層持續進行。本集團最 少每年評估其風險管理框架是否有效,並定期舉行管 理會議,以更新風險監察工作的進展情況。管理層致 力於確保風險管理構成日常業務營運流程的一部分, 以使風險管理有效地配合企業目標。

董事已審視內部審核職能的需要,並且認為,有鑒於 本集團業務的規模、性質及複雜程度,委任外部獨立 專業人士為本集團執行內部審核職能以滿足其需要將 更具成本效益。

本公司將繼續委聘外部獨立專業人士以每年檢討本集 團之內部監控及風險管理系統,以及進一步提升本集 團的內部監控及風險管理系統(如適用)。

本集團已就處理及發佈內幕消息制訂內部監控程序, 以遵守上市規則第13章以及證券及期貨條例第XIVA 部。內部監控機制包括消息流向與申報流程、保密安 排、披露程序及員工培訓安排等。

董事會之授權

一般而言,董事會監督本公司之策略發展及釐定本集 團之目標、策略及政策。董事會亦監察及控制營運及 財務表現,並制訂適當之風險管理政策,以求達致本 集團之策略目標。董事會授予管理層執行本集團策略 及處理日常營運事務之權力。

反貪污

我們致力在遵守所有適用法律及規例和最高道德標 準的情況下經營業務。我們承諾在所有商業交易與關 係中以專業、誠實和正直的原則經營業務,並禁止任 何對本公司的誠信和聲譽構成不利影響的活動。創造 一個公平、透明和誠實的工作及營業環境是我們的目 標。我們對賄賂、勒索及貪污行為絕不容忍。我們要 求我們進行的每一項貸款交易,以及每一名董事、高 級管理層及僱員都要守規。

Inside Information

The Company has set up an insider information policy (the "Disclosure Policy") to ensure that the Company shall be in strict compliance with the disclosure obligation of inside information, that inside information remains confidential until the disclosure of such information is appropriately approved, and the dissemination of such information is efficiently and consistently made. The Company acknowledges its obligations under Chapter 13 of the Listing Rules and the principles of inside information as set forth in the Securities and Futures Ordinance. The Disclosure Policy stipulated responsibilities, guidelines and logistics in the assessment, approval and dissemination of inside information, strictly prohibited unauthorized use of confidential information and established procedures for responding to external enquires or rumours.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Cheng Yiu Hang, the company secretary appointed by the Board and an employee of the Company, in the opinion of the Board, possesses the necessary qualification and experience, and is capable of performing the functions of the company secretary. The Company will provide fund for Mr. Cheng to take not less than 15 hours of appropriate professional training in each financial year as required under Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules. During the year ended 29 February 2024, Mr. Cheng had taken not less than 15 hours of relevant professional training.

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Company has adopted a dividend policy (the "**Dividend Policy**"). Under the Dividend Policy, in circumstances that the Group is profitable and without affecting the normal operations and business of the Group, the Company may consider declaring and paying dividends to its Shareholders.

When considering whether to declare any dividends and determining the dividend amount, the Board will take into consideration, inter alia, the following factors: (i) the financial position of the Group; (ii) the capital and debt level of the Group; (iii) the general market conditions; (iv) any cash requirements for any future development plans of the Group; (v) any restrictions on dividend payouts imposed by any of the Group's lenders; and (vi) any other relevant factors that the Board may deem appropriate.

The payment of the dividends by the Company will also be subject to any restrictions imposed by the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands as well as the articles of association of the Company.

內幕消息

本公司已制定內幕消息政策(「披露政策」),確保本 公司嚴格遵守披露內幕消息的責任,在內幕消息的披 露得到適當批准之前,該等消息須保持機密,並且須 有效和持續地發佈有關消息。本公司知悉其在上市規 則第十三章下的責任及證券及期貨條例中載列的內幕 消息原則。披露政策規定了評估、批准及發佈內幕消 息的責任、指引及後勤工作,嚴禁未經授權而使用機 密資料,並已設立回應外界查詢或謠言的程序。

公司秘書

鄭耀衡先生為獲董事會委任之公司秘書,並為本公司 僱員,董事會認為其具備所需資格及經驗,並有能力 履行公司秘書之職能。本公司將向鄭先生提供資金, 讓其按上市規則第3.29條規定在每個財政年度參加不 少於15個小時之合適專業培訓。於截至二零二四年二 月二十九日止年度,鄭先生已接受不少於15小時的相 關專業培訓。

股息政策

本公司已採納一項股息政策(「**股息政策**」)。根據股 息政策,於本集團有盈利且不影響本集團之正常營運 及業務之情況下,本公司可考慮向其股東宣派及派付 股息。

在考慮是否宣派任何股息及釐定股息金額時,董事會 將考慮(其中包括)以下因素:(i)本集團之財務狀況; (ii)本集團的資金及債務水平:(iii)整體市況:(iv)就本 集團任何未來發展計劃所需之任何現金需求:(v)本集 團任何放貸人所施加之任何股息派付限制;及(vi)董事 會可能認為適當之任何其他相關因素。

本公司派付股息亦須受開曼群島公司法以及本公司組織章程細則所施加之任何限制所規限。

The Board endeavors to strike a balance between the Shareholders' interests and prudent capital management with a sustainable dividend policy. The Board will from time to time review the dividend policy and may exercise at its absolute and sole discretion to update, amend, and/or modify the Dividend Policy at any time as the Board deems fit and necessary. There is no assurance that dividends will be paid in any particular amount for any specific reporting period.

No arrangement under which a shareholder has waived or agreed to waive any dividends was made by the Company.

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTORS AND INVESTOR RELATIONS

Effective Communication

The Board recognizes the importance of maintaining a clear, timely and effective communication with the Shareholders and investors of the Company. The Board also recognizes that effective communication with the Company's investors is critical in establishing investor confidence and to attract new investors. Therefore, the Group is committed to maintaining a high degree of transparency to ensure the Shareholders and the investors of the Company will receive accurate, clear, comprehensive and timely information of the Group through the publication of annual reports, interim reports, announcements and circulars. The Company also publishes all corporate communications on the website of the Company.

In respect of each matter to be considered at the annual general meetings and extraordinary general meetings, including the reelection of Directors, a separate resolution will be proposed by the Chairman.

Pursuant to Code Provision F.2.2, the Chairman of the Board, the chairman of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee, or in their absence, another member of the relevant committee or an appointed representative, will attend the forthcoming annual general meeting to answer questions of Shareholders.

Pursuant to Code Provision F.2.2, the Company will invite representatives of the Auditors to attend the forthcoming annual general meeting to answer Shareholders' questions about the conduct of the audit, the preparation and content of the auditors' report, the accounting policies and auditor independence.

董事會透過可持續股息政策,務求於股東利益與審慎 資本管理之間取得平衡。董事會將不時檢討股息政 策,並可能在董事會認為合適及必要時隨時全權酌情 更新、修訂及/或更改股息政策。本集團概不能保證 將在任何特定報告期間派付任何特定金額之股息。

本公司並無作出使股東放棄或同意放棄任何股息的安 排。

與股東和投資者之溝通及投資者關係

有效溝通

董事會深明與股東及本公司投資者維持清晰、適時及 有效溝通之重要性。董事會亦明白與本公司投資者保 持有效溝通對建立投資者信心及吸引新投資者極為重 要。因此,本集團致力維持高透明度,以確保股東及 本公司投資者可透過刊發年報、中期報告、公佈及通 函,得到有關本集團之準確、清晰、全面及適時的資 料。本公司亦會將所有企業通訊刊載於本公司網站。

在股東週年大會及股東特別大會上,主席會就提呈大 會考慮之各事項(包括重選董事)提呈獨立決議案。

根據守則條文第F.2.2條,董事會主席、審核委員會主 席、薪酬委員會主席及提名委員會主席,或若彼等缺 席,相關委員會其他成員或指定代表將出席應屆股東 週年大會,回答股東提問。

根據守則條文第F.2.2條,本公司將邀請核數師代表出 席應屆股東週年大會,回答股東有關審計工作、核數 師報告之編製及內容、會計政策以及核數師獨立性等 提問。

Shareholders' Rights

1. Procedures for Shareholders to Convene an Extraordinary General Meeting

Pursuant to Article 64 of the Articles of Association of the Company, extraordinary general meetings shall be convened on the requisition of one or more Shareholders holding, at the date of voting rights (on one vote per share basis) in the share deposit of the requisition, in aggregate at least one tenth of the capital of the Company. Such requisition shall be made in writing to the Board or the company secretary of the Company for the purpose of requiring an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition. Such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within 21 days of such deposit, the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s) himself/herself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

2. Procedures for Raising Enquiries

Shareholders may direct their queries about their shareholdings, share transfer, registration and payment of dividend to the Company's Hong Kong branch share registrar, Boardroom Share Registrars (HK) Limited:

Address:	2103B, 21/F, 148 Electric Road
	North Point
	Hong Kong
Email:	srinfo.hk@boardroomlimited.com
Tel:	(852) 21531688
Fax:	(852) 30205058

Shareholders may raise enquiries in respect of the Company at the following designated contact, correspondence address, email address and enquiry hotlines of the Company:

Attention:	Mr. Cheng Yiu Hang
	(Company Secretary)
Address:	Rooms 2302–2303, Kwan Chart Tower,
	No. 6 Tonnochy Road, Wanchai,
	Hong Kong
Email:	brian.cheng@oiwah.com.hk
Tel:	(852) 28332002
Fax:	(852) 28919831

股東權利

1. 股東召開股東特別大會之程序

根據本公司組織章程細則第64條,股東特別大 會須在一名或以上於遞交要求當日合共至少擁 有本公司股本中十分之一的投票權(按每股一 票計)的股東要求下召開。有關要求須以書面向 董事會或本公司之公司秘書提出,述明要求董 面向 至了開股東特別大會以處理有關要求內訂明的 任何事項。有關大會須於遞交有關要求後兩個月 內舉行。倘於遞交要求後21日內,董事會未有召 開該大會,則遞交要求人士可自行以同樣方式召 開大會,而遞交要求人士因董事會未有召開大會 而合理產生的所有開支應由本公司向遞交要求 人士作出補償。

2. 提出查詢之程序

股東如對其股權、股份過戶、登記及股息支付有 任何疑問,可向本公司之香港股份過戶登記分處 寶德隆證券登記有限公司查詢:

地址:	香港
	北角
	電氣道148號21樓2103B室
電郵:	srinfo.hk@boardroomlimited.com
電話:	(852) 21531688
傳真:	(852) 30205058

股東可將有關本公司之查詢發送至下列本公司 指定聯絡人、通訊地址、電郵地址及透過查詢熱 線作出有關查詢:

收件人:	鄭耀衡先生
	(公司秘書)
地址:	香港
	灣仔杜老誌道6號
	羣策大廈2302–2303室
電郵:	brian.cheng@oiwah.com.hk
電話:	(852) 28332002
傳真:	(852) 28919831

The Company aims to promote and maintain an effective communication with Shareholders and investors (both individuals and institutions) to ensure that the Group's information is disseminated to Shareholders and potential investors in a timely manner and enable them to have a clear assessment of the Group's performance.

Extensive information on the Group's activities and financial position will be disclosed in the annual reports, interim reports, announcements, circulars and other corporate communications which will be sent to Shareholders and/or published on the websites of the Stock Exchange (www.hkexnews.hk) and the Company (www.pawnshop.com.hk).

Shareholders may make enquiries with the Company through channels including (i) Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar of the Company, Boardroom Share Registrars (HK) Limited, for enquiries on shareholdings; and (ii) Company Secretary of the Company for direct questions, request for publicly available information and provision of comments and suggestions.

An annual general meeting of the Company was held on 31 July 2023 at which Directors have attended by person to meet the Shareholders, answer their enquiries, and to understand their views.

During FY2024, the Board has reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the communication with shareholders and investors. As there are multiple channels of communication and engagement in place as detailed above, the Board considered that the ways of communication with shareholders and investors are enough and effective. 本公司旨在提倡及維持與股東及投資者(個別人士及 機構)的有效溝通,以確保本集團的資訊可及時向其 股東及潛在投資者傳達,並確保彼等對本集團表現擁 有清晰評估。

有關本集團的活動及財務狀況的全面資料將於年報、 中期報告、公告、通函及其他公司資訊渠道披露,並 將向股東提呈及/或於聯交所(www.hkexnews.hk)及 本公司(www.pawnshop.com.hk)網站內發佈。

股東可透過以下渠道向本公司作出查詢,包括(i)本公司香港股份過戶登記分處寶德隆證券登記有限公司, 作股份查詢;及(ii)本公司秘書,作直接提問、要求可 取得的公開資料及提供意見及建議。

本公司股東週年大會已於二零二三年七月三十一日舉 行,全體董事均有親身出席以解答股東查詢及了解其 之觀點。

於二零二四年財政年度,董事會已審閱與股東及投 資者通訊的實施及成效。由於誠如上文所述的多個 溝通及參與渠道,故董事會認為與股東及投資者之 通訊方式為充足有效。

3. Procedures for Putting Forward Proposals at 3. Shareholders' Meetings

(i) Proposal for election of a person other than a Director as a Director:

Pursuant to Article 113 of the Articles of Association. a Shareholder who wishes to propose a person other than a retiring Director for election to the office of Director at any general meeting should lodge (i) notice in writing of the intention to propose that person for election as a Director; and (ii) notice in writing by that person of his willingness to be elected, at either (a) the head office of the Company in Hong Kong at Rooms 2302–2303, Kwan Chart Tower, No. 6 Tonnochy Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong, or (b) the registration office of the Company in Hong Kong at 2103B, 21/F, 148 Electric Road, North Point, Hong Kong. The period for lodgment of the notices mentioned above will commence no earlier than the day after the despatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and end no later than seven days prior to the date of such general meeting and the minimum length of the period during which such notices to the Company may be given will be at least seven days.

(ii) Other proposals:

If a Shareholder wishes to make other proposals (the "**Proposal(s)**") at a general meeting, he/she may lodge a written request, duly signed, at the head office of the Company in Hong Kong at Rooms 2302–2303, Kwan Chart Tower, No. 6 Tonnochy Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong marked for the attention of the Company Secretary.

The identity of the Shareholder and his/her request will be verified with the Company's Hong Kong share registrar and upon confirmation by the share registrar that the request is proper and in order, and is made by a Shareholder, the Board will in its sole discretion decide whether the Proposal may be included in the agenda for the general meeting to be set out in the notice of meeting.

於股東大會上提出議案之程序

(i) 提名一名董事以外之人士參選董事之議 案:

> 根據組織章程細則第113條,如股東有意 於任何股東大會上提名退任董事以外之人 士參選董事職位,須將(i)表明有意提名該 人士參選董事之書面通知:及(ii)該名人士 表明願意參選之書面通知送達(a)本公司於 香港之總辦事處,地址為香港灣仔杜老誌 道6號羣策大廈2302-2303室;或(b)本公 司於香港之過戶登記處,地址為香港北角 電氣道148號21樓2103B室。提交上述通 知的期限由不早於就該選舉發送股東大會 通告後當日開始,並不遲於該股東大會舉 行日期前七日結束。向本公司發出通知的 最短期限最少為七日。

(ii) 其他議案: 如股東有意於股東大會上提呈其他議案 (「議案」),彼可將經正式簽署之書面請求 交往本公司於香港之總辦事處,地址為香 港灣仔杜老誌道6號羣策大廈2302-2303 室,註明收件人為公司秘書。

> 股東之身份及其請求將由本公司之香港股 份過戶登記處核實,於股份過戶登記處確 認有關請求屬妥當及符合程序,並為由股 東提出後,董事會將會全權酌情決定是否 將有關議案加入將載於大會通告之股東大 會之議程中。

The notice period to be given to all the Shareholders for consideration of the Proposal raised by the Shareholder concerned at the general meeting varies according to the nature of the Proposal as follows:

- (1) Notice of not less than 21 clear days and not less than 20 clear business days in writing if the Proposal requires approval in an annual general meeting of the Company.
- (2) Notice of not less than 21 clear days and not less than 10 clear business days in writing if the Proposal requires approval by way of a special resolution in an extraordinary general meeting of the Company.
- (3) Notice of not less than 14 clear days and not less than 10 clear business days in writing if the Proposal requires approval by way of an ordinary resolution in an extraordinary general meeting of the Company.

Constitutional Documents

During the year ended 29 February 2024, there was no change in the Articles of Association of the Company.

A copy of The Articles of Association of the Company are available on the website of the Stock Exchange and the website of the Company. 就股東提出於股東大會上考慮之議案而向 全體股東發出通知之通知期,將根據議案 之性質而有所不同,詳情如下:

- (1) 倘議案須於本公司股東週年大會上 取得批准,則須發出不少於21個完 整日及不少於20個完整營業日之書 面通知。
- (2) 倘議案須於本公司股東特別大會上 以特別決議案之形式取得批准,則須 發出不少於21個完整日及不少於10 個完整營業日之書面通知。
- (3) 倘議案須於本公司股東特別大會上 以普通決議案之形式取得批准,則須 發出不少於14個完整日及不少於10 個完整營業日之書面通知。

憲章文件

於截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度,本公司的組 織章程細則並無變動。

本公司之組織章程細則可於聯交所網站及本公司網站上查閱。

Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Chan Kai Ho Edward (陳啟豪), aged 52, is our chairman, executive Director and chief executive officer. He is also a director of all the subsidiaries within the Group and the authorised representative of the Company. Mr. Chan joined our Group in 2000 and is responsible for our Group's overall management, strategic planning and business development. He has over 22 years of experience in business management and pawn loan business. Mr. Chan is currently the chairman of The Hong Kong and Kowloon Pawnbrokers' Association Limited (港九押業商會 有限公司) and honorary chairman of Macau General Chamber of Pawnbrokers (澳門當押業總商會). Mr. Chan has been the Vice Chairman of Hong Kong General Chamber of Property Finance Limited since March 2014. Mr. Chan obtained a degree of Bachelor of Engineering in Civil Engineering from the City University, London, United Kingdom in July 1994. Mr. Chan is the son of Mr. Chan Chart Man and the brother of Ms. Chan Mei Fong, Ms. Chan Ying Yu and Mr. Chan Kai Kow Macksion, all of whom are our Directors.

Mr. Chan Chart Man (陳策文), aged 93, is our founder and executive Director. He is also a director of each of Oi Wah Holding Limited ("**Oi Wah Holding**"), Oi Wah HK, Wai Wah HK, Hing Wah HK and Oi Wah Capital Limited. Mr. Chan is responsible for advising on overall strategic planning and business development of our Group. Mr. Chan established the business of our Group in 1975 and has played a significant role in the growth of our business. He has over 47 years of experience in finance and pawn loan business. Mr. Chan is the father of Mr. Chan Kai Ho Edward, Ms. Chan Mei Fong, Ms. Chan Ying Yu and Mr. Chan Kai Kow Macksion, all of whom are our Directors.

Ms. Chan Mei Fong (陳美芳), aged 54, is our executive Director and chief operating officer. Ms Chan is also a director of all the subsidiaries within the Group. Ms. Chan joined our Group in 2007 and is responsible for the overall operations of our Group's business. Ms. Chan obtained a Bachelor of Arts degree in Town and Country Planning from the University of the West of England, Bristol, United Kingdom in September 1996. Ms. Chan also obtained a diploma in Gemmology and Gem Diamond diploma from The Gemmological Association and Gem Testing Laboratory of Great Britain in January 2006 and January 2007, respectively. Ms. Chan is a fellow of The Gemmological Association of Great Britain. Ms. Chan is the daughter of Mr. Chan Chart Man and the sister of Mr. Chan Kai Ho Edward, Ms. Chan Ying Yu and Mr. Chan Kai Kow Macksion, all of whom are our Directors.

執行董事

陳啟豪先生,52歲,為本集團主席、執行董事兼行政 總裁。彼亦為本集團所有附屬公司之董事以及本公 司之授權代表。陳先生於二零零零年加入本集團, 負責本集團之整體管理、策略規劃及業務發展。彼 於業務管理及典當貸款業務擁有逾22年之經驗。 陳先生現為港九押業商會有限公司之理事長及澳門 當押業總商會之榮譽會長。陳先生自二零一四年三 月起一直擔任香港物業融資總商會之副會長。陳先 生於一九九四年七月取得英國倫敦城市大學(City University)頒發之土木工程學學士學位。陳先生為陳 策文先生之兒子,以及陳美芳女士、陳英瑜女士及陳 啟球先生(均為本集團董事)之胞弟。

陳策文先生,93歲,為本集團之創辦人兼執行董 事。彼亦為Oi Wah Holding Limited (「Oi Wah Holding」)、靄華香港、偉華香港、興華香港及靄華 資本之董事。陳先生負責就本集團之整體策略規劃 及業務發展提出建議。陳先生於一九七五年成立本 集團業務,並於本集團業務發展中扮演重要角色。彼 於融資及典當貸款業務擁有逾47年之經驗。陳先生 為陳啟豪先生、陳美芳女士、陳英瑜女士及陳啟球先 生(均為本集團董事)之父親。

陳美芳女士,54歲,為本集團執行董事兼營運總監。 陳女士亦為本集團全部附屬公司之董事。陳女士於 二零零七年加入本集團,負責本集團業務之整體營 運。陳女士於一九九六年九月取得英國布里斯托西 英格蘭大學(University of the West of England)頒 發之城鎮和鄉郊規劃文學士學位。陳女士亦分別於 二零零六年一月及二零零七年一月取得英國寶石學 協會和寶石檢測實驗室頒發之寶石學文憑及鑽石文 憑。陳女士為英國寶石學協會院士。陳女士為陳策文 先生之女兒,陳啟豪先生之胞姊,以及陳英瑜女士及 陳啟球先生(均為本集團董事)之胞妹。

Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層

Ms. Chan Ying Yu (陳英瑜), aged 58, is our executive Director. She is also a director of all the subsidiaries within the Group and the authorised representative of the Company. Ms. Chan joined our Group in 2000 and is responsible for overseeing our administration and human resources matters. Ms. Chan obtained a Bachelor of Science degree in Hotel and Restaurant Management from the Middlesex University, United Kingdom in July 1995 and was elected as an associate of the Hotel and Catering International Management Association in October 1995. Ms. Chan is the daughter of Mr. Chan Chart Man and the sister of Mr. Chan Kai Ho Edward, Ms. Chan Mei Fong and Mr. Chan Kai Kow Macksion, all of whom are our Directors.

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Chan Kai Kow Macksion (陳啟球), aged 68, was appointed as our non-executive Director on 19 February 2013. Mr. Chan is a lawyer with 37 years of experience in general practice. He has passed solicitor qualifying examinations in Hong Kong and was admitted as a Solicitor of the High Court of Hong Kong in March 1984 and has been a partner in Chow C.L. & Macksion Chan since 2001. Mr. Chan obtained a Bachelor of Arts Degree in Pure Mathematics from The University of Calgary, Canada in June 1978. Mr. Chan is the son of Mr. Chan Chart Man and the brother of Mr. Chan Kai Ho Edward, Ms. Chan Mei Fong and Ms. Chan Ying Yu, all of whom are our Directors.

Mr. Ng Siu Hong (伍紹康), aged 43, was appointed as our nonexecutive Director on 1 August 2019. Mr. Ng has over 19 years of experience in financial investment and business management. He currently serves as a responsible officer and managing director of Quester Capital Asset Management Limited, a licensed corporation which is entitled to conduct type 4 (advising on securities) and type 9 (asset management) regulated activities under the SFO. Prior to joining Quester Capital Asset Management Limited, Mr. Ng acted as Managing Director of Elstone Securities Limited from May 2021 to May 2023 and Managing Director of Kingkey Securities Group Limited from May 2013 to April 2021. Mr. Ng had also served at Account Manager at UOB Kay Hian (Hong Kong) Limited from Oct 2007 to May 2008, and served as vice president at Phillip Securities (Hong Kong) Limited from June 2008 to April 2013. He was awarded a Bachelor's degree in Economics and Finance from City University of Hong Kong in 2002 and an Executive Master of Business Administration degree from The Chinese University of Hong Kong in 2019.

陳英瑜女士,58歲,為本集團執行董事。彼亦為本集 團全部附屬公司之董事以及本公司之授權代表。陳女 士於二零零零年加入本集團,負責監管本集團之行政 及人力資源事務。陳女士於一九九五年七月取得英國 密德薩斯大學(Middlesex University)頒發之酒店及餐 廳管理理學士學位,並於一九九五年十月獲選為酒店 及餐飲業國際管理協會會員。陳女士為陳策文先生之 女兒,陳啟豪先生及陳美芳女士之胞姊,以及陳啟球 先生(均為本集團董事)之胞妹。

非執行董事

陳啟球先生,68歲,於二零一三年二月十九日獲 委任為本集團非執行董事。陳先生為執業律師,擁 有37年之經驗。彼通過香港之律師資格考試後於 一九八四年三月獲認可為香港高等法院之律師,並 自二零零一年起一直為周卓立陳啟球陳一理律師事 務所之合夥人。陳先生於一九七八年六月取得加拿 大卡爾加里大學(The University of Calgary)頒發之 純數學文學士學位。陳先生為陳策文先生之兒子,以 及陳啟豪先生、陳美芳女士及陳英瑜女士(均為本集 團董事)之胞兄。

伍紹康先生,43歲,於二零一九年八月一日獲委任 為非執行董事。伍先生於金融投資及業務管理方面擁 有逾19年經驗。彼現任群思德資產管理有限公司(一 間可進行證券及期貨條例項下第4類(就證券提供意 見)及第9類(提供資產管理意見)受規管活動之持牌 法團)之負責人員兼董事總經理。在加入群思德資產 管理有限公司之前,伍先生於二零二一年五月至二零 二三年五月出任千里碩證券有限公司的董事總經理, 並於由二零一三年五月至二零二一年四月出任京基 證券集團有限公司的董事總經理。伍先生亦於二零零 七年十月至二零零八年五月出任大華繼顯(香港)有 限公司的客戶經理,以並於二零零八年六月一至二 零一三年四月出任輝立証券(香港)有限公司的副總 裁。彼於二零零二年獲香港城市大學頒授經濟及金融 學學士學位, 並於二零一九年獲香港中文大學頒授行 政人員工商管理碩士學位。

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Lam On Tai (林安泰), aged 52, was appointed as our independent non-executive Director on 1 April 2017. He has more than 26 years of experience in banking and securities industry, in which over 23 years of experience was accumulated in advising on corporate finance relating to various listing and restructuring transactions. Mr. Lam currently serves as the managing director of Red Solar Capital Limited (綽耀資本有限公司). Mr Lam received his diploma in general business management from the Lingnan College (嶺南學院) (now known as the Lingnan University (嶺南 大學) in Hong Kong in November 1994, and his master's degree in business administration from the University of Sheffield in the United Kingdom in December 1996. He also obtained his bachelor's degree in laws from the University of Wolverhampton in the United Kingdom in July 1998 through a distance learning course.

Dr. Leung Shiu Ki Albert (梁兆棋), aged 75, was appointed as our independent non-executive Director on 19 February 2013. Dr. Leung was an assistant vice president in Citicorp International Limited from 1987 to 1992. Dr. Leung was admitted as an associate of The Chartered Association of Certified Accountants (now known as Association of Chartered Certified Accountants) in February 1987 and became an associate of the Hong Kong Society of Accountants (now known as HKICPA) in September 1988. Dr. Leung obtained a Doctorate degree of Philosophy in Economics from Shanghai University of Finance and Economics in September 2007, a Master degree of Business Administration from Brunel University, United Kingdom in December 1985 and a Diploma in Management Studies from The Polytechnic of Central London, United Kingdom in October 1983.

Dr. Yip Ngai (葉毅), aged 50, was appointed as our independent non-executive Director on 19 February 2013. Dr. Yip is a jewellery appraiser and valuation expert and has over 29 years of experience in jewellery and art industry. Dr. Yip became a fellow of the HKICPA in May 2012. He has also been appointed as a specialist by the Hong Kong Council for Accreditation of Academic & Vocational Qualifications since July 2011 and as a technical advisor (watch and jewellery) by the Employees Retraining Board since September 2013. Dr. Yip obtained a Doctorate degree of business administration from the EU Business School, Switzerland in May 2011, a Master degree of Business Administration from the Federation University Australia in December 2008 and a Bachelor of Business (Accounting) degree from the Monash University, Australia in November 1999. Dr. Yip obtained a diploma in Gemmology from The Gemmological Association and Gem Testing Laboratory of Great Britain in October 1994.

獨立非執行董事

林安泰先生,52歲,於二零一七年四月一日獲委任為 本集團獨立非執行董事。彼於銀行及證券行業擁有 逾26年經驗,其中就有關多項上市及重組交易的企 業融資提供意見累積逾23年經驗。林先生目前擔任 綽耀資本有限公司董事總經理。林先生於一九九四 年十一月在香港取得嶺南學院(現稱嶺南大學)工商 管理文憑,並於一九九六年十二月取得英國謝菲爾 德大學(University of Sheffield)工商管理碩士學位。 彼亦於一九九八年七月透過遠程教育課程取得英國 伍爾弗漢普頓大學(University of Wolverhampton) 法律學士學位。

梁兆棋博士,75歲,於二零一三年二月十九日獲委 任為本集團獨立非執行董事。梁博士曾於一九八七 年至一九九二年擔任花旗國際有限公司之助理副總 裁。梁博士於一九八七年二月獲接納為特許公認會 計師公會會員,並於一九八八年九月成為香港會計 師公會會員。梁博士於二零零七年九月取得上海財 經大學頒發之經濟學哲學博士學位、於一九八五年 十二月取得英國布魯內爾大學(Brunel University)頒 發之工商管理碩士學位及於一九八三年十月取得英 國倫敦中央理工學院(The Polytechnic of Central London)頒發之管理學文憑。

葉毅博士,50歲,於二零一三年二月十九日獲委任 為本集團獨立非執行董事。葉博士為珠寶鑑定師及 估值專家,於珠寶及藝術行業擁有超過29年之經 驗。葉博士於二零一二年五月成為香港會計師公會 的資深會員。彼亦自二零一一年七月起獲委任為香 港學術及職業資歷評審局之專家及自二零一三年九 月起獲委任為僱員再培訓局鐘錶及珠寶業技術顧 問。葉博士於二零一一年五月取得瑞士歐洲商學院 (EU Business School)頒發之工商管理博士學位, 於二零零八年十二月取得澳洲聯邦大學(Federation University Australia)頒發之工商管理碩士學位, 以及於一九九九年十一月取得澳洲蒙納殊大學 (Monash University)頒發之商業(會計)學士學位。 葉博士於一九九四年十月取得英國寶石學協會和寶 石檢測實驗室頒發之寶石學文憑。

Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Cheng Yiu Hang (鄭耀衡), aged 41, is our chief financial officer and company secretary. He joined our Group in June 2012 and is responsible for overseeing the financial, accounting and secretarial affairs of our Group. Prior to joining our Group, Mr. Cheng worked at KPMG from 2006 to 2012 and his last position was assistant manager. Mr. Cheng was registered as a certified public accountant and a certified public accountant (practising) of the HKICPA in January 2010 and September 2012, respectively. Mr. Cheng obtained a Bachelor of Business Administration in Accountancy from the City University of Hong Kong in November 2006.

Mr. Ng Kai Man (伍啟文), aged 63, is our marketing director and is responsible for managing and operating our property mortgage department. Mr. Ng joined our Group in 2013. His main duties are strengthening customer relationships by scheduling regular personal and company visits in Hong Kong in order to explore new business opportunities with potential customers. Prior to joining our Group, he had been working in Wing Lung Bank since 1988 and was promoted to senior financial manager in 2010. Mr. Ng obtained a Diploma in marketing from Hong Kong Productivity Council and Hong Kong Institute of Marketing in 1999 and a professional Diploma in marketing management from Hong Kong Management Association in 1996 respectively. In 1999 he was elected full member of Hong Kong Institute of Marketing and awarded as Professional Marketer (ProM) in 2001. He also obtained an advanced professional Diploma in financial planning from The University of Hong Kong, School of Professional and Continuing Education in 2006. In 2005, he has been admitted as a Certified Professional Marketer (Asia) by Asia Marketing Federation, which is a member of World Marketing Federation.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Cheng Yiu Hang (鄭耀衡) is our company secretary. Biographical details of Mr. Cheng are set out under the paragraph headed "Senior Management" in this section.

高級管理層

鄭耀衡先生,41歲,為本集團首席財務官及公司秘 書。彼於二零一二年六月加入本集團,負責監管本集 團之財務、會計及秘書事務。加入本集團前,鄭先生 曾於二零零六年至二零一二年任職畢馬威會計師事 務所,其最後擔任之職位為助理經理。鄭先生分別於 二零一零年一月及二零一二年九月註冊為香港會計 師公會註冊會計師及執業會計師。鄭先生於二零零 六年十一月取得香港城市大學頒發之工商管理(會 計)學士學位。

伍啟文先生,63歲,為本集團市務總監,負責物業按 揭抵押部門之營運及管理。伍先生於二零一三年加 入本集團,主要職責為鞏固客戶關係,方式為透過 定期安排香港之個人及公司實地考察,開發與潛在 客戶之新業務機會。於加入本集團前,彼自一九八八 年起任職於永隆銀行,並於二零一零年晉升為高級 財務經理。伍先生分別於一九九九年取得香港生產 力促進局及香港市務學會頒發之市場營銷文憑及於 - 九九六年取得香港管理專業協會頒發之市場營銷 管理專業文憑。彼於一九九九年獲選為香港市務學 會會員,並於二零零一年獲授專業市務師資格。彼亦 於二零零六年取得香港大學專業進修學院頒發之高 級財務策劃專業文憑。彼於二零零五年已獲世界市 場營銷聯盟(World Marketing Federation)之成員亞 洲市場營銷聯盟(Asia Marketing Federation)接納為 認許市務師(亞洲)。

公司秘書

鄭耀衡先生為本集團之公司秘書。鄭先生之履歷詳 情載於本節「高級管理層」一段。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

致靄華押業信貸控股有限公司之股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)



SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited 17/F, Chubb Tower, Windsor House, 311 Gloucester Road, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong 信永中和(香港)會計師事務所有限公司 香港銅鑼灣告士打道311號 皇室大廈安達人壽大樓17樓

TO THE MEMBERS OF OI WAH PAWNSHOP CREDIT HOLDINGS LIMITED

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Oi Wah Pawnshop Credit Holdings Limited (the "**Company**") and its subsidiaries (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "**Group**") set out on pages 76 to 172, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 29 February 2024, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 29 February 2024 and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("**HKFRSs**") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "**HKICPA**") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("**HKSAs**") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "**Code**"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

意見

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審計列載於第76至 172頁之靄華押業信貸控股有限公司(「貴公司」)及 其附屬公司(其後統稱為「貴集團」)之綜合財務報 表,此財務報表包括於二零二四年二月二十九日之綜 合財務狀況表與截至該日止年度的綜合損益及其他全 面收入表、綜合權益變動表和綜合現金流量表,以及 綜合財務報表附註,包括重大會計政策資料。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會 (「**香港會計師公會**」)頒佈之香港財務報告準則(「**香** 港財務報告準則」)真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於二 零二四年二月二十九日之綜合財務狀況及截至該日止 年度之綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港 公司條例之披露要求妥為擬備。

意見之基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港審計準則 (「**香港審計準則**」)進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔 之責任已在本報告核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔之 責任部分中作進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會頒佈 之專業會計師道德守則(「**守則**」),我們獨立於 貴 集團,並已履行守則中之其他專業道德責任。我們相 信,我們所獲得之審計憑證能充足及適當地為我們之 審計意見提供基礎。

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Impairment of loan receivables		
Refer to note 16 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies on pages 100 to 105.		
The key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit	
As at 29 February 2024, the Group's loan receivables amounted to approximately HK\$823.7 million.	Our audit procedures to assess the impairment of loan receivables included the following:	
The determination of loss allowances using the expected credit loss (" ECL ") model is subject to a number of key	• understanding the ECL model used by the Group;	
parameters and assumptions, including the identification of loss stages, estimates of probability of default, loss given default, exposures at default, discount rate,	• evaluating the reasonableness of critical assumptions and methods applied in the ECL model;	
adjustments for forward-looking information and other adjustment factors including value of collaterals. Management judgement is involved in the selection of those parameters and the application of the assumptions.	 recalculating the amount of ECL allowance using the ECL model based on the above parameters and assumptions and test the completeness and accuracy of selection of input data used in the ECL model on a sampling basis; 	
We identified the impairment of loan receivables as a key audit matter because of the complexity of the inherent uncertainty and management judgement involved in determining impairment allowances and because of its significance to the financial results and the total assets of the Group.	 assessing the forecast cash flows for credit-impaired loan receivables by understanding and evaluating the viability of the Group's recovery plans and evaluating the timing and means of realisation of collateral; and 	
	• evaluating the presentation and disclosures on the impairment of loan receivables in the consolidated financial statements.	

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們之專業判斷,認為對本期綜合財務報表之審計最為重要之事項。這些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及出具意見時進行處理的。我們不會對這些事項提供單獨意見。

應收貸款之減值	
請參閱綜合財務報表附註16及第100至105頁之會計政策。	
關鍵審計事項	我們之審計如何處理該事項
於二零二四年二月二十九日, 貴集團之應收貸款約為 823,700,000港元。	我們就評估應收貸款減值之審計程序包括以下各項:
	 了解 貴集團所使用之預期信貸虧損模型;
採用預期信貸虧損(「 預期信貸虧損 」)模式釐定虧損撥備時 須考慮多項關鍵參數及假設,當中包括所識別虧損階段、所 估計違約概率、違約損失率、違約風險、折現率、就前瞻性 資料所作調整及其他調整因素(包括抵押品之價值)。於選	 評價於預期信貸虧損模型中所應用之關鍵假設及方法 之合理性;
取該等參數及應用有關假設時亦須管理層作出判斷。	 使用基於上述參數及假設之預期信貸虧損模式重新計 算預期信貸虧損撥備金額並以抽樣方式測試預期信貸
我們將應收貸款之減值識別為關鍵審計事項,乃因其固有不 確定因素之複雜性及於釐定減值撥備時涉及管理層判斷,同	虧損模型所用輸入數據之完整性及準確性;
時亦因其對 貴集團財務業績及資產總額有重大影響。	 透過了解 貴集團之收回計劃並評估其可行性及評估 抵押品變現之時間及方法,評估信貸減值應收貸款之 預測現金流量;及
	 評價綜合財務報表中有關應收貸款之減值之呈列及披露。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY AND AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for such internal control as the directors of the Company determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Company either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Audit committee is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

其他資料

貴公司董事需對其他信息負責。其他信息包括刊載於 年報內之全部信息,但不包括綜合財務報表及我們之 核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表之意見並不涵蓋其他信息,我們 亦不對該等其他信息發表任何形式之鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表之審計,我們之責任是閱讀 其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他信息是否與綜合財 務報表或我們在審計過程中所了解之情況存在重大抵 觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述之情況。基於我們執行 之工作,如果我們認為其他信息存在重大錯誤陳述, 我們需要報告該事實。在這方面,我們沒有任何報 告。

貴公司董事及審核委員會就綜合財務報 表須承擔之責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港財 務報告準則及香港公司條例之披露要求擬備真實而中 肯之綜合財務報表,並對 貴公司董事認為為使綜合 財務報表之擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致之重大 錯誤陳述所需之內部監控負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時, 貴公司董事負責評估 貴 集團持續經營之能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續 經營有關之事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除 非 貴公司董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或 別無其他實際替代方案。

審核委員會負責監督 貴集團之財務報告過程。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion, solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors of the Company.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔之責任

我們之目標乃對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在由於欺 詐或錯誤而導致之重大錯誤陳述取得合理保證,並根 據協定委聘條款僅向整體股東出具包括我們意見之核 數師報告。除此以外,本報告不可用作其他用途。我 們概不就本報告之內容,對任何其他人士負責或承擔 法律責任。合理保證是高水平之保證,但不能保證按 照香港審計準則進行之審計,在某一重大錯誤陳述存 在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起,如 果合理預期它們單獨或匯總起來可能影響綜合財務報 表使用者依賴財務報表所作出之經濟決定,則有關錯 誤陳述可被視作重大。

在根據香港審計準則進行審計之過程中,我們運用了 專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。我們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述之風險,設計及執行審計程序以應對這些風險,以及獲取充足和適當之審計憑證,作為我們意見之基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述,或凌駕於內部監控之上,因此未能發現因欺詐而導致之重大錯誤陳述之風險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致之重大錯誤陳述之風險。
- 了解與審計相關之內部監控,以設計適當之審計 程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部監控之有效性 發表意見。
- 評價 貴公司董事所採用會計政策之恰當性及 作出會計估計和相關披露之合理性。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Company's directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with audit committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide audit committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguard applied.

- 對 貴公司董事採用持續經營會計基礎之恰當 性作出結論。根據所獲取之審計憑證,確定是否 存在與事項或情況有關之重大不確定性,從而可 能導致對 貴集團之持續經營能力產生重大疑 慮。如果我們認為存在重大不確定性,則有必要 在核數師報告中提請使用者注意綜合財務報表 中之相關披露。假若有關披露不足,則我們應當 發表非無保留意見。我們之結論是基於核數師報 告日止所取得之審計憑證。然而,未來事項或情 況可能導致 貴集團不能持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表之整體呈報方式、結構和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是否中肯反映 交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動之財務信息獲取 充足、適當之審計憑證,以便對綜合財務報表發 表意見。我們負責集團審計之方向、監督和執 行。我們為審計意見承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與審核委員會溝通計劃之審計範 圍及時間安排以及重大審計發現,包括我們在審計中 識別出內部監控之任何重大缺陷。

我們還向審核委員會提交聲明,説明我們已符合有關 獨立性之相關專業道德要求,並與他們溝通有可能合 理地被認為會影響我們獨立性之所有關係和其他事 項,以及(在適用之情況下)為消除威脅所採取的行動 或所應用的防範措施。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

From the matters communicated with audit committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Mr. Wong Hon Kei, Anthony.

從與審核委員會溝通之事項中,我們確定哪些事項對 本期綜合財務報表之審計最為重要,因而構成關鍵審 計事項。我們在核數師報告中描述這些事項,除非法 律法規不允許公開披露這些事項,或在極端罕見之情 況下,如果合理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成之 負面後果超過產生之公眾利益,我們決定不應在報告 中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告之審計項目合夥人為黃漢基先 生。

SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited Certified Public Accountants Wong Hon Kei, Anthony Practising Certificate Number: P05591

Hong Kong 27 May 2024 **信永中和(香港)會計師事務所有限公司** *執業會計師* **黃漢基** 執業證書號碼: P05591

香港 二零二四年五月二十七日

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收入表

	Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 \$′000	2023 二零二三年 \$'000
			千元
收益 其他收入、收益或虧損	5	4,730	165,841 3,734
經營收入		184,037	169,575
其他經營開支	8(c)	(59,499)	(57,075)
就應收貸款確認之減值虧損			
	16	(15,126)	
經營溢利		109,412	112,500
融資成本	8(a)	(6,130)	(9,773)
除税前溢利	8	103,282	102,727
所得税	9	(16,835)	(16,620)
股東應佔年內溢利及 全面收入總額			
		86,447	86,107
每股盈利(港仙)-基本及			
攤薄	12	4.5	4.5
	 經營收入 其他經營開支 就應收貸款確認之減值虧損 經營溢利 融資成本 除税前溢利 所得税 股東應佔年內溢利及 全面收入總額 每股盈利(港仙)-基本及 	收益 5 其他收入、收益或虧損 7 經營收入 7 経營管收入 8(c) 其他經營開支 8(c) 就應收貸款確認之減值虧損 16 經營溢利 8(a) 除税前溢利 8 所得税 9 股東應佔年內溢利及 全面收入總額 9 每股盈利(港仙)-基本及 5	附註 二零二四年 收益 5 其他收入、收益或虧損 7 経營收入 179,307 其他收入、收益或虧損 7 経營收入 184,037 其他經營開支 8(c) 就應收貸款確認之減值虧損 16 (15,126) 109,412 融資成本 8(a) 防得税 9 (16,835) 103,282 所得税 9 後取應佔年內溢利及 全面收入總額 8 每股盈利(港仙)-基本及 8

Consolidated Statement Of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

As at 29 February 2024 於二零二四年二月二十九日 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
			\$′000 千元	\$′000 千元
	十次新次文		十九	十九
Non-current assets Plant and equipment	非流動資產 廠房及設備	13	3,019	2,036
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	14	13,210	14,719
Interest in an associate	聯營公司的權益	15	-	-
Loan receivables	應收貸款	16	36,699	67,926
Other receivables	其他應收款項	18	1,740	3,463
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	17	2,408	109
			57,076	88,253
Current assets	流動資產			
Repossessed assets	經收回資產		13,875	10,226
Loan receivables	應收貸款	16	937,230	885,304
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項	18	9,925	7,340
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	19	170,600	162,447
				·
			1,131,630	1,065,317
				<u>.</u>
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項	21	4,906	5,487
Bank loans and overdrafts	銀行貸款及透支	20	10,000	10,060
Loans from the immediate holding	直屬控股公司之貸款			
company		23	47,500	47,500
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	14	6,772	7,803
Debt securities issued	已發行債務證券	24	25,991	11,993
Tax payable	應付税項		6,642	6,972
			101,811	89,815
Net current assets	流動資產淨額		1,029,817	975,502
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總額減流動負債		1,086,895	1,063,755

Consolidated Statement Of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

As at 29 February 2024 於二零二四年二月二十九日 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

		Notes	2024	2023
		附註	二零二四年	二零二三年
		-1-H [1]	_ = = □ \$′000	_ \$′000
			千元	千元
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Debt securities issued	已發行債務證券	24	-	25,973
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	14	7,213	7,737
			7,213	33,710
NET ASSETS	資產淨額		1,079,682	1,030,045
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	資本及儲備	25		
Capital	股本		19,272	19,272
Reserves	儲備		1,060,410	1,010,773
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額		1,079,682	1,030,045

The consolidated financial statements on pages 76 to 172 were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 27 May 2024 and are signed on its behalf by: 第76至172頁之綜合財務報表已由董事會於二零二四 年五月二十七日批准及授權刊發,並由下列人士代表 簽署:

Mr. Chan Kai Ho Edward 陳啟豪先生 Director 董事 Ms. Chan Ying Yu 陳英瑜女士 Director 董事

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

		Notes 附註	Share capital 股本 \$'000 千元	Share premium 股份溢價 \$'000 千元	Capital reserve 資本儲備 \$'000 千元	Capital redemption reserve 資本贖回儲備 \$'000 千元	Other reserve 其他儲備 \$'000 千元	Retained profits 保留溢利 \$'000 千元	Total 總計 \$′000 千元
At 1 March 2022	於二零二二年三月一日		19,289	14,726	44,963	2,095	12,001	889,837	982,911
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	年內溢利及全面收入總額		-	-	-	-	-	86,107	86,107
Purchase of own shares	購回自身股份	25(c)(i)(ii)	(17)	(423)	-	17	-	-	(423)
Final dividends approved in respect of the previous year and paid during the year	就上個年度批准並於年內派付 之末期股息	25(b)	-	-	-	-	-	(13,683)	(13,683)
Interim dividends declared and paid during the year	於年內宣派及派付之中期股息	25(b)	_	_	-	-	_	(17,730)	(17,730)
Special dividends approved in respect of the previous year and paid during the year	就上個年度批准並於年內派付 之特別股息	25(b)						(7,137)	(7,137)
At 28 February 2023 and 1 March 2023	於二零二三年二月二十八日及 二零二三年三月一日		19,272	14,303	44,963	2,112	12,001	937,394	1,030,045
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	中又一一一一一一一一一一 年內溢利及全面收入總額		-	-	-	-	-	86,447	86,447
Final dividends approved in respect of the previous year and paid during the year	就上個年度批准並於年內派付 之末期股息	25(b)		-	-	-	-	(16,767)	(16,767)
Interim dividends declared and paid during the year	於年內宣派及派付之中期股息	25(b)	-	-	-	-	-	(20,043)	(20,043)
At 29 February 2024	於二零二四年二月二十九日		19,272	14,303	44,963	2,112	12,001	987,031	1,079,682

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

		Neta	2024	2022
		Note 附註	2024 一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一	2023 二零二三年
		的社	二零二四年	
			\$'000 千元	\$'000 千元
Operating activities	經營業務		1 70	170
Operating activities Profit before taxation	除税前溢利		103,282	102,727
Adjustments for:	就下列各項作出調整:		105,202	102,727
	廠房及設備之折舊		802	593
Depreciation of plant and equipment Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產之折舊		8,720	8,847
Bank interest income	使用權負產之仍皆 銀行利息收入			
			(1,830)	(516)
COVID-19-related rent concession	2019冠狀病毒病相關之租金			(775)
Commenterite	寛減		-	(775)
Government subsidy	政府補貼		-	(888)
Finance costs	融資成本		6,130	9,773
Net (gains) losses on loan receivables at fair	按公平值計入損益(「按公平			
value through profit or loss ("FVPL")	值計入損益」)之應收貸款			
	之(收益)虧損淨額		(16)	13
Impairment losses recognised on loan	就應收貸款確認之減值虧損			
receivables			15,126	
Operating cash flows before changes in	營運資金變動前之經營			
working capital	宮建貝亚愛勤別之經宮 現金流量		122 214	119,774
Increase in repossessed assets	經收回資產增加		132,214 (3,649)	(2,745)
Increase in loan receivables	應收貸款增加			
	應收員款增加 貿易及其他應收款項(增加)		(35,809)	(37,323)
(Increase) decrease in trade and other receivables	貝勿及共他應收款項(增加) 減少		(0.52)	700
			(862)	790
(Decrease) increase in accruals and other	應計費用及其他應付款項		(254)	1 207
payables	(減少)増加		(351)	1,397
Cash generated from operations	業務所得現金		91,543	81,893
Hong Kong Profits Tax paid	已付香港利得税		(19,464)	(8,797)
Net cash generated from operating	經營業務所得現金淨額			
activities			72,079	73,096
Investing activities	投資業務			
Payment for purchase of plant and equipment	購買廠房及設備之款項		(1,785)	(317)
Bank interest received	已收取銀行利息		1,830	516
Payment for acquisition of assets	收購資產之款項	33		(9,495)
Net cash generated from (used in)	投資業務所得(所用)			
investing activities	現金淨額		45	(9,296)
investing activities	-70 JT 17 HX			(5,290)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

		Note	2024	2023
		附註	二零二四年	二零二三年
			\$'000	\$'000
			千元	千元
Financing activities	融資業務			
Repayments of debt securities	償還債務證券		(12,000)	(50,000)
Dividends paid	已付股息	25(b)	(36,810)	(38,550)
Repayments of bank loans	償還銀行貸款		-	(32,000)
Repayments of other loans	償還其他貸款		-	(30,592)
Finance costs paid	已付融資成本		(5,406)	(9,074)
Repayments of principal on lease liabilities	償還租賃負債之本金		(8,766)	(7,815)
Repayments of interest on lease liabilities	償還租賃負債之利息		(929)	(1,069)
Payment for purchase of own shares	購回自身股份之款項	25(a) & (c)		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		(ii)	-	(423)
Proceeds from other loans	其他貸款之所得款項	()	-	30,592
Proceeds from bank loans	銀行貸款之所得款項		-	30,000
Government subsidy received	已收政府補貼		_	888
,				
Net cash used in financing activities	融資業務所用現金淨額		(63,911)	(108,043)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash	現金及現金等價物增加(減少)			
equivalents	凈額		8,213	(44,243)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning	年初之現金及現金等價物		-,	(• •/= •= /
of year			162,387	206,630
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of	年末之現金及現金等價物			
year			170,600	162,387
Analysis of components of cash and cash	現金及現金等價物組成部分之			
equivalents:	分析:			
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	19	170,600	162,447
Bank overdrafts	銀行透支	20	-	(60)
		19	170,600	162,387

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Oi Wah Pawnshop Credit Holdings Limited (the "**Company**") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands and is listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "**Stock Exchange**").

The Company and its subsidiaries (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "**Group**") are principally engaged in secured financing business in Hong Kong, including pawn loans and mortgage loans. Details of the principal activities of the Company's subsidiaries are set out in note 32.

The directors of the Company (the "**Directors**") consider the immediate parent and ultimate controlling party of the Group to be Kwan Lik Holding Limited, which is incorporated in the British Virgin Islands (the "**BVI**"), and TMF (Cayman) Ltd. as trustee of a reserved power discretionary trust for the benefit of Mr. Chan Chart Man, Mr. Chan Kai Ho Edward, Ms. Chan Ying Yu, Ms. Chan Mei Fong, Ms. Chan Nga Yu, Ms. Mui Hang Sin and Mr. Chan Kai Kow Macksion, which is incorporated in the Cayman Islands, respectively. These entities do not produce financial statements available for public use.

The Company's registered office is located at Windward 3, Regatta Office Park, PO Box 1350, Grand Cayman KY1-1108, Cayman Islands and its head office and principal place of business in Hong Kong is located at Rooms 2302–2303, Kwan Chart Tower, No. 6 Tonnochy Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("**HKD**" or "**HK\$**" or "**\$**"), which is also the functional currency of the Company, and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand (\$'000) except when otherwise indicated. 1. 一般資料

靄華押業信貸控股有限公司(「**本公司**」)在開曼 群島註冊成立,並於香港聯合交易所有限公司 (「**聯交所**」)主板上市。

本公司及其附屬公司(以下統稱「**本集團**」)主 要於香港從事有抵押融資(包括典當貸款及按 揭抵押貸款)業務。本公司附屬公司之主要業務 詳情載於附註32。

本公司董事(「董事」)認為,本集團之直屬母公 司及最終控股方分別為於英屬處女群島(「英 屬處女群島」)註冊成立之Kwan Lik Holding Limited及於開曼群島註冊成立之TMF (Cayman) Ltd.(為陳策文先生、陳啟豪先生、陳英瑜女 士、陳美芳女士、陳雅瑜女士、梅杏仙女士及陳 啟球先生之利益而作為保留權利酌情信託之受 託人)。此等實體並無編製供公眾查閱之財務報 表。

本公司之註冊辦事處位於Windward 3, Regatta Office Park, P.O. Box 1350, Grand Cayman KY1-1108, Cayman Islands,而其香港總辦事處 及主要營業地點位於香港灣仔杜老誌道6號羣策 大廈2302-2303室。

綜合財務報表以港元(「**港元**」)呈列,其亦為本 公司之功能貨幣。除另有指明者外,所有數值均 約整至最接近千位數(千元)。

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING **STANDARDS ("HKFRS(S)")**

Application of new and amendments to HKFRSs

In the current year, the Group has applied, for the first time, the following new and amendments to HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") which are effective for the Group's financial year beginning on 1 March 2023:

HKFRS 17 (including the October 2020 and February 2022 amendments to HKFRS 17)	Insurance Contracts	香港財務報告準則第 17號(包括香港財 務報告準則第17號 二零二零年十月及 二零二二年二月之 修訂)	保險合約
Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2	Disclosure of Accounting Policies	香港會計準則第1號及 香港財務報告準則 實務報告第2號之 修訂	會計政策批
Amendments to HKAS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates	香港會計準則第8號之 修訂	會計估計之
Amendments to HKAS 12	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction	香港會計準則第12號 之修訂	與單一交 資產及 遞延税 ¹
Amendments to HKAS 12	International Tax Reform-Pillar Two Model Rules	香港會計準則第12號 之修訂	國際税務 二規則

Except as described below, the application of the new and amendments to HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial performance and positions for the current and prior periods and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements. 2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準 則(「香港財務報告準則」)

應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則

於本年度,本集團已首次應用由香港會計師公 會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈且於本集團自二零 二三年三月一日開始之財政年度生效之下列新 訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則:

%一般的一个的。	
二零二零年十月及	
二零二二年二月之	
修訂)	
香港會計準則第1號及	會計政策披露
香港財務報告準則	
實務報告第2號之	
修訂	
香港會計準則第8號之	會計估計之定義
修訂	
香港會計準則第12號	與單一交易所產生之
之修訂	資產及負債有關之
	遞延税項
香港會計準則第12號	國際税務改革-支柱
之修訂	二規則範本

除下文所述者外,於本年度應用新訂及經修訂香 港財務報告準則對本集團於目前及以往期間之 財務表現及狀況及/或該等綜合財務報表所載 之披露並無重大影響。

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRS(S)") (CONT'D)

Application of new and amendments to HKFRSs (CONT'D)

Impact on application of Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2 – Disclosure of Accounting Policies

The amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2 Making Materiality Judgements provide guidance and examples to help entities apply materiality judgements to accounting policy disclosures. The amendments aim to help entities provide accounting policy disclosures that are more useful by replacing the requirement for entities to disclose their 'significant' accounting policies with a requirement to disclose their 'material' accounting policies and adding guidance on how entities apply the concept of materiality in making decisions about accounting policy disclosures.

The application of the amendments has had no material impact on the Group's financial performance and positions, but has affected the disclosures of accounting policies as set out in note 3.

Impact on application of Amendments to HKAS 8 – Definition of Accounting Estimates

The amendments to HKAS 8 clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates, and changes in accounting policies and the correction of errors. They also clarify how entities use measurement techniques and inputs to develop accounting estimates.

The amendments had no impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

應用香港會計準則第1號及香港財務報告準則實 務報告第2號之修訂一會計政策披露之影響

香港會計準則第1號及香港財務報告準則實務報 告第2號之修訂「作出重大性判斷」提供指引及 範例,以幫助實體將重大性判斷應用於會計政策 披露中。該等修訂旨在幫助實體提供更有用的會 計政策披露,以實體披露其「重大」會計政策的 規定取代實體披露其「主要」會計政策的規定, 並增加實體在作出有關會計政策披露的決定時 如何應用重大性概念的指引。

應用該等修訂對本集團的財務表現及財務狀況 並無重大影響,惟影響了附註3所載會計政策的 披露。

應用香港會計準則第**8**號之修訂一會計估計之定 義之影響

應用香港會計準則第8號之修訂旨在澄清會計估 計變更、會計政策變更及錯誤更正之間的區別。 彼等亦澄清實體如何使用計量技術及輸入數據 編製會計估計。

該等修訂對本集團的綜合財務報表並無影響。

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRS(S)") (CONT'D)

Application of new and amendments to HKFRSs (CONT'D)

Impact on application of Amendments to HKA5 12 – Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction

The amendments to HKAS 12 narrow the scope of the initial recognition exemption of deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets so that it no longer applies to transactions that, on initial recognition, give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences, such as leases and decommissioning liabilities. Therefore, entities are required to recognise a deferred tax asset (provided that sufficient taxable profit is available) and a deferred tax liability for temporary differences arising from these transactions. The amendments shall be applied to transactions related to leases and decommissioning obligations at the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented, with any cumulative effect recognised as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained profits at that date. For all other transactions, the amendments are applied to those transactions that occur after the beginning of the earliest period presented.

The amendments had no material impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

應用香港會計準則第**12**號之修訂一與單一交易 所產生之資產及負債有關之遞延所得税之影響

香港會計準則第12號之修訂將遞延税項負債及 遞延税項資產之初步確認豁免範圍收窄,使其不 再適用於在初步確認時產生相等應課税及可扣 減暫時差額之交易,如租賃及棄置負債。因此, 實體須就該等交易產生的暫時差額確認遞延税 項資產(惟須有足夠可動用的應課税溢利)及遞 延税項負債。該等修訂將適用於最早呈列的比較 期間期初與租賃及棄置義務相關的交易,任何累 計影響確認為於該日對留存溢利期初餘額的調 整。對於所有其他交易,該等修訂適用於最早呈 列期間開始後發生的交易。

有關修訂對本集團的綜合財務報表並無重大影 響。

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRS(S)") (CONT'D)

Amendments to HKFRSs issued but not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following amendments to HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture ³
Amendments to HKFRS 16	Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback ¹
Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and the related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5(2020) Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clouse ¹
Amendments to HKAS 1	Non-current Liabilities with Covenants ¹
Amendments to HKAS 7 and HKFRS 7	Supplier Finance Arrangements ¹
Amendments to HKAS 21	Lack of Exchangeability ²

- ¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024.
- ² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025.
- ³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined.

The Directors anticipate that the application of the amendments to HKFRSs will have no material impact on the results and the financial position of the Group.

2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準 則(「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

已頒佈但尚未生效之經修訂香港財務報告準則

本集團並無提早應用以下已頒佈但尚未生效之 經修訂香港財務報告準則:

1(則 香港 16 香港	財務報告準則第 D號及香港會計準 第28號之修訂 財務報告準則第 5號之修訂 會計準則第1號之 記	投資者與其聯營公司 或合營或之場中的租 產出租回債1 將 1 將 5號之相關。 第 5號之相關。 第 5號之相關。 前 報 表之是列一借求 還 條 款 之 定 里 和 的 之 書 。 二 零 二 零 二 零 二 零 一 約 二 等 一 的 。 一 的 。 一 的 。 一 的 。 一 的 的 。 一 的 。 一 的 的 。 之 出 告 回 交 易 中 的 的 和 的 。 二 》 。 一 的 。 一 的 的 。 之 之 易 中 的 和 句 " " 动 》 之 之 易 中 的 句 君 。 一 " 》 动 之 一 " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "
	會計準則第1號之 訂	附帶契諾的非流動負 債 ¹
香	會計準則第7號及 港財務報告準則 7號之修訂	供應商融資安排1
	會計準則第21號 修訂	缺乏可交性2
1	於二零二四年一月- 生效。	日或之後開始之年度期間
2	於二零二五年一月- 生效。	-日或之後開始之年度期間
3	於將予釐定之日期到	或之後開始之年度期間生

於將予釐定之日期或之後開始之年度期間生效。

董事預期應用該等經修訂香港財務報告準則將 不會對本集團之業績及財務狀況造成重大影 響。

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY 3. 重大會計政策資料 INFORMATION

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for loan receivables at FVPL that are measured at fair values, at the end of each reporting period.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods or services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e. an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. Details of fair value measurement are explained in the accounting policies set out below.

The material accounting policies are set out below.

綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香 港財務報告準則而編製。此外,綜合財務報表包 括聯交所證券上市規則及香港公司條例所規定 之適用披露。

於各報告期末,綜合財務報表乃根據歷史成本基 準編製,惟按公平值計入損益之應收貸款除外, 該等應收貸款按公平值計量。

歷史成本一般根據為交換貨品或服務所給代價 之公平值而釐定。

公平值為市場參與者於計量日期按現行市況於 主要(或最有利)市場中透過有序交易出售資產 所收取或轉移負債所支付之價格(即平倉價), 而不論該價格是否直接觀察所得或能否以另一 估值技術估計所得。公平值計量詳情於下文所載 會計政策中闡釋。

下文載列重大會計政策。

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3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY 3. 重大會計政策資料(續) **INFORMATION (CONT'D)**

Revenue from contracts with customers

Income is classified by the Group as revenue when it arises from the provision of services and disposal of repossessed assets in the ordinary course of the Group's business.

Revenue is recognised to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Specifically, the Group uses a 5-step approach to revenue recognition:

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer •
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the • contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

The Group recognised revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to customers.

A performance obligation represents a good or service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct or a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially same.

客戶合約收益

當本集團於日常業務過程中提供服務及出售經 收回資產時,本集團將收入分類為收益。

確認收益以描述向客戶轉讓金額反映實體預期 就交換該等貨品或服務有權獲得之代價之承諾 貨品或服務。具體而言,本集團使用五步法確認 收益:

- 步驟1:識別與客戶訂立之合約 •
- 步驟2:識別合約中之履約責任
- 步驟3: 釐定交易價
- 步驟4:將交易價分配至合約中之履約責 仟
- 步驟5:當(或於)實體完成履約責任時確 認收益。

當(或於)履約責任獲完成時,即當特定履約責 任相關貨品或服務之「控制權」轉讓予客戶時, 本集團確認收益。

履約責任指一項明確貨品或服務(或一組貨品 或服務)或一系列大致相同之明確貨品或服務。

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3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY 3. 重大會計政策資料(續) INFORMATION (CONT'D)

Revenue from contracts with customers (CONT'D)

Control is transferred over time and revenue is recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation if one of the following criteria is met:

- The customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs;
- The Group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or
- The Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the distinct goods or service.

Revenue is measured based on the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in a contract with a customer, excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

Further details of the Group's revenue and other income recognition policies are as follows:

(i) Interest income

Interest income for all financial assets are recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset. For financial assets measured at amortised cost that are not creditimpaired, the effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of the asset. For credit impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is applied to the amortised cost (i.e. gross carrying amount net of loss allowance) of the asset.

客戶合約收益(續)

倘符合以下其中一項條件,則控制權隨時間轉 移,而收益則參考相關履約責任之完成進度隨時 間確認:

- 客戶於本集團履約時同時收取及消耗本集 團履約所提供之利益;
- 本集團履約創建或增強客戶於資產獲創建 或增強時控制的資產;或
- 本集團履約並無創建對本集團具有替代用 途的資產,且本集團有強制執行權收取至 今已完成履約涉及之款項。

否則,收益於客戶獲得明確商品或服務控制權時 確認。

收益按本集團於客戶合約中預期有權收取之代 價計量,不包括代表第三方收回之金額。

有關本集團收益及其他收入確認政策之進一步 詳情如下:

(i) 利息收入

所有金融資產之利息收入於其累計時按實 際利率法確認。實際利率乃按金融工具之 預期年期將估計未來現金付款或收入準確 貼現至金融資產之賬面總值之比率。就並 無信貸減值之按攤銷成本計量之金融資產 而言,實際利率應用於資產之賬面總值。 就信貸減值金融資產而言,實際利率應用 於資產之攤銷成本(即扣除虧損撥備之賬 面總值)。

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3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY 3. 重大會計政策資料(續) **INFORMATION (CONT'D)**

Revenue from contracts with customers (CONT'D)

(ii) Fee income

Fee income is recognised when the corresponding service is provide, except where the fee is charged to cover the costs of a continuing service to, or risk borne for, the customer, or is interest in nature. In these cases, the fee is recognised as income in the accounting period in which the costs or risk are incurred or is accounted for as interest income.

(iii) Disposal of repossessed assets

Disposal gain or loss is recognised when the buyer of the repossessed assets takes control of and accepts the goods.

(iv) Rental income from operating leases

Rental income receivable under operating leases is recognised in profit or loss in equal instalments over the periods covered by the lease term.

客戶合約收益(續)

- (ii) 費用收入
 - 費用收入於提供相應服務時確認,惟倘所 收取費用乃用以彌補向客戶提供持續服務 之成本或為客戶承擔之風險或該費用屬利 息性質則除外。在此等情況下,該費用於 產生成本或風險之會計期間確認為收入或 入賬列作利息收入。

(iii) 出售經收回資產

出售收益或虧損於經收回資產之買方接管 及接收貨品時確認。

(iv) 經營租賃之租金收入

經營租賃項下之應收租金收入乃於租賃期 涵蓋之期間內以等額分期方式於損益確 認。

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3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY 3. 重大會計政策資料(續) INFORMATION (CONT'D)

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries.

Control is achieved where the Group has: (i) the power over the investee; (ii) exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and (iii) the ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of the Group's returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary.

Income and expenses of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each item of other comprehensive income of subsidiaries are attributed to shareholders of the Company. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to shareholders of the Company.

All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

綜合賬目之基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司以及受本公司及其附 屬公司控制之實體之財務報表。

當本集團(i)對投資對象擁有權力;(ii)就藉參與 投資對象之事務所得可變回報承受風險或享有 權利;及(iii)有能力利用對投資對象之權力影響 本集團回報金額,則取得控制權。

倘事實及情況顯示上列三項控制元素其中一項 或多項出現變動,本集團將重新評估是否對投資 對象擁有控制權。

本集團於取得附屬公司控制權時開始將附屬公 司綜合入賬,而於失去附屬公司控制權時則不再 綜合入賬。

於年內收購或出售之附屬公司之收入及開支自 本集團取得附屬公司控制權當日起直至本集團 不再控制附屬公司當日止計入綜合損益及其他 全面收入表。

附屬公司之損益及其他全面收入各項目歸屬於 本公司股東。附屬公司之全面收入總額歸屬於本 公司股東。

與本集團成員公司之間交易有關之所有集團內 成員公司間資產與負債、權益、收入、開支及現 金流量於綜合入賬時悉數對銷。

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3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY 3. 重大會計政策資料(續) **INFORMATION (CONT'D)**

Business combinations or asset acquisitions

The Group can elect to apply an optional concentration test, on a transaction-by-transaction basis, that permits a simplified assessment of whether an acquired set of activities and assets is not a business. The concentration test is met if substantially all of the fair value of the gross assets acquired is concentrated in a single identifiable asset or group of similar identifiable assets. The gross assets under assessment exclude cash and cash equivalents, deferred tax assets, and goodwill resulting from the effects of deferred tax liabilities. If the concentration test is met, the set of activities and assets is determined not to be a business and no further assessment is needed.

Assets acquisitions

When the Group acquires a group of assets that do not constitute a business, the Group identifies and recognises the individual identifiable assets acquired assumed by allocating the purchase price first to financial assets and financial liabilities at the respective fair values, the remaining balance of the purchase price is then allocated to the other identifiable assets and liabilities on the basis of their relative fair values at the date of purchase. Such a transaction does not give rise to goodwill or bargain purchase gain.

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are stated on the statement of financial position of the Company at cost less accumulated impairment loss.

業務合併或資產收購

本集團可選擇以逐項交易基準應用可選集中度 測試,可對所收購之一組活動及資產是否並非一 項業務作簡化評估。倘所購入資產總額的公平值 幾乎全部集中在單一可識別資產或一組類似資 產,則符合集中度測試。評估之總資產不包括現 金及現金等價物、遞延税項資產、及由遞延税項 負債影響產生之商譽。倘符合集中度測試,該組 活動及資產被釐定為並非業務及毋須作進一步 評估。

資產收購

當本集團收購一組並不構成一項業務之資產,本 集團透過先將購買價按其各自之公平值分配至 金融資產及金融負債,以識別及確認所收購之個 別可識別資產,而餘下之購買價結餘其後按於購 買日期之相關公平值,分配至其他可識別資產及 負債。有關交易並不產生商譽或議價購買收益。

於附屬公司之投資

於附屬公司之投資在本公司財務狀况表內按成 本減累計減值虧損列賬。

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3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY 3. 重大會計政策資料(續) INFORMATION (CONT'D)

Investments in associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control of those policies.

The Group's investments in associates are accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method. Under the equity method, investments in associates are initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associates. If the Group's share of losses of an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate, the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are provided for, and a liability is recognised, only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

If an associate uses accounting policies other than those of the Group for like transactions and events in similar circumstances, adjustments are made to make the associate's accounting policies conform to those of the Group when the associate's financial statements are used by the Group in applying the equity method.

An investment in an associate is accounted for using the equity method from the date on which the investee becomes an associate. On acquisition of the investment, any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the associate is recognised as goodwill and is included in the carrying amount of the investment.

Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

於聯營公司之投資

聯營公司指本集團可施加重大影響力之實體。重 大影響力指參與投資對象之財務及營運決策之 權力,而非控制或聯合控制有關政策之權力。

本集團於聯營公司之投資乃採用權益法於綜合 財務報表入賬。根據權益法,於聯營公司之投資 初步按成本確認,及隨後經調整以確認本集團分 佔聯營公司之損益及其他全面收入。倘本集團分 佔聯營公司之虧損等於或超過其於該聯營公司 之權益(包括實質構成本集團於聯營公司之淨 投資之任何長期權益)時,本集團終止確認其分 佔之進一步虧損。本集團僅於產生法定或推定責 任或代表聯營公司付款時,方會就額外虧損作出 撥備及確認負債。

倘聯營公司就類似性質之交易或類似事件所採納之會計政策與本集團之會計政策有所不同,則 在本集團應用權益法使用聯營公司之財務報表 時,會作出修訂以使聯營公司之會計政策與本集 團之會計政策貫徹一致。

於聯營公司之投資由投資對象成為聯營公司當 日起採用權益法入賬。於收購投資時,收購成本 超出本集團分佔該聯營公司可識別資產及負債 公平淨值之任何部分乃確認為商譽,並計入投資 之賬面值。

本集團分佔可識別資產及負債公平淨值超出經 重新評估之收購成本之任何部分於收購投資期 間於損益確認。

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3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY 3. 重大會 INFORMATION (CONT'D)

Investments in associates (CONT'D)

The requirements of HKAS 36 are applied to determine whether it is necessary to recognise any impairment loss with respect to the Group's investment in an associate. When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised is not allocated to any asset, including goodwill that forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised to the extent that the recoverable amount of the net investment subsequently increases.

The Group discontinues the use of the equity method from the date when the investment ceases to be an associate. When the Group retains an interest in the former associate and the retained interest is a financial asset, the Group measures the retained interest at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition in accordance with HKFRS 9. The difference between the carrying amount of the associate at the date the equity method was discontinued, and the fair value of any retained interest and any proceeds from disposing of a part interest in the associate is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate on the same basis as would be required if that associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income by that associate would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) when the associate is disposed of.

When an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or an investment in a joint venture becomes an investment in an associate, the Group continues to apply the equity method and does not remeasure the retained interest.

重大會計政策資料(續)

於聯營公司之投資(續)

香港會計準則第36號適用於釐定是否需要就本 集團於聯營公司的投資確認任何減值虧損。如需 要,該項投資的全部賬面值(包括商譽)將以單 一資產方式進行減值測試,方法是比較其可收回 金額(即使用價值與公平值減出售成本的較高 者)與其賬面值。任何已確認減值虧損不會分配 至任何資產,包括構成該項投資賬面值的一部分 的商譽。有關減值虧損的任何撥回乃於該項淨投 資的可收回金額其後增加時確認。

本集團自投資不再作為聯營公司當日起終止採 用權益法。根據香港財務報告準則第9號,當本 集團保留於前聯營公司之權益,且保留權益為財 務資產時,則本集團於當日按公平值計量保留權 益,而公平值則被視為初步確認時之公平值。釐 定出售聯營公司之收益或虧損時,將計入聯營公 司於終止採用權益法當日的賬面值與任何保留 權益的公平值及出售聯營公司權益所得款項之 差額。另外,本集團採用假設該聯營公司已直接 出售相關資產或負債所需採用的基準,將先前就 該聯營公司於其他全面收入中確認的所有金額 入賬。因此,倘本集團考慮聯營公司有關所有之 前於其他全面收入內確認的金額已重新分類計 入出售該聯營公司有關的資產或負債,當出售聯 營公司時,本集團將收入或虧損由權益重新分類 至損益(作為重新分類調整)。

當於聯營公司之投資成為於合資企業之投資或 於合資企業之投資成為於聯營公司之投資時, 本集團將繼續使用權益法,保留權益不會重新計 量。

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3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY 3. 重大會計政策資料(續) INFORMATION (CONT'D)

Investments in associates (CONT'D)

When the Group's ownership interest in an associate is reduced, but the Group continues to apply the equity method, the proportion of the gain or loss that had previously been recognised in other comprehensive income relating to that reduction in ownership interest is reclassified to profit or loss if that gain or loss would be required to be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities.

Gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associate are recognised in consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate that are unrelated to the Group. The Group's share in the associate's gains or losses resulting from these transactions is eliminated.

The Group applies HKFRS 9, including the impairment requirements, to long-term interests in an associate to which the equity method is not applied and which form part of the net investment in the investee. In applying HKFRS 9 to long-term interests, the Group does not take into account adjustments to their carrying amount required by HKAS 28 (i.e. adjustments to the carrying amount of long -term interests arising from the allocation of losses of the investee or assessment of impairment in accordance with HKAS 28).

Financial instruments

The Group initially recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial instruments are measured initially at fair value, which normally will be equal to the transaction price plus, in case of a financial asset or financial liability not held at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset or issue of the financial liability. Transaction costs on financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are expensed immediately.

於聯營公司之投資(續)

當本集團於一間聯營公司之擁有權權益被削 減,但本集團仍應用權益法時,則先前於其他全 面收入中就該擁有權權益削減之收益或虧損按 比例重新分類至損益(倘該收益或虧損就出售 有關資產或負債被要求重新分類至損益)。

本集團與其聯營公司進行交易所得之損益,僅 在屬與本集團無關連之聯營公司之權益的情況 下,方會在綜合財務報表確認。本集團分佔聯營 公司來自該等交易之損益予以對銷。

本集團就不應用權益法之聯營公司之長期權益 應用香港財務報告準則第9號(包括減值規定) 並構成對投資對象淨投資的一部分。就長期權益 應用香港財務報告準則第9號時,根據香港會計 準則第28號的規定,本集團毋須計及賬面值調 整(即因根據香港會計準則第28號分配投資對 象虧損或減值評估而產生的長期權益賬面值調 整)。

金融工具

本集團會於其成為金融工具合約條文之訂約方 之日初始確認金融資產及金融負債。

金融工具初始按公平值計量,而公平值一般相等 於交易價格(倘並非按公平值計入損益之金融 資產或金融負債,則另加購入金融資產或發行金 融負債直接產生之交易成本)。按公平值計入損 益之金融資產及金融負債之交易成本會被即時 支銷。

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3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY 3. 重大會計政策資料(續) **INFORMATION (CONT'D)**

Financial instruments (CONT'D)

Financial assets

Financial assets represent loans receivables which mainly comprise pawn loans and mortgage loans, trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents. Pawn loans are loans provided whereby personal property such as gold, jewellery and diamonds, watches and consumer electronic products are used as collateral for the security of the loans. Mortgage loans are loans secured by real estates.

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets. Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ("**FVOCI**") and FVPL.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's business model for managing them

金融工具(續)

金融資產

金融資產指應收貸款,主要包括典當貸款及按揭 抵押貸款、貿易及其他應收款項及現金及現金等 價物。

典當貸款為以個人財產(例如黃金、珠寶 及鑽石、手錶及電子消費品)作為獲取貸款之抵 押品而提供之貸款。按揭抵押貸款指以房地產作 抵押之貸款。

所有按常規方式買賣之金融資產於交易日確認 及終止確認。按常規方式買賣指須根據市場規 例或慣例訂立之時間內交付資產之金融資產買 賣。

所有已確認金融資產其後視乎金融資產之分類 而全面按攤銷成本或公平值計量。金融資產於初 始確認時分類,其後按攤銷成本、按公平值計入 其他全面收入(「按公平值計入其他全面收入」) 及按公平值計入損益計量。

金融資產於初始確認時之分類乃視平金融資產 之合約現金流量特徵及本集團管理該等資產之 業務模式而定。

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3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY 3. 重大會計政策資料(續) INFORMATION (CONT'D)

Financial instruments (CONT'D)

Financial assets (CONT'D)

Financial assets held by the Group are classified into one of the following measurement categories:

- amortised cost, if the loan and receivable is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows which represent solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI"). Interest income from the loan and receivable is calculated using the effective interest method;
- FVOCI recycling, if the contractual cash flows of the loan and receivable comprise solely payments of principal and interest and the investment is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both the collection of contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets. Changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income, except for the recognition in profit or loss of expected credit losses or impairment gains or losses, interest income (calculated using the effective interest method) and foreign exchange gains and losses. When the loan and receivable is derecognised, the amount accumulated in other comprehensive income is recycled from equity to profit or loss; or
- FVPL, if the loan and receivable does not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or FVOCI (recycling). Changes in the fair value of the loan and receivable (including interest) are recognised in profit or loss.

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

本集團所持有之金融資產歸入以下其中一個計 量類別:

- 按攤銷成本計量一倘貸款及應收款項乃以 透過持有金融資產收取僅作支付本金及利 息(「僅作支付本金及利息」)之合約現金 流量達致目的之業務模式持有。來自貸款 及應收款項之利息收入乃按實際利率法計 算;
- 按公平值計入其他全面收入(可撥回)-倘貸款及應收款項之合約現金流量僅作支 付本金及利息,且投資乃以透過收取合約 現金流量及出售金融資產達致目的之業務 模式持有。公平值變動於其他全面收入確 認,惟預期信貸虧損或減值收益或虧損、 利息收入(按實際利率法計算)以及匯兑 收益及虧損則於損益確認。當終止確認貸 款及應收款項時,於其他全面收入中累計 之金額將自權益撥回至損益;或
- 按公平值計入損益一倘貸款及應收款項不 符合按攤銷成本計量或按公平值計入其他 全面收入(可撥回)之條件。貸款及應收 款項(包括利息)之公平值變動於損益確 認。

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3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY 3. 重大會計政策資料(續) **INFORMATION (CONT'D)**

Financial instruments (CONT'D)

Financial assets (CONT'D)

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are SPPI, the Group considers the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. In making the assessment the Group considers:

- contingent events that would change the amount and • timing of cash flows;
- leverage features; •
- prepayment and extension terms; •
- terms that limit the Group's claim to cash flows from specified assets (e.g. non-recourse loans); and
- features that modify consideration of the time value of • money (e.g. periodical reset of interest rates).

Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method and are subject to impairment.

Amortised cost and effective interest method (j) The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period.

For financial assets, the effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) excluding expected credit losses, through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the gross carrying amount of the debt instrument on initial recognition. For originated credit-impaired financial assets, a credit-adjusted effective interest rate is calculated by discounting the estimated future cash flows, including expected credit losses, to the amortised cost of the debt instrument on initial recognition.

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

於評估合約現金流量是否僅作支付本金及利息 時,本集團會考慮工具之合約條款。此包括評估 金融資產是否包含可改變合約現金流量之時點 或金額使其不符合該項條件之合約條款。於進行 評估時,本集團會考慮:

- 將改變現金流量之金額及時點之或然事 件;
- 槓桿特徵;
- 提前還款及延期條款; •
- 限制本集團要求取得指定資產(如無追索 權貸款)現金流量之條款;及
- 修改貨幣時間價值代價之特徵(如定期重 • 設利率)。

按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產(債務工具) 按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產其後採用實際利率 法計量並可能出現減值。

攤銷成本及實際利率法 (i) 實際利率法是計算債務工具之攤銷成本及 在相關期間分配利息收入之方法。

> 就金融資產而言, 實際利率指將債務工具 於整個預計年期或(如適用)較短期間內 之估計未來現金收入(包括構成實際利率 不可或缺部分之一切已付或已收費用及基 點,交易成本及其他溢價或折讓)(不包 括預期信貸虧損)準確貼現至初始確認時 債務工具之賬面總值之利率。至於源生信 貸減值金融資產,經信貸調整之實際利率 乃透過將估計未來現金流量(包括預期信 貸虧損)貼現至初始確認時債務工具之攤 銷成本計算。

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3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY 3. 重大會計政策資料(續) INFORMATION (CONT'D)

Financial instruments (CONT'D)

Financial assets (CONT'D)

Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments) (CONT'D)

- (i) Amortised cost and effective interest method (CONT'D)
 - The amortised cost of a financial asset is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, adjusted for any loss allowance. The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is the amortised cost of a financial asset before adjusting for any loss allowance.

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for debt instruments measured subsequently at amortised cost. For financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset. If, in subsequent reporting periods, the credit risk on the credit-impaired financial instrument improves so that the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset.

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss and is included in the "Revenue" line item (note 5).

Financial assets at FVPL

Financial assets at FVPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss to the extent they are not part of a designated hedging relationship. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss excludes any interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the 'other income, gains or losses' or 'other operating expenses' line item. Fair value is determined in the manner described in note 26(d).

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產(債務工具)(續)

- (i) 攤銷成本及實際利率法(續)
 - 金融資產之攤銷成本為金融資產在初始確 認時計量之金額減本金償還額,加上採用 實際利率法計算初始金額與到期金額間任 何差額之累計攤銷,並就任何虧損撥備作 出調整。金融資產之賬面總值為於就任何 虧損撥備作出調整前之金融資產攤銷成 本。

對於隨後按攤銷成本列賬的債務工具,利 息收入乃使用實際利率法確認。對於隨後 出現信貸減值的金融資產,利息收入乃根 據對金融資產的攤銷成本應用實際利率確 認。倘於隨後的報告期間,信貸減值金融 工具的信貸風險有所好轉,使該金融資產 不再信貸減值,利息收入根據對金融資產 的總賬面值應用實際利率確認。

利息收入於損益確認,計入「收益」項目 (附註5)。

按公平值計入損益之金融資產

按公平值計入損益之金融資產於各報告期末按 公平值計量,而任何公平值收益或虧損均於損益 內確認,惟彼等並不構成指定對沖關係之部分。 於損益確認之收益或虧損淨額不包括金融資產 賺取之任何利息,並計入「其他收入、收益或虧 損」或「其他經營開支」項目內。公平值按附註 26(d)所述方式釐定。

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3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY 3. 重大會計政策資料(續) **INFORMATION (CONT'D)**

Financial instruments (CONT'D)

Impairment of financial assets and other items subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9

Expected credit loss ("**ECL**") are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all expected cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive).

The expected cash shortfalls are discounted using the following discount rates where the effect of discounting is material:

- fixed-rate financial assets, trade and other receivables: • effective interest rate determined at initial recognition or an approximation thereof;
- variable-rate financial assets: current effective interest rate:

The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

In measuring ECLs, the Group takes into account reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. This includes information about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

金融工具(續)

金融資產及根據香港財務報告準則第9號須進行 減值評估的其他項目減值

預期信貸虧損(「**預期信貸虧損**」)為信貸虧損之 概率加權估計。信貸虧損按所有預期現金差額 (即根據合約應付本集團之現金流量與本集團預 期收到之現金流量之間的差額)之現值計量。

倘貼現影響重大,則預期現金差額採用以下貼現 率貼現:

- 定息金融資產、貿易及其他應收款項:於 • 初始確認時釐定之實際利率或其近似值;
- 浮息金融資產:當前實際利率; •

於估計預期信貸虧損時所考慮之最長期間為本 集團面臨信貸風險之最長合約期間。

於計量預期信貸虧損時,本集團考慮到毋須付 出不必要成本或努力後可獲得之合理及可靠資 料,包括過往事件、目前狀況及未來經濟狀況預 測的資料。

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3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY 3. 重大會計政策資料(續) **INFORMATION (CONT'D)**

Financial instruments (CONT'D)

Impairment of financial assets and other items subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (CONT'D)

ECLs are measured on either of the following bases:

- 12-month ECLs: these are losses that are expected to result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date; and
- lifetime ECLs: these are losses that are expected to • result from all possible default events over the expected lives of the items to which the ECL model applies.

The Group recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses on loan receivables (exclude pawn loans at FVPL) that are measured at amortised cost. The amount of expected credit losses is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial instrument.

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for trade receivables. The expected credit losses on these financial assets are estimated using individual basis based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date, including time value of money where appropriate.

For all other financial instruments, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12-month ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, in which case the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increase in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

金融工具(續)

金融資產及根據香港財務報告準則第9號須進行 減值評估的其他項目減值(續)

預期信貸虧損按以下其中一個基準計量:

- 12個月預期信貸虧損:預期於報告日期後 12個月內可能發生之違約事件所導致的虧 損;及
- 全期預期信貸虧損:預期該等應用預期信 貸虧損模式之項目於預期年期內所有可能 發生之違約事件所導致的虧損。

本集團就按攤銷成本計量之應收貸款(不包括 按公平值計入損益之典當貸款)確認預期信貸虧 損之虧損撥備。於各報告日期更新預期信貸虧損 金額,以反映自各相關金融工具初步確認以來之 信貸風險變動。

本集團一百就貿易應收款項確認全期預期信貸 虧損。此等金融資產之預期信貸虧損乃根據本集 團過往信貸虧損經驗按個別基準估計,並根據債 務人相關特定因素、整體經濟狀況以及對於報告 日期之狀況(包括貨幣時間價值(倘適用))之 當前及預測方向所作評估而予以調整。

就所有其他金融工具而言,本集團按12個月預 期信貸虧損計量虧損撥備,除非信貸風險自初始 確認以來大幅增加,在該情況下,本集團確認全 期預期信貸虧損。對是否確認全期預期信貸虧損 之評估,乃以自初始確認以來發生違約之可能或 風險是否大幅增加為基準。

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3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY 3. INFORMATION (CONT'D)

Financial instruments (CONT'D)

Impairment of financial assets and other items subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (CONT'D)

Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk of a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of default occurring on the financial instrument assessed at the reporting date with that assessed at the date of initial recognition. In respect of the mortgage loans and pawn loan receivables at amortised cost which have been past due for less than 1 month, the amounts mainly represent occasional delay in repayment and are not an indication of significant deterioration of credit guality of the mortgage loans and pawn loan receivables at amortised cost. The Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort. Forward-looking information considered includes the future prospects of the debtors' repayment ability as well as consideration of various external sources of actual and forecast economic information that relate to the Group's operations.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition:

- failure to make payments of principal or interest on their contractually due dates;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in a financial instrument's external or internal credit rating (if available);
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

. 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產及根據香港財務報告準則第**9**號須進行 減值評估的其他項目減值(續)

信貸風險大幅增加

於評估金融工具之信貸風險自初始確認以來有 否大幅增加時,本集團會比較於報告日期及於 初始確認日期評估之金融工具所出現之違約風 險。逾期少於1個月之按攤銷成本列賬之按揭抵 押貸款及應收典當貸款乃主要由於偶爾延遲還 款所導致,並不表示此等按攤銷成本列賬之按 揭抵押貸款及應收典當貸款之信貸質素顯著惡 化。本集團會考慮合理可靠之定量及定性資料, 包括過往經驗及在毋須付出不必要成本或努力 後可獲得之前瞻性資料。所考慮之前瞻性資料 包括債務人還款能力之未來前景以及與本集團 營運有關之實際及預測經濟資料之各種外部來 源。

具體而言,於評估信貸風險自初始確認以來有否 大幅增加時,本集團會考慮以下資料:

- 未能按其合約到期日支付本金或利息;
- 金融工具外部或內部信貸評級(如有)之 實際或預期顯著惡化;
- 債務人經營業績之實際或預期顯著惡化;
- 預計會導致債務人履行其債務責任之能力 大幅下降之業務、財務或經濟狀況之現有 或預測不利變化;
- 債務人的監管、經濟或技術環境有實際或 預計的重大不利變動,導致債務人償還債 項的能力顯著下降。

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY 3. 重大會計政策資料(續) **INFORMATION (CONT'D)**

Financial instruments (CONT'D)

Impairment of financial assets and other items subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (CONT'D)

Significant increase in credit risk (CONT'D)

Depending on the nature of the financial instruments, the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk is performed on either an individual basis or a collective basis. When the assessment is performed on a collective basis, the financial instruments are grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics, such as past due status and credit risk ratings.

Despite the foregoing, the Group assumes that the credit risk on a debt instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the debt instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date. A financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk if i) the financial instrument has a low risk of default, ii) the debtor has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term, and iii) adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations.

ECLs are remeasured at each reporting date to reflect changes in the financial instrument's credit risk since initial recognition. Any change in the ECL amount is recognised as an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss. The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

金融工具(續)

金融資產及根據香港財務報告準則第9號須進行 減值評估的其他項目減值(續)

信貸風險大幅增加(續)

信貸風險大幅增加之評估乃按個別基準或共同 基準進行,視乎金融工具之性質而定。倘按共同 基準進行評估, 金融工具將按共同信貸風險特徵 (如逾期狀況及信貸風險評級)進行分組。

儘管存在上述情況,倘一項債務工具於報告日期 被釐定為低信貸風險,則本集團假設該項債務工 具之信貸風險自初始確認以來並無顯著增加。於 下列情況下,一項金融工具將被釐定為低信貸風 險:i)金融工具違約風險低;ii)債務人短期內具 備充分能力履行合約現金流量責任;及iii)長期 經濟及業務狀況之不利變動或會(但非必然)降 低借款人履行合約現金流量責任之能力。

本集團於各報告日期重新計量預期信貸虧損,以 反映金融工具之信貸風險自初始確認以來發生 之變動。預期信貸虧損金額之任何變動均會於損 益確認為減值收益或虧損。本集團確認所有金融 工具之減值收益或虧損,並透過虧損撥備賬對其 賬面值作出相應調整。

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3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY 3. 重大會計政策資料(續) **INFORMATION (CONT'D)**

Financial instruments (CONT'D)

Impairment of financial assets and other items subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (CONT'D)

Definition of default

The Group considers the following as constituting an event of default for internal credit risk management purposes as historical experience indicates that receivables that meet either of the following criteria are generally not recoverable:

- when there is a breach of financial covenants by the debtor: or
- information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above analysis, the Group considers that a default event occurs when (i) the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full, without recourse by the Group to actions such as realising security (if any is held); or (ii) the financial asset is 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- significant financial difficulties of the debtor;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or delinguency • in interest or principal payments;
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter into • bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation;
- the disappearance of an active market for a security • because of financial difficulties of the debtor.

金融工具(續)

金融資產及根據香港財務報告準則第9號須進行 減值評估的其他項目減值(續)

違約之定義

本集團認為以下情況就內部信貸風險管理目的 而言構成違約事件,此乃由於過往經驗顯示符合 以下任何一項條件之應收款項一般無法收回:

- 債務人違反財務契諾;或
- 内部產生或自外部來源獲取的資料顯示, • **債務人不太可能向其債權人**(包括本集) 團)悉數還款(不計及本集團持有之任何 抵押品)。

無論上述分析如何,於作出重新評估時,本集團 認為,倘(i)借款人不大可能於本集團無追索權採 取變現抵押品 (如持有)等行動之情況下向本集 團悉數支付其信貸責任;或(ii)金融資產已逾期 90日,則構成違約事件,除非本集團擁有合理及 有據可依的資料顯示一項更滯後之違約標準更 為合適。

信貸減值金融資產

當發生一項或多項對金融資產之估計未來現金 流量有不利影響之事件時,即該金融資產出現信 貸減值。金融資產出現信貸減值之證據包括有關 以下事件之可觀察數據:

- 債務人出現重大財務困難;
- 違反合約,如欠繳或拖欠利息或本金付 • 款;
- 借款人很可能將告破產或進行其他財務重 • 組;
- 證券因發行人出現財務困難而失去活躍市 • 場。

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3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY 3. 重大會計政策資料(續) **INFORMATION (CONT'D)**

Financial instruments (CONT'D)

Impairment of financial assets and other items subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (CONT'D)

Write-off policy

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off.

Subsequent recoveries of an asset that was previously written off are recognised as a reversal of impairment in profit or loss in the period in which the recovery occurs.

Measurement and recognition of expected credit losses

The measurement of expected credit losses is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information as described above. As for the exposure at default, for financial assets, this is represented by the assets' gross carrying amount at the reporting date.

For financial assets, the expected credit loss is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

If the Group has measured the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to lifetime ECL in the previous reporting period, but determines at the current reporting date that the conditions for lifetime ECL are no longer met, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month ECL at the current reporting date, except for assets for which simplified approach was used.

金融工具(續)

金融資產及根據香港財務報告準則第9號須進行 減值評估的其他項目減值(續)

撇銷政策

本集團會於預計日後實際上無法收回金融資產 之賬面總值時將其(部分或全部)撇銷。該情況 通常為本集團確定債務人並無資產或可產生足 夠現金流量之收入來源用以償還將予撇銷之金 額。

先前已撇銷的資產之其後收回在收回期間於損 益確認為減值撥回。

預期信貸虧損之計量及確認

預期信貸虧損之計量為違約概率、違約損失率 (即違約時之損失程度)及違約風險之函數。評 估違約概率及違約損失率之依據是過往數據,並 按上述前瞻性資料調整。而金融資產之違約風險 則指資產於報告日期之賬面總值。

金融資產之預期信貸虧損按根據合約應付本集 團之所有合約現金流量與本集團預期收取之所 有現金流量(按原定實際利率貼現)間之差額估 算。

倘本集團已於先前報告期間按相等於全期預期 信貸虧損之金額計量金融工具之虧損撥備,惟於 當前報告日期釐定其不再符合全期預期信貸虧 損之條件,則本集團於當前報告日期按相等於 12個月預期信貸虧損之金額計量虧損撥備(使 用簡化方法的資產除外)。

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3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY 3. 重大會計政策資料(續) **INFORMATION (CONT'D)**

Financial instruments (CONT'D)

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by a group entity are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

金融工具(續)

終止確認金融資產

僅當從資產收取現金流量之合約權利屆滿時,或 當本集團已轉讓金融資產及資產擁有權之絕大 部分風險和回報予另一實體時,金融資產方會終 止確認。

於終止確認整項金融資產時,資產賬面值與已收 及應收代價之總和間之差額,於損益中確認。

金融負債及權益工具

債務或權益之分類

集團實體發行之債務及權益工具乃根據合約安 排之性質與金融負債及權益工具之定義分類為 金融負債或權益。

權益工具

權益工具乃證明實體的資產於扣除所有負債後 之剩餘權益之任何合約。集團實體發行之權益工 具於收訖所得款項(經扣除直接發行成本)時確 認。

購回本公司本身權益工具乃直接於權益確認及 扣減。概無就購買、出售、發行或註銷本公司本 身權益工具於損益內確認任何盈虧。

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY 3. 重大會計政策資料(續) INFORMATION (CONT'D)

Financial instruments (CONT'D)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments (CONT'D)

Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities subsequently measured at amortised cost

Financial liabilities that are not 1) contingent consideration of an acquirer in a business combination, 2) held-for-trading, or 3) designated as at FVPL, are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the amortised cost of a financial liability.

Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

金融工具(續)

金融負債及權益工具(續) 金融負債 所有金融負債其後採用實際利率法按攤銷成本 計量。

其後按攤銷成本計量之金融負債

並非1)業務合併中收購方之或然代價、2)持作買 賣、或3)指定按公平值計入損益之金融負債其 後採用實際利率法按攤銷成本計量。

實際利率法為計算金融負債之攤銷成本及於有 關期間分配利息開支之方法。實際利率指將金融 負債於整個預計年期或(如適用)較短期間內之 估計未來現金付款(包括構成實際利率不可或 缺部分之一切已付或已收費用及基點、交易成本 及其他溢價或折讓)準確貼現至其攤銷成本之利 率。

利息開支按實際利息基準確認。

終止確認金融負債

僅當本集團之責任獲解除、註銷或屆滿時,金融 負債方會終止確認。已終止確認之金融負債賬面 值與已付及應付代價間之差額於損益中確認。

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3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY 3. **INFORMATION (CONT'D)**

Leasing

Definition of a lease

Under HKFRS 16, a contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys a right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

The Group as leasee

The Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease, at inception of the contract. The Group recognises a rightof-use asset and a corresponding lease liability with respect to all lease arrangements in which it is the lessee, except for short-term leases (defined as leases with a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). For these leases, the Group recognises the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date, the Group measures lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. The lease payments are discounted by using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If this rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise fixed lease payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable.

The lease liability is presented as a separate line in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The lease liability is subsequently measured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability (using the effective interest method) and by reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made.

重大會計政策資料(續)

和賃

租賃之定義

根據香港財務報告準則第16號, 倘合約賦予權 利可於一段時間內控制已識別資產之用途以換 取代價,則該合約屬於或包含租賃。

本集團作為承租人

本集團於合約開始時評估合約是否屬於或包含 和信。除短期和信(定義為和賃期由開始日期起 計為12個月或以下且不含購買選擇權之租賃) 外,本集團就其作為承租人之所有租賃安排確認 使用權資產及相應租賃負債。就該等租賃而言, 本集團於租賃期內按直線基準確認租賃款項為 經營開支。

租賃負債

於開始日期,本集團按當日尚未支付租賃款項之 現值計量租賃負債。租賃款項按租賃隱含之利率 貼現。倘未能輕易釐定該利率,則本集團使用其 增量借貸利率。

計量租賃負債時所包含之租賃款項包括固定租 賃款項(包括實質固定款項)減任何應收租賃優 惠。

租賃負債於綜合財務狀況表呈列為獨立項目。

租賃負債透過增加賬面值以反映租賃負債之利 息 (使用實際利率法)及減少賬面值以反映已付 租賃款項而進行其後計量。

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3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY 3. 重大會計政策資料(續) INFORMATION (CONT'D)

Leasing (CONT'D)

The Group as leasee (CONT'D)

Right-of-use assets

The right-of-use assets comprise the initial measurement of the corresponding lease liability, lease payments made at or before the commencement date and any initial direct costs, less lease incentives received. Whenever the Group incurs an obligation for costs to dismantle and remove a leased asset, restore the site on which it is located or restore the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease, a provision is recognised and measured under HKAS 37 "Provision, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets". The costs are included in the related right-of-use asset, unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories.

Rights-of-use assets are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses other than adjustments to lease liabilities resulting from COVID-19 related rent concessions in which the Group applied the practical expedient. They are depreciated over the shorter period of lease term and useful life of the underlying asset. The depreciation starts at the commencement date of the lease.

The Group presents right-of-use assets as a separate line in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The Group applies HKAS 36 to determine whether a rightof-use asset is impaired and accounts for any identified impairment loss.

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

使用權資產

使用權資產包括相應租賃負債、於開始日期或之 前支付之租賃款項及任何初始直接成本之初始 計量減已收租賃優惠。當本集團產生拆除及移除 租賃資產、恢復相關資產所在場地或將相關資產 恢復至租賃條款及條件所規定狀態之成本責任 時,本集團會根據香港會計準則第37號「撥備、 或然負債及或然資產」確認及計量撥備。成本計 入相關使用權資產,除非該等成本因生產存貨而 產生,則另作別論。

使用權資產其後按成本減累計折舊及減值虧損 計量,在本集團應用實際權宜方法時因2019冠 狀病毒病相關租金寬減所產生的租賃負債調整 則除外,並於租賃期與相關資產可使用年期之較 短期間內折舊。折舊於租賃開始日期開始。

本集團於綜合財務狀況表內將使用權資產呈列 為獨立項目。

本集團應用香港會計準則第36號釐定使用權資 產是否出現減值,並就任何已識別減值虧損入 賬。

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY 3. **INFORMATION (CONT'D)**

Leasing (CONT'D)

The Group as leasee (CONT'D)

COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions

For rental concessions relating to lease contracts that occurred as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic, the Group has elected to apply the practical expedient not to assess whether a COVID-19-Related Rent Concession for lease contracts is a lease modification. The practical expedient only applies to rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 that meets all of the following conditions:

- the change in lease payments results in revised • consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change:
- any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2022; and
- there is no substantive change to other terms and conditions of the lease.

A lessee applying the practical expedient accounts for changes in lease payments resulting from rent concessions the same way it would account for the changes applying HKFRS 16 Leases if the changes were not a lease modification. Forgiveness or waiver of lease payments are accounted for as variable lease payments. The related lease liabilities are adjusted to reflect the amounts forgiven or waived with a corresponding adjustment recognised in the profit or loss in the period in which the event occurs.

重大會計政策資料(續)

和賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

2019冠狀病毒病相關之租金寬減

因2019冠狀病毒病疫情的直接影響產生的租賃 合約有關的租金寬減,本集團選擇應用實際權宜 方法不評估有關租賃合約的2019冠狀病毒病相 關之租金寬減是否為租賃修訂。實際權宜方法僅 適用於2019冠狀病毒病的直接影響產生的租金 寬減,惟須達成下列所有條件:

- 租賃付款變動導致租賃的經修訂代價與緊 接變動前租賃代價大致相同或低於緊接變 動前租賃代價;
- 租賃付款的任何減少僅影響原定於二零 • 二二年六月三十日或之前到期的付款;及
- 租賃的其他條款及條件並無重大變動。

承租人應用可行權宜方法,將租金寬減導致的租 賃付款變動列賬·以同一方式將應用香港財務報 告準則第16號租賃的變動入賬(倘變動並非租 **賃修訂**)。免除或豁免租賃付款可作為浮動租賃 付款入賬。相關租賃負債進行了調整以反映該事 件發生期內於損益中已確認相關調整的免除或 豁免租賃金額。

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3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY 3. 重大會計政策資料(續) INFORMATION (CONT'D)

Leasing (CONT'D)

The Group as lessor

The Group enters into lease agreements as a lessor. Leases for which the Group is a lessor are classified as finance or operating leases. Whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee, the contract is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

When a contract includes both lease and non-lease components, the Group applies HKFRS 15 to allocate the consideration under the contract to each component.

Sublease

When the Group is an intermediate lessor, it accounts for the head lease and the sublease as two separate contracts. The sublease is classified as a finance or operating lease by reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease, rather than by reference to the underlying asset. If the head lease is a short-term lease to which the group applies the exemption described above, the sublease shall be classified as an operating lease.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

租賃(續)

本集團作為出租人

本集團作為出租人訂立租賃協議。本集團作為出 租人之租賃分類為融資租賃或經營租賃。當租賃 條款將擁有權絕大部分風險及回報轉讓予承租 人,則合約分類為融資租賃。所有其他租賃均分 類為經營租賃。

當合約包含租賃及非租賃組成部分時,本集團應 用香港財務報告準則第15號將合約項下之代價 分配至各組成部分。

分租

當本集團為中間出租人時,主租賃及分租分別入 賬列為兩份單獨合約。分租參考主租賃所產生使 用權資產,而非參考相關資產,分類為融資租賃 或經營租賃。倘主租賃為短期租賃,本集團豁免 上文所述之規定,分租將獲分類為經營租賃。

經營租賃產生之租金收入於相關租賃期內按直 線法確認。

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3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY 3. **INFORMATION (CONT'D)**

Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment loss, if any.

Depreciation is recognised so as to allocate the cost of items of plant and equipment over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

An item of plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment losses on plant and equipment and rightof-use assets

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its plant and equipment and rightof-use assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. The recoverable amount of plant and equipment, and right-of-use assets are estimated individually. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (the "CGU") to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual CGU, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of CGU for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

重大會計政策資料(續)

廠房及設備

廠房及設備按成本減其後累計折舊及其後累計 減值虧損(如有)於綜合財務狀況表列賬。

折舊乃按估計可使用年期以直線法分配廠房及 設備項目之成本予以確認。估計可使用年期及折 舊法於各報告期末予以檢討,並按預期基準將任 何估計變動之影響入賬。

廠房及設備項目於出售或預期不會因繼續使用 該資產而產生未來經濟利益時終止確認。因出售 或報廢某項廠房及設備項目而產生的任何收益 或虧損乃按銷售所得款項與資產賬面值之間的 差額釐定,並於損益確認。

廠房及設備及使用權資產之減值虧損

本集團於報告期末審閱其廠房及設備及使用權 資產之賬面值,以釐定有否任何跡象顯示該等資 產遭受減值虧損。如存在任何有關跡象,則估計 資產之可收回金額,以釐定減值虧損(如有)之 程度。當不可能估計個別資產之可收回金額時, 本集團估計該資產所屬現金產生單位(「現金產 **生單位**])之可收回金額。廠房及設備以及使用 權資產之可收回金額作單獨估計。當可識別合理 及一致之分配基準時,公司資產亦分配至個別現 金產生單位,或分配至可識別合理及一致分配基 準之最小組別現金產生單位。

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3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY 3. 重大會計政策資料(續) INFORMATION (CONT'D)

Impairment losses on plant and equipment and rightof-use assets (CONT'D)

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value-in-use. In assessing value-in-use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a CGU) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a CGU) is reduced to its recoverable amount. For corporate assets or portion of corporate assets which cannot be allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis to a CGU, the Group compares the carrying amount of a group of CGU, including the carrying amounts of the corporate assets or portion of corporate assets allocated to that group of CGU, with the recoverable amount of the group of CGU. In allocating the impairment loss, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill (if applicable) and then to the other assets on a pro-rata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit or the group of CGU. The carrying amount of an asset is not reduced below the highest of its fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable), its value in use (if determinable) and zero. The amount of the impairment loss that would otherwise have been allocated to the asset is allocated pro rata to the other assets of the unit or the group of CGU. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a CGU) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or a CGU) in prior years. A reversal of impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

廠房及設備及使用權資產之減值虧損(續)

可收回金額為公平值減出售成本與使用價值兩 者之較高者。於評估使用價值時,估計未來現金 流量乃採用税前貼現率貼現至其現值,有關貼現 率反映貨幣時間價值之當前市場評估及未來現 金流量之估計未經調整的資產特定相關風險。

倘估計資產(或現金產生單位)之可收回金額低 於其賬面值,則資產(或現金產生單位)之賬面 值將調低至其可收回金額。就無法按合理及一致 基準分配至現金產生單位的企業資產或部分企 業資產而言,本集團將一組現金產生單位的賬面 值(包括分配至該組現金產生單位的企業資產 或部分企業資產的賬面值)與該組現金產生單位 的賬面值之可收回金額進行比較。分配減值虧 損時,首先分配減值虧損,以減少任何商譽(如 適用)之賬面值,繼而根據單位或該組現金產生 單位中各項資產之賬面值按比例分配至其他資 產。調低後之資產賬面值不得低於以下三者之中 最高者:該資產之公平價值扣除出售成本(如可 釐定)之數、其使用價值(如可釐定)及零。原應 分配至該資產之減值虧損金額,乃按比例分配至 該單位或該組現金產生單位其他資產。減值虧損 即時於損益中確認。

倘減值虧損其後撥回,則資產(或現金產生單 位)之賬面值會上調至其經修訂估計可收回金 額,但所上調之賬面值不得超出倘資產(或現金 產生單位)於過往年度並無確認減值虧損情況下 原已釐定之賬面值。減值虧損撥回即時於損益中 確認。

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3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY 3. INFORMATION (CONT'D)

Repossessed assets

In the recovery of impaired loan receivables granted under the Pawnbrokers Ordinance (Chapter 166 of the laws of Hong Kong), the Group takes possession of the collateral assets from the customers. This possession takes place once a loan becomes overdue, subject to a grace period granted at the discretion of the Group in certain cases.

Repossessed assets are initially recognised at the amortised cost of the related outstanding loans on the date of repossession, which is generally below the net realisable value of the repossessed assets. Upon repossession of the assets, the related loan receivables are derecognised from the consolidated statement of financial position. Repossessed assets are carried at the lower of the amount initially recognised or net realisable value and are therefore written down if and when the net realisable value falls to below the carrying amount of the asset. The excess/shortfall of the net proceeds over the carrying amount of the repossessed assets is recognised as a gain/loss upon the disposal of the assets.

Cash and cash equivalents

In the consolidated statement of financial position, cash and bank balances comprise cash (i.e. cash on hand and demand deposits) and cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are shortterm (generally with original maturity of three months or less), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather for investment or other purposes.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management. Such overdrafts are presented as short-term borrowings in the consolidated statement of financial position.

. 重大會計政策資料(續)

經收回資產

在收回根據香港法例第166章當押商條例發放之 已減值應收貸款時,本集團管有客戶提供之抵押 品資產。此項管有行動在貸款逾期時作出,惟本 集團於若干情況下可酌情給予寬限期。

經收回資產初始按相關尚未償還貸款於收回日 之攤銷成本確認,而該價值通常低於經收回資產 之可變現價值淨額。於收回資產後,相關應收貸 款自綜合財務狀況表終止確認。經收回資產按初 始確認款項或可變現價值淨額之較低者入賬,並 因此於倘及當可變現價值淨額低於資產賬面值 時撇銷。出售資產後,所得款項淨額超逾/少於 經收回資產賬面值之部分確認為收益/虧損。

現金及現金等價物

於綜合財務狀況表中,現金及銀行結餘包括現 金(即手頭現金及活期存款)及現金等價物。現 金等價物為短期(通常原到期日為三個月或更 短)、高流動性投資,可隨時兑換為已知金額現 金且承受之價值變動風險並不重大。現金等價物 持作滿足短期現金承諾,而非用於投資或其他目 的。

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及現金等價物包括 現金及現金等價物(如上所述),扣除未償還的 銀行透支,該等透支按需求償還,構成本集團現 金管理不可或缺的一部分。有關透支於綜合財務 狀況表中呈列為短期借款。

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3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY 3. 重大會計政策資料(續) INFORMATION (CONT'D)

Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditures expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

Income tax

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit before taxation as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

撥備及或然負債

當本集團因過去事件須承擔法定或推定責任, 而履行該責任很可能需要付出經濟利益及能可 靠估計時,則就未確定時間或金額之負債確認撥 備。倘貨幣之時間值重大,則撥備會以履行該等 責任預期支出現值列賬。

倘不大可能需要經濟利益流出,或其數額未能可 靠估計,除非經濟利益流出之可能性極低,否則 須披露該等責任為或然負債。其存在僅能以一 宗或多宗未來事件之發生與否來確定之潛在責 任,除非經濟利益流出之可能性極低,否則亦披 露為或然負債。

所得税

所得税開支乃應付即期税項及遞延税項之總 和。

應付即期税項乃按年度應課税溢利計算。應課税 溢利與綜合損益及其他全面收入表所呈報之除 税前溢利不同,原因是其不包括其他年度之應課 税或可扣減收入或支出項目,亦進一步不包括毋 須課税或不可扣減項目。本集團即期税項負債 乃按各報告期末已頒佈或實質已頒佈之税率計 算。

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3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY 3. INFORMATION (CONT'D)

Income tax (CONT'D)

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary difference to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit and at the time of the transaction does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. When different tax rates apply to different levels of taxable income, deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the average tax rates that are expected to apply to the taxable income of the periods in which the temporary differences are expected to reverse.

. 重大會計政策資料(續)

所得税(續)

遞延税項就綜合財務報表內資產及負債賬面值 與計算應課税溢利所採用相應税基間之暫時差 額確認。遞延税項負債通常就所有應課税暫時差 額確認。遞延税項資產通常在很可能將有可動用 可扣減暫時差額抵銷之應課税溢利之情況下就 所有可扣減暫時差額確認。倘該暫時差額乃源自 商譽或初始確認一項交易(業務合併除外)中資 產與負債,且並無影響應課税溢利或會計溢利, 且交易時並不同時產生等額的應課税及可扣減 之暫時性差異,則不會確認該等遞延税項資產與 負債。

就有關於附屬公司之投資之應課税暫時差額,確 認遞延税項負債,除非本集團能夠控制暫時差額 之撥回,且暫時差額在可預見將來很可能不會撥 回。僅當很可能有足夠可動用暫時差額之利益抵 銷之應課税溢利且預期其將在可預見將來撥回 之情況下,方會確認有關該等投資之可扣減暫時 差額所產生遞延税項資產。

遞延税項資產之賬面值於各報告期末審閱,並調 減至不可能再有足夠應課税溢利以收回全部或 部分資產為止。

遞延税項資產及負債乃依據預期於按報告期末 已頒佈或實質已頒佈之税率(及税法)結算負債 或變現資產期間使用之税率計量。當不同税率適 用於不同水平的應課税收入時,遞延税項資產和 負債按預期適用於預計暫時性差額撥回期間的 應課税收入的平均税率計量。

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3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY 3. 重大會計政策資料(續) **INFORMATION (CONT'D)**

Income tax (CONT'D)

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss.

Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees in respect of salaries, annual bonus, paid annual leave and the cost of non-monetary benefits in the period the related service is rendered at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for that service.

Liabilities recognised in respect of short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the related service.

Retirement benefits

Retirement benefits are provided by the Group under the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme") as defined contribution schemes. The employer's monthly contributions to the scheme are at a maximum of 5% of each employee's monthly salary, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of \$30,000.

The cost of all these schemes is charged to profit or loss of the Group for the year concerned and the assets of all these schemes are held separately from those of the Group.

所得税(續)

遞延税項負債及資產之計量,反映依從本集團預 期於報告期末收回或結算其資產及負債賬面值 之方式將產生之税務結果。

當有合法強制執行權利許可將即期税項資產與 即期税項負債抵銷,並與同一税務機關徵收之所 得税有關,日本集團擬按淨額基準結算即期税項 負債及資產,則遞延税項資產及負債可互相對 銷。

即期及遞延税項均於損益中確認。

僱員福利

短期僱員福利

負債乃就屬於僱員之福利確認,當中涉及於按預 計為交換相關服務而支付之福利未貼現金額提 供該項服務期間之薪金、年度花紅、帶薪年假及 非貨幣福利成本。

就短期僱員福利確認之負債乃按預計為交換相 關服務而支付之福利未貼現金額計量。

退休福利

本集團根據強制性公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」) 提供退休福利作為定額供款計劃。僱員每月向計 劃供款最多為各僱員月薪之5%,以每月相關收 入30,000元為上限。

所有該等計劃之成本於本集團相關年度之損益 内扣除,而所有該等計劃的資產與本集團的資產 分開持有。

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3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY 3. 重大會計政策資料(續) **INFORMATION (CONT'D)**

Employee benefits (CONT'D)

Long service payments

Certain of the Group's employees have completed the required number of years of service to the Group in order to be eligible for long service payments under the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance in the event of the termination of their employment. The Group is liable to make such payments in the event that such a termination of employment meets the circumstances specified in the Employment Ordinance.

A provision is recognised in respect of probable future long service payments based on the best estimate of the probable future outflow of resources which have been earned by the employees from their service to the Group at the reporting date.

Government grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants related to income that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

僱員福利(續)

長期服務金

本集團若干僱員在本集團已工作滿所需服務年 期,根據香港僱傭條例於終止受聘時合資格獲取 長期服務金。倘終止聘用符合僱傭條例所規定之 情況,本集團有責任支付該等服務金。

本集團已就可能產生之未來長期服務金款項,按 照可能於未來流出的資源(僱員於報告日於本 集團服務所賺取)之最佳估計確認撥備。

政府補貼

政府補貼只有在可合理保證本集團將符合政府 補貼所附帶條件且將會收取該補貼時才予以確 認。

作為已產生開支或虧損之補償而應收之與收入 有關之政府補貼或為給予本集團即時財務援助 而不會於未來產生相關成本之政府補貼,乃於可 收取之期間在損益確認。

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3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY 3. 重大會計政策資料(續) INFORMATION (CONT'D)

Related parties

- (a) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group;
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - the entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
 - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the Group's parent.

關連方

- (a) 倘一名人士符合以下情況,即該人士或該 人士之近親家庭成員與本集團有關連:
 - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團;
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響力;
 - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公司主要管理 層成員。
- (b) 倘一間實體符合以下任何條件,即該實體 與本集團有關連:
 - (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一集團之成員 公司(即各母公司、附屬公司及同系 附屬公司彼此間有關連)。
 - (ii) 一間實體為另一實體之聯營公司或 合營企業(或另一實體為成員公司之 集團旗下成員公司之聯營公司或合 營企業)。
 - (iii) 兩間實體均為同一第三方之合營企 業。
 - (iv) 一間實體為第三方實體之合營企
 業,而另一實體則為該第三方實體之
 聯營公司。
 - (v) 實體為本集團或與本集團有關連之 實體就僱員福利設立之離職後福利 計劃。
 - (vi) 實體受(a)所識別人士控制或共同控制。
 - (vii) (a)(i)所識別人士對實體有重大影響 力或屬該實體(或該實體之母公司) 之主要管理層成員。
 - (viii) 實體或其所屬之集團任何成員公司 向本集團或本集團母公司提供主要 管理人員服務。

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3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY 3. INFORMATION (CONT'D)

Related parties (CONT'D)

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements, are identified from the financial statements provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of businesses and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type of class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

. 重大會計政策資料(續)

關連方(續)

一名人士之近親家庭成員指與該實體交易時預 期可影響該人士或受該人士影響之該等家庭成 員。

分部報告

財務報表所呈報之營運分部及各分部項目之金 額乃自定期向本集團最高行政管理層提供以分 配資源予本集團各業務及地區並評估其表現之 財務報表中識別。

就財務報告而言,除非分部具備相似之經濟特徵 並在產品及服務性質、生產工序性質、客戶類型 之類別、分銷產品或提供服務所用方法及監管環 境性質相似,否則個別重大營運分部不會進行合 算。非個別重大之營運分部倘符合大部分此等標 準,則可進行合算。

借貸成本

所有借貸成本於產生期間在損益中確認。

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3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY 3. 重大會計政策資料(續) INFORMATION (CONT'D)

Fair value measurement

When measuring fair value, except for the net realisable value of repossessed assets and leasing transactions, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs. Specifically, the Group categorised the fair value measurements into three levels, based on the characteristics of inputs, as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group determines whether transfer occur between levels of the fair value hierarchy for assets and liabilities which are measured at fair value on recurring basis by reviewing their respective fair value measurement.

公平值計量

計量公平值時,倘市場參與者於計量日期為該資 產或負債定價時考慮其特色,則本集團會考慮該 資產或負債之特色,惟經收回資產之可變現淨值 除外。

非金融資產之公平值計量考慮市場參與者可透 過以最高及最佳用途使用該資產,或透過將該資 產售予另一名可以最高及最佳用途使用該資產 之市場參與者,而產生經濟效益之能力。

本集團採用適用於不同情況且具備充分數據以 供計量公平值之估值技術,以盡量使用相關可 觀察輸入數據及盡量減少使用不可觀察輸入數 據。具體而言,本集團根據輸入數據之特徵將公 平值計量歸入三個層級如下:

- 第1級: 相同資產或負債於活躍市場中所 報之未經調整市場價格。
- 第2級:對公平值計量而言屬重要之最低 層級輸入數據可直接或間接觀察 之估值技術。
- 第3級:對公平值計量而言屬重要之最低 層級輸入數據不可觀察之估值技 術。

於報告期末,本集團透過審閱資產及負債各自之 公平值計量,釐定按經常性基準按公平值計量的 資產及負債之公平值層級之間有否發生轉撥。

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION 4. UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 3, the Directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses reported and disclosures made in the consolidated financial statements. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The following is the key assumption concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that has a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets within the next financial year.

Impairment of loan receivables

The Group determines the impairment of loan receivables based on assumptions about ECL. Key parameters included the identification of loss stages, estimation of probability of default, loss given default, exposures at default, discount rate, adjustments for forward-looking information and other adjustment factors including value of collaterals. At every reporting date, the default rates are updated. Changes in these assumptions and estimates could materially affect the result of the assessment and it may be necessary to make additional impairment charge to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

As at 29 February 2024, the carrying amount of loan receivables was approximately HK\$823.7 million (2023: HK\$811.8 million). During the year ended 29 February 2024, an impairment loss of approximately HK\$15.1 million (2023: nil) had been recognised. Among that, the Group had written off approximately HK\$1.1 million (2023: nil) expected credit loss as the respective borrower was fail to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full and the management determines that there is no realistic prospect of recovery of such credit obligation.

估計不明朗因素之主要來源

於應用附註3所述之本集團會計政策時,董事須 就綜合財務報表內呈報的資產、負債、收益及開 支金額及當中所披露資料作出判斷、估計及假 設。估計及相關假設乃建基於過往經驗及被視 為相關之其他因素。實際結果可能有別於該等估 計。

估計及相關假設會持續檢討。倘會計估計修訂僅 影響修訂估計期間,則有關修訂會在該期間確 認。倘有關修訂同時影響當前及未來期間,則有 關修訂會在作出修訂之期間及未來期間確認。

估計不明朗因素之主要來源

下文為有關未來之主要假設及於報告期末有重 大風險導致在下個財政年度對資產賬面值作出 重大調整之估計不確定因素之其他主要來源。

應收貸款之減值

本集團根據與預期信貸虧損有關之假設釐定應 收貸款之減值。關鍵參數包括確定虧損階段、估 計違約之可能性、違約損失率、違約風險、貼現 率、前瞻性資料之調整及包括抵押品價值之其他 調整因素。於各報告日期,違約率獲更新。該等 假設及估計之變動可能會對評估結果造成重大 影響及可能需要在綜合損益及其他全面收入表 中扣除額外減值。

於二零二四年二月二十九日,應收貸款之 賬面值約為823,700,000港元(二零二三 年:811,800,000港元)。截至二零二四年 二月二十九日止年度,已確認減值虧損約 15,100,000港元(二零二三年:零)。當中,由 於相關借款人未能向本集團悉數支付其信貸義 務,且管理層認為有關信貸義務並無實際機會收 回,本集團已撇銷約1,100,000港元(二零二三 年:零)之預期信貸虧損。

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

5. **REVENUE**

The principal activities of the Group are engaged in secured financing business in Hong Kong including pawn loans and mortgage loans.

Revenue represents interest income earned on pawn loans and mortgage loans and results on disposal of repossessed assets. The amount of each nature of business of revenue recognised during the year is as follows:

5. 收益

本集團的主要業務為於香港從事有抵押融資 (包括典當貸款及按揭抵押貸款)業務。

收益指典當貸款及按揭抵押貸款所賺取之利息 收入以及出售經收回資產之業績。年內,按各業 務性質確認之收益金額如下:

		2024 二零二四年 \$'000 千元	2023 二零二三年 \$'000 千元
Revenue from pawn loan businessInterest income from pawn loan receivables calculated using the effective	典當貸款業務之收益 -按實際利率法計算之應收典 當貸款之利息收入		
interest method – Interest income from pawn loan	- 按公平值計入損益之應收典	9,477	14,411
receivables at FVPL	當貸款之利息收入	63,367	56,693
- Gain on disposal of repossessed assets	一出售經收回資產之收益	6,715	3,205
		79,559	74,309
Revenue from mortgage loan business – Interest income from mortgage loan receivables calculated using the effective	按揭抵押貸款業務之收益 -按實際利率法計算之應收按 揭抵押貸款之利息收入		
interest method		99,748	91,532
		179,307	165,841

Gain on disposal of repossessed assets is the revenue from contracts with customers within the scope of HKFRS 15 and the timing of recognition is at a point in time. The cost of disposal of repossessed assets for the year ended 29 February 2024 amounted to approximately HK\$58.3 million (2023: approximately HK\$49.2 million).

During the year ended 29 February 2024 and 28 February 2023, the Group's customer base was diversified and no customer with whom transactions have exceeded 10% of the Group's revenue.

出售經收回資產之收益指香港財務報告準則第 15號範圍內來自與客戶訂立的合約收益,而確 認的時間點為某一時間點。截至二零二四年二月 二十九日止年度,出售經收回資產之成本約為 58,300,000港元(二零二三年:約49,200,000 港元)。

截至二零二四年二月二十九日及二零二三年二 月二十八日止年度,本集團之客戶群多元化,並 無客戶與本集團進行之交易超逾本集團收益之 10%。

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

6. SEGMENT REPORTING

The Group has one reportable segment, which is the provision of secured financing business in Hong Kong, including pawn loans and mortgage loans. Therefore, no additional reportable segment and geographical information have been presented.

6. 分部報告

本集團有一項可呈報分部,即於香港提供有抵押 融資(包括典當貸款及按揭抵押貸款)業務。因 此,概無呈列額外可呈報分部及地區資料。

7. OTHER INCOME, GAINS OR LOSSES

7. 其他收入、收益或虧損

		2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
		\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元
Rental income	租金收入	1,796	574
Government subsidy (Note a)	政府補貼(附註a)	-	888
Credit related fee income	信貸相關費用收入	935	776
COVID-19-related rent concession (Note b)	2019冠狀病毒病相關之租金		
	寬減(附註b)	-	775
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	1,830	516
Others	其他	169	205
		4,730	3,734

Notes:

- (a) During the year ended 28 February 2023, the Group recognised the COVID-19-related subsidies, of which amounted to approximately HK\$888,000 related to Employment Support Scheme provided by the Government of Hong Kong Special Administrative Region under the Anti-Epidemic Fund. Government grants has been recognised as other income on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises the staff costs for which the government grants are intended to compensate. The Group recognised as other income for the year as the Group fulfilled all the relevant granting criteria. No subsidy has been granted during the year ended 29 February 2024.
- (b) Due to the outbreak of COVID-19, the Group has received rent concessions from lessors in the form of rent reduction. During the year ended 28 February 2023, the Group has early adopted Amendments to HKFRS 16 and applied the practical expedient not to assess whether a rent concession occurring as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 is a lease modification.

附註:

(a) 截至二零二三年二月二十八日止年度,本集 團確認2019冠狀病毒病相關的補貼,其中約 888,000港元與香港特別行政區政府在防疫抗 疫基金下提供的保就業計劃有關。政府補助金 已在本集團確認政府補助金擬補償的員工成本 的期間,有系統地確認為其他收入。由於本集 團滿足了所有相關的撥款標準,因此本集團在 本年度確認為其他收入。截至二零二四年二月 二十九日止年度,本集團概無獲授任何補助。

(b) 由於2019冠狀病毒病爆發,本集團已自出租人處以租金減免方式獲取租金優惠。截至二零二三年二月二十八日止年度,本集團已提前採納香港財務報告準則第16號之修訂並應用可行權宜方法以允許承租人選擇不評核直接由於2019冠狀病毒病產生的租金減免是否屬租賃修改。

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8. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

8. 除税前溢利

Profit before taxation is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

除税前溢利乃於扣除/(計入)以下各項後達致:

				2024 二零二四年 \$′000 千元	2023 二零二三年 \$'000 千元
(a)	Finance costs Interest on debt securities issued Interest on other loans Interest on loans from the immediate	(a)	融資成本 已發行債務證券利息 其他貸款利息 直屬控股公司之貸款利	1,908 –	4,209 885
	holding company Interest on bank loans and overdrafts Interest on lease liabilities		息 銀行貸款及透支利息 租賃負債利息	2,382 911 929	2,375 1,235 1,069
				6,130	9,773
(b)	Staff costs Salaries and other benefits Directors' remuneration (Note 10) Contributions to Mandatory Provident	(b)	員工成本 薪金及其他福利 董事薪酬(附註10) 強制性公積金(「 強積	21,737 9,317	20,368 8,379
	Fund (" MPF ") Charge for provision for long service		金」)之供款 扣除長期服務金撥備	526	511
	payment			109 31,689	338 29,596
(c)	Other operating expenses Premises and equipment expenses excluding depreciation:	(c)	其他經營開支 物業及設備開支(不包 括折舊):		
	rental of premisesmaintenance, repairs and others		一物業租金 一保養、維修及其他	3,417 1,186	3,853 1,008
				4,603	4,861
	Auditor's remuneration Depreciation of plant and equipment Depreciation of right-of-use assets Advertising expenses Bank charges Legal and professional fees Net (gains) losses on loan receivables at FVPL		核數師酬金 廠房及設備折舊 使用權資產折舊 廣告開支 銀行費用 法律及專業費用 按公平值計入損益之應 收貸款之(收益)虧	950 802 8,720 2,475 2,218 2,865	850 593 8,847 2,328 2,505 2,009
	Others		損淨額 其他	(16) 5,193	13 5,473
				23,207	22,618
				59,499	57,075

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

9. INCOME TAX

9. 所得税

		2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
		\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元
Hong Kong Profits Tax	香港利得税		
Provision for the year	年內撥備		
– Current tax	一即期税項	19,114	16,637
Under-provision in respect of prior year	過往年度撥備不足	20	-
Deferred tax (Note 17)	遞延税項 (附註17)	(2,299)	(17)
		16,835	16,620

On 21 March 2018, the Hong Kong Legislative Council passed The Inland Revenue (Amendment) (No. 7) Bill 2017 (the "**Bill**") which introduces the two-tiered profits tax rates regime. The Bill was signed into law on 28 March 2018 and was gazetted on the following day. Under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime, the first HK\$2.0 million of profits of qualifying corporation will be taxed at 8.25%, and profits above HK\$2.0 million will be taxed at 16.5%. For both years, Hong Kong profits tax of the qualified entity of the Group is calculated in accordance with the two-tiered profits tax rates regime. The profits of other Group entities in Hong Kong not qualifying for the two-tiered profits tax rates regime will continue to be taxed at the flat rate of 16.5%.

Pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Cayman Islands and the BVI, the Group is not subject to any income tax in the Cayman Islands and the BVI. 於二零一八年三月二十一日,香港立法會通過二 零一七年税務(修訂)(第7號)條例草案(「條 例草案」),引入利得税率兩級制。條例草案於二 零一八年三月二十八日簽署成為法律,並於翌日 登載於憲報。根據利得税率兩級制,合資格企業 首2,000,000港元之溢利將按税率8.25%繳税, 而2,000,000港元以上之溢利將按税率16.5%繳 税。本集團合資格實體於兩個年度之香港利得税 均按利得税率兩級制計算。本集團不符合利得税 率兩級制資格之其他香港實體之溢利將繼續按 劃一税率16.5%繳税。

根據開曼群島及英屬處女群島之法規及規例,本 集團毋須於開曼群島及英屬處女群島繳納任何 所得税。

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

9. INCOME TAX (CONT'D)

9. 所得税(續)

The income tax for the year can be reconciled to the profit before taxation per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

年內所得税與綜合損益及其他全面收入表之除 税前溢利對賬如下:

		2024 二零二四年 \$′000	2023 二零二三年 \$'000
		3000 千元	, 000 千元
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	103,282	102,72
Notional tax on profit before taxation,	除税前溢利之名義税項(按適		
calculated at applicable rates	用税率計算)	16,877	16,785
Tax effect of non-taxable income	毋須課税收入之税務影響	(302)	(232
Tax effect of non-deductible expenses	不可扣税開支的税務影響	261	109
Under-provision in respect of prior year	過往年度撥備不足	20	-
Statutory tax concession (Note)	法定税項減免(附註)	(21)	(42
Income tax	所得税	16,835	16,620

Note: Statutory tax concession represented a reduction of Hong Kong Profits Tax for the year of assessment 2023/2024 and 2022/2023 by 100%, subject to a ceiling of HK\$3,000 and HK\$6,000 respectively. 附註:法定税務優惠指二零二三/二零二四年及二零 二二/二零二三年課税年度之香港利得税扣減 100%,惟上限分別為3,000港元及6,000港元。

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元列示)

10. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

Directors' remuneration disclosed pursuant to section 383(1) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation are as follows:

10. 董事薪酬

董事薪酬根據香港公司條例第383(1)條及公司 (披露董事利益資料)規例第2部披露如下:

Year ended 29 February 2024

截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度

		Directors' fees 董事袍金 \$'000 千元	Salaries and other benefits 薪金及 其他福利 \$'000 千元	Discretionary bonuses 酌情花紅 \$'000 千元	Contributions to MPF 強積金供款 \$'000 千元	Total 總計 \$′000 千元
Emoluments paid or receivable in respect of directors' services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and its subsidiary undertakings	就董事於管理本公司 及其附屬公司事 務方面之服務已 支付或其應收取 之酬金					
Executive directors	執行董事					
Chan Kai Ho Edward (Chief Executive) Chan Ying Yu Chan Chart Man Chan Mei Fong	陳啟豪 (行政總裁) 陳英瑜 陳策文 陳美芳	- - -	1,800 644 504 1,050	4,305 _ _ _	18 18 - 18	6,123 662 504 1,068
Emoluments paid or receivable in respect of a person's services as a non-executive director or independent non-executive director, whether of the Company and its subsidiary undertakings	就個人以非執行董事 或獨立非執行董 事身份服務本公 司或其附屬公司 已支付或其應收 取之酬金					
Non-executive directors	非執行董事					
Ng Siu Hong Chan Kai Kow, Macksion	伍紹康 陳啟球	192 192	-	-	-	192 192
	1水山入2小	152	-	-	-	192
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事					
Lam On Tai	林安泰	192	-	-	-	192
Leung Shiu Ki Yip Ngai	梁兆棋 葉毅	192 192	-	-	-	192 192
Total	總計	960	3,998	4,305	54	9,317

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

10. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (CONT'D)

Year ended 28 February 2023

10. 董事薪酬(續) 截至二零二三年二月二十八日止年度

		Directors' fees	Salaries and other benefits	,	Contributions to MPF	Total
		Directors rees	新金及	bonuses	IVIEL	IUldi
		董事袍金	其他福利	酌情花紅	強積金供款	總計
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元	千元	千元	千元
Emoluments paid or receivable in respect of directors' services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and its subsidiary undertakings	就董事於管理本公司 及其附屬公司事 務方面之服務已 支付或其應收取 之酬金					
Executive directors	執行董事					
Chan Kai Ho Edward (Chief	陳啟豪					
Executive)	(行政總裁)	-	1,740	3,583	18	5,341
Chan Ying Yu	陳英瑜	-	609	-	18	627
Chan Chart Man	陳策文	-	492	-	-	492
Chan Mei Fong	陳美芳	-	991	-	18	1,009
Emoluments paid or receivable in respect of a person's services as a non-executive director or independent non-executive director, whether of the Company and its subsidiary undertakings	就個人以非執行董事 或獨立非執行董 事身份服務本公 司或其附屬公司 已支付或其應收 取之酬金					
Non-executive directors	非執行董事					
Ng Siu Hong	伍紹康	182	-	-	-	182
Chan Kai Kow, Macksion	陳啟球	182	-	-	-	182
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事					
Lam On Tai	林安泰	182	-	-	_	182
Leung Shiu Ki	梁兆棋	182	-	-	-	182
Yip Ngai	葉毅	182				182
Total	總計	910	3,832	3,583	54	8,379

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

10. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (CONT'D)

The discretionary bonus for Mr. Chan Kai Ho Edward is determined by having regard to his performance and the Group's performance and profitability and the prevailing market conditions.

Mr. Chan Kai Ho Edward is also the chief executive of the Company (the "**Chief Executive**") and his emoluments disclosed above include those for services rendered by him as the Chief Executive.

No Directors waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during both years.

During both years, there were no amounts paid or payable by the Group to the Directors or any of the five highest paid individuals as set out in note 11 below as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

11. INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments, two (2023: two) are directors of the Company whose emoluments are disclosed in note 10. The aggregate of the emoluments in respect of the remaining three (2023: three) are as follows:

10. 董事薪酬(續)

陳啟豪先生之酌情花紅乃經參考彼之表現以及 本集團之業績及盈利能力以及現行市況釐定。

陳啟豪先生亦為本公司之行政總裁(「行政總 裁」),而上文所披露彼之酬金包括有關彼擔任 行政總裁所提供服務之酬金。

於兩個年度內,概無董事放棄或同意放棄任何薪 酬。

於兩個年度內,本集團並無支付或應付予董事或 下文附註11所載任何五名最高薪酬人士款項, 以作為吸引彼等加盟或加盟本集團後之獎勵或 作為離職補償。

11. 最高薪酬人士

五名最高薪酬人士中有兩名(二零二三年:兩 名)為本公司董事,彼等之薪酬於附註10披露。 餘下三名(二零二三年:三名)人士之薪酬總額 如下:

		2024 二零二四年 \$′000 千元	2023 二零二三年 \$′000 千元
Salaries and other benefits Contributions to MPF	薪金及其他福利 強積金供款	3,599 53 3,652	3,439 54

The emoluments of the above three (2023: three) individuals with the highest emoluments are within the following bands:

上述三名(二零二三年:三名)最高薪酬人士之 薪酬在以下範圍內:

	2024	2023
	二零二四年	二零二三年
	Number of	Number of
	individuals	individuals
	人數	人數
零至1,000,000港元	1	1
1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	2	2
		二零二四年 Number of individuals 人數

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

12. EARNINGS PER SHARE

12. 每股盈利

The calculation of the basic earnings per share attributable to shareholders of the Company is based on the following data:

本公司股東應佔每股基本盈利乃根據以下數據計算:

Earnings 盈利		
	2024	2023
	二零二四年	二零二三年
	\$'000	\$'000
	千元	千元
Profit for the year attributable to shareholders 本公司股東應佔年內溢利		
of the Company	86,447	86,107

Weighted average number of ordinary shares

普通股之加權平均數

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		Number of	Number of
		shares	shares
		股份數目	股份數目
		' 000	000
		千股	千股
Issued ordinary shares at 1 March	於三月一日之已發行普通股	1,927,236	1,928,876
Effect of purchase of own shares (note 25(c)	購回自身股份之影響(附註		
(ii))	25(c)(ii))	-	(1,050)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares	用作計算每股基本盈利之普通		
for the proposes of basic earnings per	股加權平均數		
share		1,927,236	1,927,826

The basic earnings per share and the diluted earnings per share are the same as there were no potential dilutive ordinary shares in issue during both years. 由於兩個年度均無已發行潛在攤薄普通股,故每 股基本盈利與每股攤薄盈利相同。

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

13. 廠房及設備 **13. PLANT AND EQUIPMENT** Furniture and Leasehold improvements fixtures Motor vehicles Total 租賃物業裝修 家具及裝置 汽車 總計 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 千元 千元 千元 千元 Cost: 成本: At 1 March 2022 於二零二二年三月一日 3,683 2,740 10,556 4,133 Acquisition of asset (Note 33) 收購資產(附註33) 911 911 244 73 317 Additions 添置 _ At 28 February 2023 and 1 March 於二零二三年 二月二十八日及 2023 2,740 二零二三年三月一日 11,784 5,288 3,756 Additions 添置 1,545 240 1,785 At 29 February 2024 於二零二四年 二月二十九日 6,833 3,996 2.740 13,569 累計折舊: Accumulated depreciation: 於二零二二年三月一日 At 1 March 2022 3,982 3,290 1,883 9,155 Charge for the year 年內支出 155 191 247 593 At 28 February 2023 and 1 March 於二零二三年 2023 二月二十八日及 二零二三年三月一日 4,137 3,481 2,130 9,748 年內支出 802 Charge for the year 425 187 190 At 29 February 2024 於二零二四年 二月二十九日 4,562 3,668 2,320 10,550 Carrying values: 賬面值: 於二零二四年 At 29 February 2024 二月二十九日 2,271 328 420 3,019 於二零二三年 At 28 February 2023 二月二十八日 1.151 275 610 2.036

The above items of plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets, as follows: 上述廠房及設備項目於資產估計使用年期內按 直線基準折舊如下:

Leasehold improvements	Over the shorter of term of the lease or 5 years	租賃物業裝修	租賃期或5年(以較短 者為準)
Furniture and fixtures	5 years	家具及裝置	5年
Motor vehicles	5 years	汽車	5年

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

13. PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D)

(i)

As at 29 February 2024, the gross carrying amount of fully depreciated leasehold improvements, furniture and fixtures, and motor vehicles that are still in use amounted to approximately HK\$3,776,000, HK\$2,769,000 and HK\$1,508,000 respectively (28 February 2023: HK\$3,776,000, HK\$2,762,000 and 1,508,000 respectively).

13. 廠房及設備(續)

於二零二四年二月二十九日,已悉數折舊的租賃 物業裝修、家具及裝置以及仍在使用的汽車之 賬面總值分別約為3.776.000港元、2.769.000 港元及1.508.000港元(二零二三年二月二十八 日:分別為3,776,000港元、2,762,000港元及 1,508,000港元)。

14. 使用權資產及租賃負債 14. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES

Right-of-use assets	(1)	使用罹貧產	
		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元
Leased properties – buildings	租賃物業-樓宇	13,210	14,719

The Group has lease arrangements for leased properties. The lease terms are generally ranged from one to five years with fixed lease payments.

Additions to the right-of-use assets for the year ended 29 February 2024 amounted to approximately HK\$7.2 million (2023: approximately HK\$3.3 million) due to new leases of buildings.

During the years ended 29 February 2024 and 28 February 2023, the Group has subleased part of the leased properties. The Group has classified the sublease as operating lease. During the year ended 29 February 2024, the Group recognised rental income from subleasing right-of-use assets of approximately HK\$1.8 million (2023: approximately HK\$0.6 million).

(ii) Lease liabilities

本集團已就租賃物業作出租賃安排。租賃 期一般介平一至五年, 並須支付固定租賃 款項。

截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度的使 用權資產添置約為7,200,000港元(二零 二三年:約3,300,000港元),原因是新樓 宇租賃。

截至二零二四年二月二十九日及二零二三 年二月二十八日止年度,本集團已分租部 分租賃物業。本集團已將分租分類為經營 租賃。截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年 度,本集團確認分租使用權資產之租金 收入約1,800,000港元(二零二三年:約 600,000港元)。

(ii) 租賃負債

		2024	202
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		\$'000	\$'00
		千元	千
Current	流動	6,772	7,80
Non-current	非流動	7,213	7,73
		13,985	15,54

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

14. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE 14. 使用權資產及租賃負債(續) LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

Lease liabilities (CONT'D)	(ii) 租賃	負債(續)	
Amounts payable under lease liabilities	租賃負債項下之應付款項	2024 二零二四年 \$′000 千元	2023 二零二三年 \$'000 千元
Within one year	一年內	6,772	7,803
After one year but within two years	一年後但兩年內	4,326	4,405
After two years but within five years	兩年後但五年內	2,887	2,978
After five years	五年後		354
Less: Amount due for settlement within 12 months (shown under current	減:於12個月內結清之到期 款項(列於流動負債項	13,985	15,540
liabilities)	下)	(6,772)	(7,803)
Amount due for settlement after 12	於12個月後結清之		
months	到期款項	7,213	7,737

Rent concessions

(ii)

During the year ended 28 February 2023, the Group received rent concessions in the form of a discount on fixed payments during the period of severe social distancing and travel restriction measures introduced to contain the spread of COVID-19.

These rent concessions occurred as a direct consequence of COVID-19 pandemic, which met all of the conditions in HKFRS 16.46B, and the Group applied the practical expedient not to assess whether the changes constitute lease modifications. Accordingly, during the year ended 28 February 2023, rent concessions of approximately HK\$775,000 (2024: nil) had been accounted as negative variable lease payments and recognised in the profit or loss, with a corresponding adjustment to the lease liabilities.

租金寬減

於截至二零二三年二月二十八日止年度, 為遏制2019冠狀病毒病傳播而推行嚴格社 交距離及出行限制措施期間,本集團獲得 固定付款折扣形式的租金寬減。

租金寬減為2019冠狀病毒病疫情直接影響 所產生且符合香港財務報告準則第16.46B 條的所有條件,故本集團已應用實際權宜 方法不評估變動是否構成租賃修訂。因 此,於截至二零二三年二月二十八日止年 度,租金寬減約775,000港元(二零二四 年:零)入賬列作負可變租賃付款並在損 益中確認,且對租賃負債作出相應調整。

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

14. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE 14. 使用權資產及租賃負債(續) LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

(iii) Amounts recognised in profit or loss

(iii) 於損益確認之金額

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元
Depreciation of right-of-use assets –	使用權資產折舊-租賃物業		
leased properties		8,720	8,847
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債之利息	929	1,069
Expense relating to short-term leases	有關短期租賃之開支	3,417	3,853
Rent concession related to COVID-19	2019冠狀病毒病相關之		
(Note)	租金寬減(附註)	-	(775)
Income from subleasing right-of-use	分租使用權資產之收入		
assets		(1,796)	(574)

Note: As disclosed in note 14(ii), the Group has adopted the Amendment to HKFRS 16, COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions and the Amendment to HKFRS 16, COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021, and applies the practical expedient introduced by the Amendment to all eligible rent concessions received by the Group during the year ended 28 February 2023.

(iv) Others

As at 29 February 2024 and 28 February 2023, the Group had no committed lease agreements not yet commenced.

During the year ended 29 February 2024, the total cash outflow for leases amounted to approximately HK\$13.1 million (2023: approximately HK\$12.7 million).

(v) Restrictions or covenants on leases

As at 29 February 2024, lease liabilities of approximately HK\$13,985,000 were recognised with related right-of-use assets of approximately HK\$13,210,000 (2023: lease liabilities of approximately HK\$15,540,000 and related right-of-use assets of approximately HK\$14,719,000). The lease agreements do not impose any covenants other than the security interests in the leased assets that are held by the lessor. Leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

附註: 誠如附註14(ii)所披露,本集團已採納香 港財務報告準則第16號之修訂、2019冠 狀病毒病相關之租金寬減及香港財務報 告準則第16號之修訂、二零二一年六月 三十日之後的2019冠狀病毒病相關之租 金寬減,並應用修訂引入的實際權宜方法 至本集團於截至二零二三年二月二十八 日止年度獲得的所有合資格租金寬減。

(iv) 其他

於二零二四年二月二十九日及二零二三年 二月二十八日,本集團並無未開始的承諾 租賃協議。

於截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度, 租賃之現金流出總額約為13,100,000港元 (二零二三年:約12,700,000港元)。

(v) 租賃限制或契諾

於二零二四年二月二十九日,已確認租賃 負債約13,985,000港元,其涉及相關使用 權資產約13,210,000港元(二零二三年: 租賃負債約15,540,000港元及相關使用權 資產約14,719,000港元)。除出租人所持 租賃資產的抵押權益外,租賃協議並無施 加任何契諾。租賃資產不得用作借款的抵 押。

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

15. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE

15. 聯營公司之權益

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元
Costs of investment in an associate (Note)	於聯營公司投資成本(附註)		N/A不適用

Note: On 26 October 2023, the Group acquired 49% interest in PACM OW GP II Limited, which is incorporated in Cayman Islands, at a consideration of USD49 (equivalent to approximately HK\$382) and accounted for the investment as an associate. The principal activity of the associate is fund management. 附註:於二零二三年十月二十六日,本集團收購PACM OW GP II Limited(其於開曼群島註冊成立) 49%的權益,代價為49美元(相當於約382港 元)並計入於聯營公司之投資。該聯營公司之主 營業務為基金管理。

16. LOAN RECEIVABLES

16. 應收貸款

		2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
		\$′000 千元	\$'000 千元
Loan receivables at amortised cost: – Pawn loans – Accrued interests of pawn loans	按攤銷成本計量之應收貸款: 一典當貸款 一典當貸款之應計利息	42,045 1,079	42,225 1,199
Pawn loan receivables Less: Impairment allowance on pawn loans – Stage 3	應收典當貸款 減:典當貸款減值撥備一第3 階段	43,124 (3,701)	43,424
Net pawn loan receivables	應收典當貸款淨額	39,423	43,424
 Mortgage loans Accrued interests of mortgage loans 	-按揭抵押貸款 -按揭抵押貸款之應計利息	769,499 25,095	754,491 13,860
Less: Impairment allowance on mortgage Ioans – Stage 3	減 : 典當貸款減值撥備一第 3 階段	794,594 (10,330)	768,351
Net mortgage loan receivables	應收按揭抵押貸款淨額	784,264	768,351
Net loan receivables at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計量之應收貸款淨額	823,687	811,775
Loan receivables at FVPL:	按公平值計入損益之應收貸 款:		
Pawn loans	₩. 典當貸款	150,242	141,455
Total net loan receivables	應收貸款淨總額	973,929	953,230
Current portion included under current assets	列於流動資產項下之即期部分	(937,230)	(885,304)
Amounts due after one year included under non-current assets	列於非流動資產項下於一年後 到期款項	36,699	67,926

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

16. LOAN RECEIVABLES (CONT'D)

In determining the expected credit losses for loan receivables, the Directors have determined using a number of key parameters and assumptions, including the identification of loss stages, estimates of probability of default, loss given default, exposures at default, discount rate, adjustments for forward-looking information, value of collateral and other adjustment factors.

There has been no material change in the estimation techniques or significant assumptions made during both years in assessing the loss allowance for loan receivables.

16. 應收貸款(續)

於釐定應收貸款之預期信貸虧損時,董事已決定 使用多項關鍵參數及假設,包括識別虧損階段、 估計違約可能性、違約產生之虧損、違約風險、 貼現率、調整前瞻性資料、抵押品之價值及其他 調整因素。

於兩個年度內,評估應收貸款之虧損撥備時所用 之估計技術或所作之重大假設並無重大變動。

Movement in impairment losses	減值虧損變動		
		Expected c 預期信1	
		2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
		Stage 3 第3階段	Stage 3 第3階段
		\$′000 千元	\$'000 千元
At 1 March Impairment losses recognised on profit or loss	於三月一日 於損益確認之減值虧損	-	-
– Pawn Ioan	一典當貸款	4,796	-
– Mortgage Ioan	- 按揭抵押貸款	10,330	
		15,126	-
Written off – Pawn Ioan	撇銷一典當貸款	(1,095)	
At 29 February/28 February	於二月二十九日/二月二十八		
	日	14,031	

During the year ended 29 February 2024, the Group had provided approximately HK\$15.1 million expected credit loss as the borrowers were unlikely to pay their credit obligations to the Group in full. Among that, the Group had written off approximately HK\$1.1 million expected credit loss as the respective borrower was fail to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full and the management determines that there is no realistic prospect of recovery of such credit obligation. 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度,由於借款 人不太可能向本集團悉數支付其信貸義務,本集 團已計提約15,100,000港元之預期信貸虧損。 當中,由於借款人未能向本集團悉數支付其信貸 義務,且管理層認為有關信貸義務並無實際機會 收回,本集團已撇銷約1,100,000港元之預期信 貸虧損。

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

16. LOAN RECEIVABLES (CONT'D)

Ageing analysis

Ageing analysis of the gross amount of loan receivables is prepared based on contractual due date and not net of loss allowance as follows: 16. 應收貸款(續)

賬齡分析

基於合約到期日編製且並無扣除虧損撥備之應 收貸款總額之賬齡分析如下:

		Pawn loans at	Pawn loans at	Mortgage	
		amortised cost	FVPL	loans	Total
		按攤銷成本	按公平值		
		計量之	計入損益之		
		典當貸款	典當貸款	按揭抵押貸款	總計
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元	千元	千元
29 February 2024	二零二四年				
	二月二十九日				
Not past due	並無逾期	25,797	145,138	411,942	582,877
Less than 1 month past due	逾期少於1個月	426	3,608	128,577	132,611
1 to less than 3 months past	逾期1個月至		-	-	-
due	少於3個月	3,074	1,168	26,546	30,788
3 to less than 6 months past	逾期3個月至		-	-	-
due	少於6個月	-	328	125,784	126,112
6 months to 1 year past due	逾期6個月至1年	13,827	-	-	13,827
Over 1 year past due	逾期1年以上	-	-	101,745	101,745
		43,124	150,242	794,594	987,960
		Pawn loans at	Pawn loans at	Mortgage	
		amortised cost	FVPL	loans	Tota
		按攤銷成本	按公平值		
		計量之	計入損益之		
		典當貸款	典當貸款	按揭抵押貸款	總計
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元	千元	千元
28 February 2023	二零二三年				
	二月二十八日				
Not past due	並無逾期	41,782	138,161	507,483	687,426
Less than 1 month past due	逾期少於1個月	1,097	2,045	91,675	94,817
1 to less than 3 months past	逾期1個月至				
due	少於3個月	545	730	66,307	67,582
3 to less than 6 months past	逾期3個月至				
due	少於6個月	_	519	39,474	39,993
6 months to 1 year past due	逾期6個月至1年	_	-	29,957	29,957
Over 1 year past due	逾期1年以上	-	-	33,455	33,455
		43,424	141,455	768,351	953,230

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

16. LOAN RECEIVABLES (CONT'D)

Ageing analysis (CONT'D)

As at 29 February 2024 and 28 February 2023, of these mortgage loans which had been past due for one month or above, except for several loan receivables amounted to approximately HK\$151.9 million (2023: nil) on which an allowance for expected credit loss amounting of approximately HK\$15.1 million (2023: nil) had been recognised, the respective valuations of the collaterals can fully cover the outstanding balances of these loans at the end of reporting periods. Among those impaired loan receivables, the Group had written off approximately HK\$1.1 million expected credit loss as the borrower is fail to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full. In respect of the mortgage loans which have been past due for less than 1 month, the amounts mainly represent occasional delay in repayment and are not an indication of significant deterioration of credit guality of these mortgage loans.

17. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS

The followings are the major deferred tax assets recognised and movements thereon during both years:

16. 應收貸款(續)

賬齡分析(續)

於二零二四年二月二十九日及二零二三年二月 二十八日,此等逾期一個月或以上之按揭抵押 貸款中,除已就若干應收貸款約151,900,000港 元(二零二三年:零)確認預期信貸虧損撥備約 15,100,000港元(二零二三年:零)外,於報告 期末,抵押品各自之估值足以悉數抵償此等貸款 之未償還結餘。此等已減值應收貸款中,由於借 款人未能向本集團悉數支付其信貸義務,本集團 已撇銷約1,100,000港元之預期信貸虧損。逾期 少於1個月之按揭抵押貸款乃主要由於偶爾延遲 還款所導致,並不表示此等按揭抵押貸款之信貸 質素顯著惡化。

17. 遞延税項資產

下列為於兩個年度確認之主要遞延税項資產及 其變動:

		The related depreciation in excess of depreciation allowances 超出折舊撥備 之相關折舊 \$'000 千元	Impairment losses on loan receivables 應收貸款之 減值虧損 \$'000 千元	Others 其他 \$′000 千元	Total 總計 \$′000 千元
At 1 March 2022	於二零二二年 三月一日	47	_	45	92
Credit (charge) to profit or loss (Note 9)	計入 (扣除) 損益 (附註9)	21		(4)	17
At 28 February 2023 and 1 March 2023	於二零二三年 二月二十八日 及二零二三年				
Credit (charge) to profit or	三月一日 計入(扣除)損益	68	-	41	109
loss (Note 9)	(附註9)	(12)	2,315	(4)	2,299
At 29 February 2024	於二零二四年 二月二十九日	56	2,315	37	2,408

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

18. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

18. 貿易及其他應收款項

		2024 二零二四年 \$′000 千元	2023 二零二三年 \$'000 千元
Non-current	非即期		
Others	其他	1,740	3,463
Current Trade receivables	即期 貿易應收款項	1,728	
Deposits and payments in advance	按金及預付款項	8,095	7,238
Others	其他	102	102
		9,925	7,340

Trade receivables are due within 60 days from the date of billing. All of the trade and other receivables are not impaired as the expected loss rate is close to zero and expected to be recovered within one year. 貿易應收款項自賬單日期起計60天內到期。由 於預期虧損率近乎零,故所有貿易及其他應收款 項均未減值,並預期於一年內收回。

The ageing analysis of trade receivables presented based on invoice date which approximate to the respective revenue recognition dates at the end of the reporting period is as follows: 基於與報告期末各收益確認日期相若之發票日 期呈列之貿易應收款項之賬齡分析如下:

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元
0-60 days	0至60天	1,728	_

Trade receivables that were not past due relate to a wide range of customers for whom there was no recent history of default. 並無逾期之貿易應收款項與多名並無近期違約 記錄之客戶有關。

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

19. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include short-term bank deposits for the purpose of meeting the Group's short term cash commitment, which carry interest at prevailing market rates ranging from 3.7% to 4.5% as at 29 February 2024 and 28 February 2023.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include the following:

19. 現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物包括用於滿足本集團短期 現金承諾的短期銀行存款,於二零二四年二月 二十九日及二零二三年二月二十八日按介乎 3.7%至4.5%的現行市場利率計息。

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及現金等價物包括 以下各項:

		2024 二零二四年 \$′000 千元	2023 二零二三年 \$′000 千元
Cash on hand	手頭現金	7,487	5,480
Cash at banks	銀行現金	163,113	156,967
Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated statement of financial position Bank overdrafts (Note 20)	於綜合財務狀況表之現金及 現金等價物 銀行透支(附註20)	170,600	162,447 (60)
Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated statement of cash flow	於綜合現金流量表之現金及 現金等價物	170,600	162,387

Cash at bank carries interest at prevailing market rates for both years.

Details of impairment assessment of bank balances are set out in note 26(a).

Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities:

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities from financing activities, including both cash and noncash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are liabilities for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the consolidated statement of cash flow as cash flows from financing activities. 兩個年度之銀行現金按現行市場利率計息。

銀行結餘的減值評估詳情載於附註26(a)。

融資活動所產生之負債對賬:

下表載列本集團來自融資活動之負債變動之詳 情,當中包括現金及非現金變動。融資活動所產 生之負債為現金流量已於或未來現金流量將於 綜合現金流量表分類為來自融資活動之現金流 量之負債。

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

19. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONT'D) 19. 現金及現金等價物(續)

Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities: (CONT'D)

融資活動所產生之負債對賬:(續)

		Bank loans 銀行貸款 \$′000 千元	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 \$'000 千元	Loans from the immediate holding company 直屬控股 公司之貸款 \$'000 千元	Debt securities issued 已發行 債務證券 \$'000 千元	Accrued interest 應計利息 \$'000 千元	Total 總計 \$′000 千元
At 1 March 2023	於二零二三年						
Changes from financing cash	三月一日 來自融資現金流量之	10,000	15,540	47,500	37,966	514	111,520
flows (Note)	※日融貨先並加重之 變動(附註)	-	(9,695)	-	(12,000)	(5,406)	(27,101)
Non-cash changes	非現金變動						
New lease arrangements (Note 29(a))	新租賃安排 (附註29(a))	_	7,211	_	_	_	7,211
Finance costs incurred	已產生之融資成本		929		25	5,176	6,130
At 29 February 2024	於二零二四年						
	<i>№ 二 </i> ④ 二月二十九日	10,000	13,985	47,500	25,991	284	97,760

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

19. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONT'D) 19. 現金及現金等價物(續)

融資活動所產生之負債對賬:(續)

Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities: (CONT'D)

				Loans from			
				the immediate			
				holding	Debt securities	Accrued	
		Bank loans	Lease liabilities	company	issued	interest	Total
				直屬控股	已發行		
		銀行貸款	租賃負債	公司之貸款	債務證券	應計利息	總計
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元	千元	千元	千元	千元
At 1 March 2022	於二零二二年						
	三月一日	12,000	20,835	47,500	87,912	938	169,185
Changes from financing cash	來自融資現金流量之						
flows (Note)	變動(附註)	(2,000)	(8,884)	-	(50,000)	(9,074)	(69,958)
Non-cash changes	非現金變動						
New lease arrangements (Note	新租賃安排						
29(a))	(附註29(a))	_	3,295	_	_	_	3,295
COVID-19-related rent	2019冠狀病毒病		5,255				5,255
concession (Note 29(b))	相關租金優惠						
	(附註29(b))	_	(775)	_	_	_	(775)
Finance costs incurred	已產生之融資成本	_	1,069	_	54	8,650	9,773
	口庄工之陬其八个		1,009			0,000	
At 28 February 2023	於二零二三年						
ACEO CORUNY 2020	二月二十八日	10,000	15,540	47,500	37,966	514	111,520
	-//-//н	10,000	15,540	,500	57,500		

Note: The cash flows make up the net amount of proceeds from and repayments of other loans and bank loans in the consolidated statement of cash flows.

20. BANK LOANS AND OVERDRAFTS 20. 銀行貸

20. 銀行貸款及透支

The details of the bank loans and overdrafts were as follows:

銀行貸款及透支的詳情如下:

附註:現金流量補足綜合現金流量表中其他貸款及銀

行貸款之所得款項及還款淨額。

	2024	2023
	二零二四年	二零二三年
	\$'000	\$'000
	千元	千元
無抵押銀行透支(附註a)	-	60
銀行貸款,已抵押(附註b)	10,000	10,000
銀行貸款及透支總額	10,000	10,060
	銀行貸款,已抵押(附註b)	二零二四年 \$'000 千元 無抵押銀行透支(附註a) 銀行貸款・已抵押(附註b) 10,000

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元列示)

20. BANK LOANS AND OVERDRAFTS (CONT'D)

Notes:

- (a) As at 29 February 2024, unsecured bank overdraft facilities of HK\$40.5 million (2023: HK\$41.0 million) were provided to the subsidiaries and utilised to the extent as disclosed above. As at 29 February 2024, the bank overdrafts carried floating interest rate ranging from prime rate minus 0.75% to prime rate plus 1.5% per annum with repayment on demand clause (2023: prime rate minus 0.75% to prime rate plus 1.5% per annum with repayment on demand clause). As at the end of the reporting period, the Group has approximately HK\$40.5 million (2023: HK\$40.9 million) undrawn unsecured bank overdraft facilities carried floating interest rate and expiring beyond one year.
- As at 29 February 2024, the total secured bank revolving loan (h) facilities of the lower of HK\$145.0 million (28 February 2023: HK\$145.0 million) and a certain percentage of the aggregate principal amount of certain mortgage loan receivables of the subsidiaries which are then sub-charged/sub-mortgaged to the bank, the total available secured bank revolving loan facility after taking into consideration of the drawdown was HK\$24.0 million (28 February 2023: HK\$24.4 million). The loan facility was secured by certain mortgage loan receivables for the Group with a carrying value of approximately HK\$261.2 million (28 February 2023: HK\$276.6 million). As at 29 February 2024, the bank revolving loan carried floating interest rate of three months Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate ("HIBOR") plus 3.50% per annum and one month HIBOR plus 4% per annum (28 February 2023: three months HIBOR plus 3.50% per annum and one month HIBOR plus 4% per annum). As at the end of the reporting period, the bank facilities are expiring beyond one year.

As at 29 February 2024, except for the bank facilities mentioned in note (a) and note (b) above, the Group also obtained unsecured bank loan facilities of approximately HK\$20.0 million (2023: HK\$15.0 million) were provided to the Company and the subsidiaries and utilised to the extent as disclosed above. As at 29 February 2024, the bank loans carried floating interest rate of prime rate minus 0.75% (2023: prime rate minus 0.75%). As at the end of the reporting period, the Group had approximately HK\$20.0 million (2023: HK\$15.0 million) undrawn unsecured bank loan facility carried floating interest rate and expiring within one year.

During the years, the Group had fulfilled all the financial covenants, if any, under the Group's banking facilities and all banking facilities were guaranteed by the Company and secured by certain loan receivables held by the Group.

20. 銀行貸款及透支(續)

- (a) 於二零二四年二月二十九日,附屬公司獲提供 40,500,000港元(二零二三年:41,000,000港 元)無抵押銀行透支融資,並已動用上文所披露 金額。於二零二四年二月二十九日,銀行透支按 介乎最優惠利率減0.75%至最優惠利率加1.5% 之浮動年利率計息,並附帶按要求償還條款(二 零二三年:最優惠利率減0.75%至最優惠利率 加1.5%之浮動年利率計息,並附帶按要求償還 條款)。於報告期末,本集團按浮動利率計息的 未提取無抵押銀行透支融資約為40,500,000港 元(二零二三年:40,900,000港元)且於一年後 屆滿。
- (b) 於二零二四年二月二十九日,有抵押循環銀行 貸款融資總額為145,000,000港元(二零二三年 二月二十八日:145,000,000港元)及該等附屬 公司當時已次押/次按予銀行之若干應收按揭 抵押貸款本金總額之若干百分比中之較低者, 經計及已提取款項後,可動用之有抵押循環銀 行貸款融資總額為24,000,000港元(二零二三 年二月二十八日:24,400,000港元)。貸款融資 由賬面值約為261,200,000港元(二零二三年二 月二十八日:276,600,000港元)之若干本集團 應收按揭抵押貸款作抵押。於二零二四年二月 二十九日,銀行循環貸款按三個月香港銀行同 業拆息(「香港銀行同業拆息」)加3.50%之浮動 年利率及一個月香港銀行同業拆息加4%之浮動 年利率計息(二零二三年二月二十八日:按三個 月香港銀行同業拆息加3.50%之浮動年利率及 一個月香港銀行同業拆息加4%之浮動年利率計 息)。於報告期末,銀行融資將於一年後到期。

於二零二四年二月二十九日,除上述附註(a)及 附註(b)所述之銀行融資外,本集團亦獲得無抵 押銀行貸款融資約20,000,000港元(二零二三 年:15,000,000港元)提供予本公司及附屬公 司,並已動用上文所披露金額。於二零二四年二 月二十九日,銀行貸款按最優惠利率減0.75%之 浮動年利率計息(二零二三年:年利率為最優惠 利率減0.75%)。於報告期末,本集團按浮動利 率計息之無抵押銀行貸款融資有約20,000,000 港元(二零二三年:15,000,000港元)尚未提 取,且將於一年內到期。

於各年內,本集團已履行本集團銀行融資項下之 所有財務契諾(如有),而所有銀行融資均由本 公司及本集團持有之若干應收貸款作出擔保。

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

21. ACCRUALS AND OTHER PAYABLES

21. 應計費用及其他應付款項

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元
Accrued interest expenses		284	514
Accrued expenses	應計費用開支	2,686	3,091
Provision for long services payment	長期服務金撥備	1,041	1,028
Other payable and deposit received	其他應付款項及已收取按金	895	854
		4,906	5,487

All of the accruals and other payables are expected to be settled within one year or are repayable on demand.

22. OTHER LOANS

During the year ended 29 February 2024, the Group obtained uncommitted secured revolving loan facilities from an independent third party. The limit of the facilities is the lower of HK\$200.0 million (2023: HK\$200.0 million) and a certain percentage of the aggregate principal amount of certain mortgage loan receivables of the subsidiaries which are then sub-charged/sub-mortgaged to the independent third party. The facilities are interest-bearing at The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited ("**HSBC**") prime rate plus 3.875% per annum (2023: HSBC prime rate plus 2% per annum) and the tenor for the facilities is one year.

As at 29 February 2024, the available uncommitted loan facilities after taking into consideration of the drawdown was HK\$52.0 million (2023: HK\$28.6 million). These loan facilities were secured by certain mortgage loan receivables for the Group with a carrying value of approximately HK\$65.0 million (2023: HK\$35.7 million).

As at 29 February 2024 and 28 February 2023, there are no outstanding balance of other loans.

所有應計費用及其他應付款項預期於一年內結 清或按要求償還。

22. 其他貸款

截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度,本集團 自一名獨立第三方取得無承諾有抵押循環貸款 融資。有關融資限額為200,000,000港元(二 零二三年:200,000,000港元)及該等附屬公 司當時已次押/次按予該名獨立第三方之若干 應收按揭抵押貸款本金總額之若干百分比之較 低者。該等融資按香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司 (「**滙豐**」)最優惠利率加年息3.875%(二零二三 年:滙豐最優惠利率加年息2%)計息及融資限 期為一年。

於二零二四年二月二十九日,經計及已提取款 項,可動用之無承諾貸款融資為52,000,000港 元(二零二三年:28,600,000港元)。該等貸款 融資以本集團賬面值約為65,000,000港元(二 零二三年:35,700,000港元)之若干應收按揭抵 押貸款作抵押。

於二零二四年二月二十九日及二零二三年二月 二十八日,其他貸款並無未償還結餘。

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

23. LOANS FROM THE IMMEDIATE HOLDING 23. 直屬控股公司之貸款 **COMPANY**

During the year ended 29 February 2024, the Group obtained an unsecured revolving loan facility from the immediate holding company with a facility limit of HK\$200.0 million (2023: HK\$200.0 million). The loans are unsecured. interest-bearing at 5% per annum (2023: 5% per annum) and repayable on demand.

As at 29 February 2024, the available loan facility after taking into consideration of the drawdown was approximately HK\$152.5 million (2023: HK\$152.5 million) and the accrued interest payable as at 29 February 2024 was approximately HK\$26,000 (2023: HK\$23,000).

截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度,本集團自 百屬控股公司取得一筆無抵押循環貸款融資, 融資限額為200,000,000港元(二零二三年: 200.000.000港元)。該等貸款為無抵押、按5% 之年利率(二零二三年:5%之年利率)計息並按 要求償還。

於二零二四年二月二十九日,經計及已提取 款項,可動用之貸款融資約為152,500,000港 元(二零二三年:152,500,000港元),而於二 零二四年二月二十九日,應付應計利息約為 26,000港元(二零二三年:23,000港元)。

24. DEBT SECURITIES ISSUED

24. 已發行債務證券

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元
Current	流動	25,991	11,993
Non-current	非流動	-	25,973
		25,991	37,966

The debt securities are unsecured, denominated in HKD, interest-bearing ranging from 6% to 7% per annum (2023: 6% to 7% per annum) with interest coupon being paid semi-annually and will be matured between 2024 and 2025. All debt securities issued are measured at amortised cost.

During the year ended 29 February 2024, the Group repaid debt securities on maturity date amounting to HK\$12.0 million (2023: HK\$50.0 million).

該等債務證券為無抵押,以港元計值,按介平 6%至7%之年利率(二零二三年:6%至7%之 年利率)計息並每半年支付一次息票,且將於二 零二四年至二零二五年期間屆滿。所有已發行債 務證券乃按攤銷成本計量。

截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度,本集團 於到期日償還債務證券12,000,000港元(二零 二三年:50,000,000港元)。

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

25. CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS

(a) Movement in equity

The reconciliation between the opening and closing balances of each component of the Group's consolidated equity is set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Details of the changes in the Company's individual components of equity between the beginning and the end of the year are set out below:

25. 資本、儲備及股息

(a) 權益之變動

本公司

本集團綜合權益各組成部分期初與期末結 餘之對賬載於綜合權益變動表。本公司各 個權益組成部分於年初至年末之變動詳情 如下:

The Company

		Notes 附註	Share capital 股本 \$'000 千元	Share premium 股份溢價 \$'000 千元	Other reserve 其他儲備 \$'000 千元	Capital redemption reserve 資本贖回儲備 \$'000 千元	Retained profits 保留溢利 \$'000 千元	Total 總計 \$′000 千元
At 1 March 2022	於二零二二年 三月一日		19,289	14,726	56,964	2,095	276,293	369,367
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year Purchase of own shares Final dividends approved in respect of the previous year and paid during the	年內溢利及全面 收入總額 購回自身股份 就上個年度批准 並於年內派付之 末期股息	25(c)(ii)	_ (17)	(423)	-	- 17	7,888 –	7,888 (423)
year		25(b)	-	-	-	-	(13,683)	(13,683)
Interim dividends declared and paid during the year Special dividends approved in respect of the previous year and paid during the	於年內宣派及派付 之中期股息 就上個年度批准 並於年內派付之 特別股息	25(b)	-	-	-	-	(17,730)	(17,730)
year		25(b)				-	(7,137)	(7,137)
At 28 February 2022 and 1 March 2023	於二零二二年 二月二十八日及 二零二三年 三月一日		19,272	14,303	56,964	2,112	245,631	338,282
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year Final dividends approved in respect of the previous year and paid during the	年內溢利及全面 收入總額 就上個年度批准 並於年內派付之 末期股息			-	-	-	10,218	10,218
year		25(b)	-	-	-	-	(16,767)	(16,767)
Interim dividends declared and paid during the year	於年內宣派及派付 之中期股息	25(b)					(20,043)	(20,043)
At 29 February 2024	於二零二四年 二月二十九日		19,272	14,303	56,964	2,112	219,039	311,690

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

25. CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS 25. 資本、儲備及股息(續) (CONT'D)

(b) Dividends

(b) 股息

Dividends payment during the year:

年內支付的股息:

		2024 二零二四年 \$'000 千元	2023 二零二三年 \$′000 千元
Dividends recognised as distribution during the year:	於年內確認為分派之股息:		
2024 Interim dividend – 1.04 cents (2023: 2023 interim dividend – 0.92 cents) per share	二零二四年中期股息- 每股1.04仙(二零二三年: 二零二三年中期股息每股 0.92仙)	20,043	17,730
2023 Final dividend – 0.87 cents (2023: 2022 final dividend – 0.71 cents) per share	二零二三年末期股息- 每股0.87仙(二零二三年: 二零二二年末期股息每股		
2022 Special dividend – 0.37 cents (2023: nil) per share	0.71仙) 二零二二年特別股息一每股 0.37仙(二零二三年:零)		7,137

Subsequent to the end of reporting periods, a final dividend of 0.76 cents per share (2023: 0.87 cents per share) in respect of the year ended 29 February 2024 per share have been proposed by the Directors and is subject to approval by the shareholders in the forthcoming annual general meeting.

報告期末後,董事已建議就截至二零二四 年二月二十九日止年度派付末期股息每股 0.76仙(二零二三年:每股0.87仙),須待 股東於應屆股東週年大會上批准後方可作 實。

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

25. CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS 25. 資本、儲備及股息(續) (CONT'D)

(c) Share capital

- (c) 股本
- (i) Authorised and issued share capital

(i) 法定及已發行股本

		Note 附註	Par value 面值 \$ 元	Number of shares 股份數目 ′000 千股	Nominal value of ordinary shares 普通股面值 \$'000 千元
Authorised:	法定:				
At 1 March 2022, 28 February 2023, 1 March 2023 and 29 February 2024	於二零二二年 三月一日、 二零二三年 二月二十八日、 二零二三年 三月一日及 二零二四年				
	二月二十九日		0.01	100,000,000	1,000,000
Issued and fully paid: At 1 March 2022	已發行及繳足: 於二零二二年 三月一日		0.01	1,928,876	19,289
Purchase of own shares	購回自身股份	25(c)(ii)	0.01	(1,640)	(17)
At 28 February 2023, 1 March 2023 and 29 February 2024	於二零二三年 二月二十八日、 二零二三年 三月一日及 二零二四年				
	二月二十九日		0.01	1,927,236	19,272

The holders of shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets. 股份持有人有權收取不時宣派之股 息,並有權於本公司會議上就每股股 份投一票。所有股份與本公司之剩餘 資產均享有同等地位。

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

25. CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS 25. 資本、儲備及股息(續) (CONT'D)

- (c) Share capital (CONT'D)
 - (ii) Purchase of own shares

During the year ended 28 February 2023, the Company repurchased 1,640,000 shares of the Company on The Stock Exchange with prices ranging from HK\$0.230 to HK\$0.275. The total consideration paid for these shares was approximately HK\$423,000. All these shares were cancelled by 28 February 2023.

For the year ended 28 February 2023

- (c) 股本(續)
 - (ii) 購回自身股份

截至二零二三年二月二十八日止年 度,本公司於聯交所按介乎0.230港 元至0.275港元之價格購回本公司 1,640,000股股份。就此等股份已付 之總代價約為423,000港元。所有該 等股份已於二零二三年二月二十八 日註銷。

截至二零二三年二月二十八日止年 度

Month	月份	Number of shares repurchased 已購回 股份數目	Purchase price」 每股購買		Aggregate consideration 總代價
		('000) (千股)	Highest 最高	Lowest 最高	(\$′000) (千元)
March 2022	二零二二年三月	56	\$0.238	\$0.238	13
June 2022 September 2022	二零二二年六月 二零二二年九月	1,096 152	\$0.275 \$0.249	\$0.270 \$0.239	296 36
November 2022	二零二二年 十一月	336	\$0.237	\$0.230	78
Total	總計	1,640			423

Pursuant to section 37(3) of the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the issued share capital of the Company was reduced by the nominal value of the repurchased shares. Pursuant to 37(4) of the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, an amount equivalent to the par value of the shares cancelled of approximately HK\$17,000 was transferred from share premium to the capital redemption reserve. The payments for purchase of own shares with approximately HK\$423,000 were charged to share premium.

根據開曼群島公司法第37(3)條, 本公司之已發行股本乃按已購回股 份之面值被削減。根據開曼群島公 司法第37(4)條,已註銷股份面值約 17,000港元之等值金額已自股份溢 價轉撥至資本贖回儲備。就購回自身 股份已付之約423,000港元已自股份 溢價中扣除。

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

25. CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS 25. 資本、儲備及股息(續) (CONT'D)

- (d) Nature and purpose of reserves
 - (i) Distributability of reserves

There is no section in the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands and the Company's memorandum and article of association governing the distribution of reserves. At 29 February 2024, the aggregate amount of reserve available for distribution to equity shareholders of the Company was approximately HK\$290,306,000 (2023: HK\$316,898,000), being the total amount of share premium, other reserve and retained profits.

(ii) Share premium

Under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the share premium account of the Company may be applied for payment of distributions or dividends to shareholders provided that immediately following the date on which the distribution or dividend is proposed to be paid, the Company is able to pay its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

(iii) Capital reserve

On 5 February 2013, Oi Wah Holding Limited entered into an agreement to acquire the amounts due to shareholders by Oi Wah Pawnshop Credit Limited totalling HK\$44,963,406 by issuing 1,000 shares at HK\$1.00, as fullypaid shares, to three of the shareholders of the Company. The acquisition has been reflected as a reduction in the amounts due to shareholders and a corresponding increase in capital reserve.

(iv) Other reserve

On 18 February 2013, the then shareholders transferred the entire equity interest in Oi Wah Holding Limited to the Company, in return, the Company issue 9,999,999 shares, as fully-paid shares to Kwan Lik Holding Limited as the consideration. The difference between the historical carrying value of equity acquired and acquisition consideration is treated as an equity movement and recorded in "Other reserve".

(d) 儲備之性質及目的

(i) 儲備之可供分派金額

開曼群島公司法及本公司之組織章 程大綱及章程細則並無規管儲備分 派之章節。於二零二四年二月二十九 日,本公司權益股東之可供分派儲 備總額約為290,306,000港元(二零 二三年:316,898,000港元),即股 份溢價、其他儲備及保留溢利之總 額。

(ii) 股份溢價

根據開曼群島公司法,本公司之股份 溢價賬可供撥作分派或派付股息予 股東,惟緊隨建議分派或派付股息當 日後,本公司可於正常業務過程中支 付到期之債務。

(iii) 資本儲備

於二零一三年二月五日,Oi Wah Holding Limited訂立協議,以透過向 本公司三名股東發行1,000股每股面 值1.00港元之繳足股份,收購合共 44,963,406港元之靄華押業信貸有 限公司應付股東款項。該收購反映為 應付股東款項減少及資本儲備相應 增加。

(iv) 其他儲備

於二零一三年二月十八日,當時股東 向本公司轉讓其於Oi Wah Holding Limited之全部股本權益,本公司因 而向Kwan Lik Holding Limited發行 9,999,999股繳足股份作為代價。所 收購權益之過往賬面值與收購代價 之差額被視為一項權益變動,並記入 「其他儲備」。

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25. CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS 25. 資本、儲備及股息(續) (CONT'D)

- (d) Nature and purpose of reserves (CONT'D)
 - (v) Capital redemption reserve

Capital redemption reserve represents the nominal amount of the shares repurchased.

(vi) Capital management

The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for its shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, by pricing products commensurately with the level of risk and by securing access to finance at a reasonable cost. The Group was not subject to external imposed capital requirements, except for the loan covenants attached to the interest-bearing borrowings.

The capital structure of the Group consists of cash and cash equivalents net of bank loans and overdrafts, other loans, loans from the immediate holding company, debt securities issued and equity attributable to shareholders of the Company, comprising paid in capital and reserves.

The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to maintain a balance between the higher shareholder returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position, and makes adjustments to the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions.

The Group monitors capital with reference to its debt position. The Group's strategy was to maintain the equity and debt in a balanced position with the debt equity ratio, being the Group's total borrowings over its total equity, no more than 150%, and ensure there was adequate working capital to repay its debt obligations. As at 29 February 2024 the Group and the Company's debt equity ratio were 7.7% (2023: 9.3%) and 11.5% (2023: 14.2%) respectively. No change was made on the Group's overall strategy.

- (d) 儲備之性質及目的(續)
 - (v) 資本贖回儲備 資本贖回儲備指已購回股份之面 值。

(vi) 資本管理

本集團管理資本之首要目標乃保障 本集團持續經營之能力,從而透過對 與風險水平相當之產品定價以及獲 得合理成本之融資,繼續為其股東創 造回報及為其他權益持有人創造利 益。本集團毋須受制於外部施加的資 本規定,計息借貸附有的貸款契諾除 外。

本集團的資本架構包括現金及現金 等價物(扣除銀行貸款及透支)、其 他貸款、直屬控股公司之貸款、已發 行債務證券以及本公司股東應佔權 益,包括實繳股本及儲備。

本集團積極及定期對資本架構進行 檢討及管理,以在較高股東回報情況 下可能伴隨之較高借貸水平與良好 的資本狀況帶來之好處及保障之間 取得平衡,並因應經濟狀況之變化對 資本架構作出調整。

本集團根據其債務狀況監察資本。 本集團之策略是維持權益及債務處 於平衡狀態,負債權益比率(即本集 團之總借貸除以其權益總額)不超過 150%,並確保有足夠營運資金償還 債務。於二零二四年二月二十九日, 本集團及本公司之負債權益比率分 別為7.7%(二零二三年:9.3%)及 11.5%(二零二三年:14.2%)。本集 團之整體戰略並無作出變動。

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26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR 26. 財務風險管理及公平值 VALUE

Categories of financial instruments	金融工具類	頁別	
		2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
		\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元
Financial assets Financial assets at amortised cost (including	金融資產 按攤銷成本計量之金融資產		
cash and cash equivalents)	(包括現金及現金等價物)	1,001,964	978,367
Financial assets measured at FVPL	按公平值計入損益之金融資產	150,242	141,455
		1,152,206	1,119,822
Financial liabilities	金融負債		
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計量之金融負債	87,356	99,985

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include loan receivables, trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents, accruals and other payables, bank loans and overdrafts, loans from the immediate holding company and debt securities issued. Details of the financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments include market risk (interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

As the core business of the Group is engaged in secured financing business in Hong Kong, including pawn loans and mortgage loans, the main risks associated with its business are credit risk and the need to maintain a fairly liquid position.

財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團之主要金融工具包括應收貸款、貿易及其 他應收款項、現金及現金等價物、應計費用及其 他應付款項、銀行貸款及透支、直屬控股公司之 貸款及已發行債務證券。有關金融工具之詳情於 相關附註中披露。與該等金融工具相關之風險包 括市場風險(利率風險)、信貸風險及流動資金 風險。有關如何減輕該等風險之政策載於下文。 管理層管理及監察該等風險,以確保及時有效實 施適當措施。

由於本集團之核心業務為於香港從事有抵押融 資(包括典當貸款及按揭抵押貸款)業務,故與 其業務相關之主要風險為信貸風險及維持大量 流動資金狀況之需求。

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26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR 26. 財務風險管理及公平值(續) VALUE (CONT'D)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (CONT'D)

(a) Credit risk management

Credit risk refers to the risk that the Group's counterparties default on their contractual obligations resulting in financial losses to the Group. The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in the event of the counterparties' failure to perform their obligations in relation to each class of recognised financial assets is the carrying amount of those assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position. The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to its loan receivables. In order to minimise the credit risk, the Group have established policies and systems for the monitoring and control of credit risk.

The Group has developed and adopted a systematic approach in running its business in an efficient way, including the adoption of internal control procedures for risk management purposes.

The Group manages its credit risk on a conservative basis by evaluating its loan portfolio in relation of quantitative risk/return criteria.

In relation to the pawn loan business, the Group has adopted internal control procedures including the identification and evaluation of ownership and obtaining an accurate valuation of personal property. The Group usually grants loans with a loan-to-value ratio ranging from 50% - 85%, depending on the type of collateral and the valuation is made at the point of granting the loan. The maximum exposure of the credit risk arising from pawn loan business at the end of each reporting period is the carrying amount of the pawn loan receivables as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

- (a) 信貸風險管理
 - 信貸風險指本集團交易對手不履行合約責 任而導致本集團產生財務虧損的風險。本 集團就對手方未能履行其責任而就各類別 已確認金融資產所承受之最高信貸風險為 综合財務狀況表所述該等資產之賬面值。 本集團之信貸風險主要歸因於其應收貸 款。為將信貸風險減至最低,本集團已制 定政策及制度監督及控制信貸風險。

本集團已開發及採用一項系統化方案,以 更具效益之方式經營其業務,包括以風險 管理為目的而採用之內部監控程序。

本集團透過評估其貸款組合之定量風險/ 回報率標準,保守管理其信貸風險。

就典當貸款業務而言,本集團已採納內部 監控程序,包括識別及評估所有權並取得 個人財產之準確估值。根據抵押品之類 型,本集團一般按介乎50%至85%之貸款 對估值比率發放貸款,估值於發放貸款時 作出。於各報告期末,因典當貸款業務產 生之最高信貸風險為綜合財務狀況表所述 之應收典當貸款之賬面值。

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26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR 26. 財務風險管理及公平值(續) VALUE (CONT'D)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (CONT'D)

(a) Credit risk management (CONT'D)

Different valuations are used for different types of collaterals.

- Gold prices quoted from The Chinese Gold & Silver Exchange Society
- Diamond prices quoted from latest Rapaport Diamond Report
- Watches quoted from either retail listed prices or parallel import wholesale prices
- Consumer electronic products quoted from updated pricelists of second-hand consumer electronic products

A customer is considered to have defaulted in repayment of the pawn loan if they have not redeemed the collateral or renewed the pawn loan by the end of the term of the pawn loan. At the Group's sole discretion, a grace period of up to six weeks may be provided to customers after the end of the loan period during which the Group may allow the customers to renew the pawn loan and/or redeem the collateral. The Group will take possession of the collateral if the customer has not redeemed the collateral or renewed the pawn loan by the end of the loan period or the grace period provided. Repossessed assets are accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy as set out in note 3 and the carrying amount of repossessed assets as at 29 February 2024 was approximately HK\$13,875,000 (2023: HK\$10,226,000). The Group will proceed to dispose the collateral within a reasonable time after possession.

- 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)
- (a) 信貸風險管理(續) 不同類型之抵押品使用不同估值方法。
 - 金銀業貿易場所報之黃金價格
 - 一 鑽石報價表所報之鑽石價格
 - 零售價目表或平行進口批發價格所 報之手錶價格
 - 二手消費電子產品之更新價目表所 報之消費電子產品價格

於典當貸款期限結束前,倘客戶並無贖 回抵押品或重續典當貸款,該客戶則被 視為已拖欠償還典當貸款。本集團可全權 酌情決定於貸款期間結束後向客戶提供 長達六個星期之寬限期,於有關期間內, 本集團可容許客戶重續典當貸款及/或 贖回抵押品。於貸款期限或提供之寬限期 結束前,倘客戶並無贖回抵押品或重續資 產根據附註3所載之會計政策入賬,於二 零二四年二月二十九日,經收回資產之賬 面值約為13,875,000港元(二零二三年: 10,226,000港元)。本集團將於管有抵押 品後之合理時間內出售抵押品。

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26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR 26. 財務風險管理及公平值(續) VALUE (CONT'D)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (CONT'D)

(a) Credit risk management (CONT'D)

In relation to the mortgage loan business, the Group has also adopted internal control procedures for the identification and evaluation of the legal ownership and accurate valuation of property. As a matter of risk management, the Group usually grants loans with a loan-to-value ratio of no more than 70% of the value in the valuation report of the property, which is generally lower than bank's loan-to-value ratio for mortgages which can be as high as 70%. In a few cases if the customers request loans with the loanto-value ratio of over 70%, approval from the chief executive officer is required. For the valuation of the property, the Group will make reference to a third party valuer and/or the internet valuation services provided by banks in Hong Kong. The Group holds collateral against loan receivables in the form of mortgages over properties located in Hong Kong. The Group considers that the credit risk arising from the mortgage loan receivables is significantly mitigated by the property held as collateral, with reference to the estimated market value of the property at the grant date. The Group may take possession of assets held as collateral through court proceeding or voluntary delivery of possession by the borrowers. It disposes the property by auction once receiving the possession.

Management has overall responsibility for the Group's credit policies and oversees the credit quality of the Group's loan portfolio. In addition, management reviews the recoverable amount of loan receivables individually at each reporting date to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. For trade receivables, the Group has applied the simplified approach in HKFRS 9 to measure the loss allowance at lifetime ECL. The Group determines the ECL by using individual basis, estimated based on historical credit loss experience, as well as the general economic conditions of the industry in which the debtors operate. In this regard, management considers that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

- (a) 信貸風險管理(續)
 - 就按揭抵押貸款業務而言,本集團亦已採 用內部監控程序,以識別及評估房地產之 法律所有權及準確估值。對於風險管理方 面,本集團通常按不多於房地產估值報告 內價值70%之貸款對估值比率發放貸款, 此比率一般低於銀行就按揭抵押高達70% 之貸款對估值比率。在某些情況下,倘客 戶要求按多於70%之貸款對估值比率發放 貸款,則須取得行政總裁之批准。就物業 估值,本集團將參照第三方估值師及/或 香港銀行所提供之網上估值服務。本集團 以位於香港之房地產按揭抵押方式就應收 貸款持有抵押品。本集團認為,參考物業 於授出日期之估計市值,應收按揭抵押貸 款所產生之信貸風險因持有作抵押品之物 業而大幅減低。本集團可透過法律訴訟或 由借款人自行付運財產管有持作抵押品的 資產。一旦收回財產管有,本集團將透過 拍賣出售有關物業。

管理層對本集團之信貸政策負有全責,並 監督本集團貸款組合之信貸質素。此外, 管理層於各報告日期個別審閱應收貸款之 可收回金額,以確保就不可收回金額作出 足夠減值虧損。就貿易應收款項,本集團 應用香港財務報告準則第9號之簡化法按 全期預期信貸虧損計量虧損撥備。本集團 按個別基準根據過往信貸虧損經驗以及債 務人營運所在行業之整體經濟狀況作出估 計,以釐定預期信貸虧損。就此而言,管理 層認為本集團之信貸風險已大幅降低。

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26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR 26. 財務風險管理及公平值(續) VALUE (CONT'D)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (CONT'D)

(a) Credit risk management (CONT'D)

For other non-traded related receivables, the Group has assessed whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If there has been a significant increase in credit risk, the Group will measure the loss allowance based on lifetime rather than 12-month ECL.

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer and therefore significant concentrations of credit risk primarily arise when the Group has significant exposure to individual customers. At the end of the reporting period, 4.8% (2023: 5.5%) and 19.0% (2023: 18.9%) of the total loan receivables was due from the Group's largest customer and the five largest customers respectively.

Although most of the customers are from Hong Kong, the concentration of credit risk is limited due to the customer base is large and unrelated.

The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

Further quantitative disclosures in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from loan receivables are set out in note 16.

The Group has developed its processes for measuring ECL including monitoring of credit risk, incorporation of forward-looking information and the methodology used to measure ECL. The Group has policies and procedures in place to appropriately maintain the models used to assess and measure ECL.

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

(a) 信貸風險管理(續)

就其他非貿易相關應收款項而言,本集團 已評估自初步確認後信貸風險是否顯著增加。倘信貸風險大幅增加,本集團將根據 全期(而非12個月的預期信貸虧損)計量 虧損撥備。

本集團所承受信貸風險主要受到每名客戶 之個別特性所影響,故重大信貸風險集中 主要由於本集團與個別客戶往來時所承受 重大風險所致。於報告期末,應收貸款總 額之4.8%(二零二三年:5.5%)及19.0% (二零二三年:18.9%)分別來自本集團最 大客戶及五大客戶。

儘管大部分客戶來自香港,風險利率之集 中度仍有限,此乃由於客戶基礎龐大且不 相關。

流動資金之信貸風險有限,因為對手方為 獲國際信貸評級機構授予高信貸評級之銀 行。

有關本集團面對自應收貸款所產生信貸風 險之進一步定量披露資料載於附註16。

本集團已制訂程序以計量預期信貸虧損, 包括監察信貸風險、納入前瞻性資料及用 以計量預期信貸虧損之方法。本集團訂有 政策及程序以適當維持用以評估及計量預 期信貸虧損之模式。

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26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR 26. 財務風險管理及公平值(續) VALUE (CONT'D)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (CONT'D)

(a) Credit risk management (CONT'D)

The Group's exposure to credit risk

The Group's current credit risk framework comprises the following categories:

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

(a) 信貸風險管理(續) 本集團面臨的信貸風險 本集團目前的信貸風險評級框架包括以下 類別:

Category	Description	Basis for recognised ECL 確認預期信貸虧損的 基準
類別		
Performing	For financial assets where there has low risk of default or has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition and that are not credit impaired (refer to as Stage 1)	12-month ECL
履約	低違約風險或自初始確認以來信貸風險未有大幅增加,且無信貸減值 的金融資產(屬第1階段)	12個月預期信貸虧損
Doubtful	For financial assets where there has been a significant increase in	Lifetime ECL – not
	credit risk since initial recognition but that are not credit impaired (refer to as Stage 2)	credit impaired
存疑	自初始確認以來信貸風險大幅增加但無信貸減值的金融資產(屬第2 階段)	全期預期信貸虧損 — 無信貸減值
Default	Financial assets are assessed as credit impaired when one or more	Lifetime ECL – credit
	events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that asset have occurred (refer to as Stage 3)	impaired
違約	當發生一項或多項事件對金融資產的估計未來現金流量產生不利影響時,該金融資產被評估為信貸減值(屬第3階段)	全期預期信貸虧損 — 信貸減值
Write-off	There is evidence indicating that the debtor is in severe financial	Amount is written off
	difficulty and the Group has no realistic prospect of recovery	
撤銷	有證據顯示債務人陷入嚴重財務困難且本集團並無收回款項的實際 前景	撇銷款項

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26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR 26. 財務風險管理及公平值(續) VALUE (CONT'D)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (CONT'D)

(a) Credit risk management (CONT'D)

The tables below detail the credit quality of the Group's financial assets as well as the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk by credit rating grades.

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

(a) 信貸風險管理(續)

下表按信貸評級等級詳列本集團金融資產 的信貸質素以及本集團面臨的最大信貸風 險。

At 29 February 2024 於二零二四年二月二十九日 	Notes 附註	Internal credit rating 內部信貸評級	12-month or lifetime ECL 12個月或全期預期信貸虧損	Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 HK\$ 港元	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 HK\$ 港元	Net carrying amount 賬面淨值 HK\$ 港元
Loan receivables 應收貸款	16	Default 違約	Lifetime ECL (credit impaired) 全期預期信貸虧損(信貸減值)	837,718	(14,031)	823,687
Trade and other receivables 貿易及其他應收款項	18	Performing 履約	Lifetime ECL (simplified approach) 全期預期信貸虧損(簡化法)	7,676	-	7,676
Cash and cash equivalents 現金及現金等價物	19	Performing 履約	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	170,600	-	170,600
				1,015,994	(14,031)	1,001,963
		Internal credit		Gross carrying	Loss	Net carrying
At 28 February 2023	Notes	rating	12-month or lifetime ECL	amount	allowance	amount
於二零二三年二月二十八日	附註	內部信貸評級	12個月或全期預期信貸虧損	賬面總值	虧損撥備	賬面淨值
				HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
				港元	港元	港元
Loan receivables 應收貸款	16	Default 違約	Lifetime ECL (credit impaired) 全期預期信貸虧損(信貸減值)	811,775	-	811,775
Trade and other receivables 貿易及其他應收款項	18	Performing 履約	Lifetime ECL (simplified approach) 全期預期信貸虧損(簡化法)	4,145	-	4,145
Cash and cash equivalents	19	Performing	12-month ECL	162,447	-	162,447
現金及現金等價物		履約	12個月預期信貸虧損			

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR 26. 財務風險管理及公平值(續) VALUE (CONT'D)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (CONT'D)

(b) Market risk management

The Group's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in interest rate.

Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to certain loan receivables, loans from the immediate holding company, debt securities issued and lease liabilities which carried at fixed rates.

The Group is also exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to variable rate mortgage loan receivables, bank loans and overdrafts, other loans and cash at banks.

It is the Group's policy to keep its certain of its mortgage loan receivables, bank loans and overdrafts and other loans at floating rate of interests so as to minimise the fair value interest rate risk. The Group's cash flow interest rate risk is mainly concentrated on the fluctuation of prime rate, HIBOR and HSBC prime rate.

(i) Sensitivity analysis

> The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the exposure of the Group at the end of the reporting period. The analysis is prepared assuming that the financial instruments outstanding at the end of the reporting period were outstanding for the whole year. A 100 basis points (2023: 100 basis points) increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

> At 29 February 2024, it is estimated that a general increase/decrease of 100 basis points (2023: 100 basis points) in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, would have decreased/increased the Group's profit after tax by approximately HK\$4,674,000 (2023: HK\$4,755,000).

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

(b) 市場風險管理

本集團業務主要面臨利率變動產生之財務 風險。

利率風險

本集團面對與按固定利率計息之若干應收 貸款、直屬控股公司之貸款、已發行債務 證券及租賃負債有關之公平值利率風險。

本集團亦面對與浮動利率應收按揭貸款、 銀行貸款及透支、其他貸款及銀行現金有 關之現金流量利率風險。

本集團政策乃維持按浮動利率計息之若干 應收按揭貸款、銀行貸款及透支以及其他 貸款,旨在盡量降低公平值利率風險。本 集團之現金流量利率風險主要集中於最優 惠利率、香港銀行同業拆息及滙豐最優惠 利率之波動。

敏感度分析 (j)

> 下文所載敏感度分析乃根據報告期 末本集團所面對之風險釐定。分析乃 假設於報告期末未償還之金融工具 於整年內屬未償還而編製。100個基 點(二零二三年:100個基點)上升 或下降乃於向主要管理人員內部匯 報利率風險時採用,代表管理層就利 率可能出現之合理變動所作評估。

> 於二零二四年二月二十九日,估 計利率整體上升/下降100個基點 (二零二三年:100個基點),在所 有其他變量保持不變之情況下,將 導致本集團除税後溢利減少/增加 約4,674,000港元(二零二三年: 4,755,000港元)。

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR 26. 財務風險管理及公平值(續) VALUE (CONT'D)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (CONT'D)

(c) Liquidity risk management

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor its liquidity requirements and its compliance with loan/borrowing covenants, to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions and immediate holding company to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and long-term. The Directors are satisfied that the Group will be able to meet in full its financial obligations as and when fall due in the foreseeable future.

The following table details the remaining contractual maturities at the end of the reporting period of the Group's financial liabilities and lease liabilities, which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on rates current at the end of the reporting period) and the earliest date the Group can be required to pay. Specifically, bank overdrafts with a repayment on demand clause are included in the earliest time band regardless of the probability of the banks choosing to exercise their rights. The maturity dates for other non-derivative financial liabilities are based on the agreed repayment dates:

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

(c) 流動資金風險管理

本集團之政策為定期監察其流動資金需要 以及是否遵守貸款/借貸契諾,以確保其 維持足夠之現金儲備以及來自主要金融機 構及直屬控股公司之充足承諾資金額度, 以應付本集團之短期及長期流動資金需 要。董事信納本集團將能夠於可見未來悉 數履行其到期財務承擔。

下表詳述本集團於報告期末按合約未貼現 現金流量(包括按合約利率或(如屬浮息) 根據報告期末通行之利率計算之利息)計 算之金融負債及租賃負債之剩餘合約期 限,以及本集團須償還有關款項之最早日 期。具體而言,不論銀行選擇行使其權利 之概率如何,附帶按要求償還條款之銀行 透支列入最早時段內。其他非衍生金融負 債之到期日根據約定還款日期釐定:

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR 26. 財務風險管理及公平值(續) VALUE (CONT'D)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (CONT'D)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

(c) Liquidity risk management (CONT'D)

(c) 流動資金風險管理(續)

29 February 2024

				29 rebru	ary 2024		
				二零二四年二	二月二十九日		
						Total	
		Within 1	More than 1	More than 2		contractual	
		year or on	year but less	years but less	More than 5	undiscounted	Carrying
		demand	than 2 years	than 5 years	years	cash flow	amount
		於 1 年內或	1 年以上	2 年以上		合約未貼現	
		按要求	但少於 2 年	但少於 5 年	5 年以上	現金流量總額	賬面值
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元	千元	千元	千元	千元
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及						
	其他應付款項	3,865	-	-	-	3,865	3,865
Bank loans and overdrafts	銀行貸款及						
(Note)	透支(附註)	11,228	-	-	-	11,228	10,000
Loans from the immediate	直屬控股公司之						
holding company	貸款	49,875	-	-	-	49,875	47,500
Debt securities issued	已發行債務證券	28,873	-	-	-	28,873	25,991
		93,841	-	-	-	93,841	87,356
		<u> </u>					
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	8,981	4,643	3,039	_	16,663	13,985
	N N N N N	0,501		5,055		10,005	15,505

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR 26. 財務風險管理及公平值(續) VALUE (CONT'D)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (CONT'D)

(c) Liquidity risk management (CONT'D)

(c) 流動資金風險管理(續)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

28 February 2023 二零二三年二月二十八日

						Total	
			More than 1	More than 2		contractual	
		Within 1 year	year but less	years but less	More than 5	undiscounted	Carrying
		or on demand	than 2 years	than 5 years	years	cash flow	amount
		於1年內或	1年以上	2年以上		合約未貼現	
		按要求	但少於2年	但少於5年	5年以上	現金流量總額	賬面值
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元	千元	千元	千元	千元
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及						
	其他應付款項	4,459	-	-	-	4,459	4,459
Bank loans and overdrafts	銀行貸款及						
(Note)	透支(附註)	11,295	-	-	-	11,295	10,060
Loans from the immediate	直屬控股公司之						
holding company	貸款	49,875	-	-	-	49,875	47,500
Debt securities issued	已發行債務證券	23,328	32,085	-	-	55,413	37,966
		88,957	32,085	-	-	121,042	99,985
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	8,492	4,725	3,255	360	16,832	15,540
		0,152	.,, 23	5,255		10,002	13,310

Note: Bank overdrafts with a repayment on demand clause are included in the "within one year or on demand" time band in the above maturity analysis. At 28 February 2023, the aggregate undiscounted principal amount of the bank overdrafts amounted to HK\$60,000 (2024: nil). Taking into account the Group's financial position, the Directors do not believe that it is probable that the banks will exercise their discretionary rights to demand immediate repayment. The Directors believe that the bank overdrafts will be repaid in accordance with the scheduled repayment dates set out in the loan agreements. At that time, the aggregate principal and interest cash outflows will amount to HK\$61,000 (2024: nil).

附註: 附帶按要求償還條款之銀行透支列入上述到期 分析「於1年內或按要求」時段內。於二零二三 年二月二十八日,銀行透支之未貼現本金總額 為60,000港元(二零二四年:零)。考慮到本集 團之財務狀況,董事認為銀行不大可能行使其 酌情權要求立即還款。董事相信,銀行透支將根 據貸款協議所載預定還款日期償還。 屆時,本 金及利息現金流出總額將為61,000港元(二零 二四年:零)。

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR 26. 財務風險管理及公平值(續) VALUE (CONT'D)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (CONT'D)

(d) Fair Value Measurement of Financial Instruments

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable in accordance with the Group's accounting policy.

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

(d) 金融工具公平值計量 下表提供於各報告期末按公平值計量之金 融工具之分析,按公平值根據本集團會計 政策可予觀察之程度歸為第1至3級。

			29 February 二零二四年二月:		
		Fair value 公平值	Fair value measu 公平值計	rements catego 量分類為以下層級	
		\$'000	Level 1 第1級 \$' 000	Level 2 第2級 \$'000	Level 3 第3級 \$'000
		千元	千元	千元	千元
Recurring fair value measurement Financial assets: – Loan receivables at FVPL	經常性公平值 計量 金融資產: -按公平值計入 損益之應收				
	貸款	150,242	-	-	150,242
			28 February 2 二零二三年二月:		
		Fair value 公平值		irements categori: 量分類為以下層級	
			Level 1 第1級	Level 2 第2級	Level 3 第3級
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元	千元	千元
Recurring fair value measurement	經常性公平值 計量				
Financial assets: – Loan receivables at FVPL	金融資產: -按公平值計入				
	損益之應收				

There was no transfer between Level 1, 2 and 3 in both years.

於 州 恒 午 度 , 弗 1 級 、 弗 2 級 及 弗 3 級 之 间 慨 無轉撥。

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR 26. 財務風險管理及公平值(續) VALUE (CONT'D)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (CONT'D)

(d) Fair value Measurement of Financial Instruments (CONT'D)

Information about Level 3 fair value measurements

The fair value of loan receivables at FVPL is determined using discounting the contractual future cash flow. The fair value measurement is negatively correlated to the discount rate.

The movement during the year in the balance of Level 3 fair value measurements is as follows:

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

(d) 金融工具公平值計量(續)

第3級公平值計量的資料 按公平值計入損益之應收貸款之公平值乃 透過貼現合約未來現金流量所釐定。公平 值計量與貼現率呈負相關。

第3級公平值計量結餘於年內之變動如下:

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元
At 1 March	於三月一日	141,455	117,674
Loans granted	已發放貸款	570,664	515,268
Loans matured	已到期貸款	(561,893)	(491,474)
Net gains (losses) recognised in	於綜合損益及其他全面收入		
consolidated statement of profit or loss	表確認之收益(虧損)		
and other comprehensive income	淨額	16	(13)
At 29 February/28 February	於二月二十九日/		
	二月二十八日	150,242	141,455
Total net gains (losses) for the year	於截至二月二十九日/		
included in consolidated statement of	二月二十八日止年度		
profit or loss and other comprehensive	計入綜合損益及其他		
income for the year ended 29	全面收入表之年內淨		
February/28 February	收益(虧損)總額	16	(13)

The Directors consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements as at the end of the reporting periods are not materially different from their fair values. 董事認為,於報告期末於綜合財務報表中 按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產及金融負債之 賬面值與其公平值並無重大差異。

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

27. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

The Group as lessor

The group sub-leases out a number of properties under operating leases. The leases typically run for an initial period of one to five years, lease payments are usually increased at the end of the lease term to reflect market rentals. None of the leases includes variable lease payments.

As at 29 February 2024 and 28 February 2023, undiscounted lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in place at the reporting date will be receivable by the Group in future periods as follows:

27. 經營租賃承擔

本集團作為出租人

本集團根據經營租賃分租多個物業。租賃之初步 年期通常為一至五年。租賃款項一般於租賃期結 束時上調,以反映市場租金。概無租賃包括可變 租賃款項。

於二零二四年二月二十九日及二零二三年二月 二十八日,本集團將於未來期間應收於報告日期 已有之不可撤銷經營租賃項下未貼現租賃款項 如下:

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元
Within one year	一年內	2,013	597
After one year but within two years	一年後但兩年內	404	558
After two year but within three years	兩年後但三年內		288
		2,417	1,443

28. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY 28. 重大關連方交易 TRANSACTIONS

In addition to the transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, the Group entered into the following material related party transactions: 除此等綜合財務報表其他章節所披露之交易及 結餘外,本集團已訂立以下重大關連方交易:

Key management personnel remuneration		(a)	主要管	理人員薪酬		
				2024	2023	
				二零二四年	二零二三年	
				\$'000	\$'000	
				千元	千元	
Salary and other benefits	薪金及其他福利			7,606	7,397	
Discretionary bonuses	酌情花紅			4,305	3,583	
Contributions to MPF	強積金供款			90	90	
				12,001	11,070	

The remuneration of directors of the Company and key executives is determined by the remuneration committee having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends. 本公司董事及主要管理人員之薪酬由薪酬 委員會參考個人表現及市場趨勢釐定。

For the year ended 29 February 2024 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)(以港元列示)

28. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY 28. 重大關連方交易 TRANSACTIONS (CONT'D)

(b) Transactions with other related parties

(b) 與其他關連方之交易

During the year, the Group entered into transactions with related parties in the ordinary course of its business as follows: 年內,本集團於其日常業務過程中與關連 方訂立之交易如下:

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元
Rental payments paid to	向以下各方支付之租金付款		
– Kwan Chart (Holding) Company Limited	一羣策集團有限公司		
("Kwan Chart Holding")	(「羣策集團」)	960	960
– Mr. Chan Chart Man	一陳策文先生	1,080	1,080
– Kwan Chart Estate Company Limited	一群策置業有限公司		
("Kwan Chart Estate")	(「群策置業」)	633	660
Management fee incurred to	就以下各方產生的管理費		
– Kwan Chart Holding		40	40
itten energieseng	+////L		
Denskal also estás a la está cuital	さい エタナ ナ 1 う 和 ム 校 ム		
Rental deposits placed with	就以下各方存入之租金按金	460	1.50
– Kwan Chart Holding	- 羣策集團	160	160
– Mr. Chan Chart Man	一陳策文先生	180	180
– Kwan Chart Estate	- 群策置業	110	110
– Full Honour Corporation Limited	- 羣鴻有限公司		
("Full Honour")	(「羣鴻」)	140	
Management fee deposit placed with	就以下各方存入之管理費		
	按金		
– Kwan Chart Estate	一群策置業	23	23

During the years ended 29 February 2024 and 28 February 2023, the Group entered into short term lease agreements with Kwan Chart Holding, Mr. Chan Chart Man and Kwan Chart Estate, for leasing of premises. During the year ended 29 February 2024, the Group entered into short term lease agreement with Full Honour, for leasing of a premise. The Directors consider that all the above related party transactions during the year were conducted on normal commercial terms and in the ordinary and usual course of the Group's business.

Note: The Group entered into agreement in respect of the rental of properties from Kwan Chart Holding, Kwan Chart Estate and Full Honour, companies with common beneficial owners with the Company and Mr. Chan Chart Man, a director of the Company. 於截至二零二四年二月二十九日及二零 二三年二月二十八日止年度,本集團與羣 策集團、陳策文先生及群策置業就租賃物 業訂立短期之租賃協議。於截至二零二四 年二月二十九日止年度,本集團與群鴻就 租賃一項物業訂立短期租賃協議。董事認 為,上述年內所有關連方交易乃按一般商 業條款於本集團日常及一般業務過程中進 行。

附註:本集團就向羣策集團、群策置業及羣鴻 (與本公司具有共同實益擁有人之公司) 以及本公司董事陳策文先生租賃物業訂 立協議。

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29. MAJOR NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS

(a) New lease arrangements

During the year ended 29 February 2024, the Group entered into new arrangements in respect of leased properties. Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities of approximately HK\$7,211,000 (2023: approximately HK\$3,295,000) were recognised at the commencement of the leases.

(b) COVID-19-related rent concession

During the year ended 28 February 2023, the Group received approximately HK\$775,000 (2024: nil) rent concessions in the form of a discount on fixed payments during the period of severe social distancing and travel restriction measures introduced to contain the spread of COVID-19.

30. RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEME

The Group operates the MPF Scheme for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong. The assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the Group, in funds under the control of trustees. The Group contributes 5% of relevant payroll costs, capped at HK\$1,500 per month, to the MPF Scheme, in which the contribution is matched by employees. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the MPF Scheme is to make the required contributions under the Scheme. No forfeited contribution is available to reduce the contribution payable in future year.

The total cost charged to consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of approximately HK\$580,000 (2023: HK\$565,000) represents contributions payable to this scheme by the Group in respect of the current accounting period.

29. 主要非現金交易

(a) 新租賃安排 截至二零二四年二月二十九日止年度,本 集團就租賃物業訂立新安排。使用權資產 及租賃負債約7,211,000港元(二零二三 年:約3,295,000港元)已於租賃開始時確 認。

(b) 2019冠狀病毒病相關租金優惠

於截至二零二三年二月二十八日止年度, 於實行嚴格社交距離及出行限制措施以 遏制2019冠狀病毒病傳播期間,本集團 以固定付款折讓的形式收取租金優惠約為 775,000港元(二零二四年:零)。

30. 退休福利計劃

本集團為香港所有合資格僱員設立強積金計 劃。計劃的資產獨立於本集團的資產,以由受託 人管理之基金持有。本集團按有關工資費用之 5%(以每月1,500港元為上限)向強積金計劃供 款,與僱員所作供款對應。本集團就強基金計劃 僅有的責任為根據計劃作出所需供款。於未來年 度,概無可供扣減應付供款的已沒收供款。

於綜合損益及其他全面收入表扣除之總成本約 580,000港元(二零二三年:565,000港元)指本 集團於本會計期間應付該計劃之供款。

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30. RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEME (CONT'D)

Obligation to long service payments ("LSP") under Hong Kong Employment Ordinance

Pursuant to the Employment Ordinance, Chapter 57, the Group has the obligation to pay LSP to employees in Hong Kong under certain circumstances, subject to a minimum of 5 years employment period, based on this formula: Last monthly wages (before termination of employment) \times 2/3 \times Years of service. Last monthly wages are capped at HK\$22,500 while the amount of long service payment shall not exceed HK\$390,000. This obligation is accounted for as a post-employment defined benefit plan.

Furthermore, the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance passed in 1995 permits the Group to utilise the Group's Mandatory Provident Fund contributions, plus/ minus any positive/negative returns thereof (collectively, the "Eligible Offset Amount"), for the purpose of offsetting LSP payable to an employee (the "Offsetting Arrangement").

The Employment and Retirement Schemes Legislation (Offsetting Arrangement) (Amendment) Ordinance 2022 (the "Amendment Ordinance") was gazetted on 17 June 2022, which will eventually abolish the Offsetting Arrangement. The Amendment Ordinance will come into effect prospectively from 1 May 2025 (the "Transition Date"). Under the Amendment Ordinance, the Eligible Offset Amount after the Transition Date can only be applied to offset the pre-Transition Date LSP obligation but no longer eligible to offset the post-Transition Date LSP obligation. Furthermore, the LSP obligations before the Transition Date will be grandfathered and calculated based on the last monthly wages immediately preceding the Transition Date.

The abolishment of this Offsetting Arrangement has no material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

30. 退休福利計劃(續)

根據香港《僱傭條例》須繳付長期服務金(「長 服金」)的義務

根據香港《僱傭條例》第57章,本集團有義務 於特定情況下向香港僱員(最少僱傭期為5年) 支付長服金,計算公式為:最後一個月工資(終 止僱傭前)× 2/3 ×服務年限。最後月薪以 22,500港元為上限,而長期服務金金額則不得 超過390,000港元。此義務入賬列作離職後固定 福利計劃。

此外,一九九五年通過的《強制性公積金計劃條 例》允許本集團使用本集團的強制性公積金供 款,加上/減去任何正/負收益(統稱「合資格 抵銷金額」),以抵銷應付予僱員的長服金(「抵 銷安排」)。

《2022年僱傭及退休計劃法例(抵銷安排)(修 訂)條例》(「修訂條例」)已於二零二二年六月 十七日於憲報刊登,最終將廢除抵銷安排。修 訂條例預計將於二零二五年五月一日(「過渡日 期」)生效。根據修訂條例,過渡日期後的合資格 抵銷金額只能用於抵銷過渡日期前的長服金義 務,而不再合資格抵銷過渡日期後的長服金義 務。此外,在過渡日期之前的長服金義務將受到 豁免,並根據緊接過渡日期之前的最後一個月工 資計算。

廢除抵銷安排對綜合財務報表並無重大影響。

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31. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF 31. 本公司之財務狀況表 THE COMPANY

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 \$′000 千元	2023 二零二三年 \$'000 千元
Non-current assets Investment in subsidiaries Other receivables	非流動資產 於附屬公司之投資 其他應收款項		57,064	57,064 1,826
			57,064	58,890
Current assets Amounts due from subsidiaries Other receivables Loans to a subsidiary Cash and cash equivalents	流動資產 應收附屬公司之款項 其他應收款項 向一間附屬公司提供之貸款 現金及現金等價物	a b	174,314 2,961 321,240 21,721	173,548 2,539 321,240 12,152
			520,236	509,479
Current liabilities Accruals and other payables Bank loans Amounts due to subsidiaries Debt securities issued Tax payable	流動負債 應計費用及其他應付款項 銀行貸款 應付附屬公司之款項 已發行債務證券 應付税項	a 24	500 10,000 228,325 25,991 794	725 10,000 180,925 11,993 471
			265,610	204,114
Net current assets	流動資產淨額		254,626	305,365
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總額減流動負債		311,690	364,255
Non-current liability Debt securities issued	非流動負債 已發行債務證券	24		25,973
NET ASSETS	資產淨額		311,690	338,282
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Capital Reserves	資本及儲備 股本 儲備	25	19,272 292,418	19,272 319,010
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額		311,690	338,282
Notes:		附註:		

Amounts due from/to subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free (a) and repayable on demand.

(b) Loans to a subsidiary are revolving, unsecured, interest-bearing at 6% (2023: 6%) per annum and repayable on demand.

應收/應付附屬公司之款項為無抵押、免息及 (a) 按要求償還。

(b) 向一間附屬公司提供之貸款為循環、無抵押、按 年利率6%(二零二三年:6%)計息及按要求償 還。

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32. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES

At the end of reporting periods, the Company has direct or indirect interests in the following subsidiaries, all of which are private companies, particulars of which are set out below:

32. 附屬公司之詳情

營運所在主要國家

於報告期末,本公司於下列附屬公司(所有公 司均為私人公司)擁有直接或間接權益,詳情如 下:

Principal country of operation

Thicipal country of operation 富建川在工安國家						
Name of company 公司名稱	Place and date of incorporation/ establishment 註冊成立/ 成立地點及日期	營運所在	Issued and fully paid up capital/registered capital 已發行及纜足資本/ 註冊資本	Attributab interest and v held by th 及本權益】 2024 二零二四年	roting rights ne Group 有的應佔	Principal activities 主要業務
Directly held subsidiary: 直接持有附屬公司: Oi Wah Holding Limited Oi Wah Holding Limited	BVI 31 May 2012 英屬處女群島 二零一二年五月三十一日		2,000 ordinary shares with no par value 2,000股無面值之普通股	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Indirectly held subsidiaries: 間接持有附屬公司: Oi Wah Pawnshop Credit Limited 靏華押業信貸有限公司	Hong Kong 22 March 2000 	Hong Kong 香港	10,000,000 ordinary shares 10,000,000股普通股	100%	100%	Pawn broking and money lending 典當及放債
Hing Wah Pawnshop Credit Limited 興華押業信貸有限公司	Hong Kong 12 April 2012 香港 二零一二年四月十二日	Hong Kong 香港	1 ordinary share 1股普通股	100%	100%	Pawn broking and money lending 典當及放債
Wai Wah Pawnshop Credit Limited 偉華押業信貸有限公司	Hong Kong 12 April 2012 香港 二零一二年四月十二日	Hong Kong 香港	1 ordinary share 1股普通股	100%	100%	Pawn broking and money lending 典當及放債
Oi Wah Property Credit Limited 霸華物業信貸有限公司	Hong Kong 20 February 2014 香港 二零一四年二月二十日	Hong Kong 香港	1 ordinary share 1股普通股	100%	100%	Money lending 放債
Oi Wah Enterprises Limited 靏華企業有限公司	Hong Kong 4 April 2014 香港 二零一四年四月四日	Hong Kong 香港	1 ordinary share 1股普通股	100%	100%	Consultant 諮詢顧問
Oi Wah Credit Limited 霸華信貸有限公司	Hong Kong 29 January 2015 香港 二零一五年一月二十九日	Hong Kong 香港	1 ordinary share 1股普通股	100%	100%	Money lending 放債
Oi Wah Mortgage Limited 霉華按揭有限公司	Hong Kong 1 April 2015 香港 二零一五年四月一日	Hong Kong 香港	1 ordinary share 1股普通股	100%	100%	Money lending 放債
Oi Wah Capital Limited 露華資本有限公司	Hong Kong 15 February 2016 香港 二零一六年二月十五日	Hong Kong 香港	1 ordinary share 1股普通股	100%	100%	Pawn broking and money lending 典當及放債
Po Wah Pawnshop Credit Limited (Note 33) 寶華押業信貸有限公司 (附註33)	Hong Kong 17 June 2022 香港 二零二二年六月十七日	Hong Kong 香港	1 ordinary share 1股普通股	100%	100%	Pawn broking and money lending 典當及放債
Oi Wah Investment Limited	BVI 13 June 2023 英屬處女群島 二零二三年六月十三日	Hong Kong 香港	100 ordinary shares 100股普通股	100%	-	Investment holding 投資控股

None of the subsidiaries had issued any debt securities during both years and at the end of both years.

於兩個年度內及於兩個年度末,概無附屬公司已 發行任何債務證券。

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33. ACQUISITION OF ASSETS

On 23 September 2022, the Group acquired the leasehold improvement and loan receivables of cash consideration of approximately HK\$9,495,000. This acquisition had been accounted for as an acquisition of assets, given that substantially all of the fair value of the gross assets acquired are concentrated in a group of similar identifiable assets. The consideration was fully settled during the year. The assets acquired assumed at the date of acquisition comprised the following:

33. 收購資產

於二零二二年九月二十三日,本集團以現金代 價約9,495,000港元收購租賃物業裝修及應收貸 款。鑑於所收購總資產的大部分公平值均集中在 一組類似的可識別資產上,故該收購已作為資產 收購入賬。代價已於年內悉數結付。收購資產於 收購日期包括以下內容:

		\$′000 千元
Leasehold improvement	租賃物業裝修	911
Loan receivables	應收貸款	8,584
Total assets	總資產	9,495
Cash outflow on acquisition of assets	收購資產的現金流出	
		\$'000
		千元

Cash consideration paid

已付現金代價

34. EVENT AFTER REPORTING PERIOD

On 12 March 2024, the Group entered into the subscription agreement to subscribe for limited partnership interests in PACM OW Global Special Situation Fund II L.P., a Cayman Islands exempted limited partnership at the subscription amount of HK\$112 million. The General Manager of PACM OW Global Special Situation Fund II L.P. fund is PACM OW GP II Limited, which is an associate of the Group.

34. 報告期後事項

於二零二四年三月十二日,本集團訂立認購協 議,認購開曼群島豁免有限合夥公司PACM OW Global Special Situation Fund II L.P的有限合 夥權益,認購金額為112,000,000港元。PACM OW Global Special Situation Fund II L.P.的基金 管理人為PACM OW GP II Limited,為本集團的 一間聯營公司。

9,495



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